

## **2010 DETROIT ANNUAL**

**SEVENTH WARMEST YEAR IN DETROIT SINCE 1874  
AN EXCEPTIONAL SPRING IGNITES SIX MONTHS OF RECORD WARMTH  
SUMMER HEAT EQUALS BUSY SEVERE WEATHER SEASON**

**AN OVERALL BEAUTIFUL AUTUMN**

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January 25<sup>th</sup> 2011**

### **Overview**

**After a relatively cool year across Southeast Lower Michigan in 2009, the above average warmth returned in 2010 with temperatures at Detroit averaging just shy of 52 degrees /51.9/ or 2.2 degrees above the normal /49.7/. This is not the first time this past decade where the annual temperature has managed to place in the warmest year list. Back in 2007, with an average temperature of 51.1, the year placed in at 18<sup>th</sup> warmest year. In the previous year /2006/, the highest position this past decade was reached at 4<sup>th</sup> place with an average temperature up at 52.3. Earlier in 2002, with an average temperature of 46.4, the year placed 19<sup>th</sup> for warmest years. Finally, the former 7<sup>th</sup> position /2001/ with an average of 51.7 degrees slipped to 8<sup>th</sup> spot as 2010 moved into 7<sup>th</sup>.**

**The year of 2010 started out with a typical winter ([season review](#)) in place as far as average temperatures and snowfall. The oddity that surfaced during the winter of 2009-10 was the lack of variability in temperatures and narrow range of snowfalls. The average temperature for Southeast Michigan for the winter came in at 25.5 degrees (averaging all three sites - DTW, FNT and MBS) and an even 25.0 degrees, with DTX /White Lake/ averaged in. This fell right on the normal temperature of 25.0 degrees for all of Southeast Lower Michigan. Winter 2009-10 snowfall amounts were remarkably in a tight, normal range across the region with all four sites averaging in the mid 40s (inches). These “normal” or “average” amounts of snow are the result of many years averaged. Sometimes, the snowfall average can also be referred to as “the average of the extremes”.**

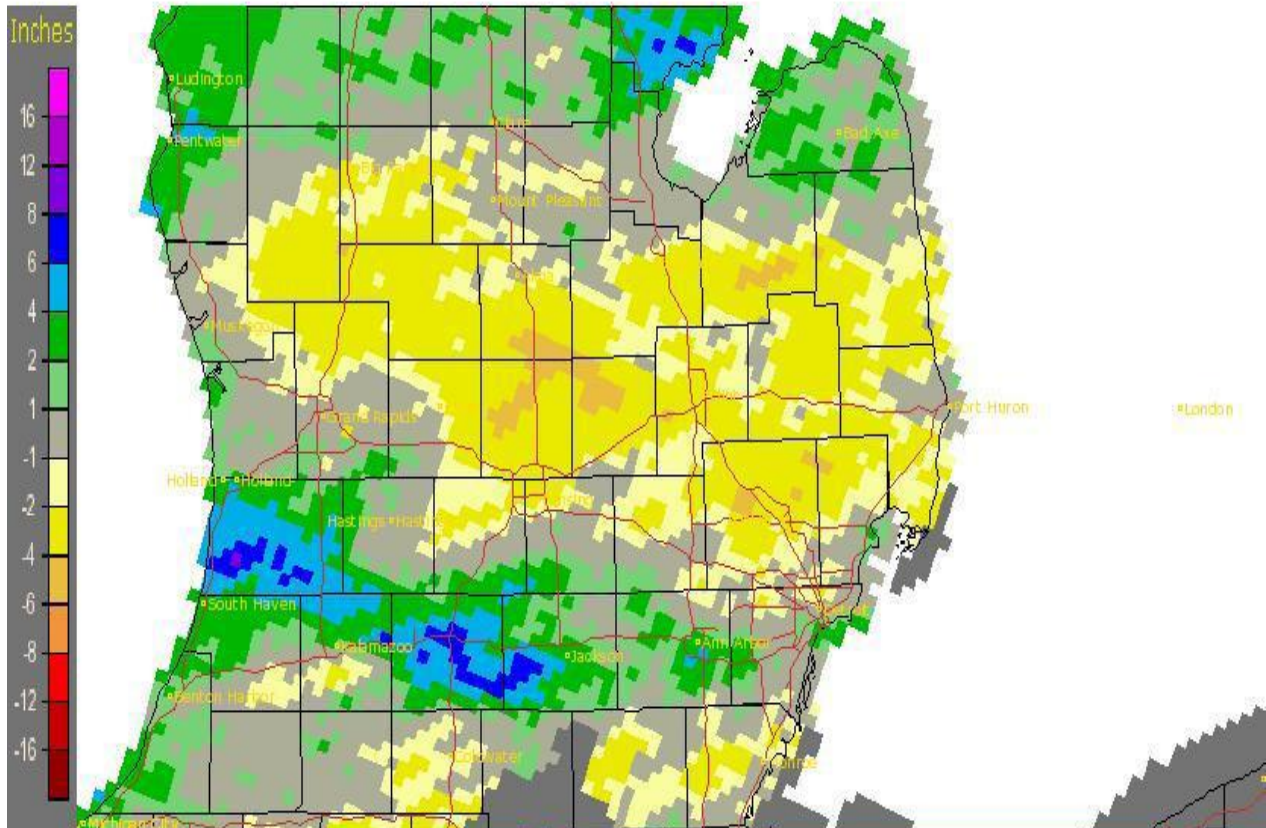
**[Spring](#) came on like gangbusters in 2010 with March being one of the nicest in a century. Temperatures averaged well above normal and little, if any, snow was seen. This is highly atypical for March in the Great Lakes. The spring grew extraordinarily warmer with time, turning in an outstanding performance in the end; ranking the warmest spring in history for Detroit, 2<sup>nd</sup> warmest at Saginaw and 5<sup>th</sup> warmest at Flint. Along with the warmth at the start came dry weather which did moisten up by late in the season.**

Record establishing heat continued into the **summer** with Detroit having its 4<sup>th</sup> warmest summer on record, Flint its 9<sup>th</sup> warmest and Saginaw 10<sup>th</sup> warmest. It should be noted, however, summer's high ranking can be attributed more to an abundance of very warm days (mid to upper 80s) and plenty of warm overnight lows.

Along with the very warm conditions there was plenty of humidity for storms (especially south of I-69) with over half the area seeing average to above average rainfall. A few distinctive wet and dry areas developed with time as repetitive storm tracks set the stage. The wettest area extended from the Ann Arbor area, east across the southern portions of Metro Detroit and Downriver communities and points south to near the Ohio border. This area also saw the majority of the severe weather. Another wet area could be found over the tip of the Thumb Region /Huron County/. Notably dry conditions were sandwiched in between the above areas noted and that extended from the far northern suburbs of Detroit northward into the base of the Thumb (Fig - 1).

**Fig - 1**

Detroit/Pontiac, MI (DTX): Current 90-Day Departure from Normal Precipitation  
Valid at 9/2/2010 1200 UTC- Created 9/2/10 15:32 UTC



The [Autumn of 2010](#) weather pattern over Southeast Lower Michigan was primarily mild and pleasant with mainly below average rainfall. The driest of weather remained in the northern areas of Southeast Lower Michigan around the Saginaw Valley and Thumb Region. October's weather was the most pleasant relative to normal. All regions saw periods of beautiful, warm Indian Summer weather in October with even a few days of notable warmth returning for an encore in November. In spite of being a warm year, 2010 ended on a cold note in December with all Southeast Lower Michigan averaging about 3.0 below normal as the new [winter of 2010-2011](#) started on a cold but relatively dry note.

**Spring into Summer Warmth**

While the warmth was impressive for the summer period, even more impressive is when the previous spring period is added. The average temperature for that six month period /Mar-Aug/ at Detroit, Flint and Saginaw all showed the warmest average temperature ever recorded. Looking at Table-1 (below) shows how 2010 ranked against the previous warmest six-month periods!

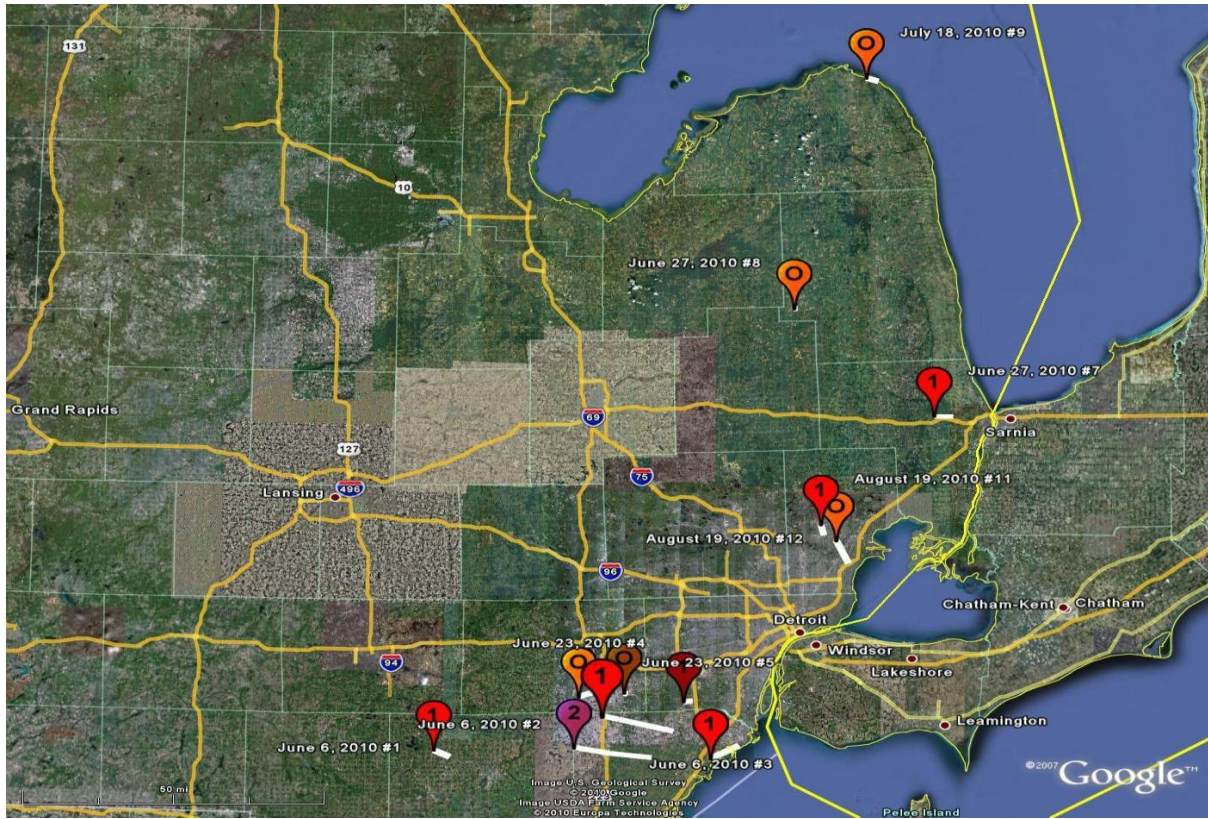
**Table - 1**

				<i>Spring - Summer Period</i>							
				<i>March 1st - August 31st</i>							
	Rank	Ave Temp	Year		Rank	Ave Temp	Year		Rank	Ave Temp	Year
<b>Detroit</b>	1	63.8	2010	<b>Flint</b>	1	61.2	2010	<b>Saginaw</b>	1	61.4	2010
	2	63.2	1991		2	61.0	1987		2	61.1	1921
	3	63.1	1921		3	60.6	1991		3	60.5	1998
	4	62.6	1955		4	60.2	1955		4	59.8	1991
	5	62.1	1987		5	59.4	1977/88		5	59.5	1987

**Busy Severe Weather Season Produces 12 Tornadoes**

The severe weather season for 2010 was busy with severe weather outbreaks producing 12 tornadoes (Fig - 2). On average, we see about six tornadoes in a severe weather season. The 12 tornadoes in 2010 tied for 6th place (Table - 2) for the most tornadoes in Southeast Michigan for any year back to 1950.

**Fig - 2**



**Numbers denote EF scale**

**On average, we have about six tornadoes in a severe weather season. The 12 tornadoes in 2010 tied for 6th place (Table - 2) for the number of tornadoes in Southeast Lower Michigan for any year back to 1950.**

**Table - 2**

<b>YEAR</b>	<b>Number of TORs</b>
<b>1973</b>	<b>20</b>
<b>1974</b>	<b>19</b>
<b>2004</b>	<b>16</b>
<b>1997</b>	<b>14</b>
<b>1988</b>	<b>13</b>
<b>1984, 1986, 2010</b>	<b>12</b>
<b>1975, 1990</b>	<b>11</b>
<b>1976, 1977, 2001, 2007</b>	<b>10</b>

June was the most active month for tornadoes across Southeast Lower Michigan with eight tornadoes. June 2010 (Table - 3) flirted with some tornado records in Southeast Michigan.

Table - 3

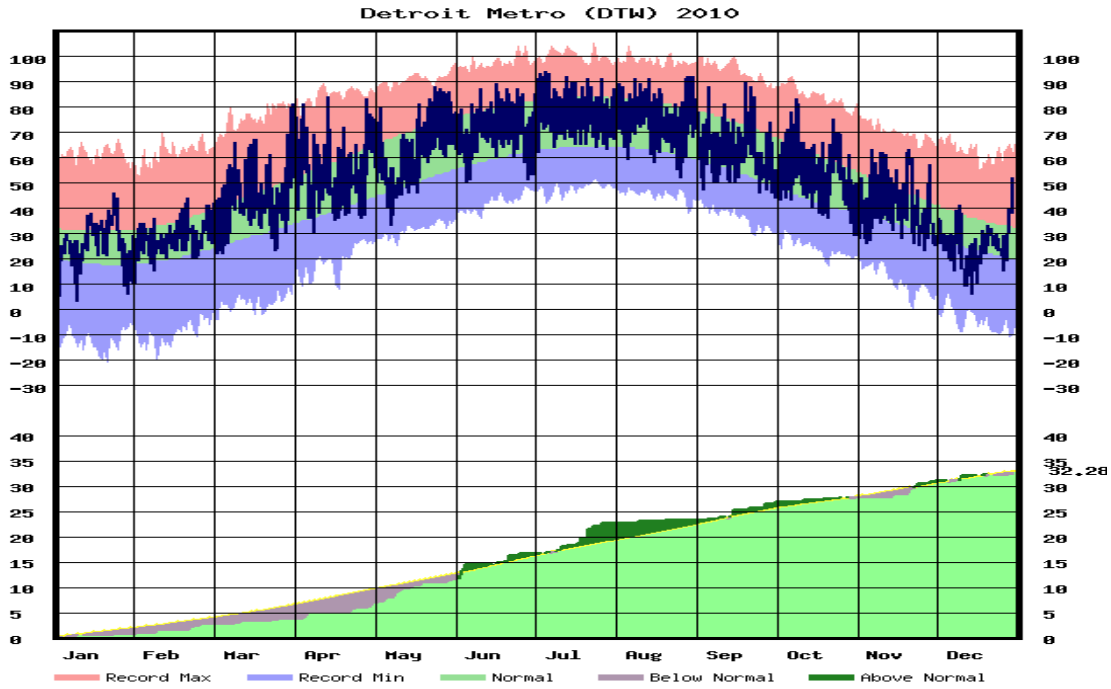
Most Tornadoes in June for Southeast Lower Michigan	
No.	Year
17	1973
9	1953
8	2010

More specific information on particular severe weather events, along with other notable events, can be found [here](#).

### Detroit 2010 Temperature and Precipitation Statistics

	<b>DETROIT</b>	<b>2010</b>	<b>STATS</b>
	TEMP		PCPN
	<b>2010</b>		<b>2010</b>
<b>JAN</b>	25.0		0.76
<b>FEB</b>	27.9		1.90
<b>MAR</b>	42.4		1.07
<b>APR</b>	54.2		2.26
<b>MAY</b>	62.7		5.31
<b>JUN</b>	71.4		5.42
<b>JUL</b>	76.6		5.96
<b>AUG</b>	75.2		0.59
<b>SEP</b>	64.5		3.32
<b>OCT</b>	55.0		1.07
<b>NOV</b>	42.0		3.34
<b>DEC</b>	25.6		1.28
<b>AVE</b>	<b>51.9 /7<sup>TH</sup>/</b>	<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>32.28</b>
<b>DEP</b>	<b>+2.2</b>		<b>-0.61</b>
<b>Norm</b>	<b>49.7</b>	<b>Norm</b>	<b>32.89</b>

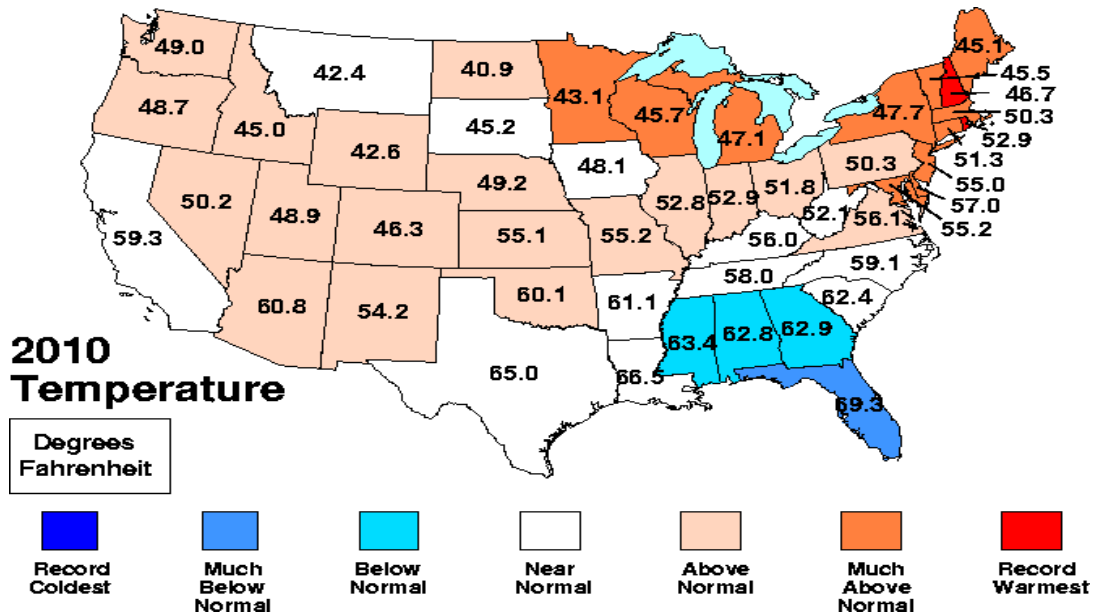
## Daily 2010 Temperature/Precipitation plot for Detroit



See past [plots](#) (back to 2000) and [legend](#)

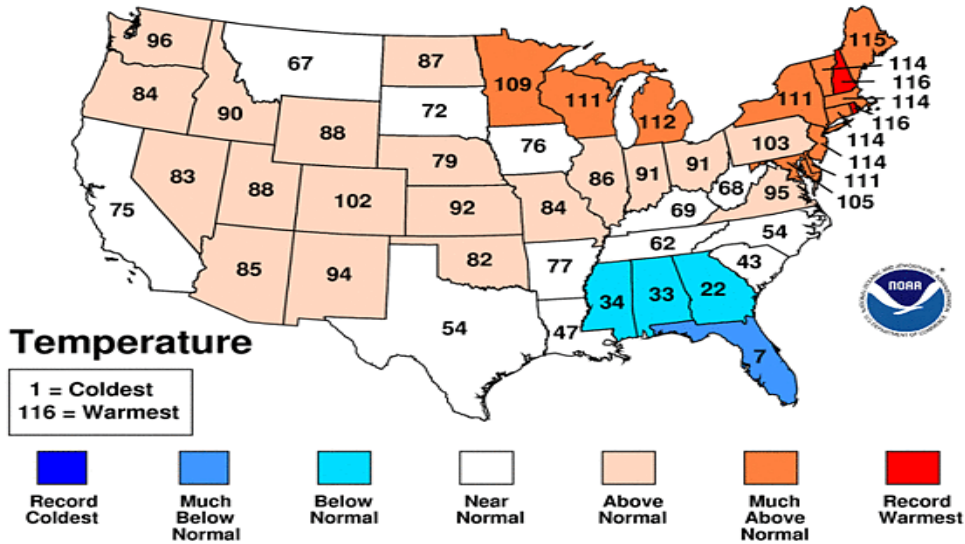
Additional statistical data for 2010 in Southeast Lower Mi can be obtained at: <http://www.weather.gov/climate/index.php?wfo=dtx>

## State Average Temperatures



# January-December 2010 Statewide Ranks

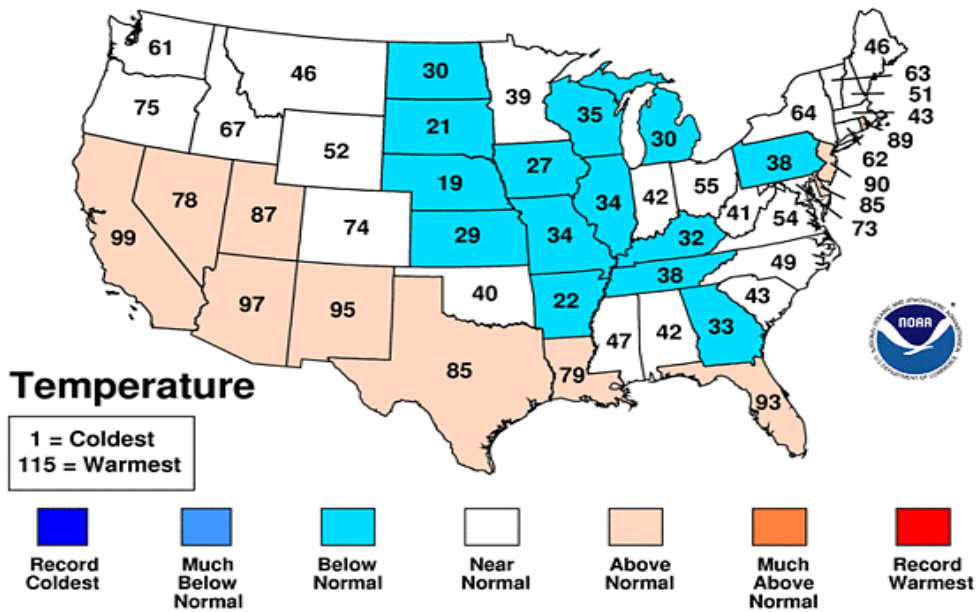
National Climatic Data Center/NESDIS/NOAA



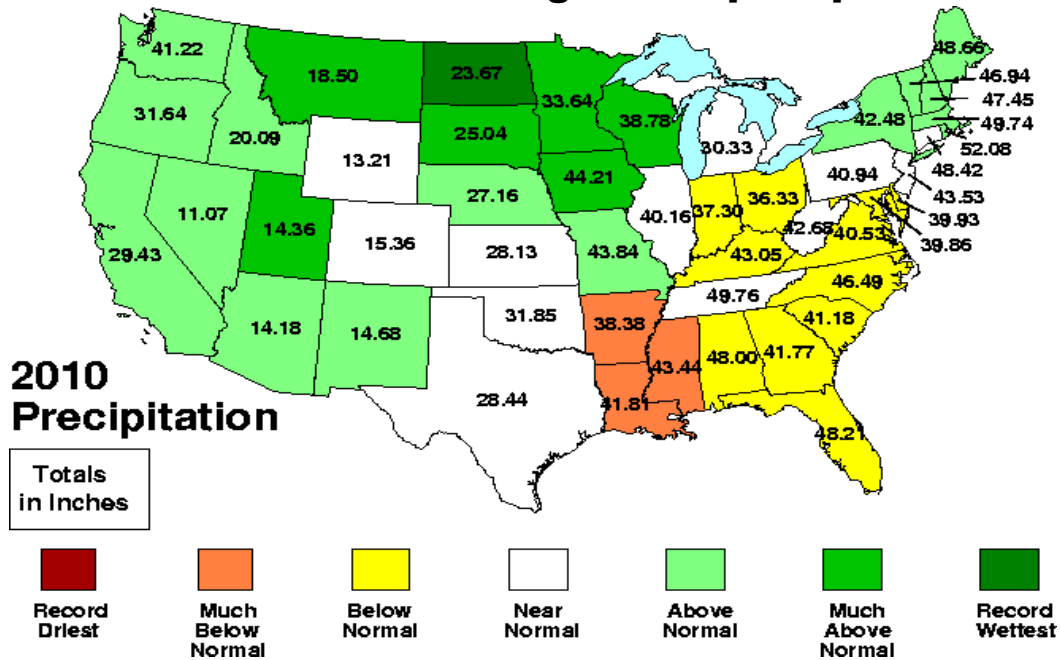
Compare 2010 statewide ranks to 2009, two impressively contrasting years!

# January-December 2009 Statewide Ranks

National Climatic Data Center/NESDIS/NOAA



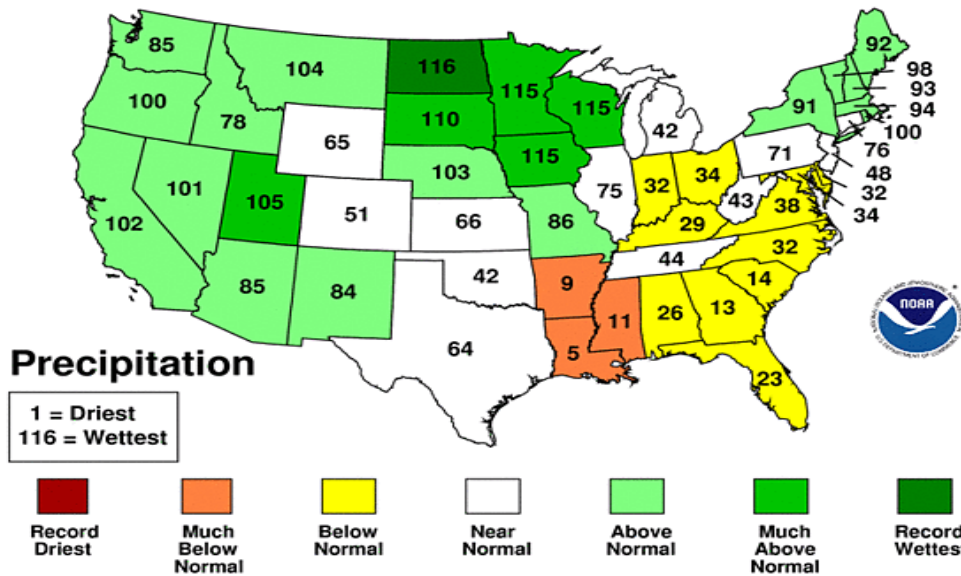
## National view of average state precipitation



## National view of the statewide precipitation ranks

### January-December 2010 Statewide Ranks

National Climatic Data Center/NESDIS/NOAA



Additional statistical data and updates for 2010 (across the US or World can be obtained at: <http://www.ncdc.noaa.gov/temp-and-precip/maps.php>  
<http://www.ncdc.noaa.gov/climate-monitoring/>