Strong Atmospheric River Produces Heavy Rain and Flooding in British Columbia and Washington

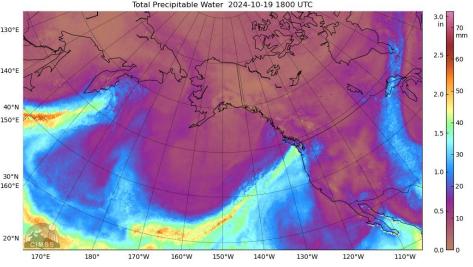
 An atmospheric river (AR) brought heavy precipitation to southwestern British Columbia and northwestern WA during 18–20 October.

The AR:

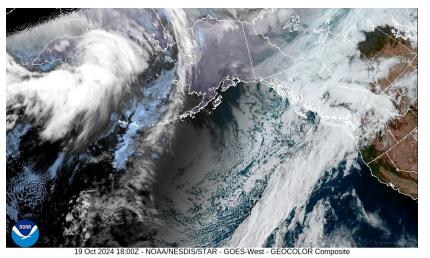
- The AR formed within a plume of subtropical moisture over the central North Pacific Ocean and made landfall in British Columbia on Fri 18 Oct.
- AR3–4 conditions (based on the Ralph et al. 2019 AR Scale) were observed in southern Vancouver Island and coastal WA.

Impacts:

- At least 5–10 inches of precipitation fell over much of southwestern British Columbia, the Olympic Peninsula, and the North Cascades.
- Heavy rain caused significant flooding on the Coquitlam River in Port Coquitlam, BC, with streamflow exceeding the previous record from March 2007.
- Minor riverine flooding also occurred in northwestern WA.



Source: Cooperative Institute for Meteorological Satellite Studies (CIMMS), University of Wisconsin-Madison

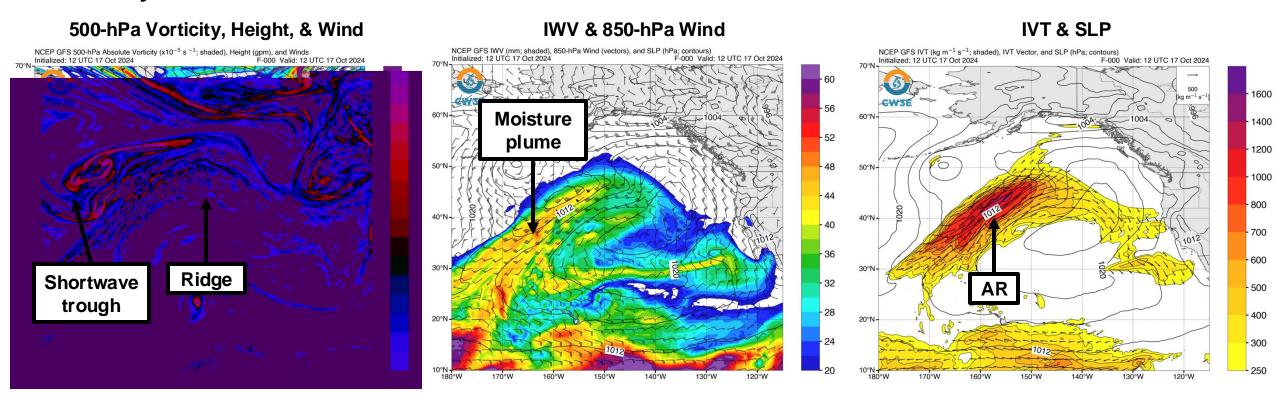


Source: NOAA/NESDIS Center for Satellite Applications and Research





GFS Analyses of AR: Valid 4 AM PST 17 Oct 2024

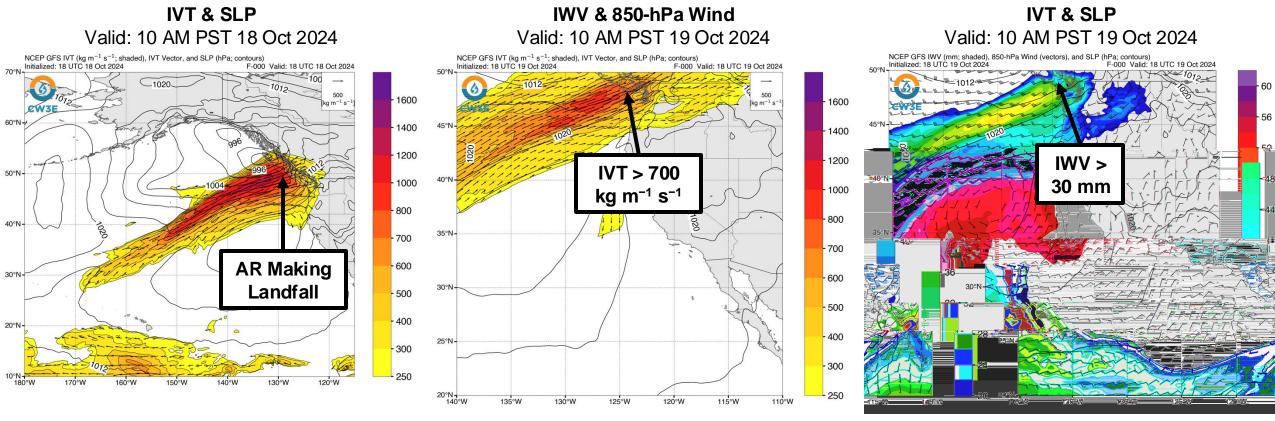


- The atmospheric river (AR) formed within a plume of subtropical moisture extending northeastward from the central North Pacific Ocean.
- Intensification of the AR was facilitated by strong southwesterly mid-level flow downstream of a shortwave trough south of the Aleutian Islands and upstream of a ridge over the Northeast Pacific Ocean.





GFS Analyses of AR

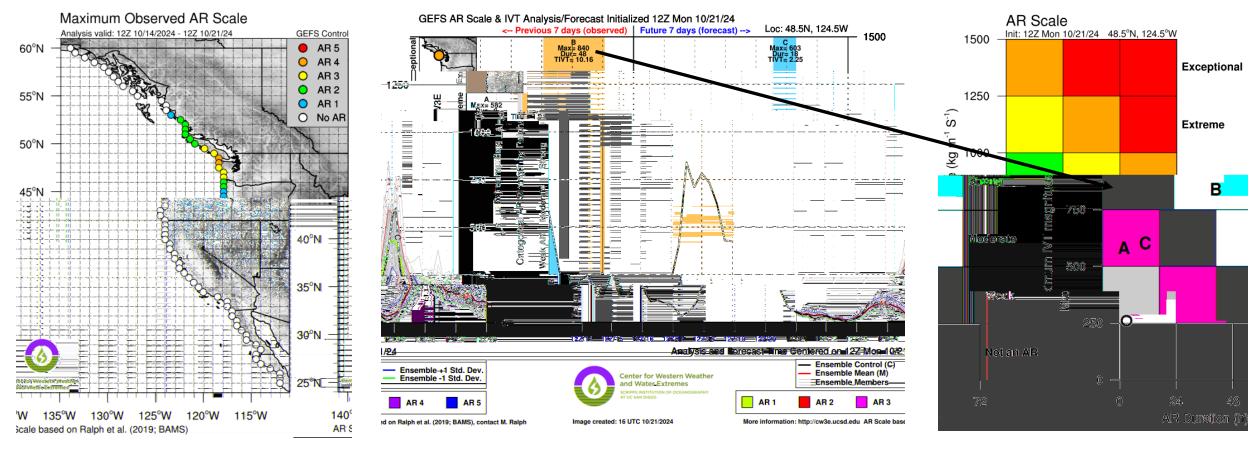


- As time progressed, the AR propagated northeastward, making landfall over British Columbia during the morning of Fri 18 Oct.
- Strong west-southwesterly moisture transport (IVT > 700 kg m⁻¹ s⁻¹) and ample moisture (IWV > 30 mm) in the supported heavy precipitation over the Olympic Peninsula, North Cascades, and Vancouver metro area on Sat 19 Oct.





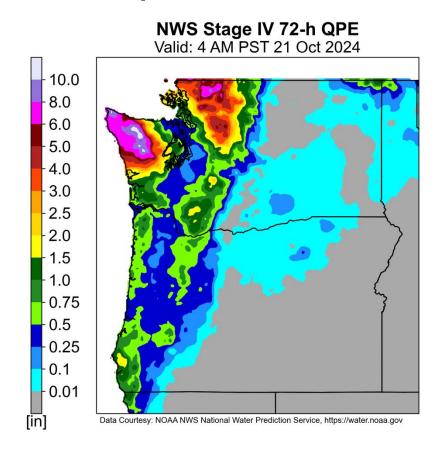
GEFS AR Scale Analysis (Coast)

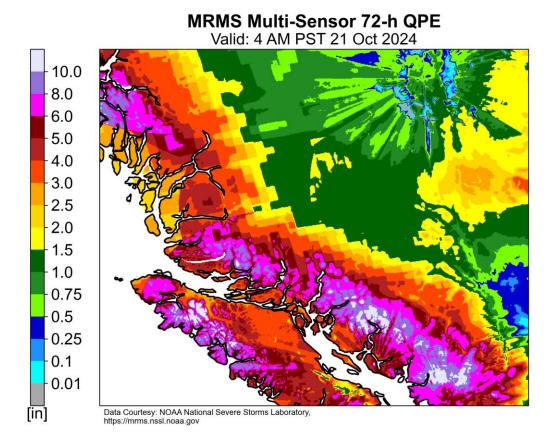


- AR3–4 conditions (based on the Ralph et al. 2019 AR Scale) were observed over southern Vancouver Island and coastal WA.
- The GEFS AR Scale analysis shows a maximum IVT of 840 kg m⁻¹ s⁻¹ and an AR duration of at least 48 hours (note that there is missing data between 12Z 20 Oct and 00Z 21 Oct) at 48.5°N 124.5°W (near Cape Flattery, WA).



Observed Precipitation

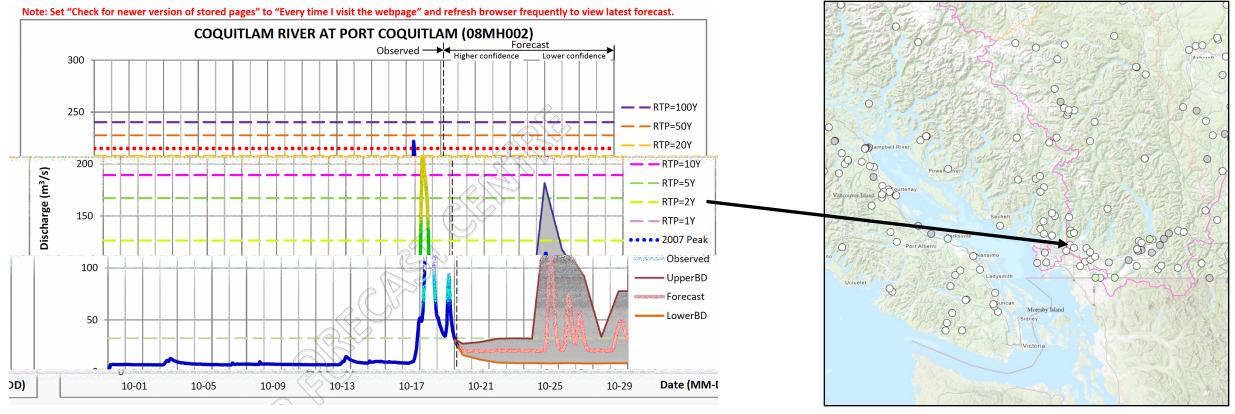




- The AR produced at least 5–10 inches of precipitation over much of southwestern British Columbia (including the Vancouver metro area), the Olympic Peninsula, and the North Cascades.
- Strong upslope moisture flux and orographic lift on the western side of the Olympic Mountains resulted in significant rain shadowing over the Puget Sound.



Hydrologic Impacts



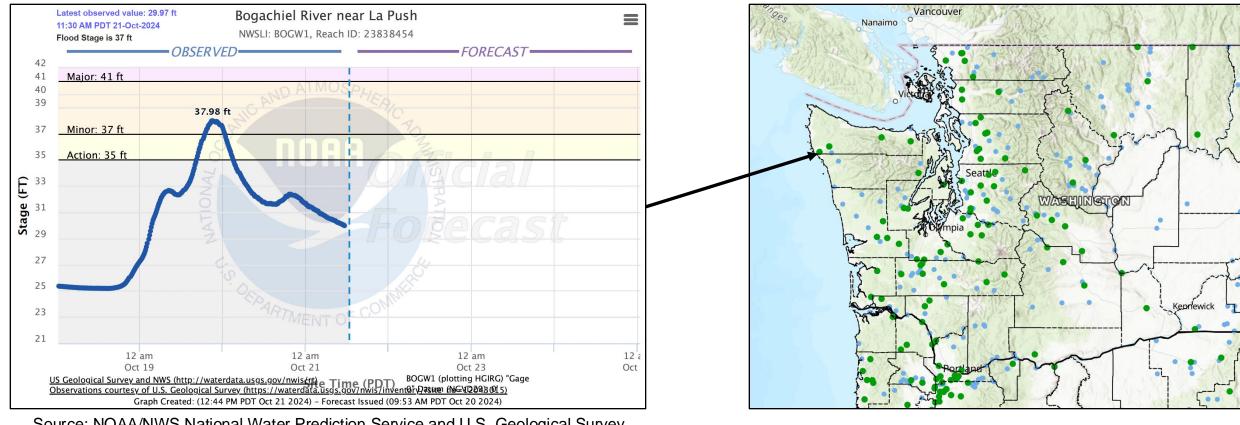
Source: British Columbia River Forecast Centre

- A period of very intense rainfall occurred over the Coquitlam Watershed (northeast of Vancouver, BC) on Sat 19 Oct, leading to flooding along the Coquitlam River.
- Streamflow on the Coquitlam River at Port Coquitlam exceeded the previous record flow observed on 11 Mar 2007, peaking at 228 m³ s⁻¹ (~8,050 cfs) around midday on Sat 19 Oct.





Hydrologic Impacts



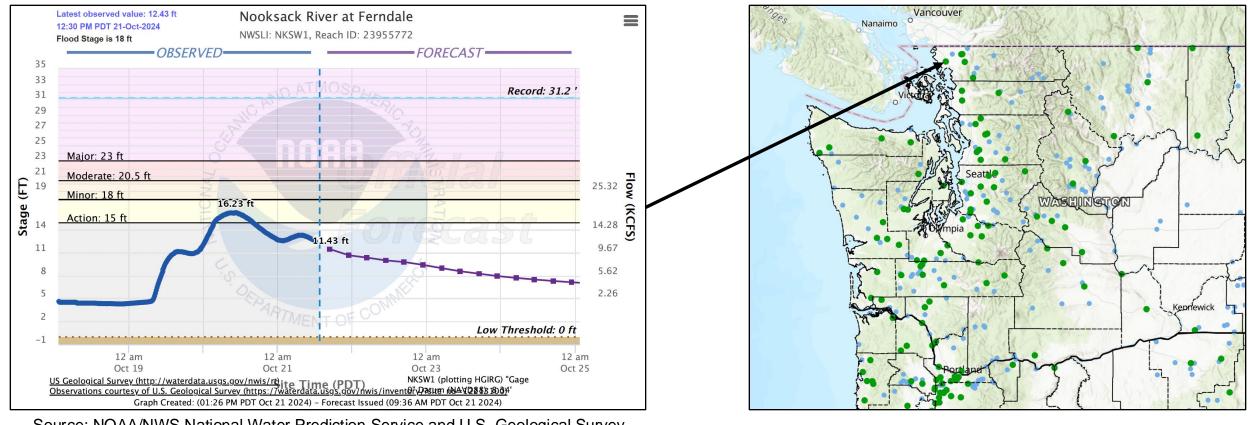
Source: NOAA/NWS National Water Prediction Service and U.S. Geological Survey

- Heavy rain also caused localized minor flooding in northwestern Washington.
- The Bogachiel River near La Push, WA, rose about 12 feet in 24 hours, reaching minor flood stage (37.0 feet) during the evening of Sun 20 Oct.





Hydrologic Impacts



Source: NOAA/NWS National Water Prediction Service and U.S. Geological Survey

• The Nooksack River at Ferndale, WA, reached action flood stage (15.0 feet) during the afternoon of Sun 20 Oct.





Impacts

Flooding in Surrey, BC



Credit: Shane MacKichan

Flooding in Burnaby, BC



Credit: Shane MacKichan

Flooding in North Vancouver, BC



Credit: Sohrab Sandhu/CBC

Debris Flow in Coquitlam, BC



Credit: Coquitlam Search and Rescue

- Flooding inundated roadways and damaged homes and businesses in the Vancouver metro area.
- Three fatalities have been reported due to flooding and a debris flow.