Privacy and Civil Liberties Impact Assessment

Template version 4.4



Treasury Retail Electronic Services (TRES)

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Bureau Certifying Official

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The mission of the Bureau of the Fiscal Service (Fiscal Service) is to promote the financial integrity and operational efficiency of the federal government through exceptional accounting, financing, collections, payments, and shared services.

This Privacy and Civil Liberties Impact Assessment (PCLIA) is a public document and will be made available to the general public via the Fiscal Service Privacy and Civil Liberties Impact Assessment (PCLIA) webpage (PCLIA WEBPAGE).

Section 1: Introduction

It is the policy of the Department of the Treasury ("Treasury" or "Department") and its Bureaus to conduct a Privacy and Civil Liberties Impact Assessment ("PCLIA") when <u>personally identifiable information</u> ("PII") is maintained in a system or by a project. PCLIAs are required for all systems and projects that collect, maintain, or disseminate <u>PII</u>, regardless of the manner in which the information is retrieved.

This assessment is being completed pursuant to Section 208 of the E-Government Act of 2002 ("E-Gov Act"), 44 U.S.C. § 3501, Office of the Management and Budget ("OMB") Memorandum 03-22, "OMB Guidance for Implementing the Privacy Provisions of the E-Government Act of 2002," and Treasury Directive 25-07, "Privacy and Civil Liberties Impact Assessment (PCLIA)."

Section 2: Definitions

Agency – means any entity that falls within the definition of the term "executive agency" as defined in 31 U.S.C. § 102.

Certifying Official – The Bureau Privacy and Civil Liberties Officer(s) who certify that all requirements in TD and TD P 25-07 have been completed so a PCLIA can be reviewed and approved by the Treasury Deputy Assistant Secretary for Privacy, Transparency, and Records.

Collect (including "collection") – means the retrieval, receipt, gathering, or acquisition of any PII and its storage or presence in a Treasury system. This term should be given its broadest possible meaning.

Contractors and service providers – are private companies that provide goods or services under a contract with the Department of the Treasury or one of its bureaus. This includes, but is not limited to, information providers, information processors, and other organizations providing information system development, information technology services, and other outsourced applications.

Data mining – means a program involving pattern-based queries, searches, or other analyses of 1 or more electronic databases, where – (a) a department or agency of the federal government, or a non-federal entity acting on behalf of the federal government, is conducting the queries, searches, or other analyses to discover or locate a predictive pattern or anomaly indicative of terrorist or criminal activity on the part of any individual or individuals; (b) the queries, searches, or other analyses are not subject-based and do not use personal identifiers of a specific individual, or inputs associated with a specific individual or group of individuals, to retrieve information from the database or databases; and (c) the purpose of the queries, searches, or other analyses is not solely – (i) the detection of fraud, waste, or abuse in a government agency or program; or (ii) the security of a government computer system.

Disclosure – When it is clear from its usage that the term "disclosure" refers to records provided to the public in response to a request under the Freedom of Information Act (5 U.S.C. § 552, "FOIA") or the Privacy Act (5 U.S.C. § 552a), its application should be limited in that manner. Otherwise, the term should be interpreted as synonymous with the terms "sharing" and "dissemination" as defined in this manual.

Dissemination – as used in this manual, is synonymous with the terms "sharing" and "disclosure" (unless it is clear from the context that the use of the term "disclosure" refers to a FOIA/Privacy Act disclosure).

E-Government – means the use of digital technologies to transform government operations to improve effectiveness, efficiency, and service delivery.

Federal information system – means a discrete set of information resources organized for the collection, processing, maintenance, transmission, and dissemination of information owned or under the control of a federal agency, whether automated or manual.

Final Rule – After the NPRM comment period closes, the agency reviews and analyzes the comments received (if any). The agency has the option to proceed with the rulemaking as proposed, issue a new or modified proposal, or withdraw the proposal before reaching its final decision. The agency can also revise the supporting analyses contained in the NPRM (e.g., to address a concern raised by a member of the public in response to the NPRM).

Government information – means information created, collected, used, maintained, processed, disseminated, or disposed of by or for the federal government.

Individual – means a citizen of the United States or an alien lawfully admitted for permanent residence. If a question does not specifically inquire about or an issue does not clearly involve a <u>Privacy Act system of records</u>, the term should be given its common, everyday meaning. In certain contexts, the term individual may also include citizens of other countries who are covered by the terms of an international or other agreement that involves information stored in the system or used by the project.

Information – means any representation of knowledge such as facts, data, or opinions in any medium or form, regardless of its physical form or characteristics. This term should be given the broadest possible meaning. This term includes, but is not limit to, information contained in a Privacy Act system of records.

Information technology (IT) – means any equipment or interconnected system or subsystem of equipment, used in the automatic acquisition, storage, analysis, evaluation, manipulation, management, movement, control, display, switching, interchange, transmission, or reception of data or information by the executive agency, if the equipment is used by the executive agency directly or is used by a contractor under a contract with the executive agency that requires the use: (i) of that equipment; or (ii) of that equipment to a significant extent in the performance of a service or the furnishing of a product. It includes computers, ancillary equipment (including imaging peripherals, input, output, and storage devices necessary for security and surveillance),

peripheral equipment designed to be controlled by the central processing unit of a computer, software, firmware and similar procedures, services (including support services), and related resources; but does not include any equipment acquired by a federal contractor incidental to a federal contract. Clinger-Cohen Act of 1996, 40 U.S.C. § 11101(6).

Major Information system – embraces "large" and "sensitive" information systems and means "a system or project that requires special management attention because of its importance to an agency mission; its high development, operating, or maintenance costs; or its significant role in the administration of agency programs, finances, property, or other resources." OMB Circular A-130, § 6.u. This definition includes all systems that contain <u>PII</u> and are rated as "MODERATE or HIGH impact" under Federal Information Processing Standard 199.

National Security systems – a telecommunications or information system operated by the federal government, the function, operation or use of which involves: (1) intelligence activities, (2) cryptologic activities related to national security, (3) command and control of military forces, (4) equipment that is an integral part of a weapon or weapons systems, or (5) systems critical to the direct fulfillment of military or intelligence missions, but does not include systems used for routine administrative and business applications, such as payroll, finance, logistics, and personnel management. Clinger-Cohen Act of 1996, 40 U.S.C. § 11103.

Notice of Proposed Rule Making (NPRM) – the Privacy Act (Section (J) and (k)) allow agencies to use the rulemaking process to exempt particular systems of records from some of the requirements in the Act. This process is often referred to as "notice-and-comment rulemaking." The agency publishes an NPRM to notify the public that the agency is proposing a rule and provides an opportunity for the public to comment on the proposal before the agency can issue a final rule.

Personally Identifiable Information (PII) –any information that can be used to distinguish or trace an individual's identity, either alone or when combined with other personal or identifying information that is linked or linkable to a specific individual.

Privacy and Civil Liberties Impact Assessment (PCLIA) – a PCLIA is:

- (1) a *process* conducted to: (a) identify privacy and civil liberties risks in systems, programs, and other activities that maintain <u>PII</u>; (b) ensure that information systems, programs, and other activities comply with legal, regulatory, and policy requirements; (c) analyze the privacy and civil liberties risks identified; (d) identify remedies, protections, and alternative or additional privacy controls necessary to mitigate those risks; and (e) provide notice to the public of privacy and civil liberties protection practices.
- (2) a *document* that catalogues the outcome of that privacy and civil liberties risk assessment process.

Protected Information – as the term is used in this PCLIA, protected information the same definition given to that term in TD 25-10, section 4.

Privacy Act Record – any item, collection, or grouping of information about an individual that is maintained by an agency, including, but not limited to, the individual's education, financial transactions, medical history, and criminal or employment history and that contains the individual's name, or the identifying number, symbol, or other identifying particular assigned to the individual, such as a finger or voice print or a photograph. 5 U.S.C. § 552a (a)(4).

Reviewing Official – The Deputy Assistant Secretary for Privacy, Transparency, and Records who reviews and approves all PCLIAs as part of her/his duties as a direct report to the Treasury Senior Agency Official for Privacy.

Routine Use – with respect to the disclosure of a record outside of Treasury (i.e., external sharing), the sharing of such record for a purpose which is compatible with the purpose for which it was collected 5 U.S.C. § 552a(a)(7).

Sharing – any Treasury initiated distribution of information to government employees or agency contractors or grantees, including intra- or inter-agency transfers or exchanges of Treasury information, regardless of whether it is covered by the Privacy Act. It does not include responses to requests for agency records under FOIA or the Privacy Act. It is synonymous with the term "dissemination" as used in this assessment. It is also synonymous with the term "disclosure" as used in this assessment unless it is clear from the context in which the term is used that it refers to disclosure to the public in response to a request for agency records under FOIA or the Privacy Act.

System – as the term used in this manual, includes both federal information systems and information technology.

System Owner – Official responsible for the overall procurement, development, integration, modification, or operation and maintenance of a system.

System of Records – a group of any records under the control of Treasury from which information is retrieved by the name of the individual or by some identifying number, symbol, or other identifying particular assigned to the individual. 5 U.S.C. § 552a (a)(5).

System of Records Notice – Each agency that maintains a system of records shall publish in the *Federal Register* upon establishment or revision a notice of the existence and character of the system of records, which notice shall include: (A) the name and location of the system; (B) the categories of individuals on whom records are maintained in the system; (C) the categories of records maintained in the system; (D) each routine use of the records contained in the system, including the categories of users and the purpose of such use; (E) the policies and practices of the agency regarding storage, retrievability, access controls, retention, and disposal of the records; (F) the title and business address of the agency official who is responsible for the system of records; (G) the agency procedures whereby an individual can be notified at her/his request if the system of records contains a record pertaining to him; (H) the agency procedures whereby an individual can be notified at her/his request how she/he can gain access to any record pertaining to him contained in the system of records, and how she/he can contest its content; and (I) the categories of sources of records in the system. 5 U.S.C. § 552a (e)(4).

Section 3: System Overview

Section 3.1: System/Project Description and Purpose

The purpose of the TRES system is to manage and track all retail customer interactions across multiple sites. TRES supports the delivery of high quality, consistent and efficient customer service to all Retail Securities Services (RSS) inquiries from account holders and the general public. Customer Service Representatives (CSRs) have a fully integrated view of the customer and their past interactions. TRES also centralizes and images all incoming mail at the Fulfillment Center to produce Virtual (digital) Case Files (VCF), which allows CSRs to view and process digital copies of all documents pertaining to a customer's transactions. The Fulfillment Center also centralizes the printing of customer correspondence within its Central Print area. Tax Time Bonds within TRES supports automated processing of Internal Revenue Service (IRS) printed tax time bond purchases.

<u>PII</u> is used to track customer interactions, issue savings bonds, process transactions, and to identify owners and their accounts.

It supports the mission of the Bureau by providing customer service assistance to investors that are performing transactions related to or inquiring about Treasury securities.

Estimated Number of Individuals Whose Personally Identifiable Information is				
Maintained in the System or by the Project				
□ 0 − 999	□ 1000 − 9,999	□ 10,000 − 99,999		
\square 100,000 – 499,999	□ 500,000 − 999,999	☑ 1,000,000 – 9,999,999		
\square 10,000,000 $-$ 99,999,999	100,000,000 – 999,999,999	1,000,000,000 +		

Section 3.2: Authority to Collect

The authorities for operating this system or performing this project are:	
5 U.S.C.301; 31 U.S.C. 3101, et seq.	

Section 4: Information Collection

Section 4.1: Relevant and Necessary

Se	ction 4.1(a) Please check all of the following that are true:
1.	☐ None of the PII maintained in the system or by the project is part of a Privacy Act system
	of records;
2.	⊠ All of the PII maintained in the system or by the project is part of a system of records and
	none of it is exempt from the <u>Privacy Act</u> relevant and necessary requirement;
3.	☐ All of the PII maintained in the system or by the project is part of a system of records and

	all of it is exempt from the <u>Privacy Act</u> relevant and necessary requirement;
4.	☐ Some, but not all, of the PII maintained in the system or by the project is part of a system
	of records and the records to which the Privacy Act applies are exempt from the relevant and
	necessary requirement; and
5.	☐ Some, but not all, of the PII maintained in the system or by the project is part of a system
	of records and none of the records to which the Privacy Act applies are exempt from the
	relevant and necessary requirement. Section 4.1(b) \boxtimes Yes \square No \square N/A With respect to PII
ma	intained in the system or by the project that is subject to the <u>Privacy Act's</u> relevant and
	cessary requirement, was an assessment conducted prior to collection (e.g., during Paperwork
	duction Act analysis) to determine which PII types (see Section 4.2 below) were relevant and
	cessary to meet the system's or project's mission requirements?
Sec	etion 4.1(c) \boxtimes Yes \square No \square N/A With respect to PII currently maintained in the system or by
	project that is subject to the <u>Privacy Act's</u> relevant and necessary requirement, is the <u>PII</u>
	nited to only that which is relevant and necessary to meet the system's or project's mission
	uirements?
	ction 4.1(d) \boxtimes Yes \square No \square N/A With respect to PII maintained in the system or by the
	oject that is subject to the <u>Privacy Act's</u> relevant and necessary requirement, is there a process
-	continuously reevaluate and ensure that the PII remains relevant and necessary?
	<u> </u>
A]	Privacy Threshold Analysis is performed annually to review the use of PII within the system
	d determine its relevance and necessity. The necessary PII to perform transactions that the
	stomer is requesting is collected.

Section 4.2: PII and/or information types or groupings

To perform their missions, federal agencies must necessarily collect various types of information. The checked boxes below represent the types of information maintained in the system or by the project. Information identified below is used by the system or project to fulfill the purpose stated in Section 3.2 – Authority to Collect.

Biographical/General Information				
⊠ Name	⊠ Gender	□ Group/Organization		
		Membership		
□ Date of Birth	⊠ Race	☐ Military Service Information		
	⊠ Ethnicity	□ Personal Home Phone or Fax		
Mailing Address		Number		
	□ Personal Cell Number			
□ Business Physical/Postal	□ Business Cell Number	□ Business Phone or Fax Number		
Mailing Address				
□ Personal e-mail address	□ Nationality			
□ Business e-mail address	□ Country of Birth			
☐ Personal Financial	☐ City or County of Birth	□ Children Information		
Information (including loan				
information)				
☐ Business Financial	☐ Immigration Status			
Information (including loan		relatives.		

information)					
⊠ Marital Status	☐ Citizenship		☐ Professional/personal references or other information about an individual's friends, associates or acquaintances.		
☐ Religion/Religious Preference	☐ Device settings of (e.g., security level, soptions, ringtones).		☐ Global Positioning System (GPS)/Location Data		
☐ Sexual Orientation	☐ User names, avat	ars, etc.	☐ Secure Digital (SD) Card or Other Data stored on a card or other technology		
☐ Cell tower records (e.g., logs. user location, time etc.)	☐ Network commun	nications data	☐ Cubical or office number		
☐ Contact lists and directories	☐ Contact lists and o		☐ Contact lists and directories		
(known to contain personal	(not known to contain		(known to contain only business		
information)	information, but unce		information)		
☐ Education Information	☐ Resume or curric		Other (please describe):		
☐ Other (please describe):	☐ Other (please desc	cribe): 	☐ Other (please describe):		
	Identifying	Numbers			
		☐ Health Plan	Beneficiary Number		
□ Truncated/Partial Social Securit	ty number (e.g.,	☐ Alien Registration Number			
last 4 digits)		_			
□ Personal Taxpayer Identificatio	n Number		☐ Business Taxpayer Identification Number (If		
			e proprietor; non-sole proprietor)		
☐ Personal Credit Card Number			redit Card Number (If known: ☐ sole		
			non-sole proprietor)		
☐ Personal Vehicle Identification Number			ehicle Identification Number (If		
December 11' and District Novel and			e proprietor; non-sole proprietor)		
☐ Personal License Plate Number			cense Plate Number (If known:		
☐ File/Case ID Number (individue	J)		non-sole proprietor) O Number (business) (If known: □		
☐ File/Case ID Number (individua	11)	sole proprietor; □ non-sole proprietor)			
☐ Personal Professional License N	 Jumher	Sole proprietor; □ non-sole proprietor) □ Business Professional License Number (If known:			
Tersonal Froressional Electise IV		□ sole proprietor; □ non-sole proprietor)			
☐ Employee Identification Number		☐ Patient ID Number			
☐ Employee Identification Number ☐ Business Bank Account Number		□ Personal Bank Account Number			
☐ Commercially obtained internet		☐ Government obtained internet			
navigation/purchasing habits of individuals		navigation/purchasing habits of individuals			
☐ Business License Plate Number (non-sole-		☑ Driver's License Number			
proprietor)	`				
☐ Personal device identifiers or serial numbers		☐ Other Identifying Numbers (please describe): Inmate Number			
□ Passport Number and Passport in the second seco	information		ifying Numbers (please		
(including full name, passport number, DOB, POB,		describe):			
sex, nationality, issuing country photograph and		,			
signature) (use "Other" if some but not all elements are					

Medical/Emergency Information Regarding Individuals					
☐ Medical/Health Information	☐ Worker's Compensation Act	☐ Patient ID Number			
	Information				
☐ Mental Health Information	☐ Disability Information	☐ Emergency Contact Information			
		(e.g., a third party to contact in case			
		of emergency)			
☐ Other (please describe):					
Biometrics/Distin	iguishing Features/Characteri	stics of Individuals			
□ Physical description/	⊠ Signatures	☐ Vascular scans			
characteristics (e.g., hair, eye					
color, weight, height, sex,					
gender)	N N				
☐ Fingerprints	⊠ Photos	Retina/Iris Scans			
☐ Palm prints	Video	☐ Dental Profile			
☐ Voice audio recording	☐ Scars, marks, tattoos	☐ DNA Sample or Profile			
☐ Other (please describe):	☐ Other (please describe):	☐ Other (please describe):			
	~				
	Specific Information/File Type	es			
☐ Taxpayer Information/Tax	☐ Law Enforcement Information	☐ Security Clearance/Background			
Return Information		Check Information			
☐ Civil/Criminal History	☐ Credit History Information	☐ Bank Secrecy Act Information			
Information/Police Records	(government source)				
(government source)					
☐ Civil/Criminal History	☐ Credit History Information	☐ National Security/Classified			
Information/Police Records (commercial source)	(commercial source)	Information			
☐ Protected Information (as	☐ Case files	☐ Personnel Files			
defined in Treasury Directive 25-	□ Case mes	La reisonner rues			
10)					
☐ Information provided under a	☐ Information subject to the	☐ Other (please describe):			
confidentiality agreement	terms of an international or other				
	agreement				
Audit Lo	og and Security Monitoring In	formation			
□ User ID assigned to or	☐ Date and time an individual	☐ Files accessed by a user of			
generated by a user of Treasury IT	accesses a facility, system, or	Treasury IT (e.g., web navigation			
	other IT	habits)			
☐ Passwords generated by or	☐ Internet or other queries run	☐ Contents of files accessed by a			
assigned to a user of Treasury IT	by a user of Treasury IT	user of Treasury IT			
☐ Biometric information used to	☐ Video of individuals derived	☐ Public Key Information (PKI).			
access Treasury facilities or IT	from security cameras				
☐ Information revealing an	☐ Still photos of individuals	☐ Internet Protocol (IP) Address			
individual's presence in a	derived from security cameras.				
particular location as derived from					
security token/key fob, employee identification card scanners or					
other IT or devices					
☐ Other (please describe):	☐ Other (please describe):	☐ Other (please describe):			
_ care (prease describe).	_ other (preuse describe).	_ called (produce describe).			

Other			
☐ Other (please describe:	☐ Other (please describe:		
☐ Other (please describe:	☐ Other (please describe:		

Section 4.3: Sources of information and the method and manner of collection

Directly from Investor	Representative of Investor/ or Financial Institution	TreasuryDirect (TD) system; Bureau of the Fiscal Service	Payment Automation Manager (PAM) system; Bureau of the Fiscal Service	LexisNexis Accurint
Specific PII identified in Section 4.2 that was acquired from this source: Investor's Name (first, middle, last, suffix, and/or alias) Secondary owner, beneficiary, minor children's name (first, middle, last, suffix) Date of Birth, country of birth, city or county of birth, mother's maiden name, gender, race, ethnicity, nationality, and citizenship (if birth certificate submitted) Investor's home/postal physical address; full street address, city, state, and zip code (international addresses with country also) Personal e-mail address Personal home phone number, personal cell number, personal fax number	Specific PII identified in Section 4.2 that was acquired from this source: Representative's name (first, middle, last, suffix) Business physical/postal mailing address; full street address, city, state, and zip code Business phone number, business cell phone number, business cell phone number, business fax number Organization membership Business Taxpayer Identification number (EIN) Business Bank Account number (with ABA routing) Signature	Specific PII identified in Section 4.2 that was acquired from this source: Investor's Name (first, middle, last, suffix) Investor's home/postal physical address; full street address, city, state, and zip code Personal e-mail address Personal home phone number, personal cell number Full Taxpayer Identification Number (either SSN or EIN) Business physical/postal mailing address; full street address, city, state, and zip code Business phone number, business cell phone number, business cell phone number, business e-mail address Business Taxpayer Identification number (EIN)	Specific PII identified in Section 4.2 that was acquired from this source: Bond registration information from the purchase of savings bonds with tax return - Investor's name (first, middle, last, suffix) Secondary owner, beneficiary, minor children's name (first, middle, last, suffix) Investor's home/postal physical address; full street address, city, state, and zip code (international addresses with country also) Full Taxpayer Identification Number (either SSN or EIN)	Specific PII identified in Section 4.2 that was acquired from this source: Investor's name (first, middle, last, suffix) Secondary owner, beneficiary, minor children's name (first, middle, last, suffix) Investor's home/postal physical address; full street address, city, state, and zip code (international addresses with country also) Personal home phone number, personal cell number Spouse information, marital status, children information, information about other relatives Date of birth

Marital status (if marriage certificate submitted)				
Spouse and children information				
Full or partial Taxpayer Identification Number (either SSN or EIN)				
Personal Bank Account number (with ABA routing)				
Driver's License Number, Passport Number and Passport information (if copy submitted with forms)				
 Signature 				
Inmate number				
 Gender, photos, and physical description (if driver's license or passport copy is provided) 				
Organization membership				
Business Taxpayer Identification number (EIN)				
Business Bank Account number (with ABA routing)				
Business physical/postal mailing address; full street address, city, state, and zip code				
Business phone number, business cell phone number, business e-mail address, and business fax number				
Manner in which	Manner in which	Manner in which	Manner in which	Manner in which
information is acquired	information is acquired	information is acquired	information is acquired	information is acquired

		T .		T .
from source by the				
Treasury project/system:				
(select all that apply):				
		☐ From a paper or	☐ From a paper or	☐ From a paper or
electronic form provided				
to individuals, the public				
or members of a particular	or members of a	or members of a particular	or members of a	or members of a particular
group	particular group	group	particular group	group
Please identify the form				
name (or description)				
and/or number (e.g.,				
OMB Control Number):				
• OMB No.1530-0026	• OMB No.1530-0026			
• OMB No.1530-0049	• OMB No.1530-0049			
• OMB No.1535-0053	• OMB No.1535-0053			
• OMB No.1530-0021	• OMB No.1530-0021			
• OMB No.1530-0027	• OMB No.1530-0027			
• OMB No.1530-0035	• OMB No.1530-0035			
• OMB No.1530-0028	• OMB No.1530-0028			
• OMB No.1530-0059	• OMB No.1530-0059			
• OMB No.1530-0036	• OMB No.1530-0036			
• OMB No.1530-0037	• OMB No.1530-0037			
• OMB No.1530-0037	• OMB No.1530-0031			
• OMB No.1530-0030				
• OMB No.1530-0048	• OMB No.1530-0048			
• OMB No.1530-0032	• OMB No.1530-0032			
• OMB No.1530-0025	• OMB No.1530-0025			
• OMB No.1530-0024	• OMB No.1530-0024			
• OMB No.1530-0042	• OMB No.1530-0042			
• OMB No.1530-0055	• OMB No.1530-0055			
• OMB No.1530-0046	• OMB No.1530-0046			
• OMB No.1530-0050	• OMB No.1530-0050			
• OMB No.1530-0138	• OMB No.1530-0138			
• OMB No.1535-0138	• OMB No.1535-0138			
⊠ Received in paper	□ Received in paper	☐ Received in paper	☐ Received in paper	☐ Received in paper
format other than a form.				
☐ Delivered to the project	☐ Delivered to the	☐ Delivered to the project	☐ Delivered to the	☐ Delivered to the project
on disk or other portable	project on disk or other	on disk or other portable	project on disk or other	on disk or other portable
device and uploaded to	portable device and	device and uploaded to	portable device and	device and uploaded to
the system.	uploaded to the system.	the system.	uploaded to the system.	the system.
☐ Accessed and	☐ Accessed and	☐ Accessed and	☐ Accessed and	
downloaded or otherwise				
acquired via the internet				
	-	-	acquired via the internet	acquired via the internet
⊠ Email	⊠ Email	□ Email	□ Email	□ Email
⊠ Scanned documents	⊠ Scanned documents	☐ Scanned documents	☐ Scanned documents	☐ Scanned documents
uploaded to the system.				
	D.11, tf	□ D11, +f	·	· ·
☐ Bulk transfer	☐ Bulk transfer	⊠ Bulk transfer	⊠ Bulk transfer	☐ Bulk transfer

| ☐ Extracted from |
|--|--|--|--|--|
| particular technology |
(e.g., radio frequency identification data (RFID) devices, video or photographic cameras, biometric collection devices).	(e.g., radio frequency identification data (RFID) devices, video or photographic cameras, biometric collection devices).	(e.g., radio frequency identification data (RFID) devices, video or photographic cameras, biometric collection devices).	(e.g., radio frequency identification data (RFID) devices, video or photographic cameras, biometric collection devices).	(e.g., radio frequency identification data (RFID) devices, video or photographic cameras, biometric collection devices).
⊠ Fax	⊠ Fax	□ Fax	□ Fax	□ Fax
☑ Extracted from notes of a phone interview or face to face contact	☑ Extracted from notes of a phone interview or face to face contact	☐ Extracted from notes of a phone interview or face to face contact	☐ Extracted from notes of a phone interview or face to face contact	☐ Extracted from notes of a phone interview or face to face contact
☐ Other: Please describe:				
☐ Other: Please describe:				

Section 4.4: Privacy and/or civil liberties risks related to collection

Notice of Authority, Principal Uses, Routine Uses, and Effect of not Providing Information

When federal agencies use a form to obtain information from an individual that will be maintained in a <u>system of records</u>, they must inform the individual of the following: "(A) the authority (whether granted by statute, or by executive order of the President) which authorizes the solicitation of the information and whether disclosure of such information is mandatory or voluntary; (B) the principal purpose or purposes for which the information is intended to be used; (C) the routine uses which may be made of the information as published pursuant to paragraph (4)(D) of this subsection; and (D) the effects on her/him, if any, of not providing all or any part of the requested information." 5 U.S.C § 522a(e)(3).

Section 4.4(a) \boxtimes Yes \square No Is any of the PII maintained in the system or by the project collected directly from an individual?
Section 4.4(b) \boxtimes Yes \square No \square N/A Was the information collected from the individual using a form (paper or electronic)?
Section 4.4(c) \boxtimes Yes \square No \square N/A If the answer to Section 4.4(b) was "yes," was the individual notified (on the form in which the <u>PII</u> was collected or on a separate form that can be retained by the individual) about the following at the point where the information was collected (e.g., in a form; on a website).
☐ The authority (whether granted by statute, or by Executive order of the President)

which authorizes the solicitation of the information.

- ☑ Whether disclosure of such information is mandatory or voluntary.
- ☑ The principal purpose or purposes for which the information is intended to be used.
- ☑ The individuals or organizations outside of Treasury with whom the information may be/ will be shared.
- ☑ The effects on the individual, if any, if they decide not to provide all or any part of the requested information.

Use of Social Security Numbers

Social Security numbers ("SSNs") are commonly used by identity thieves to commit fraudulent acts against individuals. The SSN is one data element that has a heightened ability to harm the individual and requires more protection when used. Therefore, in an effort to reduce risk to individuals and federal agencies, government-wide initiatives aimed at eliminating unnecessary collection, use, and display of SSN have been underway since OMB required agencies to review their SSN practices in 2007.

In addition, the <u>Privacy Act</u> provides that: "It shall be unlawful for any federal, state or local government agency to deny to any individual any right, benefit, or privilege provided by law because of such individual's refusal to disclose his social security account number." Pub. L. No. 93–579, § 7. This provision does not apply to: (1) any disclosure which is required by federal statute; or (2) any disclosure of an SSN to any federal, state, or local agency maintaining a <u>system of records</u> in existence and operating before January 1, 1975, if such disclosure was required under statute or regulation adopted prior to such date to verify the identity of an individual. *Id.* at § 7(a)(2)(A)-(B).

Section 4.4(d) \boxtimes Yes \square No \square N/A Does the system or project maintain SSNs?
Section 4.4(e) \square Yes \boxtimes No \square N/A Are there any alternatives to the SSNs as a personal identifier?
Section 4.4(f) \boxtimes Yes \square No \square N/A Will an individual be denied any right, benefit, or privilege provided by law if the individual refuses to disclose their SSN? If yes, please check the applicable box::
☐ SSN disclosure is required by Federal statute or Executive Order; or
☑ the SSN is disclosed to any federal, state, or local agency maintaining a system of
records in existence and operating before January 1, 1975, and disclosure was
required under statute or regulation adopted prior to such date to verify the identity of
an individual.
 BPD.002 – United States Savings-Type Securities

BPD.008 – Retail Treasury Securities Access Application BPD.009 – U.S. Treasury Securities Fraud Information System

BPD.003 – United States Securities (Other than Savings-Type Securities)

Section 4.4(g) \boxtimes Yes \square No \square N/A When the SSN is collected, are individuals given notice
whether disclosure is mandatory or voluntary, the legal authority such number is solicited,
and what uses will be made of it?

First Amendment Activities

The <u>Privacy Act</u> provides that federal agencies "maintain no record describing how any individual exercises rights guaranteed by the First Amendment unless expressly authorized by statute or by the individual about whom the record is maintained or unless pertinent to and within the scope of an authorized law enforcement activity." 5 U.S.C. § 552a(e)(7).

Section 4.4(h) ☐ Yes ☒ No Does the system or project maintain any information describing how an individual exercises their rights guaranteed by the First Amendment?
Section 4.4(i) If the system or project maintains information describing how an individual exercises their rights guaranteed by the First Amendment, do any of the following exceptions apply (the information may be maintained if any of the exceptions apply)?
⋈ N/A (system or project does not maintain any information describing how an individual exercises their rights guaranteed by the First Amendment so no exceptions are needed)
☐ The individual about whom the information was collected or maintained expressly authorizes its collection/maintenance.
☐ The information maintained is pertinent to and within the scope of an authorized law enforcement activity.
☐ There is a statute that expressly authorizes its collection.
The system/project does not maintain any information describing how any individual exercises their rights guaranteed by the First Amendment. Therefore, no privacy and civil liberties risks were identified.

Section 5: Maintenance, use, and sharing of the information

The following sections require a clear description of the system's or project's use of information.

Section 5.1: Describe how and why the system or project uses the information it collects and maintains

Please describe all of the uses of the information types and groupings collected and maintained by the system or project (see <u>Section 4.2</u>), including a discussion of why the information is used for this purpose and how it relates to the mission of the bureau or office that owns the system.

The data collected will be used to build a contact/account record for the investor, which assists with tracking customer interactions and providing customer service assistance. This profile will

be used to process transactions/inquiries of Treasury securities. Data is digitally maintained and filed. The data being collected will also be used to verify the identity of the account holder and used to properly report the taxes to the IRS and to the customer.

Collecting Information Directly from the Individual When Using it to Make Adverse Determinations About Them

The <u>Privacy Act</u> requires that federal agencies "collect information to the greatest extent practicable directly from the subject individual when the information may result in adverse determinations about an individual's rights, benefits, and privileges under federal programs." 5 U.S.C. § 552a(e)(2).

Section 5.1(a) ☐ Yes ☒ No Is it possible that the information maintained in the system or by the project may be used by Treasury to make an adverse determination about an individual's rights, benefits, and privileges under federal programs (e.g., decisions about whether the individual will receive a financial benefit, get a clearance or access to a Treasury facility, obtain employment with Treasury)?
Section 5.1(b) \square Yes \boxtimes No Is it possible that Treasury will share information maintained in the system or by the project with a third party external to the Department that will use the information to make an adverse determination about an individual's rights, benefits, and privileges under federal programs?
Section 5.1(c) \square Yes \square No \boxtimes N/A If information could potentially be used to make an adverse determination about an individual's rights, benefits, and privileges under federal programs, does the system or project collect information (to the greatest extent practicable) directly from the individual?
No Privacy risks were identified because the information cannot be used to make adverse decisions about individuals and is not shared with any external parties who might use it to make an adverse determination about an individual's rights, benefits, and privileges under Federal programs.

Data Mining

As required by Section 804 of the <u>Implementing the 9/11 Commission Recommendations Act of 2007</u> ("9-11 Commission Act"), Treasury reports annually to Congress on its data mining activities. For a comprehensive overview of Treasury's data mining activities, please review the Department's Annual Privacy reports available at: http://www.hB0048000aB0048056ABT/tttp://www.hB0048

Section 5.2: Ensuring accuracy, completeness, and timeliness of information collected, maintained, and shared

Exemption from Accuracy, Relevance, Timeliness, and Completeness Requirements

The <u>Privacy Act</u> requires that federal agencies "maintain all records which are used by the agency in making any determination about any individual with such accuracy, relevance, timeliness, and completeness as is reasonably necessary to assure fairness to the individual in the determination." 5 U.S.C. § 552a(e)(5). If a particular <u>system of records</u> meets certain requirements (including the <u>NPRM</u> process defined in Section 2 above), an agency may exempt the <u>system of records</u> (or a portion of the records) from this requirement.

Section 5.2(a) \square Yes \boxtimes No Is all or any portion of the information maintained in the
system or by the project: (a) part of a system of records and (b) exempt from the accuracy,
relevance, timeliness, and completeness requirements in sections (e)(5) of the Privacy Act?
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No exemptions are claimed from the accuracy, relevance, timeliness, and completeness
requirements. Therefore, no privacy or civil liberties issues were identified with respect to
this section.

Computer Matching

The Computer Matching and Privacy Protection Act of 1988 amended the <u>Privacy Act</u>, imposing additional requirements when <u>Privacy Act systems of records</u> are used in computer matching programs.

Matching programs must be conducted pursuant to a matching agreement between the source and recipient agencies. The matching agreement describes the purpose and procedures of the matching **and** establishes protections for matching records.

Section 5.2(b) \square Yes \boxtimes No Is any of the information maintained in the system or by the project (a) part of a system of records and (b) used as part of a matching program?
Section 5.2(c) \square Yes \square No \boxtimes N/A Is there a matching agreement in place that contains the information required by Section (o) of the Privacy Act?
Section 5.2(d) \square Yes \square No \boxtimes N/A Are assessments made regarding the accuracy of the records that will be used in the matching program? Section 5.2(e) \square Yes \square No \boxtimes N/A Does the bureau or office that owns the system or project independently verify the information, provide the individual notice and an opportunity to contest the findings, or obtain Data Integrity Board approval in accordance with Section (p) of the Privacy Act before taking adverse action against the individual?
The information maintained in the system (or used by the project) is not used as part of a

matching program. Therefore, no privacy and civil liberties risks were identified in response to this section.

Ensuring Fairness in Making Adverse Determinations About Individuals

Federal agencies are required to "maintain all records which are used by the agency in making any determination about any individual with such accuracy, relevance, timeliness, and completeness as is reasonably necessary to assure fairness to the individual in the determination." 5 U.S.C. § 552a(e)(5). This requirement also applies when merging records from two or more sources where the merged records are used by the agency to make any determination about any individual.

Section 5.2(f) ⊠ Yes □ No With respect to the information maintained in the system or by the project, are steps taken to ensure all information used to make a determination about an individual is maintained with such accuracy, relevance, timeliness, and completeness as is reasonably necessary to assure fairness to the individual in the determination?

Customer service representatives verify the accuracy of key data each time the customer/contact calls, e-mails, or sends correspondence. Procedures are documented

customer/contact calls, e-mails, or sends correspondence. Procedures are documented requiring at least two representatives validate key data used for transactions, and requires steps be taken to track any service request or case as activities are processed and completed. The TIN of all bond owners is validated using the rules provided by the Social Security Administration.

Merging Information About Individuals

Section 5.2(g) \boxtimes Yes \square No Is information maintained in the system or by the project merged with electronic or non-electronic information from internal or external sources (e.g., other files or systems)?
Section 5.2(h) \boxtimes Yes \square No \square N/A Once merged, is the information used in making determinations about individuals (e.g., decisions about whether the individual will receive a financial benefit or payment, get a clearance or access to a Treasury facility, obtain employment with Treasury, etc.)?
Section 5.2(i) \boxtimes Yes \square No \square N/A Are there documented policies or procedures for how information is merged?
Section 5.2(j) \boxtimes Yes \square No \square N/A Do the documented policies or procedures address how to proceed when partial matches (where some, but not all of the information being merged matches a particular individual) are discovered after the information is merged?
Section 5.2(k) \boxtimes Yes \square No \square N/A If information maintained in the system or by the project is used to make a determination about an individual, are steps taken to ensure the

accuracy, relevance, timeliness, and completeness of the information as is reasonably necessary to assure fairness to the individual?

Documented procedures on merging records requires the customer service representative validate that the two records are the same customer, using multiple data attributes for confirmation. The record with the most complete information (most data elements within the record) will be the surviving record. All the previous record's service requests, cases, activities, correspondence, notes, relationships, accounts, personal addresses, evidence, audit trail, and customer file will merge into the surviving record.

Policies and Standard Operating Procedures or Technical Solutions Designed to Ensure Information Accuracy, Completeness, and Timeliness

Section 5.2(1) ⊠ Yes □ No □ N/A If information maintained in the system or by the project is used to make any determination about an individual (even if it is an exempt system of records), are there documented policies or standard operating procedures for the system or project that address the accuracy, completeness, and timeliness of the information?
Section 5.2(m) \boxtimes Yes \square No Does the system or project use any software or other technical solutions designed to improve the accuracy, completeness, and timeliness of the information used to make an adverse determination about an individual's rights, benefits, and/or privileges (regardless of if it is an exempt system of records)?

Accuracy, Completeness, and Timeliness of Information Received from the Source

Section 5.2(n) \square Yes \boxtimes No Did Treasury or the bureau receive any guarantee, assurance, or other information from any information source(s) regarding the accuracy, timeliness and completeness of the information maintained in the system or by the project?

Disseminating Notice of Corrections of or Amendments to PII

Section 5.2(o) \boxtimes Yes \square No \square N/A Where feasible and appropriate, is there a process in
place for disseminating corrections of or amendments to the PII maintained in the system or
by the project to all internal and external information-sharing partners?
Section 5.2(p) \boxtimes Yes \square No \square N/A Where feasible and appropriate, does the process for
disseminating corrections or amendments include notifying the individual whose information
is corrected or amended?

The general public is able to correct PII within the system by contacting a TRS site via telephone, e-mail, fax, or correspondence. Customer service representatives are able to assist

with the correction, which will update the customer's record in the system.

Section 5.3: Information sharing within the Department of the Treasury

Section 3.3. Information sharing within the Department of the Treasury
Internal Information Sharing
Section 5.3(a) \square Yes \boxtimes No Is $\underline{\text{PII}}$ maintained in the system or by the project shared with other Treasury bureaus?
Section 5.3(b) \square Yes \boxtimes No Does the Treasury bureau or office that receives the PII limit access to those Treasury officers and employees who have a need for the PII in the performance of their official duties (i.e., those who have a "need to know")?
No privacy and civil liberties risks were identified because PII maintained in the system or by the project is shared with other Treasury bureaus or offices.
Memorandum of Understanding (MOU)/Other Agreements Limiting Treasury's Internal Use/Disclosure of PII
Section 5.3(c) ☐ Yes ☐ No ☒ N/A Is any of the PII maintained in the system or by the project subject to the requirements of a Memorandum of Understanding or other agreement (e.g., agreement with another federal or state agency that provided the information to the Treasury or subject to an international agreement or treaty) that limits or places conditions on Treasury's internal use, maintenance, handling, or disclosure of the PII? Section 5.4: Information sharing with external (i.e., outside Treasury) organizations and individuals.
External Information Sharing
External information Sharing
Section 5.4(a) ☐ Yes ☒ No Is PII maintained in the system or by the project shared with agencies, organizations, or individuals external to Treasury?
Accounting of Disclosures
Section 5.4(b) ⊠ Yes □ No □ N/A With respect to records maintained in the system or by the project that are subject to the Privacy Act, do you maintain a paper or electronic log or other record of the date, nature, and purpose of each disclosure (not including intra-agency disclosures and FOIA disclosures) of a record to any person or to another agency (outside of Treasury) and the name and address of the person or agency to whom the disclosure is made?

Section 5.4(c) \square Yes \square No \boxtimes N/A If you do not keep a running tabulation of every disclosure at the time it is made, are you able to reconstruct an accurate and complete accounting of disclosures so as to be able to respond to Privacy Act requests in a timely

See 5 U.S.C § 552a(c).

fashion?
Section 5.4(d) ⊠ Yes □ No □ N/A With respect to records maintained in the system or by the project that are subject to the Privacy Act, do you retain the log or other record of the date, nature, and purpose of each disclosure, for at least five years or the life of the record, whichever is longer, after the disclosure for which the accounting is made?
Section 5.4(e) ⊠ Yes □ No □ N/A With respect to records maintained in the system or by the project that are subject to the Privacy Act, does your bureau or office exempt the system of records (as allowed by the Privacy Act in certain circumstances) from the requirement to make the accounting available to the individual named in the record?
Section 5.4(f) ⊠ Yes □ No □ N/A With respect to records maintained in the system or by the project that are subject to the Privacy Act, does your bureau or office exempt the system of records (as allowed by the Privacy Act in certain circumstances) from the requirement to inform any person or other agency about any correction or notation of dispute made by the agency of any record that has been disclosed to the person or agency if an accounting of the disclosure was made?
Statutory or Regulatory Restrictions on Disclosure
Section 5.4(g) ☐ Yes ☒ No In addition to the Privacy Act, are there any other statutory or regulatory restrictions on the sharing of any of the PII maintained in the system or by the project (e.g., 26 U.S.C § 6103 for tax returns and return information)?
Memorandum of Understanding Related to External Sharing
Section 5.4(h) \square Yes \square No \boxtimes N/A Has Treasury (including bureaus and offices) executed a Memorandum of Understanding, or entered into any other type of agreement, with any external agencies, organizations, or individuals with which/whom it shares PII maintained in the system or by the project?
Memorandum of Understanding Limiting Treasury's Use or Disclosure of PII
Treasury of the control of the contr
Section 5.4(i) ☐ Yes ☒ No Is any of the PII maintained in the system or by the project subject to the requirements of a Memorandum of Understanding or other agreement (e.g., agreement with another federal or state agency, an international agreement or treaty, or contract with private vendor that provided the information to Treasury or one of its bureaus) that limits or places conditions on Treasury's internal use or external (i.e., outside Treasury)

Memorandum of Understanding Limiting External Party's Use or Disclosure of PII

sharing of the PII?

Section 5.4(j) ☐ Yes ☒ No Is any of the PII maintained in the system or by the project subject to the requirements of a Memorandum of Understanding or other agreement in which Treasury limits or places conditions on an external party's use, maintenance, handling, or disclosure of PII shared by Treasury?
Obtaining Consent Prior to New Disclosures Not Included in the SORN or Authorized by the Privacy Act
Section 5.4(k) \square Yes \square No \boxtimes N/A Is the individual's consent obtained, where feasible and appropriate, prior to any <u>new</u> disclosures of previously collected records in a <u>system of records</u> (those not expressly authorized by the <u>Privacy Act</u> or contained in the published <u>SORN</u> (e.g., in the routine uses))?
Section 6: Compliance with federal information management requirements
Responses to the questions below address the practical, policy, and legal consequences of failing to comply with one or more of the following federal information management requirements (to the extent required) and how those risks were or are being mitigated: (1) the Privacy Act System of Records Notice Requirement; (2) the Paperwork Reduction Act ; (3) the Federal Records Act ; (4) the E-Gov Act security requirements; and (5) Section 508 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 .
Section 6.1: Privacy Act System of Records Notice (SORN)
For collections of <u>PII</u> that meet certain requirements, the <u>Privacy Act</u> requires that the agency publish a <u>SORN</u> in the <i>Federal Register</i> .
System of Records
Section 6.1(a) Yes □ No Does the system or project retrieve records about an individual using an identifying number, symbol, or other identifying particular assigned to the individual? (See items selected in Section 4.2 above). (Treasury/Fiscal Service SORNs: https://fiscal.treasury.gov/privacy.html)
Section 6.1(b) \boxtimes Yes \square No \square N/A Was a SORN published in the <i>Federal Register</i> for this system of records?
BPD.002 – United States Savings-Type Securities
BPD.003 – United States Securities (Other than Savings-Type Securities) BPD.008 – Retail Treasury Securities Access Application BPD.000 – U.S. Treasury Securities Fraud Information System
BPD.009 – U.S. Treasury Securities Fraud Information System

Section 6.2: The Paperwork Reduction Act

The PRA requires OMB approval before a federal agency may collect standardized data from 10 or more respondents within a 12 month period. OMB requires agencies to conduct a PIA (i.e., PCLIA) when initiating, consistent with the PRA, a new electronic collection of PII for 10 or more persons (excluding agencies, instrumentalities, or employees of the federal government).

Paperwork Reduction Act Compliance

Section 6.2(a) ⊠ Yes □ No Does the system or project maintain information obtained from individuals and organizations who are not federal personnel or an agency of the federal government (i.e., outside the federal government)?
Section 6.2(b) ⊠ Yes □ No □ N/A Does the project or system involve a new collection of information in identifiable form for 10 or more persons from outside the federal government?
Section 6.2(c) ⊠ Yes □ No □ N/A Did the project or system complete an Information Collection Request ("ICR") and receive OMB approval?
Section 6.3: Records Management - NARA/Federal Records Act Requirements
Records retention schedules determine the maximum amount of time necessary to retain information in order to meet the needs of the project or system. Information is generally either disposed of or sent to the NARA for permanent retention upon expiration of this period.

NARA Records Retention Requirements

Section 6.3(a) ⊠ Yes □ No Are the records used in the system or by the project covered by NARA's General Records Schedules ("GRS") or Treasury/bureau Specific Records Schedule (SRS)?
Section 6.3(b) \boxtimes Yes \square No Did NARA approved a retention schedule for the records maintained in the system or by the project?
Section 6.3(c) □ Yes □ No ⋈ N/A If NARA did not approve a retention schedule for the records maintained in the system or by the project and the records are not covered by NARA's GRS or Treasury/bureau SRS, has a draft retention schedule (approved by all applicable Treasury and/or Bureau officials) been developed for the records used in this project or system?
Records of holdings, forms, documents, and other legal papers, which constitute the basis for transactions subsequent to original issue, are maintained for such time as is necessary to protect the legal rights and interests of the United States Government and the person affected, according to their respective retention schedules.

All Treasury owned data maintained by this system is retained and destroyed in accordance with the Fiscal Service File Plan. All Treasury owned records schedules and categories within the Fiscal Service File Plan are approved by NARA.

Section 6.4: E-Government Act/NIST Compliance

The completion of <u>Federal Information Security Modernization Act (FISMA)</u> Security Assessment & Authorization (SA&A) process is required before a federal information system may receive Authority to Operate ("ATO"). Different security requirements apply to National Security Systems.

Section 6.4(a) ⊠ Yes □ No □ N/A Is the system a federal information system subject to FISMA requirements?
Section 6.4(b) \boxtimes Yes \square No \square N/A Has the system or project undergone a SA&A and received an ATO?

Access Controls and Security Requirements

<u>Section 6.4(c)</u> \boxtimes Yes \square No Does the system or project include access controls to ensure limited access to information maintained by the system or project?

Access is determined by the role of the user and their position as it relates to the TRS business. Procedures are in place to manage the access process whereby the management at each TRS site authorizes/requests access for staff. Fiscal Service and FRB staff use multifactor authentication. Reviews and reauthorization of accounts and privileges occurs periodically, at a minimum annually.

Security Risks in Manner of Collection

Section 6.4(d) \boxtimes Yes \square No In Section 4.3 above, you identified the sources for information used in the system or project and the method and manner of collection. Were any security, privacy, or civil liberties risks identified with respect to the manner in which the information is collected from the source(s)?

Security Controls When Sharing Internally or Externally

Section 6.4(e) \boxtimes Yes \square No \square N/A Are all Treasury/bureau security requirements met in the method of transferring information (e.g., bulk transfer, direct access by recipient, portable disk, paper) from the Treasury project or system to internal or external parties?

Monitoring of Individuals

Section 6.4(f) \square Yes \boxtimes No Will this system or project have the capability to identify, locate, and monitor individuals or groups of people?
Audit Trails
Section 6.4(g) \boxtimes Yes \square No Are audit trails regularly reviewed for appropriate use, handling, and disclosure of PII maintained in the system or by the project inside or outside of the Department?
Section 6.5: Section 508 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973
When federal agencies develop, procure, maintain, or use Electronic and Information Technology ("EIT"), Section 508 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 (as amended in 1998) requires that individuals with disabilities (including federal employees) must have access and use (including privacy policies and directives as well as redress opportunities) that is comparable to that which is available to individuals who do not have disabilities.
Applicability of and Compliance With the Rehabilitation Act
Section 6.5(a) ✓ Yes No Will the project or system involve the development, procurement, maintenance or use of EIT as that term is defined in Section 508 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 (as amended in 1998)?
Section 6.5(b) ⊠ Yes □ No □ N/A Does the system or project comply with all Section 508 requirements, thus ensuring that individuals with disabilities (including federal employees) have access and use (including access to privacy and civil liberties policies) that is comparable to that which is available to individuals who do not have disabilities?
Section 7: Redress
Access Under the Freedom of Information Act and Privacy Act
Section 7.0(a) \boxtimes Yes \square No Does the agency have a published process in place by which individuals may seek records under the Freedom of Information Act and Privacy Act?
The Treasury FOIA and PA disclosure regulations can be found at 31 C.F.R. Part 1, Subtitle A, Subparts A and C.
Privacy Act Access Exemption
Section 7.0(b) \square Yes \boxtimes No Was any of the information that is maintained in system of records and used in the system or project exempted from the access provisions of the Privacy Act?

Additional Redress Mechanisms

Section 7.0(c) \square Yes \boxtimes No With respect to information maintained by the project or system (whether or not it is covered by the <u>Privacy Act</u>), does the bureau or office that owns the project or system have any additional mechanisms other than <u>Privacy Act</u> and FOIA remedies (e.g., a customer satisfaction unit; a complaint process) by which an individual may request access to and/or amendment of their information and/or contest adverse determinations about denial of their rights, benefits, and privileges under federal programs (e.g., decisions about whether the individual will receive a financial benefit, get a clearance or access to a Treasury facility, obtain employment with Treasury)?