

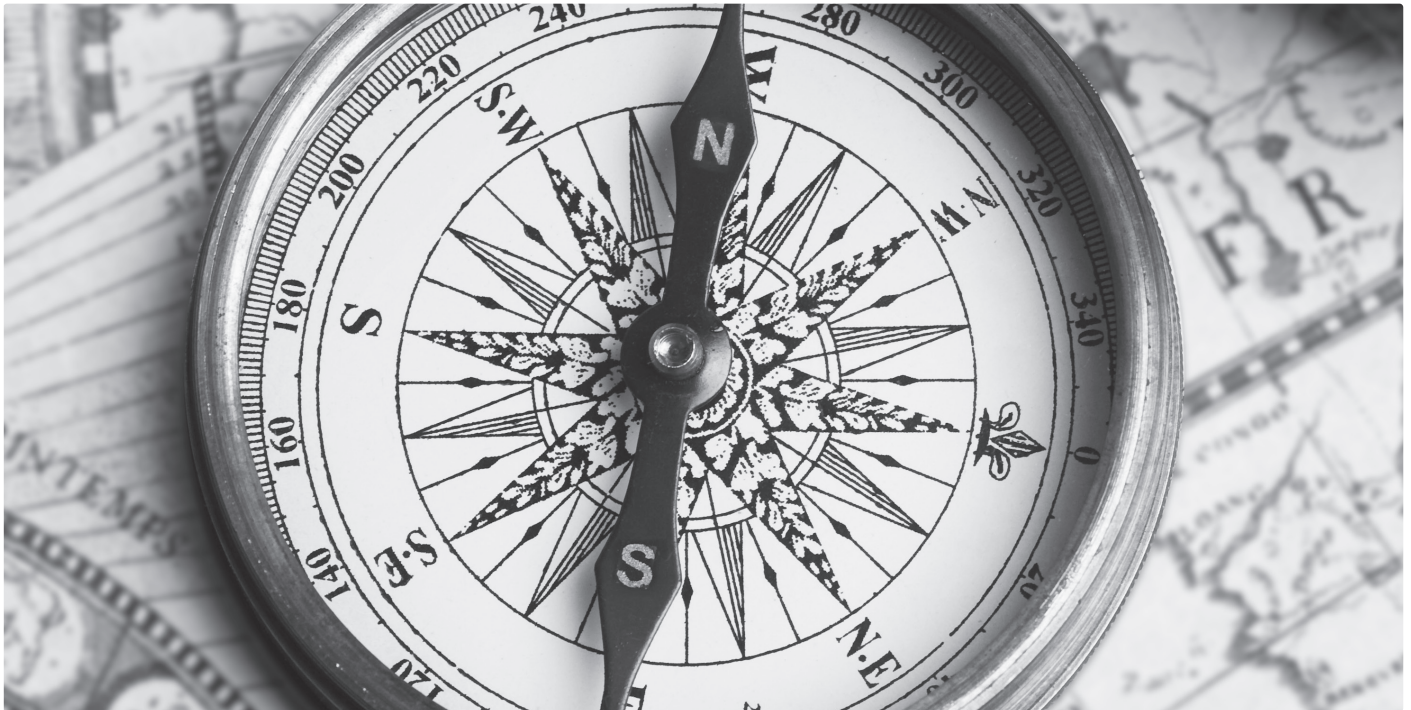


TAX YEAR
2019

1040 and 1040-SR

INSTRUCTIONS

Including the instructions for
Schedules 1 through 3



2019 Changes

- Form 1040 has been redesigned.
- Form 1040-SR, a new form, is available for use by taxpayers age 65 and older.
- These instructions cover both Forms 1040 and 1040-SR. For details on these and other changes, see *What's New* in these instructions.

Future Developments

See [IRS.gov](https://www.irs.gov) and [IRS.gov/Forms](https://www.irs.gov/forms), and for the latest information about developments related to Forms 1040 and 1040-SR and their instructions, such as legislation enacted after they were published, go to [IRS.gov/Form1040](https://www.irs.gov/form1040).

freefile Free File is the fast, safe, and free way to prepare and *e-file* your taxes. See [IRS.gov/FreeFile](https://www.irs.gov/FreeFile).

Pay Online. It's fast, simple, and secure. Go to [IRS.gov/Payments](https://www.irs.gov/payments).

Department of the Treasury **Internal Revenue Service** www.irs.gov



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**Internal
Revenue
Service**

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Form 1040 and 1040-SR

Helpful Hints

For 2019, you will use Form 1040 or, if you were born before January 2, 1955, you have the option to use new Form 1040-SR.

You may only need to file Form 1040 or 1040-SR and none of the numbered schedules, Schedules 1 through 3. However, if your return is more complicated (for example, you claim certain deductions or credits or owe additional taxes), you will need to complete one or more of the numbered schedules. Below is a general guide to which schedule(s) you will need to file based on your circumstances. See the instructions for the schedules for more information.

If you *e-file* your return, you generally won't notice much of a change and the software you use will generally determine which schedules you need.

IF YOU...	THEN USE...
Have additional income, such as business or farm income or loss, unemployment compensation, prize or award money, or gambling winnings.	Schedule 1, Part I
Have any deductions to claim, such as student loan interest deduction, self-employment tax, or educator expenses.	Schedule 1, Part II
Owe AMT or need to make an excess advance premium tax credit repayment.	Schedule 2, Part I
Owe other taxes, such as self-employment tax, household employment taxes, additional tax on IRAs or other qualified retirement plans and tax-favored accounts.	Schedule 2, Part II
Can claim a nonrefundable credit other than the child tax credit or the credit for other dependents, such as the foreign tax credit, education credits, or general business credit.	Schedule 3, Part I
Can claim a refundable credit other than the earned income credit, American opportunity credit, or additional child tax credit, such as the net premium tax credit or health coverage tax credit. Have other payments, such as an amount paid with a request for an extension to file or excess social security tax withheld.	Schedule 3, Part II

The Taxpayer Advocate Service Is Here To Help You

What is the Taxpayer Advocate Service?

The Taxpayer Advocate Service (TAS) is an *independent* organization within the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) that helps taxpayers and protects taxpayer rights. Our job is to ensure that every taxpayer is treated fairly and that you know and understand your rights under the [Taxpayer Bill of Rights](#).

What can the Taxpayer Advocate Service do for you?

We can help you resolve problems that you can't resolve with the IRS. And our service is free. If you qualify for our assistance, you will be assigned to one advocate who will work with you throughout the process and will do everything possible to resolve your issue. TAS can help you if:

- Your problem is causing financial difficulty for you, your family, or your business.
- You face (or your business is facing) an immediate threat of adverse action.
- You've tried repeatedly to contact the IRS but no one has responded, or the IRS hasn't responded by the date promised.

How can you reach us?

We have offices in [every state, the District of Columbia, and Puerto Rico](#). Your local advocate's number is at www.TaxpayerAdvocate.IRS.gov and in your local directory. You can also call us at 877-777-4778.

How can you learn about your taxpayer rights?

The Taxpayer Bill of Rights describes ten basic rights that all taxpayers have when dealing with the IRS. Our Tax Toolkit at www.TaxpayerAdvocate.IRS.gov can help you understand [what these rights mean to you](#) and how they apply. These are **your** rights. Know them. Use them.

How else does the Taxpayer Advocate Service help taxpayers?

TAS works to resolve large-scale problems that affect many taxpayers. If you know of one of these broad issues, please report it to us at IRS.gov/SAMS.

Low Income Taxpayer Clinics Help Taxpayers

Low Income Taxpayer Clinics (LITCs) are independent from the IRS. Some serve individuals whose income is below a certain level and who need to resolve a tax problem. These clinics provide professional representation before the IRS or in court on audits, appeals, tax collection disputes, and other issues for free or for a small fee. Some clinics provide information about taxpayer rights and responsibilities in many different languages for individuals who speak English as a second language. For more information, and to find a clinic near you, read the LITC page on IRS.gov/LITC or IRS [Publication 4134, Low Income Taxpayer Clinic List](#). You can also get this publication at your local IRS office or by calling 800-829-3676.

Suggestions for Improving the IRS

Taxpayer Advocacy Panel

Have a suggestion for improving the IRS and do not know who to contact? The Taxpayer Advocacy Panel (TAP) is a diverse group of citizen volunteers who listen to taxpayers, identify taxpayers' issues, and make suggestions for improving IRS service and customer satisfaction. The panel is demographically and geographically diverse, with at least one member from each state, the District of Columbia, and Puerto Rico. Contact TAP at www.improveirs.org or 888-912-1227 (toll-free).

Affordable Care Act—What You Need To Know

Requirement To Reconcile Advance Payments of the Premium Tax Credit

The premium tax credit helps pay premiums for health insurance purchased from the Marketplace. Eligible individuals may have advance payments of the premium tax credit made on their behalf directly to the insurance company.

If you or a family member enrolled in health insurance through the Marketplace and advance payments of the premium tax credit were made to your insurance company to reduce your monthly premium payment, you must attach **Form 8962** to your return to **reconcile** (compare) the advance payments with your premium tax credit for the year.

The Marketplace is required to send **Form 1095-A** by **January 31, 2020**, listing the advance payments and other information you need to complete **Form 8962**.

1. You will need **Form 1095-A** from the Marketplace.
 2. Complete **Form 8962** to claim the credit and to reconcile your advance credit payments.
 3. Include **Form 8962** with your **Form 1040**, **Form 1040-SR**, or **Form 1040-NR**. (Don't include Form 1095-A.)
-

Health Coverage Reporting

If you or someone in your family was an employee in 2019, the employer may be required to send you **Form 1095-C, Part II** of **Form 1095-C** shows whether your employer offered you health insurance coverage and, if so, information about the offer. You should receive **Form 1095-C** by early **March 2020**. This information may be relevant if you purchased health insurance coverage for 2019 through the Health Insurance Marketplace and wish to claim the premium tax credit on **Schedule 3, line 9**. However, you don't need to wait to receive this form to file your return. You may rely on other information received from your employer. If you don't wish to claim the premium tax credit for 2019, you don't need the information in **Part II** of **Form 1095-C**. For more information on who is eligible for the premium tax credit, see the Instructions for Form 8962.

Reminder: Health care coverage. If you need health care coverage, go to www.HealthCare.gov to learn about health insurance options for you and your family, how to buy health insurance, and how you might qualify to get financial assistance to buy health insurance.

What's New

For information about any additional changes to the 2019 tax law or any other developments affecting Form 1040 or 1040-SR or the instructions, go to [IRS.gov/Form1040](https://www.irs.gov/Form1040).

Form 1040-SR. Form 1040-SR, U.S. Tax Return for Seniors, has been introduced for 2019. You can use this form if you were born before January 2, 1955. The form generally mirrors Form 1040.

These instructions cover both Forms 1040 and 1040-SR.

Fewer numbered schedules. This year, there are only 3 numbered schedules instead of 6. Schedules 2 and 4 were combined into Schedule 2 and it's where you will report any additional taxes you may owe. Schedules 3 and 5 were combined into Schedule 3 and it's where you will report any credits that you didn't claim on Form 1040 or 1040-SR.

IRA and pension reporting. You will now report your IRA distributions and pensions and annuities on separate lines. Use lines 4a and 4b on Form 1040 or 1040-SR to report IRA distributions and the taxable amount. Use new lines 4c and 4d to report pensions and annuities and the taxable amount. See the instructions for *Lines 4a and 4b* and *Lines 4c and 4d*, later.

Capital gain or (loss) is now reported on line 6. In 2018, capital gain or (loss) was reported on Schedule 1 (Form 1040), line 13. In 2019, it will be reported on Form 1040 or 1040-SR, line 6.

Health care coverage shared responsibility payment. For 2019 you no longer need to either make a shared responsibility payment or file Form 8965 if you don't have minimum essential health care coverage for part or all of 2019. The "Full-year health care coverage or exempt" box has been removed from Form 1040.

Standard deduction amount increased. For 2019, the standard deduction amount has been increased for all filers. The amounts are:

- Single or Married filing separately—\$12,200.

- Married filing jointly or Qualifying widow(er)—\$24,400.

- Head of household—\$18,350.

Qualified business income deduction. The simplified worksheet for figuring your qualified business income deduction is now Form 8995, Qualified Business Income Deduction Simplified Computation. If you don't meet the requirements to file Form 8995, use Form 8995-A, Qualified Business Income Deduction. For more information, see each form's instructions.

Alternative minimum tax (AMT) exemption amount increased. The AMT exemption amount is increased to \$71,700 (\$111,700 if married filing jointly or qualifying widow(er); \$55,850 if married filing separately). The income levels at which the AMT exemption begins to phase out have increased to \$510,300 (\$1,020,600 if married filing jointly or qualifying widow(er)).

Qualified opportunity investment. If you held a qualified investment in a qualified opportunity fund at any time during the year, you must attach Form 8997, Initial and Annual Statement of Qualified Opportunity Fund (QOF) Investments, to your return. For more information, see Form 8997 and its instructions.

Virtual currency. If, in 2019, you engaged in a transaction involving virtual currency you will need to file Schedule 1. See the instructions for Schedule 1 for more information.

Email address. An optional field for your email address has been added to Forms 1040 and 1040-SR.

Medicaid waiver payments. Changes have been made to how Medicaid waiver payments are treated for purposes of the earned income credit. See the instructions for line 18a.

Extended tax provisions. Recent legislation extended certain tax benefits that had expired at the end of 2017. These tax benefits include the following.

- Tuition and fees deduction.
- Deduction for mortgage insurance premiums.
- Nonbusiness energy property credit.
- Alternative fuel vehicle refueling credit.
- Indian employment credit.

If you are eligible for one or more of these benefits in 2019, you can claim them on your 2019 return. If you are eligible for one or more of these benefits for tax year 2018, you will need to file an amended return, Form 1040-X, to claim them. See [IRS.gov/Form1040X](https://www.irs.gov/Form1040X) for more information about amending a tax return.

Disaster tax relief. Disaster tax relief was enacted for those impacted by certain federally declared disasters. The tax benefits provided by this relief include the following.

- An increased standard deduction based on your qualified disaster losses. See the instructions for line 9 and the Instructions for Schedule A for information on qualifying for and figuring the increased standard deduction.

- Election to use your 2018 earned income to figure your 2019 earned income credit. See the instructions for line 18a for more information on this election.

- Election to use your 2018 earned income to figure your 2019 additional child tax credit. See the instructions for line 18b and the Instructions for Schedule 8812 for more information on this election.

Free Software Options for Doing Your Taxes

Why have 49 million Americans used Free File?

- *Security*—Free File uses the latest encryption technology to safeguard your information.
- *Flexible Payments*—File early; pay by April 15, 2020 (for most people).
- *Greater Accuracy*—Fewer errors mean faster processing.
- *Quick Receipt*—Get an acknowledgment that your return was received and accepted.
- *Go Green*—Reduce the amount of paper used.
- *It's Free*—through *IRS.gov/FreeFile*.
- *Faster Refunds*—Join the eight in 10 taxpayers who get their refunds faster by using direct deposit and *e-file*.

freefile Do Your Taxes for Free

If your adjusted gross income was \$69,000 or less in 2019, you can use free tax software to prepare and *e-file* your tax return. Earned more? Use Free File Fillable Forms.

Free File. This public-private partnership, between the IRS and tax software providers, makes approximately a dozen brand name commercial software products and *e-file* available for free. Seventy percent of the nation's taxpayers are eligible.

Just visit *IRS.gov/FreeFile* for details. Free File combines all the benefits of *e-file* and easy-to-use software at no cost. Guided questions will help ensure you get all the tax credits and deductions you are due. It's fast, safe, and free.

You can review each software provider's criteria for free usage or use an online tool to find which free software products match your situation. Some software providers offer state tax return preparation for free.

Free File Fillable Forms. The IRS offers electronic versions of IRS paper forms that also can be *e-filed* for free. Free File Fillable Forms is best for people experienced in preparing their own tax returns. There are no income limitations. Free File Fillable Forms does basic math calculations. It supports only federal tax forms.

Free Tax Help Available Nationwide

Volunteers are available in communities nationwide providing free tax assistance to low-to-moderate income (generally under \$56,000 in adjusted gross income) and elderly taxpayers (age 60 and older). At selected sites, taxpayers can input and electronically file their own tax return with the assistance of an IRS-certified volunteer.

See *How To Get Tax Help* near the end of these instructions for additional information or visit *IRS.gov* (Keyword: VITA) for a VITA/TCE site near you!

IRS.gov is the gateway to all electronic services offered by the IRS, as well as the spot to download forms at *IRS.gov/Forms*.

Make your tax payments electronically—it's easy.

You can make electronic payments online, by phone, or from a mobile device. Paying electronically is safe and secure. The IRS uses the latest encryption technology and doesn't store the bank account number you use to submit your payment. When you use any of the IRS electronic payment options, it puts you in control of paying your tax bill and gives you peace of mind. You determine the payment date, and you will receive an immediate confirmation from the IRS. It's easy, secure, and much quicker than mailing in a check or money order. Go to *IRS.gov/Payments* to see all your electronic payment options.

Filing Requirements


These rules apply to all U.S. citizens, regardless of where they live, and resident aliens.



Have you tried IRS *e-file*? It's the fastest way to get your refund and it's free if you are eligible. Visit [IRS.gov](https://www.irs.gov) for details.

Do You Have To File?

Use Chart A, B, or C to see if you must file a return. U.S. citizens who lived in or had income from a U.S. possession should see Pub. 570. Residents of Puerto Rico can use [Tax Topic 901](#) to see if they must file.

 *Even if you do not otherwise have to file a return, you should file one to get a refund of any federal income tax withheld. You also should file if you are eligible for any of the following credits.*

- *Earned income credit.*
- *Additional child tax credit.*
- *American opportunity credit.*
- *Credit for federal tax on fuels.*
- *Premium tax credit.*
- *Health coverage tax credit.*

See Pub. 501 for details. Also see Pub. 501 if you do not have to file but received a Form 1099-B (or substitute statement).

Requirement to reconcile advance payments of the premium tax credit.

If you, your spouse with whom you are filing a joint return, or a dependent was enrolled in coverage through the Marketplace for 2019 and advance payments of the premium tax credit were made for this coverage, you must file a 2019 return and attach Form 8962. You (or whoever enrolled you) should have received Form 1095-A from the Marketplace with information about your coverage and any advance payments.

You must attach Form 8962 even if someone else enrolled you, your spouse, or your dependent. If you are a dependent who is claimed on someone else's 2019 return, you do not have to attach Form 8962.

Exception for certain children under age 19 or full-time students. If certain conditions apply, you can elect to in-

clude on your return the income of a child who was under age 19 at the end of 2019 or was a full-time student under age 24 at the end of 2019. To do so, use Form 8814. If you make this election, your child doesn't have to file a return. For details, use [Tax Topic 553](#) or see Form 8814.

A child born on January 1, 1996, is considered to be age 24 at the end of 2019. Do not use Form 8814 for such a child.

Resident aliens. These rules also apply if you were a resident alien. Also, you may qualify for certain tax treaty benefits. See Pub. 519 for details.

Nonresident aliens and dual-status aliens. These rules also apply if you were a nonresident alien or a dual-status alien and both of the following apply.

- You were married to a U.S. citizen or resident alien at the end of 2019.
- You elected to be taxed as a resident alien.

See Pub. 519 for details.



Specific rules apply to determine if you are a resident alien, nonresident alien, or dual-status alien. Most nonresident aliens and dual-status aliens have different filing requirements and may have to file Form 1040-NR or Form 1040-NR-EZ. Pub. 519 discusses these requirements and other information to help aliens comply with U.S. tax law.

When and Where Should You File?

File Form 1040 or 1040-SR by **April 15, 2020**. If you file after this date, you may have to pay interest and penalties. See *Interest and Penalties*, later.

If you were serving in, or in support of, the U.S. Armed Forces in a designated combat zone or contingency opera-

tion, you may be able to file later. See Pub. 3 for details.

If you *e-file* your return, there is no need to mail it. However, if you choose to mail it, filing instructions and addresses are at the end of these instructions.

What if You Can't File on Time?

You can get an automatic 6-month extension if, no later than the date your return is due, you file Form 4868. For details, see Form 4868. Instead of filing Form 4868, you can apply for an automatic extension by making an electronic payment by the due date of your return.



An automatic 6-month extension to file doesn't extend the time to pay your tax. If you don't pay your tax by the original due date of your return, you will owe interest on the unpaid tax and may owe penalties. See Form 4868.

If you are a U.S. citizen or resident alien, you may qualify for an automatic extension of time to file without filing Form 4868. You qualify if, on the due date of your return, you meet one of the following conditions.

- You live outside the United States and Puerto Rico and your main place of business or post of duty is outside the United States and Puerto Rico.
- You are in military or naval service on duty outside the United States and Puerto Rico.

This extension gives you an extra 2 months to file and pay the tax, but interest will be charged from the original due date of the return on any unpaid tax. You must include a statement showing that you meet the requirements. If you are still unable to file your return by the end of the 2-month period, you can get an additional 4 months if, no later than June 15, 2020, you file Form 4868. This 4-month extension of time to file doesn't

extend the time to pay your tax. See Form 4868.

Private Delivery Services

If you choose to mail your return, you can use certain private delivery services designated by the IRS to meet the "timely mailing treated as timely filing/paying" rule for tax returns and payments. These private delivery services include only the following.

- DHL Express 9:00, DHL Express 10:30, DHL Express 12:00, DHL Ex-

press Worldwide, DHL Express Envelope, DHL Import Express 10:30, DHL Import Express 12:00, and DHL Import Express Worldwide.

- UPS Next Day Air Early A.M., UPS Next Day Air, UPS Next Day Air Saver, UPS 2nd Day Air, UPS 2nd Day Air A.M., UPS Worldwide Express Plus, and UPS Worldwide Express.

- FedEx First Overnight, FedEx Priority Overnight, FedEx Standard Overnight, FedEx 2 Day, FedEx International Next Flight Out, FedEx International

Priority, FedEx International First, and FedEx International Economy.

To check for any updates to the list of designated private delivery services, go to [IRS.gov/PDS](https://www.irs.gov/PDS). For the IRS mailing address to use if you're using a private delivery service, go to [IRS.gov/PDSStreetAddresses](https://www.irs.gov/PDSStreetAddresses).

The private delivery service can tell you how to get written proof of the mailing date.

Chart A—For Most People

IF your filing status is . . .	AND at the end of 2019 you were* . . .	THEN file a return if your gross income** was at least . . .
Single	under 65 65 or older	\$12,200 13,850
Married filing jointly***	under 65 (both spouses) 65 or older (one spouse) 65 or older (both spouses)	\$24,400 25,700 27,000
Married filing separately	any age	\$5
Head of household	under 65 65 or older	\$18,350 20,000
Qualifying widow(er)	under 65 65 or older	\$24,400 25,700

*If you were born on January 1, 1955, you are considered to be age 65 at the end of 2019. (If your spouse died in 2019 or if you are preparing a return for someone who died in 2019, see Pub. 501.)

****Gross income** means all income you received in the form of money, goods, property, and services that isn't exempt from tax, including any income from sources outside the United States or from the sale of your main home (even if you can exclude part or all of it). Don't include any social security benefits unless (a) you are married filing a separate return and you lived with your spouse at any time in 2019, or (b) one-half of your social security benefits plus your other gross income and any tax-exempt interest is more than \$25,000 (\$32,000 if married filing jointly). If (a) or (b) applies, see the instructions for lines 5a and 5b to figure the taxable part of social security benefits you must include in gross income. Gross income includes gains, but not losses, reported on Form 8949 or Schedule D. Gross income from a business means, for example, the amount on Schedule C, line 7, or Schedule F, line 9. But, in figuring gross income, don't reduce your income by any losses, including any loss on Schedule C, line 7, or Schedule F, line 9.

***If you didn't live with your spouse at the end of 2019 (or on the date your spouse died) and your gross income was at least \$5, you must file a return regardless of your age.

Chart B—For Children and Other Dependents (See *Who Qualifies as Your Dependent*, later.)

If your parent (or someone else) can claim you as a dependent, use this chart to see if you must file a return.

In this chart, **unearned income** includes taxable interest, ordinary dividends, and capital gain distributions. It also includes unemployment compensation, taxable social security benefits, pensions, annuities, and distributions of unearned income from a trust. **Earned income** includes salaries, wages, tips, professional fees, and taxable scholarship and fellowship grants. **Gross income** is the total of your unearned and earned income.

Single dependents. Were you **either** age 65 or older **or** blind?

- No.** You must file a return if **any** of the following apply.
 - Your unearned income was over \$1,100.
 - Your earned income was over \$12,200.
 - Your gross income was more than the **larger** of—
 - \$1,100, or
 - Your earned income (up to \$11,850) plus \$350.
- Yes.** You must file a return if **any** of the following apply.
 - Your unearned income was over \$2,750 (\$4,400 if 65 or older **and** blind).
 - Your earned income was over \$13,850 (\$15,500 if 65 or older **and** blind).
 - Your gross income was more than the **larger** of—
 - \$2,750 (\$4,400 if 65 or older **and** blind), or
 - Your earned income (up to \$11,850) plus \$2,000 (\$3,650 if 65 or older **and** blind).

Married dependents. Were you **either** age 65 or older **or** blind?

- No.** You must file a return if **any** of the following apply.
 - Your unearned income was over \$1,100.
 - Your earned income was over \$12,200.
 - Your gross income was at least \$5 and your spouse files a separate return and itemizes deductions.
 - Your gross income was more than the **larger** of—
 - \$1,100, or
 - Your earned income (up to \$11,850) plus \$350.
- Yes.** You must file a return if **any** of the following apply.
 - Your unearned income was over \$2,400 (\$3,700 if 65 or older **and** blind).
 - Your earned income was over \$13,500 (\$14,800 if 65 or older **and** blind).
 - Your gross income was at least \$5 and your spouse files a separate return and itemizes deductions.
 - Your gross income was more than the **larger** of—
 - \$2,400 (\$3,700 if 65 or older **and** blind), or
 - Your earned income (up to \$11,850) plus \$1,650 (\$2,950 if 65 or older **and** blind).

Chart C—Other Situations When You Must File

You must file a return if any of the seven conditions below apply for 2019.	
1.	You owe any special taxes, including any of the following. <ul style="list-style-type: none">a. Alternative minimum tax.b. Additional tax on a qualified plan, including an individual retirement arrangement (IRA), or other tax-favored account. But if you are filing a return only because you owe this tax, you can file Form 5329 by itself.c. Household employment taxes. But if you are filing a return only because you owe this tax, you can file Schedule H by itself.d. Social security and Medicare tax on tips you didn't report to your employer or on wages you received from an employer who didn't withhold these taxes.e. Write-in taxes, including uncollected social security and Medicare or RRTA tax on tips you reported to your employer or on group-term life insurance and additional taxes on health savings accounts. See the instructions for Schedule 2, line 8.f. Recapture taxes. See the instructions for line 12a and Schedule 2, lines 7b and 8.
2.	You (or your spouse, if filing jointly) received health savings account, Archer MSA, or Medicare Advantage MSA distributions.
3.	You had net earnings from self-employment of at least \$400.
4.	You had wages of \$108.28 or more from a church or qualified church-controlled organization that is exempt from employer social security and Medicare taxes.
5.	Advance payments of the premium tax credit were made for you, your spouse, or a dependent who enrolled in coverage through the Marketplace. You or whoever enrolled you should have received Form(s) 1095-A showing the amount of the advance payments.
6.	Advance payments of the health coverage tax credit were made for you, your spouse, or a dependent. You or whoever enrolled you should have received Form(s) 1099-H showing the amount of the advance payments.
7.	You are required to include amounts in income under section 965 or you have a net tax liability under section 965 that you are paying in installments under section 965(h) or deferred by making an election under section 965(i).

Line Instructions for Forms 1040 and 1040-SR



Also see the instructions for Schedule 1 through Schedule 3 that follow the Form 1040 and 1040-SR instructions.

Free File makes available free brand-name software and free e-file. Visit [IRS.gov/FreeFile](https://www.irs.gov/FreeFile) for details and to see if you are eligible.

What form to file. Everyone can file Form 1040. Form 1040-SR is available to you if you were born before January 2, 1955.

Fiscal year filers. If you are a fiscal year filer using a tax year other than January 1 through December 31, 2019, write “Tax Year” and the beginning and ending months of your fiscal year in the top margin of page 1 of Form 1040 or 1040-SR. Section references are to the Internal Revenue Code.

Write-in information. If you need to write a word, code, and/or dollar amount on Form 1040 or 1040-SR to explain an item of income or deduction, but don't have enough space to enter the word, code, and/or dollar amount, you can put an asterisk next to the applicable line number and put a footnote at the bottom of page 2 of Form 1040 or Form 1040-SR indicating the line number and the word, code, and/or dollar amount you need to enter.

For example, if you received wages as a household employee and didn't receive a W-2 because you were paid only \$2,000, the instructions for line 1 state that you must enter “HSH” and the amount of the wages next to line 7. You may instead put an asterisk next to line 7 and in the white space at the bottom of page 2 of Form 1040 or 1040-SR enter “*Line 7: HSH \$2,000.”

Section references are to the Internal Revenue Code.

Filing Status

Check only the filing status that applies to you. The ones that will usually give you the lowest tax are listed last.

- Married filing separately.
- Single.
- Head of household.
- Married filing jointly.
- Qualifying widow(er).

For information about marital status, see Pub. 501.



More than one filing status can apply to you. You can choose the one that will give you the lowest tax.

Single

You can check the “Single” box at the top of Form 1040 or 1040-SR if any of the following was true on December 31, 2019.

- You were never married.
- You were legally separated according to your state law under a decree of divorce or separate maintenance. But if, at the end of 2019, your divorce wasn't final (an interlocutory decree), you are

considered married and can't check the box.

- You were widowed before January 1, 2019, and didn't remarry before the end of 2019. But if you have a child, you may be able to use the qualifying widow(er) filing status. See the instructions for *Qualifying Widow(er)*, later.

Married Filing Jointly

You can check the “Married filing jointly” box at the top of Form 1040 or 1040-SR if any of the following apply.

- You were married at the end of 2019, even if you didn't live with your spouse at the end of 2019.
- Your spouse died in 2019 and you didn't remarry in 2019.
- You were married at the end of 2019 and your spouse died in 2020 before filing a 2019 return.

A married couple filing jointly report their combined income and deduct their combined allowable expenses on one return. They can file a joint return even if only one had income or if they didn't live together all year. However, both persons must sign the return. Once you file a joint return, you can't choose to

file separate returns for that year after the due date of the return.

Joint and several tax liability. If you file a joint return, both you and your spouse are generally responsible for the tax and interest or penalties due on the return. This means that if one spouse doesn't pay the tax due, the other may have to. Or, if one spouse doesn't report the correct tax, both spouses may be responsible for any additional taxes assessed by the IRS. You may want to file separately if:

- You believe your spouse isn't reporting all of his or her income, or
- You don't want to be responsible for any taxes due if your spouse doesn't have enough tax withheld or doesn't pay enough estimated tax.

See the instructions for *Married Filing Separately*. Also see *Innocent Spouse Relief* under *General Information*, later.

Nonresident aliens and dual-status aliens. Generally, a married couple can't file a joint return if either spouse is a nonresident alien at any time during the year. However, if you were a nonresident alien or a dual-status alien and were married to a U.S. citizen or resident alien at the end of 2019, you can elect to


be treated as a resident alien and file a joint return. See Pub. 519 for details.

Married Filing Separately

Check the “Married filing separately” box at the top of Form 1040 or 1040-SR if you are married and file a separate return. Enter your spouse’s name in the entry space below the filing status checkboxes. Be sure to enter your spouse’s SSN or ITIN in the space for spouse’s SSN on Form 1040 or 1040-SR. If your spouse doesn’t have and isn’t required to have an SSN or ITIN, enter “NRA.”

If you are married and file a separate return, you generally report only your own income, deductions, and credits. Generally, you are responsible only for the tax on your own income. Different rules apply to people in community property states; see Pub. 555.

However, you usually will pay more tax than if you use another filing status for which you qualify. Also, if you file a separate return, you can’t take the student loan interest deduction, the tuition and fees deduction, the education credits, or the earned income credit. You also can’t take the standard deduction if your spouse itemizes deductions.

 *You may be able to file as head of household if you had a child living with you and you lived apart from your spouse during the last 6 months of 2019. See Married persons who live apart.*

Head of Household

You can check the “Head of household” box at the top of Form 1040 or 1040-SR if you are unmarried and provide a home for certain other persons. You are considered unmarried for this purpose if any of the following applies.

- You were legally separated according to your state law under a decree of divorce or separate maintenance at the end of 2019. But if, at the end of 2019, your divorce wasn’t final (an interlocutory decree), you are considered married.

- You are married but lived apart from your spouse for the last 6 months of 2019 and you meet the other rules under *Married persons who live apart*.

- You are married to a nonresident alien at any time during the year and the

alien spouse elects to be treated as a resident alien.

Check the “Head of household” box only if you are unmarried (or considered unmarried) and either *Test 1* or *Test 2* applies.

Test 1. You paid over half the cost of keeping up a home that was the main home for all of 2019 of your parent whom you can claim as a dependent, except under a multiple support agreement (see *Who Qualifies as Your Dependent*, later). Your parent didn’t have to live with you.

Test 2. You paid over half the cost of keeping up a home in which you lived and in which one of the following also lived for more than half of the year (if half or less, see *Exception to time lived with you*).

1. Any person whom you can claim as a dependent. But don’t include:

- a. Your child whom you claim as your dependent because of the rule for *Children of divorced or separated parents* under *Who Qualifies as Your Dependent*, later,

- b. Any person who is your dependent only because he or she lived with you for all of 2019, or

- c. Any person you claimed as a dependent under a multiple support agreement. See *Who Qualifies as Your Dependent*, later.

2. Your unmarried qualifying child who isn’t your dependent.


3. Your married qualifying child who isn’t your dependent only because you can be claimed as a dependent on someone else’s 2019 return.

4. Your qualifying child who, even though you are the custodial parent, isn’t your dependent because of the rule for *Children of divorced or separated parents* under *Who Qualifies as Your Dependent*, later.

If the child isn’t claimed as your dependent, enter the child’s name in the entry space below the filing status checkboxes. If you don’t enter the name, it will take us longer to process your return.

Qualifying child. To find out if someone is your qualifying child, see Step 1 under *Who Qualifies as Your Dependent*, later.

Dependent. To find out if someone is your dependent, see *Who Qualifies as Your Dependent*, later.

 *The dependents you claim are those you list by name and SSN in the Dependents section on Form 1040 or 1040-SR.*

Exception to time lived with you. Temporary absences by you or the other person for special circumstances, such as school, vacation, business, medical care, military service, or detention in a juvenile facility, count as time lived in the home. Also see *Kidnapped child*, later, under *Who Qualifies as Your Dependent*, if applicable.

If the person for whom you kept up a home was born or died in 2019, you still may be able to file as head of household. If the person is your qualifying child, the child must have lived with you for more than half the part of the year he or she was alive. If the person is anyone else, see Pub. 501.

Keeping up a home. To find out what is included in the cost of keeping up a home, see Pub. 501.

Married persons who live apart. Even if you weren’t divorced or legally separated at the end of 2019, you are considered unmarried if all of the following apply.

- You lived apart from your spouse for the last 6 months of 2019. Temporary absences for special circumstances, such as for business, medical care, school, or military service, count as time lived in the home.

- You file a separate return from your spouse.

- You paid over half the cost of keeping up your home for 2019.

- Your home was the main home of your child, stepchild, or foster child for more than half of 2019 (if half or less, see *Exception to time lived with you*, earlier).

- You can claim this child as your dependent or could claim the child except that the child’s other parent can claim him or her under the rule for *Children of divorced or separated parents* under *Who Qualifies as Your Dependent*, later.

Adopted child. An adopted child is always treated as your own child. An

adopted child includes a child lawfully placed with you for legal adoption.

Foster child. A foster child is any child placed with you by an authorized placement agency or by judgment, decree, or other order of any court of competent jurisdiction.

Qualifying Widow(er)

You can check the “Qualifying widow(er)” box at the top of Form 1040 or 1040-SR and use joint return tax rates for 2019 if all of the following apply.

1. Your spouse died in 2017 or 2018 and you didn't remarry before the end of 2019.
2. You have a child or stepchild (not a foster child) whom you can claim as a dependent or could claim as a dependent except that, for 2019:
 - a. The child had gross income of \$4,200 or more,
 - b. The child filed a joint return, or
 - c. You could be claimed as a dependent on someone else's return.

If the child isn't claimed as your dependent, enter the child's name in the entry space below the filing status checkboxes. If you don't enter the name, it will take us longer to process your return.

3. This child lived in your home for all of 2019. If the child didn't live with you for the required time, see *Exception to time lived with you*, later.
4. You paid over half the cost of keeping up your home.
5. You could have filed a joint return with your spouse the year he or she died, even if you didn't actually do so.

If your spouse died in 2019, you can't file as qualifying widow(er). Instead, see the instructions for *Married Filing Jointly*, earlier.

Adopted child. An adopted child is always treated as your own child. An adopted child includes a child lawfully placed with you for legal adoption.

Dependent. To find out if someone is your dependent, see *Who Qualifies as Your Dependent*, later.



TIP *The dependents you claim are those you list by name and SSN in the Dependents section on Form 1040 or 1040-SR.*

Exception to time lived with you. Temporary absences by you or the child for special circumstances, such as school, vacation, business, medical care, military service, or detention in a juvenile facility, count as time lived in the home. Also see *Kidnapped child*, later, under *Who Qualifies as Your Dependent*, if applicable.

A child is considered to have lived with you for all of 2019 if the child was born or died in 2019 and your home was the child's home for the entire time he or she was alive.

Keeping up a home. To find out what is included in the cost of keeping up a home, see Pub. 501.

Name and Address

Print or type the information in the spaces provided. If you are married filing a separate return, enter your spouse's name in the entry space below the filing status checkboxes instead of below your name.



TIP *If you filed a joint return for 2018 and you are filing a joint return for 2019 with the same spouse, be sure to enter your names and SSNs in the same order as on your 2018 return.*

Name Change

If you changed your name because of marriage, divorce, etc., be sure to report the change to the Social Security Administration (SSA) before filing your return. This prevents delays in processing your return and issuing refunds. It also safeguards your future social security benefits.

Address Change

If you plan to move after filing your return, use Form 8822 to notify the IRS of your new address.

P.O. Box

Enter your box number only if your post office doesn't deliver mail to your home.

Foreign Address

If you have a foreign address, enter the city name on the appropriate line. Don't enter any other information on that line, but also complete the spaces below that line. Don't abbreviate the country name. Follow the country's practice for entering the postal code and the name of the province, county, or state.

Death of a Taxpayer

See *Death of a Taxpayer* under *General Information*, later.

Social Security Number (SSN)

An incorrect or missing SSN can increase your tax, reduce your refund, or delay your refund. To apply for an SSN, fill in Form SS-5 and return it, along with the appropriate evidence documents, to the Social Security Administration (SSA). You can get Form SS-5 online at SSA.gov, from your local SSA office, or by calling the SSA at 800-772-1213. It usually takes about 2 weeks to get an SSN once the SSA has all the evidence and information it needs.

Check that both the name and SSN on your Forms 1040 or 1040-SR, W-2, and 1099 agree with your social security card. If they don't, certain deductions and credits on Form 1040 or 1040-SR may be reduced or disallowed and you may not receive credit for your social security earnings. If your Form W-2 shows an incorrect SSN or name, notify your employer or the form-issuing agent as soon as possible to make sure your earnings are credited to your social security record. If the name or SSN on your social security card is incorrect, call the SSA.

IRS Individual Taxpayer Identification Numbers (ITINs) for Aliens

If you are a nonresident or resident alien and you don't have and aren't eligible to get an SSN, you must apply for an ITIN. It takes about 7 weeks to get an ITIN.

If you already have an ITIN, enter it wherever your SSN is requested on your tax return.

Some ITINs must be renewed. If you haven't used your ITIN on a federal tax return at least once in the last 3 years, or if your ITIN has the middle digits 83, 84, 85, 86, or 87, (9NN-83-NNNN), it expired at the end of 2019 and must be renewed if you need to file a federal tax return in 2020. You don't need to renew your ITIN if you don't need to file a federal tax return. You can find more information at [IRS.gov/ITIN](https://www.irs.gov/ITIN).

TIP *ITINs with middle digits 70 through 82 have expired and also must be renewed if you need to file a tax return in 2020 and haven't already renewed the ITIN.*

An ITIN is for tax use only. It doesn't entitle you to social security benefits or change your employment or immigration status under U.S. law.

For more information on ITINs, including application, expiration, and renewal, see Form W-7 and its instructions.

If you receive an SSN after previously using an ITIN, stop using your ITIN. Use your SSN instead. Visit a local IRS office or write a letter to the IRS explaining that you now have an SSN and want all your tax records combined under your SSN. Details about what to include with the letter and where to mail it are at [IRS.gov/ITIN](https://www.irs.gov/ITIN).

Nonresident Alien Spouse

If your spouse is a nonresident alien, he or she must have either an SSN or an ITIN if:

- You file a joint return, or
- Your spouse is filing a separate return.

Standard Deduction

TIP *If you are filing Form 1040-SR, you can find a Standard Deduction Chart on page 1 of that form that can calculate the amount of your standard deduction in most situations.*

Single and Married Filing Jointly

If you or your spouse (if you are married and filing a joint return) can be claimed as a dependent on someone else's return, check the appropriate box in the *Standard Deduction* section.

If you were a dual-status alien, check the "Spouse itemizes on a separate return or you were a dual-status alien" box. If you were a dual-status alien and you file a joint return with your spouse who was a U.S. citizen or resident alien at the end of 2019 and you and your spouse agree to be taxed on your combined worldwide income, don't check the box.

Age/Blindness

If you or your spouse (if you are married and filing a joint return) were born before January 2, 1955, or were blind at the end of 2019, check the appropriate boxes on the line labeled "Age/Blindness."

Don't check any boxes for your spouse if your filing status is head of household.

Death of spouse in 2019. If your spouse was born before January 2, 1955, but died in 2019 before reaching age 65, don't check the box that says "Spouse was born before January 2, 1955."

A person is considered to reach age 65 on the day before his or her 65th birthday.

Example. Your spouse was born on February 14, 1954, and died on February 13, 2019. Your spouse is considered age 65 at the time of death. Check the appropriate box for your spouse. However, if your spouse died on February 12, 2019, your spouse isn't considered age 65. Don't check the box.

Death of taxpayer in 2019. If you are preparing a return for someone who died in 2019, see Pub. 501 before completing the standard deduction information.

Blindness

If you weren't totally blind as of December 31, 2019, you must get a statement certified by your eye doctor (ophthalmologist or optometrist) that:

- You can't see better than 20/200 in your better eye with glasses or contact lenses, or
- Your field of vision is 20 degrees or less.

If your eye condition isn't likely to improve beyond the conditions listed above, you can get a statement certified by your eye doctor (ophthalmologist or optometrist) to this effect instead.

You must keep the statement for your records.

Married Filing Separately

If your filing status is married filing separately and your spouse itemizes deductions on his or her return, check the "Spouse itemizes on a separate return or you were a dual-status alien" box.

If your filing status is married filing separately and your spouse was born before January 2, 1955, or was blind at the end of 2019, you can check the appropriate box(es) on the line labeled "Age/Blindness" if your spouse had no income, isn't filing a return, and can't be claimed as a dependent on another person's return.

Presidential Election Campaign Fund

This fund helps pay for Presidential election campaigns. The fund reduces candidates' dependence on large contributions from individuals and groups and places candidates on an equal financial footing in the general election. The fund also helps pay for pediatric medical research. If you want \$3 to go to this fund, check the box. If you are filing a joint return, your spouse also can have \$3 go to the fund. If you check a box, your tax or refund won't change.

Who Qualifies as Your Dependent

Dependents, Qualifying Child for Child Tax Credit, and Credit for Other Dependents

Follow the steps below to find out if a person qualifies as your dependent and to find out if your dependent qualifies you to take the child tax credit or the credit for other dependents. If you have more than four dependents, check the box on the right side of page 1 of Form 1040 or 1040-SR (just above the *Dependents* section) and include a statement showing the information required in columns (1) through (4).



The dependents you claim are those you list by name and SSN in the Dependents section on Form 1040 or 1040-SR.

Before you begin. See the definition of *Social security number*, later. If you want to claim the child tax credit or the credit for other dependents, you (and your spouse if filing jointly) must have an SSN or ITIN issued on or before the due date of your 2019 return (including extensions). If an ITIN is applied for on or before the due date of a 2019 return (including extensions) and the IRS issues an ITIN as result of the application, the IRS will consider the ITIN as issued on or before the due date of the return.

Step 1 Do You Have a Qualifying Child?

A qualifying child is a child who is your...

Son, daughter, stepchild, foster child, brother, sister, stepbrother, stepsister, half brother, half sister, or a descendant of any of them (for example, your grandchild, niece, or nephew)

AND

was ...

Under age 19 at the end of 2019 and younger than you
(or your spouse, if filing jointly)

or

Under age 24 at the end of 2019, a student (defined later), and younger than you
(or your spouse, if filing jointly)

or

Any age and permanently and totally disabled (defined later)

AND

Who didn't provide over half of his or her own support for 2019 (see Pub. 501)

AND

Who isn't filing a joint return for 2019
or is filing a joint return for 2019 only to claim a refund of withheld income tax or
estimated tax paid (see Pub. 501 for details and examples)

AND

Who lived with you for more than half of 2019. If the child didn't live with you
for the required time, see *Exception to time lived with you*, later.



If the child meets the conditions to be a qualifying child of any other person (other than your spouse if filing jointly) for 2019, see Qualifying child of more than one person, later.

1. Do you have a child who meets the conditions to be your qualifying child?
 Yes. Go to Step 2. **No.** Go to Step 4.

Step 2 Is Your Qualifying Child Your Dependent?

1. Was the child a U.S. citizen, U.S. national, U.S. resident alien, or a resident of Canada or Mexico? (See Pub. 519 for

the definition of a U.S. national or U.S. resident alien. If the child was adopted, see *Exception to citizen test*, later.)

Yes. Continue →

No. 


You can't claim this child as a dependent.

2. Was the child married?

Yes. See *Married person*, later.

No. Continue →

3. Could you, or your spouse if filing jointly, be claimed as a dependent on someone else's 2019 tax return? See Steps 1, 2, and 4.

Yes.  You can't claim any dependents. Complete the rest of Form 1040 or 1040-SR and any applicable schedules.

No. You can claim this child as a dependent. Complete columns (1) through (3) of the *Dependents* section for this child. Then, go to Step 3.

Step 3 Does Your Qualifying Child Qualify You for the Child Tax Credit or Credit for Other Dependents?

1. Did the child have an SSN, ITIN, or adoption taxpayer identification number (ATIN) issued on or before the due date of your return (including extensions)? (Answer "Yes" if you are applying for an ITIN or ATIN for the child on or before the due date of your return (including extensions).)

Yes. Continue →

No. 

You can't claim the child tax credit or the credit for other dependents for this child.

2. Was the child a U.S. citizen, U.S. national, or U.S. resident alien? (See Pub. 519 for the definition of a U.S. national or U.S. resident alien. If the child was adopted, see *Exception to citizen test*, later.)

Yes. Continue →

No. 

You can't claim the child tax credit or the credit for other dependents for this child.

3. Was the child under age 17 at the end of 2019?

Yes. Continue →

No. You can claim the credit for other dependents for this child. Check the "credit for other dependents" box in column (4) of the *Dependents* section for this person.

4. Did this child have an SSN valid for employment issued before the due date of your 2019 return (including extensions)? (See *Social Security Number*, later.)

Yes. You can claim the child tax credit for this person. Check the "child tax credit" box in column (4) of the *Dependents* section for this person.

No. 

You can claim the credit for other dependents for this child. Check the "credit for other dependents" box in column (4) of the *Dependents* section for this person.

Step 4 Is Your Qualifying Relative Your Dependent?

A qualifying relative is a person who is your...

Son, daughter, stepchild, foster child, or a descendant of any of them (for example, your grandchild)

or

Brother, sister, half brother, half sister, or a son or daughter of any of them (for example, your niece or nephew)

or

Father, mother, or an ancestor or sibling of either of them (for example, your grandmother, grandfather, aunt, or uncle)

or

Stepbrother, stepsister, stepfather, stepmother, son-in-law, daughter-in-law, father-in-law, mother-in-law, brother-in-law, or sister-in-law

or

Any other person (other than your spouse) who lived with you all year as a member of your household if your relationship didn't violate local law. If the person didn't live with you for the required time, see *Exception to time lived with you*, later.

AND

Who wasn't a qualifying child (see Step 1) of any taxpayer for 2019. For this purpose, a person isn't a taxpayer if he or she isn't required to file a U.S. income tax return **and** either doesn't file such a return or files only to get a refund of withheld income tax or estimated tax paid. See Pub. 501 for details and examples.

AND

Who had gross income of less than \$4,200 in 2019. If the person was permanently and totally disabled, see *Exception to gross income test*, later.

AND

For whom you provided over half of his or her support in 2019. But see *Children of divorced or separated parents*, *Multiple support agreements*, and *Kidnapped child*, later.

1. Does any person meet the conditions to be your qualifying relative?

Yes. Continue →

No. 

2. Was your qualifying relative a U.S. citizen, U.S. national, U.S. resident alien, or a resident of Canada or Mexico? (See Pub. 519 for the definition of a U.S. national or U.S. resident alien. If your qualifying relative was adopted, see *Exception to citizen test*, later.)

Yes. Continue →

No. 

You can't claim this person as a dependent.

3. Was your qualifying relative married?

Yes. See *Married person*, later.

No. Continue →

4. Could you, or your spouse if filing jointly, be claimed as a dependent on someone else's 2019 tax return? See Steps 1, 2, and 4.

Yes. 

You can't claim any dependents. Complete the rest of Form 1040 or 1040-SR and any applicable schedules.

No. You can claim this person as a dependent. Complete columns (1) through (3) of the *Dependents* section. Then go to Step 5.

Step 5 Does Your Qualifying Relative Qualify You for the Credit for Other Dependents?

1. Did your qualifying relative have an SSN, ITIN, or ATIN issued on or before the due date of your 2019 return (including extensions)? (Answer "Yes" if you are applying for an ITIN or ATIN for the qualifying relative on or before the return due date (including extensions).)

Yes. Continue →

No. 

You can't claim the credit for other dependents for this qualifying relative.

2. Was your qualifying relative a U.S. citizen, U.S. national, or U.S. resident alien? (See Pub. 519 for the definition of a U.S. national or a U.S. resident alien. If your qualifying relative was adopted, see *Exception to citizenship test*, later.)

Yes. You can claim the credit for other dependents for this dependent. Check the "credit for other dependents" box in column (4) of the *Dependents* section for this person.

No. 

You can't claim the credit for other dependents for this qualifying relative.

Definitions and Special Rules

Adopted child. An adopted child is always treated as your own child. An adopted child includes a child lawfully placed with you for legal adoption.

Adoption taxpayer identification numbers (ATINs). If you have a dependent who was placed with you for legal adoption and you don't know his or her SSN, you must get an ATIN for the dependent from the IRS. See Form W-7A for details. If the dependent isn't a U.S. citizen or resident alien, apply for an ITIN instead, using Form W-7.

Children of divorced or separated parents. A child will be treated as the qualifying child or qualifying relative of his or her noncustodial parent (defined later) if all of the following conditions apply.

1. The parents are divorced, legally separated, separated under a written separation agreement, or lived apart at all times during the last 6 months of 2019 (whether or not they are or were married).

2. The child received over half of his or her support for 2019 from the parents (and the rules on *Multiple support agreements*, later, don't apply). Support of a child received from a parent's spouse is treated as provided by the parent.

3. The child is in custody of one or both of the parents for more than half of 2019.

4. Either of the following applies.

a. The custodial parent signs Form 8332 or a substantially similar statement that he or she won't claim the child as a dependent for 2019, and the noncustodial parent includes a copy of the form or statement with his or her return. If the divorce decree or separation agreement went into effect after 1984 and before 2009, the noncustodial parent may be able to include certain pages from the decree or agreement instead of Form 8332. See *Post-1984 and pre-2009 decree or agreement* and *Post-2008 decree or agreement*.

b. A pre-1985 decree of divorce or separate maintenance or written separation agreement between the parents provides that the noncustodial parent can claim the child as a dependent, and the noncustodial parent provides at least \$600 for support of the child during 2019.

If conditions (1) through (4) apply, only the noncustodial parent can claim the child for purposes of the child tax credits and credit for other dependents (lines 13a and 18b). However, this doesn't allow the noncustodial parent to claim head of household filing status, the credit for child and dependent care expenses, the exclusion for dependent care benefits, the earned income credit, or the health coverage tax credit. The custodial parent or another taxpayer, if eligible, can claim the child for the earned income credit and these other benefits. See Pub. 501 for details.

Custodial and noncustodial parents. The custodial parent is the parent with whom the child lived for the greater number of nights in 2019. The noncustodial parent is the other parent. If the child was with each parent for an equal number of nights,

the custodial parent is the parent with the higher adjusted gross income. See Pub. 501 for an exception for a parent who works at night, rules for a child who is emancipated under state law, and other details.

Post-1984 and pre-2009 decree or agreement. The decree or agreement must state all three of the following.

1. The noncustodial parent can claim the child as a dependent without regard to any condition, such as payment of support.
2. The other parent won't claim the child as a dependent.
3. The years for which the claim is released.

The noncustodial parent must include all of the following pages from the decree or agreement.

- Cover page (include the other parent's SSN on that page).
- The pages that include all the information identified in (1) through (3) above.
- Signature page with the other parent's signature and date of agreement.



You must include the required information even if you filed it with your return in an earlier year.

Post-2008 decree or agreement. If the divorce decree or separation agreement went into effect after 2008, the noncustodial parent can't include pages from the decree or agreement instead of Form 8332. The custodial parent must sign either Form 8332 or a substantially similar statement the only purpose of which is to release the custodial parent's claim to certain tax benefits for a child, and the noncustodial parent must include a copy with his or her return. The form or statement must release the custodial parent's claim to the child without any conditions. For example, the release must not depend on the noncustodial parent paying support.

Release of certain tax benefits revoked. A custodial parent who has revoked his or her previous release of a claim to certain tax benefits for a child must include a copy of the revocation with his or her return. For details, see Form 8332.

Exception to citizen test. If you are a U.S. citizen or U.S. national and your adopted child lived with you all year as a member of your household, that child meets the requirement to be a U.S. citizen in Step 2, question 1; Step 3, question 2; Step 4, question 2; and Step 5, question 2.

Exception to gross income test. If your relative (including a person who lived with you all year as a member of your household) is permanently and totally disabled (defined later), certain income for services performed at a sheltered workshop may be excluded for this test. For details, see Pub. 501.

Exception to time lived with you. Temporary absences by you or the other person for special circumstances, such as school, vacation, business, medical care, military service, or detention in a juvenile facility, count as time the person lived with you. Also see *Children of divorced or separated parents*, earlier, or *Kidnapped child*, later.

If the person meets all other requirements to be your qualifying child but was born or died in 2019, the person is considered to have lived with you for more than half of 2019 if your home

was this person's home for more than half the time he or she was alive in 2019.

Any other person is considered to have lived with you for all of 2019 if the person was born or died in 2019 and your home was this person's home for the entire time he or she was alive in 2019.

Foster child. A foster child is any child placed with you by an authorized placement agency or by judgment, decree, or other order of any court of competent jurisdiction.

Kidnapped child. If your child is presumed by law enforcement authorities to have been kidnapped by someone who isn't a family member, you may be able to take the child into account in determining your eligibility for head of household or qualifying widow(er) filing status, the child tax credit, the credit for other dependents, and the earned income credit (EIC). For details, see Pub. 501 (Pub. 596 for the EIC).

Married person. If the person is married and files a joint return, you can't claim that person as your dependent. However, if the person is married but doesn't file a joint return or files a joint return only to claim a refund of withheld income tax or estimated tax paid, you may be able to claim him or her as a dependent. (See Pub. 501 for details and examples.) In that case, go to Step 2, question 3 (for a qualifying child), or Step 4, question 4 (for a qualifying relative).

Multiple support agreements. If no one person contributed over half of the support of your relative (or a person who lived with you all year as a member of your household) but you and another person(s) provided more than half of your relative's support, special rules may apply that would treat you as having provided over half of the support. For details, see Pub. 501.

Permanently and totally disabled. A person is permanently and totally disabled if, at any time in 2019, the person can't engage in any substantial gainful activity because of a physical or mental condition and a doctor has determined that this condition has lasted or can be expected to last continuously for at least a year or can be expected to lead to death.

Public assistance payments. If you received payments under the Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF) program or other public assistance program and you used the money to support another person, see Pub. 501.

Qualifying child of more than one person. Even if a child meets the conditions to be the qualifying child of more than one person, only one person can claim the child as a qualifying child for all of the following tax benefits, unless the special rule for *Children of divorced or separated parents*, described earlier, applies.

1. Child tax credit and credit for other dependents (line 13a) and additional child tax credit (line 18b).
2. Head of household filing status.
3. Credit for child and dependent care expenses (Schedule 3, line 2).
4. Exclusion for dependent care benefits (Form 2441, Part III).
5. Earned income credit (line 18a).

No other person can take any of the five tax benefits just listed based on the qualifying child. If you and any other person can claim the child as a qualifying child, the following rules apply.

- If only one of the persons is the child's parent, the child is treated as the qualifying child of the parent.
- If the parents file a joint return together and can claim the child as a qualifying child, the child is treated as the qualifying child of the parents.
- If the parents don't file a joint return together but both parents claim the child as a qualifying child, the IRS will treat the child as the qualifying child of the parent with whom the child lived for the longer period of time in 2019. If the child lived with each parent for the same amount of time, the IRS will treat the child as the qualifying child of the parent who had the higher adjusted gross income (AGI) for 2019.
- If no parent can claim the child as a qualifying child, the child is treated as the qualifying child of the person who had the highest AGI for 2019.
- If a parent can claim the child as a qualifying child but no parent does so claim the child, the child is treated as the qualifying child of the person who had the highest AGI for 2019, but only if that person's AGI is higher than the highest AGI of any parent of the child who can claim the child.

Example. Your daughter meets the conditions to be a qualifying child for both you and your mother. Your daughter doesn't meet the conditions to be a qualifying child of any other person, including her other parent. Under the rules just described, you can claim your daughter as a qualifying child for all of the five tax benefits just listed for which you otherwise qualify. Your mother can't claim any of those five tax benefits based on your daughter. However, if your mother's AGI is higher than yours and you do not claim your daughter as a qualifying child, your daughter is the qualifying child of your mother.

For more details and examples, see Pub. 501.

If you will be claiming the child as a qualifying child, go to Step 2. Otherwise, stop; you can't claim any benefits based on this child.

Social security number. You must enter each dependent's social security number (SSN). Be sure the name and SSN entered agree with the dependent's social security card. Otherwise, at the time we process your return, we may reduce or disallow any

Income

Generally, you must report all income except income that is exempt from tax by law. For details, see the following instructions and the Schedule 1 instructions, especially the instructions for lines 1 through 6 and Schedule 1, lines 1 through 8. Also see Pub. 525.

Foreign-Source Income

You must report unearned income, such as interest, dividends, and pensions, from sources outside the United States

unless exempt by law or a tax treaty. You also must report earned income, such as wages and tips, from sources outside the United States.

If you worked abroad, you may be able to exclude part or all of your foreign earned income. For details, see Pub. 54 and Form 2555.

Foreign retirement plans. If you were a beneficiary of a foreign retirement plan, you may have to report the undistributed income earned in your plan. However, if you were the beneficiary of a Canadian registered retirement plan, see Rev. Proc. 2014-55, 2014-44 I.R.B.

tax benefits (such as the child tax credit) based on that dependent. If the name or SSN on the dependent's social security card isn't correct or you need to get an SSN for your dependent, contact the Social Security Administration. See *Social Security Number (SSN)*, earlier. If your dependent won't have a number by the date your return is due, see *What if You Can't File on Time?* earlier.

For the child tax credit, your child must have the required SSN. The required SSN is one that is valid for employment and that is issued by the Social Security Administration before the due date of your 2019 return (including extensions). If your child was a U.S. citizen when the child received the SSN, the SSN is valid for employment. If "Not Valid for Employment" is printed on your child's social security card and your child's immigration status has changed so that your child is now a U.S. citizen or permanent resident, ask the SSA for a new social security card without the legend. However, if "Valid for Work Only With DHS Authorization" is printed on your child's social security card, your child has the required SSN only as long as the DHS authorization is valid.

If your dependent child was born and died in 2019 and you do not have an SSN for the child, enter "Died" in column (2) of the *Dependents* section and include a copy of the child's birth certificate, death certificate, or hospital records. The document must show the child was born alive.

If you, or your spouse if filing jointly, didn't have an SSN (or ITIN) issued on or before the due date of your 2019 return (including extensions), you can't claim the child tax credit or the credit for other dependents on your original or an amended 2019 return.

If you apply for an ITIN on or before the due date of your 2019 return (including extensions) and the IRS issues you an ITIN as a result of the application, the IRS will consider your ITIN as issued on or before the due date of your return.

Student. A student is a child who during any part of 5 calendar months of 2019 was enrolled as a full-time student at a school or took a full-time, on-farm training course given by a school or a state, county, or local government agency. A school includes a technical, trade, or mechanical school. It doesn't include an on-the-job training course, correspondence school, or school offering courses only through the Internet.

753, available at [IRS.gov/irb/2014-44_IRB#RP2014-55](https://www.irs.gov/irb/2014-44_IRB#RP2014-55), to find out if you can elect to defer tax on the undistributed income.

Report distributions from foreign pension plans on lines 4c and 4d.

Foreign accounts and trusts. You must complete Part III of Schedule B if you:

- Had a foreign account, or
- Received a distribution from, or were a grantor of, or a transferor to, a foreign trust.

Foreign financial assets. If you had foreign financial assets in 2019, you may have to file Form 8938. See Form 8938 and its instructions.

Chapter 11 Bankruptcy Cases

If you are a debtor in a chapter 11 bankruptcy case, income taxable to the bankruptcy estate and reported on the estate's income tax return includes:

- Earnings from services you performed after the beginning of the case (both wages and self-employment income), and
- Income from property described in section 541 of title 11 of the U.S. Code that you either owned when the case began or that you acquired after the case began and before the case was closed, dismissed, or converted to a case under a different chapter.

Because this income is taxable to the estate, don't include this income on your own individual income tax return. The only exception is for purposes of figuring your self-employment tax. For that purpose, you must take into account all your self-employment income for the year from services performed both before and after the beginning of the case. Also, you (or the trustee, if one is appointed) must allocate between you and the bankruptcy estate the wages, salary, or other compensation and withheld income tax reported to you on Form W-2. A similar allocation is required for income and withheld income tax reported to you on Forms 1099. You also must include a statement that indicates you filed a chapter 11 case and that explains how income and withheld income tax reported to you on Forms W-2 and 1099 are allocated between you and the estate. For more details, including acceptable allocation methods, see Notice 2006-83, 2006-40 I.R.B. 596, available at [IRS.gov/irb/2006-40_IRB#NOT-2006-83](https://www.irs.gov/irb/2006-40_IRB#NOT-2006-83).

Community Property States

Community property states include Arizona, California, Idaho, Louisiana, Nevada, New Mexico, Texas, Washington, and Wisconsin. If you and your spouse lived in a community property state, you usually must follow state law to determine what is community income and

what is separate income. For details, see Form 8958 and Pub. 555.


Nevada, Washington, and California domestic partners. A registered domestic partner in Nevada, Washington, or California generally must report half the combined community income of the individual and his or her domestic partner. See Form 8958 and Pub. 555.

Rounding Off to Whole Dollars

You can round off cents to whole dollars on your return and schedules. If you do round to whole dollars, you must round all amounts. To round, drop amounts under 50 cents and increase amounts from 50 to 99 cents to the next dollar. For example, \$1.39 becomes \$1 and \$2.50 becomes \$3.

If you have to add two or more amounts to figure the amount to enter on a line, include cents when adding the amounts and round off only the total.

If you are entering amounts that include cents, make sure to include the decimal point. There is no cents column on the form.

 *The lines on Forms 1040 and 1040-SR are the same. References to lines in the following instructions refer to the line on either form.*

Line 1

Wages, Salaries, Tips, etc.

Enter the total of your wages, salaries, tips, etc. If a joint return, also include your spouse's income. For most people, the amount to enter on this line should be shown in box 1 of their Form(s) W-2. But the following types of income also must be included in the total on line 1.

- All wages received as a household employee. An employer isn't required to provide a Form W-2 to you if he or she paid you wages of less than \$2,100 in 2019. If you received wages as a household employee and you didn't receive a Form W-2 because an employer paid you less than \$2,100 in 2019, enter "HSH" and the amount not reported to you on a Form W-2 in the space to the left of line 1. For information on employment taxes for household employees, see [Tax Topic 756](#).

- Any Medicaid waiver payments you received that you choose to include in earned income for purposes of claiming a credit or other tax benefit, even if you didn't receive a Form W-2 reporting these payments. See the instructions for Schedule 1, line 8.

- Tip income you didn't report to your employer. This should include any allocated tips shown in box 8 on your Form(s) W-2 unless you can prove that your unreported tips are less than the amount in box 8. Allocated tips aren't included as income in box 1. See Pub. 531 for more details. Also include the value of any noncash tips you received, such as tickets, passes, or other items of value. Although you don't report these non-cash tips to your employer, you must report them on line 1.



You may owe social security and Medicare or railroad retirement (RRTA) tax on unreported tips. See the instructions for Schedule 2, line 5.

- Dependent care benefits, which should be shown in box 10 of your Form(s) W-2. But first complete Form 2441 to see if you can exclude part or all of the benefits.

- Employer-provided adoption benefits, which should be shown in box 12 of your Form(s) W-2 with code T. But see the Instructions for Form 8839 to find out if you can exclude part or all of the benefits. You may also be able to exclude amounts if you adopted a child with special needs and the adoption became final in 2019.

- Scholarship and fellowship grants not reported on Form W-2. Also, enter "SCH" and the amount on the dotted line next to line 1. However, if you were a degree candidate, include on line 1 only the amounts you used for expenses other than tuition and course-related expenses. For example, amounts used for room, board, and travel must be reported on line 1.

- Excess elective deferrals. The amount deferred should be shown in box 12 of your Form W-2, and the "Retirement plan" box in box 13 should be checked. If the total amount you (or your spouse if filing jointly) deferred for 2019 under all plans was more than \$19,000 (excluding catch-up contributions as explained later), include the ex-

cess on line 1. This limit is (a) \$13,000 if you have only SIMPLE plans, or (b) \$22,000 for section 403(b) plans if you qualify for the 15-year rule in Pub. 571. Although designated Roth contributions are subject to this limit, don't include the excess attributable to such contributions on line 1. They already are included as income in box 1 of your Form W-2.

A higher limit may apply to participants in section 457(b) deferred compensation plans for the 3 years before retirement age. Contact your plan administrator for more information.

If you were age 50 or older at the end of 2019, your employer may have allowed an additional deferral (catch-up contributions) of up to \$6,000 (\$3,000 for section 401(k)(11) and SIMPLE plans). This additional deferral amount isn't subject to the overall limit on elective deferrals.



You can't deduct the amount deferred. It isn't included as income in box 1 of your Form W-2.

- Disability pensions shown on Form 1099-R if you haven't reached the minimum retirement age set by your employer. But see *Insurance Premiums for Retired Public Safety Officers* in the instructions for lines 4c and 4d. Disability pensions received after you reach minimum retirement age and other payments shown on Form 1099-R (other than payments from an IRA*) are reported on lines 4c and 4d. Payments from an IRA are reported on lines 4a and 4b.

- Corrective distributions from a retirement plan shown on Form 1099-R of excess elective deferrals and excess contributions (plus earnings). But don't include distributions from an IRA* on line 1. Instead, report distributions from an IRA on lines 4a and 4b.

- Wages from Form 8919, line 6.

**This includes a Roth, SEP, or SIMPLE IRA.*

Were You a Statutory Employee?

If you were, the "Statutory employee" box in box 13 of your Form W-2 should be checked. Statutory employees include full-time life insurance salespeople and certain agent or commission drivers,

traveling salespeople, and homeworkers. If you have related business expenses to deduct, report the amount shown in box 1 of your Form W-2 on Schedule C along with your expenses.

Missing or Incorrect Form W-2?

Your employer is required to provide or send Form W-2 to you no later than January 31, 2020. If you don't receive it by early February, use [Tax Topic 154](#) to find out what to do. Even if you don't get a Form W-2, you still must report your earnings on line 1. If you lose your Form W-2 or it is incorrect, ask your employer for a new one.

Line 2a

Tax-Exempt Interest

If you received any tax-exempt interest (including any tax-exempt original issue discount (OID)), such as from municipal bonds, each payer should send you a Form 1099-INT or a Form 1099-OID. In general, your tax-exempt stated interest should be shown in box 8 of Form 1099-INT or, for a tax-exempt OID bond, in box 2 of Form 1099-OID and your tax-exempt OID should be shown in box 11 of Form 1099-OID. Enter the total on line 2a. However, if you acquired a tax-exempt bond at a premium, only report the net amount of tax-exempt interest on line 2a (that is, the excess of the tax-exempt interest received during the year over the amortized bond premium for the year). Also, if you acquired a tax-exempt OID bond at an acquisition premium, only report the net amount of tax-exempt OID on line 2a (that is, the excess of tax-exempt OID for the year over the amortized acquisition premium for the year). See Pub. 550 for more information about OID, bond premium, and acquisition premium.

Also include on line 2a any exempt-interest dividends from a mutual fund or other regulated investment company. This amount should be shown in box 11 of Form 1099-DIV.

Don't include interest earned on your IRA, health savings account, Archer or Medicare Advantage MSA, or Coverdell education savings account.

Line 2b

Taxable Interest

Each payer should send you a Form 1099-INT or Form 1099-OID. Enter your total taxable interest income on line 2b. But you must fill in and attach Schedule B if the total is over \$1,500 or any of the other conditions listed at the beginning of the Schedule B instructions applies to you.

For more details about reporting taxable interest, including market discount on bonds and adjustments for amortizable bond premium or acquisition premium, see Pub. 550.

Interest credited in 2019 on deposits that you couldn't withdraw because of the bankruptcy or insolvency of the financial institution may not have to be included in your 2019 income. For details, see Pub. 550.



If you get a 2019 Form 1099-INT for U.S. savings bond interest that includes amounts you reported before 2019, see Pub. 550.

Line 3a

Qualified Dividends

Enter your total qualified dividends on line 3a. Qualified dividends also are included in the ordinary dividend total required to be shown on line 3b. Qualified dividends are eligible for a lower tax rate than other ordinary income. Generally, these dividends are shown in box 1b of Form(s) 1099-DIV. See Pub. 550 for the definition of qualified dividends if you received dividends not reported on Form 1099-DIV.

Exception. Some dividends may be reported as qualified dividends in box 1b of Form 1099-DIV but aren't qualified dividends. These include:

- Dividends you received as a nominee. See the Schedule B instructions.
- Dividends you received on any share of stock that you held for less than 61 days during the 121-day period that began 60 days before the ex-dividend date. The ex-dividend date is the first date following the declaration of a dividend on which the purchaser of a stock isn't entitled to receive the next dividend payment. When counting the number of

days you held the stock, include the day you disposed of the stock but not the day you acquired it. See the examples that follow. Also, when counting the number of days you held the stock, you can't count certain days during which your risk of loss was diminished. See Pub. 550 for more details.

- Dividends attributable to periods totaling more than 366 days that you received on any share of preferred stock held for less than 91 days during the 181-day period that began 90 days before the ex-dividend date. When counting the number of days you held the stock, you can't count certain days during which your risk of loss was diminished. See Pub. 550 for more details. Preferred dividends attributable to periods totaling less than 367 days are subject to the 61-day holding period rule just described.

- Dividends on any share of stock to the extent that you are under an obligation (including a short sale) to make related payments with respect to positions in substantially similar or related property.

- Payments in lieu of dividends, but only if you know or have reason to know that the payments aren't qualified dividends.

- Dividends from a corporation which first became a surrogate foreign corporation after December 22, 2017, other than a foreign corporation which is treated as a domestic corporation under section 7874(b).

Example 1. You bought 5,000 shares of XYZ Corp. common stock on July 8, 2019. XYZ Corp. paid a cash dividend of 10 cents per share. The ex-dividend date was July 16, 2019. Your Form 1099-DIV from XYZ Corp. shows \$500 in box 1a (ordinary dividends) and in box 1b (qualified dividends). However, you sold the 5,000 shares on August 11, 2019. You held your shares of XYZ Corp. for only 34 days of the 121-day period (from July 9, 2019, through August 11, 2019). The 121-day period began on May 17, 2019 (60 days before the ex-dividend date), and ended on September 14, 2019. You have no qualified dividends from XYZ Corp. because you held the XYZ stock for less than 61 days.

Example 2. The facts are the same as in *Example 1* except that you bought the stock on July 15, 2019 (the day before the ex-dividend date), and you sold the stock on September 16, 2019. You held the stock for 63 days (from July 16, 2019, through September 16, 2019). The \$500 of qualified dividends shown in box 1b of Form 1099-DIV are all qualified dividends because you held the stock for 61 days of the 121-day period (from July 16, 2019, through September 14, 2019).

Example 3. You bought 10,000 shares of ABC Mutual Fund common stock on July 8, 2019. ABC Mutual Fund paid a cash dividend of 10 cents a share. The ex-dividend date was July 16, 2019. The ABC Mutual Fund advises you that the part of the dividend eligible to be treated as qualified dividends equals 2 cents a share. Your Form 1099-DIV from ABC Mutual Fund shows total ordinary dividends of \$1,000 and qualified dividends of \$200. However, you sold the 10,000 shares on August 11, 2019. You have no qualified dividends from ABC Mutual Fund because you held the ABC Mutual Fund stock for less than 61 days.

TIP Use the *Qualified Dividends and Capital Gain Tax Worksheet* or the *Schedule D Tax Worksheet*, whichever applies, to figure your tax. See the instructions for line 12a for details.

Line 3b

Ordinary Dividends

Each payer should send you a Form 1099-DIV. Enter your total ordinary dividends on line 3b. This amount should be shown in box 1a of Form(s) 1099-DIV.

You must fill in and attach Schedule B if the total is over \$1,500 or you received, as a nominee, ordinary dividends that actually belong to someone else.

Nondividend Distributions

Some distributions are a return of your cost (or other basis). They won't be taxed until you recover your cost (or other basis). You must reduce your cost (or other basis) by these distributions.

After you get back all of your cost (or other basis), you must report these distributions as capital gains on Form 8949. For details, see Pub. 550.

TIP Dividends on insurance policies are a partial return of the premiums you paid. Don't report them as dividends. Include them in income on Schedule 1, line 8, only if they exceed the total of all net premiums you paid for the contract.

Lines 4a and 4b

IRA Distributions

TIP Special rules may apply if you received a distribution from your individual retirement arrangement (IRA) and your main home was in one of the federally declared disaster areas eligible for these special rules at any time during the incident period. Special rules may also apply if you received a distribution to buy or construct a main home in one of the federally declared disaster areas eligible for these special rules, but that home wasn't bought or constructed because of the disaster. See Pub. 590-B for details.

You should receive a Form 1099-R showing the total amount of any distribution from your IRA before income tax or other deductions were withheld. This amount should be shown in box 1 of Form 1099-R. Unless otherwise noted in the line 4a and 4b instructions, an IRA includes a traditional IRA, Roth IRA, simplified employee pension (SEP) IRA, and a savings incentive match plan for employees (SIMPLE) IRA. Except as provided next, leave line 4a blank and enter the total distribution (from Form 1099-R, box 1) on line 4b.

Exception 1. Enter the total distribution on line 4a if you rolled over part or all of the distribution from one:

- Roth IRA to another Roth IRA, or
- IRA (other than a Roth IRA) to a qualified plan or another IRA (other than a Roth IRA).

Also, enter "Rollover" next to line 4b. If the total distribution was rolled over, enter -0- on line 4b. If the total distribution wasn't rolled over, enter the part not rolled over on line 4b unless *Exception 2* applies to the part not rolled

over. Generally, a rollover must be made within 60 days after the day you received the distribution. For more details on rollovers, see Pub. 590-A and Pub. 590-B.

If you rolled over the distribution into a qualified plan or you made the rollover in 2020, include a statement explaining what you did.

Exception 2. If any of the following apply, enter the total distribution on line 4a and see Form 8606 and its instructions to figure the amount to enter on line 4b.

1. You received a distribution from an IRA (other than a Roth IRA) and you made nondeductible contributions to any of your traditional or SEP IRAs for 2019 or an earlier year. If you made nondeductible contributions to these IRAs for 2019, also see Pub. 590-A and Pub. 590-B.

2. You received a distribution from a Roth IRA. But if either (a) or (b) below applies, enter -0- on line 4b; you don't have to see Form 8606 or its instructions.

a. Distribution code T is shown in box 7 of Form 1099-R and you made a contribution (including a conversion) to a Roth IRA for 2014 or an earlier year.

b. Distribution code Q is shown in box 7 of Form 1099-R.

3. You converted part or all of a traditional, SEP, or SIMPLE IRA to a Roth IRA in 2019.

4. You had a 2018 or 2019 IRA contribution returned to you, with the related earnings or less any loss, by the due date (including extensions) of your tax return for that year.


5. You made excess contributions to your IRA for an earlier year and had them returned to you in 2019.

6. You recharacterized part or all of a contribution to a Roth IRA as a contribution to another type of IRA, or vice versa.

Exception 3. If all or part of the distribution is a qualified charitable distribution (QCD), enter the total distribution on line 4a. If the total amount distributed is a QCD, enter -0- on line 4b. If only part of the distribution is a QCD, enter the part that is not a QCD on line 4b unless *Exception 2* applies to that part. Enter "QCD" next to line 4b.


A QCD is a distribution made directly by the trustee of your IRA (other than an ongoing SEP or SIMPLE IRA) to an organization eligible to receive tax-deductible contributions (with certain exceptions). You must have been at least age 70½ when the distribution was made.

Generally, your total QCDs for the year can't be more than \$100,000. (On a joint return, your spouse also can have a QCD of up to \$100,000.) The amount of the QCD is limited to the amount that would otherwise be included in your income. If your IRA includes nondeductible contributions, the distribution is first considered to be paid out of otherwise taxable income. See Pub. 590-A for details.

 *You can't claim a charitable contribution deduction for any QCD not included in your income.*


Exception 4. If all or part of the distribution is a health savings account (HSA) funding distribution (HFD), enter the total distribution on line 4a. If the total amount distributed is an HFD and you elect to exclude it from income, enter -0- on line 4b. If only part of the distribution is an HFD and you elect to exclude that part from income, enter the part that isn't an HFD on line 4b unless *Exception 2* applies to that part. Enter "HFD" next to line 4b.

An HFD is a distribution made directly by the trustee of your IRA (other than an ongoing SEP or SIMPLE IRA) to your HSA. If eligible, you generally can elect to exclude an HFD from your income once in your lifetime. You can't exclude more than the limit on HSA contributions or more than the amount that would otherwise be included in your income. If your IRA includes nondeductible contributions, the HFD is first considered to be paid out of otherwise taxable income. See Pub. 969 for details.

 *The amount of an HFD reduces the amount you can contribute to your HSA for the year. If you fail to maintain eligibility for an HSA for the 12 months following the month of the HFD, you may have to report the HFD as income and pay an additional tax. See Form 8889, Part III.*

More than one exception applies. If more than one exception applies, include a statement showing the amount of each exception, instead of making an entry next to line 4b. For example: "Line 4b – \$1,000 Rollover and \$500 HFD." But you do not need to attach a statement if only *Exception 2* and one other exception apply.


More than one distribution. If you (or your spouse if filing jointly) received more than one distribution, figure the taxable amount of each distribution and enter the total of the taxable amounts on line 4b. Enter the total amount of those distributions on line 4a.

 *You may have to pay an additional tax if (a) you received an early distribution from your IRA and the total wasn't rolled over, or (b) you were born before July 1, 1948, and received less than the minimum required distribution from your traditional, SEP, and SIMPLE IRAs. See the instructions for Schedule 2, line 6, for details.*

More information. For more information about IRAs, see Pub. 590-A and Pub. 590-B.

Lines 4c and 4d

Pensions and Annuities

 *Special rules may apply if you received a distribution from a profit-sharing plan or retirement plan and your main home was in one of the federally declared disaster areas eligible for these special rules at any time during the incident period. Special rules may also apply if you received a distribution on certain dates to buy or construct a main home in one of the federally declared disaster areas eligible for these special rules, but that home wasn't bought or constructed because of the disaster. See Pub. 575 for details.*

You should receive a Form 1099-R showing the total amount of your pension and annuity payments before income tax or other deductions were withheld. This amount should be shown in box 1 of Form 1099-R. Pension and annuity payments include distributions from 401(k), 403(b), and governmental

457(b) plans. Rollovers and lump-sum distributions are explained later. Don't include the following payments on lines 4c and 4d. Instead, report them on line 1.

- Disability pensions received before you reach the minimum retirement age set by your employer.

- Corrective distributions (including any earnings) of excess elective deferrals or other excess contributions to retirement plans. The plan must advise you of the year(s) the distributions are includible in income.



Attach Form(s) 1099-R to Form 1040 or 1040-SR if any federal income tax was withheld.

Fully Taxable Pensions and Annuities

Your payments are fully taxable if (a) you didn't contribute to the cost (see *Cost*, later) of your pension or annuity, or (b) you got your entire cost back tax free before 2019. But see *Insurance Premiums for Retired Public Safety Officers*, later. If your pension or annuity is fully taxable, enter the total pension or annuity payments (from Form(s) 1099-R, box 1) on line 4d; don't make an entry on line 4c.

Fully taxable pensions and annuities also include military retirement pay shown on Form 1099-R. For details on military disability pensions, see Pub. 525. If you received a Form RRB-1099-R, see Pub. 575 to find out how to report your benefits.

Partially Taxable Pensions and Annuities

Enter the total pension or annuity payments (from Form 1099-R, box 1) on line 4c. If your Form 1099-R doesn't show the taxable amount, you must use the General Rule explained in Pub. 939 to figure the taxable part to enter on line 4d. But if your annuity starting date (defined later) was after July 1, 1986, see *Simplified Method*, later, to find out if you must use that method to figure the taxable part.

You can ask the IRS to figure the taxable part for you for a \$1,000 fee. For details, see Pub. 939.

If your Form 1099-R shows a taxable amount, you can report that amount on line 4d. But you may be able to report a lower taxable amount by using the General Rule or the Simplified Method or if the exclusion for retired public safety officers, discussed next, applies.

Insurance Premiums for Retired Public Safety Officers

If you are an eligible retired public safety officer (law enforcement officer, firefighter, chaplain, or member of a rescue squad or ambulance crew), you can elect to exclude from income distributions made from your eligible retirement plan that are used to pay the premiums for coverage by an accident or health plan or a long-term care insurance contract. You can do this only if you retired because of disability or because you reached normal retirement age. The premiums can be for coverage for you, your spouse, or dependents. The distribution must be from a plan maintained by the employer from which you retired as a public safety officer. Also, the distribution must be made directly from the plan to the provider of the accident or health plan or long-term care insurance contract. You can exclude from income the smaller of the amount of the premiums or \$3,000. You can make this election only for amounts that would otherwise be included in your income.

An eligible retirement plan is a governmental plan that is a qualified trust or a section 403(a), 403(b), or 457(b) plan.

If you make this election, reduce the otherwise taxable amount of your pension or annuity by the amount excluded. The amount shown in box 2a of Form 1099-R doesn't reflect the exclusion. Report your total distributions on line 4c and the taxable amount on line 4d. Enter "PSO" next to line 4d.

If you are retired on disability and reporting your disability pension on line 1, include only the taxable amount on that line and enter "PSO" and the amount excluded on the dotted line next to line 1.

Simplified Method

You must use the Simplified Method if either of the following applies.

1. Your annuity starting date was after July 1, 1986, and you used this method last year to figure the taxable part.

2. Your annuity starting date was after November 18, 1996, and both of the following apply.

- a. The payments are from a qualified employee plan, a qualified employee annuity, or a tax-sheltered annuity.

- b. On your annuity starting date, either you were under age 75 or the number of years of guaranteed payments was fewer than 5. See Pub. 575 for the definition of guaranteed payments.

If you must use the Simplified Method, complete the Simplified Method Worksheet in these instructions to figure the taxable part of your pension or annuity. For more details on the Simplified Method, see Pub. 575 (or Pub. 721 for U.S. Civil Service retirement benefits).



If you received U.S. Civil Service retirement benefits and you chose the alternative annuity option, see Pub. 721 to figure the taxable part of your annuity. Do not use the Simplified Method Worksheet in these instructions.

Annuity Starting Date

Your annuity starting date is the later of the first day of the first period for which you received a payment or the date the plan's obligations became fixed.

Age (or Combined Ages) at Annuity Starting Date

If you are the retiree, use your age on the annuity starting date. If you are the survivor of a retiree, use the retiree's age on his or her annuity starting date. But if your annuity starting date was after 1997 and the payments are for your life and that of your beneficiary, use your combined ages on the annuity starting date.

If you are the beneficiary of an employee who died, see Pub. 575. If there is more than one beneficiary, see Pub. 575 or Pub. 721 to figure each beneficiary's taxable amount.

Cost

Your cost is generally your net investment in the plan as of the annuity starting date. It doesn't include pre-tax con-



Before you begin: ✓ If you are the beneficiary of a deceased employee or former employee who died **before** August 21, 1996, include any death benefit exclusion that you are entitled to (up to \$5,000) in the amount entered on line 2 below.

More than one pension or annuity. If you had more than one partially taxable pension or annuity, figure the taxable part of each separately. Enter the total of the taxable parts on Form 1040 or 1040-SR, line 4d. Enter the total pension or annuity payments received in 2019 on Form 1040 or 1040-SR, line 4c.

1. Enter the total pension or annuity payments from Form 1099-R, box 1. Also, enter this amount on Form 1040 or 1040-SR, line 4c **1.** _____
2. Enter your cost in the plan at the annuity starting date **2.** _____
Note. If you completed this worksheet last year, skip line 3 and enter the amount from line 4 of last year’s worksheet on line 4 below (even if the amount of your pension or annuity has changed). Otherwise, go to line 3.
3. Enter the appropriate number from **Table 1** below. **But** if your annuity starting date was **after** 1997 **and** the payments are for your life and that of your beneficiary, enter the appropriate number from **Table 2** below **3.** _____
4. Divide line 2 by the number on line 3 **4.** _____
5. Multiply line 4 by the number of months for which this year’s payments were made. If your annuity starting date was **before** 1987, skip lines 6 and 7 and enter this amount on line 8. Otherwise, go to line 6 **5.** _____
6. Enter the amount, if any, recovered tax free in years after 1986. If you completed this worksheet last year, enter the amount from line 10 of last year’s worksheet **6.** _____
7. Subtract line 6 from line 2 **7.** _____
8. Enter the **smaller** of line 5 or line 7 **8.** _____
9. **Taxable amount.** Subtract line 8 from line 1. Enter the result, but not less than zero. Also, enter this amount on Form 1040 or 1040-SR, line 4d. If your Form 1099-R shows a larger amount, use the amount on this line instead of the amount from Form 1099-R. If you are a retired public safety officer, see *Insurance Premiums for Retired Public Safety Officers* before entering an amount on line 4d. **9.** _____
10. Was your annuity starting date before 1987?
 Yes. Do not complete the rest of this worksheet.
 No. Add lines 6 and 8. This is the **amount you have recovered tax free** through 2019. You will need this number if you need to fill out this worksheet next year **10.** _____
11. **Balance of cost to be recovered.** Subtract line 10 from line 2. If zero, you won’t have to complete this worksheet next year. The payments you receive next year will generally be fully taxable **11.** _____

Table 1 for Line 3 Above

IF the age at annuity starting date was . . .	AND your annuity starting date was—	
	before November 19, 1996, enter on line 3 . . .	after November 18, 1996, enter on line 3 . . .
55 or under	300	360
56–60	260	310
61–65	240	260
66–70	170	210
71 or older	120	160

Table 2 for Line 3 Above

IF the combined ages at annuity starting date were . . .	THEN enter on line 3 . . .
110 or under	410
111–120	360
121–130	310
131–140	260
141 or older	210

tributions. Your net investment may be shown in box 9b of Form 1099-R.

Rollovers

Generally, a rollover is a tax-free distribution of cash or other assets from one retirement plan that is contributed to another plan within 60 days of receiving the distribution. However, a rollover to a Roth IRA or a designated Roth account is generally not a tax-free distribution. Use lines 4c and 4d to report a rollover, including a direct rollover, from one qualified employer's plan to another or to an IRA or SEP.


Enter on line 4c the distribution from Form 1099-R, box 1. From this amount, subtract any contributions (usually shown in box 5) that were taxable to you when made. From that result, subtract the amount of the rollover. Enter the remaining amount on line 4d. If the remaining amount is zero and you have no other distribution to report on line 4d, enter -0- on line 4d. Also, enter "Rollover" next to line 4d.

See Pub. 575 for more details on rollovers, including special rules that apply to rollovers from designated Roth accounts, partial rollovers of property, and distributions under qualified domestic relations orders.

Lump-Sum Distributions

If you received a lump-sum distribution from a profit-sharing or retirement plan, your Form 1099-R should have the "Total distribution" box in box 2b checked. You may owe an additional tax if you received an early distribution from a qualified retirement plan and the total amount wasn't rolled over. For details, see the instructions for Schedule 2, line 6.

Enter the total distribution on line 4c and the taxable part on line 4d. For details, see Pub. 575.

 **TIP** *If you or the plan participant was born before January 2, 1936, you could pay less tax on the distribution. See Form 4972.*

Lines 5a and 5b

Social Security Benefits

You should receive a Form SSA-1099 showing in box 3 the total social security benefits paid to you. Box 4 will show the amount of any benefits you repaid in 2019. If you received railroad retirement benefits treated as social security, you should receive a Form RRB-1099.


Use the Social Security Benefits Worksheet in these instructions to see if any of your benefits are taxable.

Exception. Do not use the Social Security Benefits Worksheet in these instructions if any of the following applies.

- You made contributions to a traditional IRA for 2019 and you or your spouse were covered by a retirement plan at work or through self-employment. Instead, use the worksheets in Pub. 590-A to see if any of your social security benefits are taxable and to figure your IRA deduction.

- You repaid any benefits in 2019 and your total repayments (box 4) were more than your total benefits for 2019 (box 3). None of your benefits are taxable for 2019. Also, if your total repayments in 2019 exceed your total benefits received in 2019 by more than \$3,000, you may be able to take an itemized deduction or a credit for part of the excess repayments if they were for benefits you included in income in an earlier year. For more details, see Pub. 915.

- You file Form 2555, 4563, or 8815, or you exclude employer-provided adoption benefits or income from sources within Puerto Rico. Instead, use the worksheet in Pub. 915.

 **TIP** *Benefits for earlier year received in 2019? If any of your benefits are taxable for 2019 and they include a lump-sum benefit payment that was for an earlier year, you may be able to reduce the taxable amount. See Lump-Sum Election in Pub. 915 for details.*

Social security information. Social security beneficiaries can now get a variety of information from the SSA website with a *my Social Security* account, including getting a replacement Form SSA-1099 if needed. For more informa-

tion and to set up an account, go to [SSA.gov/myaccount](https://www.ssa.gov/myaccount).

Disability payments (including Social Security Disability Insurance (SSDI) payments) are generally not included in income if they are for injuries incurred as a direct result of a terrorist attack directed against the United States or its allies. If these payments are incorrectly reported as taxable on Form W-2 or Form 1099-R, contact the company or agency making the disability payments to get a corrected Form W-2 or Form 1099-R. If these payments are incorrectly reported as taxable on Form SSA-1099, don't include the nontaxable portion of income on your tax return. You may receive a notice from the IRS regarding the omitted payments. Follow the instructions in the notice to explain that the excluded payments aren't taxable. For more information about these payments, see Pub. 3920.

Form RRB-1099. If you need a replacement Form RRB-1099, call the Railroad Retirement Board at 877-772-5772 or go to www.rrb.gov.

Line 6

Capital Gain or (Loss)

If you sold a capital asset, such as a stock or bond, you must complete and attach Form 8949 and Schedule D.

Exception 1. You don't have to file Form 8949 or Schedule D if you aren't deferring any capital gain by investing in a qualified opportunity zone fund and both of the following apply.

1. You have no capital losses, and your only capital gains are capital gain distributions from Form(s) 1099-DIV, box 2a (or substitute statements); and

2. None of the Form(s) 1099-DIV (or substitute statements) have an amount in box 2b (unrecaptured section 1250 gain), box 2c (section 1202 gain), or box 2d (collectibles (28%) gain).

Exception 2. You must file Schedule D but generally don't have to file Form 8949 if *Exception 1* doesn't apply, you aren't deferring any capital gain by investing in a qualified opportunity zone fund or terminating deferral from an investment in a qualified opportunity zone, and your only capital gains and losses are:

Social Security Benefits Worksheet—Lines 5a and 5b

Keep for Your Records



Before you begin: ✓ Figure any write-in adjustments to be entered on the dotted line next to Schedule 1, line 22 (see the instructions for Schedule 1, line 22).
 ✓ If you are married filing separately and you lived apart from your spouse for all of 2019, enter “D” to the right of the word “benefits” on line 5a. If you don’t, you may get a math error notice from the IRS.
 ✓ Be sure you have read the **Exception** in the line 5a and 5b instructions to see if you can use this worksheet instead of a publication to find out if any of your benefits are taxable.

1. Enter the total amount from **box 5** of **all** your **Forms SSA-1099** and **RRB-1099**. Also, enter this amount on Form 1040 or 1040-SR, line 5a **1.**
2. Multiply line 1 by 50% (0.50) **2.**
3. Combine the amounts from Form 1040 or 1040-SR, lines 1, 2b, 3b, 4b, 4d, 6, and Schedule 1, line 9 **3.**
4. Enter the amount, if any, from Form 1040 or 1040-SR, line 2a **4.**
5. Combine lines 2, 3, and 4 **5.**
6. Enter the total of the amounts from Schedule 1, lines 10 through 19, plus any write-in adjustments you entered on the dotted line next to Schedule 1, line 22 **6.**
7. Is the amount on line 6 less than the amount on line 5?
 No. None of your social security benefits are taxable. Enter -0- on Form 1040 or 1040-SR, line 5b.
 Yes. Subtract line 6 from line 5 **7.**
8. If you are:
 - Married filing jointly, enter \$32,000
 - Single, head of household, qualifying widow(er), or married filing separately and you **lived apart** from your spouse for all of 2019, enter \$25,000
 - Married filing separately and you lived with your spouse at any time in 2019, skip lines 8 through 15; multiply line 7 by 85% (0.85) and enter the result on line 16. Then, go to line 17
 } **8.**
9. Is the amount on line 8 less than the amount on line 7?
 No. None of your social security benefits are taxable. Enter -0- on Form 1040 or 1040-SR, line 5b. If you are married filing separately and you **lived apart** from your spouse for all of 2019, be sure you entered “D” to the right of the word “benefits” on line 5a.
 Yes. Subtract line 8 from line 7 **9.**
10. Enter: \$12,000 if married filing jointly; \$9,000 if single, head of household, qualifying widow(er), or married filing separately and you **lived apart** from your spouse for all of 2019 **10.**
11. Subtract line 10 from line 9. If zero or less, enter -0- **11.**
12. Enter the **smaller** of line 9 or line 10 **12.**
13. Enter one-half of line 12 **13.**
14. Enter the **smaller** of line 2 or line 13 **14.**
15. Multiply line 11 by 85% (0.85). If line 11 is zero, enter -0- **15.**
16. Add lines 14 and 15 **16.**
17. Multiply line 1 by 85% (0.85) **17.**
18. **Taxable social security benefits.** Enter the **smaller** of line 16 or line 17. Also enter this amount on Form 1040 or 1040-SR, line 5b **18.**



If any of your benefits are taxable for 2019 and they include a lump-sum benefit payment that was for an earlier year, you may be able to reduce the taxable amount. See Lump-Sum Election in Pub. 915 for details.

- Capital gain distributions;
- A capital loss carryover from 2018;
- A gain from Form 2439 or 6252 or Part I of Form 4797;
- A gain or loss from Form 4684, 6781, or 8824;
- A gain or loss from a partnership, S corporation, estate, or trust; or
- Gains and losses from transactions for which you received a Form 1099-B (or substitute statement) that shows basis was reported to the IRS, the QOF box in box 3 isn't checked and for which you don't need to make any adjustments in column (g) of Form 8949 or enter any codes in column (f) of Form 8949.

If *Exception 1* applies, enter your total capital gain distributions (from box 2a of Form(s) 1099-DIV) on line 6 and check the box on that line. If you received capital gain distributions as a nominee (that is, they were paid to you but actually belong to someone else), report on line 6 only the amount that belongs to you. Include a statement showing the full amount you received and the amount you received as a nominee. See the Schedule B instructions for filing requirements for Forms 1099-DIV and 1096.

TIP *If you don't have to file Schedule D, use the Qualified Dividends and Capital Gain Tax Worksheet in the line 12a instructions to figure your tax.*

Total Income and Adjusted Gross Income

Line 7a

Report any additional income on Schedule 1, lines 1 through 8. Enter the amount from Schedule 1, line 9, on line 7a.

Line 7b

Total Income

Add the amounts from lines 1, 2b, 3b, 4b, 4d, 5b, 6, and 7a. This is your total income.

Line 8a

Report any adjustments to income on Schedule 1, lines 10 to 21. Enter the amount from Schedule 1, line 22, on line 8a.

Line 8b

Adjusted Gross Income

Subtract line 8a from line 7b and enter the amount on this line.

Tax and Credits

Line 9

Itemized Deductions or Standard Deduction

In most cases, your federal income tax will be less if you take the larger of your itemized deductions or standard deduction.

Itemized Deductions

To figure your itemized deductions, fill in Schedule A.

Standard Deduction

Most Form 1040 filers can find their standard deduction by looking at the amounts listed to the left of line 9. Most Form 1040-SR filers can find their standard deduction by using the chart at the bottom of page 1 of Form 1040-SR.

Exception 1—Dependent. If you checked the “Someone can claim you as a dependent” box, or if you’re filing jointly and you checked the “Someone can claim your spouse as a dependent” box, use the Standard Deduction Worksheet for Dependents to figure your standard deduction.

TIP *Someone claims you or your spouse as a dependent if they list your or your spouse's name and SSN in the Dependents section of their return.*

Exception 2—Born before January 2, 1955, or blind. If you checked any of the following boxes, figure your standard deduction using the Standard Deduction Chart for People Who Were Born Before January 2, 1955, or Were Blind

if you are filing Form 1040 or by using the chart on page 1 of Form 1040-SR.

- You were born before January 2, 1955.
- You are blind.
- Spouse was born before January 2, 1955.
- Spouse is blind.

Exception 3—Separate return or dual-status alien. If you checked the box labeled “Spouse itemizes on separate return or you were dual-status alien” on the Spouse standard deduction line, your standard deduction is zero, even if you were born before January 2, 1955, or were blind.

Exception 4—Increased standard deduction for net qualified disaster loss. If you had a net qualified disaster loss and you elect to increase your standard deduction by the amount of your net qualified disaster loss, use Schedule A to figure your standard deduction. Qualified disaster loss refers to losses arising from certain disasters occurring in 2016, 2017, 2018, or 2019. See the Instructions for Form 4684 and Schedule A, line 16, for more information.

Line 10

Qualified Business Income Deduction (Section 199A Deduction)

To figure your Qualified Business Income Deduction, use Form 8995 or Form 8995-A as applicable.

Use Form 8995 if:

- You have qualified business income, qualified REIT dividends, or qualified PTP income (loss),
- Your 2019 taxable income before the qualified business income deduction is less than or equal to \$160,700 (\$160,725 if married filing separately or \$321,400 if married filing jointly), and
- You aren't a patron in a specified agricultural or horticultural cooperative.

If you don't meet these requirements, use Form 8995-A, Qualified Business Income Deduction. See the instructions for Forms 8995 and 8995-A, for more information for figuring and reporting your qualified business income deduction.

Standard Deduction Worksheet for Dependents—Line 9

Keep for Your Records



Use this worksheet **only** if someone can claim you, or your spouse if filing jointly, as a dependent.

<p>1. Check if: <input type="checkbox"/> You were born before January 2, 1955 <input type="checkbox"/> You are blind <input type="checkbox"/> Spouse was born before January 2, 1955 <input type="checkbox"/> Spouse is blind</p>	}	Total number of boxes checked	1.	
<p>2. Is your earned income* more than \$750? <input type="checkbox"/> Yes. Add \$350 to your earned income. Enter the total <input type="checkbox"/> No. Enter \$1,100</p>	}	.....	2.	
<p>3. Enter the amount shown below for your filing status. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Single or married filing separately—\$12,200 • Married filing jointly—\$24,400 • Head of household—\$18,350 </p>	}	.....	3.	
4. Standard deduction.				
<p>a. Enter the smaller of line 2 or line 3. If born after January 1, 1955, and not blind, stop here and enter this amount on Form 1040 or 1040-SR, line 9. Otherwise, go to line 4b</p>			4a.	
<p>b. If born before January 2, 1955, or blind, multiply the number on line 1 by \$1,300 (\$1,650 if single or head of household)</p>			4b.	
<p>c. Add lines 4a and 4b. Enter the total here and on Form 1040 or 1040-SR, line 9</p>			4c.	

* **Earned income** includes wages, salaries, tips, professional fees, and other compensation received for personal services you performed. It also includes any taxable scholarship or fellowship grant. Generally, your earned income is the total of the amount(s) you reported on Form 1040 or 1040-SR, line 1, and Schedule 1, lines 3 and 6, minus the amount, if any, on Schedule 1, line 14.

Standard Deduction Chart for People Who Were Born Before January 2, 1955, or Were Blind		
<p>Don't use this chart if someone can claim you, or your spouse if filing jointly, as a dependent. Instead, use the worksheet above.</p> <p> <input type="checkbox"/> You were born before January 2, 1955 <input type="checkbox"/> You are blind <input type="checkbox"/> Spouse was born before January 2, 1955 <input type="checkbox"/> Spouse is blind </p>		
Enter the total number of boxes checked		<input style="width: 40px; height: 20px;" type="text"/>
IF your filing status is . . .	AND the number in the box above is . . .	THEN your standard deduction is . . .
Single	1	\$13,850
	2	15,500
Married filing jointly	1	\$25,700
	2	27,000
	3	28,300
	4	29,600
Qualifying widow(er)	1	\$25,700
	2	27,000
Married filing separately*	1	\$13,500
	2	14,800
	3	16,100
	4	17,400
Head of household	1	\$20,000
	2	21,650
<p><small>* You can check the boxes for spouse if your filing status is married filing separately and your spouse had no income, isn't filing a return, and can't be claimed as a dependent on another person's return.</small></p>		

Line 12a

Tax

Include in the total on the entry space on line 12a all of the following taxes that apply.

- Tax on your taxable income. Figure the tax using one of the methods described, later.
- Tax from Form(s) 8814 (relating to the election to report child's interest or dividends). Check the appropriate box.
- Tax from Form 4972 (relating to lump-sum distributions). Check the appropriate box.
- Tax due to making a section 962 election (the election made by a domestic shareholder of a controlled foreign corporation to be taxed at corporate rates). See section 962 for details. Check box 3 and enter the amount and "962" in the space next to that box. Attach a statement showing how you figured the tax.
- Recapture of an education credit. You may owe this tax if you claimed an education credit in an earlier year, and either tax-free educational assistance or a refund of qualified expenses was received in 2019 for the student. See Form 8863 for more details. Check box 3 and enter the amount and "ECR" in the space next to that box.
- Any tax from Form 8621, line 16e, relating to a section 1291 fund. Check box 3 and enter the amount of the tax and "1291TAX" in the space next to that box.
- Repayment of any excess advance payments of the health coverage tax credit from Form 8885. Check box 3 and enter the amount of the repayment and "HCTC" in the space next to that box.
- Tax from Form 8978, line 14 (relating to partner's audit liability under section 6226). Check box 3 and enter the amount of the liability and "Form 8978" in the space next to that box. If the amount on Form 8978, line 14, is negative, report it on Schedule 3 (Form 1040 or 1040-SR), line 6c.
- Net tax liability deferred under section 965(i). If you had a net 965 inclusion and made an election to defer your net 965 tax liability under section

965(i), check box 3 and enter (as a negative number) the amount of the deferred net 965 tax liability and "965" on the line next to that box.

- Triggering event under section 965(i). If you had a triggering event under section 965(i) during the year and did not enter into a transfer agreement, check box 3 and enter the amount of the triggered deferred net 965 tax liability and enter "965INC" on the line next to the box.

Do you want the IRS to figure the tax on your taxable income for you?

Yes. See chapter 28 of Pub. 17 for details, including who is eligible and what to do. If you have paid too much, we will send you a refund. If you didn't pay enough, we will send you a bill.

No. Use one of the following methods to figure your tax.

Tax Table or Tax Computation Worksheet. If your taxable income is less than \$100,000, you must use the Tax Table, later in these instructions, to figure your tax. Be sure you use the correct column. If your taxable income is \$100,000 or more, use the Tax Computation Worksheet right after the Tax Table.

However, don't use the Tax Table or Tax Computation Worksheet to figure your tax if any of the following applies.

Form 8615. Form 8615 generally must be used to figure the tax on your unearned income over \$2,200 if you are under age 18, and in certain situations if you are older.

You must file Form 8615 if you meet all of the following conditions.

1. You had more than \$2,200 of unearned income (such as taxable interest, ordinary dividends, or capital gains (including capital gain distributions)).
2. You are required to file a tax return.
3. You were either:
 - a. Under age 18 at the end of 2019,
 - b. Age 18 at the end of 2019 and didn't have earned income that was more than half of your support, or

c. A full-time student at least age 19 but under age 24 at the end of 2019 and didn't have earned income that was more than half of your support.

4. At least one of your parents was alive at the end of 2019.

5. You don't file a joint return in 2019.

A child born on January 1, 2002, is considered to be age 18 at the end of 2019; a child born on January 1, 2001, is considered to be age 19 at the end of 2019; and a child born on January 1, 1996, is considered to be age 24 at the end of 2019.

Schedule D Tax Worksheet. If you have to file Schedule D, and line 18 or 19 of Schedule D is more than zero, use the Schedule D Tax Worksheet in the Instructions for Schedule D to figure the amount to enter on Form 1040 or 1040-SR line 12a. But if you are filing Form 2555, you must use the Foreign Earned Income Tax Worksheet instead.

Qualified Dividends and Capital Gain Tax Worksheet. Use the Qualified Dividends and Capital Gain Tax Worksheet, later, to figure your tax if you don't have to use the Schedule D Tax Worksheet and if any of the following applies.

- You reported qualified dividends on Form 1040 or 1040-SR, line 3a.
- You don't have to file Schedule D and you reported capital gain distributions on Form 1040 or 1040-SR, line 6.
- You are filing Schedule D and Schedule D, lines 15 and 16, are both more than zero.

But if you are filing Form 2555, you must use the Foreign Earned Income Tax Worksheet instead.

Schedule J. If you had income from farming or fishing (including certain amounts received in connection with the Exxon Valdez litigation), your tax may be less if you choose to figure it using income averaging on Schedule J.

Foreign Earned Income Tax Worksheet. If you claimed the foreign earned income exclusion, housing exclusion, or housing deduction on Form 2555, you must figure your tax using the Foreign Earned Income Tax Worksheet.

Foreign Earned Income Tax Worksheet—Line 12a



If Form 1040 or 1040-SR, line 11b, is zero, don't complete this worksheet.

- | | | |
|--|-----|--|
| 1. Enter the amount from Form 1040 or 1040-SR, line 11b | 1. | |
| 2a. Enter the amount from your (and your spouse's, if filing jointly) Form 2555, lines 45 and 50 | 2a. | |
| b. Enter the total amount of any itemized deductions or exclusions you couldn't claim because they are related to excluded income | b. | |
| c. Subtract line 2b from line 2a. If zero or less, enter -0- | c. | |
| 3. Add lines 1 and 2c | 3. | |
| 4. Figure the tax on the amount on line 3. Use the Tax Table, Tax Computation Worksheet, Qualified Dividends and Capital Gain Tax Worksheet,* Schedule D Tax Worksheet,* or Form 8615, whichever applies. See the instructions for Form 1040 or 1040-SR, line 12a to see which tax computation method applies. (Don't use a second Foreign Earned Income Tax Worksheet to figure the tax on this line.) | 4. | |
| 5. Figure the tax on the amount on line 2c. If the amount on line 2c is less than \$100,000, use the Tax Table to figure this tax. If the amount on line 2c is \$100,000 or more, use the Tax Computation Worksheet | 5. | |
| 6. Subtract line 5 from line 4. Enter the result. If zero or less, enter -0-. Also include this amount on the entry space on Form 1040 or 1040-SR, line 12a | 6. | |

** Enter the amount from line 3 above on line 1 of the Qualified Dividends and Capital Gain Tax Worksheet or Schedule D Tax Worksheet if you use either of those worksheets to figure the tax on line 4 above. Complete the rest of that worksheet through line 6 (line 10 if you use the Schedule D Tax Worksheet). Next, you must determine if you have a capital gain excess. To find out if you have a capital gain excess, subtract Form 1040 or 1040-SR, line 11b, from line 6 of your Qualified Dividends and Capital Gain Tax Worksheet (line 10 of your Schedule D Tax Worksheet). If the result is more than zero, that amount is your capital gain excess.*

If you don't have a capital gain excess, complete the rest of either of those worksheets according to the worksheet's instructions. Then complete lines 5 and 6 above.

If you have a capital gain excess, complete a second Qualified Dividends and Capital Gain Tax Worksheet or Schedule D Tax Worksheet (whichever applies) as instructed above but in its entirety and with the following additional modifications. Then complete lines 5 and 6 above. These modifications are to be made only for purposes of filling out the Foreign Earned Income Tax Worksheet above.

- 1. Reduce (but not below zero) the amount you would otherwise enter on line 3 of your Qualified Dividends and Capital Gain Tax Worksheet or line 9 of your Schedule D Tax Worksheet by your capital gain excess.*
- 2. Reduce (but not below zero) the amount you would otherwise enter on line 2 of your Qualified Dividends and Capital Gain Tax Worksheet or line 6 of your Schedule D Tax Worksheet by any of your capital gain excess not used in (1) above.*
- 3. Reduce (but not below zero) the amount on your Schedule D (Form 1040 or 1040-SR), line 18, by your capital gain excess.*
- 4. Include your capital gain excess as a loss on line 16 of your Unrecaptured Section 1250 Gain Worksheet in the Instructions for Schedule D (Form 1040 or 1040-SR).*

Qualified Dividends and Capital Gain Tax Worksheet—Line 12a

Keep for Your Records



Before you begin: ✓ See the earlier instructions for line 12a to see if you can use this worksheet to figure your tax.
 ✓ Before completing this worksheet, complete Form 1040 or 1040-SR through line 11b.
 ✓ If you don't have to file Schedule D and you received capital gain distributions, be sure you checked the box on Form 1040 or 1040-SR, line 6.

1.	Enter the amount from Form 1040 or 1040-SR, line 11b. However, if you are filing Form 2555 (relating to foreign earned income), enter the amount from line 3 of the Foreign Earned Income Tax Worksheet	1.	<input type="text"/>
2.	Enter the amount from Form 1040 or 1040-SR, line 3a*	2.	<input type="text"/>
3.	Are you filing Schedule D?*		
	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes. Enter the smaller of line 15 or 16 of Schedule D. If either line 15 or 16 is blank or a loss, enter -0-.	} 3.	<input type="text"/>
	<input type="checkbox"/> No. Enter the amount from Form 1040 or 1040-SR, line 6.		<input type="text"/>
4.	Add lines 2 and 3	4.	<input type="text"/>
5.	If filing Form 4952 (used to figure investment interest expense deduction), enter any amount from line 4g of that form. Otherwise, enter -0-	5.	<input type="text"/>
6.	Subtract line 5 from line 4. If zero or less, enter -0-	6.	<input type="text"/>
7.	Subtract line 6 from line 1. If zero or less, enter -0-	7.	<input type="text"/>
8.	Enter: \$39,375 if single or married filing separately, \$78,750 if married filing jointly or qualifying widow(er), \$52,750 if head of household.	} 8.	<input type="text"/>
9.	Enter the smaller of line 1 or line 8		9.
10.	Enter the smaller of line 7 or line 9	10.	<input type="text"/>
11.	Subtract line 10 from line 9. This amount is taxed at 0%	11.	<input type="text"/>
12.	Enter the smaller of line 1 or line 6	12.	<input type="text"/>
13.	Enter the amount from line 11	13.	<input type="text"/>
14.	Subtract line 13 from line 12	14.	<input type="text"/>
15.	Enter: \$434,550 if single, \$244,425 if married filing separately, \$488,850 if married filing jointly or qualifying widow(er), \$461,700 if head of household.	} 15.	<input type="text"/>
16.	Enter the smaller of line 1 or line 15		16.
17.	Add lines 7 and 11	17.	<input type="text"/>
18.	Subtract line 17 from line 16. If zero or less, enter -0-	18.	<input type="text"/>
19.	Enter the smaller of line 14 or line 18	19.	<input type="text"/>
20.	Multiply line 19 by 15% (0.15)		20. <input type="text"/>
21.	Add lines 11 and 19		<input type="text"/>
22.	Subtract line 21 from line 12		<input type="text"/>
23.	Multiply line 22 by 20% (0.20)		23. <input type="text"/>
24.	Figure the tax on the amount on line 7. If the amount on line 7 is less than \$100,000, use the Tax Table to figure the tax. If the amount on line 7 is \$100,000 or more, use the Tax Computation Worksheet		24. <input type="text"/>
25.	Add lines 20, 23, and 24		25. <input type="text"/>
26.	Figure the tax on the amount on line 1. If the amount on line 1 is less than \$100,000, use the Tax Table to figure the tax. If the amount on line 1 is \$100,000 or more, use the Tax Computation Worksheet		26. <input type="text"/>
27.	Tax on all taxable income. Enter the smaller of line 25 or 26. Also include this amount on the entry space on Form 1040 or 1040-SR, line 12a. If you are filing Form 2555, don't enter this amount on the entry space on Form 1040 or 1040-SR, line 12a. Instead, enter it on line 4 of the Foreign Earned Income Tax Worksheet		27. <input type="text"/>

* If you are filing Form 2555, see the footnote in the Foreign Earned Income Tax Worksheet before completing this line.

Line 13a

Child Tax Credit and Credit for Other Dependents

Form 8862, who must file. You must file Form 8862 to claim the child tax credit or credit for other dependents if your child tax credit or additional child tax credit for a year after 2015 was denied or reduced for any reason other than a math or clerical error. Attach a completed Form 8862 to your 2019 return. Don't file Form 8862 if you filed Form 8862 for 2018 and the child tax

credit or additional child tax credit was allowed for that year. See Form 8862 and its instructions for details.



If you take the child tax credit or credit for other dependents even though you aren't eligible and it is determined that your error is due to reckless or intentional disregard of the rules for these credits, you won't be allowed to take either credit or the additional child tax credit for 2 years even if you're otherwise eligible to do so. If you take the child tax credit or credit for other dependents even though you aren't eligible and it is later deter-

mined that you fraudulently took either credit, you won't be allowed to take either credit or the additional child tax credit for 10 years. You may also have to pay penalties.



If your qualifying child didn't have an SSN valid for employment issued before the due date of your 2019 return (including extensions), you can't claim the child tax credit for that child on your original or amended return. However, you may be able to claim the credit for other dependents for that child.


2019 Child Tax Credit and Credit for Other Dependents Worksheet—Line 13a

Keep for Your Records 



1. To be a qualifying child for the child tax credit, the child must be your dependent, **under age 17** at the end of 2019, and meet all the conditions in Steps 1 through 3 under *Who Qualifies as Your Dependent*. Make sure you checked the “child tax credit” box in column (4) of the *Dependents* section on Form 1040 or 1040-SR for each qualifying child.
 2. If you don’t have a qualifying child, you can’t claim the child tax credit; but you may be able to claim the credit for other dependents for that child. See Step 3 under *Who Qualifies as Your Dependent*.
 3. To see if your qualifying relative qualifies you to take the credit for other dependents, see Step 5 under *Who Qualifies as Your Dependent*.
 4. Be sure to see *Social security number* under *Who Qualifies as Your Dependent*.
 5. Do **not** use this worksheet, but use Pub. 972 instead, if:
 - a. You are claiming the adoption credit, mortgage interest credit, District of Columbia first-time homebuyer credit, or residential energy efficient property credit*;
 - b. You are excluding income from Puerto Rico; or
 - c. You are filing Form 2555 or 4563.
- * If applicable.

Part 1

<p>1. Number of qualifying children under age 17 with the required social security number: _____ × \$2,000. Enter the result.</p>	1	
<p>2. Number of other dependents, including qualifying children without the required social security number: _____ × \$500. Enter the result.</p> <p>Caution. Don’t include yourself, your spouse, or anyone who is not a U.S. citizen, U.S. national, or U.S. resident alien. Also, don’t include anyone you included on line 1.</p>	2	
<p>3. Add lines 1 and 2.</p>	3	
<p>4. Enter the amount from Form 1040 or 1040-SR, line 8b.</p>	4	
<p>5. Enter the amount shown below for your filing status.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Married filing jointly — \$400,000 ● All other filing statuses — \$200,000 	5	
<p>6. Is the amount on line 4 more than the amount on line 5?</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> No. Leave line 6 blank. Enter -0- on line 7, and go to line 8.</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Yes. Subtract line 5 from line 4. If the result isn’t a multiple of \$1,000, increase it to the next multiple of \$1,000. For example, increase \$425 to \$1,000, increase \$1,025 to \$2,000, etc.</p>	6	
<p>7. Multiply the amount on line 6 by 5% (0.05). Enter the result.</p>	7	
<p>8. Is the amount on line 3 more than the amount on line 7?</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> No.  You can’t take the child tax credit on Form 1040 or 1040-SR, line 13a. You also can’t take the additional child tax credit on Form 1040 or 1040-SR, line 18b. Complete the rest of your Form 1040 or 1040-SR.</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Yes. Subtract line 7 from line 3. Enter the result. <i>Go to Part 2.</i></p>	8	

Before you begin Part 2: ✓ Figure the amount of any credits you are claiming on Schedule 3; Form 5695, Part II*; Form 8910; Form 8936; or Schedule R.


Part 2

9. Enter the amount from Form 1040 or 1040-SR, line 12b. 9

10. Add any amounts from:
- Schedule 3, line 1 _____
 - Schedule 3, line 2 + _____
 - Schedule 3, line 3 + _____
 - Schedule 3, line 4 + _____
 - Form 5695, line 30* + _____
 - Form 8910, line 15* + _____
 - Form 8936, line 23 + _____
 - Schedule R, line 22 + _____

Enter the total. 10

11. Are the amounts on lines 9 and 10 the same?

Yes.  You can't take this credit because there is no tax to reduce. However, you may be able to take the **additional child tax credit** if line 1 is more than zero. See the **TIP** below. 11

No. Subtract line 10 from line 9.

12. Is the amount on line 8 more than the amount on line 11?

Yes. Enter the amount from line 11. Also, you may be able to take the **additional child tax credit** if line 1 is more than zero. See the **TIP** below. 12

No. Enter the amount from line 8. Enter this amount on Form 1040 or 1040-SR, line 13a.

This is your child tax credit and credit for other dependents.



You may be able to take the **additional child tax credit** on Form 1040 or 1040-SR, line 18b, if you answered "Yes" on line 11 or line 12 above.

- First, complete your Form 1040 or 1040-SR through line 18a (also complete Schedule 3, line 11).
- Then, use Schedule 8812 to figure any additional child tax credit.



If your child tax credit or additional child tax credit for a year after 2015 was reduced or disallowed, see Form 8862, who must file to find out if you must file Form 8862 to take the credit for 2019.

* If applicable.

Payments

Line 17

Federal Income Tax Withheld

Add the amounts shown as federal income tax withheld on your Forms W-2, W-2G, and 1099-R. Enter the total on line 17. The amount withheld should be shown in box 2 of Form W-2 and in box 4 of Form W-2G or 1099-R. Attach

your Form(s) W-2 to your return. Attach Forms W-2G and 1099-R to the front of your return if federal income tax was withheld.

If you received a 2019 Form 1099 showing federal income tax withheld on dividends, taxable or tax-exempt interest income, unemployment compensation, social security benefits, railroad retirement benefits, or other income you received, include the amount withheld in the total on line 17. This should be shown in box 4 of Form 1099, box 6 of

Form SSA-1099, or box 10 of Form RRB-1099.

If you had Additional Medicare Tax withheld, include the amount shown on Form 8959, line 24, in the total on line 17. Attach Form 8959.

Include on line 17 any federal income tax withheld that is shown on a Schedule K-1.

Also include on line 17 any tax withheld that is shown on Form 1042-S, Form 8805, or Form 8288-A. You should attach the form to your return to claim a credit for the withholding.

Line 18a— Earned Income Credit (EIC)

What Is the EIC?

The EIC is a credit for certain people who work. The credit may give you a refund even if you don't owe any tax or didn't have any tax withheld.

TIP *You may be able to elect to use your 2018 earned income to figure your EIC if (a) your 2018 earned income is more than your 2019 earned income, and (b) your main home was located in one of the federally declared disaster areas eligible for this relief at any time during the incident period. For details, see Pub. 596.*

If you make the election to use your 2018 earned income to figure your EIC, enter "PYEI" and the amount of your 2018 earned income on the dotted line next to line 18a.

To Take the EIC:

- Follow the steps below.
- Complete the worksheet that applies to you or let the IRS figure the credit for you.
- If you have a qualifying child, complete and attach Schedule EIC.



For help in determining if you are eligible for the EIC, go to [IRS.gov/EITC](https://www.irs.gov/EITC) and click on "EITC Assistant." This service is available in English and Spanish.

CAUTION *If you take the EIC even though you aren't eligible and it is determined that your error is due to reckless or intentional disregard of the EIC rules, you won't be allowed to take the credit for 2 years even if you are otherwise eligible to do so. If you fraudulently take the EIC, you won't be allowed to take the credit for 10 years. See Form 8862, who must file, later. You also may have to pay penalties.*



TIP *Refunds for returns claiming the earned income credit can't be issued before mid-February 2020. This delay applies to the entire refund, not just the portion associated with the earned income credit.*

Step 1 All Filers



- If, in 2019:
 - 3 or more children lived with you, is the amount on Form 1040 or 1040-SR, line 8b, less than \$50,162 (\$55,952 if married filing jointly)?
 - 2 children lived with you, is the amount on Form 1040 or 1040-SR, line 8b, less than \$46,703 (\$52,493 if married filing jointly)?
 - 1 child lived with you, is the amount on Form 1040 or 1040-SR, line 8b, less than \$41,094 (\$46,884 if married filing jointly)?
 - No children lived with you, is the amount on Form 1040 or 1040-SR, line 8b, less than \$15,570 (\$21,370 if married filing jointly)?

Yes. Continue  **No.**  You can't take the credit.



- Do you, and your spouse if filing a joint return, have a social security number issued on or before the due date of your 2019 return (including extensions) that allows you to work and is valid for EIC purposes (explained later under *Definitions and Special Rules*)?

Yes. Continue  **No.**  You can't take the credit. Enter "No" on the dotted line next to line 18a.

- Is your filing status married filing separately?

Yes.  You can't take the credit. **No.** Continue 

- Are you filing Form 2555 (relating to foreign earned income)?

Yes.  You can't take the credit. **No.** Continue 

- Were you or your spouse a nonresident alien for any part of 2019?

Yes. See *Nonresident aliens*, later, under *Definitions and Special Rules.* **No.** Go to Step 2.

Step 2 Investment Income


- Add the amounts from Form 1040 or 1040-SR:


Line 2a			
Line 2b	+		
Line 3b	+		
Line 6*	+		

Investment Income =

*If line 6 is a loss, enter -0-.

- Is your investment income more than \$3,600?

Yes. Continue  **No.** Skip question 3; go to question 4.
- Are you filing Form 4797 (relating to sales of business property)?

Yes. See *Form 4797 filers*, later, under *Definitions and Special Rules.* **No.**  You can't take the credit.

4. Do any of the following apply for 2019?
- You are filing Schedule E.
 - You are reporting income from the rental of personal property not used in a trade or business.
 - You are filing Form 8814 (relating to election to report child's interest and dividends on your return).
 - You have income or loss from a passive activity.
- Yes.** Use Worksheet 1 **No.** Go to Step 3. in Pub. 596 to see if you can take the credit.

Step 3 Qualifying Child

A qualifying child for the EIC is a child who is your...

Son, daughter, stepchild, foster child, brother, sister, stepbrother, stepsister, half brother, half sister, or a descendant of any of them (for example, your grandchild, niece, or nephew)

AND

was ...

Under age 19 at the end of 2019 and younger than you (or your spouse, if filing jointly)

or

Under age 24 at the end of 2019, a student (defined later), and younger than you (or your spouse, if filing jointly)

or

Any age and permanently and totally disabled (defined later)

AND

Who isn't filing a joint return for 2019 or is filing a joint return for 2019 only to claim a refund of withheld income tax or estimated tax paid (see Pub. 596 for examples)

AND

Who lived with you in the United States for more than half of 2019.



You can't take the credit for a child who didn't live with you for more than half the year, even if you paid most of the child's living expenses. The IRS may ask you for documents to show you lived with each qualifying child. Documents you might want to keep for this purpose include school and child care records and other records that show your child's address.



If the child didn't live with you for more than half of 2019 because of a temporary absence, birth, death, or kidnapping, see Exception to time lived with you, later.



If the child meets the conditions to be a qualifying child of any other person (other than your spouse if filing a joint return) for 2019, see Qualifying child of more than one person, later. If the child was married, see Married child, later.

1. Are you claiming at least one child who meets the conditions to be your qualifying child and, unless the child was born and died in 2019, has a valid SSN as defined later?
- Yes.** Continue **No.** Skip questions 2 and 3; go to Step 4.

2. Are you filing a joint return for 2019?
- Yes.** Skip question 3 **No.** Continue and Step 4; go to Step 5.

3. Could you be a qualifying child of another person for 2019? (Check "No" if the other person isn't required to file, and isn't filing, a 2019 tax return or is filing a 2019 return only to claim a refund of withheld income tax or estimated tax paid (see Pub. 596 for examples).)
- Yes.** **No.** Skip Step 4; go to Step 5.
- You can't take the credit. Enter "No" on the dotted line next to line 18a.

Step 4 Filers Without a Qualifying Child

1. Is the amount on Form 1040 or 1040-SR, line 8b, less than \$15,570 (\$21,370 if married filing jointly)?
- Yes.** Continue **No.** You can't take the credit.
2. Were you, or your spouse if filing a joint return, at least age 25 but under age 65 at the end of 2019? (Check "Yes" if you, or your spouse if filing a joint return, were born after December 31, 1954, and before January 2, 1995.) If your spouse died in 2019 or if you are preparing a return for someone who died in 2019, see Pub. 596 before you answer.
- Yes.** Continue **No.** You can't take the credit.

3. Was your main home, and your spouse's if filing a joint return, in the United States for more than half of 2019? Members of the military stationed outside the United States, see *Members of the military*, later, before you answer.
- Yes.** Continue **No.** You can't take the credit. Enter "No" on the dotted line next to line 18a.

4. Are you filing a joint return for 2019?
- Yes.** Skip questions 5 and 6; go to Step 5. **No.** Continue

5. Could you be a qualifying child of another person for 2019? (Check "No" if the other person isn't required to file, and isn't filing, a 2019 tax return or is filing a 2019 return only

to claim a refund of withheld income tax or estimated tax paid (see Pub. 596 for examples).)

- Yes.**  **No.** Continue 

You can't take the credit. Enter "No" on the dotted line next to line 18a.

6. Can you be claimed as a dependent on someone else's 2019 tax return?

- Yes.**  **No.** Go to Step 5.

You can't take the credit.

Step 5 Earned Income

1. Are you filing Schedule SE because you were a member of the clergy or you had church employee income of \$108.28 or more?

- Yes.** See *Clergy or Church employees*, whichever applies. **No.** Complete the following worksheet.

1. Enter the amount from Form 1040 or 1040-SR, line 1 1. _____
2. Enter any amount included on Form 1040 or 1040-SR, line 1, that is a taxable scholarship or fellowship grant not reported on a Form W-2 2. _____
3. Enter any amount included on Form 1040 or 1040-SR, line 1, that you received for work performed while an inmate in a penal institution. (Enter "PRI" and the same amount on the dotted line next to Form 1040 or 1040-SR, line 1.) 3. _____
4. Enter any amount included on Form 1040 or 1040-SR, line 1, that you received as a pension or annuity from a nonqualified deferred compensation plan or a nongovernmental section 457 plan. (Enter "DFC" and the same amount on the dotted line next to Form 1040 or 1040-SR, line 1.) This amount may be shown in box 11 of Form W-2. If you received such an amount but box 11 is blank, contact your employer for the amount received 4. _____
5. Enter any amount included on Form 1040 or 1040-SR, line 1, that is a Medicaid waiver payment you exclude from income (see the instructions for Schedule 1, line 8), unless you choose to include this amount in earned income, in which case enter zero 5. _____
6. Add lines 2, 3, 4, and 5 6. _____

7. Subtract line 6 from line 1 7. _____
8. Enter all of your nontaxable combat pay if you elect to include it in earned income. Also, enter "NCP" and the amount of your nontaxable combat pay on the dotted line next to line 18a on Form 1040 or 1040-SR. See *Combat pay*, nontaxable, later 8. _____



Electing to include nontaxable combat pay may increase or decrease your EIC. Figure the credit with and without your nontaxable combat pay before making the election.

9. Add lines 7 and 8. **This is your earned income*** 9. _____

*You may be able to elect to use your 2018 earned income to figure your EIC if (a) your 2018 earned income was more than your 2019 earned income, and (b) your main home was in the one of the federally declared disaster areas eligible for this relief at any time during the incident period. For details, see Pub. 596. If you make this election, skip question 2 and go to question 3.




Electing to use your 2018 earned income may increase or decrease your EIC. Figure the credit using your 2019 earned income. Then, figure the credit using your 2018 earned income. Compare the amounts before making the election.




If you are using your 2018 earned income to figure your 2019 EIC and you elected to include nontaxable combat pay, be sure to use 2018 nontaxable combat pay and enter that amount on the dotted line next to line 18a.

2. Were you self-employed at any time in 2019, or are you filing Schedule SE because you were a member of the clergy or you had church employee income, or are you filing Schedule C as a statutory employee?

- Yes.** Skip question 3 and Step 6; go to Worksheet B. **No.** Continue 

3. If you have:
 - 3 or more qualifying children, is your earned income less than \$50,162 (\$55,952 if married filing jointly)?
 - 2 qualifying children, is your earned income less than \$46,703 (\$52,493 if married filing jointly)?
 - 1 qualifying child, is your earned income less than \$41,094 (\$46,884 if married filing jointly)?
 - No qualifying children, is your earned income less than \$15,570 (\$21,370 if married filing jointly)?

Yes. Go to Step 6. **No.** 

You can't take the credit.

Step 6 How To Figure the Credit

1. Do you want the IRS to figure the credit for you?

Yes. See *Credit figured by the IRS*, later. **No.** Go to Worksheet A.

Definitions and Special Rules

Adopted child. An adopted child is always treated as your own child. An adopted child includes a child lawfully placed with you for legal adoption.

Church employees. Determine how much of the amount on Form 1040 or 1040-SR, line 1, also was reported on Schedule SE, Section B, line 5a. Subtract that amount from the amount on Form 1040 or 1040-SR, line 1, and enter the result on line 1 of the worksheet in Step 5 (instead of entering the actual amount from Form 1040 or 1040-SR, line 1). Be sure to answer “Yes” to question 2 in Step 5.

Clergy. The following instructions apply to ministers, members of religious orders who have not taken a vow of poverty, and Christian Science practitioners. If you are filing Schedule SE and the amount on line 2 of that schedule includes an amount that also was reported on Form 1040 or 1040-SR, line 1 do the following.

1. Enter “Clergy” on the dotted line next to line 18a.
2. Determine how much of the amount on Form 1040 or 1040-SR, line 1, also was reported on Schedule SE, Section A, line 2, or Section B, line 2.
3. Subtract that amount from the amount on Form 1040 or 1040-SR, line 1. Enter the result on line 1 of the worksheet in Step 5 (instead of entering the actual amount from Form 1040 or 1040-SR, line 1).
4. Be sure to answer “Yes” to question 2 in Step 5.

Combat pay, nontaxable. If you were a member of the U.S. Armed Forces who served in a combat zone, certain pay is excluded from your income. See *Combat Zone Exclusion* in Pub. 3. You can elect to include this pay in your earned income when figuring the EIC. The amount of your nontaxable combat pay should be shown in box 12 of Form(s) W-2 with code Q. If you are filing a joint return and both you and your spouse received nontaxable combat pay, you can each make your own election. In other words, if one of you makes the election, the other one also can make it but doesn't have to.



If you are using your 2018 earned income to figure your 2019 EIC and you elected to include nontaxable combat pay, be sure to use 2018 nontaxable combat pay and enter that amount on the dotted line next to line 18a.



If you elect to use your nontaxable combat pay in figuring your EIC, enter “NCP” and the amount on the dotted line next to line 18a.

Credit figured by the IRS. To have the IRS figure your EIC:

1. Enter “EIC” on the dotted line next to line 18a.
2. Be sure you enter the nontaxable combat pay you elect to include in earned income by entering “NCP” and the amount on the dotted line next to line 18a. See *Combat pay, nontaxable*, earlier.
3. If you have a qualifying child, complete and attach Schedule EIC. If your EIC for a year after 1996 was reduced or disallowed, see *Form 8862, who must file*, later.

Exception to time lived with you. Temporary absences by you or the child for special circumstances, such as school, vacation, business, medical care, military service, or detention in a juvenile facility, count as time the child lived with you. Also see *Kidnapped child* under *Who Qualifies as Your Dependent*, earlier, and *Members of the military*, later. A child is considered to have lived with you for more than half of 2019 if the child was born or died in 2019 and your home was this child's home for more than half the time he or she was alive in 2019.

Form 4797 filers. If the amount on Form 1040 or 1040-SR, line 6, includes an amount from Form 4797, you must use Worksheet 1 in Pub. 596 to see if you can take the EIC. Otherwise, stop; you can't take the EIC.

Form 8862, who must file. You must file Form 8862 if your EIC for a year after 1996 was reduced or disallowed for any reason other than a math or clerical error. But don't file Form 8862 if either of the following applies.

- You filed Form 8862 for another year, the EIC was allowed for that year, and your EIC hasn't been reduced or disallowed again for any reason other than a math or clerical error.
- You are taking the EIC without a qualifying child and the only reason your EIC was reduced or disallowed in the other year was because it was determined that a child listed on Schedule EIC wasn't your qualifying child.

Also, don't file Form 8862 or take the credit for the:

- 2 years after the most recent tax year for which there was a final determination that your EIC claim was due to reckless or intentional disregard of the EIC rules, or
- 10 years after the most recent tax year for which there was a final determination that your EIC claim was due to fraud.

Foster child. A foster child is any child placed with you by an authorized placement agency or by judgment, decree, or other order of any court of competent jurisdiction. For more details on authorized placement agencies, see Pub. 596.

Married child. A child who was married at the end of 2019 is a qualifying child only if (a) you can claim him or her as your dependent, or (b) you could have claimed him or her as your dependent except for the special rule for *Children of divorced or separated parents* under *Who Qualifies as Your Dependent*, earlier.

Members of the military. If you were on extended active duty outside the United States, your main home is considered to be in the United States during that duty period. Extended active duty is military duty ordered for an indefinite period or for a period of more than 90 days. Once you begin serving extended active duty, you are considered to be on extended active duty even if you don't serve more than 90 days.

Nonresident aliens. If your filing status is married filing jointly, go to Step 2. Otherwise, stop; you can't take the EIC. Enter “No” on the dotted line next to line 18a.

Permanently and totally disabled. A person is permanently and totally disabled if, at any time in 2019, the person couldn't engage in any substantial gainful activity because of a physical

or mental condition and a doctor has determined that this condition (a) has lasted or can be expected to last continuously for at least a year, or (b) can be expected to lead to death.

Qualifying child of more than one person. Even if a child meets the conditions to be the qualifying child of more than one person, only one person can claim the child as a qualifying child for all of the following tax benefits, unless the special rule for *Children of divorced or separated parents* under *Who Qualifies as Your Dependent*, earlier, applies.

1. Child tax credit, credit for other dependents, and additional child tax credit (lines 13a and 18b).
2. Head of household filing status.
3. Credit for child and dependent care expenses (Schedule 3, line 2).
4. Exclusion for dependent care benefits (Form 2441, Part III).
5. Earned income credit (line 18a).

No other person can take any of the five tax benefits just listed based on the qualifying child. If you and any other person can claim the child as a qualifying child, the following rules apply.

- If only one of the persons is the child's parent, the child is treated as the qualifying child of the parent.
- If the parents file a joint return together and can claim the child as a qualifying child, the child is treated as the qualifying child of the parents.
- If the parents don't file a joint return together but both parents claim the child as a qualifying child, the IRS will treat the child as the qualifying child of the parent with whom the child lived for the longer period of time in 2019. If the child lived with each parent for the same amount of time, the IRS will treat the child as the qualifying child of the parent who had the higher adjusted gross income (AGI) for 2019.
- If no parent can claim the child as a qualifying child, the child is treated as the qualifying child of the person who had the highest AGI for 2019.
- If a parent can claim the child as a qualifying child but no parent does so claim the child, the child is treated as the qualifying child of the person who had the highest AGI for 2019, but only if that person's AGI is higher than the highest AGI of any parent of the child who can claim the child.

TIP *If, under these rules, you can't claim a child as a qualifying child for the EIC, you may be able to claim the EIC under the rules for a taxpayer without a qualifying child. For more information, see Pub. 596.*

Example. Your daughter meets the conditions to be a qualifying child for both you and your mother. Your daughter doesn't meet the conditions to be a qualifying child of any other person, including her other parent. Under the rules just described, you can claim your daughter as a qualifying child for all of the five

tax benefits listed here for which you otherwise qualify. Your mother can't claim any of the five tax benefits listed here based on your daughter. However, if your mother's AGI is higher than yours and you don't claim your daughter as a qualifying child, your daughter is the qualifying child of your mother.

For more details and examples, see Pub. 596.

If you won't be taking the EIC with a qualifying child, enter "No" on the dotted line next to line 18a. Otherwise, go to Step 3, question 1.

Social security number (SSN). For the EIC, a valid SSN is a number issued by the Social Security Administration unless "Not Valid for Employment" is printed on the social security card and the number was issued solely to allow the recipient of the SSN to apply for or receive a federally funded benefit. However, if "Valid for Work Only With DHS Authorization" is printed on your social security card, your SSN is valid for EIC purposes only as long as the DHS authorization is still valid.

To find out how to get an SSN, see *Social Security Number (SSN)* near the beginning of these instructions. If you won't have an SSN by the date your return is due, see *What if You Can't File on Time?*

If you didn't have an SSN issued on or before the due date of your 2019 return (including extensions), you can't claim the EIC on your original or an amended 2019 return. Also, if a child didn't have an SSN issued on or before the due date of your return (including extensions), you can't count that child as a qualifying child in figuring the EIC on your original or an amended 2019 return.

Student. A student is a child who during any part of 5 calendar months of 2019 was enrolled as a full-time student at a school or took a full-time, on-farm training course given by a school or a state, county, or local government agency. A school includes a technical, trade, or mechanical school. It doesn't include an on-the-job training course, correspondence school, or school offering courses only through the Internet.

Welfare benefits, effect of credit on. Any refund you receive as a result of taking the EIC can't be counted as income when determining if you or anyone else is eligible for benefits or assistance, or how much you or anyone else can receive, under any federal program or under any state or local program financed in whole or in part with federal funds. These programs include Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF), Medicaid, Supplemental Security Income (SSI), and Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (formerly food stamps). In addition, when determining eligibility, the refund can't be counted as a resource for at least 12 months after you receive it. Check with your local benefit coordinator to find out if your refund will affect your benefits.


Before you begin: ✓ Be sure you are using the correct worksheet. Use this worksheet only if you answered “No” to Step 5, question 2. Otherwise, use Worksheet B.

Part 1

All Filers Using Worksheet A

1. Enter your earned income from Step 5. 1

2. Look up the amount on line 1 above in the EIC Table (right after Worksheet B) to find the credit. Be sure you use the correct column for your filing status and the number of children you have. Enter the credit here. 2

If line 2 is zero,  You can't take the credit. Enter “No” on the dotted line next to Form 1040 or 1040-SR, line 18a.

3. Enter the amount from Form 1040 or 1040-SR, line 8b. 3

4. Are the amounts on lines 3 and 1 the same?
- Yes.** Skip line 5; enter the amount from line 2 on line 6.
- No.** Go to line 5.

Part 2

Filers Who Answered “No” on Line 4

5. If you have:
- No qualifying children, is the amount on line 3 less than \$8,650 (\$14,450 if married filing jointly)?
 - 1 or more qualifying children, is the amount on line 3 less than \$19,050 (\$24,850 if married filing jointly)?

- Yes.** Leave line 5 blank; enter the amount from line 2 on line 6.
- No.** Look up the amount on line 3 in the EIC Table to find the credit. Be sure you use the correct column for your filing status and the number of children you have. Enter the credit here. Look at the amounts on lines 5 and 2. Then, enter the **smaller** amount on line 6.

5

Part 3

Your Earned Income Credit

6. **This is your earned income credit.** 6

Enter this amount on Form 1040 or 1040-SR, line 18a.

Reminder—

✓ If you have a qualifying child, complete and attach Schedule EIC.



If your EIC for a year after 1996 was reduced or disallowed, see Form 8862, who must file, earlier, to find out if you must file Form 8862 to take the credit for 2019.

Use this worksheet if you answered “Yes” to Step 5, question 2.

- ✓ Complete the parts below (Parts 1 through 3) that apply to you. Then, continue to Part 4.
- ✓ If you are married filing a joint return, include your spouse’s amounts, if any, with yours to figure the amounts to enter in Parts 1 through 3.


<p>Part 1</p> <p>Self-Employed, Members of the Clergy, and People With Church Employee Income Filing Schedule SE</p>	<p>1a. Enter the amount from Schedule SE, Section A, line 3; or Section B, line 3, whichever applies.</p> <p>_____</p>	1a	
<p>b. Enter any amount from Schedule SE, Section B, line 4b and line 5a.</p> <p>_____</p>	+	1b	
<p>c. Combine lines 1a and 1b.</p> <p>_____</p>	=	1c	
<p>d. Enter the amount from Schedule SE, Section A, line 6; or Section B, line 13, whichever applies.</p> <p>_____</p>	-	1d	
<p>e. Subtract line 1d from line 1c.</p>	=	1e	

<p>Part 2</p> <p>Self-Employed NOT Required To File Schedule SE</p> <p><small>For example, your net earnings from self-employment were less than \$400.</small></p>	<p>2. Don’t include on these lines any statutory employee income, any net profit from services performed as a notary public, any amount exempt from self-employment tax as the result of the filing and approval of Form 4029 or Form 4361, or any other amounts exempt from self-employment tax.</p> <p>_____</p>		
<p>a. Enter any net farm profit or (loss) from Schedule F, line 34; and from farm partnerships, Schedule K-1 (Form 1065), box 14, code A*.</p> <p>_____</p>	+	2a	
<p>b. Enter any net profit or (loss) from Schedule C, line 31; and Schedule K-1 (Form 1065), box 14, code A (other than farming)*.</p> <p>_____</p>	+	2b	
<p>c. Combine lines 2a and 2b.</p>	=	2c	

**If you have any Schedule K-1 amounts, complete the appropriate line(s) of Schedule SE, Section A. Reduce the Schedule K-1 amounts as described in the Partner’s Instructions for Schedule K-1. Enter your name and social security number on Schedule SE and attach it to your return.*

<p>Part 3</p> <p>Statutory Employees Filing Schedule C</p>	<p>3. Enter the amount from Schedule C, line 1, that you are filing as a statutory employee.</p> <p>_____</p>	3	
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<p>Part 4</p> <p>All Filers Using Worksheet B</p> <p><small>Note. If line 4b includes income on which you should have paid self-employment tax but didn’t, we may reduce your credit by the amount of self-employment tax not paid.</small></p>	<p>4a. Enter your earned income from Step 5.</p> <p>_____</p>	4a	
<p>b. Combine lines 1e, 2c, 3, and 4a. This is your total earned income.</p> <p>_____</p>	=	4b	

If line 4b is zero or less,  You can’t take the credit. Enter “No” on the dotted line next to Form 1040 or 1040-SR, line 18a.

5. If you have:

- 3 or more qualifying children, is line 4b less than \$50,162 (\$55,952 if married filing jointly)?
- 2 qualifying children, is line 4b less than \$46,703 (\$52,493 if married filing jointly)?
- 1 qualifying child, is line 4b less than \$41,094 (\$46,884 if married filing jointly)?
- No qualifying children, is line 4b less than \$15,570 (\$21,370 if married filing jointly)?

Yes. If you want the IRS to figure your credit, see *Credit figured by the IRS*, earlier. If you want to figure the credit yourself, enter the amount from line 4b on line 6 of this worksheet.

No.  You can’t take the credit. Enter “No” on the dotted line next to Form 1040 or 1040-SR, line 18a.

Part 5


All Filers Using Worksheet B

6. Enter your total earned income from Part 4, line 4b.

6	
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7. Look up the amount on line 6 above in the EIC Table to find the credit. Be sure you use the correct column for your filing status and the number of children you have. Enter the credit here.

7	
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If line 7 is zero,  You can't take the credit. Enter "No" on the dotted line next to Form 1040 or 1040-SR, line 18a.

8. Enter the amount from Form 1040 or 1040-SR, line 8b.

8	
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9. Are the amounts on lines 8 and 6 the same?
 Yes. Skip line 10; enter the amount from line 7 on line 11.
 No. Go to line 10.

Part 6

Filers Who Answered "No" on Line 9

10. If you have:
 ● No qualifying children, is the amount on line 8 less than \$8,650 (\$14,450 if married filing jointly)?
 ● 1 or more qualifying children, is the amount on line 8 less than \$19,050 (\$24,850 if married filing jointly)?
 Yes. Leave line 10 blank; enter the amount from line 7 on line 11.
 No. Look up the amount on line 8 in the EIC Table to find the credit. Be sure you use the correct column for your filing status and the number of children you have. Enter the credit here.

10	
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Look at the amounts on lines 10 and 7. Then, enter the **smaller** amount on line 11.

Part 7

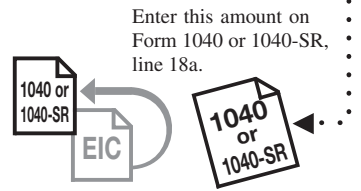
Your Earned Income Credit

11. **This is your earned income credit.**

11	
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Reminder—

✓ If you have a qualifying child, complete and attach Schedule EIC.



Enter this amount on Form 1040 or 1040-SR, line 18a.



If your EIC for a year after 1996 was reduced or disallowed, see Form 8862, who must file, earlier, to find out if you must file Form 8862 to take the credit for 2019.

2019 Earned Income Credit (EIC) Table

Caution. This is not a tax table.

1. To find your credit, read down the "At least - But less than" columns and find the line that includes the amount you were told to look up from your EIC Worksheet.

2. Then, go to the column that includes your filing status and the number of qualifying children you have. Enter the credit from that column on your EIC Worksheet.

Example. If your filing status is single, you have one qualifying child, and the amount you are looking up from your EIC Worksheet is \$2,455, you would enter \$842.

If the amount you are looking up from the worksheet is—		And your filing status is—			
		Single, head of household, or qualifying widow(er) and the number of children you have is—			
		0	1	2	3
At least	But less than	Your credit is—			
2,400	2,450	186	825	970	1,091
2,450	2,500	189	842	990	1,114

If the amount you are looking up from the worksheet is—		And your filing status is—							
		Single, head of household, or qualifying widow(er) and you have—				Married filing jointly and you have—			
		0	1	2	3	0	1	2	3
At least	But less than	Your credit is—				Your credit is—			
\$1	\$50	\$2	\$9	\$10	\$11	\$2	\$9	\$10	\$11
50	100	6	26	30	34	6	26	30	34
100	150	10	43	50	56	10	43	50	56
150	200	13	60	70	79	13	60	70	79
200	250	17	77	90	101	17	77	90	101
250	300	21	94	110	124	21	94	110	124
300	350	25	111	130	146	25	111	130	146
350	400	29	128	150	169	29	128	150	169
400	450	33	145	170	191	33	145	170	191
450	500	36	162	190	214	36	162	190	214
500	550	40	179	210	236	40	179	210	236
550	600	44	196	230	259	44	196	230	259
600	650	48	213	250	281	48	213	250	281
650	700	52	230	270	304	52	230	270	304
700	750	55	247	290	326	55	247	290	326
750	800	59	264	310	349	59	264	310	349
800	850	63	281	330	371	63	281	330	371
850	900	67	298	350	394	67	298	350	394
900	950	71	315	370	416	71	315	370	416
950	1,000	75	332	390	439	75	332	390	439
1,000	1,050	78	349	410	461	78	349	410	461
1,050	1,100	82	366	430	484	82	366	430	484
1,100	1,150	86	383	450	506	86	383	450	506
1,150	1,200	90	400	470	529	90	400	470	529
1,200	1,250	94	417	490	551	94	417	490	551
1,250	1,300	98	434	510	574	98	434	510	574
1,300	1,350	101	451	530	596	101	451	530	596
1,350	1,400	105	468	550	619	105	468	550	619
1,400	1,450	109	485	570	641	109	485	570	641
1,450	1,500	113	502	590	664	113	502	590	664
1,500	1,550	117	519	610	686	117	519	610	686
1,550	1,600	120	536	630	709	120	536	630	709
1,600	1,650	124	553	650	731	124	553	650	731
1,650	1,700	128	570	670	754	128	570	670	754
1,700	1,750	132	587	690	776	132	587	690	776
1,750	1,800	136	604	710	799	136	604	710	799
1,800	1,850	140	621	730	821	140	621	730	821
1,850	1,900	143	638	750	844	143	638	750	844
1,900	1,950	147	655	770	866	147	655	770	866
1,950	2,000	151	672	790	889	151	672	790	889
2,000	2,050	155	689	810	911	155	689	810	911
2,050	2,100	159	706	830	934	159	706	830	934
2,100	2,150	163	723	850	956	163	723	850	956
2,150	2,200	166	740	870	979	166	740	870	979
2,200	2,250	170	757	890	1,001	170	757	890	1,001
2,250	2,300	174	774	910	1,024	174	774	910	1,024
2,300	2,350	178	791	930	1,046	178	791	930	1,046
2,350	2,400	182	808	950	1,069	182	808	950	1,069
2,400	2,450	186	825	970	1,091	186	825	970	1,091
2,450	2,500	189	842	990	1,114	189	842	990	1,114
2,500	2,550	193	859	1,010	1,136	193	859	1,010	1,136
2,550	2,600	197	876	1,030	1,159	197	876	1,030	1,159
2,600	2,650	201	893	1,050	1,181	201	893	1,050	1,181
2,650	2,700	205	910	1,070	1,204	205	910	1,070	1,204
2,700	2,750	208	927	1,090	1,226	208	927	1,090	1,226
2,750	2,800	212	944	1,110	1,249	212	944	1,110	1,249
2,800	2,850	216	961	1,130	1,271	216	961	1,130	1,271
2,850	2,900	220	978	1,150	1,294	220	978	1,150	1,294
2,900	2,950	224	995	1,170	1,316	224	995	1,170	1,316
2,950	3,000	228	1,012	1,190	1,339	228	1,012	1,190	1,339
3,000	3,050	231	1,029	1,210	1,361	231	1,029	1,210	1,361
3,050	3,100	235	1,046	1,230	1,384	235	1,046	1,230	1,384
3,100	3,150	239	1,063	1,250	1,406	239	1,063	1,250	1,406
3,150	3,200	243	1,080	1,270	1,429	243	1,080	1,270	1,429
3,200	3,250	247	1,097	1,290	1,451	247	1,097	1,290	1,451
3,250	3,300	251	1,114	1,310	1,474	251	1,114	1,310	1,474
3,300	3,350	254	1,131	1,330	1,496	254	1,131	1,330	1,496
3,350	3,400	258	1,148	1,350	1,519	258	1,148	1,350	1,519
3,400	3,450	262	1,165	1,370	1,541	262	1,165	1,370	1,541
3,450	3,500	266	1,182	1,390	1,564	266	1,182	1,390	1,564
3,500	3,550	270	1,199	1,410	1,586	270	1,199	1,410	1,586
3,550	3,600	273	1,216	1,430	1,609	273	1,216	1,430	1,609
3,600	3,650	277	1,233	1,450	1,631	277	1,233	1,450	1,631
3,650	3,700	281	1,250	1,470	1,654	281	1,250	1,470	1,654
3,700	3,750	285	1,267	1,490	1,676	285	1,267	1,490	1,676
3,750	3,800	289	1,284	1,510	1,699	289	1,284	1,510	1,699
3,800	3,850	293	1,301	1,530	1,721	293	1,301	1,530	1,721
3,850	3,900	296	1,318	1,550	1,744	296	1,318	1,550	1,744
3,900	3,950	300	1,335	1,570	1,766	300	1,335	1,570	1,766
3,950	4,000	304	1,352	1,590	1,789	304	1,352	1,590	1,789
4,000	4,050	308	1,369	1,610	1,811	308	1,369	1,610	1,811
4,050	4,100	312	1,386	1,630	1,834	312	1,386	1,630	1,834
4,100	4,150	316	1,403	1,650	1,856	316	1,403	1,650	1,856
4,150	4,200	319	1,420	1,670	1,879	319	1,420	1,670	1,879
4,200	4,250	323	1,437	1,690	1,901	323	1,437	1,690	1,901
4,250	4,300	327	1,454	1,710	1,924	327	1,454	1,710	1,924
4,300	4,350	331	1,471	1,730	1,946	331	1,471	1,730	1,946
4,350	4,400	335	1,488	1,750	1,969	335	1,488	1,750	1,969
4,400	4,450	339	1,505	1,770	1,991	339	1,505	1,770	1,991
4,450	4,500	342	1,522	1,790	2,014	342	1,522	1,790	2,014
4,500	4,550	346	1,539	1,810	2,036	346	1,539	1,810	2,036
4,550	4,600	350	1,556	1,830	2,059	350	1,556	1,830	2,059
4,600	4,650	354	1,573	1,850	2,081	354	1,573	1,850	2,081
4,650	4,700	358	1,590	1,870	2,104	358	1,590	1,870	2,104
4,700	4,750	361	1,607	1,890	2,126	361	1,607	1,890	2,126
4,750	4,800	365	1,624	1,910	2,149	365	1,624	1,910	2,149
4,800	4,850	369	1,641	1,930	2,171	369	1,641	1,930	2,171
4,850	4,900	373	1,658	1,950	2,194	373	1,658	1,950	2,194
4,900	4,950	377	1,675	1,970	2,216	377	1,675	1,970	2,216
4,950	5,000	381	1,692	1,990	2,239	381	1,692	1,990	2,239
5,000	5,050	384	1,709	2,010	2,261	384	1,709	2,010	2,261
5,050	5,100	388	1,726	2,030	2,284	388	1,726	2,030	2,284
5,100	5,150	392	1,743	2,050	2,306	392	1,743	2,050	2,306
5,150	5,200	396	1,760	2,070	2,329	396	1,760	2,070	2,329
5,200	5,250	400	1,777	2,090	2,351	400	1,777	2,090	2,351
5,250	5,300	404	1,794	2,110	2,374	404	1,794	2,110	2,374
5,300	5,350	407	1,811	2,130	2,396	407	1,811	2,130	2,396
5,350	5,400	411	1,828	2,150	2,419	411	1,828	2,150	2,419
5,400	5,450	415	1,845</						

If the amount you are looking up from the worksheet is-		And your filing status is-							
		Single, head of household, or qualifying widow(er) and you have-				Married filing jointly and you have-			
		0	1	2	3	0	1	2	3
At least	But less than	Your credit is-				Your credit is-			
5,600	5,650	430	1,913	2,250	2,531	430	1,913	2,250	2,531
5,650	5,700	434	1,930	2,270	2,554	434	1,930	2,270	2,554
5,700	5,750	438	1,947	2,290	2,576	438	1,947	2,290	2,576
5,750	5,800	442	1,964	2,310	2,599	442	1,964	2,310	2,599
5,800	5,850	446	1,981	2,330	2,621	446	1,981	2,330	2,621
5,850	5,900	449	1,998	2,350	2,644	449	1,998	2,350	2,644
5,900	5,950	453	2,015	2,370	2,666	453	2,015	2,370	2,666
5,950	6,000	457	2,032	2,390	2,689	457	2,032	2,390	2,689
6,000	6,050	461	2,049	2,410	2,711	461	2,049	2,410	2,711
6,050	6,100	465	2,066	2,430	2,734	465	2,066	2,430	2,734
6,100	6,150	469	2,083	2,450	2,756	469	2,083	2,450	2,756
6,150	6,200	472	2,100	2,470	2,779	472	2,100	2,470	2,779
6,200	6,250	476	2,117	2,490	2,801	476	2,117	2,490	2,801
6,250	6,300	480	2,134	2,510	2,824	480	2,134	2,510	2,824
6,300	6,350	484	2,151	2,530	2,846	484	2,151	2,530	2,846
6,350	6,400	488	2,168	2,550	2,869	488	2,168	2,550	2,869
6,400	6,450	492	2,185	2,570	2,891	492	2,185	2,570	2,891
6,450	6,500	495	2,202	2,590	2,914	495	2,202	2,590	2,914
6,500	6,550	499	2,219	2,610	2,936	499	2,219	2,610	2,936
6,550	6,600	503	2,236	2,630	2,959	503	2,236	2,630	2,959
6,600	6,650	507	2,253	2,650	2,981	507	2,253	2,650	2,981
6,650	6,700	511	2,270	2,670	3,004	511	2,270	2,670	3,004
6,700	6,750	514	2,287	2,690	3,026	514	2,287	2,690	3,026
6,750	6,800	518	2,304	2,710	3,049	518	2,304	2,710	3,049
6,800	6,850	522	2,321	2,730	3,071	522	2,321	2,730	3,071
6,850	6,900	526	2,338	2,750	3,094	526	2,338	2,750	3,094
6,900	6,950	529	2,355	2,770	3,116	529	2,355	2,770	3,116
6,950	7,000	529	2,372	2,790	3,139	529	2,372	2,790	3,139
7,000	7,050	529	2,389	2,810	3,161	529	2,389	2,810	3,161
7,050	7,100	529	2,406	2,830	3,184	529	2,406	2,830	3,184
7,100	7,150	529	2,423	2,850	3,206	529	2,423	2,850	3,206
7,150	7,200	529	2,440	2,870	3,229	529	2,440	2,870	3,229
7,200	7,250	529	2,457	2,890	3,251	529	2,457	2,890	3,251
7,250	7,300	529	2,474	2,910	3,274	529	2,474	2,910	3,274
7,300	7,350	529	2,491	2,930	3,296	529	2,491	2,930	3,296
7,350	7,400	529	2,508	2,950	3,319	529	2,508	2,950	3,319
7,400	7,450	529	2,525	2,970	3,341	529	2,525	2,970	3,341
7,450	7,500	529	2,542	2,990	3,364	529	2,542	2,990	3,364
7,500	7,550	529	2,559	3,010	3,386	529	2,559	3,010	3,386
7,550	7,600	529	2,576	3,030	3,409	529	2,576	3,030	3,409
7,600	7,650	529	2,593	3,050	3,431	529	2,593	3,050	3,431
7,650	7,700	529	2,610	3,070	3,454	529	2,610	3,070	3,454
7,700	7,750	529	2,627	3,090	3,476	529	2,627	3,090	3,476
7,750	7,800	529	2,644	3,110	3,499	529	2,644	3,110	3,499
7,800	7,850	529	2,661	3,130	3,521	529	2,661	3,130	3,521
7,850	7,900	529	2,678	3,150	3,544	529	2,678	3,150	3,544
7,900	7,950	529	2,695	3,170	3,566	529	2,695	3,170	3,566
7,950	8,000	529	2,712	3,190	3,589	529	2,712	3,190	3,589
8,000	8,050	529	2,729	3,210	3,611	529	2,729	3,210	3,611
8,050	8,100	529	2,746	3,230	3,634	529	2,746	3,230	3,634
8,100	8,150	529	2,763	3,250	3,656	529	2,763	3,250	3,656
8,150	8,200	529	2,780	3,270	3,679	529	2,780	3,270	3,679
8,200	8,250	529	2,797	3,290	3,701	529	2,797	3,290	3,701
8,250	8,300	529	2,814	3,310	3,724	529	2,814	3,310	3,724
8,300	8,350	529	2,831	3,330	3,746	529	2,831	3,330	3,746
8,350	8,400	529	2,848	3,350	3,769	529	2,848	3,350	3,769
8,400	8,450	529	2,865	3,370	3,791	529	2,865	3,370	3,791
8,450	8,500	529	2,882	3,390	3,814	529	2,882	3,390	3,814
8,500	8,550	529	2,899	3,410	3,836	529	2,899	3,410	3,836
8,550	8,600	529	2,916	3,430	3,859	529	2,916	3,430	3,859
8,600	8,650	529	2,933	3,450	3,881	529	2,933	3,450	3,881
8,650	8,700	527	2,950	3,470	3,904	529	2,950	3,470	3,904
8,700	8,750	524	2,967	3,490	3,926	529	2,967	3,490	3,926
8,750	8,800	520	2,984	3,510	3,949	529	2,984	3,510	3,949
8,800	8,850	516	3,001	3,530	3,971	529	3,001	3,530	3,971
8,850	8,900	512	3,018	3,550	3,994	529	3,018	3,550	3,994
8,900	8,950	508	3,035	3,570	4,016	529	3,035	3,570	4,016
8,950	9,000	505	3,052	3,590	4,039	529	3,052	3,590	4,039
9,000	9,050	501	3,069	3,610	4,061	529	3,069	3,610	4,061
9,050	9,100	497	3,086	3,630	4,084	529	3,086	3,630	4,084
9,100	9,150	493	3,103	3,650	4,106	529	3,103	3,650	4,106
9,150	9,200	489	3,120	3,670	4,129	529	3,120	3,670	4,129
9,200	9,250	485	3,137	3,690	4,151	529	3,137	3,690	4,151
9,250	9,300	482	3,154	3,710	4,174	529	3,154	3,710	4,174
9,300	9,350	478	3,171	3,730	4,196	529	3,171	3,730	4,196
9,350	9,400	474	3,188	3,750	4,219	529	3,188	3,750	4,219
9,400	9,450	470	3,205	3,770	4,241	529	3,205	3,770	4,241
9,450	9,500	466	3,222	3,790	4,264	529	3,222	3,790	4,264
9,500	9,550	462	3,239	3,810	4,286	529	3,239	3,810	4,286
9,550	9,600	459	3,256	3,830	4,309	529	3,256	3,830	4,309
9,600	9,650	455	3,273	3,850	4,331	529	3,273	3,850	4,331
9,650	9,700	451	3,290	3,870	4,354	529	3,290	3,870	4,354
9,700	9,750	447	3,307	3,890	4,376	529	3,307	3,890	4,376
9,750	9,800	443	3,324	3,910	4,399	529	3,324	3,910	4,399
9,800	9,850	439	3,341	3,930	4,421	529	3,341	3,930	4,421
9,850	9,900	436	3,358	3,950	4,444	529	3,358	3,950	4,444
9,900	9,950	432	3,375	3,970	4,466	529	3,375	3,970	4,466
9,950	10,000	428	3,392	3,990	4,489	529	3,392	3,990	4,489
10,000	10,050	424	3,409	4,010	4,511	529	3,409	4,010	4,511
10,050	10,100	420	3,426	4,030	4,534	529	3,426	4,030	4,534
10,100	10,150	417	3,443	4,050	4,556	529	3,443	4,050	4,556
10,150	10,200	413	3,460	4,070	4,579	529	3,460	4,070	4,579
10,200	10,250	409	3,477	4,090	4,601	529	3,477	4,090	4,601
10,250	10,300	405	3,494	4,110	4,624	529	3,494	4,110	4,624
10,300	10,350	401	3,511	4,130	4,646	529	3,511	4,130	4,646
10,350	10,400	397	3,528	4,150	4,669	529	3,528	4,150	4,669
10,400	10,450	394	3,526	4,170	4,691	529	3,526	4,170	4,691
10,450	10,500	390	3,526	4,190	4,714	529	3,526	4,190	4,714
10,500	10,550	386	3,526	4,210	4,736	529	3,526	4,210	4,736
10,550	10,600	382	3,526	4,230	4,759	529	3,526	4,230	4,759
10,600	10,650	378	3,526	4,250	4,781	529	3,526	4,250	4,781
10,650	10,700	374	3,526	4,270	4,804	529	3,526	4,270	4,804
10,700	10,750	371	3,526	4,290	4,826	529	3,526	4,290	4,826
10,750	10,800	367	3,526	4,310	4,849	529	3,526	4,310	4,849
10,800	10,850	363	3,526	4,330	4,871	529	3,526	4,330	4,871
10,850	10,900	359	3,526	4,350	4,894	529	3,526	4,350	4,894
10,900	10,950	355	3,526	4,370	4,916	529	3,526	4,370	4,916
10,950	11,000	352	3,526	4,390	4,939	529	3,526	4,390	4,939
11,000	11,050	348	3,526	4,410	4,961	529	3,526	4,410	4,961
11,050	11,100	344	3,526	4,430	4,984	529	3,526	4,430	4,984
11,100	11,150	340	3,526	4,450	5,006	529	3,526	4,450	5,006
11,150	11,200	336	3,526	4,470	5,029	529	3,526	4,470	5,029
11,200	11,250	332	3,526	4,490	5,051	529	3,526	4,490	5,051
11,25									

If the amount you are looking up from the worksheet is—		And your filing status is—							
		Single, head of household, or qualifying widow(er) and you have—				Married filing jointly and you have—			
		0	1	2	3	0	1	2	3
At least	But less than	Your credit is—				Your credit is—			
12,800	12,850	210	3,526	5,130	5,771	529	3,526	5,130	5,771
12,850	12,900	206	3,526	5,150	5,794	529	3,526	5,150	5,794
12,900	12,950	202	3,526	5,170	5,816	529	3,526	5,170	5,816
12,950	13,000	199	3,526	5,190	5,839	529	3,526	5,190	5,839
13,000	13,050	195	3,526	5,210	5,861	529	3,526	5,210	5,861
13,050	13,100	191	3,526	5,230	5,884	529	3,526	5,230	5,884
13,100	13,150	187	3,526	5,250	5,906	529	3,526	5,250	5,906
13,150	13,200	183	3,526	5,270	5,929	529	3,526	5,270	5,929
13,200	13,250	179	3,526	5,290	5,951	529	3,526	5,290	5,951
13,250	13,300	176	3,526	5,310	5,974	529	3,526	5,310	5,974
13,300	13,350	172	3,526	5,330	5,996	529	3,526	5,330	5,996
13,350	13,400	168	3,526	5,350	6,019	529	3,526	5,350	6,019
13,400	13,450	164	3,526	5,370	6,041	529	3,526	5,370	6,041
13,450	13,500	160	3,526	5,390	6,064	529	3,526	5,390	6,064
13,500	13,550	156	3,526	5,410	6,086	529	3,526	5,410	6,086
13,550	13,600	153	3,526	5,430	6,109	529	3,526	5,430	6,109
13,600	13,650	149	3,526	5,450	6,131	529	3,526	5,450	6,131
13,650	13,700	145	3,526	5,470	6,154	529	3,526	5,470	6,154
13,700	13,750	141	3,526	5,490	6,176	529	3,526	5,490	6,176
13,750	13,800	137	3,526	5,510	6,199	529	3,526	5,510	6,199
13,800	13,850	133	3,526	5,530	6,221	529	3,526	5,530	6,221
13,850	13,900	130	3,526	5,550	6,244	529	3,526	5,550	6,244
13,900	13,950	126	3,526	5,570	6,266	529	3,526	5,570	6,266
13,950	14,000	122	3,526	5,590	6,289	529	3,526	5,590	6,289
14,000	14,050	118	3,526	5,610	6,311	529	3,526	5,610	6,311
14,050	14,100	114	3,526	5,630	6,334	529	3,526	5,630	6,334
14,100	14,150	111	3,526	5,650	6,356	529	3,526	5,650	6,356
14,150	14,200	107	3,526	5,670	6,379	529	3,526	5,670	6,379
14,200	14,250	103	3,526	5,690	6,401	529	3,526	5,690	6,401
14,250	14,300	99	3,526	5,710	6,424	529	3,526	5,710	6,424
14,300	14,350	95	3,526	5,730	6,446	529	3,526	5,730	6,446
14,350	14,400	91	3,526	5,750	6,469	529	3,526	5,750	6,469
14,400	14,450	88	3,526	5,770	6,491	529	3,526	5,770	6,491
14,450	14,500	84	3,526	5,790	6,514	527	3,526	5,790	6,514
14,500	14,550	80	3,526	5,810	6,536	524	3,526	5,810	6,536
14,550	14,600	76	3,526	5,828	6,557	520	3,526	5,828	6,557
14,600	14,650	72	3,526	5,828	6,557	516	3,526	5,828	6,557
14,650	14,700	68	3,526	5,828	6,557	512	3,526	5,828	6,557
14,700	14,750	65	3,526	5,828	6,557	508	3,526	5,828	6,557
14,750	14,800	61	3,526	5,828	6,557	505	3,526	5,828	6,557
14,800	14,850	57	3,526	5,828	6,557	501	3,526	5,828	6,557
14,850	14,900	53	3,526	5,828	6,557	497	3,526	5,828	6,557
14,900	14,950	49	3,526	5,828	6,557	493	3,526	5,828	6,557
14,950	15,000	46	3,526	5,828	6,557	489	3,526	5,828	6,557
15,000	15,050	42	3,526	5,828	6,557	485	3,526	5,828	6,557
15,050	15,100	38	3,526	5,828	6,557	482	3,526	5,828	6,557
15,100	15,150	34	3,526	5,828	6,557	478	3,526	5,828	6,557
15,150	15,200	30	3,526	5,828	6,557	474	3,526	5,828	6,557
15,200	15,250	26	3,526	5,828	6,557	470	3,526	5,828	6,557
15,250	15,300	23	3,526	5,828	6,557	466	3,526	5,828	6,557
15,300	15,350	19	3,526	5,828	6,557	462	3,526	5,828	6,557
15,350	15,400	15	3,526	5,828	6,557	459	3,526	5,828	6,557
15,400	15,450	11	3,526	5,828	6,557	455	3,526	5,828	6,557
15,450	15,500	7	3,526	5,828	6,557	451	3,526	5,828	6,557
15,500	15,550	3	3,526	5,828	6,557	447	3,526	5,828	6,557
15,550	15,600	*	3,526	5,828	6,557	443	3,526	5,828	6,557
15,600	15,650	0	3,526	5,828	6,557	439	3,526	5,828	6,557
15,650	15,700	0	3,526	5,828	6,557	436	3,526	5,828	6,557
15,700	15,750	0	3,526	5,828	6,557	432	3,526	5,828	6,557
15,750	15,800	0	3,526	5,828	6,557	428	3,526	5,828	6,557
15,800	15,850	0	3,526	5,828	6,557	424	3,526	5,828	6,557
15,850	15,900	0	3,526	5,828	6,557	420	3,526	5,828	6,557
15,900	15,950	0	3,526	5,828	6,557	417	3,526	5,828	6,557
15,950	16,000	0	3,526	5,828	6,557	413	3,526	5,828	6,557

* If the amount you are looking up from the worksheet is at least \$15,550 but less than \$15,570, and you have no qualifying children, your credit is \$1. If the amount you are looking up from the worksheet is \$15,570 or more, and you have no qualifying children, you can't take the credit.

(Continued)

If the amount you are looking up from the worksheet is-		And your filing status is-																	
		Single, head of household, or qualifying widow(er) and you have-				Married filing jointly and you have-													
		0	1	2	3	0	1	2	3										
At least	But less than	Your credit is-				Your credit is-													
19,200	19,250	0	3,495	5,787	6,515	164	3,526	5,828	6,557	22,400	22,450	0	2,983	5,113	5,842	0	3,526	5,828	6,557
19,250	19,300	0	3,487	5,776	6,505	160	3,526	5,828	6,557	22,450	22,500	0	2,975	5,102	5,831	0	3,526	5,828	6,557
19,300	19,350	0	3,479	5,766	6,494	156	3,526	5,828	6,557	22,500	22,550	0	2,967	5,092	5,820	0	3,526	5,828	6,557
19,350	19,400	0	3,471	5,755	6,484	153	3,526	5,828	6,557	22,550	22,600	0	2,959	5,081	5,810	0	3,526	5,828	6,557
19,400	19,450	0	3,463	5,745	6,473	149	3,526	5,828	6,557	22,600	22,650	0	2,951	5,071	5,799	0	3,526	5,828	6,557
19,450	19,500	0	3,455	5,734	6,463	145	3,526	5,828	6,557	22,650	22,700	0	2,943	5,060	5,789	0	3,526	5,828	6,557
19,500	19,550	0	3,447	5,724	6,452	141	3,526	5,828	6,557	22,700	22,750	0	2,935	5,050	5,778	0	3,526	5,828	6,557
19,550	19,600	0	3,439	5,713	6,442	137	3,526	5,828	6,557	22,750	22,800	0	2,927	5,039	5,768	0	3,526	5,828	6,557
19,600	19,650	0	3,431	5,703	6,431	133	3,526	5,828	6,557	22,800	22,850	0	2,919	5,029	5,757	0	3,526	5,828	6,557
19,650	19,700	0	3,423	5,692	6,421	130	3,526	5,828	6,557	22,850	22,900	0	2,911	5,018	5,747	0	3,526	5,828	6,557
19,700	19,750	0	3,415	5,682	6,410	126	3,526	5,828	6,557	22,900	22,950	0	2,903	5,008	5,736	0	3,526	5,828	6,557
19,750	19,800	0	3,407	5,671	6,400	122	3,526	5,828	6,557	22,950	23,000	0	2,895	4,997	5,726	0	3,526	5,828	6,557
19,800	19,850	0	3,399	5,661	6,389	118	3,526	5,828	6,557	23,000	23,050	0	2,887	4,987	5,715	0	3,526	5,828	6,557
19,850	19,900	0	3,391	5,650	6,379	114	3,526	5,828	6,557	23,050	23,100	0	2,879	4,976	5,705	0	3,526	5,828	6,557
19,900	19,950	0	3,383	5,640	6,368	111	3,526	5,828	6,557	23,100	23,150	0	2,871	4,966	5,694	0	3,526	5,828	6,557
19,950	20,000	0	3,375	5,629	6,357	107	3,526	5,828	6,557	23,150	23,200	0	2,863	4,955	5,684	0	3,526	5,828	6,557
20,000	20,050	0	3,367	5,618	6,347	103	3,526	5,828	6,557	23,200	23,250	0	2,855	4,945	5,673	0	3,526	5,828	6,557
20,050	20,100	0	3,359	5,608	6,336	99	3,526	5,828	6,557	23,250	23,300	0	2,847	4,934	5,663	0	3,526	5,828	6,557
20,100	20,150	0	3,351	5,597	6,326	95	3,526	5,828	6,557	23,300	23,350	0	2,839	4,923	5,652	0	3,526	5,828	6,557
20,150	20,200	0	3,343	5,587	6,315	91	3,526	5,828	6,557	23,350	23,400	0	2,831	4,913	5,641	0	3,526	5,828	6,557
20,200	20,250	0	3,335	5,576	6,305	88	3,526	5,828	6,557	23,400	23,450	0	2,823	4,902	5,631	0	3,526	5,828	6,557
20,250	20,300	0	3,327	5,566	6,294	84	3,526	5,828	6,557	23,450	23,500	0	2,815	4,892	5,620	0	3,526	5,828	6,557
20,300	20,350	0	3,319	5,555	6,284	80	3,526	5,828	6,557	23,500	23,550	0	2,807	4,881	5,610	0	3,526	5,828	6,557
20,350	20,400	0	3,311	5,545	6,273	76	3,526	5,828	6,557	23,550	23,600	0	2,800	4,871	5,599	0	3,526	5,828	6,557
20,400	20,450	0	3,303	5,534	6,263	72	3,526	5,828	6,557	23,600	23,650	0	2,792	4,860	5,589	0	3,526	5,828	6,557
20,450	20,500	0	3,295	5,524	6,252	68	3,526	5,828	6,557	23,650	23,700	0	2,784	4,850	5,578	0	3,526	5,828	6,557
20,500	20,550	0	3,287	5,513	6,242	65	3,526	5,828	6,557	23,700	23,750	0	2,776	4,839	5,568	0	3,526	5,828	6,557
20,550	20,600	0	3,279	5,503	6,231	61	3,526	5,828	6,557	23,750	23,800	0	2,768	4,829	5,557	0	3,526	5,828	6,557
20,600	20,650	0	3,271	5,492	6,221	57	3,526	5,828	6,557	23,800	23,850	0	2,760	4,818	5,547	0	3,526	5,828	6,557
20,650	20,700	0	3,263	5,482	6,210	53	3,526	5,828	6,557	23,850	23,900	0	2,752	4,808	5,536	0	3,526	5,828	6,557
20,700	20,750	0	3,255	5,471	6,200	49	3,526	5,828	6,557	23,900	23,950	0	2,744	4,797	5,526	0	3,526	5,828	6,557
20,750	20,800	0	3,247	5,461	6,189	46	3,526	5,828	6,557	23,950	24,000	0	2,736	4,787	5,515	0	3,526	5,828	6,557
20,800	20,850	0	3,239	5,450	6,178	42	3,526	5,828	6,557	24,000	24,050	0	2,728	4,776	5,505	0	3,526	5,828	6,557
20,850	20,900	0	3,231	5,439	6,168	38	3,526	5,828	6,557	24,050	24,100	0	2,720	4,766	5,494	0	3,526	5,828	6,557
20,900	20,950	0	3,223	5,429	6,157	34	3,526	5,828	6,557	24,100	24,150	0	2,712	4,755	5,483	0	3,526	5,828	6,557
20,950	21,000	0	3,215	5,418	6,147	30	3,526	5,828	6,557	24,150	24,200	0	2,704	4,744	5,473	0	3,526	5,828	6,557
21,000	21,050	0	3,207	5,408	6,136	26	3,526	5,828	6,557	24,200	24,250	0	2,696	4,734	5,462	0	3,526	5,828	6,557
21,050	21,100	0	3,199	5,397	6,126	23	3,526	5,828	6,557	24,250	24,300	0	2,688	4,723	5,452	0	3,526	5,828	6,557
21,100	21,150	0	3,191	5,387	6,115	19	3,526	5,828	6,557	24,300	24,350	0	2,680	4,713	5,441	0	3,526	5,828	6,557
21,150	21,200	0	3,183	5,376	6,105	15	3,526	5,828	6,557	24,350	24,400	0	2,672	4,702	5,431	0	3,526	5,828	6,557
21,200	21,250	0	3,175	5,366	6,094	11	3,526	5,828	6,557	24,400	24,450	0	2,664	4,692	5,420	0	3,526	5,828	6,557
21,250	21,300	0	3,167	5,355	6,084	7	3,526	5,828	6,557	24,450	24,500	0	2,656	4,681	5,410	0	3,526	5,828	6,557
21,300	21,350	0	3,159	5,345	6,073	3	3,526	5,828	6,557	24,500	24,550	0	2,648	4,671	5,399	0	3,526	5,828	6,557
21,350	21,400	0	3,151	5,334	6,063	*	3,526	5,828	6,557	24,550	24,600	0	2,640	4,660	5,389	0	3,526	5,828	6,557
21,400	21,450	0	3,143	5,324	6,052	0	3,526	5,828	6,557	24,600	24,650	0	2,632	4,650	5,378	0	3,526	5,828	6,557
21,450	21,500	0	3,135	5,313	6,042	0	3,526	5,828	6,557	24,650	24,700	0	2,624	4,639	5,368	0	3,526	5,828	6,557
21,500	21,550	0	3,127	5,303	6,031	0	3,526	5,828	6,557	24,700	24,750	0	2,616	4,629	5,357	0	3,526	5,828	6,557
21,550	21,600	0	3,119	5,292	6,021	0	3,526	5,828	6,557	24,750	24,800	0	2,608	4,618	5,347	0	3,526	5,828	6,557
21,600	21,650	0	3,111	5,281	6,010	0	3,526	5,828	6,557	24,800	24,850	0	2,600	4,608	5,336	0	3,526	5,828	6,557
21,650	21,700	0	3,103	5,271	5,999	0	3,526	5,828	6,557	24,850	24,900	0	2,592	4,597	5,326	0	3,517	5,816	6,545
21,700	21,750	0	3,095	5,260	5,989	0	3,526	5,828	6,557	24,900	24,950	0	2,584	4,587	5,315	0	3,509	5,806	6,534
21,750	21,800	0	3,087	5,250	5,978	0	3,526	5,828	6,557	24,950	25,000	0	2,576	4,576	5,304	0	3,501	5,795	6,524
21,800	21,850	0	3,079	5,239	5,968	0	3,526	5,828	6,557	25,000	25,050	0	2,568	4,565	5,294	0	3,493	5,785	6,513
21,850	21,900	0	3,071	5,229	5,957	0	3,526	5,828	6,557	25,050	25,100	0	2,560	4,555	5,283	0	3,485	5,774	6,503
21,900	21,950	0	3,063	5,218	5,947	0	3,526	5,828	6,557	25,100	25,150	0	2,552	4,544	5,273	0	3,477	5,764	6,492
21,950	22,000	0	3,055	5,208	5,936	0	3,526	5,828	6,557	25,150	25,200	0	2,544	4,534	5,262	0	3,469	5,753	6,482
22,000	22,050	0	3,047	5,197	5,926	0	3,526	5,828	6,557	25,200	25,250	0	2,536	4,523	5,252	0	3,461	5,743	6,471
22,050	22,100	0	3,039	5,187	5,915	0	3,526	5,828	6,557	25,250	25,300	0	2,528	4,513	5,241	0	3,453	5,732	6,461
22,100	22,150	0	3,031	5,176	5,905	0	3,526	5,828	6,557	25,300	25,350	0	2,520	4,502	5,231	0	3,445	5,722	6,450
22,150	22,200	0	3,023	5,166	5,894	0	3,526	5,828	6,557	25,350	25,400	0	2,512	4,492	5,220	0	3,437	5,711	6,440
22,200	22,250	0	3,015	5,155	5,884	0	3,526	5,828	6,557	25,400	25,450	0	2,504	4,481	5,210	0			

If the amount you are looking up from the worksheet is—		And your filing status is—								If the amount you are looking up from the worksheet is—		And your filing status is—																																					
		Single, head of household, or qualifying widow(er) and you have—				Married filing jointly and you have—						Single, head of household, or qualifying widow(er) and you have—				Married filing jointly and you have—																																	
		0	1	2	3	0	1	2	3			0	1	2	3	0	1	2	3																														
At least	But less than	Your credit is—				Your credit is—				At least	But less than	Your credit is—				Your credit is—																																	
25,600	25,650	0	2,472	4,439	5,168	0	3,397	5,658	6,387	29,200	29,250	0	1,897	3,681	4,409	0	2,822	4,900	5,629	29,250	29,300	0	1,889	3,670	4,399	0	2,814	4,890	5,618	29,300	29,350	0	1,881	3,660	4,388	0	2,806	4,879	5,608	29,350	29,400	0	1,873	3,649	4,378	0	2,798	4,869	5,597
25,650	25,700	0	2,464	4,429	5,157	0	3,389	5,648	6,376	29,400	29,450	0	1,865	3,639	4,367	0	2,790	4,858	5,587	29,450	29,500	0	1,857	3,628	4,357	0	2,782	4,848	5,576	29,500	29,550	0	1,849	3,618	4,346	0	2,774	4,837	5,566	29,550	29,600	0	1,841	3,607	4,336	0	2,766	4,827	5,555
25,700	25,750	0	2,456	4,418	5,147	0	3,381	5,637	6,366	29,600	29,650	0	1,833	3,597	4,325	0	2,758	4,816	5,545	29,650	29,700	0	1,825	3,586	4,315	0	2,750	4,806	5,534	29,700	29,750	0	1,817	3,576	4,304	0	2,742	4,795	5,524	29,750	29,800	0	1,809	3,565	4,294	0	2,734	4,784	5,513
25,750	25,800	0	2,448	4,408	5,136	0	3,373	5,627	6,355	29,800	29,850	0	1,801	3,555	4,283	0	2,726	4,774	5,502	29,850	29,900	0	1,793	3,544	4,273	0	2,718	4,763	5,492	29,900	29,950	0	1,785	3,534	4,262	0	2,710	4,753	5,481	29,950	30,000	0	1,777	3,523	4,251	0	2,702	4,742	5,471
25,800	25,850	0	2,440	4,397	5,125	0	3,365	5,616	6,345	30,000	30,050	0	1,769	3,512	4,241	0	2,694	4,732	5,460	30,050	30,100	0	1,761	3,502	4,230	0	2,686	4,721	5,450	30,100	30,150	0	1,753	3,491	4,220	0	2,678	4,711	5,439	30,150	30,200	0	1,745	3,481	4,209	0	2,670	4,700	5,429
25,850	25,900	0	2,432	4,386	5,115	0	3,357	5,606	6,334	30,200	30,250	0	1,737	3,470	4,199	0	2,662	4,690	5,418	30,250	30,300	0	1,729	3,460	4,188	0	2,654	4,679	5,408	30,300	30,350	0	1,721	3,449	4,178	0	2,646	4,669	5,397	30,350	30,400	0	1,713	3,439	4,167	0	2,638	4,658	5,387
25,900	25,950	0	2,424	4,376	5,104	0	3,349	5,595	6,324	30,400	30,450	0	1,705	3,428	4,157	0	2,630	4,648	5,376	30,450	30,500	0	1,697	3,418	4,146	0	2,622	4,637	5,366	30,500	30,550	0	1,689	3,407	4,136	0	2,614	4,627	5,355	30,550	30,600	0	1,681	3,397	4,125	0	2,606	4,616	5,344
25,950	26,000	0	2,416	4,365	5,094	0	3,341	5,585	6,313	30,600	30,650	0	1,673	3,386	4,115	0	2,598	4,605	5,334	30,650	30,700	0	1,665	3,376	4,104	0	2,590	4,595	5,323	30,700	30,750	0	1,657	3,365	4,094	0	2,582	4,584	5,313	30,750	30,800	0	1,649	3,355	4,083	0	2,574	4,574	5,302
26,000	26,050	0	2,408	4,355	5,083	0	3,333	5,574	6,303	30,800	30,850	0	1,641	3,344	4,072	0	2,566	4,563	5,292	30,850	30,900	0	1,633	3,333	4,062	0	2,558	4,553	5,281	30,900	30,950	0	1,625	3,323	4,051	0	2,550	4,542	5,271	30,950	31,000	0	1,617	3,312	4,041	0	2,542	4,532	5,260
26,050	26,100	0	2,400	4,344	5,073	0	3,325	5,564	6,292	31,000	31,050	0	1,609	3,302	4,030	0	2,534	4,521	5,250	31,050	31,100	0	1,601	3,291	4,020	0	2,526	4,511	5,239	31,100	31,150	0	1,593	3,281	4,009	0	2,518	4,500	5,229	31,150	31,200	0	1,585	3,270	3,999	0	2,510	4,490	5,218
26,100	26,150	0	2,392	4,334	5,062	0	3,317	5,553	6,282	31,200	31,250	0	1,577	3,260	3,988	0	2,502	4,479	5,208	31,250	31,300	0	1,569	3,249	3,978	0	2,494	4,469	5,197	31,300	31,350	0	1,561	3,239	3,967	0	2,486	4,458	5,187	31,350	31,400	0	1,553	3,228	3,957	0	2,478	4,448	5,176
26,150	26,200	0	2,384	4,323	5,052	0	3,309	5,543	6,271	31,400	31,450	0	1,545	3,218	3,946	0	2,470	4,437	5,165	31,450	31,500	0	1,537	3,207	3,936	0	2,462	4,426	5,155	31,500	31,550	0	1,529	3,197	3,925	0	2,454	4,416	5,144	31,550	31,600	0	1,521	3,186	3,915	0	2,446	4,405	5,134
26,200	26,250	0	2,376	4,313	5,041	0	3,301	5,532	6,261	31,600	31,650	0	1,513	3,175	3,904	0	2,438	4,395	5,123	31,650	31,700	0	1,505	3,165	3,893	0	2,430	4,384	5,113	31,700	31,750	0	1,497	3,154	3,883	0	2,422	4,374	5,102	31,750	31,800	0	1,489	3,144	3,872	0	2,414	4,363	5,092
26,250	26,300	0	2,368	4,302	5,031	0	3,293	5,522	6,250	31,800	31,850	0	1,481	3,133	3,862	0	2,406	4,353	5,081	31,850	31,900	0	1,473	3,123	3,851	0	2,398	4,342	5,071	31,900	31,950	0	1,465	3,112	3,841	0	2,390	4,332	5,060	31,950	32,000	0	1,457	3,102	3,830	0	2,382	4,321	5,050
26,300	26,350	0	2,360	4,292	5,020	0	3,285	5,511	6,240	32,000	32,050	0	1,449	3,091	3,820	0	2,374	4,311	5,039	32,050	32,100	0	1,441	3,081	3,809	0	2,366	4,300	5,029	32,100	32,150	0	1,433	3,070	3,799	0	2,358	4,290	5,018	32,150	32,200	0	1,425	3,060	3,788	0	2,350	4,279	5,008
26,350	26,400	0	2,352	4,281	5,010	0	3,277	5,501	6,229	32,200	32,250	0	1,417	3,049	3,778	0	2,342	4,269	4,997	32,250	32,300	0	1,409	3,039	3,767	0	2,334	4,258	4,986	32,300	32,350	0	1,401	3,028	3,757	0	2,327	4,247	4,976	32,350	32,400	0	1,393	3,018	3,746	0	2,319	4,237	4,965
26,400	26,450	0	2,344	4,271	4,999	0	3,269	5,490	6,218	32,400	32,450	0	1,385	3,007	3,736	0	2,311	4,226	4,955	32,450	32,500	0	1,377	2,996	3,725	0	2,303	4,216	4,944	32,500	32,550	0	1,369	2,986	3,714	0	2,295	4,205	4,934	32,550	32,600	0	1,361	2,975	3,704	0	2,287	4,195	4,923
26,450	26,500	0	2,336	4,260	4,989	0	3,261	5,479	6,208	32,600	32,650	0	1,353	2,965	3,693	0	2,279	4,184	4,913	32,650	32,700	0	1,345	2,954	3,683	0	2,271	4,174	4,902	32,700	32,750	0	1,337	2,944	3,672	0	2,263	4,163	4,892	32,750	32,800	0	1,329	2,933	3,662	0	2,255	4,153	4,881
26,500	26,550	0	2,328	4,250	4,978	0	3,253	5,469	6,197	32,800	32,850	0	1,321	2,933	3,662	0	2,247	4,153	4,871	32,850	32,900	0	1,313	2,922	3,651	0	2,239	4,143	4,860	32,900	32,950	0	1,305	2,911	3,641	0	2,231	4,133	4,850	32,950	33,000	0	1,297	2,900	3,630	0	2,223	4,123	4,840
26,550	26,600	0	2,320	4,239	4,968	0	3,245	5,458	6,187	33,000	33,050	0	1,289	2,891	3,620	0	2,215	4,113	4,830	33,050	33,100	0	1,281	2,880	3,610	0	2,207	4,103	4,820	33,100	33,150	0	1,281	2,870	3,609	0	2,200	4,093	4,810	33,150	33,200	0	1,273	2,860	3,600	0	2,192	4,083	4,800
26,600	26,650	0	2,312	4,228	4,957	0	3,237	5,448	6,176	33,200	33,250	0	1,275	2,850	3,590	0	2,187	4,073	4,790	33,250	33,300	0	1,267	2,840	3,580	0	2,179	4,063	4,780	33,300	33,350	0	1,267	2,830	3,580	0	2,172	4,053	4,770	33,350	33,400	0	1,259	2,820	3,570	0	2,164	4,043	4,760
26,650	26,700	0	2,304	4,218	4,946	0	3,229	5,437	6,166	33,400	33,450	0	1,257	2,810	3,560	0	2,174	4,043	4,760	33,450	33,500	0	1,249	2,800	3,550	0	2,166	4,033	4,750	33,500	33,550	0	1,241	2,790	3,540	0	2,158	4,023	4,740	33,550	33,600	0	1,233	2,780	3,530	0	2,150	4,013	4,730
26,700	26,750	0	2,296	4,207	4,936	0	3,221	5,427	6,155	33,600	33,650	0	1,237	2,770	3,520	0	2,150	4,013	4,730	33,650	33,700	0	1,229	2,760	3,510	0	2,142	4,003	4,720	33,700	33,750	0	1,221	2,750	3,500	0	2,134	3,993	4,710	33,750	33,800	0	1,213	2,740	3,490	0	2,126	3,983	4,700
26,750	26,800	0	2,288	4,197	4,925	0	3,213	5,416	6,145	33,800	33,850	0	1,215	2,730	3,490	0	2,134	3,983	4,700	33,850	33,900	0	1,207	2,720	3,480	0	2,126	3,973	4,690	33,900	33,950	0	1,199	2,710	3,470	0	2,118	3,963	4,680	33,950	34,000	0	1,191	2,700	3,460	0	2,110	3,953	4,670
26,800	26,850	0	2,280	4,186	4,915	0	3,205	5,406	6,134	34,000	34,050	0	1,193	2,690	3,460	0	2,110	3,																															

If the amount you are looking up from the worksheet is-		And your filing status is-								If the amount you are looking up from the worksheet is-		And your filing status is-							
		Single, head of household, or qualifying widow(er) and you have-				Married filing jointly and you have-						Single, head of household, or qualifying widow(er) and you have-				Married filing jointly and you have-			
		0	1	2	3	0	1	2	3			0	1	2	3	0	1	2	3
At least	But less than	Your credit is-				Your credit is-				At least	But less than	Your credit is-				Your credit is-			
32,800	32,850	0	1,321	2,923	3,651	0	2,247	4,142	4,871	36,400	36,450	0	746	2,165	2,893	0	1,671	3,384	4,112
32,850	32,900	0	1,313	2,912	3,641	0	2,239	4,132	4,860	36,450	36,500	0	738	2,154	2,883	0	1,663	3,373	4,102
32,900	32,950	0	1,305	2,902	3,630	0	2,231	4,121	4,850	36,500	36,550	0	730	2,144	2,872	0	1,655	3,363	4,091
32,950	33,000	0	1,297	2,891	3,620	0	2,223	4,111	4,839	36,550	36,600	0	722	2,133	2,862	0	1,647	3,352	4,081
33,000	33,050	0	1,289	2,881	3,609	0	2,215	4,100	4,829	36,600	36,650	0	714	2,122	2,851	0	1,639	3,342	4,070
33,050	33,100	0	1,281	2,870	3,599	0	2,207	4,089	4,818	36,650	36,700	0	706	2,112	2,840	0	1,631	3,331	4,060
33,100	33,150	0	1,273	2,860	3,588	0	2,199	4,079	4,807	36,700	36,750	0	698	2,101	2,830	0	1,623	3,321	4,049
33,150	33,200	0	1,265	2,849	3,578	0	2,191	4,068	4,797	36,750	36,800	0	690	2,091	2,819	0	1,615	3,310	4,039
33,200	33,250	0	1,257	2,839	3,567	0	2,183	4,058	4,786	36,800	36,850	0	682	2,080	2,809	0	1,607	3,300	4,028
33,250	33,300	0	1,249	2,828	3,557	0	2,175	4,047	4,776	36,850	36,900	0	674	2,070	2,798	0	1,599	3,289	4,018
33,300	33,350	0	1,241	2,817	3,546	0	2,167	4,037	4,765	36,900	36,950	0	666	2,059	2,788	0	1,591	3,279	4,007
33,350	33,400	0	1,233	2,807	3,535	0	2,159	4,026	4,755	36,950	37,000	0	658	2,049	2,777	0	1,583	3,268	3,997
33,400	33,450	0	1,225	2,796	3,525	0	2,151	4,016	4,744	37,000	37,050	0	650	2,038	2,767	0	1,575	3,258	3,986
33,450	33,500	0	1,217	2,786	3,514	0	2,143	4,005	4,734	37,050	37,100	0	642	2,028	2,756	0	1,567	3,247	3,976
33,500	33,550	0	1,209	2,775	3,504	0	2,135	3,995	4,723	37,100	37,150	0	634	2,017	2,746	0	1,559	3,237	3,965
33,550	33,600	0	1,202	2,765	3,493	0	2,127	3,984	4,713	37,150	37,200	0	626	2,007	2,735	0	1,551	3,226	3,955
33,600	33,650	0	1,194	2,754	3,483	0	2,119	3,974	4,702	37,200	37,250	0	618	1,996	2,725	0	1,543	3,216	3,944
33,650	33,700	0	1,186	2,744	3,472	0	2,111	3,963	4,692	37,250	37,300	0	610	1,986	2,714	0	1,535	3,205	3,933
33,700	33,750	0	1,178	2,733	3,462	0	2,103	3,953	4,681	37,300	37,350	0	602	1,975	2,704	0	1,528	3,194	3,923
33,750	33,800	0	1,170	2,723	3,451	0	2,095	3,942	4,671	37,350	37,400	0	594	1,965	2,693	0	1,520	3,184	3,912
33,800	33,850	0	1,162	2,712	3,441	0	2,087	3,932	4,660	37,400	37,450	0	586	1,954	2,683	0	1,512	3,173	3,902
33,850	33,900	0	1,154	2,702	3,430	0	2,079	3,921	4,650	37,450	37,500	0	578	1,943	2,672	0	1,504	3,163	3,891
33,900	33,950	0	1,146	2,691	3,420	0	2,071	3,910	4,639	37,500	37,550	0	570	1,933	2,661	0	1,496	3,152	3,881
33,950	34,000	0	1,138	2,681	3,409	0	2,063	3,900	4,628	37,550	37,600	0	562	1,922	2,651	0	1,488	3,142	3,870
34,000	34,050	0	1,130	2,670	3,399	0	2,055	3,889	4,618	37,600	37,650	0	554	1,912	2,640	0	1,480	3,131	3,860
34,050	34,100	0	1,122	2,660	3,388	0	2,047	3,879	4,607	37,650	37,700	0	546	1,901	2,630	0	1,472	3,121	3,849
34,100	34,150	0	1,114	2,649	3,377	0	2,039	3,868	4,597	37,700	37,750	0	538	1,891	2,619	0	1,464	3,110	3,839
34,150	34,200	0	1,106	2,638	3,367	0	2,031	3,858	4,586	37,750	37,800	0	530	1,880	2,609	0	1,456	3,100	3,828
34,200	34,250	0	1,098	2,628	3,356	0	2,023	3,847	4,576	37,800	37,850	0	522	1,870	2,598	0	1,448	3,089	3,818
34,250	34,300	0	1,090	2,617	3,346	0	2,015	3,837	4,565	37,850	37,900	0	514	1,859	2,588	0	1,440	3,079	3,807
34,300	34,350	0	1,082	2,607	3,335	0	2,007	3,826	4,555	37,900	37,950	0	506	1,849	2,577	0	1,432	3,068	3,797
34,350	34,400	0	1,074	2,596	3,325	0	1,999	3,816	4,544	37,950	38,000	0	498	1,838	2,567	0	1,424	3,058	3,786
34,400	34,450	0	1,066	2,586	3,314	0	1,991	3,805	4,534	38,000	38,050	0	490	1,828	2,556	0	1,416	3,047	3,776
34,450	34,500	0	1,058	2,575	3,304	0	1,983	3,795	4,523	38,050	38,100	0	482	1,817	2,546	0	1,408	3,036	3,765
34,500	34,550	0	1,050	2,565	3,293	0	1,975	3,784	4,513	38,100	38,150	0	474	1,807	2,535	0	1,400	3,026	3,754
34,550	34,600	0	1,042	2,554	3,283	0	1,967	3,774	4,502	38,150	38,200	0	466	1,796	2,525	0	1,392	3,015	3,744
34,600	34,650	0	1,034	2,544	3,272	0	1,959	3,763	4,492	38,200	38,250	0	458	1,786	2,514	0	1,384	3,005	3,733
34,650	34,700	0	1,026	2,533	3,262	0	1,951	3,753	4,481	38,250	38,300	0	450	1,775	2,504	0	1,376	2,994	3,723
34,700	34,750	0	1,018	2,523	3,251	0	1,943	3,742	4,471	38,300	38,350	0	442	1,764	2,493	0	1,368	2,984	3,712
34,750	34,800	0	1,010	2,512	3,241	0	1,935	3,731	4,460	38,350	38,400	0	434	1,754	2,482	0	1,360	2,973	3,702
34,800	34,850	0	1,002	2,502	3,230	0	1,927	3,721	4,449	38,400	38,450	0	426	1,743	2,472	0	1,352	2,963	3,691
34,850	34,900	0	994	2,491	3,220	0	1,919	3,710	4,439	38,450	38,500	0	418	1,733	2,461	0	1,344	2,952	3,681
34,900	34,950	0	986	2,481	3,209	0	1,911	3,700	4,428	38,500	38,550	0	410	1,722	2,451	0	1,336	2,942	3,670
34,950	35,000	0	978	2,470	3,198	0	1,903	3,689	4,418	38,550	38,600	0	403	1,712	2,440	0	1,328	2,931	3,660
35,000	35,050	0	970	2,459	3,188	0	1,895	3,679	4,407	38,600	38,650	0	395	1,701	2,430	0	1,320	2,921	3,649
35,050	35,100	0	962	2,449	3,177	0	1,887	3,668	4,397	38,650	38,700	0	387	1,691	2,419	0	1,312	2,910	3,639
35,100	35,150	0	954	2,438	3,167	0	1,879	3,658	4,386	38,700	38,750	0	379	1,680	2,409	0	1,304	2,900	3,628
35,150	35,200	0	946	2,428	3,156	0	1,871	3,647	4,376	38,750	38,800	0	371	1,670	2,398	0	1,296	2,889	3,618
35,200	35,250	0	938	2,417	3,146	0	1,863	3,637	4,365	38,800	38,850	0	363	1,659	2,388	0	1,288	2,879	3,607
35,250	35,300	0	930	2,407	3,135	0	1,855	3,626	4,355	38,850	38,900	0	355	1,649	2,377	0	1,280	2,868	3,597
35,300	35,350	0	922	2,396	3,125	0	1,847	3,616	4,344	38,900	38,950	0	347	1,638	2,367	0	1,272	2,857	3,586
35,350	35,400	0	914	2,386	3,114	0	1,839	3,605	4,334	38,950	39,000	0	339	1,628	2,356	0	1,264	2,847	3,575
35,400	35,450	0	906	2,375	3,104	0	1,831	3,595	4,323	39,000	39,050	0	331	1,617	2,346	0	1,256	2,836	3,565
35,450	35,500	0	898	2,365	3,093	0	1,823	3,584	4,313	39,050	39,100	0	323	1,607	2,335	0	1,248	2,826	3,554
35,500	35,550	0	890	2,354	3,083	0	1,815	3,574	4,302	39,100	39,150	0	315	1,596	2,324	0	1,240	2,815	3,544
35,550	35,600	0	882	2,344	3,072	0	1,807	3,563	4,291	39,150	39,200	0	307	1,585	2,314	0	1,232	2,805	3,533
35,600	35,650	0	874	2,333	3,062	0	1,799	3,552	4,281	39,200	39,250	0	299	1,575	2,303	0	1,224	2,794	3,523
35,650	35,700	0	866	2,323	3,051	0	1,791	3,542	4,270	39,250	39,300	0	291	1,564	2,293	0	1,216	2,784	3,512
35,700	35,750	0	858	2,312	3,041	0	1,783	3,531	4,260	39,300	39,350	0	283	1,554	2,282	0	1,208	2,773	3,502
35,750	35,800	0	850	2,302	3,030	0	1,775	3,521	4,249	39,350	39,400	0	275	1,543	2,272	0	1,200	2,763	3,491
35,800	35,850	0	842	2,291	3,019	0	1,767	3,510	4,239	39,400	39,450	0	267	1,533	2,261	0	1,192	2,752	3,481
35,850	35,900</																		

If the amount you are looking up from the worksheet is-		And your filing status is-								If the amount you are looking up from the worksheet is-		And your filing status is-							
		Single, head of household, or qualifying widow(er) and you have-				Married filing jointly and you have-						Single, head of household, or qualifying widow(er) and you have-				Married filing jointly and you have-			
		0	1	2	3	0	1	2	3			0	1	2	3	0	1	2	3
At least	But less than	Your credit is-				Your credit is-				At least	But less than	Your credit is-				Your credit is-			
40,000	40,050	0	171	1,406	2,135	0	1,096	2,626	3,354	43,200	43,250	0	0	733	1,461	0	585	1,952	2,680
40,050	40,100	0	163	1,396	2,124	0	1,088	2,615	3,344	43,250	43,300	0	0	722	1,451	0	577	1,941	2,670
40,100	40,150	0	155	1,385	2,114	0	1,080	2,605	3,333	43,300	43,350	0	0	711	1,440	0	569	1,931	2,659
40,150	40,200	0	147	1,375	2,103	0	1,072	2,594	3,323	43,350	43,400	0	0	701	1,429	0	561	1,920	2,649
40,200	40,250	0	139	1,364	2,093	0	1,064	2,584	3,312	43,400	43,450	0	0	690	1,419	0	553	1,910	2,638
40,250	40,300	0	131	1,354	2,082	0	1,056	2,573	3,302	43,450	43,500	0	0	680	1,408	0	545	1,899	2,628
40,300	40,350	0	123	1,343	2,072	0	1,048	2,563	3,291	43,500	43,550	0	0	669	1,398	0	537	1,889	2,617
40,350	40,400	0	115	1,333	2,061	0	1,040	2,552	3,281	43,550	43,600	0	0	659	1,387	0	529	1,878	2,607
40,400	40,450	0	107	1,322	2,051	0	1,032	2,542	3,270	43,600	43,650	0	0	648	1,377	0	521	1,868	2,596
40,450	40,500	0	99	1,312	2,040	0	1,024	2,531	3,260	43,650	43,700	0	0	638	1,366	0	513	1,857	2,586
40,500	40,550	0	91	1,301	2,030	0	1,016	2,521	3,249	43,700	43,750	0	0	627	1,356	0	505	1,847	2,575
40,550	40,600	0	83	1,291	2,019	0	1,008	2,510	3,238	43,750	43,800	0	0	617	1,345	0	497	1,836	2,565
40,600	40,650	0	75	1,280	2,009	0	1,000	2,499	3,228	43,800	43,850	0	0	606	1,335	0	489	1,826	2,554
40,650	40,700	0	67	1,270	1,998	0	992	2,489	3,217	43,850	43,900	0	0	596	1,324	0	481	1,815	2,544
40,700	40,750	0	59	1,259	1,988	0	984	2,478	3,207	43,900	43,950	0	0	585	1,314	0	473	1,804	2,533
40,750	40,800	0	51	1,249	1,977	0	976	2,468	3,196	43,950	44,000	0	0	575	1,303	0	465	1,794	2,522
40,800	40,850	0	43	1,238	1,966	0	968	2,457	3,186	44,000	44,050	0	0	564	1,293	0	457	1,783	2,512
40,850	40,900	0	35	1,227	1,956	0	960	2,447	3,175	44,050	44,100	0	0	554	1,282	0	449	1,773	2,501
40,900	40,950	0	27	1,217	1,945	0	952	2,436	3,165	44,100	44,150	0	0	543	1,271	0	441	1,762	2,491
40,950	41,000	0	19	1,206	1,935	0	944	2,426	3,154	44,150	44,200	0	0	532	1,261	0	433	1,752	2,480
41,000	41,050	0	11	1,196	1,924	0	936	2,415	3,144	44,200	44,250	0	0	522	1,250	0	425	1,741	2,470
41,050	41,100	0	*	1,185	1,914	0	928	2,405	3,133	44,250	44,300	0	0	511	1,240	0	417	1,731	2,459
41,100	41,150	0	0	1,175	1,903	0	920	2,394	3,123	44,300	44,350	0	0	501	1,229	0	409	1,720	2,449
41,150	41,200	0	0	1,164	1,893	0	912	2,384	3,112	44,350	44,400	0	0	490	1,219	0	401	1,710	2,438
41,200	41,250	0	0	1,154	1,882	0	904	2,373	3,102	44,400	44,450	0	0	480	1,208	0	393	1,699	2,428
41,250	41,300	0	0	1,143	1,872	0	896	2,363	3,091	44,450	44,500	0	0	469	1,198	0	385	1,689	2,417
41,300	41,350	0	0	1,133	1,861	0	888	2,352	3,081	44,500	44,550	0	0	459	1,187	0	377	1,678	2,407
41,350	41,400	0	0	1,122	1,851	0	880	2,342	3,070	44,550	44,600	0	0	448	1,177	0	369	1,668	2,396
41,400	41,450	0	0	1,112	1,840	0	872	2,331	3,059	44,600	44,650	0	0	438	1,166	0	361	1,657	2,386
41,450	41,500	0	0	1,101	1,830	0	864	2,320	3,049	44,650	44,700	0	0	427	1,156	0	353	1,647	2,375
41,500	41,550	0	0	1,091	1,819	0	856	2,310	3,038	44,700	44,750	0	0	417	1,145	0	345	1,636	2,365
41,550	41,600	0	0	1,080	1,809	0	848	2,299	3,028	44,750	44,800	0	0	406	1,135	0	337	1,625	2,354
41,600	41,650	0	0	1,069	1,798	0	840	2,289	3,017	44,800	44,850	0	0	396	1,124	0	329	1,615	2,343
41,650	41,700	0	0	1,059	1,787	0	832	2,278	3,007	44,850	44,900	0	0	385	1,114	0	321	1,604	2,333
41,700	41,750	0	0	1,048	1,777	0	824	2,268	2,996	44,900	44,950	0	0	375	1,103	0	313	1,594	2,322
41,750	41,800	0	0	1,038	1,766	0	816	2,257	2,986	44,950	45,000	0	0	364	1,092	0	305	1,583	2,312
41,800	41,850	0	0	1,027	1,756	0	808	2,247	2,975	45,000	45,050	0	0	353	1,082	0	297	1,573	2,301
41,850	41,900	0	0	1,017	1,745	0	800	2,236	2,965	45,050	45,100	0	0	343	1,071	0	289	1,562	2,291
41,900	41,950	0	0	1,006	1,735	0	792	2,226	2,954	45,100	45,150	0	0	332	1,061	0	281	1,552	2,280
41,950	42,000	0	0	996	1,724	0	784	2,215	2,944	45,150	45,200	0	0	322	1,050	0	273	1,541	2,270
42,000	42,050	0	0	985	1,714	0	776	2,205	2,933	45,200	45,250	0	0	311	1,040	0	265	1,531	2,259
42,050	42,100	0	0	975	1,703	0	768	2,194	2,923	45,250	45,300	0	0	301	1,029	0	257	1,520	2,249
42,100	42,150	0	0	964	1,693	0	760	2,184	2,912	45,300	45,350	0	0	290	1,019	0	249	1,510	2,238
42,150	42,200	0	0	954	1,682	0	752	2,173	2,902	45,350	45,400	0	0	280	1,008	0	241	1,499	2,228
42,200	42,250	0	0	943	1,672	0	744	2,163	2,891	45,400	45,450	0	0	269	998	0	233	1,489	2,217
42,250	42,300	0	0	933	1,661	0	736	2,152	2,880	45,450	45,500	0	0	259	987	0	225	1,478	2,207
42,300	42,350	0	0	922	1,651	0	729	2,141	2,870	45,500	45,550	0	0	248	977	0	217	1,468	2,196
42,350	42,400	0	0	912	1,640	0	721	2,131	2,859	45,550	45,600	0	0	238	966	0	209	1,457	2,185
42,400	42,450	0	0	901	1,630	0	713	2,120	2,849	45,600	45,650	0	0	227	956	0	201	1,446	2,175
42,450	42,500	0	0	890	1,619	0	705	2,110	2,838	45,650	45,700	0	0	217	945	0	193	1,436	2,164
42,500	42,550	0	0	880	1,608	0	697	2,099	2,828	45,700	45,750	0	0	206	935	0	185	1,425	2,154
42,550	42,600	0	0	869	1,598	0	689	2,089	2,817	45,750	45,800	0	0	196	924	0	177	1,415	2,143
42,600	42,650	0	0	859	1,587	0	681	2,078	2,807	45,800	45,850	0	0	185	913	0	169	1,404	2,133
42,650	42,700	0	0	848	1,577	0	673	2,068	2,796	45,850	45,900	0	0	174	903	0	161	1,394	2,122
42,700	42,750	0	0	838	1,566	0	665	2,057	2,786	45,900	45,950	0	0	164	892	0	153	1,383	2,112
42,750	42,800	0	0	827	1,556	0	657	2,047	2,775	45,950	46,000	0	0	153	882	0	145	1,373	2,101
42,800	42,850	0	0	817	1,545	0	649	2,036	2,765	46,000	46,050	0	0	143	871	0	137	1,362	2,091
42,850	42,900	0	0	806	1,535	0	641	2,026	2,754	46,050	46,100	0	0	132	861	0	129	1,352	2,080
42,900	42,950	0	0	796	1,524	0	633	2,015	2,744	46,100	46,150	0	0	122	850	0	121	1,341	2,070
42,950	43,000	0	0	785	1,514	0	625	2,005	2,733	46,150	46,200	0	0	111	840	0	113	1,331	2,059
43,000	43,050	0	0	775	1,503	0	617	1,994	2,723	46,200	46,250	0	0	101	829	0	105	1,320	2,049
43,050	43,100	0	0	764	1,493	0	609	1,983	2,712	46,250	46,300	0	0	90	819	0	97	1,310	2,038
43,100	43,150	0	0	754	1,482	0	601	1,973	2,701	46,300	46,350	0	0	80	808	0	89	1,299	2,028
43,150	43,200	0	0	743	1,472	0	593	1,962	2,691	46,350	46,400	0	0	69	798	0	81	1,289	2,017

* If the amount you are looking up from the worksheet is at least \$41,050 but less than \$41,094, and you have one qualifying child, your credit is \$3. If the amount you are looking up from the worksheet is \$41,094 or more, and you have one qualifying child, you can't take the credit.

(Continued)

If the amount you are looking up from the worksheet is—		And your filing status is—								If the amount you are looking up from the worksheet is—		And your filing status is—							
		Single, head of household, or qualifying widow(er) and you have—				Married filing jointly and you have—						Single, head of household, or qualifying widow(er) and you have—				Married filing jointly and you have—			
		0	1	2	3	0	1	2	3			0	1	2	3	0	1	2	3
At least	But less than	Your credit is—				Your credit is—				At least	But less than	Your credit is—				Your credit is—			
46,400	46,450	0	0	59	787	0	73	1,278	2,006	49,200	49,250	0	0	0	197	0	0	688	1,417
46,450	46,500	0	0	48	777	0	65	1,267	1,996	49,250	49,300	0	0	0	187	0	0	678	1,406
46,500	46,550	0	0	38	766	0	57	1,257	1,985	49,300	49,350	0	0	0	176	0	0	667	1,396
46,550	46,600	0	0	27	756	0	49	1,246	1,975	49,350	49,400	0	0	0	166	0	0	657	1,385
46,600	46,650	0	0	16	745	0	41	1,236	1,964	49,400	49,450	0	0	0	155	0	0	646	1,375
46,650	46,700	0	0	6	734	0	33	1,225	1,954	49,450	49,500	0	0	0	145	0	0	636	1,364
46,700	46,750	0	0	0	724	0	25	1,215	1,943	49,500	49,550	0	0	0	134	0	0	625	1,354
46,750	46,800	0	0	0	713	0	17	1,204	1,933	49,550	49,600	0	0	0	124	0	0	615	1,343
46,800	46,850	0	0	0	703	0	9	1,194	1,922	49,600	49,650	0	0	0	113	0	0	604	1,333
46,850	46,900	0	0	0	692	0	*	1,183	1,912	49,650	49,700	0	0	0	103	0	0	594	1,322
46,900	46,950	0	0	0	682	0	0	1,173	1,901	49,700	49,750	0	0	0	92	0	0	583	1,312
46,950	47,000	0	0	0	671	0	0	1,162	1,891	49,750	49,800	0	0	0	82	0	0	572	1,301
47,000	47,050	0	0	0	661	0	0	1,152	1,880	49,800	49,850	0	0	0	71	0	0	562	1,290
47,050	47,100	0	0	0	650	0	0	1,141	1,870	49,850	49,900	0	0	0	61	0	0	551	1,280
47,100	47,150	0	0	0	640	0	0	1,131	1,859	49,900	49,950	0	0	0	50	0	0	541	1,269
47,150	47,200	0	0	0	629	0	0	1,120	1,849	49,950	50,000	0	0	0	39	0	0	530	1,259
47,200	47,250	0	0	0	619	0	0	1,110	1,838	50,000	50,050	0	0	0	29	0	0	520	1,248
47,250	47,300	0	0	0	608	0	0	1,099	1,827	50,050	50,100	0	0	0	18	0	0	509	1,238
47,300	47,350	0	0	0	598	0	0	1,088	1,817	50,100	50,150	0	0	0	8	0	0	499	1,227
47,350	47,400	0	0	0	587	0	0	1,078	1,806	50,150	50,200	0	0	0	**	0	0	488	1,217
47,400	47,450	0	0	0	577	0	0	1,067	1,796	50,200	50,250	0	0	0	0	0	0	478	1,206
47,450	47,500	0	0	0	566	0	0	1,057	1,785	50,250	50,300	0	0	0	0	0	0	467	1,196
47,500	47,550	0	0	0	555	0	0	1,046	1,775	50,300	50,350	0	0	0	0	0	0	457	1,185
47,550	47,600	0	0	0	545	0	0	1,036	1,764	50,350	50,400	0	0	0	0	0	0	446	1,175
47,600	47,650	0	0	0	534	0	0	1,025	1,754	50,400	50,450	0	0	0	0	0	0	436	1,164
47,650	47,700	0	0	0	524	0	0	1,015	1,743	50,450	50,500	0	0	0	0	0	0	425	1,154
47,700	47,750	0	0	0	513	0	0	1,004	1,733	50,500	50,550	0	0	0	0	0	0	415	1,143
47,750	47,800	0	0	0	503	0	0	994	1,722	50,550	50,600	0	0	0	0	0	0	404	1,132
47,800	47,850	0	0	0	492	0	0	983	1,712	50,600	50,650	0	0	0	0	0	0	393	1,122
47,850	47,900	0	0	0	482	0	0	973	1,701	50,650	50,700	0	0	0	0	0	0	383	1,111
47,900	47,950	0	0	0	471	0	0	962	1,691	50,700	50,750	0	0	0	0	0	0	372	1,101
47,950	48,000	0	0	0	461	0	0	952	1,680	50,750	50,800	0	0	0	0	0	0	362	1,090
48,000	48,050	0	0	0	450	0	0	941	1,670	50,800	50,850	0	0	0	0	0	0	351	1,080
48,050	48,100	0	0	0	440	0	0	930	1,659	50,850	50,900	0	0	0	0	0	0	341	1,069
48,100	48,150	0	0	0	429	0	0	920	1,648	50,900	50,950	0	0	0	0	0	0	330	1,059
48,150	48,200	0	0	0	419	0	0	909	1,638	50,950	51,000	0	0	0	0	0	0	320	1,048
48,200	48,250	0	0	0	408	0	0	899	1,627	51,000	51,050	0	0	0	0	0	0	309	1,038
48,250	48,300	0	0	0	398	0	0	888	1,617	51,050	51,100	0	0	0	0	0	0	299	1,027
48,300	48,350	0	0	0	387	0	0	878	1,606	51,100	51,150	0	0	0	0	0	0	288	1,017
48,350	48,400	0	0	0	376	0	0	867	1,596	51,150	51,200	0	0	0	0	0	0	278	1,006
48,400	48,450	0	0	0	366	0	0	857	1,585	51,200	51,250	0	0	0	0	0	0	267	996
48,450	48,500	0	0	0	355	0	0	846	1,575	51,250	51,300	0	0	0	0	0	0	257	985
48,500	48,550	0	0	0	345	0	0	836	1,564	51,300	51,350	0	0	0	0	0	0	246	975
48,550	48,600	0	0	0	334	0	0	825	1,554	51,350	51,400	0	0	0	0	0	0	236	964
48,600	48,650	0	0	0	324	0	0	815	1,543	51,400	51,450	0	0	0	0	0	0	225	953
48,650	48,700	0	0	0	313	0	0	804	1,533	51,450	51,500	0	0	0	0	0	0	214	943
48,700	48,750	0	0	0	303	0	0	794	1,522	51,500	51,550	0	0	0	0	0	0	204	932
48,750	48,800	0	0	0	292	0	0	783	1,512	51,550	51,600	0	0	0	0	0	0	193	922
48,800	48,850	0	0	0	282	0	0	773	1,501	51,600	51,650	0	0	0	0	0	0	183	911
48,850	48,900	0	0	0	271	0	0	762	1,491	51,650	51,700	0	0	0	0	0	0	172	901
48,900	48,950	0	0	0	261	0	0	751	1,480	51,700	51,750	0	0	0	0	0	0	162	890
48,950	49,000	0	0	0	250	0	0	741	1,469	51,750	51,800	0	0	0	0	0	0	151	880
49,000	49,050	0	0	0	240	0	0	730	1,459	51,800	51,850	0	0	0	0	0	0	141	869
49,050	49,100	0	0	0	229	0	0	720	1,448	51,850	51,900	0	0	0	0	0	0	130	859
49,100	49,150	0	0	0	218	0	0	709	1,438	51,900	51,950	0	0	0	0	0	0	120	848
49,150	49,200	0	0	0	208	0	0	699	1,427	51,950	52,000	0	0	0	0	0	0	109	838

- * If the amount you are looking up from the worksheet is at least \$46,850 but less than \$46,884, and you have one qualifying child, your credit is \$3. If the amount you are looking up from the worksheet is \$46,884 or more, and you have one qualifying child, you can't take the credit.
- ** If the amount you are looking up from the worksheet is at least \$50,150 but less than \$50,162, and you have three qualifying children, your credit is \$1. If the amount you are looking up from the worksheet is \$50,162 or more, and you have three qualifying children, you can't take the credit.


(Continued)

If the amount you are looking up from the worksheet is-		And your filing status is-																	
		Single, head of household, or qualifying widow(er) and you have-				Married filing jointly and you have-													
		0	1	2	3	0	1	2	3										
At least	But less than	Your credit is-				Your credit is-													
52,000	52,050	0	0	0	0	0	0	99	827	54,000	54,050	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	406
52,050	52,100	0	0	0	0	0	0	88	817	54,050	54,100	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	395
52,100	52,150	0	0	0	0	0	0	78	806	54,100	54,150	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	385
52,150	52,200	0	0	0	0	0	0	67	796	54,150	54,200	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	374
52,200	52,250	0	0	0	0	0	0	57	785	54,200	54,250	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	364
52,250	52,300	0	0	0	0	0	0	46	774	54,250	54,300	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	353
52,300	52,350	0	0	0	0	0	0	35	764	54,300	54,350	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	343
52,350	52,400	0	0	0	0	0	0	25	753	54,350	54,400	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	332
52,400	52,450	0	0	0	0	0	0	14	743	54,400	54,450	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	322
52,450	52,500	0	0	0	0	0	0	*	732	54,450	54,500	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	311
52,500	52,550	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	722	54,500	54,550	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	301
52,550	52,600	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	711	54,550	54,600	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	290
52,600	52,650	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	701	54,600	54,650	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	280
52,650	52,700	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	690	54,650	54,700	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	269
52,700	52,750	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	680	54,700	54,750	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	259
52,750	52,800	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	669	54,750	54,800	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	248
52,800	52,850	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	659	54,800	54,850	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	237
52,850	52,900	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	648	54,850	54,900	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	227
52,900	52,950	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	638	54,900	54,950	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	216
52,950	53,000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	627	54,950	55,000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	206
53,000	53,050	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	617	55,000	55,050	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	195
53,050	53,100	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	606	55,050	55,100	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	185
53,100	53,150	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	595	55,100	55,150	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	174
53,150	53,200	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	585	55,150	55,200	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	164
53,200	53,250	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	574	55,200	55,250	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	153
53,250	53,300	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	564	55,250	55,300	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	143
53,300	53,350	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	553	55,300	55,350	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	132
53,350	53,400	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	543	55,350	55,400	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	122
53,400	53,450	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	532	55,400	55,450	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	111
53,450	53,500	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	522	55,450	55,500	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	101
53,500	53,550	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	511	55,500	55,550	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	90
53,550	53,600	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	501	55,550	55,600	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	79
53,600	53,650	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	490	55,600	55,650	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	69
53,650	53,700	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	480	55,650	55,700	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	58
53,700	53,750	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	469	55,700	55,750	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	48
53,750	53,800	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	459	55,750	55,800	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	37
53,800	53,850	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	448	55,800	55,850	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	27
53,850	53,900	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	438	55,850	55,900	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	16
53,900	53,950	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	427	55,900	55,950	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	6
53,950	54,000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	416	55,950	55,952	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0


* If the amount you are looking up from the worksheet is at least \$52,450 but less than \$52,493, and you have two qualifying children, your credit is \$5. If the amount you are looking up from the worksheet is \$52,493 or more, and you have two qualifying children, you can't take the credit.


Line 18b


Additional Child Tax Credit (Schedule 8812)

 *You may be able to use your 2018 earned income to figure your additional child tax credit if (a) your 2018 earned income is more than your 2019 earned income, and (b) your main home was located in one of the federally declared disaster areas eligible for this relief at any time during the incident period. For details, see the Instructions for Form 8812.*

If you make the election to use your 2018 earned income to figure your additional child tax credit, enter “PYEI” and the amount of your 2018 earned income on the dotted line next to line 18b. If you are claiming both the EIC and the additional child tax credit, you only need to enter “PYEI” and the amount of your 2018 earned income on the dotted line next to line 18a. For more information, see the Instructions for Schedule 8812.

 *If you elect to use your 2018 earned income to figure your EIC on line 18a, you must also use your 2018 earned income to figure your additional child tax credit.*

 *If you elect to use your 2018 earned income to figure your additional child tax credit, you must enter the amount of your 2018 non-taxable combat pay on the dotted line next to line 18a.*

 *If your qualifying child didn't have an SSN valid for employment issued before the due date of your 2019 return (including extensions), you can't claim the additional child tax credit for that child on your original or an amended return.*

What Is the Additional Child Tax Credit?

This credit is for certain people who have at least one qualifying child for the child tax credit (as defined in Steps 1, 2, and 3 in the *Who Qualifies as Your Dependent* section, earlier). The additional child tax credit may give you a refund


even if you don't owe any tax or didn't have any tax withheld.


Two Steps To Take the Additional Child Tax Credit!

Step 1. Be sure you figured the amount, if any, of your child tax credit and credit for other dependents. See the instructions for line 13a.

Step 2. Read the TIP at the end of your Child Tax Credit and Credit for Other Dependents Worksheet. Use Schedule 8812 to see if you can take the additional child tax credit, but only if you meet the condition given in that TIP.

Form 8862, who must file. You must file Form 8862 if your child tax credit or additional child tax credit for a year after 2015 was denied or reduced for any reason other than a math or clerical error. Attach a completed Form 8862 to your 2019 return to claim the credit for 2019. Don't file Form 8862 if you filed Form 8862 for 2018 and the child tax credit or additional child tax credit was allowed for that year. See Form 8862 and its instructions for details.

 *If you take the additional child tax credit even though you aren't eligible and it is determined that your error is due to reckless or intentional disregard of the additional child tax credit rules, you won't be allowed to take the child tax credit, the credit for other dependents, or the additional child tax credit for 2 years even if you're otherwise eligible to do so. If you take the additional child tax credit even though you aren't eligible and it is later determined that you fraudulently took the credit, you won't be allowed to take the child tax credit, the credit for other dependents, or the additional child tax credit for 10 years. You also may have to pay penalties.*


 *Refunds for returns claiming the additional child tax credit can't be issued before mid-February 2020. This delay applies to the entire refund, not just the portion associated with the additional child tax credit.*

Line 18c

American Opportunity Credit

If you meet the requirements to claim an education credit (see the instructions for Schedule 3, line 3), enter on line 18c the amount, if any, from Form 8863, line 8. You may be able to increase an education credit and reduce your total tax or increase your tax refund if the student chooses to include all or part of a Pell grant or certain other scholarships or fellowships in income. See Pub. 970 and the Instructions for Form 8863 for more information.

Form 8862 required. You must file Form 8862 if your American opportunity credit for a year after 2015 was denied or reduced for any reason other than a math or clerical error. Attach a completed Form 8862 to your 2019 return to claim the credit for 2019. Don't file Form 8862 if you filed Form 8862 for 2018 and the American opportunity credit was allowed for that year. See Form 8862 and its instructions for details.

 *If you take the American opportunity credit even though you aren't eligible and it is determined that your error is due to reckless or intentional disregard of the American opportunity credit rules, you won't be allowed to take the credit for 2 years even if you're otherwise eligible to do so. If you take the American opportunity credit even though you aren't eligible and it is determined that you fraudulently took the credit, you won't be allowed to take the credit for 10 years. You also may have to pay penalties.*

Refund

Line 20

Amount Overpaid

If line 20 is under \$1, we will send a refund only on written request.

Refund Offset

If you owe past-due federal tax, state income tax, state unemployment compensation debts, child support, spousal support, or certain federal nontax debts, such as student loans, all or part of the overpayment on line 20 may be used (offset) to pay the past-due amount. Offsets for federal taxes are made by the IRS. All other offsets are made by the Treasury Department's Bureau of the Fiscal Service. For federal tax offsets, you will receive a notice from the IRS. For all other offsets, you will receive a notice from the Fiscal Service. To find out if you may have an offset or if you have any questions about it, contact the agency to which you owe the debt.

Injured Spouse

If you file a joint return and your spouse hasn't paid past-due federal tax, state income tax, state unemployment compensation debts, child support, spousal support, or a federal nontax debt, such as a student loan, part or all of the overpayment on line 20 may be used (offset) to pay the past-due amount. But your part of the overpayment may be refunded to you if certain conditions apply and you complete Form 8379. For details, use [Tax Topic 203](#) or see Form 8379.

Lines 21a Through 21d

Amount Refunded to You

If you want to check the status of your refund, just use the IRS2Go app or go to [IRS.gov/Refunds](#). See *Refund Information*, later. Information about your refund will generally be available within 24 hours after the IRS receives your e-filed return, or 4 weeks after you mail your paper return. If you filed Form 8379 with your return, wait 14 weeks (11 weeks if you filed electronically). Have your 2019 tax return handy so you can enter your social security number, your filing status, and the exact whole dollar amount of your refund.

Where's My Refund will provide a personalized refund date as soon as the IRS processes your tax return and approves your refund.

Effect of refund on benefits. Any refund you receive can't be counted as income when determining if you or any-

one else is eligible for benefits or assistance, or how much you or anyone else can receive, under any federal program or under any state or local program financed in whole or in part with federal funds. These programs include Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF), Medicaid, Supplemental Security Income (SSI), and Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (formerly food stamps). In addition, when determining eligibility, the refund can't be counted as a resource for at least 12 months after you receive it. Check with your local benefit coordinator to find out if your refund will affect your benefits.

DIRECT DEPOSIT

Simple. Safe. Secure.

Fast Refunds! Join the eight in 10 taxpayers who choose direct deposit—a fast, simple, safe, secure way to have your refund deposited automatically to your checking or savings account, including an individual retirement arrangement (IRA). See the information about IRAs, later.

If you want us to directly deposit the amount shown on line 21a to your checking or savings account, including an IRA, at a bank or other financial institution (such as a mutual fund, brokerage firm, or credit union) in the United States:

- Complete lines 21b through 21d (if you want your refund deposited to only one account), or
- Check the box on line 21a and attach Form 8888 if you want to split the direct deposit of your refund into more than one account or use all or part of your refund to buy paper series I savings bonds.

If you don't want your refund directly deposited to your account, don't check the box on line 21a. Draw a line through the boxes on lines 21b and 21d. We will send you a check instead.

Account must be in your name. Don't request a deposit of your refund to an account that isn't in your name, such as your tax return preparer's account. Although you may owe your tax return preparer a fee for preparing your return, don't have any part of your refund deposited into the preparer's account to pay the fee.

The number of refunds that can be directly deposited to a single account or prepaid debit card is limited to three a year. After this limit is reached, paper checks will be sent instead. Learn more at [IRS.gov/DepositLimit](#).

Why Use Direct Deposit?

- You get your refund faster by direct deposit than you do by check.
- Payment is more secure. There is no check that can get lost or stolen.
- It is more convenient. You don't have to make a trip to the bank to deposit your check.
- It saves tax dollars. It costs the government less to refund by direct deposit.
- It's proven itself. Nearly 98% of social security and veterans' benefits are sent electronically using direct deposit.



If you file a joint return and check the box on line 21a and attach Form 8888 or fill in lines 21b through 21d, your spouse may get at least part of the refund.

IRA. You can have your refund (or part of it) directly deposited to a traditional IRA, Roth IRA, or SEP-IRA, but not a SIMPLE IRA. You must establish the IRA at a bank or other financial institution before you request direct deposit. Make sure your direct deposit will be accepted. You also must notify the trustee or custodian of your account of the year to which the deposit is to be applied (unless the trustee or custodian won't accept a deposit for 2019). If you don't, the trustee or custodian can assume the deposit is for the year during which you are filing the return. For example, if you file your 2019 return during 2020 and don't notify the trustee or custodian in advance, the trustee or custodian can assume the deposit to your IRA is for 2020. If you designate your deposit to be for 2019, you must verify that the deposit was actually made to the account by the due date of the return (not counting extensions). If the deposit isn't made by that date, the deposit isn't an IRA contribution for 2019. In that case, you must file an amended 2019 return and reduce any IRA deduction and any retirement savings contributions credit you claimed.



You and your spouse, if filing jointly, each may be able to contribute up to \$6,000 (\$7,000 if age 50 or older at the end of 2019) to a traditional IRA or Roth IRA for 2019. You may owe a penalty if your contributions exceed these limits, and the limits may be lower depending on your compensation and income. For more information on IRA contributions, see Pub. 590-A.

For more information on IRAs, see Pub. 590-A and Pub. 590-B.

TreasuryDirect®. You can request a deposit of your refund (or part of it) to a TreasuryDirect® online account to buy U.S. Treasury marketable securities and savings bonds. For more information, go to go.usa.gov/3KvcP.

Form 8888. You can have your refund directly deposited into more than one account or use it to buy up to \$5,000 in paper series I savings bonds. You don't need a TreasuryDirect® account to do this. For more information, see the Form 8888 instructions.

Line 21a

You can't file Form 8888 to split your refund into more than one account or buy paper series I savings bonds if Form 8379 is filed with your return.

Line 21b

The routing number must be nine digits. The first two digits must be 01 through 12 or 21 through 32. On the sample check shown here, the routing number is 250250025. Charles and Mary Ellen Keys would use that routing number unless their financial institution instructed them to use a different routing number for direct deposits.

Ask your financial institution for the correct routing number to enter on line 21b if:

- The routing number on a deposit slip is different from the routing number on your checks,
- Your deposit is to a savings account that doesn't allow you to write checks, or
- Your checks state they are payable through a financial institution different from the one at which you have your checking account.

Sample Check—Lines 21b Through 21d

CHARLES KEYS
MARY ELLEN KEYS
123 Pear Lane
Anyplace, MI 00000

PAY TO THE ORDER OF \$

ANYPLACE BANK
Anyplace, MI 00000

For

Routing number (line 21b): 250250025
Account number (line 21d): 20202086

1234
15-00000000

Do not include the check number.



The routing and account numbers may be in different places on your check.

Line 21c

Check the appropriate box for the type of account. Don't check more than one box. If the deposit is to an account such as an IRA, health savings account, brokerage account, or other similar account, ask your financial institution whether you should check the "Checking" or "Savings" box. You must check the correct box to ensure your deposit is accepted. If your deposit is to a TreasuryDirect® online account, check the "Savings" box.

Line 21d

The account number can be up to 17 characters (both numbers and letters). Include hyphens but omit spaces and special symbols. Enter the number from left to right and leave any unused boxes blank. On the sample check shown here, the account number is 20202086. Don't include the check number.

If the direct deposit to your account(s) is different from the amount you expected, you will receive an explanation in the mail about 2 weeks after your refund is deposited.

Reasons Your Direct Deposit Request Will Be Rejected

If any of the following apply, your direct deposit request will be rejected and a check will be sent instead.

- You are asking to have a joint refund deposited to an individual account, and your financial institution(s) won't allow this. The IRS isn't responsible if a

financial institution rejects a direct deposit.

- The name on your account doesn't match the name on the refund, and your financial institution(s) won't allow a refund to be deposited unless the name on the refund matches the name on the account.

- Three direct deposits of tax refunds already have been made to the same account or prepaid debit card.

- You haven't given a valid account number.

- You file your 2019 return after November 30, 2020.

- Any numbers or letters on lines 21b through 21d are crossed out or whited out.



The IRS isn't responsible for a lost refund if you enter the wrong account information. Check with your financial institution to get the correct routing and account numbers and to make sure your direct deposit will be accepted.

Line 22

Applied to Your 2020 Estimated Tax

Enter on line 22 the amount, if any, of the overpayment on line 20 you want applied to your 2020 estimated tax. We will apply this amount to your account unless you include a statement requesting us to apply it to your spouse's account. Include your spouse's social security number in the statement.



This election to apply part or all of the amount overpaid to your 2020 estimated tax can't be changed later.

Amount You Owe



To avoid interest and penalties, pay your taxes in full by the due date of your return (not including extensions)—April 15, 2020, for most taxpayers. You don't have to pay if line 23 is under \$1.

Include any estimated tax penalty from line 24 in the amount you enter on line 23. Don't include any estimated payments for 2020 in this payment. Instead, make the estimated payment separately.

Bad check or payment. The penalty for writing a bad check to the IRS is \$25 or 2% of the check, whichever is more. However, if the amount of the check is less than \$25, the penalty equals the amount of the check. This also applies to other forms of payment if the IRS doesn't receive the funds. Use [Tax Topic 206](#).

Line 23

Amount You Owe

The IRS offers several payment options. You can pay online, by phone, mobile device, cash (maximum \$1,000 per day and per transaction), check, or money order. Go to [IRS.gov/Payments](#) for payment options.

Pay Online

The IRS offers an electronic payment option that is right for you. Paying online is convenient and secure and helps make sure we get your payments on time. To pay your taxes online or for more information, go to [IRS.gov/Payments](#). You can pay using any of the following methods.

- **IRS Direct Pay** for online transfers directly from your checking or savings account at no cost to you, go to [IRS.gov/Payments](#).

- **Pay by Card.** To pay by debit or credit card, go to [IRS.gov/Payments](#). A convenience fee is charged by these service providers.

- **Electronic Funds Withdrawal (EFW)** is an integrated e-file/e-pay option offered when filing your federal taxes electronically using tax return preparation software, through a tax professional, or the IRS at [IRS.gov/Payments](#).

- **Online Payment Agreement.** If you can't pay in full by the due date of your tax return, you can apply for an online monthly installment agreement at [IRS.gov/Payments](#). Once you complete the online process, you will receive immediate notification of whether your agreement has been approved. A user fee is charged.

- **IRS2Go** is the mobile application of the IRS; you can access Direct Pay or Pay By Card by downloading the application.

Pay by Phone

Paying by phone is another safe and secure method of paying electronically. Use one of the following methods: **(1)** call one of the debit or credit card service providers, or **(2)** use the Electronic Federal Tax Payment System (EFTPS).

Debit or credit card. Call one of our service providers. Each charges a fee that varies by provider, card type, and payment amount.

Link2Gov Corporation
888-PAY-1040™ (888-729-1040)
[www.PAY1040.com](#)

WorldPay US, Inc.
844-729-8298
(844-PAY-TAX-8™)
[www.payUSAtax.com](#)

Official Payments
888-UPAY-TAX™
(888-872-9829)
[www.officialpayments.com](#)

EFTPS. To use EFTPS, you must be enrolled either online or have an enrollment form mailed to you. To make a payment using EFTPS, call 800-555-4477 (English) or 800-244-4829 (Español). People who are deaf, hard of hearing, or have a speech disability and who have access to TTY/TDD equipment can call 800-733-4829. For more information

about EFTPS, go to [IRS.gov/Payments](#) or [www.EFTPS.gov](#).

Pay by Mobile Device

To pay through your mobile device, download the IRS2Go app.

Pay by Cash

Cash is an in-person payment option for individuals provided through retail partners with a maximum of \$1,000 per day per transaction. To make a cash payment, you must first be registered online at [www.officialpayments.com/fed](#), our Official Payment provider.

Pay by Check or Money Order

Before submitting a payment through the mail, please consider alternative methods. One of our safe, quick, and easy electronic payment options might be right for you. If you choose to mail a tax payment, make your check or money order payable to "United States Treasury" for the full amount due. Don't send cash. Don't attach the payment to your return. Write "2019 Form 1040" or "2019 Form 1040-SR" and your name, address, daytime phone number, and social security number (SSN) on your payment and attach Form 1040-V. For the most up-to-date information on Form 1040-V, go to [IRS.gov/Form1040V](#). If you are filing a joint return, enter the SSN shown first on your tax return.

To help us process your payment, enter the amount on the right side of the check like this: \$ XXX.XX. Don't use dashes or lines (for example, don't enter "\$ XXX—" or "\$ XXX^{xx/100}").

Mail your 2019 tax return, payment, and Form 1040-V to the address shown on the form that applies to you.

Notice to taxpayers presenting checks. When you provide a check as payment, you authorize us either to use information from your check to make a one-time electronic fund transfer from your account or to process the payment as a check transaction. When we use information from your check to make an electronic fund transfer, funds may be withdrawn from your account as soon as the same day we receive your payment, and you will not receive your check back from your financial institution.

No checks of \$100 million or more accepted. The IRS can't accept a single check (including a cashier's check) for amounts of \$100,000,000 (\$100 million) or more. If you are sending \$100 million or more by check, you'll need to spread the payment over 2 or more checks with each check made out for an amount less than \$100 million. This limit doesn't apply to other methods of payment (such as electronic payments). Please consider a method of payment other than check if the amount of the payment is over \$100 million.

What if You Can't Pay?

If you can't pay the full amount shown on line 23 when you file, you can ask for:

- An installment agreement, or
- An extension of time to pay.

Installment agreement. Under an installment agreement, you can pay all or part of the tax you owe in monthly installments. However, even if an installment agreement is granted, you will be charged interest and may be charged a late payment penalty on the tax not paid by the due date of your return (not counting extensions)—April 15, 2020, for most people. You also must pay a fee. To limit the interest and penalty charges, pay as much of the tax as possible when you file. But before requesting an installment agreement, you should consider other less costly alternatives, such as a bank loan or credit card payment.

To ask for an installment agreement, you can apply online or use Form 9465. To apply online, go to [IRS.gov](https://www.irs.gov) and click on [Apply for an Online Payment Plan](#).

Extension of time to pay. If paying the tax when it is due would cause you an undue hardship, you can ask for an extension of time to pay by filing Form 1127 by the due date of your return (not counting extensions)—April 15, 2020, for most people. An extension generally won't be granted for more than 6 months. You will be charged interest on the tax not paid by April 15, 2020. You must pay the tax before the extension runs out. Penalties and interest will be imposed until taxes are paid in full. For the most up-to-date information on Form 1127, go to [IRS.gov/Form1127](https://www.irs.gov/Form1127).

Line 24

Estimated Tax Penalty

You may owe this penalty if:

- Line 23 is at least \$1,000 and it is more than 10% of the tax shown on your return, or
- You didn't pay enough estimated tax by any of the due dates. This is true even if you are due a refund.

For most people, the "tax shown on your return" is the amount on your 2019 Form 1040 or 1040-SR, line 16, minus the total of any amounts shown on lines 18a, b, and c; Schedule 3, lines 9 and 12; and Forms 8828, 4137, 5329 (Parts III through IX only), 8885, and 8919. Also subtract from line 16 any:

- Tax on an excess parachute payment,
- Excise tax on insider stock compensation of an expatriated corporation,
- Uncollected social security and Medicare or RRTA tax on tips or group-term life insurance, and
- Look-back interest due under section 167(g) or 460(b).

When figuring the amount on line 16, include household employment taxes only if line 17 is more than zero or you would owe the penalty even if you didn't include those taxes.

Exception. You won't owe the penalty if your 2018 tax return was for a tax year of 12 full months and either of the following applies.

1. You had no tax shown on your 2018 return and you were a U.S. citizen or resident for all of 2018.
2. The total of line 17 and Schedule 3, lines 8 and 11, on your 2019 return is at least 100% of the tax shown on your 2018 return (110% of that amount if you aren't a farmer or fisherman, and your adjusted gross income (AGI) shown on your 2018 return was more than \$150,000 (more than \$75,000 if married filing separately for 2019)). Your estimated tax payments for 2019 must have been made on time and for the required amount.

For most people, the "tax shown on your 2018 return" is the amount on your 2018 Form 1040, line 15, minus the total of any amounts shown on lines 17a, 17b, 17c, Schedule 4, line 61, and Schedule 5, lines 70 and 73; and Forms 8828,

4137, 5329 (Parts III through IX only), 8885, and 8919. Also subtract from line 15 any:

- Tax on an excess parachute payment,
- Excise tax on insider stock compensation of an expatriated corporation,
- Uncollected social security and Medicare or RRTA tax on tips or group-term life insurance, and
- Look-back interest due under section 167(g) or 460(b).

When figuring the amount on line 15, include household employment taxes only if line 16 is more than zero or you would have owed the estimated tax penalty for 2018 even if you didn't include those taxes.

If the *Exception* just described doesn't apply, see the Instructions for Form 2210 for other situations in which you may be able to lower your penalty by filing Form 2210.

Figuring the Penalty

If you choose to figure the penalty yourself, use Form 2210 (or 2210-F for farmers and fishermen).

Enter any penalty on line 24. Add the penalty to any tax due and enter the total on line 23.

However, if you have an overpayment on line 20, subtract the penalty from the amount you would otherwise enter on line 21a or line 22. Lines 21a, 22, and 24 must equal line 20.

If the penalty is more than the overpayment on line 20, enter -0- on lines 21a and 22. Then subtract line 20 from line 24 and enter the result on line 23.

Don't file Form 2210 with your return unless Form 2210 indicates that you must do so. Instead, keep it for your records.

TIP *Because Form 2210 is complicated, you can leave line 24 blank and the IRS will figure the penalty and send you a bill. We won't charge you interest on the penalty if you pay by the date specified on the bill. If your income varied during the year, the annualized income installment method may reduce the amount of your penalty. But you must file Form 2210 because the IRS can't figure your penalty under this method.*

Third Party Designee

If you want to allow a friend, a family member, or any other person you choose (other than your paid preparer) to discuss your 2019 tax return with the IRS, check the “Yes” box in the “Third Party Designee” area of your return. Also, enter the designee's name, phone number, and any five digits the designee chooses as his or her personal identification number (PIN).



If you want to designate your paid preparer's firm or business, check the “Yes” box and complete the other information requested. Don't check the “3rd Party Designee” box in the “Paid Preparer Use Only” section.

If you check the “Yes” box, you, and your spouse if filing a joint return, are authorizing the IRS to call the designee to answer any questions that may arise during the processing of your return. You also are authorizing the designee to:

- Give the IRS any information that is missing from your return;
- Call the IRS for information about the processing of your return or the status of your refund or payment(s);
- Receive copies of notices or transcripts related to your return, upon request; and
- Respond to certain IRS notices about math errors, offsets, and return preparation.

You aren't authorizing the designee to receive any refund check, bind you to anything (including any additional tax liability), or otherwise represent you before the IRS. If you want to expand the designee's authorization, see Pub. 947.

This authorization will automatically end no later than the due date (not counting extensions) for filing your 2020 tax return. This is April 15, 2021, for most people.



If you complete the “Third Party Designee” section of your return, do not check the “3rd Party Designee” box in the “Paid Preparer Use Only” section of your return.

Sign Your Return

Form 1040 or 1040-SR isn't considered a valid return unless you sign it. If you are filing a joint return, your spouse also must sign. If your spouse can't sign the return, see Pub. 501. Be sure to date your return and enter your occupation(s). If you have someone prepare your return, you are still responsible for the correctness of the return. If your return is signed by a representative for you, you must have a power of attorney attached that specifically authorizes the representative to sign your return. To do this, you can use Form 2848. If you are filing a joint return as a surviving spouse, see *Death of a Taxpayer*, later.

Court-Appointed Conservator, Guardian, or Other Fiduciary

If you are a court-appointed conservator, guardian, or other fiduciary for a mentally or physically incompetent individual who has to file Form 1040 or 1040-SR, sign your name for the individual and file Form 56.

Child's Return

If your child can't sign his or her return, either parent can sign the child's name in the space provided. Then, enter “By (your signature), parent for minor child.”

Electronic Return Signatures

To file your return electronically, you must sign the return electronically using a personal identification number (PIN). If you are filing online using software, you must use a Self-Select PIN. If you are filing electronically using a tax practitioner, you can use a Self-Select PIN or a Practitioner PIN.

Self-Select PIN. The Self-Select PIN method allows you to create your own PIN. If you are married filing jointly, you and your spouse will each need to create a PIN and enter these PINs as your electronic signatures.

A PIN is any combination of five digits you choose except five zeros. If you use a PIN, there is nothing to sign and nothing to mail—not even your Forms W-2.

To verify your identity, you will be prompted to enter your date of birth and your adjusted gross income (AGI) from your originally filed 2018 federal income tax return, if applicable. Don't use your AGI from an amended return (Form 1040-X) or a math error correction made by the IRS. AGI is the amount shown on your 2018 Form 1040, line 7. If you don't have your 2018 income tax return, call the IRS at 800-908-9946 to get a free transcript of your return or visit [IRS.gov/Transcript](https://www.irs.gov/Transcript). (If you filed electronically last year, you may use your prior year PIN to verify your identity instead of your prior year AGI. The prior year PIN is the five-digit PIN you used to electronically sign your 2018 return.)



You can't use the Self-Select PIN method if you are a first-time filer under age 16 at the end of 2019.

Practitioner PIN. The Practitioner PIN method allows you to authorize your tax practitioner to enter or generate your PIN. The practitioner can provide you with details.

Form 8453. You must send in a paper Form 8453 if you have to attach certain forms or other documents that can't be electronically filed. See Form 8453.

Identity Protection PIN

For 2019, if you received an Identity Protection Personal Identification Number (IP PIN) from the IRS, enter it in the IP PIN spaces provided next to the space for your occupation. You must correctly enter all six numbers of your IP PIN. If you didn't receive an IP PIN, leave these spaces blank.



New IP PINs are generated every year. This year they will generally be sent out by mid-January 2020. Use this IP PIN on your 2019 return as well as any prior-year returns you file in 2020.

If you are filing a joint return and both taxpayers receive an IP PIN, enter both IP PINs in the spaces provided.

If you need more information, go to [IRS.gov/IPPIN](https://www.irs.gov/IPPIN). If you received an IP PIN but misplaced it, call 800-908-4490.

Phone Number and Email Address

You have the option of entering your phone number and email address in the spaces provided. There will be no effect on the processing of your return if you choose not to enter this information. Note that the IRS initiates most contacts through regular mail delivered by the United States Postal Service.

You can report a phone scam to the Treasury Inspector General for Tax Administration at [IRS Impersonation Scam Reporting](https://www.irs.gov/impersonation-scams) or the FTC using the [FTC Complaint Assistant](https://www.ftc.gov/complaint) at [FTC.gov](https://www.ftc.gov). Add “IRS Telephone Scam” in the notes.

You can report an unsolicited email claiming to be from the IRS, or an IRS-related component like Electronic Federal Tax Payment System, to the IRS at phishing@irs.gov.

For more information, go to [IRS.gov/Phishing](https://www.irs.gov/phishing) and [IRS.gov/newsroom/how-to-know-its-really-the-irs-calling-or-knocking-on-your-door](https://www.irs.gov/newsroom/how-to-know-its-really-the-irs-calling-or-knocking-on-your-door).

Paid Preparer Must Sign Your Return

Generally, anyone you pay to prepare your return must sign it and include their Preparer Tax Identification Number (PTIN) in the space provided. The preparer must give you a copy of the return for your records. Someone who prepares

your return but doesn't charge you shouldn't sign your return.

If your paid preparer is self-employed, then he or she should check the “self-employed” checkbox.

If you want to allow your paid preparer to be able to discuss your return with the IRS, check the “3rd Party Designee” checkbox.

Checking this box allows the preparer whose name and PTIN appear in this section to discuss your return with the IRS.

If you want your paid preparer's firm or business to discuss your return with the IRS, check the “Yes” box in the “Third Party Designee” section and complete the other information requested in that section instead of checking this box.

If you check the “3rd Party Designee” checkbox, you, and your spouse if filing a joint return, are authorizing the IRS to call the designee to answer any questions that may arise during the processing of your return. You also are authorizing the designee to:

- Give the IRS any information that is missing from your return;
- Call the IRS for information about the processing of your return or the status of your refund or payment(s);
- Receive copies of notices or transcripts related to your return, upon request; and
- Respond to certain IRS notices about math errors, offsets, and return preparation.

You aren't authorizing the designee to receive any refund check, bind you to

anything (including any additional tax liability), or otherwise represent you before the IRS. If you want to expand the designee's authorization, see Pub. 947.

This authorization will automatically end no later than the due date (not counting extensions) for filing your 2020 tax return. This is April 15, 2021, for most people.



If you want someone other than your paid preparer to be your third party designee, do not check the box here. Instead, see Third Party Designee, earlier.

Assemble Your Return

Assemble any schedules and forms behind Form 1040 or 1040-SR in order of the “Attachment Sequence No.” shown in the upper-right corner of the schedule or form. If you have supporting statements, arrange them in the same order as the schedules or forms they support and attach them last. File your return, schedules, and other attachments on standard size paper. Cutting the paper may cause problems in processing your return. Don't attach correspondence or other items unless required to do so. Attach Forms W-2 and 2439 to Form 1040 or 1040-SR. If you received a Form W-2c (a corrected Form W-2), attach your original Forms W-2 and any Forms W-2c. Attach Forms W-2G and 1099-R to Form 1040 or 1040-SR if tax was withheld.

2019 Tax Table



See the instructions for line 12a to see if you must use the Tax Table below to figure your tax.

Example. Mr. and Mrs. Brown are filing a joint return. Their taxable income on Form 1040, line 11b, is \$25,300. First, they find the \$25,300–25,350 taxable income line. Next, they find the column for married filing jointly and read down the column. The amount shown where the taxable income line and filing status column meet is \$2,651. This is the tax amount they should enter in the entry space on Form 1040, line 12a.

Sample Table

At Least	But Less Than	Single	Married filing jointly*	Married filing separately	Head of a household
Your tax is—					
25,200	25,250	2,833	2,639	2,833	2,750
25,250	25,300	2,839	2,645	2,839	2,756
25,300	25,350	2,845	2,651	2,845	2,762
25,350	25,400	2,851	2,657	2,851	2,768

If line 11b (taxable income) is—		And you are—				If line 11b (taxable income) is—		And you are—				If line 11b (taxable income) is—		And you are—			
At least	But less than	Single	Married filing jointly*	Married filing separately	Head of a household	At least	But less than	Single	Married filing jointly*	Married filing separately	Head of a household	At least	But less than	Single	Married filing jointly*	Married filing separately	Head of a household
		Your tax is—						Your tax is—						Your tax is—			
0	5	0	0	0	0	1,000						2,000					
5	15	1	1	1	1	1,000	1,025	101	101	101	101	2,000	2,025	201	201	201	201
15	25	2	2	2	2	1,025	1,050	104	104	104	104	2,025	2,050	204	204	204	204
25	50	4	4	4	4	1,050	1,075	106	106	106	106	2,050	2,075	206	206	206	206
50	75	6	6	6	6	1,075	1,100	109	109	109	109	2,075	2,100	209	209	209	209
75	100	9	9	9	9	1,100	1,125	111	111	111	111	2,100	2,125	211	211	211	211
100	125	11	11	11	11	1,125	1,150	114	114	114	114	2,125	2,150	214	214	214	214
125	150	14	14	14	14	1,150	1,175	116	116	116	116	2,150	2,175	216	216	216	216
150	175	16	16	16	16	1,175	1,200	119	119	119	119	2,175	2,200	219	219	219	219
175	200	19	19	19	19	1,200	1,225	121	121	121	121	2,200	2,225	221	221	221	221
200	225	21	21	21	21	1,225	1,250	124	124	124	124	2,225	2,250	224	224	224	224
225	250	24	24	24	24	1,250	1,275	126	126	126	126	2,250	2,275	226	226	226	226
250	275	26	26	26	26	1,275	1,300	129	129	129	129	2,275	2,300	229	229	229	229
275	300	29	29	29	29	1,300	1,325	131	131	131	131	2,300	2,325	231	231	231	231
300	325	31	31	31	31	1,325	1,350	134	134	134	134	2,325	2,350	234	234	234	234
325	350	34	34	34	34	1,350	1,375	136	136	136	136	2,350	2,375	236	236	236	236
350	375	36	36	36	36	1,375	1,400	139	139	139	139	2,375	2,400	239	239	239	239
375	400	39	39	39	39	1,400	1,425	141	141	141	141	2,400	2,425	241	241	241	241
400	425	41	41	41	41	1,425	1,450	144	144	144	144	2,425	2,450	244	244	244	244
425	450	44	44	44	44	1,450	1,475	146	146	146	146	2,450	2,475	246	246	246	246
450	475	46	46	46	46	1,475	1,500	149	149	149	149	2,475	2,500	249	249	249	249
475	500	49	49	49	49	1,500	1,525	151	151	151	151	2,500	2,525	251	251	251	251
500	525	51	51	51	51	1,525	1,550	154	154	154	154	2,525	2,550	254	254	254	254
525	550	54	54	54	54	1,550	1,575	156	156	156	156	2,550	2,575	256	256	256	256
550	575	56	56	56	56	1,575	1,600	159	159	159	159	2,575	2,600	259	259	259	259
575	600	59	59	59	59	1,600	1,625	161	161	161	161	2,600	2,625	261	261	261	261
600	625	61	61	61	61	1,625	1,650	164	164	164	164	2,625	2,650	264	264	264	264
625	650	64	64	64	64	1,650	1,675	166	166	166	166	2,650	2,675	266	266	266	266
650	675	66	66	66	66	1,675	1,700	169	169	169	169	2,675	2,700	269	269	269	269
675	700	69	69	69	69	1,700	1,725	171	171	171	171	2,700	2,725	271	271	271	271
700	725	71	71	71	71	1,725	1,750	174	174	174	174	2,725	2,750	274	274	274	274
725	750	74	74	74	74	1,750	1,775	176	176	176	176	2,750	2,775	276	276	276	276
750	775	76	76	76	76	1,775	1,800	179	179	179	179	2,775	2,800	279	279	279	279
775	800	79	79	79	79	1,800	1,825	181	181	181	181	2,800	2,825	281	281	281	281
800	825	81	81	81	81	1,825	1,850	184	184	184	184	2,825	2,850	284	284	284	284
825	850	84	84	84	84	1,850	1,875	186	186	186	186	2,850	2,875	286	286	286	286
850	875	86	86	86	86	1,875	1,900	189	189	189	189	2,875	2,900	289	289	289	289
875	900	89	89	89	89	1,900	1,925	191	191	191	191	2,900	2,925	291	291	291	291
900	925	91	91	91	91	1,925	1,950	194	194	194	194	2,925	2,950	294	294	294	294
925	950	94	94	94	94	1,950	1,975	196	196	196	196	2,950	2,975	296	296	296	296
950	975	96	96	96	96	1,975	2,000	199	199	199	199	2,975	3,000	299	299	299	299
975	1,000	99	99	99	99												

(Continued)

* This column must also be used by a qualifying widow(er).

If line 11b (taxable income) is—		And you are—				If line 11b (taxable income) is—		And you are—				If line 11b (taxable income) is—		And you are—			
At least	But less than	Single	Married filing jointly *	Married filing separately	Head of a household	At least	But less than	Single	Married filing jointly *	Married filing separately	Head of a household	At least	But less than	Single	Married filing jointly *	Married filing separately	Head of a household
Your tax is—						Your tax is—						Your tax is—					
3,000						6,000						9,000					
3,000	3,050	303	303	303	303	6,000	6,050	603	603	603	603	9,000	9,050	903	903	903	903
3,050	3,100	308	308	308	308	6,050	6,100	608	608	608	608	9,050	9,100	908	908	908	908
3,100	3,150	313	313	313	313	6,100	6,150	613	613	613	613	9,100	9,150	913	913	913	913
3,150	3,200	318	318	318	318	6,150	6,200	618	618	618	618	9,150	9,200	918	918	918	918
3,200	3,250	323	323	323	323	6,200	6,250	623	623	623	623	9,200	9,250	923	923	923	923
3,250	3,300	328	328	328	328	6,250	6,300	628	628	628	628	9,250	9,300	928	928	928	928
3,300	3,350	333	333	333	333	6,300	6,350	633	633	633	633	9,300	9,350	933	933	933	933
3,350	3,400	338	338	338	338	6,350	6,400	638	638	638	638	9,350	9,400	938	938	938	938
3,400	3,450	343	343	343	343	6,400	6,450	643	643	643	643	9,400	9,450	943	943	943	943
3,450	3,500	348	348	348	348	6,450	6,500	648	648	648	648	9,450	9,500	948	948	948	948
3,500	3,550	353	353	353	353	6,500	6,550	653	653	653	653	9,500	9,550	953	953	953	953
3,550	3,600	358	358	358	358	6,550	6,600	658	658	658	658	9,550	9,600	958	958	958	958
3,600	3,650	363	363	363	363	6,600	6,650	663	663	663	663	9,600	9,650	963	963	963	963
3,650	3,700	368	368	368	368	6,650	6,700	668	668	668	668	9,650	9,700	968	968	968	968
3,700	3,750	373	373	373	373	6,700	6,750	673	673	673	673	9,700	9,750	973	973	973	973
3,750	3,800	378	378	378	378	6,750	6,800	678	678	678	678	9,750	9,800	978	978	978	978
3,800	3,850	383	383	383	383	6,800	6,850	683	683	683	683	9,800	9,850	983	983	983	983
3,850	3,900	388	388	388	388	6,850	6,900	688	688	688	688	9,850	9,900	988	988	988	988
3,900	3,950	393	393	393	393	6,900	6,950	693	693	693	693	9,900	9,950	993	993	993	993
3,950	4,000	398	398	398	398	6,950	7,000	698	698	698	698	9,950	10,000	1,003	998	1,003	998
4,000						7,000						10,000					
4,000	4,050	403	403	403	403	7,000	7,050	703	703	703	703	10,000	10,050	1,009	1,003	1,009	1,003
4,050	4,100	408	408	408	408	7,050	7,100	708	708	708	708	10,050	10,100	1,015	1,008	1,015	1,008
4,100	4,150	413	413	413	413	7,100	7,150	713	713	713	713	10,100	10,150	1,021	1,013	1,021	1,013
4,150	4,200	418	418	418	418	7,150	7,200	718	718	718	718	10,150	10,200	1,027	1,018	1,027	1,018
4,200	4,250	423	423	423	423	7,200	7,250	723	723	723	723	10,200	10,250	1,033	1,023	1,033	1,023
4,250	4,300	428	428	428	428	7,250	7,300	728	728	728	728	10,250	10,300	1,039	1,028	1,039	1,028
4,300	4,350	433	433	433	433	7,300	7,350	733	733	733	733	10,300	10,350	1,045	1,033	1,045	1,033
4,350	4,400	438	438	438	438	7,350	7,400	738	738	738	738	10,350	10,400	1,051	1,038	1,051	1,038
4,400	4,450	443	443	443	443	7,400	7,450	743	743	743	743	10,400	10,450	1,057	1,043	1,057	1,043
4,450	4,500	448	448	448	448	7,450	7,500	748	748	748	748	10,450	10,500	1,063	1,048	1,063	1,048
4,500	4,550	453	453	453	453	7,500	7,550	753	753	753	753	10,500	10,550	1,069	1,053	1,069	1,053
4,550	4,600	458	458	458	458	7,550	7,600	758	758	758	758	10,550	10,600	1,075	1,058	1,075	1,058
4,600	4,650	463	463	463	463	7,600	7,650	763	763	763	763	10,600	10,650	1,081	1,063	1,081	1,063
4,650	4,700	468	468	468	468	7,650	7,700	768	768	768	768	10,650	10,700	1,087	1,068	1,087	1,068
4,700	4,750	473	473	473	473	7,700	7,750	773	773	773	773	10,700	10,750	1,093	1,073	1,093	1,073
4,750	4,800	478	478	478	478	7,750	7,800	778	778	778	778	10,750	10,800	1,099	1,078	1,099	1,078
4,800	4,850	483	483	483	483	7,800	7,850	783	783	783	783	10,800	10,850	1,105	1,083	1,105	1,083
4,850	4,900	488	488	488	488	7,850	7,900	788	788	788	788	10,850	10,900	1,111	1,088	1,111	1,088
4,900	4,950	493	493	493	493	7,900	7,950	793	793	793	793	10,900	10,950	1,117	1,093	1,117	1,093
4,950	5,000	498	498	498	498	7,950	8,000	798	798	798	798	10,950	11,000	1,123	1,098	1,123	1,098
5,000						8,000						11,000					
5,000	5,050	503	503	503	503	8,000	8,050	803	803	803	803	11,000	11,050	1,129	1,103	1,129	1,103
5,050	5,100	508	508	508	508	8,050	8,100	808	808	808	808	11,050	11,100	1,135	1,108	1,135	1,108
5,100	5,150	513	513	513	513	8,100	8,150	813	813	813	813	11,100	11,150	1,141	1,113	1,141	1,113
5,150	5,200	518	518	518	518	8,150	8,200	818	818	818	818	11,150	11,200	1,147	1,118	1,147	1,118
5,200	5,250	523	523	523	523	8,200	8,250	823	823	823	823	11,200	11,250	1,153	1,123	1,153	1,123
5,250	5,300	528	528	528	528	8,250	8,300	828	828	828	828	11,250	11,300	1,159	1,128	1,159	1,128
5,300	5,350	533	533	533	533	8,300	8,350	833	833	833	833	11,300	11,350	1,165	1,133	1,165	1,133
5,350	5,400	538	538	538	538	8,350	8,400	838	838	838	838	11,350	11,400	1,171	1,138	1,171	1,138
5,400	5,450	543	543	543	543	8,400	8,450	843	843	843	843	11,400	11,450	1,177	1,143	1,177	1,143
5,450	5,500	548	548	548	548	8,450	8,500	848	848	848	848	11,450	11,500	1,183	1,148	1,183	1,148
5,500	5,550	553	553	553	553	8,500	8,550	853	853	853	853	11,500	11,550	1,189	1,153	1,189	1,153
5,550	5,600	558	558	558	558	8,550	8,600	858	858	858	858	11,550	11,600	1,195	1,158	1,195	1,158
5,600	5,650	563	563	563	563	8,600	8,650	863	863	863	863	11,600	11,650	1,201	1,163	1,201	1,163
5,650	5,700	568	568	568	568	8,650	8,700	868	868	868	868	11,650	11,700	1,207	1,168	1,207	1,168
5,700	5,750	573	573	573	573	8,700	8,750	873	873	873	873	11,700	11,750	1,213	1,173	1,213	1,173
5,750	5,800	578	578	578	578	8,750	8,800	878	878	878	878	11,750	11,800	1,219	1,178	1,219	1,178
5,800	5,850	583	583	583	583	8,800	8,850	883	883	883	883	11,800	11,850	1,225	1,183	1,225	1,183
5,850	5,900	588	588	588	588	8,850	8,900	888	888	888	888	11,850	11,900	1,231	1,188	1,231	1,188
5,900	5,950	593	593	593	593	8,900	8,950	893	893	893	893	11,900	11,950	1,237	1,193	1,237	1,193
5,950	6,000	598	598	598	598	8,950	9,000	898	898	898	898	11,950	12,000	1,243	1,198	1,243	1,198

(Continued)

* This column must also be used by a qualifying widow(er).

If line 11b (taxable income) is—		And you are—				Your tax is—	If line 11b (taxable income) is—		And you are—				Your tax is—	If line 11b (taxable income) is—		And you are—				Your tax is—
At least	But less than	Single	Married filing jointly *	Married filing separately	Head of a household		At least	But less than	Single	Married filing jointly *	Married filing separately	Head of a household		At least	But less than	Single	Married filing jointly *	Married filing separately	Head of a household	
12,000						15,000						18,000								
12,000	12,050	1,249	1,203	1,249	1,203	15,000	15,050	1,609	1,503	1,609	1,526	18,000	18,050	1,969	1,803	1,969	1,886			
12,050	12,100	1,255	1,208	1,255	1,208	15,050	15,100	1,615	1,508	1,615	1,532	18,050	18,100	1,975	1,808	1,975	1,892			
12,100	12,150	1,261	1,213	1,261	1,213	15,100	15,150	1,621	1,513	1,621	1,538	18,100	18,150	1,981	1,813	1,981	1,898			
12,150	12,200	1,267	1,218	1,267	1,218	15,150	15,200	1,627	1,518	1,627	1,544	18,150	18,200	1,987	1,818	1,987	1,904			
12,200	12,250	1,273	1,223	1,273	1,223	15,200	15,250	1,633	1,523	1,633	1,550	18,200	18,250	1,993	1,823	1,993	1,910			
12,250	12,300	1,279	1,228	1,279	1,228	15,250	15,300	1,639	1,528	1,639	1,556	18,250	18,300	1,999	1,828	1,999	1,916			
12,300	12,350	1,285	1,233	1,285	1,233	15,300	15,350	1,645	1,533	1,645	1,562	18,300	18,350	2,005	1,833	2,005	1,922			
12,350	12,400	1,291	1,238	1,291	1,238	15,350	15,400	1,651	1,538	1,651	1,568	18,350	18,400	2,011	1,838	2,011	1,928			
12,400	12,450	1,297	1,243	1,297	1,243	15,400	15,450	1,657	1,543	1,657	1,574	18,400	18,450	2,017	1,843	2,017	1,934			
12,450	12,500	1,303	1,248	1,303	1,248	15,450	15,500	1,663	1,548	1,663	1,580	18,450	18,500	2,023	1,848	2,023	1,940			
12,500	12,550	1,309	1,253	1,309	1,253	15,500	15,550	1,669	1,553	1,669	1,586	18,500	18,550	2,029	1,853	2,029	1,946			
12,550	12,600	1,315	1,258	1,315	1,258	15,550	15,600	1,675	1,558	1,675	1,592	18,550	18,600	2,035	1,858	2,035	1,952			
12,600	12,650	1,321	1,263	1,321	1,263	15,600	15,650	1,681	1,563	1,681	1,598	18,600	18,650	2,041	1,863	2,041	1,958			
12,650	12,700	1,327	1,268	1,327	1,268	15,650	15,700	1,687	1,568	1,687	1,604	18,650	18,700	2,047	1,868	2,047	1,964			
12,700	12,750	1,333	1,273	1,333	1,273	15,700	15,750	1,693	1,573	1,693	1,610	18,700	18,750	2,053	1,873	2,053	1,970			
12,750	12,800	1,339	1,278	1,339	1,278	15,750	15,800	1,699	1,578	1,699	1,616	18,750	18,800	2,059	1,878	2,059	1,976			
12,800	12,850	1,345	1,283	1,345	1,283	15,800	15,850	1,705	1,583	1,705	1,622	18,800	18,850	2,065	1,883	2,065	1,982			
12,850	12,900	1,351	1,288	1,351	1,288	15,850	15,900	1,711	1,588	1,711	1,628	18,850	18,900	2,071	1,888	2,071	1,988			
12,900	12,950	1,357	1,293	1,357	1,293	15,900	15,950	1,717	1,593	1,717	1,634	18,900	18,950	2,077	1,893	2,077	1,994			
12,950	13,000	1,363	1,298	1,363	1,298	15,950	16,000	1,723	1,598	1,723	1,640	18,950	19,000	2,083	1,898	2,083	2,000			
13,000						16,000						19,000								
13,000	13,050	1,369	1,303	1,369	1,303	16,000	16,050	1,729	1,603	1,729	1,646	19,000	19,050	2,089	1,903	2,089	2,006			
13,050	13,100	1,375	1,308	1,375	1,308	16,050	16,100	1,735	1,608	1,735	1,652	19,050	19,100	2,095	1,908	2,095	2,012			
13,100	13,150	1,381	1,313	1,381	1,313	16,100	16,150	1,741	1,613	1,741	1,658	19,100	19,150	2,101	1,913	2,101	2,018			
13,150	13,200	1,387	1,318	1,387	1,318	16,150	16,200	1,747	1,618	1,747	1,664	19,150	19,200	2,107	1,918	2,107	2,024			
13,200	13,250	1,393	1,323	1,393	1,323	16,200	16,250	1,753	1,623	1,753	1,670	19,200	19,250	2,113	1,923	2,113	2,030			
13,250	13,300	1,399	1,328	1,399	1,328	16,250	16,300	1,759	1,628	1,759	1,676	19,250	19,300	2,119	1,928	2,119	2,036			
13,300	13,350	1,405	1,333	1,405	1,333	16,300	16,350	1,765	1,633	1,765	1,682	19,300	19,350	2,125	1,933	2,125	2,042			
13,350	13,400	1,411	1,338	1,411	1,338	16,350	16,400	1,771	1,638	1,771	1,688	19,350	19,400	2,131	1,938	2,131	2,048			
13,400	13,450	1,417	1,343	1,417	1,343	16,400	16,450	1,777	1,643	1,777	1,694	19,400	19,450	2,137	1,943	2,137	2,054			
13,450	13,500	1,423	1,348	1,423	1,348	16,450	16,500	1,783	1,648	1,783	1,700	19,450	19,500	2,143	1,949	2,143	2,060			
13,500	13,550	1,429	1,353	1,429	1,353	16,500	16,550	1,789	1,653	1,789	1,706	19,500	19,550	2,149	1,955	2,149	2,066			
13,550	13,600	1,435	1,358	1,435	1,358	16,550	16,600	1,795	1,658	1,795	1,712	19,550	19,600	2,155	1,961	2,155	2,072			
13,600	13,650	1,441	1,363	1,441	1,363	16,600	16,650	1,801	1,663	1,801	1,718	19,600	19,650	2,161	1,967	2,161	2,078			
13,650	13,700	1,447	1,368	1,447	1,368	16,650	16,700	1,807	1,668	1,807	1,724	19,650	19,700	2,167	1,973	2,167	2,084			
13,700	13,750	1,453	1,373	1,453	1,373	16,700	16,750	1,813	1,673	1,813	1,730	19,700	19,750	2,173	1,979	2,173	2,090			
13,750	13,800	1,459	1,378	1,459	1,378	16,750	16,800	1,819	1,678	1,819	1,736	19,750	19,800	2,179	1,985	2,179	2,096			
13,800	13,850	1,465	1,383	1,465	1,383	16,800	16,850	1,825	1,683	1,825	1,742	19,800	19,850	2,185	1,991	2,185	2,102			
13,850	13,900	1,471	1,388	1,471	1,388	16,850	16,900	1,831	1,688	1,831	1,748	19,850	19,900	2,191	1,997	2,191	2,108			
13,900	13,950	1,477	1,393	1,477	1,393	16,900	16,950	1,837	1,693	1,837	1,754	19,900	19,950	2,197	2,003	2,197	2,114			
13,950	14,000	1,483	1,398	1,483	1,398	16,950	17,000	1,843	1,698	1,843	1,760	19,950	20,000	2,203	2,009	2,203	2,120			
14,000						17,000						20,000								
14,000	14,050	1,489	1,403	1,489	1,406	17,000	17,050	1,849	1,703	1,849	1,766	20,000	20,050	2,209	2,015	2,209	2,126			
14,050	14,100	1,495	1,408	1,495	1,412	17,050	17,100	1,855	1,708	1,855	1,772	20,050	20,100	2,215	2,021	2,215	2,132			
14,100	14,150	1,501	1,413	1,501	1,418	17,100	17,150	1,861	1,713	1,861	1,778	20,100	20,150	2,221	2,027	2,221	2,138			
14,150	14,200	1,507	1,418	1,507	1,424	17,150	17,200	1,867	1,718	1,867	1,784	20,150	20,200	2,227	2,033	2,227	2,144			
14,200	14,250	1,513	1,423	1,513	1,430	17,200	17,250	1,873	1,723	1,873	1,790	20,200	20,250	2,233	2,039	2,233	2,150			
14,250	14,300	1,519	1,428	1,519	1,436	17,250	17,300	1,879	1,728	1,879	1,796	20,250	20,300	2,239	2,045	2,239	2,156			
14,300	14,350	1,525	1,433	1,525	1,442	17,300	17,350	1,885	1,733	1,885	1,802	20,300	20,350	2,245	2,051	2,245	2,162			
14,350	14,400	1,531	1,438	1,531	1,448	17,350	17,400	1,891	1,738	1,891	1,808	20,350	20,400	2,251	2,057	2,251	2,168			
14,400	14,450	1,537	1,443	1,537	1,454	17,400	17,450	1,897	1,743	1,897	1,814	20,400	20,450	2,257	2,063	2,257	2,174			
14,450	14,500	1,543	1,448	1,543	1,460	17,450	17,500	1,903	1,748	1,903	1,820	20,450	20,500	2,263	2,069	2,263	2,180			
14,500	14,550	1,549	1,453	1,549	1,466	17,500	17,550	1,909	1,753	1,909	1,826	20,500	20,550	2,269	2,075	2,269	2,186			
14,550	14,600	1,555	1,458	1,555	1,472	17,550	17,600	1,915	1,758	1,915	1,832	20,550	20,600	2,275	2,081	2,275	2,192			
14,600	14,650	1,561	1,463	1,561	1,478	17,600	17,650	1,921	1,763	1,921	1,838	20,600	20,650	2,281	2,087	2,281	2,198			
14,650	14,700	1,567	1,468	1,567	1,484	17,650	17,700	1,927	1,768	1,927	1,844	20,650	20,700	2,287	2,093	2,287	2,204			
14,700	14,750	1,573	1,473	1,573	1,490	17,700	17,750	1,933	1,773	1,933	1,850	20,700	20,750	2,293	2,099	2,293	2,210			
14,750	14,800	1,579	1,478	1,579	1,496	17,750	17,800	1,939	1,778	1,939	1,856	20,750	20,800	2,299	2,105	2,299	2,216			
14,800	14,850	1,585	1,483	1,585	1,502	17,800	17,850	1,945	1,783	1,945	1,862	20,800	20,850	2,305	2,111	2,305	2,222			
14,850	14,900	1,591	1,488	1,591	1,508	17,850	17,900	1,951	1,788	1,951	1,868	20,850	20,900	2,311	2,117	2,311	2,228			
14,900	14,950	1,597	1,493	1,597	1,514	17,900	17,950	1,957	1,793	1,957	1,874	20,900	20,950	2,317	2,123	2,317	2,234			
14,950	15,000	1,603	1,498	1,603	1,520	17,950	18,000	1,963	1,798	1,963	1,880	20,950	21,000	2,323	2,129	2,323	2,240			

(Continued)

If line 11b (taxable income) is—		And you are—				If line 11b (taxable income) is—		And you are—				If line 11b (taxable income) is—		And you are—									
At least	But less than	Single	Married filing jointly *	Married filing separately	Head of a household	At least	But less than	Single	Married filing jointly *	Married filing separately	Head of a household	At least	But less than	Single	Married filing jointly *	Married filing separately	Head of a household	At least	But less than	Single	Married filing jointly *	Married filing separately	Head of a household
		Your tax is—						Your tax is—						Your tax is—									
21,000																							
21,000	21,050	2,329	2,135	2,329	2,246	21,000	21,050	2,689	2,495	2,689	2,606	27,000	27,050	3,049	2,855	3,049	2,966	27,000	27,050	3,049	2,855	3,049	2,966
21,050	21,100	2,335	2,141	2,335	2,252	21,050	21,100	2,695	2,501	2,695	2,612	27,050	27,100	3,055	2,861	3,055	2,972	27,050	27,100	3,055	2,861	3,055	2,972
21,100	21,150	2,341	2,147	2,341	2,258	21,100	21,150	2,701	2,507	2,701	2,618	27,100	27,150	3,061	2,867	3,061	2,978	27,100	27,150	3,061	2,867	3,061	2,978
21,150	21,200	2,347	2,153	2,347	2,264	21,150	21,200	2,707	2,513	2,707	2,624	27,150	27,200	3,067	2,873	3,067	2,984	27,150	27,200	3,067	2,873	3,067	2,984
21,200	21,250	2,353	2,159	2,353	2,270	21,200	21,250	2,713	2,519	2,713	2,630	27,200	27,250	3,073	2,879	3,073	2,990	27,200	27,250	3,073	2,879	3,073	2,990
21,250	21,300	2,359	2,165	2,359	2,276	21,250	21,300	2,719	2,525	2,719	2,636	27,250	27,300	3,079	2,885	3,079	2,996	27,250	27,300	3,079	2,885	3,079	2,996
21,300	21,350	2,365	2,171	2,365	2,282	21,300	21,350	2,725	2,531	2,725	2,642	27,300	27,350	3,085	2,891	3,085	3,002	27,300	27,350	3,085	2,891	3,085	3,002
21,350	21,400	2,371	2,177	2,371	2,288	21,350	21,400	2,731	2,537	2,731	2,648	27,350	27,400	3,091	2,897	3,091	3,008	27,350	27,400	3,091	2,897	3,091	3,008
21,400	21,450	2,377	2,183	2,377	2,294	21,400	21,450	2,737	2,543	2,737	2,654	27,400	27,450	3,097	2,903	3,097	3,014	27,400	27,450	3,097	2,903	3,097	3,014
21,450	21,500	2,383	2,189	2,383	2,300	21,450	21,500	2,743	2,549	2,743	2,660	27,450	27,500	3,103	2,909	3,103	3,020	27,450	27,500	3,103	2,909	3,103	3,020
21,500	21,550	2,389	2,195	2,389	2,306	21,500	21,550	2,749	2,555	2,749	2,666	27,500	27,550	3,109	2,915	3,109	3,026	27,500	27,550	3,109	2,915	3,109	3,026
21,550	21,600	2,395	2,201	2,395	2,312	21,550	21,600	2,755	2,561	2,755	2,672	27,550	27,600	3,115	2,921	3,115	3,032	27,550	27,600	3,115	2,921	3,115	3,032
21,600	21,650	2,401	2,207	2,401	2,318	21,600	21,650	2,761	2,567	2,761	2,678	27,600	27,650	3,121	2,927	3,121	3,038	27,600	27,650	3,121	2,927	3,121	3,038
21,650	21,700	2,407	2,213	2,407	2,324	21,650	21,700	2,767	2,573	2,767	2,684	27,650	27,700	3,127	2,933	3,127	3,044	27,650	27,700	3,127	2,933	3,127	3,044
21,700	21,750	2,413	2,219	2,413	2,330	21,700	21,750	2,773	2,579	2,773	2,690	27,700	27,750	3,133	2,939	3,133	3,050	27,700	27,750	3,133	2,939	3,133	3,050
21,750	21,800	2,419	2,225	2,419	2,336	21,750	21,800	2,779	2,585	2,779	2,696	27,750	27,800	3,139	2,945	3,139	3,056	27,750	27,800	3,139	2,945	3,139	3,056
21,800	21,850	2,425	2,231	2,425	2,342	21,800	21,850	2,785	2,591	2,785	2,702	27,800	27,850	3,145	2,951	3,145	3,062	27,800	27,850	3,145	2,951	3,145	3,062
21,850	21,900	2,431	2,237	2,431	2,348	21,850	21,900	2,791	2,597	2,791	2,708	27,850	27,900	3,151	2,957	3,151	3,068	27,850	27,900	3,151	2,957	3,151	3,068
21,900	21,950	2,437	2,243	2,437	2,354	21,900	21,950	2,797	2,603	2,797	2,714	27,900	27,950	3,157	2,963	3,157	3,074	27,900	27,950	3,157	2,963	3,157	3,074
21,950	22,000	2,443	2,249	2,443	2,360	21,950	22,000	2,803	2,609	2,803	2,720	27,950	28,000	3,163	2,969	3,163	3,080	27,950	28,000	3,163	2,969	3,163	3,080
22,000																							
22,000	22,050	2,449	2,255	2,449	2,366	22,000	22,050	2,809	2,615	2,809	2,726	28,000	28,050	3,169	2,975	3,169	3,086	28,000	28,050	3,169	2,975	3,169	3,086
22,050	22,100	2,455	2,261	2,455	2,372	22,050	22,100	2,815	2,621	2,815	2,732	28,050	28,100	3,175	2,981	3,175	3,092	28,050	28,100	3,175	2,981	3,175	3,092
22,100	22,150	2,461	2,267	2,461	2,378	22,100	22,150	2,821	2,627	2,821	2,738	28,100	28,150	3,181	2,987	3,181	3,098	28,100	28,150	3,181	2,987	3,181	3,098
22,150	22,200	2,467	2,273	2,467	2,384	22,150	22,200	2,827	2,633	2,827	2,744	28,150	28,200	3,187	2,993	3,187	3,104	28,150	28,200	3,187	2,993	3,187	3,104
22,200	22,250	2,473	2,279	2,473	2,390	22,200	22,250	2,833	2,639	2,833	2,750	28,200	28,250	3,193	2,999	3,193	3,110	28,200	28,250	3,193	2,999	3,193	3,110
22,250	22,300	2,479	2,285	2,479	2,396	22,250	22,300	2,839	2,645	2,839	2,756	28,250	28,300	3,199	3,005	3,199	3,116	28,250	28,300	3,199	3,005	3,199	3,116
22,300	22,350	2,485	2,291	2,485	2,402	22,300	22,350	2,845	2,651	2,845	2,762	28,300	28,350	3,205	3,011	3,205	3,122	28,300	28,350	3,205	3,011	3,205	3,122
22,350	22,400	2,491	2,297	2,491	2,408	22,350	22,400	2,851	2,657	2,851	2,768	28,350	28,400	3,211	3,017	3,211	3,128	28,350	28,400	3,211	3,017	3,211	3,128
22,400	22,450	2,497	2,303	2,497	2,414	22,400	22,450	2,857	2,663	2,857	2,774	28,400	28,450	3,217	3,023	3,217	3,134	28,400	28,450	3,217	3,023	3,217	3,134
22,450	22,500	2,503	2,309	2,503	2,420	22,450	22,500	2,863	2,669	2,863	2,780	28,450	28,500	3,223	3,029	3,223	3,140	28,450	28,500	3,223	3,029	3,223	3,140
22,500	22,550	2,509	2,315	2,509	2,426	22,500	22,550	2,869	2,675	2,869	2,786	28,500	28,550	3,229	3,035	3,229	3,146	28,500	28,550	3,229	3,035	3,229	3,146
22,550	22,600	2,515	2,321	2,515	2,432	22,550	22,600	2,875	2,681	2,875	2,792	28,550	28,600	3,235	3,041	3,235	3,152	28,550	28,600	3,235	3,041	3,235	3,152
22,600	22,650	2,521	2,327	2,521	2,438	22,600	22,650	2,881	2,687	2,881	2,798	28,600	28,650	3,241	3,047	3,241	3,158	28,600	28,650	3,241	3,047	3,241	3,158
22,650	22,700	2,527	2,333	2,527	2,444	22,650	22,700	2,887	2,693	2,887	2,804	28,650	28,700	3,247	3,053	3,247	3,164	28,650	28,700	3,247	3,053	3,247	3,164
22,700	22,750	2,533	2,339	2,533	2,450	22,700	22,750	2,893	2,699	2,893	2,810	28,700	28,750	3,253	3,059	3,253	3,170	28,700	28,750	3,253	3,059	3,253	3,170
22,750	22,800	2,539	2,345	2,539	2,456	22,750	22,800	2,899	2,705	2,899	2,816	28,750	28,800	3,259	3,065	3,259	3,176	28,750	28,800	3,259	3,065	3,259	3,176
22,800	22,850	2,545	2,351	2,545	2,462	22,800	22,850	2,905	2,711	2,905	2,822	28,800	28,850	3,265	3,071	3,265	3,182	28,800	28,850	3,265	3,071	3,265	3,182
22,850	22,900	2,551	2,357	2,551	2,468	22,850	22,900	2,911	2,717	2,911	2,828	28,850	28,900	3,271	3,077	3,271	3,188	28,850	28,900	3,271	3,077	3,271	3,188
22,900	22,950	2,557	2,363	2,557	2,474	22,900	22,950	2,917	2,723	2,917	2,834	28,900	28,950	3,277	3,083	3,277	3,194	28,900	28,950	3,277	3,083	3,277	3,194
22,950	23,000	2,563	2,369	2,563	2,480	22,950	23,000	2,923	2,729	2,923	2,840	28,950	29,000	3,283	3,089	3,283	3,200	28,950	29,000	3,283	3,089	3,283	3,200
23,000																							
23,000	23,050	2,569	2,375	2,569	2,486	23,000	23,050	2,929	2,735	2,929	2,846	29,000	29,050	3,289	3,095	3,289	3,206	29,000	29,050	3,289	3,095	3,289	3,206
23,050	23,100	2,575	2,381	2,575	2,492	23,050	23,100	2,935	2,741	2,935	2,852	29,050	29,100	3,295	3,101	3,295	3,212	29,050	29,100	3,295	3,101	3,295	3,212
23,100	23,150	2,581	2,387	2,581	2,498	23,100	23,150	2,941	2,747	2,941	2,858	29,100	29,150	3,301	3,107	3,301	3,218	29,100	29,150	3,301	3,107	3,301	3,218
23,150	23,200	2,587	2,393	2,587	2,504	23,150	23,200	2,947	2,753	2,947	2,864	29,150	29,200	3,307	3,113	3,307	3,224	29,150	29,200	3,307	3,113	3,307	3,224
23,200	23,250	2,593	2,399	2,593	2,510	23,200	23,250	2,953	2,759	2,953	2,870	29,200	29,250	3,313	3,119	3,313	3,230	29,200	29,250	3,313	3,119	3,313	3,230
23,250	23,300	2,599	2,405	2,599	2,516	23,250	23,300	2,959	2,765	2,959	2,876	29,250	29,300	3,319	3,125	3,319	3,236	29,250	29,300	3,319	3,125	3,319	3,236
23,300	23,350	2,605	2,411	2,605	2,522	23,300	23,350	2,965	2,771	2,965	2,88												

If line 11b (taxable income) is—		And you are—				Your tax is—	If line 11b (taxable income) is—		And you are—				Your tax is—	If line 11b (taxable income) is—		And you are—				Your tax is—																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																							
		Single	Married filing jointly *	Married filing separately	Head of a household				Single	Married filing jointly *	Married filing separately	Head of a household				Single	Married filing jointly *	Married filing separately	Head of a household		Single	Married filing jointly *	Married filing separately	Head of a household																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																			
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30,000	30,050	3,409	3,215	3,409	3,326	33,000	33,050	3,769	3,575	3,769	3,686	36,000	36,050	4,129	3,935	4,129	4,046	30,050	30,100	3,415	3,221	3,415	3,332	33,050	33,100	3,775	3,581	3,775	3,692	36,050	36,100	4,135	3,941	4,135	4,052	30,100	30,150	3,421	3,227	3,421	3,338	33,100	33,150	3,781	3,587	3,781	3,698	36,100	36,150	4,141	3,947	4,141	4,058	30,150	30,200	3,427	3,233	3,427	3,344	33,150	33,200	3,787	3,593	3,787	3,704	36,150	36,200	4,147	3,953	4,147	4,064	30,200	30,250	3,433	3,239	3,433	3,350	33,200	33,250	3,793	3,599	3,793	3,710	36,200	36,250	4,153	3,959	4,153	4,070	30,250	30,300	3,439	3,245	3,439	3,356	33,250	33,300	3,799	3,605	3,799	3,716	36,250	36,300	4,159	3,965	4,159	4,076	30,300	30,350	3,445	3,251	3,445	3,362	33,300	33,350	3,805	3,611	3,805	3,722	36,300	36,350	4,165	3,971	4,165	4,082	30,350	30,400	3,451	3,257	3,451	3,368	33,350	33,400	3,811	3,617	3,811	3,728	36,350	36,400	4,171	3,977	4,171	4,088	30,400	30,450	3,457	3,263	3,457	3,374	33,400	33,450	3,817	3,623	3,817	3,734	36,400	36,450	4,177	3,983	4,177	4,094	30,450	30,500	3,463	3,269	3,463	3,380	33,450	33,500	3,823	3,629	3,823	3,740	36,450	36,500	4,183	3,989	4,183	4,100	30,500	30,550	3,469	3,275	3,469	3,386	33,500	33,550	3,829	3,635	3,829	3,746	36,500	36,550	4,189	3,995	4,189	4,106	30,550	30,600	3,475	3,281	3,475	3,392	33,550	33,600	3,835	3,641	3,835	3,752	36,550	36,600	4,195	4,001	4,195	4,112	30,600	30,650	3,481	3,287	3,481	3,398	33,600	33,650	3,841	3,647	3,841	3,758	36,600	36,650	4,201	4,007	4,201	4,118	30,650	30,700	3,487	3,293	3,487	3,404	33,650	33,700	3,847	3,653	3,847	3,764	36,650	36,700	4,207	4,013	4,207	4,124	30,700	30,750	3,493	3,299	3,493	3,410	33,700	33,750	3,853	3,659	3,853	3,770	36,700	36,750	4,213	4,019	4,213	4,130	30,750	30,800	3,499	3,305	3,499	3,416	33,750	33,800	3,859	3,665	3,859	3,776	36,750	36,800	4,219	4,025	4,219	4,136	30,800	30,850	3,505	3,311	3,505	3,422	33,800	33,850	3,865	3,671	3,865	3,782	36,800	36,850	4,225	4,031	4,225	4,142	30,850	30,900	3,511	3,317	3,511	3,428	33,850	33,900	3,871	3,677	3,871	3,788	36,850	36,900	4,231	4,037	4,231	4,148	30,900	30,950	3,517	3,323	3,517	3,434	33,900	33,950	3,877	3,683	3,877	3,794	36,900	36,950	4,237	4,043	4,237	4,154	30,950	31,000	3,523	3,329	3,523	3,440	33,950	34,000	3,883	3,689	3,883	3,800	36,950	37,000	4,243	4,049	4,243	4,160	31,000						34,000						37,000						31,000	31,050	3,529	3,335	3,529	3,446	34,000	34,050	3,889	3,695	3,889	3,806	37,000	37,050	4,249	4,055	4,249	4,166	31,050	31,100	3,535	3,341	3,535	3,452	34,050	34,100	3,895	3,701	3,895	3,812	37,050	37,100	4,255	4,061	4,255	4,172	31,100	31,150	3,541	3,347	3,541	3,458	34,100	34,150	3,901	3,707	3,901	3,818	37,100	37,150	4,261	4,067	4,261	4,178	31,150	31,200	3,547	3,353	3,547	3,464	34,150	34,200	3,907	3,713	3,907	3,824	37,150	37,200	4,267	4,073	4,267	4,184	31,200	31,250	3,553	3,359	3,553	3,470	34,200	34,250	3,913	3,719	3,913	3,830	37,200	37,250	4,273	4,079	4,273	4,190	31,250	31,300	3,559	3,365	3,559	3,476	34,250	34,300	3,919	3,725	3,919	3,836	37,250	37,300	4,279	4,085	4,279	4,196	31,300	31,350	3,565	3,371	3,565	3,482	34,300	34,350	3,925	3,731	3,925	3,842	37,300	37,350	4,285	4,091	4,285	4,202	31,350	31,400	3,571	3,377	3,571	3,488	34,350	34,400	3,931	3,737	3,931	3,848	37,350	37,400	4,291	4,097	4,291	4,208	31,400	31,450	3,577	3,383	3,577	3,494	34,400	34,450	3,937	3,743	3,937	3,854	37,400	37,450	4,297	4,103	4,297	4,214	31,450	31,500	3,583	3,389	3,583	3,500	34,450	34,500	3,943	3,749	3,943	3,860	37,450	37,500	4,303	4,109	4,303	4,220	31,500	31,550	3,589	3,395	3,589	3,506	34,500	34,550	3,949	3,755	3,949	3,866	37,500	37,550	4,309	4,115	4,309	4,226	31,550	31,600	3,595	3,401	3,595	3,512	34,550	34,600	3,955	3,761	3,955	3,872	37,550	37,600	4,315	4,121	4,315	4,232	31,600	31,650	3,601	3,407	3,601	3,518	34,600	34,650	3,961	3,767	3,961	3,878	37,600	37,650	4,321	4,127	4,321	4,238	31,650	31,700	3,607	3,413	3,607	3,524	34,650	34,700	3,967	3,773	3,967	3,884	37,650	37,700	4,327	4,133	4,327	4,244	31,700	31,750	3,613	3,419	3,613	3,530	34,700	34,750	3,973	3,779	3,973	3,890	37,700	37,750	4,333	4,139	4,333	4,250	31,750	31,800	3,619	3,425	3,619	3,536	34,750	34,800	3,979	3,785	3,979	3,896	37,750	37,800	4,339	4,145	4,339	4,256	31,800	31,850	3,625	3,431	3,625	3,542	34,800	34,850	3,985	3,791	3,985	3,902	37,800	37,850	4,345	4,151	4,345	4,262	31,850	31,900	3,631	3,437	3,631	3,548	34,850	34,900	3,991	3,797	3,991	3,908	37,850	37,900	4,351	4,157	4,351	4,268	31,900	31,950	3,637	3,443	3,637	3,554	34,900	34,950	3,997	3,803	3,997	3,914	37,900	37,950	4,357	4,163	4,357	4,274	31,950	32,000	3,643	3,449	3,643	3,560	34,950	35,000	4,003	3,809	4,003	3,920	37,950	38,000	4,363	4,169	4,363	4,280	32,000						35,000						38,000						32,000	32,050	3,649	3,455	3,649	3,566	35,000	35,050	4,009	3,815	4,009	3,926	38,000	38,050	4,369	4,175	4,369	4,286	32,050	32,100	3,655	3,461	3,655	3,572	35,050	35,100	4,015	3,821	4,015	3,932	38,050	38,100	4,375	4,181	4,375	4,292	32,100	32,150	3,661	3,467	3,661	3,578	35,100	35,150	4,021	3,827	4,021	3,938	38,100	38,150	4,381	4,187	4,381	4,298	32,150	32,200	3,667	3,473	3,667	3,584	35,150	35,200	4,027	3,833	4,027	3,944	38,150	38,200	4,387	4,193	4,387	4,304	32,200	32,250	3,673	3,479	3,673	3,590	35,200	35,250	4,033	3,839	4,033	3,950	38,200	38,250	4,393	4,199	4,393	4,310	32,250	32,300	3,679	3,485	3,679	3,596	35,250	35,300	4,039	3,845	4,039	3,956	38,250	38,300	4,399	4,205	4,399	4,316	32,300	32,350	3,685	3,491	3,685	3,602	35,300	35,350	4,045	3,851	4,045	3,962	38,300	38,350	4,405	4,211	4,405	4,322	32,350	32,400	3,691	3,497	3,691	3,608	35,350	35,400	4,051	3,857	4,051	3,968	38,350	38,400	4,411	4,217	4,411	4,328	32,400	32,450	3,697	3,503	3,697	3,614	35,400	35,450	4,057	3,863	4,057	3,974	38,400	38,450	4,417	4,223	4,417	4,334	32,450	32,500	3,703	3,509	3,703	3,620	35,450	35,500	4,063	3,869	4,063	3,980	38,450	38,500	4,423	4,229	4,423	4,340	32,500	32,550	3,709	3,515	3,709	3,626	35,500	35,550	4,069	3,875	4,069	3,986	38,500	38,550	4,429	4,235	4,429	4,346	32,550	32,600	3,715	3,521	3,715	3,632	35,550	35,600	4,075	3,881	4,075	3,992	38,550	38,600	4,435	4,241	4,435	4,352	32,600	32,650	3,721	3,527	3,721	3,638	35,600	35,650	4,081	3,887	4,081	3,998	38,600	38,650	4,441	4,247	4,441	4,358	32,650	32,700	3,727	3,533	3,727	3,644	35,650	35,700	4,087	3,893	4,087	4,004	38,650	38,700	4,447	4,253	4,447	4,364	32,700	32,750	3,733	3,539	3,733	3,650	35,700	35,750	4,093	3,899	4,093	4,010	38,700	38,750	4,453	4,259	4,453	4,370	32,750	32,800	3,739	3,545	3,739	3,656	35,750	35,800	4,099	3,905	4,099	4,016	38,750	38,800	4,459	4,265	4,459	4,376	32,800	32,850	3,745	3,551	3,745	3,662	35,800	35,850	4,105	3,911	4,105	4,022	38,800	38,850	4,465	4,271	4,465	4,382	32,850	32,900	3,751	3,557	3,751	3,668	35,850	35,900	4,111	3,917	4,111	4,028	38,850	38,900	4,471	4,277	4,471	4,388	32,900	32,950	3,757	3,563	3,757	3,674	35,900	35,950	4,117	3,923	4,117	4,034	38,900	38,950	4,477	4,283	4,477	4,394	32,950	33,000	3,763	3,569	3,763	3,680	35,950	36,000	4,123	3,929	4,123	4,040	38,950	39,000	4,483	4,289	4,483	4,400
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31,000	31,050	3,529	3,335	3,529	3,446	34,000	34,050	3,889	3,695	3,889	3,806	37,000	37,050	4,249	4,055	4,249	4,166	31,050	31,100	3,535	3,341	3,535	3,452	34,050	34,100	3,895	3,701	3,895	3,812	37,050	37,100	4,255	4,061	4,255	4,172	31,100	31,150	3,541	3,347	3,541	3,458	34,100	34,150	3,901	3,707	3,901	3,818	37,100	37,150	4,261	4,067	4,261	4,178	31,150	31,200	3,547	3,353	3,547	3,464	34,150	34,200	3,907	3,713	3,907	3,824	37,150	37,200	4,267	4,073	4,267	4,184	31,200	31,250	3,553	3,359	3,553	3,470	34,200	34,250	3,913	3,719	3,913	3,830	37,200	37,250	4,273	4,079	4,273	4,190	31,250	31,300	3,559	3,365	3,559	3,476	34,250	34,300	3,919	3,725	3,919	3,836	37,250	37,300	4,279	4,085	4,279	4,196	31,300	31,350	3,565	3,371	3,565	3,482	34,300	34,350	3,925	3,731	3,925	3,842	37,300	37,350	4,285	4,091	4,285	4,202	31,350	31,400	3,571	3,377	3,571	3,488	34,350	34,400	3,931	3,737	3,931	3,848	37,350	37,400	4,291	4,097	4,291	4,208	31,400	31,450	3,577	3,383	3,577	3,494	34,400	34,450	3,937	3,743	3,937	3,854	37,400	37,450	4,297	4,103	4,297	4,214	31,450	31,500	3,583	3,389	3,583	3,500	34,450	34,500	3,943	3,749	3,943	3,860	37,450	37,500	4,303	4,109	4,303	4,220	31,500	31,550	3,589	3,395	3,589	3,506	34,500	34,550	3,949	3,755	3,949	3,866	37,500	37,550	4,309	4,115	4,309	4,226	31,550	31,600	3,595	3,401	3,595	3,512	34,550	34,600	3,955	3,761	3,955	3,872	37,550	37,600	4,315	4,121	4,315	4,232	31,600	31,650	3,601	3,407	3,601	3,518	34,600	34,650	3,961	3,767	3,961	3,878	37,600	37,650	4,321	4,127	4,321	4,238	31,650	31,700	3,607	3,413	3,607	3,524	34,650	34,700	3,967	3,773	3,967	3,884	37,650	37,700	4,327	4,133	4,327	4,244	31,700	31,750	3,613	3,419	3,613	3,530	34,700	34,750	3,973	3,779	3,973	3,890	37,700	37,750	4,333	4,139	4,333	4,250	31,750	31,800	3,619	3,425	3,619	3,536	34,750	34,800	3,979	3,785	3,979	3,896	37,750	37,800	4,339	4,145	4,339	4,256	31,800	31,850	3,625	3,431	3,625	3,542	34,800	34,850	3,985	3,791	3,985	3,902	37,800	37,850	4,345	4,151	4,345	4,262	31,850	31,900	3,631	3,437	3,631	3,548	34,850	34,900	3,991	3,797	3,991	3,908	37,850	37,900	4,351	4,157	4,351	4,268	31,900	31,950	3,637	3,443	3,637	3,554	34,900	34,950	3,997	3,803	3,997	3,914	37,900	37,950	4,357	4,163	4,357	4,274	31,950	32,000	3,643	3,449	3,643	3,560	34,950	35,000	4,003	3,809	4,003	3,920	37,950	38,000	4,363	4,169	4,363	4,280	32,000						35,000						38,000						32,000	32,050	3,649	3,455	3,649	3,566	35,000	35,050	4,009	3,815	4,009	3,926	38,000	38,050	4,369	4,175	4,369	4,286	32,050	32,100	3,655	3,461	3,655	3,572	35,050	35,100	4,015	3,821	4,015	3,932	38,050	38,100	4,375	4,181	4,375	4,292	32,100	32,150	3,661	3,467	3,661	3,578	35,100	35,150	4,021	3,827	4,021	3,938	38,100	38,150	4,381	4,187	4,381	4,298	32,150	32,200	3,667	3,473	3,667	3,584	35,150	35,200	4,027	3,833	4,027	3,944	38,150	38,200	4,387	4,193	4,387	4,304	32,200	32,250	3,673	3,479	3,673	3,590	35,200	35,250	4,033	3,839	4,033	3,950	38,200	38,250	4,393	4,199	4,393	4,310	32,250	32,300	3,679	3,485	3,679	3,596	35,250	35,300	4,039	3,845	4,039	3,956	38,250	38,300	4,399	4,205	4,399	4,316	32,300	32,350	3,685	3,491	3,685	3,602	35,300	35,350	4,045	3,851	4,045	3,962	38,300	38,350	4,405	4,211	4,405	4,322	32,350	32,400	3,691	3,497	3,691	3,608	35,350	35,400	4,051	3,857	4,051	3,968	38,350	38,400	4,411	4,217	4,411	4,328	32,400	32,450	3,697	3,503	3,697	3,614	35,400	35,450	4,057	3,863	4,057	3,974	38,400	38,450	4,417	4,223	4,417	4,334	32,450	32,500	3,703	3,509	3,703	3,620	35,450	35,500	4,063	3,869	4,063	3,980	38,450	38,500	4,423	4,229	4,423	4,340	32,500	32,550	3,709	3,515	3,709	3,626	35,500	35,550	4,069	3,875	4,069	3,986	38,500	38,550	4,429	4,235	4,429	4,346	32,550	32,600	3,715	3,521	3,715	3,632	35,550	35,600	4,075	3,881	4,075	3,992	38,550	38,600	4,435	4,241	4,435	4,352	32,600	32,650	3,721	3,527	3,721	3,638	35,600	35,650	4,081	3,887	4,081	3,998	38,600	38,650	4,441	4,247	4,441	4,358	32,650	32,700	3,727	3,533	3,727	3,644	35,650	35,700	4,087	3,893	4,087	4,004	38,650	38,700	4,447	4,253	4,447	4,364	32,700	32,750	3,733	3,539	3,733	3,650	35,700	35,750	4,093	3,899	4,093	4,010	38,700	38,750	4,453	4,259	4,453	4,370	32,750	32,800	3,739	3,545	3,739	3,656	35,750	35,800	4,099	3,905	4,099	4,016	38,750	38,800	4,459	4,265	4,459	4,376	32,800	32,850	3,745	3,551	3,745	3,662	35,800	35,850	4,105	3,911	4,105	4,022	38,800	38,850	4,465	4,271	4,465	4,382	32,850	32,900	3,751	3,557	3,751	3,668	35,850	35,900	4,111	3,917	4,111	4,028	38,850	38,900	4,471	4,277	4,471	4,388	32,900	32,950	3,757	3,563	3,757	3,674	35,900	35,950	4,117	3,923	4,117	4,034	38,900	38,950	4,477	4,283	4,477	4,394	32,950	33,000	3,763	3,569	3,763	3,680	35,950	36,000	4,123	3,929	4,123	4,040	38,950	39,000	4,483	4,289	4,483	4,400																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																										
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32,000	32,050	3,649	3,455	3,649	3,566	35,000	35,050	4,009	3,815	4,009	3,926	38,000	38,050	4,369	4,175	4,369	4,286	32,050	32,100	3,655	3,461	3,655	3,572	35,050	35,100	4,015	3,821	4,015	3,932	38,050	38,100	4,375	4,181	4,375	4,292	32,100	32,150	3,661	3,467	3,661	3,578	35,100	35,150	4,021	3,827	4,021	3,938	38,100	38,150	4,381	4,187	4,381	4,298	32,150	32,200	3,667	3,473	3,667	3,584	35,150	35,200	4,027	3,833	4,027	3,944	38,150	38,200	4,387	4,193	4,387	4,304	32,200	32,250	3,673	3,479	3,673	3,590	35,200	35,250	4,033	3,839	4,033	3,950	38,200	38,250	4,393	4,199	4,393	4,310	32,250	32,300	3,679	3,485	3,679	3,596	35,250	35,300	4,039	3,845	4,039	3,956	38,250	38,300	4,399	4,205	4,399	4,316	32,300	32,350	3,685	3,491	3,685	3,602	35,300	35,350	4,045	3,851	4,045	3,962	38,300	38,350	4,405	4,211	4,405	4,322	32,350	32,400	3,691	3,497	3,691	3,608	35,350	35,400	4,051	3,857	4,051	3,968	38,350	38,400	4,411	4,217	4,411	4,328	32,400	32,450	3,697	3,503	3,697	3,614	35,400	35,450	4,057	3,863	4,057	3,974	38,400	38,450	4,417	4,223	4,417	4,334	32,450	32,500	3,703	3,509	3,703	3,620	35,450	35,500	4,063	3,869	4,063	3,980	38,450	38,500	4,423	4,229	4,423	4,340	32,500	32,550	3,709	3,515	3,709	3,626	35,500	35,550	4,069	3,875	4,069	3,986	38,500	38,550	4,429	4,235	4,429	4,346	32,550	32,600	3,715	3,521	3,715	3,632	35,550	35,600	4,075	3,881	4,075	3,992	38,550	38,600	4,435	4,241	4,435	4,352	32,600	32,650	3,721	3,527	3,721	3,638	35,600	35,650	4,081	3,887	4,081	3,998	38,600	38,650	4,441	4,247	4,441	4,358	32,650	32,700	3,727	3,533	3,727	3,644	35,650	35,700	4,087	3,893	4,087	4,004	38,650	38,700	4,447	4,253	4,447	4,364	32,700	32,750	3,733	3,539	3,733	3,650	35,700	35,750	4,093	3,899	4,093	4,010	38,700	38,750	4,453	4,259	4,453	4,370	32,750	32,800	3,739	3,545	3,739	3,656	35,750	35,800	4,099	3,905	4,099	4,016	38,750	38,800	4,459	4,265	4,459	4,376	32,800	32,850	3,745	3,551	3,745	3,662	35,800	35,850	4,105	3,911	4,105	4,022	38,800	38,850	4,465	4,271	4,465	4,382	32,850	32,900	3,751	3,557	3,751	3,668	35,850	35,900	4,111	3,917	4,111	4,028	38,850	38,900	4,471	4,277	4,471	4,388	32,900	32,950	3,757	3,563	3,757	3,674	35,900	35,950	4,117	3,923	4,117	4,034	38,900	38,950	4,477	4,283	4,477	4,394	32,950	33,000	3,763	3,569	3,763	3,680	35,950	36,000	4,123	3,929	4,123	4,040	38,950	39,000	4,483	4,289	4,483	4,400																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																				

(Continued)

* This column must also be used by a qualifying widow(er).

If line 11b (taxable income) is—		And you are—				Your tax is—	If line 11b (taxable income) is—		And you are—				Your tax is—	If line 11b (taxable income) is—		And you are—				Your tax is—																					
		Single	Married filing jointly *	Married filing separately	Head of a household				Single	Married filing jointly *	Married filing separately	Head of a household				Single	Married filing jointly *	Married filing separately	Head of a household		Single	Married filing jointly *	Married filing separately	Head of a household																	
39,000						42,000						45,000																													
39,000	39,050	4,489	4,295	4,489	4,406	42,000	42,050	5,104	4,655	5,104	4,766	45,000	45,050	5,764	5,015	5,764	5,126	45,050	45,100	5,775	5,021	5,775	5,132	45,100	45,150	5,786	5,027	5,786	5,138	45,150	45,200	5,797	5,033	5,797	5,144	45,200	45,250	5,808	5,039	5,808	5,150
39,050	39,100	4,495	4,301	4,495	4,412	42,050	42,100	5,115	4,661	5,115	4,772	45,250	45,300	5,819	5,045	5,819	5,156	45,300	45,350	5,830	5,051	5,830	5,162	45,350	45,400	5,841	5,057	5,841	5,168	45,400	45,450	5,852	5,063	5,852	5,174	45,450	45,500	5,863	5,069	5,863	5,180
39,100	39,150	4,501	4,307	4,501	4,418	42,100	42,150	5,126	4,667	5,126	4,778	45,500	45,550	5,874	5,075	5,874	5,186	45,550	45,600	5,885	5,081	5,885	5,192	45,600	45,650	5,896	5,087	5,896	5,198	45,650	45,700	5,907	5,093	5,907	5,204	45,700	45,750	5,918	5,099	5,918	5,210
39,150	39,200	4,507	4,313	4,507	4,424	42,150	42,200	5,137	4,673	5,137	4,784	45,750	45,800	5,929	5,105	5,929	5,216	45,800	45,850	5,940	5,111	5,940	5,222	45,850	45,900	5,951	5,117	5,951	5,228	45,900	45,950	5,962	5,123	5,962	5,234	45,950	46,000	5,973	5,129	5,973	5,240
39,200	39,250	4,513	4,319	4,513	4,430	42,200	42,250	5,148	4,679	5,148	4,790	45,800	45,850	5,940	5,111	5,940	5,222	45,850	45,900	5,951	5,117	5,951	5,228	45,900	45,950	5,962	5,123	5,962	5,234	45,950	46,000	5,973	5,129	5,973	5,240						
39,250	39,300	4,519	4,325	4,519	4,436	42,250	42,300	5,159	4,685	5,159	4,796	45,950	46,000	5,974	5,117	5,974	5,228	46,000	46,050	5,985	5,123	5,985	5,234	46,050	46,100	5,996	5,129	5,996	5,240	46,100	46,150	6,007	5,135	6,007	5,246						
39,300	39,350	4,525	4,331	4,525	4,442	42,300	42,350	5,170	4,691	5,170	4,802	46,150	46,200	6,018	5,141	6,018	5,252	46,200	46,250	6,029	5,147	6,029	5,258	46,250	46,300	6,040	5,153	6,040	5,264	46,300	46,350	6,051	5,159	6,051	5,270						
39,350	39,400	4,531	4,337	4,531	4,448	42,350	42,400	5,181	4,697	5,181	4,808	46,350	46,400	6,039	5,165	6,039	5,276	46,400	46,450	6,050	5,171	6,050	5,282	46,450	46,500	6,061	5,177	6,061	5,288	46,500	46,550	6,072	5,183	6,072	5,294						
39,400	39,450	4,537	4,343	4,537	4,454	42,400	42,450	5,192	4,703	5,192	4,814	46,500	46,550	6,061	5,177	6,061	5,288	46,550	46,600	6,072	5,183	6,072	5,294	46,600	46,650	6,083	5,189	6,083	5,300	46,650	46,700	6,094	5,195	6,094	5,306						
39,450	39,500	4,543	4,349	4,543	4,460	42,450	42,500	5,203	4,709	5,203	4,820	46,600	46,650	6,072	5,183	6,072	5,294	46,650	46,700	6,083	5,189	6,083	5,300	46,700	46,750	6,094	5,195	6,094	5,306	46,750	46,800	6,105	5,201	6,105	5,312						
39,500	39,550	4,554	4,355	4,554	4,466	42,500	42,550	5,214	4,715	5,214	4,826	46,750	46,800	6,105	5,195	6,105	5,312	46,800	46,850	6,116	5,207	6,116	5,318	46,850	46,900	6,127	5,213	6,127	5,324	46,900	46,950	6,138	5,219	6,138	5,330						
39,550	39,600	4,565	4,361	4,565	4,472	42,550	42,600	5,225	4,721	5,225	4,832	46,800	46,850	6,116	5,207	6,116	5,318	46,850	46,900	6,127	5,213	6,127	5,324	46,900	46,950	6,138	5,219	6,138	5,330	46,950	47,000	6,149	5,225	6,149	5,336						
39,600	39,650	4,576	4,367	4,576	4,478	42,600	42,650	5,236	4,727	5,236	4,838	46,900	46,950	6,127	5,213	6,127	5,324	46,950	47,000	6,138	5,219	6,138	5,330	47,000	47,050	6,149	5,225	6,149	5,336	47,050	47,100	6,160	5,231	6,160	5,342						
39,650	39,700	4,587	4,373	4,587	4,484	42,650	42,700	5,247	4,733	5,247	4,844	47,000	47,050	6,138	5,219	6,138	5,330	47,050	47,100	6,149	5,225	6,149	5,336	47,100	47,150	6,160	5,231	6,160	5,342	47,150	47,200	6,171	5,237	6,171	5,348						
39,700	39,750	4,598	4,379	4,598	4,490	42,700	42,750	5,258	4,739	5,258	4,850	47,150	47,200	6,149	5,225	6,149	5,336	47,200	47,250	6,160	5,231	6,160	5,342	47,250	47,300	6,171	5,237	6,171	5,348	47,300	47,350	6,182	5,243	6,182	5,354						
39,750	39,800	4,609	4,385	4,609	4,496	42,750	42,800	5,269	4,745	5,269	4,856	47,300	47,350	6,160	5,231	6,160	5,342	47,350	47,400	6,171	5,237	6,171	5,348	47,400	47,450	6,182	5,243	6,182	5,354	47,450	47,500	6,193	5,249	6,193	5,360						
39,800	39,850	4,620	4,391	4,620	4,502	42,800	42,850	5,280	4,751	5,280	4,862	47,450	47,500	6,171	5,237	6,171	5,348	47,500	47,550	6,182	5,243	6,182	5,354	47,550	47,600	6,193	5,249	6,193	5,360	47,600	47,650	6,204	5,255	6,204	5,366						
39,850	39,900	4,631	4,397	4,631	4,508	42,850	42,900	5,291	4,757	5,291	4,868	47,600	47,650	6,182	5,243	6,182	5,354	47,650	47,700	6,193	5,249	6,193	5,360	47,700	47,750	6,204	5,255	6,204	5,366	47,750	47,800	6,215	5,261	6,215	5,372						
39,900	39,950	4,642	4,403	4,642	4,514	42,900	42,950	5,302	4,763	5,302	4,874	47,750	47,800	6,193	5,249	6,193	5,360	47,800	47,850	6,204	5,255	6,204	5,366	47,850	47,900	6,215	5,261	6,215	5,372	47,900	47,950	6,226	5,267	6,226	5,378						
39,950	40,000	4,653	4,409	4,653	4,520	42,950	43,000	5,313	4,769	5,313	4,880	47,900	47,950	6,204	5,255	6,204	5,366	47,950	48,000	6,215	5,261	6,215	5,372	48,000	48,050	6,226	5,267	6,226	5,378	48,050	48,100	6,237	5,273	6,237	5,384						
40,000						43,000						46,000																													
40,000	40,050	4,664	4,415	4,664	4,526	43,000	43,050	5,324	4,775	5,324	4,886	46,000	46,050	6,204	5,255	6,204	5,366	46,050	46,100	6,215	5,261	6,215	5,372	46,100	46,150	6,226	5,267	6,226	5,378	46,150	46,200	6,237	5,273	6,237	5,384						
40,050	40,100	4,675	4,421	4,675	4,532	43,050	43,100	5,335	4,781	5,335	4,892	46,150	46,200	6,215	5,261	6,215	5,372	46,200	46,250	6,226	5,267	6,226	5,378	46,250	46,300	6,237	5,273	6,237	5,384	46,300	46,350	6,248	5,279	6,248	5,390						
40,100	40,150	4,686	4,427	4,686	4,538	43,100	43,150	5,346	4,787	5,346	4,898	46,250	46,300	6,226	5,267	6,226	5,378	46,300	46,350	6,237	5,273	6,237	5,384	46,350	46,400	6,248	5,279	6,248	5,390	46,400	46,450	6,259	5,285	6,259	5,396						
40,150	40,200	4,697	4,433	4,697	4,544	43,150	43,200	5,357	4,793	5,357	4,904	46,400	46,450	6,237	5,273	6,237	5,384	46,450	46,500	6,248	5,279	6,248	5,390	46,500	46,550	6,259	5,285	6,259	5,396	46,550	46,600	6,270	5,291	6,270	5,402						
40,200	40,250	4,708	4,439	4,708	4,550	43,200	43,250	5,368	4,799	5,368	4,910	46,500	46,550	6,248	5,279	6,248	5,390	46,550	46,600	6,259	5,285	6,259	5,396	46,600	46,650	6,260	5,285	6,260	5,402	46,650	46,700	6,271	5,291	6,271	5,408						
40,250	40,300	4,719	4,445	4,719	4,556	43,250	43,300	5,379	4,805	5,379	4,916	46,600	46,650	6,259	5,285	6,259	5,396	46,650	46,700	6,260	5,285	6,260	5,402	46,700	46,750	6,271	5,291	6,271	5,408	46,750	46,800	6,282	5,297	6,282	5,414						
40,300	40,350	4,730	4,451	4,730	4,562	43,300	43,350	5,390	4,811	5,390	4,922	46,700	46,750	6,260	5,285	6,260	5,402	46,750	46,800	6,271	5,291	6,271	5,408	46,800	46,850	6,282	5,297	6,282	5,414	46,850	46,900	6,293	5,303	6,293	5,420						
40,350	40,400	4,741	4,457	4,741	4,568	43,350	43,400	5,401	4,817	5,401	4,928	46,800	46,850	6,271	5,291	6,271	5,408	46,850	46,900	6,282	5,297	6,282	5,414	46,900	46,950	6,293	5,303	6,293	5,420	46,950	47,000	6,304	5,309	6,304	5,426						
40,400	40,450	4,752	4,463	4,752	4,574	43,400	43,450	5,412	4,823	5,412	4,934	46,900	46,950	6,282	5,297	6,282	5,414	46,950	47,000	6,293	5,303	6,293	5,420	47,000	47,050	6,304	5,309	6,304	5,426	47,050	47,100	6,315	5,315	6,315	5,432						
40,450	40,500	4,763	4,469	4,763	4,580	43,450	43,500	5,423	4,829	5,423	4,940	47,000	47,050	6,293	5,303	6,293	5,420	47,050	47,100	6,304	5,309	6,304	5,426	47,100	47,150	6,315	5,315	6,315	5,432	47,150	47,200	6,326	5,321	6,326	5,438						
40,500	40,550																																								

If line 11b (taxable income) is—		And you are—				Your tax is—	If line 11b (taxable income) is—		And you are—				Your tax is—	If line 11b (taxable income) is—		And you are—				Your tax is—																					
		Single	Married filing jointly *	Married filing separately	Head of a household				Single	Married filing jointly *	Married filing separately	Head of a household				Single	Married filing jointly *	Married filing separately	Head of a household		Single	Married filing jointly *	Married filing separately	Head of a household																	
At least	But less than							At least	But less than							At least	But less than																								
48,000								51,000								54,000																									
48,000	48,050	6,424	5,375	6,424	5,486	51,000	51,050	7,084	5,735	7,084	5,846	54,000	54,050	7,744	6,095	7,744	6,324	54,050	54,100	7,755	6,101	7,755	6,335	54,100	54,150	7,766	6,107	7,766	6,346	54,150	54,200	7,777	6,113	7,777	6,357	54,200	54,250	7,788	6,119	7,788	6,368
48,050	48,100	6,435	5,381	6,435	5,492	51,050	51,100	7,095	5,741	7,095	5,852	54,250	54,300	7,799	6,125	7,799	6,379	54,300	54,350	7,810	6,131	7,810	6,390	54,350	54,400	7,821	6,137	7,821	6,401	54,400	54,450	7,832	6,143	7,832	6,412	54,450	54,500	7,843	6,149	7,843	6,423
48,100	48,150	6,446	5,387	6,446	5,498	51,100	51,150	7,106	5,747	7,106	5,858	54,500	54,550	7,854	6,155	7,854	6,434	54,550	54,600	7,865	6,161	7,865	6,445	54,600	54,650	7,876	6,167	7,876	6,456	54,650	54,700	7,887	6,173	7,887	6,467	54,700	54,750	7,898	6,179	7,898	6,478
48,150	48,200	6,457	5,393	6,457	5,504	51,150	51,200	7,117	5,753	7,117	5,864	54,750	54,800	7,909	6,185	7,909	6,489	54,800	54,850	7,920	6,191	7,920	6,500	54,850	54,900	7,931	6,197	7,931	6,511	54,900	54,950	7,942	6,203	7,942	6,522	54,950	55,000	7,953	6,209	7,953	6,533
48,200	48,250	6,468	5,399	6,468	5,510	51,200	51,250	7,128	5,759	7,128	5,870	54,950	55,000	7,964	6,215	7,964	6,544	55,000	55,050	7,975	6,221	7,975	6,555	55,050	55,100	7,986	6,227	7,986	6,566	55,100	55,150	7,997	6,233	7,997	6,577	55,150	55,200	8,008	6,239	8,008	6,588
48,250	48,300	6,479	5,405	6,479	5,516	51,250	51,300	7,139	5,765	7,139	5,876	55,200	55,250	8,019	6,245	8,019	6,599	55,250	55,300	8,030	6,251	8,030	6,610	55,300	55,350	8,041	6,257	8,041	6,621	55,350	55,400	8,052	6,263	8,052	6,632	55,400	55,450	8,063	6,269	8,063	6,643
48,300	48,350	6,490	5,411	6,490	5,522	51,300	51,350	7,150	5,771	7,150	5,882	55,450	55,500	8,074	6,275	8,074	6,654	55,500	55,550	8,085	6,281	8,085	6,665	55,550	55,600	8,096	6,287	8,096	6,676	55,600	55,650	8,107	6,293	8,107	6,687	55,650	55,700	8,118	6,299	8,118	6,698
48,350	48,400	6,501	5,417	6,501	5,528	51,350	51,400	7,161	5,777	7,161	5,888	55,700	55,750	8,129	6,305	8,129	6,709	55,750	55,800	8,140	6,311	8,140	6,720	55,800	55,850	8,151	6,317	8,151	6,731	55,850	55,900	8,162	6,323	8,162	6,742	55,900	55,950	8,173	6,329	8,173	6,753
48,400	48,450	6,512	5,423	6,512	5,534	51,400	51,450	7,172	5,783	7,172	5,894	55,950	56,000	8,184	6,335	8,184	6,764	56,000	56,050	8,195	6,341	8,195	6,775	56,050	56,100	8,206	6,347	8,206	6,786	56,100	56,150	8,217	6,353	8,217	6,797	56,150	56,200	8,228	6,359	8,228	6,808
48,450	48,500	6,523	5,429	6,523	5,540	51,450	51,500	7,183	5,789	7,183	5,900	56,200	56,250	8,239	6,365	8,239	6,819	56,250	56,300	8,250	6,371	8,250	6,830	56,300	56,350	8,261	6,377	8,261	6,841	56,350	56,400	8,272	6,383	8,272	6,852	56,400	56,450	8,283	6,389	8,283	6,863
48,500	48,550	6,534	5,435	6,534	5,546	51,500	51,550	7,194	5,795	7,194	5,906	56,450	56,500	8,294	6,395	8,294	6,874	56,500	56,550	8,305	6,401	8,305	6,885	56,550	56,600	8,316	6,407	8,316	6,896	56,600	56,650	8,327	6,413	8,327	6,907	56,650	56,700	8,338	6,419	8,338	6,918
48,550	48,600	6,545	5,441	6,545	5,552	51,550	51,600	7,205	5,801	7,205	5,912	56,700	56,750	8,349	6,425	8,349	6,929	56,750	56,800	8,360	6,431	8,360	6,940	56,800	56,850	8,371	6,437	8,371	6,951	56,850	56,900	8,382	6,443	8,382	6,962	56,900	56,950	8,393	6,449	8,393	6,973
48,600	48,650	6,556	5,447	6,556	5,558	51,600	51,650	7,216	5,807	7,216	5,918	56,950	57,000	8,403	6,455	8,403	6,984	57,000	57,050	8,414	6,461	8,414	6,995	57,050	57,100	8,425	6,467	8,425	7,006	57,100	57,150	8,436	6,473	8,436	7,017	57,150	57,200	8,447	6,479	8,447	7,028
48,650	48,700	6,567	5,453	6,567	5,564	51,650	51,700	7,227	5,813	7,227	5,924	57,200	57,250	8,457	6,461	8,457	7,018	57,250	57,300	8,468	6,467	8,468	7,029	57,300	57,350	8,479	6,473	8,479	7,040	57,350	57,400	8,490	6,479	8,490	7,051	57,400	57,450	8,501	6,485	8,501	7,062
48,700	48,750	6,578	5,459	6,578	5,570	51,700	51,750	7,238	5,819	7,238	5,930	57,450	57,500	8,512	6,467	8,512	7,029	57,500	57,550	8,523	6,473	8,523	7,040	57,550	57,600	8,534	6,479	8,534	7,051	57,600	57,650	8,545	6,485	8,545	7,062	57,650	57,700	8,556	6,491	8,556	7,073
48,750	48,800	6,589	5,465	6,589	5,576	51,750	51,800	7,249	5,825	7,249	5,936	57,700	57,750	8,567	6,473	8,567	7,040	57,750	57,800	8,578	6,479	8,578	7,051	57,800	57,850	8,589	6,485	8,589	7,062	57,850	57,900	8,600	6,491	8,600	7,073	57,900	57,950	8,611	6,497	8,611	7,084
48,800	48,850	6,600	5,471	6,600	5,582	51,800	51,850	7,260	5,831	7,260	5,942	57,950	58,000	8,622	6,479	8,622	7,051	58,000	58,050	8,633	6,485	8,633	7,062	58,050	58,100	8,644	6,491	8,644	7,073	58,100	58,150	8,655	6,497	8,655	7,084	58,150	58,200	8,666	6,503	8,666	7,095
48,850	48,900	6,611	5,477	6,611	5,588	51,850	51,900	7,271	5,837	7,271	5,948	58,200	58,250	8,634	6,485	8,634	7,062	58,250	58,300	8,645	6,491	8,645	7,073	58,300	58,350	8,656	6,497	8,656	7,084	58,350	58,400	8,667	6,503	8,667	7,095	58,400	58,450	8,678	6,509	8,678	7,106
48,900	48,950	6,622	5,483	6,622	5,594	51,900	51,950	7,282	5,843	7,282	5,954	58,450	58,500	8,646	6,491	8,646	7,073	58,500	58,550	8,657	6,497	8,657	7,084	58,550	58,600	8,668	6,503	8,668	7,095	58,600	58,650	8,679	6,509	8,679	7,106	58,650	58,700	8,690	6,515	8,690	7,117
48,950	49,000	6,633	5,489	6,633	5,600	51,950	52,000	7,293	5,849	7,293	5,960	58,700	58,750	8,657	6,497	8,657	7,084	58,750	58,800	8,668	6,503	8,668	7,095	58,800	58,850	8,679	6,509	8,679	7,106	58,850	58,900	8,690	6,515	8,690	7,117	58,900	58,950	8,701	6,521	8,701	7,128
49,000								52,000								55,000																									
49,000	49,050	6,644	5,495	6,644	5,606	52,000	52,050	7,304	5,855	7,304	5,966	55,000	55,050	8,195	6,341	8,195	6,775	55,050	55,100	8,206	6,347	8,206	6,786	55,100	55,150	8,217	6,353	8,217	6,797	55,150	55,200	8,228	6,359	8,228	6,808						
49,050	49,100	6,655	5,501	6,655	5,612	52,050	52,100	7,315	5,861	7,315	5,972	55,200	55,250	8,206	6,347	8,206	6,786	55,250	55,300	8,217	6,353	8,217	6,797	55,300	55,350	8,228	6,359	8,228	6,808	55,350	55,400	8,239	6,365	8,239	6,819	55,400	55,450	8,250	6,371	8,250	6,830
49,100	49,150	6,666	5,507	6,666	5,618	52,100	52,150	7,326	5,867	7,326	5,978	55,450	55,500	8,217	6,353	8,217	6,797	55,500	55,550	8,228	6,359	8,228	6,808	55,550	55,600	8,239	6,365	8,239	6,819	55,600	55,650	8,250	6,371	8,250	6,830	55,650	55,700	8,261	6,377	8,261	6,841
49,150	49,200	6,677	5,513	6,677	5,624	52,150	52,200	7,337	5,873	7,337	5,984	55,700	55,750	8,228	6,359	8,228	6,808	55,750	55,800	8,239	6,365	8,239	6,819	55,800	55,850	8,250	6,371	8,250	6,830	55,850	55,900	8,261	6,377	8,261	6,841	55,900	55,950	8,272	6,383	8,272	6,852
49,200	49,250	6,688	5,519	6,688	5,630	52,200	52,250	7,348	5,879	7,348	5,990	55,950	56,000	8,239	6,365	8,239	6,819	56,000	56,050	8,250	6,371	8,250	6,830	56,050	56,100	8,261	6,377	8,261	6,841	56,100	56,150	8,272	6,383	8,272	6,852	56,150	56,200	8,283	6,389	8,283	6,863
49,250	49,300	6,699	5,525	6,699	5,636	52,250	52,300	7,359	5,885	7,359	5,996	56,200	56,250	8,250	6,371	8,250	6,830	56,250	56,300	8,261	6,377	8,261	6,841	56,300	56,350	8,272	6,383	8,272	6,852	56,350	56,400	8,283	6,389	8,283	6,863	56,400	56,450	8,294	6,395	8,294	6,874
49,300	49,350	6,710	5,																																						

If line 11b (taxable income) is—		And you are—				If line 11b (taxable income) is—		And you are—				If line 11b (taxable income) is—		And you are—																
At least	But less than	Single	Married filing jointly *	Married filing separately	Head of a household	At least	But less than	Single	Married filing jointly *	Married filing separately	Head of a household	At least	But less than	Single	Married filing jointly *	Married filing separately	Head of a household	At least	But less than	Single	Married filing jointly *	Married filing separately	Head of a household							
		Your tax is—						Your tax is—						Your tax is—																
57,000																														
57,000	57,050	8,404	6,455	8,404	6,984	60,000	60,050	9,064	6,815	9,064	7,644	63,000	63,050	9,724	7,175	9,724	8,304	57,050	57,100	8,415	6,461	8,415	6,995	63,050	63,100	9,735	7,181	9,735	8,315	
57,100	57,150	8,426	6,467	8,426	7,006	60,100	60,150	9,086	6,827	9,086	7,666	63,100	63,150	9,746	7,187	9,746	8,326	57,150	57,200	8,437	6,473	8,437	7,017	63,150	63,200	9,757	7,193	9,757	8,337	
57,200	57,250	8,448	6,479	8,448	7,028	60,200	60,250	9,108	6,839	9,108	7,688	63,200	63,250	9,768	7,199	9,768	8,348	57,250	57,300	8,459	6,485	8,459	7,039	63,250	63,300	9,779	7,205	9,779	8,359	
57,300	57,350	8,470	6,491	8,470	7,050	60,300	60,350	9,130	6,851	9,130	7,710	63,300	63,350	9,790	7,211	9,790	8,370	57,350	57,400	8,481	6,497	8,481	7,061	63,350	63,400	9,801	7,217	9,801	8,381	
57,400	57,450	8,492	6,503	8,492	7,072	60,400	60,450	9,152	6,863	9,152	7,732	63,400	63,450	9,812	7,223	9,812	8,392	57,450	57,500	8,503	6,509	8,503	7,083	63,450	63,500	9,823	7,229	9,823	8,403	
57,500	57,550	8,514	6,515	8,514	7,094	60,500	60,550	9,174	6,875	9,174	7,754	63,500	63,550	9,834	7,235	9,834	8,414	57,550	57,600	8,525	6,521	8,525	7,105	63,550	63,600	9,845	7,241	9,845	8,425	
57,600	57,650	8,536	6,527	8,536	7,116	60,600	60,650	9,196	6,887	9,196	7,776	63,600	63,650	9,856	7,247	9,856	8,436	57,650	57,700	8,547	6,533	8,547	7,127	63,650	63,700	9,867	7,253	9,867	8,447	
57,700	57,750	8,558	6,539	8,558	7,138	60,700	60,750	9,218	6,899	9,218	7,798	63,700	63,750	9,878	7,259	9,878	8,458	57,750	57,800	8,569	6,545	8,569	7,149	63,750	63,800	9,889	7,265	9,889	8,469	
57,800	57,850	8,580	6,551	8,580	7,160	60,800	60,850	9,240	6,911	9,240	7,820	63,800	63,850	9,900	7,271	9,900	8,480	57,850	57,900	8,591	6,557	8,591	7,171	63,850	63,900	9,911	7,277	9,911	8,491	
57,900	57,950	8,602	6,563	8,602	7,182	60,900	60,950	9,262	6,923	9,262	7,842	63,900	63,950	9,922	7,283	9,922	8,502	57,950	58,000	8,613	6,569	8,613	7,193	63,950	64,000	9,933	7,289	9,933	8,513	
57,950	58,000	8,613	6,569	8,613	7,193	60,950	61,000	9,273	6,929	9,273	7,853	63,950	64,000	9,933	7,289	9,933	8,513													
58,000																														
58,000	58,050	8,624	6,575	8,624	7,204	61,000	61,050	9,284	6,935	9,284	7,864	64,000	64,050	9,944	7,295	9,944	8,524	58,050	58,100	8,635	6,581	8,635	7,215	64,050	64,100	9,955	7,301	9,955	8,535	
58,100	58,150	8,646	6,587	8,646	7,226	61,100	61,150	9,306	6,947	9,306	7,886	64,100	64,150	9,966	7,307	9,966	8,546	58,150	58,200	8,657	6,593	8,657	7,237	64,150	64,200	9,977	7,313	9,977	8,557	
58,200	58,250	8,668	6,599	8,668	7,248	61,200	61,250	9,328	6,959	9,328	7,908	64,200	64,250	9,988	7,319	9,988	8,568	58,250	58,300	8,679	6,605	8,679	7,259	64,250	64,300	9,999	7,325	9,999	8,579	
58,300	58,350	8,690	6,611	8,690	7,270	61,300	61,350	9,350	6,971	9,350	7,930	64,300	64,350	10,010	7,331	10,010	8,590	58,350	58,400	8,701	6,617	8,701	7,281	64,350	64,400	10,021	7,337	10,021	8,601	
58,400	58,450	8,712	6,623	8,712	7,292	61,400	61,450	9,372	6,983	9,372	7,952	64,400	64,450	10,032	7,343	10,032	8,612	58,450	58,500	8,723	6,629	8,723	7,303	64,450	64,500	10,043	7,349	10,043	8,623	
58,500	58,550	8,734	6,635	8,734	7,314	61,500	61,550	9,394	6,995	9,394	7,974	64,500	64,550	10,054	7,355	10,054	8,634	58,550	58,600	8,745	6,641	8,745	7,325	64,550	64,600	10,065	7,361	10,065	8,645	
58,600	58,650	8,756	6,647	8,756	7,336	61,600	61,650	9,416	7,007	9,416	7,996	64,600	64,650	10,076	7,367	10,076	8,656	58,650	58,700	8,767	6,653	8,767	7,347	64,650	64,700	10,087	7,373	10,087	8,667	
58,700	58,750	8,778	6,659	8,778	7,358	61,700	61,750	9,438	7,019	9,438	8,018	64,700	64,750	10,098	7,379	10,098	8,678	58,750	58,800	8,789	6,665	8,789	7,369	64,750	64,800	10,109	7,385	10,109	8,689	
58,800	58,850	8,800	6,671	8,800	7,380	61,800	61,850	9,460	7,031	9,460	8,040	64,800	64,850	10,120	7,391	10,120	8,700	58,850	58,900	8,811	6,677	8,811	7,391	64,850	64,900	10,131	7,397	10,131	8,711	
58,900	58,950	8,822	6,683	8,822	7,402	61,900	61,950	9,482	7,043	9,482	8,062	64,900	64,950	10,142	7,403	10,142	8,722	58,950	59,000	8,833	6,689	8,833	7,413	64,950	65,000	10,153	7,409	10,153	8,733	
58,950	59,000	8,833	6,689	8,833	7,413	61,950	62,000	9,493	7,049	9,493	8,073	64,950	65,000	10,153	7,409	10,153	8,733													
59,000																														
59,000	59,050	8,844	6,695	8,844	7,424	62,000	62,050	9,504	7,055	9,504	8,084	65,000	65,050	10,164	7,415	10,164	8,744	59,050	59,100	8,855	6,701	8,855	7,435	65,050	65,100	10,175	7,421	10,175	8,755	
59,100	59,150	8,866	6,707	8,866	7,446	62,100	62,150	9,526	7,067	9,526	8,106	65,100	65,150	10,186	7,427	10,186	8,766	59,150	59,200	8,877	6,713	8,877	7,457	65,150	65,200	10,197	7,433	10,197	8,777	
59,200	59,250	8,888	6,719	8,888	7,468	62,200	62,250	9,548	7,079	9,548	8,128	65,200	65,250	10,208	7,439	10,208	8,788	59,250	59,300	8,899	6,725	8,899	7,479	65,250	65,300	10,219	7,445	10,219	8,799	
59,300	59,350	8,910	6,731	8,910	7,490	62,300	62,350	9,570	7,091	9,570	8,150	65,300	65,350	10,230	7,451	10,230	8,810	59,350	59,400	8,921	6,737	8,921	7,501	65,350	65,400	10,241	7,457	10,241	8,821	
59,400	59,450	8,932	6,743	8,932	7,512	62,400	62,450	9,592	7,103	9,592	8,172	65,400	65,450	10,252	7,463	10,252	8,832	59,450	59,500	8,943	6,749	8,943	7,523	65,450	65,500	10,263	7,469	10,263	8,843	
59,500	59,550	8,954	6,755	8,954	7,534	62,500	62,550	9,614	7,115	9,614	8,194	65,500	65,550	10,274	7,475	10,274	8,854	59,550	59,600	8,965	6,761	8,965	7,545	65,550	65,600	10,285	7,481	10,285	8,865	
59,600	59,650	8,976	6,767	8,976	7,556	62,600	62,650	9,636	7,127	9,636	8,216	65,600	65,650	10,296	7,487	10,296	8,876	59,650	59,700	8,987	6,773	8,987	7,567	65,650	65,700	10,307	7,493	10,307	8,887	
59,700	59,750	8,998	6,779	8,998	7,578	62,700	62,750	9,658	7,139	9,658	8,238	65,700	65,750	10,318	7,499	10,318	8,898	59,750	59,800	9,009	6,785	9,009	7,589	65,750	65,800	10,329	7,505	10,329	8,909	
59,800	59,850	9,020	6,791	9,020	7,600	62,800	62,850	9,680	7,151	9,680	8,260	65,800	65,850	10,340	7,511	10,340	8,920	59,850	59,900	9,031	6,797	9,031	7,611	65,850	65,900	10,351	7,517	10,351	8,931	
59,900	59,950	9,042	6,803	9,042	7,622	62,900	62,950	9,702	7,163	9,702	8,282	65,900	65,950	10,362	7,523	10,362	8,942	59,950	60,000	9,053	6,809	9,053	7,633	65,950	66,000	10,373	7,529	10,373	8,953	
59,950	60,000	9,053	6,809	9,053	7,633	62,950	63,000	9,713	7,169	9,713	8,293	65,950	66,000	10,373	7,529	10,373	8,953													

(Continued)

* This column must also be used by a qualifying widow(er).

If line 11b (taxable income) is—		And you are—				Your tax is—	If line 11b (taxable income) is—		And you are—				Your tax is—	If line 11b (taxable income) is—		And you are—				Your tax is—	
		Single	Married filing jointly *	Married filing separately	Head of a household				Single	Married filing jointly *	Married filing separately	Head of a household				Single	Married filing jointly *	Married filing separately	Head of a household		Single	Married filing jointly *	Married filing separately	Head of a household
At least	But less than																				
66,000																					
66,000	66,050	10,384	7,535	10,384	8,964	69,000	69,050	11,044	7,895	11,044	9,624	72,000	72,050	11,704	8,255	11,704	10,284				
66,050	66,100	10,395	7,541	10,395	8,975	69,050	69,100	11,055	7,901	11,055	9,635	72,050	72,100	11,715	8,261	11,715	10,295				
66,100	66,150	10,406	7,547	10,406	8,986	69,100	69,150	11,066	7,907	11,066	9,646	72,100	72,150	11,726	8,267	11,726	10,306				
66,150	66,200	10,417	7,553	10,417	8,997	69,150	69,200	11,077	7,913	11,077	9,657	72,150	72,200	11,737	8,273	11,737	10,317				
66,200	66,250	10,428	7,559	10,428	9,008	69,200	69,250	11,088	7,919	11,088	9,668	72,200	72,250	11,748	8,279	11,748	10,328				
66,250	66,300	10,439	7,565	10,439	9,019	69,250	69,300	11,099	7,925	11,099	9,679	72,250	72,300	11,759	8,285	11,759	10,339				
66,300	66,350	10,450	7,571	10,450	9,030	69,300	69,350	11,110	7,931	11,110	9,690	72,300	72,350	11,770	8,291	11,770	10,350				
66,350	66,400	10,461	7,577	10,461	9,041	69,350	69,400	11,121	7,937	11,121	9,701	72,350	72,400	11,781	8,297	11,781	10,361				
66,400	66,450	10,472	7,583	10,472	9,052	69,400	69,450	11,132	7,943	11,132	9,712	72,400	72,450	11,792	8,303	11,792	10,372				
66,450	66,500	10,483	7,589	10,483	9,063	69,450	69,500	11,143	7,949	11,143	9,723	72,450	72,500	11,803	8,309	11,803	10,383				
66,500	66,550	10,494	7,595	10,494	9,074	69,500	69,550	11,154	7,955	11,154	9,734	72,500	72,550	11,814	8,315	11,814	10,394				
66,550	66,600	10,505	7,601	10,505	9,085	69,550	69,600	11,165	7,961	11,165	9,745	72,550	72,600	11,825	8,321	11,825	10,405				
66,600	66,650	10,516	7,607	10,516	9,096	69,600	69,650	11,176	7,967	11,176	9,756	72,600	72,650	11,836	8,327	11,836	10,416				
66,650	66,700	10,527	7,613	10,527	9,107	69,650	69,700	11,187	7,973	11,187	9,767	72,650	72,700	11,847	8,333	11,847	10,427				
66,700	66,750	10,538	7,619	10,538	9,118	69,700	69,750	11,198	7,979	11,198	9,778	72,700	72,750	11,858	8,339	11,858	10,438				
66,750	66,800	10,549	7,625	10,549	9,129	69,750	69,800	11,209	7,985	11,209	9,789	72,750	72,800	11,869	8,345	11,869	10,449				
66,800	66,850	10,560	7,631	10,560	9,140	69,800	69,850	11,220	7,991	11,220	9,800	72,800	72,850	11,880	8,351	11,880	10,460				
66,850	66,900	10,571	7,637	10,571	9,151	69,850	69,900	11,231	7,997	11,231	9,811	72,850	72,900	11,891	8,357	11,891	10,471				
66,900	66,950	10,582	7,643	10,582	9,162	69,900	69,950	11,242	8,003	11,242	9,822	72,900	72,950	11,902	8,363	11,902	10,482				
66,950	67,000	10,593	7,649	10,593	9,173	69,950	70,000	11,253	8,009	11,253	9,833	72,950	73,000	11,913	8,369	11,913	10,493				
67,000																					
67,000	67,050	10,604	7,655	10,604	9,184	70,000	70,050	11,264	8,015	11,264	9,844	73,000	73,050	11,924	8,375	11,924	10,504				
67,050	67,100	10,615	7,661	10,615	9,195	70,050	70,100	11,275	8,021	11,275	9,855	73,050	73,100	11,935	8,381	11,935	10,515				
67,100	67,150	10,626	7,667	10,626	9,206	70,100	70,150	11,286	8,027	11,286	9,866	73,100	73,150	11,946	8,387	11,946	10,526				
67,150	67,200	10,637	7,673	10,637	9,217	70,150	70,200	11,297	8,033	11,297	9,877	73,150	73,200	11,957	8,393	11,957	10,537				
67,200	67,250	10,648	7,679	10,648	9,228	70,200	70,250	11,308	8,039	11,308	9,888	73,200	73,250	11,968	8,399	11,968	10,548				
67,250	67,300	10,659	7,685	10,659	9,239	70,250	70,300	11,319	8,045	11,319	9,899	73,250	73,300	11,979	8,405	11,979	10,559				
67,300	67,350	10,670	7,691	10,670	9,250	70,300	70,350	11,330	8,051	11,330	9,910	73,300	73,350	11,990	8,411	11,990	10,570				
67,350	67,400	10,681	7,697	10,681	9,261	70,350	70,400	11,341	8,057	11,341	9,921	73,350	73,400	12,001	8,417	12,001	10,581				
67,400	67,450	10,692	7,703	10,692	9,272	70,400	70,450	11,352	8,063	11,352	9,932	73,400	73,450	12,012	8,423	12,012	10,592				
67,450	67,500	10,703	7,709	10,703	9,283	70,450	70,500	11,363	8,069	11,363	9,943	73,450	73,500	12,023	8,429	12,023	10,603				
67,500	67,550	10,714	7,715	10,714	9,294	70,500	70,550	11,374	8,075	11,374	9,954	73,500	73,550	12,034	8,435	12,034	10,614				
67,550	67,600	10,725	7,721	10,725	9,305	70,550	70,600	11,385	8,081	11,385	9,965	73,550	73,600	12,045	8,441	12,045	10,625				
67,600	67,650	10,736	7,727	10,736	9,316	70,600	70,650	11,396	8,087	11,396	9,976	73,600	73,650	12,056	8,447	12,056	10,636				
67,650	67,700	10,747	7,733	10,747	9,327	70,650	70,700	11,407	8,093	11,407	9,987	73,650	73,700	12,067	8,453	12,067	10,647				
67,700	67,750	10,758	7,739	10,758	9,338	70,700	70,750	11,418	8,099	11,418	9,998	73,700	73,750	12,078	8,459	12,078	10,658				
67,750	67,800	10,769	7,745	10,769	9,349	70,750	70,800	11,429	8,105	11,429	10,009	73,750	73,800	12,089	8,465	12,089	10,669				
67,800	67,850	10,780	7,751	10,780	9,360	70,800	70,850	11,440	8,111	11,440	10,020	73,800	73,850	12,100	8,471	12,100	10,680				
67,850	67,900	10,791	7,757	10,791	9,371	70,850	70,900	11,451	8,117	11,451	10,031	73,850	73,900	12,111	8,477	12,111	10,691				
67,900	67,950	10,802	7,763	10,802	9,382	70,900	70,950	11,462	8,123	11,462	10,042	73,900	73,950	12,122	8,483	12,122	10,702				
67,950	68,000	10,813	7,769	10,813	9,393	70,950	71,000	11,473	8,129	11,473	10,053	73,950	74,000	12,133	8,489	12,133	10,713				
68,000																					
68,000	68,050	10,824	7,775	10,824	9,404	71,000	71,050	11,484	8,135	11,484	10,064	74,000	74,050	12,144	8,495	12,144	10,724				
68,050	68,100	10,835	7,781	10,835	9,415	71,050	71,100	11,495	8,141	11,495	10,075	74,050	74,100	12,155	8,501	12,155	10,735				
68,100	68,150	10,846	7,787	10,846	9,426	71,100	71,150	11,506	8,147	11,506	10,086	74,100	74,150	12,166	8,507	12,166	10,746				
68,150	68,200	10,857	7,793	10,857	9,437	71,150	71,200	11,517	8,153	11,517	10,097	74,150	74,200	12,177	8,513	12,177	10,757				
68,200	68,250	10,868	7,799	10,868	9,448	71,200	71,250	11,528	8,159	11,528	10,108	74,200	74,250	12,188	8,519	12,188	10,768				
68,250	68,300	10,879	7,805	10,879	9,459	71,250	71,300	11,539	8,165	11,539	10,119	74,250	74,300	12,199	8,525	12,199	10,779				
68,300	68,350	10,890	7,811	10,890	9,470	71,300	71,350	11,550	8,171	11,550	10,130	74,300	74,350	12,210	8,531	12,210	10,790				
68,350	68,400	10,901	7,817	10,901	9,481	71,350	71,400	11,561	8,177	11,561	10,141	74,350	74,400	12,221	8,537	12,221	10,801				
68,400	68,450	10,912	7,823	10,912	9,492	71,400	71,450	11,572	8,183	11,572	10,152	74,400	74,450	12,232	8,543	12,232	10,812				
68,450	68,500	10,923	7,829	10,923	9,503	71,450	71,500	11,583	8,189	11,583	10,163	74,450	74,500	12,243	8,549	12,243	10,823				
68,500	68,550	10,934	7,835	10,934	9,514	71,500	71,550	11,594	8,195	11,594	10,174	74,500	74,550	12,254	8,555	12,254	10,834				
68,550	68,600	10,945	7,841	10,945	9,525	71,550	71,600	11,605	8,201	11,605	10,185	74,550	74,600	12,265	8,561	12,265	10,845				
68,600	68,650	10,956	7,847	10,956	9,536	71,600	71,650	11,616	8,207	11,616	10,196	74,600	74,650	12,276	8,567	12,276	10,856				
68,650	68,700	10,967	7,853	10,967	9,547	71,650	71,700	11,627	8,213	11,627	10,207	74,650	74,700	12,287	8,573	12,287	10,867				
68,700	68,750	10,978	7,859	10,978	9,558	71,700	71,750	11,638	8,219	11,638	10,218	74,700	74,750	12,298	8,579	12,298	10,878				
68,750	68,800	10,989	7,865	10,989	9,569	71,750	71,800	11,649	8,225	11,649	10,229	74,750	74,800	12,309	8,585	12,309	10,889				
68,800	68,850	11,000	7,871	11,000	9,580	71,800	71,850	11,660	8,231	11,660	10,240	74,800	74,850	12,320	8,591	12,320	10,900				
68,850	68,900	11,011	7,877	11,011	9,591	71,850	71,900	11,671	8,237	11,671	10,251	74,850	74,900	12,331	8,597	12,331	10,911				
68,900	68,950	11,022	7,883	11,022	9,602	71,900	71,950	11,682	8,243	11,682	10,262	74,900	74,950	12,342	8,603	12,342	10,922				
68,950	69,000	11,033	7,889	11,033	9,613	71,950	72,														

If line 11b (taxable income) is—		And you are—				Your tax is—	If line 11b (taxable income) is—		And you are—				Your tax is—	If line 11b (taxable income) is—		And you are—				Your tax is—
		Single	Married filing jointly *	Married filing separately	Head of a household				Single	Married filing jointly *	Married filing separately	Head of a household				Single	Married filing jointly *	Married filing separately	Head of a household	
84,000						87,000						90,000								
84,000	84,050	14,344	10,203	14,344	12,924	87,000	87,050	15,061	10,863	15,061	13,640	90,000	90,050	15,781	11,523	15,781	14,360			
84,050	84,100	14,355	10,214	14,355	12,935	87,050	87,100	15,073	10,874	15,073	13,652	90,050	90,100	15,793	11,534	15,793	14,372			
84,100	84,150	14,366	10,225	14,366	12,946	87,100	87,150	15,085	10,885	15,085	13,664	90,100	90,150	15,805	11,545	15,805	14,384			
84,150	84,200	14,377	10,236	14,377	12,957	87,150	87,200	15,097	10,896	15,097	13,676	90,150	90,200	15,817	11,556	15,817	14,396			
84,200	84,250	14,389	10,247	14,389	12,968	87,200	87,250	15,109	10,907	15,109	13,688	90,200	90,250	15,829	11,567	15,829	14,408			
84,250	84,300	14,401	10,258	14,401	12,980	87,250	87,300	15,121	10,918	15,121	13,700	90,250	90,300	15,841	11,578	15,841	14,420			
84,300	84,350	14,413	10,269	14,413	12,992	87,300	87,350	15,133	10,929	15,133	13,712	90,300	90,350	15,853	11,589	15,853	14,432			
84,350	84,400	14,425	10,280	14,425	13,004	87,350	87,400	15,145	10,940	15,145	13,724	90,350	90,400	15,865	11,600	15,865	14,444			
84,400	84,450	14,437	10,291	14,437	13,016	87,400	87,450	15,157	10,951	15,157	13,736	90,400	90,450	15,877	11,611	15,877	14,456			
84,450	84,500	14,449	10,302	14,449	13,028	87,450	87,500	15,169	10,962	15,169	13,748	90,450	90,500	15,889	11,622	15,889	14,468			
84,500	84,550	14,461	10,313	14,461	13,040	87,500	87,550	15,181	10,973	15,181	13,760	90,500	90,550	15,901	11,633	15,901	14,480			
84,550	84,600	14,473	10,324	14,473	13,052	87,550	87,600	15,193	10,984	15,193	13,772	90,550	90,600	15,913	11,644	15,913	14,492			
84,600	84,650	14,485	10,335	14,485	13,064	87,600	87,650	15,205	10,995	15,205	13,784	90,600	90,650	15,925	11,655	15,925	14,504			
84,650	84,700	14,497	10,346	14,497	13,076	87,650	87,700	15,217	11,006	15,217	13,796	90,650	90,700	15,937	11,666	15,937	14,516			
84,700	84,750	14,509	10,357	14,509	13,088	87,700	87,750	15,229	11,017	15,229	13,808	90,700	90,750	15,949	11,677	15,949	14,528			
84,750	84,800	14,521	10,368	14,521	13,100	87,750	87,800	15,241	11,028	15,241	13,820	90,750	90,800	15,961	11,688	15,961	14,540			
84,800	84,850	14,533	10,379	14,533	13,112	87,800	87,850	15,253	11,039	15,253	13,832	90,800	90,850	15,973	11,699	15,973	14,552			
84,850	84,900	14,545	10,390	14,545	13,124	87,850	87,900	15,265	11,050	15,265	13,844	90,850	90,900	15,985	11,710	15,985	14,564			
84,900	84,950	14,557	10,401	14,557	13,136	87,900	87,950	15,277	11,061	15,277	13,856	90,900	90,950	15,997	11,721	15,997	14,576			
84,950	85,000	14,569	10,412	14,569	13,148	87,950	88,000	15,289	11,072	15,289	13,868	90,950	91,000	16,009	11,732	16,009	14,588			
85,000						88,000						91,000								
85,000	85,050	14,581	10,423	14,581	13,160	88,000	88,050	15,301	11,083	15,301	13,880	91,000	91,050	16,021	11,743	16,021	14,600			
85,050	85,100	14,593	10,434	14,593	13,172	88,050	88,100	15,313	11,094	15,313	13,892	91,050	91,100	16,033	11,754	16,033	14,612			
85,100	85,150	14,605	10,445	14,605	13,184	88,100	88,150	15,325	11,105	15,325	13,904	91,100	91,150	16,045	11,765	16,045	14,624			
85,150	85,200	14,617	10,456	14,617	13,196	88,150	88,200	15,337	11,116	15,337	13,916	91,150	91,200	16,057	11,776	16,057	14,636			
85,200	85,250	14,629	10,467	14,629	13,208	88,200	88,250	15,349	11,127	15,349	13,928	91,200	91,250	16,069	11,787	16,069	14,648			
85,250	85,300	14,641	10,478	14,641	13,220	88,250	88,300	15,361	11,138	15,361	13,940	91,250	91,300	16,081	11,798	16,081	14,660			
85,300	85,350	14,653	10,489	14,653	13,232	88,300	88,350	15,373	11,149	15,373	13,952	91,300	91,350	16,093	11,809	16,093	14,672			
85,350	85,400	14,665	10,500	14,665	13,244	88,350	88,400	15,385	11,160	15,385	13,964	91,350	91,400	16,105	11,820	16,105	14,684			
85,400	85,450	14,677	10,511	14,677	13,256	88,400	88,450	15,397	11,171	15,397	13,976	91,400	91,450	16,117	11,831	16,117	14,696			
85,450	85,500	14,689	10,522	14,689	13,268	88,450	88,500	15,409	11,182	15,409	13,988	91,450	91,500	16,129	11,842	16,129	14,708			
85,500	85,550	14,701	10,533	14,701	13,280	88,500	88,550	15,421	11,193	15,421	14,000	91,500	91,550	16,141	11,853	16,141	14,720			
85,550	85,600	14,713	10,544	14,713	13,292	88,550	88,600	15,433	11,204	15,433	14,012	91,550	91,600	16,153	11,864	16,153	14,732			
85,600	85,650	14,725	10,555	14,725	13,304	88,600	88,650	15,445	11,215	15,445	14,024	91,600	91,650	16,165	11,875	16,165	14,744			
85,650	85,700	14,737	10,566	14,737	13,316	88,650	88,700	15,457	11,226	15,457	14,036	91,650	91,700	16,177	11,886	16,177	14,756			
85,700	85,750	14,749	10,577	14,749	13,328	88,700	88,750	15,469	11,237	15,469	14,048	91,700	91,750	16,189	11,897	16,189	14,768			
85,750	85,800	14,761	10,588	14,761	13,340	88,750	88,800	15,481	11,248	15,481	14,060	91,750	91,800	16,201	11,908	16,201	14,780			
85,800	85,850	14,773	10,599	14,773	13,352	88,800	88,850	15,493	11,259	15,493	14,072	91,800	91,850	16,213	11,919	16,213	14,792			
85,850	85,900	14,785	10,610	14,785	13,364	88,850	88,900	15,505	11,270	15,505	14,084	91,850	91,900	16,225	11,930	16,225	14,804			
85,900	85,950	14,797	10,621	14,797	13,376	88,900	88,950	15,517	11,281	15,517	14,096	91,900	91,950	16,237	11,941	16,237	14,816			
85,950	86,000	14,809	10,632	14,809	13,388	88,950	89,000	15,529	11,292	15,529	14,108	91,950	92,000	16,249	11,952	16,249	14,828			
86,000						89,000						92,000								
86,000	86,050	14,821	10,643	14,821	13,400	89,000	89,050	15,541	11,303	15,541	14,120	92,000	92,050	16,261	11,963	16,261	14,840			
86,050	86,100	14,833	10,654	14,833	13,412	89,050	89,100	15,553	11,314	15,553	14,132	92,050	92,100	16,273	11,974	16,273	14,852			
86,100	86,150	14,845	10,665	14,845	13,424	89,100	89,150	15,565	11,325	15,565	14,144	92,100	92,150	16,285	11,985	16,285	14,864			
86,150	86,200	14,857	10,676	14,857	13,436	89,150	89,200	15,577	11,336	15,577	14,156	92,150	92,200	16,297	11,996	16,297	14,876			
86,200	86,250	14,869	10,687	14,869	13,448	89,200	89,250	15,589	11,347	15,589	14,168	92,200	92,250	16,309	12,007	16,309	14,888			
86,250	86,300	14,881	10,698	14,881	13,460	89,250	89,300	15,601	11,358	15,601	14,180	92,250	92,300	16,321	12,018	16,321	14,900			
86,300	86,350	14,893	10,709	14,893	13,472	89,300	89,350	15,613	11,369	15,613	14,192	92,300	92,350	16,333	12,029	16,333	14,912			
86,350	86,400	14,905	10,720	14,905	13,484	89,350	89,400	15,625	11,380	15,625	14,204	92,350	92,400	16,345	12,040	16,345	14,924			
86,400	86,450	14,917	10,731	14,917	13,496	89,400	89,450	15,637	11,391	15,637	14,216	92,400	92,450	16,357	12,051	16,357	14,936			
86,450	86,500	14,929	10,742	14,929	13,508	89,450	89,500	15,649	11,402	15,649	14,228	92,450	92,500	16,369	12,062	16,369	14,948			
86,500	86,550	14,941	10,753	14,941	13,520	89,500	89,550	15,661	11,413	15,661	14,240	92,500	92,550	16,381	12,073	16,381	14,960			
86,550	86,600	14,953	10,764	14,953	13,532	89,550	89,600	15,673	11,424	15,673	14,252	92,550	92,600	16,393	12,084	16,393	14,972			
86,600	86,650	14,965	10,775	14,965	13,544	89,600	89,650	15,685	11,435	15,685	14,264	92,600	92,650	16,405	12,095	16,405	14,984			
86,650	86,700	14,977	10,786	14,977	13,556	89,650	89,700	15,697	11,446	15,697	14,276	92,650	92,700	16,417	12,106	16,417	14,996			
86,700	86,750	14,989	10,797	14,989	13,568	89,700	89,750	15,709	11,457	15,709	14,288	92,700	92,750	16,429	12,117	16,429	15,008			
86,750	86,800	15,001	10,808	15,001	13,580	89,750	89,800	15,721	11,468	15,721	14,300	92,750	92,800	16,441	12,128	16,441	15,020			
86,800	86,850	15,013	10,819	15,013	13,592	89,800	89,850	15,733	11,479	15,733	14,312	9								

If line 11b (taxable income) is—		And you are—			
		Single	Married filing jointly *	Married filing separately	Head of a household
At least	But less than	Your tax is—			
93,000					
93,000	93,050	16,501	12,183	16,501	15,080
93,050	93,100	16,513	12,194	16,513	15,092
93,100	93,150	16,525	12,205	16,525	15,104
93,150	93,200	16,537	12,216	16,537	15,116
93,200	93,250	16,549	12,227	16,549	15,128
93,250	93,300	16,561	12,238	16,561	15,140
93,300	93,350	16,573	12,249	16,573	15,152
93,350	93,400	16,585	12,260	16,585	15,164
93,400	93,450	16,597	12,271	16,597	15,176
93,450	93,500	16,609	12,282	16,609	15,188
93,500	93,550	16,621	12,293	16,621	15,200
93,550	93,600	16,633	12,304	16,633	15,212
93,600	93,650	16,645	12,315	16,645	15,224
93,650	93,700	16,657	12,326	16,657	15,236
93,700	93,750	16,669	12,337	16,669	15,248
93,750	93,800	16,681	12,348	16,681	15,260
93,800	93,850	16,693	12,359	16,693	15,272
93,850	93,900	16,705	12,370	16,705	15,284
93,900	93,950	16,717	12,381	16,717	15,296
93,950	94,000	16,729	12,392	16,729	15,308
94,000					
94,000	94,050	16,741	12,403	16,741	15,320
94,050	94,100	16,753	12,414	16,753	15,332
94,100	94,150	16,765	12,425	16,765	15,344
94,150	94,200	16,777	12,436	16,777	15,356
94,200	94,250	16,789	12,447	16,789	15,368
94,250	94,300	16,801	12,458	16,801	15,380
94,300	94,350	16,813	12,469	16,813	15,392
94,350	94,400	16,825	12,480	16,825	15,404
94,400	94,450	16,837	12,491	16,837	15,416
94,450	94,500	16,849	12,502	16,849	15,428
94,500	94,550	16,861	12,513	16,861	15,440
94,550	94,600	16,873	12,524	16,873	15,452
94,600	94,650	16,885	12,535	16,885	15,464
94,650	94,700	16,897	12,546	16,897	15,476
94,700	94,750	16,909	12,557	16,909	15,488
94,750	94,800	16,921	12,568	16,921	15,500
94,800	94,850	16,933	12,579	16,933	15,512
94,850	94,900	16,945	12,590	16,945	15,524
94,900	94,950	16,957	12,601	16,957	15,536
94,950	95,000	16,969	12,612	16,969	15,548
95,000					
95,000	95,050	16,981	12,623	16,981	15,560
95,050	95,100	16,993	12,634	16,993	15,572
95,100	95,150	17,005	12,645	17,005	15,584
95,150	95,200	17,017	12,656	17,017	15,596
95,200	95,250	17,029	12,667	17,029	15,608
95,250	95,300	17,041	12,678	17,041	15,620
95,300	95,350	17,053	12,689	17,053	15,632
95,350	95,400	17,065	12,700	17,065	15,644
95,400	95,450	17,077	12,711	17,077	15,656
95,450	95,500	17,089	12,722	17,089	15,668
95,500	95,550	17,101	12,733	17,101	15,680
95,550	95,600	17,113	12,744	17,113	15,692
95,600	95,650	17,125	12,755	17,125	15,704
95,650	95,700	17,137	12,766	17,137	15,716
95,700	95,750	17,149	12,777	17,149	15,728
95,750	95,800	17,161	12,788	17,161	15,740
95,800	95,850	17,173	12,799	17,173	15,752
95,850	95,900	17,185	12,810	17,185	15,764
95,900	95,950	17,197	12,821	17,197	15,776
95,950	96,000	17,209	12,832	17,209	15,788

If line 11b (taxable income) is—		And you are—			
		Single	Married filing jointly *	Married filing separately	Head of a household
At least	But less than	Your tax is—			
96,000					
96,000	96,050	17,221	12,843	17,221	15,800
96,050	96,100	17,233	12,854	17,233	15,812
96,100	96,150	17,245	12,865	17,245	15,824
96,150	96,200	17,257	12,876	17,257	15,836
96,200	96,250	17,269	12,887	17,269	15,848
96,250	96,300	17,281	12,898	17,281	15,860
96,300	96,350	17,293	12,909	17,293	15,872
96,350	96,400	17,305	12,920	17,305	15,884
96,400	96,450	17,317	12,931	17,317	15,896
96,450	96,500	17,329	12,942	17,329	15,908
96,500	96,550	17,341	12,953	17,341	15,920
96,550	96,600	17,353	12,964	17,353	15,932
96,600	96,650	17,365	12,975	17,365	15,944
96,650	96,700	17,377	12,986	17,377	15,956
96,700	96,750	17,389	12,997	17,389	15,968
96,750	96,800	17,401	13,008	17,401	15,980
96,800	96,850	17,413	13,019	17,413	15,992
96,850	96,900	17,425	13,030	17,425	16,004
96,900	96,950	17,437	13,041	17,437	16,016
96,950	97,000	17,449	13,052	17,449	16,028
97,000					
97,000	97,050	17,461	13,063	17,461	16,040
97,050	97,100	17,473	13,074	17,473	16,052
97,100	97,150	17,485	13,085	17,485	16,064
97,150	97,200	17,497	13,096	17,497	16,076
97,200	97,250	17,509	13,107	17,509	16,088
97,250	97,300	17,521	13,118	17,521	16,100
97,300	97,350	17,533	13,129	17,533	16,112
97,350	97,400	17,545	13,140	17,545	16,124
97,400	97,450	17,557	13,151	17,557	16,136
97,450	97,500	17,569	13,162	17,569	16,148
97,500	97,550	17,581	13,173	17,581	16,160
97,550	97,600	17,593	13,184	17,593	16,172
97,600	97,650	17,605	13,195	17,605	16,184
97,650	97,700	17,617	13,206	17,617	16,196
97,700	97,750	17,629	13,217	17,629	16,208
97,750	97,800	17,641	13,228	17,641	16,220
97,800	97,850	17,653	13,239	17,653	16,232
97,850	97,900	17,665	13,250	17,665	16,244
97,900	97,950	17,677	13,261	17,677	16,256
97,950	98,000	17,689	13,272	17,689	16,268
98,000					
98,000	98,050	17,701	13,283	17,701	16,280
98,050	98,100	17,713	13,294	17,713	16,292
98,100	98,150	17,725	13,305	17,725	16,304
98,150	98,200	17,737	13,316	17,737	16,316
98,200	98,250	17,749	13,327	17,749	16,328
98,250	98,300	17,761	13,338	17,761	16,340
98,300	98,350	17,773	13,349	17,773	16,352
98,350	98,400	17,785	13,360	17,785	16,364
98,400	98,450	17,797	13,371	17,797	16,376
98,450	98,500	17,809	13,382	17,809	16,388
98,500	98,550	17,821	13,393	17,821	16,400
98,550	98,600	17,833	13,404	17,833	16,412
98,600	98,650	17,845	13,415	17,845	16,424
98,650	98,700	17,857	13,426	17,857	16,436
98,700	98,750	17,869	13,437	17,869	16,448
98,750	98,800	17,881	13,448	17,881	16,460
98,800	98,850	17,893	13,459	17,893	16,472
98,850	98,900	17,905	13,470	17,905	16,484
98,900	98,950	17,917	13,481	17,917	16,496
98,950	99,000	17,929	13,492	17,929	16,508

If line 11b (taxable income) is—		And you are—			
		Single	Married filing jointly *	Married filing separately	Head of a household
At least	But less than	Your tax is—			
99,000					
99,000	99,050	17,941	13,503	17,941	16,520
99,050	99,100	17,953	13,514	17,953	16,532
99,100	99,150	17,965	13,525	17,965	16,544
99,150	99,200	17,977	13,536	17,977	16,556
99,200	99,250	17,989	13,547	17,989	16,568
99,250	99,300	18,001	13,558	18,001	16,580
99,300	99,350	18,013	13,569	18,013	16,592
99,350	99,400	18,025	13,580	18,025	16,604
99,400	99,450	18,037	13,591	18,037	16,616
99,450	99,500	18,049	13,602	18,049	16,628
99,500	99,550	18,061	13,613	18,061	16,640
99,550	99,600	18,073	13,624	18,073	16,652
99,600	99,650	18,085	13,635	18,085	16,664
99,650	99,700	18,097	13,646	18,097	16,676
99,700	99,750	18,109	13,657	18,109	16,688
99,750	99,800	18,121	13,668	18,121	16,700
99,800	99,850	18,133	13,679	18,133	16,712
99,850	99,900	18,145	13,690	18,145	16,724
99,900	99,950	18,157	13,701	18,157	16,736
99,950	100,000	18,169	13,712	18,169	16,748

\$100,000 or over
use the Tax Computation Worksheet

* This column must also be used by a qualifying widow(er).

2019 Tax Computation Worksheet—Line 12a



See the instructions for line 12a to see if you must use the worksheet below to figure your tax.

Note. If you are required to use this worksheet to figure the tax on an amount from another form or worksheet, such as the Qualified Dividends and Capital Gain Tax Worksheet, the Schedule D Tax Worksheet, Schedule J, Form 8615, or the Foreign Earned Income Tax Worksheet, enter the amount from that form or worksheet in column (a) of the row that applies to the amount you are looking up. Enter the result on the appropriate line of the form or worksheet that you are completing.

Section A—Use if your filing status is **Single**. Complete the row below that applies to you.

Taxable income. If line 11b is—	(a) Enter the amount from line 11b	(b) Multiplication amount	(c) Multiply (a) by (b)	(d) Subtraction amount	Tax. Subtract (d) from (c). Enter the result here and on the entry space on line 12a.
At least \$100,000 but not over \$160,725	\$	× 24% (0.24)	\$	\$ 5,825.50	\$
Over \$160,725 but not over \$204,100	\$	× 32% (0.32)	\$	\$ 18,683.50	\$
Over \$204,100 but not over \$510,300	\$	× 35% (0.35)	\$	\$ 24,806.50	\$
Over \$510,300	\$	× 37% (0.37)	\$	\$ 35,012.50	\$

Section B—Use if your filing status is **Married filing jointly** or **Qualifying widow(er)**. Complete the row below that applies to you.

Taxable income. If line 11b is—	(a) Enter the amount from line 11b	(b) Multiplication amount	(c) Multiply (a) by (b)	(d) Subtraction amount	Tax. Subtract (d) from (c). Enter the result here and on the entry space on line 12a.
At least \$100,000 but not over \$168,400	\$	× 22% (0.22)	\$	\$ 8,283.00	\$
Over \$168,400 but not over \$321,450	\$	× 24% (0.24)	\$	\$ 11,651.00	\$
Over \$321,450 but not over \$408,200	\$	× 32% (0.32)	\$	\$ 37,367.00	\$
Over \$408,200 but not over \$612,350	\$	× 35% (0.35)	\$	\$ 49,613.00	\$
Over \$612,350	\$	× 37% (0.37)	\$	\$ 61,860.00	\$

Section C—Use if your filing status is **Married filing separately**. Complete the row below that applies to you.

Taxable income. If line 11b is—	(a) Enter the amount from line 11b	(b) Multiplication amount	(c) Multiply (a) by (b)	(d) Subtraction amount	Tax. Subtract (d) from (c). Enter the result here and on the entry space on line 12a.
At least \$100,000 but not over \$160,725	\$	× 24% (0.24)	\$	\$ 5,825.50	\$
Over \$160,725 but not over \$204,100	\$	× 32% (0.32)	\$	\$ 18,683.50	\$
Over \$204,100 but not over \$306,175	\$	× 35% (0.35)	\$	\$ 24,806.50	\$
Over \$306,175	\$	× 37% (0.37)	\$	\$ 30,930.00	\$

Section D—Use if your filing status is **Head of household**. Complete the row below that applies to you.

Taxable income. If line 11b is—	(a) Enter the amount from line 11b	(b) Multiplication amount	(c) Multiply (a) by (b)	(d) Subtraction amount	Tax. Subtract (d) from (c). Enter the result here and on the entry space on line 12a.
At least \$100,000 but not over \$160,700	\$	× 24% (0.24)	\$	\$ 7,246.00	\$
Over \$160,700 but not over \$204,100	\$	× 32% (0.32)	\$	\$ 20,102.00	\$
Over \$204,100 but not over \$510,300	\$	× 35% (0.35)	\$	\$ 26,225.00	\$
Over \$510,300	\$	× 37% (0.37)	\$	\$ 36,431.00	\$

General Information

The IRS Mission. Provide America's taxpayers top-quality service by helping them understand and meet their tax responsibilities and enforce the law with integrity and fairness to all.

How To Avoid Common Mistakes

Mistakes can delay your refund or result in notices being sent to you. One of the best ways to file an accurate return is to file electronically. Tax software does the math for you and will help you avoid mistakes. You may be eligible to use free tax software that will take the guesswork out of preparing your return. Free File makes available free brand-name software and free *e-file*. Visit [IRS.gov/FreeFile](https://www.irs.gov/FreeFile) for details. Join the eight in 10 taxpayers who get their refunds faster by using direct deposit and *e-file*.

- File your return on a standard size sheet of paper. Cutting the paper may cause problems in processing your return.
- Make sure you entered the correct name and social security number (SSN) for each dependent you claim in the *Dependents* section. Check that each dependent's name and SSN agrees with his or her social security card. For each child under age 17 who is a qualifying child for the child tax credit or each dependent who qualifies for the credit for other dependents, make sure you checked the appropriate box in column (4) of the *Dependents* section.
- Check your math, especially for the child tax credit, earned income credit (EIC), taxable social security benefits, total income, itemized deductions or standard deduction, taxable income, total tax, federal income tax withheld, and refund or amount you owe.
- Be sure to add the correct amounts on Form 1040 or 1040-SR. Some lines require you to add across instead of down and some lines require you to add amounts from another form or schedule and then enter the total on Form 1040 or 1040-SR.
- Be sure you used the correct method to figure your tax. See the instructions for line 12a.

- Be sure to enter your SSN in the space provided on page 1 of Form 1040 or 1040-SR. If you are married filing a joint or separate return, also enter your spouse's SSN. Be sure to enter your SSN in the space next to your name. Check that your name and SSN agree with your social security card.

- Make sure your name and address are correct. Enter your (and your spouse's) name in the same order as shown on your last return.

- If you live in an apartment, be sure to include your apartment number in your address.

- If you are taking the standard deduction, see the instructions for line 9 to be sure you entered the correct amount.

- If you received capital gain distributions but weren't required to file Schedule D, make sure you checked the box on line 6.

- If you are taking the EIC, be sure you used the correct column of the EIC Table for your filing status and the number of children you have.

- Remember to sign and date Form 1040 or 1040-SR and enter your occupation(s).

- Attach your Form(s) W-2 and other required forms and schedules. Put all forms and schedules in the proper order. See *Assemble Your Return*, earlier.

- If you owe tax and are paying by check or money order, be sure to include all the required information on your payment. See the instructions for line 23 for details.

- Make sure to check *Where Do You File?* before mailing your return. Over the next several years, the IRS will be reducing the number of paper tax return processing sites. Because of this, you may need to mail your return to a different address than you have in the past.

- Don't file more than one original return for the same year, even if you haven't gotten your refund or haven't heard from the IRS since you filed. Filing more than one original return for the same year, or sending in more than one

copy of the same return (unless we ask you to do so), could delay your refund.

- Make sure that if you, your spouse, with whom you are filing a joint return, or your dependent was enrolled in Marketplace coverage and advance payments of the premium tax credit were made for the coverage, that you attach Form 8962. You may have to repay excess advance payments even if someone else enrolled you, your spouse, or your dependent in the Marketplace coverage. Excess advance payments may also have to be repaid if you enrolled someone in Marketplace coverage, you don't claim that individual as a dependent, and no one else claims that individual as a dependent. See the instructions for Schedule 2, line 2, and the Instructions for Form 8962. You or whoever enrolled you should have received Form 1095-A from the Marketplace with information about who was covered and any advance payments of the premium tax credit.

Innocent Spouse Relief

Generally, both you and your spouse are each responsible for paying the full amount of tax, interest, and penalties on your joint return. However, you may qualify for relief from liability for tax on a joint return if (a) there is an understatement of tax because your spouse omitted income or claimed false deductions or credits; (b) you are divorced, separated, or no longer living with your spouse; or (c) given all the facts and circumstances, it wouldn't be fair to hold you liable for the tax. You also may qualify for relief if you were a married resident of a community property state but didn't file a joint return and are now liable for an unpaid or understated tax. File Form 8857 to request relief. In some cases, Form 8857 may need to be filed within 2 years of the date on which the IRS first attempted to collect the tax from you. Don't file Form 8857 with your Form 1040 or 1040-SR. For more information, see Pub. 971 and Form

8857, or you can call the Innocent Spouse office toll free at 855-851-2009.

Income Tax Withholding and Estimated Tax Payments for 2020

TIP You can use the [Tax Withholding Estimator](#) instead of Pub. 505 or the worksheets included with Form W-4 or W-4P, to determine whether you need to have your withholding increased or decreased.

In general, you don't have to make estimated tax payments if you expect that your 2020 Form 1040 or 1040-SR will show a tax refund or a tax balance due of less than \$1,000. If your total estimated tax for 2020 is \$1,000 or more, see Form 1040-ES and Pub. 505 for a worksheet you can use to see if you have to make estimated tax payments. For more details, see Pub. 505.

Secure Your Tax Records From Identity Theft

Identity theft occurs when someone uses your personal information, such as your name, social security number (SSN), or other identifying information, without your permission, to commit fraud or other crimes. An identity thief may use your SSN to get a job or may file a tax return using your SSN to receive a refund.

To reduce your risk:

- Protect your SSN,
- Ensure your employer is protecting your SSN, and
- Be careful when choosing a tax return preparer.

If your tax records are affected by identity theft and you receive a notice from the IRS, respond right away to the name and phone number printed on the IRS notice or letter. For more information, see Pub. 5027.

If your SSN has been lost or stolen or you suspect you are a victim of tax-related identity theft, visit [IRS.gov/IdentityTheft](#) to learn what steps you should take.

Victims of identity theft who are experiencing economic harm or a systemic

problem, or are seeking help in resolving tax problems that haven't been resolved through normal channels, may be eligible for Taxpayer Advocate Service (TAS) assistance. You can reach TAS by calling the National Taxpayer Advocate helpline at 877-777-4778. People who are deaf, hard of hearing, or have a speech disability and who have access to TTY/TDD equipment can call 800-829-4059. Deaf or hard-of-hearing individuals also can contact the IRS through relay services such as the Federal Relay Service, available at [www.gsa.gov/fedrelay](#).

Protect yourself from suspicious emails or phishing schemes. Phishing is the creation and use of email and websites designed to mimic legitimate business emails and websites. The most common form is sending an email to a user falsely claiming to be an established legitimate enterprise in an attempt to scam the user into surrendering private information that will be used for identity theft.

The IRS doesn't initiate contacts with taxpayers via emails. Also, the IRS doesn't request detailed personal information through email or ask taxpayers for the PIN numbers, passwords, or similar secret access information for their credit card, bank, or other financial accounts.

If you receive an unsolicited email claiming to be from the IRS, forward the message to phishing@irs.gov. You also may report misuse of the IRS name, logo, forms, or other IRS property to the Treasury Inspector General for Tax Administration toll free at 800-366-4484. People who are deaf, hard of hearing, or have a speech disability and who have access to TTY/TDD equipment can call 800-877-8339. You can forward suspicious emails to the Federal Trade Commission (FTC) at spam@uce.gov or report them at ftc.gov/complaint. You can contact them at www.ftc.gov/idtheft or 877-IDTHEFT (877-438-4338). If you have been the victim of identity theft, see [www.IdentityTheft.gov](#) and Pub. 5027. People who are deaf, hard of hearing, or have a speech disability and who have access to TTY/TDD equipment can call 866-653-4261.

Visit [IRS.gov](#) and enter "identity theft" in the search box to learn more

about identity theft and how to reduce your risk.

How Do You Make a Gift To Reduce Debt Held By the Public?

If you wish to do so, make a check payable to "Bureau of the Fiscal Service." You can send it to: Bureau of the Fiscal Service, Attn: Dept G, P.O. Box 2188, Parkersburg, WV 26106-2188. Or you can enclose the check with your income tax return when you file. In the memo section of the check, make a note that it is a gift to reduce the debt held by the public. Don't add your gift to any tax you may owe. See the instructions for line 23 for details on how to pay any tax you owe. For information on how to make this type of gift online, go to www.treasurydirect.gov and click on "How to Make a Contribution to Reduce the Debt."

TIP You may be able to deduct this gift on your 2020 tax return.

How Long Should Records Be Kept?

Keep a copy of your tax return, worksheets you used, and records of all items appearing on it (such as Forms W-2 and 1099) until the statute of limitations runs out for that return. Usually, this is 3 years from the date the return was due or filed or 2 years from the date the tax was paid, whichever is later. You should keep some records longer. For example, keep property records (including those on your home) as long as they are needed to figure the basis of the original or replacement property. For more details, see chapter 1 of Pub. 17.

Amended Return

File Form 1040-X to change a return you already filed. Generally, Form 1040-X must be filed within 3 years after the date the original return was filed or within 2 years after the date the tax was paid, whichever is later. But you may have more time to file Form 1040-X if you live in a federally declared disaster area or you are physically

or mentally unable to manage your financial affairs. See Pub. 556 for details.

Use the [Where's My Amended Return](#) application on IRS.gov to track the status of your amended return. It can take up to 3 weeks from the date you mailed it to show up in our system.

Need a Copy of Your Tax Return Information?

Tax return transcripts are free and generally are used to validate income and tax filing status for mortgage applications, student and small business loan applications, and during tax return preparation. To get a free transcript:

- Visit [IRS.gov/Transcript](#),
- Use Form 4506-T or 4506T-EZ, or
- Call us at 800-908-9946.

If you need a copy of your actual tax return, use Form 4506. There is a fee for each return requested. See Form 4506 for the current fee. If your main home, principal place of business, or tax records are located in a federally declared disaster area, this fee will be waived.

Death of a Taxpayer

If a taxpayer died before filing a return for 2019, the taxpayer's spouse or personal representative may have to file and sign a return for that taxpayer. A personal representative can be an executor, administrator, or anyone who is in charge of the deceased taxpayer's property. If the deceased taxpayer didn't have to file a return but had tax withheld, a return must be filed to get a refund. The person who files the return must enter "Deceased," the deceased taxpayer's name, and the date of death across the top of the return. If this information isn't provided, it may delay the processing of the return.

If your spouse died in 2019 and you didn't remarry in 2019, or if your spouse died in 2020 before filing a return for 2019, you can file a joint return. A joint return should show your spouse's 2019 income before death and your income for all of 2019. Enter "Filing as surviving spouse" in the area where you sign the return. If someone else is the personal representative, he or she also must sign.

The surviving spouse or personal representative should promptly notify all payers of income, including financial institutions, of the taxpayer's death. This will ensure the proper reporting of income earned by the taxpayer's estate or heirs. A deceased taxpayer's social security number shouldn't be used for tax years after the year of death, except for estate tax return purposes.

Claiming a Refund for a Deceased Taxpayer

If you are filing a joint return as a surviving spouse, you only need to file the tax return to claim the refund. If you are a court-appointed representative, file the return and include a copy of the certificate that shows your appointment. All other filers requesting the deceased taxpayer's refund must file the return and attach Form 1310.

For more details, use [Tax Topic 356](#) or see Pub. 559.

Past Due Returns

If you or someone you know needs to file past due tax returns, use [Tax Topic 153](#) or go to [IRS.gov/Individuals](#) for help in filing those returns. Send the return to the address that applies to you in the latest Form 1040 and 1040-SR instructions. For example, if you are filing a 2016 return in 2020, use the address at the end of these instructions. However, if you got an IRS notice, mail the return to the address in the notice.

How To Get Tax Help

If you have questions about a tax issue, need help preparing your tax return, or want to download free publications, forms, or instructions, go to IRS.gov and find resources that can help you right away.

Preparing and filing your tax return. Find free options to prepare and file your return on IRS.gov or in your local community if you qualify.

The Volunteer Income Tax Assistance (VITA) program offers free tax help to people who generally make \$56,000 or less, persons with disabilities, and limited-English-speaking taxpayers who need help preparing their own tax returns. The Tax Counseling for the Elderly (TCE) program offers free

tax help for all taxpayers, particularly those who are 60 years of age and older. TCE volunteers specialize in answering questions about pensions and retirement-related issues unique to seniors.

You can go to IRS.gov to see your options for preparing and filing your return which include the following.

- **Free File.** Go to [IRS.gov/FreeFile](#). See if you qualify to use brand-name software to prepare and e-file your federal tax return for free.

- **VITA.** Go to [IRS.gov/VITA](#), download the free IRS2Go app, or call 800-906-9887 to find the nearest VITA location for free tax return preparation.

- **TCE.** Go to [IRS.gov/TCE](#), download the free IRS2Go app, or call 888-227-7669 to find the nearest TCE location for free tax return preparation.

Getting answers to your tax law questions. On IRS.gov, get answers to your tax questions anytime, anywhere.

- Go to [IRS.gov/Help](#) for a variety of tools that will help you get answers to some of the most common tax questions.

- Go to [IRS.gov/ITA](#) for the Interactive Tax Assistant, a tool that will ask you questions on a number of tax law topics and provide answers. You can print the entire interview and the final response for your records.

- Go to [IRS.gov/Pub17](#) to get Pub. 17, Your Federal Income Tax for Individuals, which features details on tax-saving opportunities, 2019 tax changes, and thousands of interactive links to help you find answers to your questions. View it online in HTML, as a PDF, or download it to your mobile device as an eBook.

- You also may be able to access tax law information in your electronic filing software.

Getting tax forms and publications. Go to [IRS.gov/Forms](#) to view, download, or print all of the forms and publications you may need. You also can download and view popular tax publications and instructions (including the 1040 and 1040-SR instructions) on mobile devices as an eBook at no charge. Or, you can go to [IRS.gov/OrderForms](#) to place an order and have forms mailed to you within 10 business days.

Access your online account (Individual taxpayers only). Go to [IRS.gov/](#)

[Account](#) to securely access information about your federal tax account.

- View the amount you owe, pay online, or set up an online payment agreement.

- Access your tax records online.
- Review the past 24 months of your payment history.

- Go to [IRS.gov/SecureAccess](#) to review the required identity authentication process.

Using direct deposit. The fastest way to receive a tax refund is to combine [direct deposit](#) and IRS *e-file*. Direct deposit securely and electronically transfers your refund directly into your financial account. Eight in 10 taxpayers use direct deposit to receive their refund. IRS issues more than 90% of refunds in less than 21 days.

Refund timing for returns claiming certain credits. The IRS can't issue [refunds before mid-February 2020](#) for returns that claimed the earned income credit (EIC) or the additional child tax credit (ACTC). This applies to the entire refund, not just the portion associated with these credits.

Getting a transcript or copy of a return. The quickest way to get a copy of your tax transcript is to go to [IRS.gov/Transcripts](#). Click on either "Get Transcript Online" or "Get Transcript by Mail" to order a copy of your transcript. If you prefer, you can:

- Order your transcript by calling 800-908-9946.

- Mail Form 4506-T or Form 4506T-EZ (both available on [IRS.gov](#)).

Using online tools to help prepare your return. Go to [IRS.gov/Tools](#) for the following.

- The [Earned Income Tax Credit Assistant \(IRS.gov/EIC\)](#) determines if you are eligible for the EIC.

- The [Online EIN Application \(IRS.gov/EIN\)](#) helps you get an employer identification number.

- The [Tax Withholding Estimator \(IRS.gov/W4App\)](#) estimates the amount you should have withheld from your paycheck for federal income tax purposes.

- The [First Time Homebuyer Credit Account Look-up \(IRS.gov/Homebuyer\)](#) tool provides information on your repayments and account balance.

- The [Sales Tax Deduction Calculator \(IRS.gov/SalesTax\)](#) figures the amount you can claim if you itemize deductions on Schedule A (Form 1040 or 1040-SR), choose not to claim state and local income taxes, and you didn't save your receipts showing the sales tax you paid.

Resolving tax-related identity theft issues.

- The IRS doesn't initiate contact with taxpayers by email or telephone to request personal or financial information. This includes any type of electronic communication, such as text messages and social media channels.

- Go to [IRS.gov/IDProtection](#) for information and videos.

- If your SSN has been lost or stolen or you suspect you are a victim of tax-related identity theft, visit [IRS.gov/ID](#) to learn what steps you should take.

- See *Secure Your Tax Records From Identity Theft* under *General Information*, earlier.

Checking on the status of your refund.

- Go to [IRS.gov/Refunds](#).

- The IRS can't issue refunds before mid-February 2020 for returns that claimed the EIC or ACTC. This applies to the entire refund, not just the portion associated with these credits.

- Download the official [IRS2Go](#) app to your mobile device to check your refund status.

- Call the automated refund hotline at 800-829-1954. See *Refund Information*, later.

Making a tax payment. The IRS uses the latest encryption technology to ensure your electronic payments are safe and secure. You can make electronic payments online, by phone, and from a mobile device using the IRS2Go app. Paying electronically is quick, easy, and faster than mailing in a check or money order. Go to [IRS.gov/Payments](#) to make a payment using any of the following options.

- **IRS Direct Pay:** Pay your individual tax bill or estimated tax payment directly from your checking or savings account at no cost to you.

- **Debit or credit card:** Choose an approved payment processor to pay online, by phone, and by mobile device.

- **Electronic Funds Withdrawal:** Offered only when filing your federal taxes using tax return preparation software or through a tax professional.

- **Electronic Federal Tax Payment System:** Best option for businesses. Enrollment is required.

- **Check or money order:** Mail your payment to the address listed on the notice or instructions.

- **Cash:** You may be able to pay your taxes with cash at a participating retail store.

What if I can't pay now? Go to [IRS.gov/Payments](#) for more information about your options.

- Apply for an [online payment agreement \(IRS.gov/OPA\)](#) to meet your tax obligation in monthly installments if you can't pay your taxes in full today. Once you complete the online process, you will receive immediate notification of whether your agreement has been approved.

- Use the [Offer in Compromise Pre-Qualifier \(IRS.gov/OIC\)](#) to see if you can settle your tax debt for less than the full amount you owe.

Checking the status of an amended return. Go to [IRS.gov/WMAR](#) to track the status of Form 1040-X amended returns. Please note that it can take up to 3 weeks from the date you mailed your amended return for it to show up in our system and processing it can take up to 16 weeks.

Understanding an IRS notice or letter. Go to [IRS.gov/Notices](#) to find additional information about responding to an IRS notice or letter.

Contacting your local IRS office. Keep in mind, many questions can be answered on [IRS.gov](#) without visiting an IRS Tax Assistance Center (TAC). Go to [IRS.gov/LetUsHelp](#) for the topics people ask about most. If you still need help, IRS TACs provide help when a tax issue can't be handled online or by phone. All TACs now provide service by appointment so you'll know in advance that you can get the service you need without long wait times. Before you visit, go to [IRS.gov/TACLocator](#) to find the nearest TAC, check hours, available services, and appointment options.

Watching IRS videos. The IRS Video portal [IRSvideos.gov](#) contains video and

audio presentations for individuals, small businesses, and tax professionals.

IRS social media. The IRS uses social media tools to share the latest information on tax changes, scam alerts, initiatives, products, and services. Connect with the IRS through the following social media tools: IRS2Go mobile app, Twitter, Facebook, LinkedIn, and Instagram.

- <https://www.facebook.com/IRS>.
- <https://www.twitter.com/IRSnews>.
- <https://www.instagram.com/irsnews>.
- <https://www.linkedin.com/company/irs>.
- <https://www.youtube.com/user/irsvideos>.
- <https://www.irs.gov/newsroom/irs2goapp>.

At the IRS, privacy and security are paramount. We use these tools to share public information with you. Don't post your social security number or other confidential information on social media sites. Always protect your identity when using any social networking site.

We will not be able to answer personal tax or account questions on any of these sites.

Getting tax information in other languages. For taxpayers whose native language isn't English, we have the following resources available. Taxpayers can find information on IRS.gov in the following languages.

- [Spanish \(IRS.gov/Spanish\)](https://www.irs.gov/Spanish).
- [Chinese \(IRS.gov/Chinese\)](https://www.irs.gov/Chinese).
- [Vietnamese \(IRS.gov/Vietnamese\)](https://www.irs.gov/Vietnamese).
- [Korean \(IRS.gov/Korean\)](https://www.irs.gov/Korean).
- [Russian \(IRS.gov/Russian\)](https://www.irs.gov/Russian).

The IRS TACs provide over-the-phone interpreter service in over 170 languages, and the service is available free to taxpayers.

Interest and Penalties

You don't have to figure the amount of any interest or penalties you may owe. We will send you a bill for any amount due.

If you choose to include interest or penalties (other than the estimated tax penalty) with your payment, identify and enter the amount in the bottom margin of Form 1040 or 1040-SR, page 2. Don't include interest or penalties (other than the estimated tax penalty) in the amount you owe on line 23.

Interest

We will charge you interest on taxes not paid by their due date, even if an extension of time to file is granted. We also will charge you interest on penalties imposed for failure to file, negligence, fraud, substantial or gross valuation misstatements, substantial understatements of tax, and reportable transaction understatements. Interest is charged on the penalty from the due date of the return (including extensions).

Penalties

Late filing. If you don't file your return by the due date (including extensions), the penalty is usually 5% of the amount due for each month or part of a month your return is late, unless you have a reasonable explanation. If you have a reasonable explanation for filing late, include it with your return. The penalty

can be as much as 25% of the tax due. The penalty is 15% per month, up to a maximum of 75%, if the failure to file is fraudulent. If your return is more than 60 days late, the minimum penalty will be \$435 or the amount of any tax you owe, whichever is smaller.

Late payment of tax. If you pay your taxes late, the penalty is usually $\frac{1}{2}$ of 1% of the unpaid amount for each month or part of a month the tax isn't paid. The penalty can be as much as 25% of the unpaid amount. It applies to any unpaid tax on the return. This penalty is in addition to interest charges on late payments.

Frivolous return. In addition to any other penalties, the law imposes a penalty of \$5,000 for filing a frivolous return. A frivolous return is one that doesn't contain information needed to figure the correct tax or shows a substantially incorrect tax because you take a frivolous position or desire to delay or interfere with the tax laws. This includes altering or striking out the preprinted language above the space where you sign. For a list of positions identified as frivolous, see Notice 2010-33, 2010-17 I.R.B. 609, available at [IRS.gov/irb/2010-17_IRB#NOT-2010-33](https://www.irs.gov/irb/2010-17_IRB#NOT-2010-33).

Other. Other penalties can be imposed for, among other things, negligence, substantial understatement of tax, reportable transaction understatements, filing an erroneous refund claim, and fraud. Criminal penalties may be imposed for willful failure to file, tax evasion, making a false statement, or identity theft. See Pub. 17 for details on some of these penalties.

Refund Information

where's my refund? To check the status of your refund, go to [IRS.gov/Refunds](https://www.irs.gov/Refunds) or use the free IRS2Go app, 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. Information about your refund generally will be available within 24 hours after the IRS receives your e-filed return or 4 weeks after you mail a paper return. But if you filed Form 8379 with your return, allow 14 weeks (11 weeks if you filed electronically) before checking your refund status.

The IRS can't issue refunds before mid-February 2020 for returns that claim the earned income credit or the additional child tax credit. This delay applies to the entire refund, not just the portion associated with these credits.



To use *Where's My Refund*, have a copy of your tax return handy. You will need to enter the following information from your return:

- Your social security number (or individual taxpayer identification number),
- Your filing status, and
- The exact whole dollar amount of your refund.

Where's My Refund will provide an actual personalized refund date as soon as the IRS processes your tax return and approves your refund.



Updates to refund status are made once a day—usually at night.



If you don't have Internet access, you can call 800-829-1954, 24 hours a day, 7 days a week, for automated refund information. Our phone and walk-in assistants can research the status of your refund only if it's been 21 days or more since you filed electronically or more than 6 weeks since you mailed your paper return.

Don't send in a copy of your return unless asked to do so.

To get a refund, you generally must file your return within 3 years from the date the return was due (including extensions).

Where's My Refund doesn't track refunds that are claimed on an amended tax return.

Refund information also is available in Spanish at [IRS.gov/Spanish](https://www.irs.gov/Spanish) and 800-829-1954.

Instructions for Schedule 1

Additional Income and Adjustments To Income

General Instructions

Use Schedule 1 to report income or adjustments to income that can't be entered directly on Form 1040 or 1040-SR.

Additional income is entered on Schedule 1, lines 1 through 8. The amount on line 9 of Schedule 1 is entered on Form 1040 or 1040-SR, line 7a.

Adjustments to income are entered on Schedule 1, lines 10 through 22. The amount on line 22 is entered on Form 1040 or 1040-SR, line 8a.

Virtual Currency

If, in 2019, you engaged in any transaction involving virtual currency, check the "Yes" box next to the question on virtual currency at the top of Schedule 1. A transaction involving virtual currency includes:

- The receipt or transfer of virtual currency for free (without providing any consideration), including from an air-drop or following a hard fork;
- An exchange of virtual currency for goods or services;
- A sale of virtual currency; and
- An exchange of virtual currency for other property, including for another virtual currency.

If you disposed of any virtual currency that was held as a capital asset, use Form 8949 to figure your capital gain or loss and report it on Schedule D (Form 1040 or 1040-SR).

If you received any virtual currency as compensation for services or disposed of any virtual currency that you held for sale to customers in a trade or business, you must report the income as you would report other income of the same type (for example, W-2 wages on Form 1040 or 1040-SR, line 1, or inventory or services from Schedule C on Schedule 1).

If, in 2019, you have not engaged in any transaction involving virtual currency, and you don't otherwise have to file


Schedule 1, you don't have to do anything further. If you otherwise have to file Schedule 1, check the "No" box.

For more information, go to [IRS.gov/virtualcurrencyfaqs](https://www.irs.gov/virtualcurrencyfaqs).

Additional Income

Line 1

Taxable Refunds, Credits, or Offsets of State and Local Income Taxes

 *None of your refund is taxable if, in the year you paid the tax, you either (a) didn't itemize deductions, or (b) elected to deduct state and local general sales taxes instead of state and local income taxes.*

If you received a refund, credit, or offset of state or local income taxes in 2019, you may be required to report this amount. If you didn't receive a Form 1099-G, check with the government agency that made the payments to you. Your 2019 Form 1099-G may have been made available to you only in an electronic format, and you will need to get instructions from the agency to retrieve this document. Report any taxable refund you received even if you didn't receive Form 1099-G.

If you chose to apply part or all of the refund to your 2019 estimated state or local income tax, the amount applied is treated as received in 2019. If the refund was for a tax you paid in 2018 and you deducted state and local income taxes on your 2018 Schedule A, use the State and Local Income Tax Refund Worksheet in these instructions to see if any of your refund is taxable.

Exception. See *Itemized Deduction Recoveries* in Pub. 525 instead of using the State and Local Income Tax Refund Worksheet in these instructions if any of the following applies.

1. You received a refund in 2019 that is for a tax year other than 2018.

2. You received a refund other than an income tax refund, such as a general sales tax or real property tax refund, in 2019 of an amount deducted or credit claimed in an earlier year.

3. You had taxable income on your 2018 Form 1040, line 10, but no tax on your Form 1040, line 11, because of the 0% tax rate on net capital gain and qualified dividends in certain situations.

4. Your 2018 state and local income tax refund is more than your 2018 state and local income tax deduction minus the amount you could have deducted as your 2018 state and local general sales taxes.

5. You made your last payment of 2018 estimated state or local income tax in 2019.

6. You owed alternative minimum tax in 2018.

7. You couldn't use the full amount of credits you were entitled to in 2018 because the total credits were more than the amount shown on your 2018 Form 1040, line 11.

8. You could be claimed as a dependent by someone else in 2018.

9. You received a refund because of a jointly filed state or local income tax return, but you aren't filing a joint 2019 Form 1040 with the same person.

Lines 2a and 2b

Alimony Received

Line 2a

Enter amounts received as alimony or separate maintenance pursuant to a divorce or separation agreement entered into on or before December 31, 2018, unless that agreement was changed after December 31, 2018 to expressly provide that alimony received isn't included in your income. Alimony received is not included in your income if you entered into a divorce or separation agreement

after December 31, 2018. If you are including alimony in your income, you must let the person who made the payments know your social security number. If you don't, you may have to pay a penalty. For more details, see Pub. 504.

If you are including alimony payments from more than one divorce or separation agreement in your income, enter the total of all alimony received on line 2a.

Line 2b

On line 2b, enter the month and year of your original divorce or separation agreement that relates to the alimony payment, if any, reported on line 2a.

If you have alimony payments from more than one divorce or separation agreement, on line 2b enter the month and year of the divorce or separation agreement for which you received the most income. Attach a statement listing the month and year of the other agreements.

Line 3

Business Income or (Loss)

If you operated a business or practiced your profession as a sole proprietor, report your income and expenses on Schedule C.

Line 4

Other Gains or (Losses)

If you sold or exchanged assets used in a trade or business, see the Instructions for Form 4797.

Line 7

Unemployment Compensation

You should receive a Form 1099-G showing in box 1 the total unemployment compensation paid to you in 2019. Report this amount on line 7. However, if you made contributions to a governmental unemployment compensation program or to a governmental paid family leave program and you aren't itemizing deductions, reduce the amount you report on line 7 by those contributions. If you are itemizing deductions, see the instructions on Form 1099-G.

If you received an overpayment of unemployment compensation in 2019

and you repaid any of it in 2019, subtract the amount you repaid from the total amount you received. Enter the result on line 7. Also, enter "Repaid" and the amount you repaid on the dotted line next to line 7. If, in 2019, you repaid more than \$3,000 of unemployment compensation that you included in gross income in an earlier year, see *Repayments* in Pub. 525 for details on how to report the payment.

Line 8

Other Income



Do not report on this line any income from self-employment or fees received as a notary public. Instead, you must use Schedule C, even if you don't have any business expenses. Also, don't report on line 8 any nonemployee compensation shown on Form 1099-MISC (unless it isn't self-employment income, such as income from a hobby or a sporadic activity). Instead, see the instructions on Form 1099-MISC to find out where to report that income.

Taxable income. Use line 8 to report any taxable income not reported elsewhere on your return or other schedules. List the type and amount of income. If necessary, include a statement showing the required information. For more details, see *Miscellaneous Income* in Pub. 525.

Examples of income to report on line 8 include the following.

- Most prizes and awards. But see *Olympic and Paralympic medals and USOC prize money*, later.
- Jury duty pay. Also see the instructions for line 22.
- Alaska Permanent Fund dividends.
- Reimbursements or other amounts received for items deducted in an earlier year, such as medical expenses, real estate taxes, general sales taxes, or home mortgage interest. See *Recoveries* in Pub. 525 for details on how to figure the amount to report.
- Income from the rental of personal property if you engaged in the rental for profit but were not in the business of renting such property. Also see the instructions for line 22.
- Income from an activity not engaged in for profit. See Pub. 535.

- Amounts deemed to be income from a health savings account (HSA) because you didn't remain an eligible individual during the testing period. See Form 8889, Part III.

- Gambling winnings, including lotteries, raffles, a lump-sum payment from the sale of a right to receive future lottery payments, etc. For details on gambling losses, see the instructions for Schedule A, line 16.



Attach Form(s) W-2G to Form 1040 if any federal income tax was withheld.

- Reemployment trade adjustment assistance (RTAA) payments. These payments should be shown in box 5 of Form 1099-G.

- Loss on certain corrective distributions of excess deferrals. See *Retirement Plan Contributions* in Pub. 525.

- Dividends on insurance policies if they exceed the total of all net premiums you paid for the contract.

- Recapture of a charitable contribution deduction relating to the contribution of a fractional interest in tangible personal property. See *Fractional Interest in Tangible Personal Property* in Pub. 526. Interest and an additional 10% tax apply to the amount of the recapture. See the instructions for Schedule 2, line 8.

- Recapture of a charitable contribution deduction if the charitable organization disposes of the donated property within 3 years of the contribution. See *Recapture if no exempt use* in Pub. 526.

- Canceled debts. These amounts may be shown in box 2 of Form 1099-C. However, part or all of your income from the cancellation of debt may be nontaxable. See Pub. 4681 or go to IRS.gov and enter "canceled debt" or "foreclosure" in the search box.

- Taxable part of disaster relief payments. See Pub. 525 to figure the taxable part, if any. If any of your disaster relief payment is taxable, attach a statement showing the total payment received and how you figured the taxable part.

- Taxable distributions from a Coverdell education savings account (ESA) or a qualified tuition program (QTP). Distributions from these accounts may be taxable if (a) in the case of distributions from a QTP, they are more than the qualified higher education expenses

State and Local Income Tax Refund Worksheet—Schedule 1, Line 1

Before you begin: ✓ Be sure you have read the *Exception* in the instructions for this line to see if you can use this worksheet instead of Pub. 525 to figure if any of your refund is taxable.

1.	Enter the income tax refund from Form(s) 1099-G (or similar statement). But don't enter more than the amount of your state and local income taxes shown on your 2018 Schedule A, line 5d	1. _____
2.	Is the amount of state and local income taxes (or general sales taxes), real estate taxes, and personal property taxes paid in 2018 (generally, this is the amount reported on your 2018 Schedule A, line 5d), more than the amount on your 2018 Schedule A, line 5e?	_____
	<input type="checkbox"/> No. Enter the amount from line 1 on line 3 and go to line 4.	
	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes. Subtract the amount on your 2018 Schedule A, line 5e, from the amount of state and local income taxes (or general sales taxes), real estate taxes, and personal property taxes paid in 2018 (generally, this is the amount reported on your 2018 Schedule A, line 5d).	2. _____
3.	Is the amount on line 1 more than the amount on line 2?	_____
	<input type="checkbox"/> No. None of your refund is taxable.	
	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes. Subtract line 2 from line 1.	3. _____
4.	Enter your total itemized deductions from your 2018 Schedule A, line 17.	4. _____
	Note. If the filing status on your 2018 Form 1040 was married filing separately and your spouse itemized deductions in 2018, skip lines 5 through 7, enter the amount from line 4 on line 8, and go to line 9.	
5.	Enter the amount shown below for the filing status claimed on your 2018 Form 1040.	_____
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Single or married filing separately—\$12,000 • Married filing jointly or qualifying widow(er)—\$24,000 • Head of household—\$18,000 	5. _____
6.	Check any boxes that apply.*	
	<input type="checkbox"/> You were born before January 2, 1954.	_____
	<input type="checkbox"/> Spouse was born before January 2, 1954.	
	<input type="checkbox"/> You are blind.	
	<input type="checkbox"/> Spouse is blind.	
	No boxes checked. Enter -0-.	
	Multiply the number of boxes checked by \$1,300 (\$1,600 if your 2018 filing status was single or head of household).	6. _____
	*If your filing status is married filing separately, you can check the boxes for your spouse only if your spouse had no income, isn't filing a return, and can't be claimed as a dependent on another person's return.	
7.	Add lines 5 and 6	7. _____
8.	Is the amount on line 7 less than the amount on line 4?	_____
	<input type="checkbox"/> No. None of your refund is taxable.	
	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes. Subtract line 7 from line 4	8. _____
9.	Taxable part of your refund. Enter the smaller of line 3 or line 8 here and on Schedule 1, line 1	9. _____

of the designated beneficiary in 2019 or, in the case of distributions from an ESA, they are more than the qualified education expenses of the designated beneficiary in 2019, and (b) they were not included in a qualified rollover. Nontaxable distributions from these accounts don't have to be reported on Form 1040 or 1040-SR. This includes rollovers and qualified higher education expenses refunded to a student from a QTP that were recontributed to a QTP with the same designated beneficiary within 60 days after the date of refund. See Pub. 970.



You may have to pay an additional tax if you received a taxable distribution from a Coverdell ESA or a QTP. See the Instructions for Form 5329.

- Taxable distributions from a health savings account (HSA) or an Archer MSA. Distributions from these accounts may be taxable if (a) they are more than the unreimbursed qualified medical expenses of the account beneficiary or account holder in 2019, and (b) they were not included in a qualified rollover. See Pub. 969.



You may have to pay an additional tax if you received a taxable distribution from an HSA or an Archer MSA. See the Instructions for Form 8889 for HSAs or the Instructions for Form 8853 for Archer MSAs.

- Taxable distributions from an ABLE account. Distributions from this type of account may be taxable if (a) they are more than the designated beneficiary's qualified disability expenses, and (b) they were not included in a qualified rollover. Enter "ABLE" and the taxable amount on the dotted line next to line 8. See Pub. 907 for more information.



You may have to pay an additional tax if you received a taxable distribution from an ABLE account. See the Instructions for Form 5329.

- Section 461(l) excess business loss adjustments. Enter "ELA" and the taxable amount on the dotted line next to line 8. See Form 461 and its instructions for more information.

- Net section 965 inclusion. If you have a net section 965 inclusion (the section 965(a) inclusion less the corre-

sponding section 965(c) deduction) for 2019, enter "SEC 965" and the net inclusion amount on the dotted line next to line 8. You must also complete and attach Form 965 and Form 965-A to your return.

- If, as a result of an election under section 965(n), the amount of the net operating loss for the taxable year is determined without regard to relevant section 965-related amounts (the "reduction amount"), the reduction amount is included in other income on line 8. If, as a result of an election under section 965(n), the taxable income to be reduced by net operating loss carryovers or carrybacks is reduced, the net operating loss deduction on line 8 is reduced by the reduction amount.

- Section 951A requires U.S. shareholders of controlled foreign corporations to report their global intangible low-taxed income (GILTI) in taxable income. Include the amount figured on Form 8992 and attach a copy of the form to your return. If you have a Form 5471 reporting requirement, attach a copy of Form 5471 to your return.

Nontaxable income. Don't report any nontaxable income on line 8. Examples of nontaxable income include the following.

- Child support.
- Payments you received to help you pay your mortgage loan under the HFA Hardest Hit Fund.
- Any Pay-for-Performance Success Payments that reduce the principal balance of your home mortgage under the Home Affordable Modification Program.
- Life insurance proceeds received because of someone's death (other than from certain employer-owned life insurance contracts).
- Gifts and bequests. However, if you received a gift or bequest from a foreign person of more than \$16,388, you may have to report information about it on Form 3520, Part IV. See the Instructions for Form 3520.

Net operating loss (NOL) deduction. Include on line 8 any NOL deduction from an earlier year. Subtract it from any income on line 8 and enter the result. If the result is less than zero, enter it in parentheses. On the dotted line next to line 8, enter "NOL" and show the

amount of the deduction in parentheses. See Pub. 536 for details.

Medicaid waiver payments to care provider. Certain Medicaid waiver payments you received for caring for someone living in your home with you may be nontaxable. If these payments were reported to you in box 1 of Form(s) W-2, include the amount on Form 1040 or 1040-SR, line 1. Also, include on line 1 any Medicaid waiver payments you received that you choose to include in earned income for purposes of claiming a credit or other tax benefit, even if you did not receive a Form W-2 reporting these payments. On line 8, subtract the nontaxable amount of the payments from any income on line 8 and enter the result. If the result is less than zero, enter it in parentheses. Enter "Notice 2014-7" and the nontaxable amount on the dotted line next to line 8. For more information about these payments, see Pub. 525.

Olympic and Paralympic medals and USOC prize money. The value of Olympic and Paralympic medals and the amount of United States Olympic Committee prize money you receive on account of your participation in the Olympic or Paralympic Games may be nontaxable. These amounts should be reported to you in box 3 of Form 1099-MISC. To see if these amounts are nontaxable, first figure your adjusted gross income, including the amount of your medals and prize money. If your adjusted gross income is not more than \$1,000,000 (\$500,000 if married filing separately), these amounts are nontaxable and you should include the amount in box 3 of Form 1099-MISC on line 8, then subtract it by including it on line 22, along with any other write-in adjustments. On the dotted line next to line 22, enter the nontaxable amount and identify as "USOC."

Adjustments to Income

Line 10

Educator Expenses

If you were an eligible educator in 2019, you can deduct on line 10 up to \$250 of

qualified expenses you paid in 2019. If you and your spouse are filing jointly and both of you were eligible educators, the maximum deduction is \$500. However, neither spouse can deduct more than \$250 of his or her qualified expenses on line 10. An eligible educator is a kindergarten through grade 12 teacher, instructor, counselor, principal, or aide who worked in a school for at least 900 hours during a school year.

Qualified expenses include ordinary and necessary expenses paid:

- For professional development courses you have taken related to the curriculum you teach or to the students you teach; or
- In connection with books, supplies, equipment (including computer equipment, software, and services), and other materials used in the classroom.

An ordinary expense is one that is common and accepted in your educational field. A necessary expense is one that is helpful and appropriate for your profession as an educator. An expense doesn't have to be required to be considered necessary.

Qualified expenses don't include expenses for home schooling or for non-athletic supplies for courses in health or physical education.

You must reduce your qualified expenses by the following amounts.

- Excludable U.S. series EE and I savings bond interest from Form 8815.
- Nontaxable qualified tuition program earnings or distributions.
- Any nontaxable distribution of Coverdell education savings account earnings.
- Any reimbursements you received for these expenses that weren't reported to you in box 1 of your Form W-2.

For more details, use [Tax Topic 458](#) or see Pub. 529.

Line 11

Certain Business Expenses of Reservists, Performing Artists, and Fee-Basis Government Officials

Include the following deductions on line 11.

- Certain business expenses of National Guard and reserve members who

traveled more than 100 miles from home to perform services as a National Guard or reserve member.

- Performing-arts-related expenses as a qualified performing artist.
- Business expenses of fee-basis state or local government officials.

For more details, see Form 2106.

Line 12

Health Savings Account (HSA) Deduction

You may be able to take this deduction if contributions (other than employer contributions, rollovers, and qualified HSA funding distributions from an IRA) were made to your HSA for 2019. See Form 8889.

Line 13

Moving Expenses

You can deduct moving expenses if you are a member of the Armed Forces on active duty and due to a military order you move because of a permanent change of station. Use [Tax Topic 455](#) or see Form 3903.

Line 14

Deductible Part of Self-Employment Tax

If you were self-employed and owe self-employment tax, fill in Schedule SE to figure the amount of your deduction. If you completed Section A of Schedule SE, the deductible part of your self-employment tax is on line 6. If you completed Section B of Schedule SE, it is on line 13.

Line 15

Self-Employed SEP, SIMPLE, and Qualified Plans

If you were self-employed or a partner, you may be able to take this deduction. See Pub. 560 or, if you were a minister, Pub. 517.

Line 16

Self-Employed Health Insurance Deduction

You may be able to deduct the amount you paid for health insurance for yourself, your spouse, and your dependents.

The insurance also can cover your child who was under age 27 at the end of 2019, even if the child wasn't your dependent. A child includes your son, daughter, stepchild, adopted child, or foster child (defined in *Who Qualifies as Your Dependent* in the Instructions for Forms 1040 and 1040-SR).

One of the following statements must be true.

- You were self-employed and had a net profit for the year reported on Schedule C or F.
- You were a partner with net earnings from self-employment.
- You used one of the optional methods to figure your net earnings from self-employment on Schedule SE.
- You received wages in 2019 from an S corporation in which you were a more-than-2% shareholder. Health insurance premiums paid or reimbursed by the S corporation are shown as wages on Form W-2.

The insurance plan must be established under your business. Your personal services must have been a material income-producing factor in the business. If you are filing Schedule C or F, the policy can be either in your name or in the name of the business.

If you are a partner, the policy can be either in your name or in the name of the partnership. You can either pay the premiums yourself or your partnership can pay them and report them as guaranteed payments. If the policy is in your name and you pay the premiums yourself, the partnership must reimburse you and report the premiums as guaranteed payments.

If you are a more-than-2% shareholder in an S corporation, the policy can be either in your name or in the name of the S corporation. You can either pay the premiums yourself or the S corporation can pay them and report them as wages. If the policy is in your name and you pay the premiums yourself, the S corporation must reimburse you. You can deduct the premiums only if the S corporation reports the premiums paid or reimbursed as wages in box 1 of your Form W-2 in 2019 and you also report the premium payments or reimbursements as wages on Form 1040 or 1040-SR, line 1.

But if you also were eligible to participate in any subsidized health plan

Self-Employed Health Insurance Deduction Worksheet—Schedule 1, Line 16


Before you begin: ✓ If, during 2019, you were an eligible trade adjustment assistance (TAA) recipient, alternative TAA (ATAA) recipient, reemployment TAA (RTAA) recipient, or Pension Benefit Guaranty Corporation pension payee, see the Instructions for Form 8885 to figure the amount to enter on line 1 of this worksheet.
 ✓ Be sure you have read the **Exceptions** in the instructions for this line to see if you can use this worksheet instead of Pub. 535 to figure your deduction.

<p>1. Enter the total amount paid in 2019 for health insurance coverage established under your business (or the S corporation in which you were a more-than-2% shareholder) for 2019 for you, your spouse, and your dependents. Your insurance also can cover your child who was under age 27 at the end of 2019, even if the child wasn't your dependent. But don't include amounts for any month you were eligible to participate in an employer-sponsored health plan or amounts paid from retirement plan distributions that were nontaxable because you are a retired public safety officer</p>	1.	
<p>2. Enter your net profit* and any other earned income** from the business under which the insurance plan is established, minus any deductions on Schedule 1, lines 14 and 15. Don't include Conservation Reserve Program payments exempt from self-employment tax</p>	2.	
<p>3. Self-employed health insurance deduction. Enter the smaller of line 1 or line 2 here and on Schedule 1, line 16. Don't include this amount in figuring any medical expense deduction on Schedule A</p>	3.	

*If you used either optional method to figure your net earnings from self-employment, don't enter your net profit. Instead, enter the amount from Schedule SE, Section B, line 4b.

****Earned income** includes net earnings and gains from the sale, transfer, or licensing of property you created. However, it doesn't include capital gain income. If you were a more-than-2% shareholder in the S corporation under which the insurance plan is established, earned income is your Medicare wages (box 5 of Form W-2) from that corporation.

maintained by your or your spouse's employer for any month or part of a month in 2019, amounts paid for health insurance coverage for that month can't be used to figure the deduction. Also, if you were eligible for any month or part of a month to participate in any subsidized health plan maintained by the employer of either your dependent or your child who was under age 27 at the end of 2019, don't use amounts paid for coverage for that month to figure the deduction.

 *A qualified small employer health reimbursement arrangement (QSEHRA) is considered to be a subsidized health plan maintained by an employer.*

Example. If you were eligible to participate in a subsidized health plan maintained by your spouse's employer from September 30 through December 31, you can't use amounts paid for health insurance coverage for September through December to figure your deduction.

Medicare premiums you voluntarily pay to obtain insurance in your name that is similar to qualifying private

health insurance can be used to figure the deduction. Amounts paid for health insurance coverage from retirement plan distributions that were nontaxable because you are a retired public safety officer can't be used to figure the deduction.

For more details, see Pub. 535.

If you qualify to take the deduction, use the Self-Employed Health Insurance Deduction Worksheet to figure the amount you can deduct.

Exceptions. Use Pub. 535 instead of the Self-Employed Health Insurance Deduction Worksheet in these instructions to figure your deduction if any of the following applies.

- You had more than one source of income subject to self-employment tax.
- You file Form 2555.
- You are using amounts paid for qualified long-term care insurance to figure the deduction.

Use Pub. 974 instead of the worksheet in these instructions if the insurance plan was considered to be established under your business and was obtained through the Marketplace, and ad-

vance payments of the premium tax credit were made or you are claiming the premium tax credit.

Line 17

Penalty on Early Withdrawal of Savings

The Form 1099-INT or Form 1099-OID you received will show the amount of any penalty you were charged.

Lines 18a, 18b, and 18c
Alimony Paid

Line 18a

If you made payments to or for your spouse or former spouse under a divorce or separation agreement entered into on or before December 31, 2018, you may be able to take this deduction. You can't take a deduction for alimony payments you made to or for your spouse if you entered into your divorce or separation agreement after December 31, 2018, or if you entered into the agreement on or before December 31, 2018, and the agreement was changed after December

31, 2018, to expressly provide that alimony received is not included in your former spouse's income. Use [Tax Topic 452](#) or see Pub. 504.

Line 18c

On line 18c, enter the month and year of your original divorce or separation agreement that relates to this deduction for alimony paid.

Line 19

IRA Deduction

TIP *If you made any nondeductible contributions to a traditional individual retirement arrangement (IRA) for 2019, you must report them on Form 8606.*

If you made contributions to a traditional IRA for 2019, you may be able to take an IRA deduction. But you, or your spouse if filing a joint return, must have had earned income to do so. For IRA purposes, earned income includes alimony and separate maintenance payments reported on Schedule 1, line 2a. If you were a member of the U.S. Armed Forces, earned income includes any non-taxable combat pay you received. If you were self-employed, earned income generally is your net earnings from self-employment if your personal services were a material income-producing factor. For more details, see Pub. 590-A. A statement should be sent to you by June 1, 2020, that shows all contributions to your traditional IRA for 2019.

Use the IRA Deduction Worksheet to figure the amount, if any, of your IRA deduction. But read the following 11-item list before you fill in the worksheet.

1. If you were age 70½ or older at the end of 2019, you can't deduct any contributions made to your traditional IRA for 2019 or treat them as nondeductible contributions.

2. You can't deduct contributions to a Roth IRA. But you may be able to take the retirement savings contributions

credit (saver's credit). See the instructions for Schedule 3, line 4.

3. If you are filing a joint return and you or your spouse made contributions to both a traditional IRA and a Roth IRA for 2019, don't use the IRA Deduction Worksheet in these instructions. Instead, see Pub. 590-A to figure the amount, if any, of your IRA deduction.

4. You can't deduct elective deferrals to a 401(k) plan, 403(b) plan, section 457 plan, SIMPLE plan, or the federal Thrift Savings Plan. These amounts aren't included as income in box 1 of your Form W-2.

5. If you made contributions to your IRA in 2019 that you deducted for 2018, don't include them in the worksheet.

6. If you received income from a nonqualified deferred compensation plan or nongovernmental section 457 plan that is included in box 1 of your Form W-2, or in box 7 of Form 1099-MISC, don't include that income on line 8 of the worksheet. The income should be shown in (a) box 11 of your Form W-2, (b) box 12 of your Form W-2 with code Z, or (c) box 15b of Form 1099-MISC. If it isn't, contact your employer or the payer for the amount of the income.

7. You must file a joint return to deduct contributions to your spouse's IRA. Enter the total IRA deduction for you and your spouse on line 19.

8. Don't include rollover contributions in figuring your deduction. Instead, see the instructions for Form 1040 or 1040-SR, lines 4a and 4b.

9. Don't include trustees' fees that were billed separately and paid by you for your IRA.

10. Don't include any repayments of qualified reservist distributions. You can't deduct them. For information on how to report these repayments, see *Qualified reservist repayments* in Pub. 590-A.

11. If the total of your IRA deduction on line 19 plus any nondeductible con-

tribution to your traditional IRAs shown on Form 8606 is less than your total traditional IRA contributions for 2019, see Pub. 590-A for special rules.

TIP *By April 1 of the year after the year in which you turn age 70½, you must start taking minimum required distributions from your traditional IRA. If you don't, you may have to pay a 50% additional tax on the amount that should have been distributed. For details, including how to figure the minimum required distribution, see Pub. 590-B.*

Were You Covered by a Retirement Plan? If you were covered by a retirement plan (qualified pension, profit-sharing (including 401(k)), annuity, SEP, SIMPLE, etc.) at work or through self-employment, your IRA deduction may be reduced or eliminated. But you can still make contributions to an IRA even if you can't deduct them. In any case, the income earned on your IRA contributions isn't taxed until it is paid to you.

The "Retirement plan" box in box 13 of your Form W-2 should be checked if you were covered by a plan at work even if you weren't vested in the plan. You also are covered by a plan if you were self-employed and had a SEP, SIMPLE, or qualified retirement plan.

If you were covered by a retirement plan and you file Form 2555 or 8815, or you exclude employer-provided adoption benefits, see Pub. 590-A to figure the amount, if any, of your IRA deduction.

Married persons filing separately. If you weren't covered by a retirement plan but your spouse was, you are considered covered by a plan unless you lived apart from your spouse for all of 2019.

TIP *You may be able to take the retirement savings contributions credit. See the Schedule 3, line 4 instructions.*

IRA Deduction Worksheet—Schedule 1, Line 19



If you were age 70½ or older at the end of 2019, you can't deduct any contributions made to your traditional IRA or treat them as nondeductible contributions. **Don't** complete this worksheet for anyone age 70½ or older at the end of 2019. If you are married filing jointly and only one spouse was under age 70½ at the end of 2019, complete this worksheet only for that spouse.

Before you begin: ✓ Be sure you have read the 11-item list in the instructions for this line. You may not be able to use this worksheet.
 ✓ Figure any write-in adjustments to be entered on the dotted line next to Schedule 1, line 22 (see the instructions for Schedule 1, line 22).
 ✓ If you are married filing separately and you lived apart from your spouse for all of 2019, enter "D" on the dotted line next to Schedule 1, line 19. If you don't, you may get a math error notice from the IRS.

	Your IRA	Spouse's IRA
1a. Were you covered by a retirement plan (see <i>Were You Covered by a Retirement Plan?</i>)?	1a. <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No	
b. If married filing jointly, was your spouse covered by a retirement plan?		1b. <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No
<p>Next. If you checked "No" on line 1a (and "No" on line 1b if married filing jointly), skip lines 2 through 6, enter the applicable amount below on line 7a (and line 7b if applicable), and go to line 8.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • \$6,000, if under age 50 at the end of 2019. • \$7,000, if age 50 or older but under age 70½ at the end of 2019. <p>Otherwise, go to line 2.</p>		
2. Enter the amount shown below that applies to you.		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Single, head of household, or married filing separately and you lived apart from your spouse for all of 2019, enter \$74,000. • Qualifying widow(er), enter \$123,000. • Married filing jointly, enter \$123,000 in both columns. But if you checked "No" on either line 1a or 1b, enter \$203,000 for the person who wasn't covered by a plan. • Married filing separately and you lived with your spouse at any time in 2019, enter \$10,000. 	2a. _____	2b. _____
3. Enter the amount from Form 1040 or 1040-SR, line 7b	3. _____	
4. Enter the total of the amounts from Schedule 1, lines 10 through 18a, plus any write-in adjustments you entered on the dotted line next to Schedule 1, line 22	4. _____	
5. Subtract line 4 from line 3. If married filing jointly, enter the result in both columns	5a. _____	5b. _____
6. Is the amount on line 5 less than the amount on line 2?		
<input type="checkbox"/> No. None of your IRA contributions are deductible. For details on nondeductible IRA contributions, see Form 8606.		
<input type="checkbox"/> Yes. Subtract line 5 from line 2 in each column. Follow the instruction below that applies to you.		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • If single, head of household, or married filing separately, and the result is \$10,000 or more, enter the applicable amount below on line 7 for that column and go to line 8. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> i. \$6,000, if under age 50 at the end of 2019. ii. \$7,000, if age 50 or older but under age 70½ at the end of 2019. If the result is less than \$10,000, go to line 7. • If married filing jointly or qualifying widow(er), and the result is \$20,000 or more (\$10,000 or more in the column for the IRA of a person who wasn't covered by a retirement plan), enter the applicable amount below on line 7 for that column and go to line 8. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> i. \$6,000, if under age 50 at the end of 2019. ii. \$7,000 if age 50 or older but under age 70½ at the end of 2019. <p>Otherwise, go to line 7.</p>	6a. _____	6b. _____

IRA Deduction Worksheet—Continued

	Your IRA	Spouse's IRA
<p>7. Multiply lines 6a and 6b by the percentage below that applies to you. If the result isn't a multiple of \$10, increase it to the next multiple of \$10 (for example, increase \$490.30 to \$500). If the result is \$200 or more, enter the result. But if it is less than \$200, enter \$200.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Single, head of household, or married filing separately, multiply by 60% (0.60) (or by 70% (0.70) in the column for the IRA of a person who is age 50 or older at the end of 2019). • Married filing jointly or qualifying widow(er), multiply by 30% (0.30) (or by 35% (0.35) in the column for the IRA of a person who is age 50 or older at the end of 2019). But if you checked "No" on either line 1a or 1b, then in the column for the IRA of the person who wasn't covered by a retirement plan, multiply by 60% (0.60) (or by 70% (0.70) if age 50 or older at the end of 2019). 	7a.	7b.
<p>8. Enter the total of your (and your spouse's if filing jointly):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Wages, salaries, tips, etc. Generally, this is the amount reported in box 1 of Form W-2. Exceptions are explained earlier in these instructions for line 19. • Alimony and separate maintenance payments reported on Schedule 1, line 2a. • Nontaxable combat pay. This amount should be reported in box 12 of Form W-2 with code Q. 	8.	
<p>9. Enter the earned income you (and your spouse if filing jointly) received as a self-employed individual or a partner. Generally, this is your (and your spouse's if filing jointly) net earnings from self-employment if your personal services were a material income-producing factor, minus any deductions on Schedule 1, lines 14 and 15. If zero or less, enter -0-. For more details, see Pub. 590-A</p>	9.	
<p>10. Add lines 8 and 9</p>	10.	
<div style="display: flex; align-items: center;"> <p><i>If married filing jointly and line 10 is less than \$11,000 (\$12,000 if one spouse is age 50 or older at the end of 2019; \$13,000 if both spouses are age 50 or older at the end of 2019), stop here and use the worksheet in Pub. 590-A to figure your IRA deduction.</i></p> </div>		
<p>11. Enter traditional IRA contributions made, or that will be made by the due date of your 2019 return not counting extensions (April 15, 2020 for most people), for 2019 to your IRA on line 11a and to your spouse's IRA on line 11b</p>	11a.	11b.
<p>12. On line 12a, enter the smallest of line 7a, 10, or 11a. On line 12b, enter the smallest of line 7b, 10, or 11b. This is the most you can deduct. Add the amounts on lines 12a and 12b and enter the total on Schedule 1, line 19. Or, if you want, you can deduct a smaller amount and treat the rest as a nondeductible contribution (see Form 8606)</p>	12a.	12b.

Line 20

Student Loan Interest Deduction

You can take this deduction only if all of the following apply.

- You paid interest in 2019 on a qualified student loan (defined later).
- Your filing status is any status except married filing separately.
- Your modified adjusted gross income (AGI) is less than: \$85,000 if single, head of household, or qualifying widow(er); \$170,000 if married filing jointly. Use lines 2 through 4 of the worksheet in these instructions to figure your modified AGI.

- You, or your spouse if filing jointly, aren't claimed as a dependent on someone else's (such as your parent's) 2019 tax return.

Use the worksheet in these instructions to figure your student loan interest deduction.

Exception. Use Pub. 970 instead of the worksheet in these instructions to figure your student loan interest deduction if you file Form 2555 or 4563, or you exclude income from sources within Puerto Rico.

Qualified student loan. A qualified student loan is any loan you took out to pay the qualified higher education ex-

penses for any of the following individuals who was an eligible student.

1. Yourself or your spouse.
2. Any person who was your dependent when the loan was taken out.
3. Any person you could have claimed as a dependent for the year the loan was taken out except that:
 - a. The person filed a joint return;
 - b. The person had gross income that was equal to or more than the exemption amount for that year or \$4,200 for 2019;
 or

Student Loan Interest Deduction Worksheet—Schedule 1, Line 20

Before you begin: ✓ Figure any write-in adjustments to be entered on the dotted line next to Schedule 1, line 22 (see the instructions for Schedule 1, line 22).
 ✓ Be sure you have read the **Exception** in the instructions for this line to see if you can use this worksheet instead of Pub. 970 to figure your deduction.

1.	Enter the total interest you paid in 2019 on qualified student loans (see the instructions for line 20). Don't enter more than \$2,500	1.	<input type="text"/>	
2.	Enter the amount from Form 1040 or 1040-SR, line 7b	2.	<input type="text"/>	
3.	Enter the total of the amounts from Schedule 1, lines 10 through 19, plus any write-in adjustments you entered on the dotted line next to Schedule 1, line 22	3.	<input type="text"/>	
4.	Subtract line 3 from line 2	4.	<input type="text"/>	
5.	Enter the amount shown below for your filing status.			
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Single, head of household, or qualifying widow(er)—\$70,000 • Married filing jointly—\$140,000 	}	5.	<input type="text"/>
6.	Is the amount on line 4 more than the amount on line 5?			
	<input type="checkbox"/> No. Skip lines 6 and 7, enter -0- on line 8, and go to line 9.			
	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes. Subtract line 5 from line 4	6.	<input type="text"/>	
7.	Divide line 6 by \$15,000 (\$30,000 if married filing jointly). Enter the result as a decimal (rounded to at least three places). If the result is 1.000 or more, enter 1.000	7.	<input type="text"/>	
8.	Multiply line 1 by line 7	8.	<input type="text"/>	
9.	Student loan interest deduction. Subtract line 8 from line 1. Enter the result here and on Schedule 1, line 20. Don't include this amount in figuring any other deduction on your return (such as on Schedule A, C, E, etc.)	9.	<input type="text"/>	

c. You, or your spouse if filing jointly, could be claimed as a dependent on someone else's return.

However, a loan isn't a qualified student loan if (a) any of the proceeds were used for other purposes, or (b) the loan was from either a related person or a person who borrowed the proceeds under a qualified employer plan or a contract purchased under such a plan. For details, see Pub. 970.

Qualified higher education expenses. Qualified higher education expenses generally include tuition, fees, room and board, and related expenses such as books and supplies. The expenses must be for education in a degree, certificate, or similar program at an eligible educational institution. An eligible educational institution includes most colleges, universities, and certain vocational schools. For details, see Pub. 970.

Line 21

Tuition and Fees

If you paid qualified tuition and fees for yourself, your spouse, or your dependent(s), you may be able to take this de-

duction for 2019. See Form 8917. If you were eligible for this deduction in 2018, you must file an amended return to claim it. See [IRS.gov/Form1040X](https://www.irs.gov/Form1040X).



You may be able to take a credit for your educational expenses instead of a deduction. See the instructions for Form 1040, line 18c, and Schedule 3, line 3, for details.

Line 22

Include in the total on line 22 any of the following write-in adjustments. To find out if you can take the deduction, see the form or publication indicated. On the dotted line next to line 22, enter the amount of your deduction and identify it as indicated.

- Archer MSA deduction (see Form 8853). Identify as "MSA."
- Jury duty pay if you gave the pay to your employer because your employer paid your salary while you served on the jury. Identify as "Jury Pay."
- Deductible expenses related to income reported on line 8 from the rental of personal property engaged in for profit. Identify as "PPR."

- Nontaxable amount of the value of Olympic and Paralympic medals and USOC prize money reported on line 8. Identify as "USOC."

- Reforestation amortization and expenses (see Pub. 535). Identify as "RFST."

- Repayment of supplemental unemployment benefits under the Trade Act of 1974 (see Pub. 525). Identify as "Sub-Pay TRA."

- Contributions to section 501(c)(18)(D) pension plans (see Pub. 525). Identify as "501(c)(18)(D)."

- Contributions by certain chaplains to section 403(b) plans (see Pub. 517). Identify as "403(b)."


- Attorney fees and court costs for actions involving certain unlawful discrimination claims, but only to the extent of gross income from such actions (see Pub. 525). Identify as "UDC."

- Attorney fees and court costs you paid in connection with an award from the IRS for information you provided that helped the IRS detect tax law violations, up to the amount of the award includible in your gross income. Identify as "WBF."

Instructions for Schedule 2

Additional Taxes

General Instructions

 *For 2019, Schedule 2 includes the combined entries from the 2018 Schedules 2 and 4. In Part I, you enter any alternative minimum tax or excess advance premium tax credit repayment. In Part II, you enter any other taxes.*

Use Schedule 2 if you have additional taxes that can't be entered directly on Form 1040 or 1040-SR.

Include the amount on Schedule 2, line 3, in the total on Form 1040 or 1040-SR, line 12b.

Enter the amount on Schedule 2, line 10, on Form 1040 or 1040-SR, line 15.

Specific Instructions

Line 1

Alternative Minimum Tax (AMT)

Alternative minimum tax (AMT) exemption amount increased. The AMT exemption amount is increased to \$71,700 (\$111,700 if married filing jointly or qualifying widow(er); \$55,850 if married filing separately). The income levels at which the AMT exemption begins to phase out has increased to \$510,300 (\$1,020,600 if married filing jointly or qualifying widow(er)).

If you aren't sure whether you owe the AMT, complete the Worksheet To See if You Should Fill in Form 6251.

Exception. Fill in Form 6251 instead of using the worksheet if you claimed or received any of the following items.

- Accelerated depreciation.
- Tax-exempt interest from private activity bonds.
- Intangible drilling, circulation, research, experimental, or mining costs.
- Amortization of pollution-control facilities or depletion.

- Income or (loss) from tax-shelter farm activities, passive activities, partnerships, S corporations, or activities for which you aren't at risk.

- Income from long-term contracts not figured using the percentage-of-completion method.

- Investment interest expense reported on Form 4952.

- Net operating loss deduction.

- Alternative minimum tax adjustments from an estate, trust, electing large partnership, or cooperative.

- Section 1202 exclusion.

- Stock by exercising an incentive stock option and you didn't dispose of the stock in the same year.

- Any general business credit claimed on Form 3800 if either line 6 (in Part I) or line 25 of Form 3800 is more than zero.

- Qualified electric vehicle credit.

- Alternative fuel vehicle refueling property tax.

- Credit for prior year minimum tax.

- Foreign tax credit.

- Net qualified disaster loss and you are reporting your standard deduction on Schedule A, line 16. See the instructions for Form 4684 for more information.



Form 6251 should be filled in for certain children who are under age 24 at the end of 2019. See the Instructions for Form 6251 for more information.

For help with the alternative minimum tax, go to [IRS.gov/AMT](https://www.irs.gov/AMT).

Line 2

Excess Advance Premium Tax Credit Repayment

The premium tax credit helps pay premiums for health insurance purchased from the Marketplace. Eligible individuals may have advance payments of the premium tax credit paid on their behalf directly to the insurance company. If you, your spouse with whom you are filing a joint return, or your dependent was enrolled in coverage purchased from the

Marketplace and advance payments of the premium tax credit were made for the coverage, complete Form 8962 to reconcile (compare) the advance payments with your premium tax credit. You (or whoever enrolled you) should have received Form 1095-A from the Marketplace with information about your coverage and any advance credit payments. If the advance credit payments were more than the premium tax credit you can claim, the amount you must repay will be shown on Form 8962, line 29. Enter that amount, if any, on line 2.

You may have to repay excess advance payments of the premium tax credit even if someone else enrolled you, your spouse, or your dependent in Marketplace coverage. In that case, another individual may have received the Form 1095-A for the coverage. You also may have to repay excess advance payments of the premium tax credit if you enrolled an individual in coverage through the Marketplace, you don't claim the individual as a dependent on your return, and no one else claims that individual as a dependent. For more information, see the Instructions for Form 8962.

Line 5

Unreported Social Security and Medicare Tax from Forms 4137 and 8919

Enter the total of any taxes from Form 4137 and Form 8919. Check the appropriate box(es).

Form 4137. If you received tips of \$20 or more in any month and you didn't report the full amount to your employer, you must pay the social security and Medicare or railroad retirement (RRTA) tax on the unreported tips.

Don't include the value of any non-cash tips, such as tickets or passes. You don't pay social security and Medicare taxes or RRTA tax on these noncash tips.

Worksheet To See if You Should Fill in Form 6251—Schedule 2, Line 1

Before you begin: ✓ Be sure you have read the **Exception** in the instructions for this line to see if you must fill in Form 6251 instead of using this worksheet.

1. Are you filing Schedule A?

No. Skip lines 1 and 2; subtract Form 1040 or 1040-SR, line 10, from Form 1040 or 1040-SR, line 8b, and enter the result on line 3 and go to line 4.

Yes. Enter the amount from Form 1040 or 1040-SR, line 11b **1.** _____

2. Enter the amount from Schedule A, line 7 **2.** _____

3. Add lines 1 and 2 **3.** _____


4. Enter any tax refund from Schedule 1, lines 1 and 8 **4.** _____

5. Subtract line 4 from line 3 **5.** _____

6. Enter the amount shown below for your filing status.

- Single or head of household—\$71,700
 - Married filing jointly or qualifying widow(er)—\$111,700
 - Married filing separately—\$55,850
- } **6.** _____

7. Is the amount on line 5 more than the amount on line 6?

No.  Don't complete the rest of this worksheet. You don't owe alternative minimum tax and don't need to fill out Form 6251. Leave Schedule 2, line 1, blank.

Yes. Subtract line 6 from line 5 **7.** _____

8. Enter the amount shown below for your filing status.

- Single or head of household—\$510,300
 - Married filing jointly or qualifying widow(er)—\$1,020,600
 - Married filing separately—\$510,300
- } **8.** _____

9. Is the amount on line 5 more than the amount on line 8?


No. Enter -0-. Skip line 10. Enter on line 11 the amount from line 7, and go to line 12.

Yes. Subtract line 8 from line 5 **9.** _____

10. Multiply line 9 by 25% (0.25) and enter the **smaller** of the result or line 6 **10.** _____

11. Add lines 7 and 10 **11.** _____

12. Is the amount on line 11 more than \$194,800 (\$97,400 if married filing separately)?

Yes.  Fill in Form 6251 to see if you owe the alternative minimum tax.

No. Multiply line 11 by 26% (0.26) **12.** _____

13. Add Form 1040 or 1040-SR, line 12a (minus any tax from Form 4972), and Schedule 2, line 2. (If you used Schedule J to figure your tax on the entry space on Form 1040 or 1040-SR, line 12a, refigure that tax without using Schedule J before including it in this calculation) **13.** _____

Next. Is the amount on line 12 more than the amount on line 13?

Yes. Fill in Form 6251 to see if you owe the alternative minimum tax.

No. You don't owe alternative minimum tax and don't need to fill out Form 6251. Leave Schedule 2, line 1, blank.

To figure the social security and Medicare tax, use Form 4137. If you owe RRTA tax, contact your employer. Your employer will figure and collect the RRTA tax.



You may be charged a penalty equal to 50% of the social security and Medicare or RRTA tax due on tips you received but didn't report to your employer.

Form 8919. If you are an employee who received wages from an employer who didn't withhold social security and Medicare tax from your wages, use Form 8919 to figure your share of the unreported tax. Include on line 5 the amount from line 13 of Form 8919. Include the amount from line 6 of Form 8919 on Form 1040 or 1040-SR, line 1.

Line 6

Additional Tax on IRAs, Other Qualified Retirement Plans, etc.

If any of the following apply, see Form 5329 and its instructions to find out if you owe this tax and if you must file Form 5329. Also see Form 5329 and its instructions for definitions of the terms used here.

1. You received an early distribution from (a) an IRA or other qualified retirement plan, (b) an annuity, or (c) a modified endowment contract entered into after June 20, 1988, and the total distribution wasn't rolled over.

2. Excess contributions were made to your IRA, Coverdell education savings account (ESA), Archer MSA, health savings account (HSA), or ABLE account.

3. You received a taxable distribution from a Coverdell ESA, qualified tuition program, or ABLE account.

4. You were born before July 1, 1948, and didn't take the minimum required distribution from your IRA or other qualified retirement plan.

Exception. If only item (1) applies and distribution code 1 is correctly shown in box 7 of all your Forms 1099-R, you don't have to file Form 5329. Instead, multiply the taxable amount of the distribution by 10% (0.10) and enter the result on line 6. The taxable amount of the

distribution is the part of the distribution you reported on Form 1040 or 1040-SR, line 4b or 4d or on Form 4972. Also, enter "No" in the margin to the left of line 6 to indicate that you don't have to file Form 5329. But you must file Form 5329 if distribution code 1 is incorrectly shown in box 7 of Form 1099-R or you qualify for an exception, such as the exceptions for qualified medical expenses, qualified higher education expenses, qualified first-time homebuyer distributions, or a qualified reservist distribution.

Line 7a

Household Employment Taxes

Enter the household employment taxes you owe for having a household employee. If any of the following apply, see Schedule H and its instructions to find out if you owe these taxes.

1. You paid any one household employee (defined below) cash wages of \$2,100 or more in 2019. Cash wages include wages paid by check, money order, etc. But don't count amounts paid to an employee who was under age 18 at any time in 2019 and was a student.

2. You withheld federal income tax during 2019 at the request of any household employee.

3. You paid total cash wages of \$1,000 or more in any calendar quarter of 2018 or 2019 to household employees.

Any person who does household work is a household employee if you can control what will be done and how it will be done. Household work includes work done in or around your home by babysitters, nannies, health aides, housekeepers, yard workers, and similar domestic workers.

Line 7b

First-Time Homebuyer Credit Repayment

Enter the first-time homebuyer credit you have to repay if you bought the home in 2008.

If you bought the home in 2008 and owned and used it as your main home for all of 2019, you can enter your 2019 repayment on this line without attaching Form 5405.

See the Form 5405 instructions for details and for exceptions to the repayment rule.

Line 8

Other Taxes

Use line 8 to report any taxes not reported elsewhere on your return or other schedules. To find out if you owe the tax, see the form or publication indicated. Enter on line 8 the total of all the following taxes you owe.

Additional Medicare Tax. See Form 8959 and its instructions if the total of your 2019 wages and any self-employment income was more than:

- \$125,000 if married filing separately;
 - \$250,000 if married filing jointly;
- or
- \$200,000 if single, head of household, or qualifying widow(er).

Also see Form 8959 if you had railroad retirement (RRTA) compensation that was more than the amount just listed that applies to you.

If you are married filing jointly and either you or your spouse had wages or RRTA compensation of more than \$200,000, your employer may have withheld Additional Medicare Tax even if you don't owe the tax. In that case, you may be able to get a refund of the tax withheld. See the Instructions for Form 8959 to find out how to report the withheld tax on Form 8959.

Check box a if you owe the tax.

Net Investment Income Tax. See Form 8960 and its instructions if the amount on Form 1040 or 1040-SR, line 8b, is more than:

- \$125,000 if married filing separately,
- \$250,000 if married filing jointly or qualifying widow(er), or
- \$200,000 if single or head of household.

If you file Form 2555, see Form 8960 and its instructions if the amount on Form 1040 or 1040-SR, line 8b, is more than:

- \$19,100 if married filing separately,
- \$144,100 if married filing jointly or qualifying widow(er), or

• \$94,100 if single or head of household.

Check box b if you owe the tax.

Other taxes. For the following taxes, check box c and, in the space next to that box, enter the amount of the tax and the code that identifies it. If you need more room, attach a statement listing the amount of each tax and the code.



If you owe interest on the tax due on installment income under section 453(l) or interest on the deferred tax on gain from certain installment sales under section 453A, list those amounts, and the applicable code, first before listing any other taxes you may owe and report on this line.

1. Interest on the tax due on installment income from the sale of certain residential lots and timeshares. Identify as “453(l)(3).”

2. Interest on the deferred tax on gain from certain installment sales with a sales price over \$150,000. Identify as “453A(c).”

3. Additional tax on health savings account (HSA) distributions (see Form 8889, Part II). Identify as “HSA.”

4. Additional tax on an HSA because you didn't remain an eligible individual during the testing period (see Form 8889, Part III). Identify as “HDHP.”

5. Additional tax on Archer MSA distributions (see Form 8853). Identify as “MSA.”

6. Additional tax on Medicare Advantage MSA distributions (see Form 8853). Identify as “Med MSA.”

7. Recapture of the following credits.

a. Investment credit (see Form 4255). Identify as “ICR.”

b. Low-income housing credit (see Form 8611). Identify as “LIHCR.”

c. Indian employment credit (see Form 8845). Identify as “IECR.”

d. New markets credit (see Form 8874). Identify as “NMCR.”

e. Credit for employer-provided child care facilities (see Form 8882). Identify as “ECCFR.”

f. Alternative motor vehicle credit (see Form 8910). Identify as “AMVCR.”

g. Alternative fuel vehicle refueling property credit (see Form 8911). Identify as “ARPCR.”

h. Qualified plug-in electric drive motor vehicle credit (see Form 8936). Identify as “8936R.”

8. Recapture of federal mortgage subsidy. If you sold your home in 2019 and it was financed (in whole or in part) from the proceeds of any tax-exempt qualified mortgage bond or you claimed the mortgage interest credit, see Form 8828. Identify as “FMSR.”

9. Section 72(m)(5) excess benefits tax (see Pub. 560). Identify as “Sec. 72(m)(5).”

10. Uncollected social security and Medicare or RRTA tax on tips or group-term life insurance. This tax should be shown in box 12 of Form W-2 with codes A and B or M and N. Identify as “UT.”

11. Golden parachute payments. If you received an excess parachute payment (EPP), you must pay a 20% tax on it. This tax should be shown in box 12 of Form W-2 with code K. If you received a Form 1099-MISC, the tax is 20% of the EPP shown in box 13. Identify as “EPP.”

12. Tax on accumulation distribution of trusts (see Form 4970). Identify as “ADT.”

13. Excise tax on insider stock compensation from an expatriated corpora-

tion. See section 4985. Identify as “ISC.”

14. Additional tax on recapture of a charitable contribution deduction relating to a fractional interest in tangible personal property. See Pub. 526. Identify as “FITPP.”

15. Look-back interest under section 167(g) or 460(b). See Form 8697 or 8866. Identify as “8697” or “8866.”

16. Additional tax on income you received from a nonqualified deferred compensation plan that fails to meet the requirements of section 409A. This income should be shown in box 12 of Form W-2 with code Z, or in box 15b of Form 1099-MISC. The tax is 20% of the amount required to be included in income plus an interest amount determined under section 409A(a)(1)(B)(ii). See section 409A(a)(1)(B) for details. Identify as “NQDC.”

17. Additional tax on compensation you received from a nonqualified deferred compensation plan described in section 457A if the compensation would have been includible in your income in an earlier year except that the amount wasn't determinable until 2019. The tax is 20% of the amount required to be included in income plus an interest amount determined under section 457A(c)(2). See section 457A for details. Identify as “457A.”

18. Tax on noneffectively connected income for any part of the year you were a nonresident alien (see the Instructions for Form 1040-NR). Identify as “1040-NR.”

19. Any interest amount from Form 8621, line 16f, relating to distributions from, and dispositions of, stock of a section 1291 fund. Identify as “1291INT.”

20. Any interest amount from Form 8621, line 24. Identify as “1294INT.”

Instructions for Schedule 3

Additional Credits and Payments

TIP For 2019, Schedule 3 includes the combined entries from the 2018 Schedules 3 and 5. Schedule 3 is to report refundable and nonrefundable credits and other payments not entered on Form 1040 or 1040-SR.

General Instructions

Use Schedule 3 if you have nonrefundable credits, other than the child tax credit or the credit for other dependents, or other payments and refundable credits.

Include the amount on Schedule 3, line 7, in the amount entered on Form 1040 or 1040-SR, line 13b.

Enter the amount on Schedule 3, line 14, on Form 1040 or 1040-SR, line 18d.

Specific Instructions

Line 1

Foreign Tax Credit

If you paid income tax to a foreign country or U.S. possession, you may be able to take this credit. Generally, you must complete and attach Form 1116 to do so.

Exception. You don't have to complete Form 1116 to take this credit if all of the following apply.

1. All of your foreign source gross income was from interest and dividends and all of that income and the foreign tax paid on it were reported to you on Form 1099-INT, Form 1099-DIV, or Schedule K-1 (or substitute statement).

2. The total of your foreign taxes wasn't more than \$300 (not more than \$600 if married filing jointly).

3. You held the stock or bonds on which the dividends or interest were paid for at least 16 days and weren't obligated to pay these amounts to someone else.

4. You aren't filing Form 4563 or excluding income from sources within Puerto Rico.

5. All of your foreign taxes were:

a. Legally owed and not eligible for a refund or reduced tax rate under a tax treaty, and

b. Paid to countries that are recognized by the United States and don't support terrorism.

For more details on these requirements, see the Instructions for Form 1116.

Do you meet all five requirements just listed?

Yes. Enter on line 1 the smaller of (a) your total foreign taxes, or (b) the total of the amounts on Form 1040 or 1040-SR, line 12a, and Schedule 2, line 2.

No. See Form 1116 to find out if you can take the credit and, if you can, if you have to file Form 1116.

Line 2

Credit for Child and Dependent Care Expenses

You may be able to take this credit if you paid someone to care for:

- Your qualifying child under age 13 whom you claim as your dependent,

- Your disabled spouse or any other disabled person who couldn't care for himself or herself, or

- Your child whom you couldn't claim as a dependent because of the rules for *Children of divorced or separated parents* under *Who Qualifies as Your Dependent*, earlier.

For details, use [Tax Topic 602](#) or see Form 2441.

Line 3

Education Credits

If you (or your dependent) paid qualified expenses in 2019 for yourself, your spouse, or your dependent to enroll in or attend an eligible educational institution,

you may be able to take an education credit. See Form 8863 for details. However, you can't take an education credit if any of the following applies.

- You, or your spouse if filing jointly, are claimed as a dependent on someone else's (such as your parent's) 2019 tax return.

- Your filing status is married filing separately.

- The amount on Form 1040 or 1040-SR, line 8b, is \$90,000 or more (\$180,000 or more if married filing jointly).

- You are taking a deduction for tuition and fees on Schedule 1, line 21, for the same student.

- You, or your spouse, were a non-resident alien for any part of 2019 unless your filing status is married filing jointly.

You may be able to increase an education credit if the student chooses to include all or part of a Pell grant or certain other scholarships or fellowships in income.

For more information, see Pub. 970; the instructions for Form 1040 or 1040-SR, line 18c; and [IRS.gov/EdCredit](#).

Line 4

Retirement Savings Contributions Credit (Saver's Credit)

You may be able to take this credit if you, or your spouse if filing jointly, made (a) contributions, other than rollover contributions, to a traditional or Roth IRA; (b) elective deferrals to a 401(k) or 403(b) plan (including designated Roth contributions) or to a governmental 457, SEP, or SIMPLE plan; (c) voluntary employee contributions to a qualified retirement plan (including the federal Thrift Savings Plan); (d) contributions to a 501(c)(18)(D) plan; or (e) contributions to an ABL account by the designated beneficiary, as defined in section 529A.

However, you can't take the credit if either of the following applies.

1. The amount on Form 1040 or 1040-SR, line 8b, is more than \$32,000 (\$48,000 if head of household; \$64,000 if married filing jointly).

2. The person(s) who made the qualified contribution or elective deferral (a) was born after January 1, 2002, (b) is claimed as a dependent on someone else's 2019 tax return, or (c) was a student (defined next).

You were a student if during any part of 5 calendar months of 2019 you:

- Were enrolled as a full-time student at a school, or
- Took a full-time, on-farm training course given by a school or a state, county, or local government agency.

A school includes a technical, trade, or mechanical school. It doesn't include an on-the-job training course, correspondence school, or school offering courses only through the Internet.

For more details, use [Tax Topic 610](#) or see Form 8880.

Line 5

Residential Energy Credits

Residential energy efficient property credit. You may be able to take this credit by completing and attaching Form 5695 if you paid for any of the following during 2019.

- Qualified solar electric property for use in your home located in the United States.
- Qualified solar water heating property for use in your home located in the United States.
- Qualified fuel cell property installed on or in connection with your main home located in the United States.
- Qualified small wind energy property for use in connection with your home located in the United States.
- Qualified geothermal heat pump property installed on or in connection with your home located in the United States.


Nonbusiness energy property credit. You may be able to take this credit by completing and attaching Form 5695 for any of the following improvements to your main home located in the United States in 2019 if they are new and meet

certain requirements for energy efficiency.

- Any insulation material or system primarily designed to reduce heat gain or loss in your home.
- Exterior windows (including skylights).
- Exterior doors.
- A metal roof or asphalt roof with pigmented coatings or cooling granules primarily designed to reduce the heat gain in your home.

You may also be able to take this credit for the cost of the following items if the items meet certain performance and quality standards.

- Certain electric heat pump water heaters; electric heat pumps; central air conditioners; and natural gas, propane, or oil water heaters.
- A qualified furnace or hot water boiler that uses natural gas, propane, or oil.
- A stove that burns biomass fuel to heat your home or to heat water for use in your home.
- An advanced main air circulating fan used in a natural gas, propane, or oil furnace.

 *If you are eligible to claim this credit for 2018, you must file an amended return, Form 1040-X. See [IRS.gov/Form1040X](https://www.irs.gov/Form1040X) for more information about amending a tax return.*

Condos and co-ops. If you are a member of a condominium management association for a condominium you own or a tenant-stockholder in a cooperative housing corporation, you are treated as having paid your proportionate share of any costs of such association or corporation for purposes of these credits.

More details. For details, see Form 5695.

Line 6

Other Credits

Enter the total of the following credits on line 6 and check the appropriate box(es). Check all boxes that apply. If box c is checked, also enter the applicable form number. To find out if you can take the credit, see the form or publication indicated.

- General business credit. This credit consists of a number of credits that usually apply only to individuals who are partners, shareholders in an S corporation, self-employed, or who have rental property. See Form 3800 or Pub. 334.

- Credit for prior year minimum tax. If you paid alternative minimum tax in a prior year, see Form 8801.

- Mortgage interest credit. If a state or local government gave you a mortgage credit certificate, see Form 8396.

- Credit for the elderly or the disabled. See Schedule R.

- Adoption credit. You may be able to take this credit if you paid expenses to adopt a child or you adopted a child with special needs and the adoption became final in 2019. See the Instructions for Form 8839.

- District of Columbia first-time homebuyer credit. You can't claim this credit for a home you bought after 2011. You can claim it only if you have a credit carryforward from 2018. See Form 8859.

- Qualified plug-in electric drive motor vehicle credit. See Form 8936.

- Qualified electric vehicle credit. You can't claim this credit for a vehicle placed in service after 2006. You can claim this credit only if you have an electric vehicle passive activity credit carried forward from a prior year. See Form 8834.

- Alternative motor vehicle credit. See Form 8910.

- Alternative fuel vehicle refueling property credit. See Form 8911.

- Credit to holders of tax credit bonds. See Form 8912.

- Amount on Form 8978, line 14 (relating to partner's audit liability under section 6226), but only if the amount is negative. Check box "c" and enter "Form 8978." If the amount on Form 8978, line 14, is positive, see the instructions for Form 1040 or 1040-SR, line 12a.

Line 8

2019 Estimated Tax Payments

Enter any estimated federal income tax payments you made for 2019. Include any overpayment that you applied to your 2019 estimated tax from:

- Your 2018 return, or

- An amended return (Form 1040-X).

If you and your spouse paid joint estimated tax but are now filing separate income tax returns, you can divide the amount paid in any way you choose as long as you both agree. If you can't agree, you must divide the payments in proportion to each spouse's individual tax as shown on your separate returns for 2019. For more information, see Pub. 505. Be sure to show both social security numbers (SSNs) in the space provided on the separate returns. If you or your spouse paid separate estimated tax but you are now filing a joint return, add the amounts you each paid. Follow these instructions even if your spouse died in 2019 or in 2020 before filing a 2019 return.

Divorced taxpayers. If you got divorced in 2019 and you made joint estimated tax payments with your former spouse, enter your former spouse's SSN in the space provided on the front of Form 1040 or 1040-SR. If you were divorced and remarried in 2019, enter your present spouse's SSN in the space provided on the front of Form 1040 or 1040-SR. Also, on the dotted line next to line 8, enter your former spouse's SSN, followed by "DIV."

Name change. If you changed your name and you made estimated tax payments using your former name, attach a statement to the front of Form 1040 or 1040-SR that explains all the payments you and your spouse made in 2019 and the name(s) and SSN(s) under which you made them.

Line 9

Net Premium Tax Credit

The premium tax credit helps pay for health insurance purchased through the Marketplace. You may be eligible to claim the premium tax credit if you,

your spouse, or a dependent enrolled in health insurance through the Marketplace. Eligible individuals may have advance payments of the premium tax credit made on their behalf directly to the insurance company. You (or whoever enrolled you) should have received Form 1095-A from the Marketplace with information about your coverage and any advance credit payments. Complete Form 8962 to determine the amount of your premium tax credit, if any. If the premium tax credit you can claim exceeds your advance credit payments, your net premium tax credit will be shown on Form 8962, line 26. Enter that amount, if any, on line 9. For more information, see the Instructions for Form 8962.

Line 10

Amount Paid With Request for Extension To File

If you got an automatic extension of time to file Form 1040 or 1040-SR by filing Form 4868 or by making a payment, enter the amount of the payment or any amount you paid with Form 4868. If you paid by debit or credit card, don't include on line 10 the convenience fee you were charged. Also, include any amounts paid with Form 2350.

Line 11

Excess Social Security and Tier 1 RRTA Tax Withheld

If you, or your spouse if filing a joint return, had more than one employer for 2019 and total wages of more than \$132,900, too much social security or tier 1 railroad retirement (RRTA) tax may have been withheld. You can take a credit on this line for the amount withheld in excess of \$8,239.80. But if any one employer withheld more than \$8,239.80, you can't claim the excess on

your return. The employer should adjust the tax for you. If the employer doesn't adjust the overcollection, you can file a claim for refund using Form 843. Figure this amount separately for you and your spouse.

You can't claim a refund for excess tier 2 RRTA tax on Form 1040 or 1040-SR. Instead, use Form 843.

For more details, see Pub. 505.

Line 12

Credit for Federal Tax on Fuels

Enter any credit for federal excise taxes paid on fuels that are ultimately used for a nontaxable purpose (for example, an off-highway business use). Attach Form 4136.

Line 13

Check the box(es) on line 13 to report any credit from Form 2439 or 8885.

If you are claiming a credit for repayment of amounts you included in your income in an earlier year because it appeared you had a right to the income, include the credit on line 13. Check box d and enter "I.R.C. 1341" in the space next to that box. See Pub. 525 for details about this credit.

If you made a tax payment that doesn't belong on any other line, include the payment on line 13. Check box d and enter "Tax" in the space next to that box.

If you have a net section 965 inclusion in 2019 and have elected to pay your net 965 tax liability in installments, check box d and enter "TAX" and the amount of net 965 tax liability remaining.

If you check more than one box, enter the total of the line 13 credits and payments.

Tax Topics

You can read these Tax Topics at [IRS.gov/TaxTopics](https://www.irs.gov/TaxTopics).

List of Tax Topics

All topics are available in Spanish (and most topics are available in Chinese, Korean, Vietnamese, and Russian).

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452	Alimony and Separate Maintenance

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Subject

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456	Student loan interest deduction
458	Educator expense deduction
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903	U.S. employment tax in Puerto Rico
904	Tax assistance for residents of Puerto Rico

Tax Topic numbers are effective January 2, 2020.

Disclosure, Privacy Act, and Paperwork Reduction Act Notice

The IRS Restructuring and Reform Act of 1998, the Privacy Act of 1974, and the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1980 require that when we ask you for information we must first tell you our legal right to ask for the information, why we are asking for it, and how it will be used. We must also tell you what could happen if we do not receive it and whether your response is voluntary, required to obtain a benefit, or mandatory under the law.

This notice applies to all records and other material (in paper or electronic format) you file with us, including this tax return. It also applies to any questions we need to ask you so we can complete, correct, or process your return; figure your tax; and collect tax, interest, or penalties.

Our legal right to ask for information is Internal Revenue Code sections 6001, 6011, and 6012(a), and their regulations. They say that you must file a return or statement with us for any tax you are liable for. Your response is mandatory under these sections. Code section 6109 requires you to provide your identifying number on the return. This is so we know who you are, and can process your return and other papers. You must fill in all parts of the tax form that apply to you. But you do not have to check the boxes for the Presidential Election Campaign Fund or for the third-party designee. You also do not have to provide your daytime phone number or email address.

You are not required to provide the information requested on a form that is subject to the Paperwork Reduction Act unless the form displays a valid OMB control number. Books or records relating to a form or its instructions must be retained as long as their contents may become material in the administration of any Internal Revenue law.

We ask for tax return information to carry out the tax laws of the United States. We need it to figure and collect the right amount of tax.

If you do not file a return, do not provide the information we ask for, or provide fraudulent information, you may be charged penalties and be subject to criminal prosecution. We may also have to disallow the exemptions, exclusions, credits, deductions, or adjustments shown on the

tax return. This could make the tax higher or delay any refund. Interest may also be charged.

Generally, tax returns and return information are confidential, as stated in Code section 6103. However, Code section 6103 allows or requires the Internal Revenue Service to disclose or give the information shown on your tax return to others as described in the Code. For example, we may disclose your tax information to the Department of Justice to enforce the tax laws, both civil and criminal, and to cities, states, the District of Columbia, and U.S. commonwealths or possessions to carry out their tax laws. We may disclose your tax information to the Department of Treasury and contractors for tax administration purposes; and to other persons as necessary to obtain information needed to determine the amount of or to collect the tax you owe. We may disclose your tax information to the Comptroller General of the United States to permit the Comptroller General to review the Internal Revenue Service. We may disclose your tax information to committees of Congress; federal, state, and local child support agencies; and to other federal agencies for the purposes of determining entitlement for benefits or the eligibility for and the repayment of loans. We may also disclose this information to other countries under a tax treaty, to federal and state agencies to enforce federal nontax criminal laws, or to federal law enforcement and intelligence agencies to combat terrorism.

Please keep this notice with your records. It may help you if we ask you for other information. If you have questions about the rules for filing and giving information, please call or visit any Internal Revenue Service office.

We Welcome Comments on Forms

We try to create forms and instructions that can be easily understood. Often this is difficult to do because our tax laws are very complex. For some people with income mostly from wages, filling in the forms is easy. For others who have businesses, pensions, stocks, rental income, or other investments, it is more difficult.

If you have suggestions for making these forms simpler, we would be happy to hear from you. You can send us comments through [IRS.gov/FormsComments](https://www.irs.gov/formscomments). Or you can send your comments to Internal Revenue Service, Tax Forms and Publications Division, 1111 Constitution Ave. NW, IR-6526, Washington, DC 20224. Don't send your return to this address. Instead, see the addresses at the end of these instructions.

Although we can't respond individually to each comment received, we do appreciate your feedback and will consider your comments as we revise our tax forms and instructions.

Estimates of Taxpayer Burden

The following table shows burden estimates based on current statutory requirements as of October 2019 for taxpayers filing a 2019 Form 1040 or 1040-SR tax return. Time spent and out-of-pocket costs are presented separately. Time burden is broken out by taxpayer activity, with recordkeeping representing the largest component. Out-of-pocket costs include any expenses incurred by taxpayers to prepare and submit their tax returns. Examples include tax return preparation and submission fees, postage and photocopying costs, and tax return preparation software costs. While these estimates don't include burden associated with post-filing activities, IRS operational data indicate that electronically prepared and filed returns have fewer arithmetic errors, implying lower post-filing burden.

Reported time and cost burdens are national averages and don't necessarily reflect a "typical" case. Most taxpayers experience lower than average burden, with taxpayer burden varying considerably by taxpayer type. For instance, the estimated average time burden for all taxpayers filing a Form 1040 or 1040-SR is 11 hours, with an average cost of \$210 per return. This average includes all associated forms and schedules, across all tax return preparation methods and taxpayer activities.

Within this estimate there is significant variation in taxpayer activity. For example, nonbusiness taxpayers are expected to have an average burden of about 7

hours and \$130, while business taxpayers are expected to have an average burden of about 20 hours and \$410. Similarly, tax return preparation fees and other out-of-pocket costs vary extensively de-

pending on the tax situation of the taxpayer, the type of software or professional preparer used, and the geographic location.

If you have comments concerning the time and cost estimates below, you can contact us at either one of the addresses shown under *We Welcome Comments on Forms*.

Estimated Average Taxpayer Burden for Individuals by Activity

Type of Taxpayer	Percentage of Returns	Average Burden					Average Cost (Dollars)**
		Average Time (Hours)					
		Total Time*	Record Keeping	Tax Planning	Form Completion and Submission	All Other	
All taxpayers	100	11	5	2	4	1	\$210
Type of taxpayer							
Nonbusiness***	70	7	2	1	3	1	130
Business***	30	20	10	3	5	1	410

*Detail may not add to total time due to rounding.

**Dollars rounded to the nearest \$10.

***You are considered a “business” filer if you file one or more of the following with Form 1040 or 1040-SR: Schedule C, E, or F or Form 2106. You are considered a “nonbusiness” filer if you don’t file any of those schedules or forms with Form 1040 or 1040-SR.

Order Form for Forms and Publications



You can view and download the tax forms and publications you need at [IRS.gov/Forms](https://www.irs.gov/Forms). You also can place an order for forms at [IRS.gov/OrderForms](https://www.irs.gov/OrderForms) to avoid having to complete and mail the order form.

The most frequently ordered forms and publications are listed on the order form. You will receive two copies of each form, one copy of the instructions, and one copy of each publication you order. To help reduce waste, please order only the items you need to prepare your return.

How To Use the Order Form

Circle the items you need on the order form. Use the blank spaces to order items not listed. If you need more space, attach a separate sheet of paper.

Print or type your name and address accurately in the space provided on the

order form to ensure delivery of your order. Enclose the order form in an envelope and mail it to the IRS address shown next. You should receive your order within 10 business days after we receive your request.

Mail Your Order Form To:

Internal Revenue Service
2525 Revenue Drive
Bloomington, IL 61705

Don't send your tax return to the address shown here. Instead, see the addresses at the end of these instructions.

▲ Cut here ▲

Save Money and Time by Going Online!
Download or order these and other forms and publications at [IRS.gov/Forms](https://www.irs.gov/Forms)

Order Form

Please print.

Name _____

Postal mailing address _____ Apt./Suite/Room _____

City _____ State _____ ZIP code _____

Foreign country _____ International postal code _____

Daytime phone number _____
() _____

Circle the forms and publications you need. The instructions for any form you order will be included.

Use the blank spaces to order items not listed.



Use your QR Reader app on your smartphone to scan this code and get connected to the IRS Forms and Publications homepage.

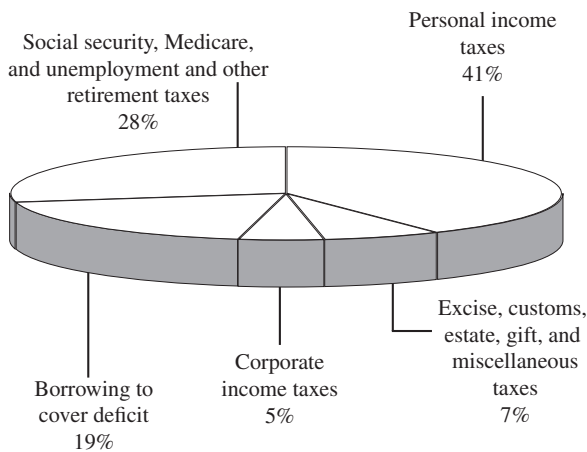
1040*	Schedule F (1040 or 1040-SR)	2106	8606	Pub. 463	Pub. 535	Pub. 590-B	
1040-SR*	Schedule H (1040 or 1040-SR)	2441	8822	Pub. 501	Pub. 547	Pub. 596	
Schedule A (1040 or 1040-SR)	Schedule J (1040 or 1040-SR)	3903	8829	Pub. 502	Pub. 550	Pub. 915	
Schedule B (1040 or 1040-SR)	Schedule R (1040 or 1040-SR)	4562	8863	Pub. 505	Pub. 551	Pub. 946	
Schedule C (1040 or 1040-SR)	Schedule SE (1040 or 1040-SR)	4684	8959	Pub. 523	Pub. 554	Pub. 970	
Schedule D (1040 or 1040-SR)	Schedule 8812 (1040 or 1040-SR)	4868	8960	Pub. 525	Pub. 575	Pub. 972	
Form 8949	1040-ES (2020)	5405	8962	Pub. 526	Pub. 583	Pub. 4681	
Schedule E (1040 or 1040-SR)	1040-V	6251	Pub. 1	Pub. 527	Pub. 587		
Schedule EIC (1040 or 1040-SR)	1040-X	8283	Pub. 334	Pub. 529	Pub. 590-A		

*If you order Form 1040 or 1040-SR, you also will receive Schedules 1 through 3.

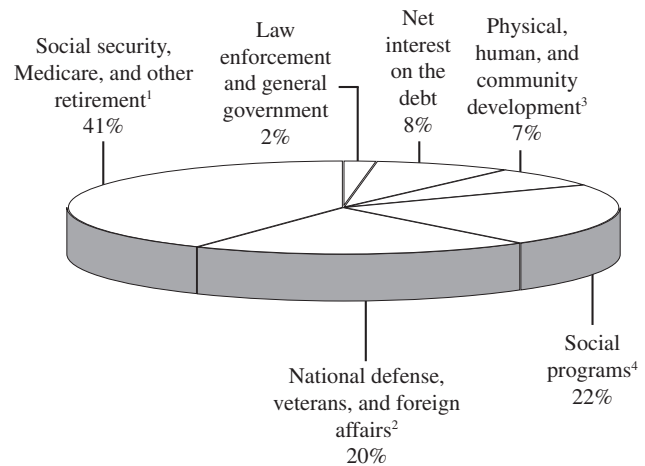
Major Categories of Federal Income and Outlays for Fiscal Year 2018

Income and Outlays. These pie charts show the relative sizes of the major categories of federal income and outlays for fiscal year 2018.

Income



Outlays



On or before the first Monday in February of each year, the President is required by law to submit to the Congress a budget proposal for the fiscal year that begins the following October. The budget plan sets forth the President's proposed receipts, spending, and the surplus or deficit for the federal government. The plan includes recommendations for new legislation as well as recommendations to change, eliminate, and add programs. After receipt of the President's proposal, the Congress reviews the proposal and makes changes. It first passes a budget resolution setting its own targets for receipts, outlays, and surplus or deficit. Next, individual spending and revenue bills that are consistent with the goals of the budget resolution are enacted.

In fiscal year 2018 (which began on October 1, 2017, and ended on September

30, 2018), federal income was \$3.330 trillion and outlays were \$4.206 trillion, leaving a deficit of \$779 billion.

Footnotes for Certain Federal Outlays

1. **Social security, Medicare, and other retirement:** These programs provide income support for the retired and disabled and medical care for the elderly.

2. **National defense, veterans, and foreign affairs:** About 15% of outlays were to equip, modernize, and pay our armed forces and to fund national defense activities; about 4% were for veterans benefits and services; and about 1% were for international activities, including military and economic assistance to foreign

countries and the maintenance of U.S. embassies abroad.

3. **Physical, human, and community development:** These outlays were for agriculture; natural resources; environment; transportation; aid for elementary and secondary education and direct assistance to college students; job training; deposit insurance, commerce and housing credit, and community development; and space, energy, and general science programs.

4. **Social programs:** About 16% of total outlays were for Medicaid, Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (formerly food stamps), temporary assistance for needy families, supplemental security income, and related programs; and 6% for health research and public health programs, unemployment compensation, assisted housing, and social services.

Note. The percentages shown here exclude undistributed offsetting receipts, which were \$98 billion in fiscal year 2018. In the budget, these receipts are offset against spending in figuring the outlay totals shown above. These receipts are for the U.S. Government's share of its employee retirement programs, rents and royalties on the Outer Continental Shelf, and proceeds from the sale of assets.

2019 Tax Rate Schedules



The Tax Rate Schedules are shown so you can see the tax rate that applies to all levels of taxable income. Don't use them to figure your tax. Instead, see the instructions for line 12a.

Schedule X—If your filing status is **Single**

If your taxable income is:		The tax is:	
Over—	But not over—		of the amount over—
\$0	\$9,700	10%	\$0
9,700	39,475	\$970.00 + 12%	9,700
39,475	84,200	4,543.00 + 22%	39,475
84,200	160,725	14,382.50 + 24%	84,200
160,725	204,100	32,748.50 + 32%	160,725
204,100	510,300	46,628.50 + 35%	204,100
510,300	.....	153,798.50 + 37%	510,300

Schedule Y-1—If your filing status is **Married filing jointly** or **Qualifying widow(er)**

If your taxable income is:		The tax is:	
Over—	But not over—		of the amount over—
\$0	\$19,400	10%	\$0
19,400	78,950	\$1,940.00 + 12%	19,400
78,950	168,400	9,086.00 + 22%	78,950
168,400	321,450	28,765.00 + 24%	168,400
321,450	408,200	65,497.00 + 32%	321,450
408,200	612,350	93,257.00 + 35%	408,200
612,350	.....	164,709.50 + 37%	612,350

Schedule Y-2—If your filing status is **Married filing separately**

If your taxable income is:		The tax is:	
Over—	But not over—		of the amount over—
\$0	\$9,700	10%	\$0
9,700	39,475	\$970.00 + 12%	9,700
39,475	84,200	4,543.00 + 22%	39,475
84,200	160,725	14,382.50 + 24%	84,200
160,725	204,100	32,748.50 + 32%	160,725
204,100	306,175	46,628.50 + 35%	204,100
306,175	.....	82,354.75 + 37%	306,175

Schedule Z—If your filing status is **Head of household**

If your taxable income is:		The tax is:	
Over—	But not over—		of the amount over—
\$0	\$13,850	10%	\$0
13,850	52,850	\$1,385.00 + 12%	13,850
52,850	84,200	6,065.00 + 22%	52,850
84,200	160,700	12,962.00 + 24%	84,200
160,700	204,100	31,322.00 + 32%	160,700
204,100	510,300	45,210.00 + 35%	204,100
510,300	152,380.00 + 37%	510,300

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Your Rights as a Taxpayer

The Taxpayer Bill of Rights

1. The Right to Be Informed

Taxpayers have the right to know what they need to do to comply with the tax laws. They are entitled to clear explanations of the laws and IRS procedures in all tax forms, instructions, publications, notices, and correspondence. They have the right to be informed of IRS decisions about their tax accounts and to receive clear explanations of the outcomes.

2. The Right to Quality Service

Taxpayers have the right to receive prompt, courteous, and professional assistance in their dealings with the IRS, to be spoken to in a way they can easily understand, to receive clear and easily understandable communications from the IRS, and to speak to a supervisor about inadequate service.

3. The Right to Pay No More than the Correct Amount of Tax

Taxpayers have the right to pay only the amount of tax legally due, including interest and penalties, and to have the IRS apply all tax payments properly.

4. The Right to Challenge the IRS's Position and Be Heard

Taxpayers have the right to raise objections and provide additional documentation in response to formal IRS actions or proposed actions, to expect that the IRS will consider their timely objections and documentation promptly and fairly, and to receive a response if the IRS does not agree with their position.

5. The Right to Appeal an IRS Decision in an Independent Forum

Taxpayers are entitled to a fair and impartial administrative appeal of most IRS decisions, including many penalties, and have the right to receive a written response regarding the Office of Appeals' decision. Taxpayers generally have the right to take their cases to court.

6. The Right to Finality

Taxpayers have the right to know the maximum amount of time they have to challenge the IRS's position as well as the maximum amount of time the IRS has to audit a particular tax year or collect a tax debt. Taxpayers have the right to know when the IRS has finished an audit.

7. The Right to Privacy

Taxpayers have the right to expect that any IRS inquiry, examination, or enforcement action will comply with the law and be no more intrusive than necessary, and will respect all due process rights, including search and seizure protections, and will provide, where applicable, a collection due process hearing.

8. The Right to Confidentiality

Taxpayers have the right to expect that any information they provide to the IRS will not be disclosed unless authorized by the taxpayer or by law. Taxpayers have the right to expect appropriate action will be taken against employees, return preparers, and others who wrongfully use or disclose taxpayer return information.

9. The Right to Retain Representation

Taxpayers have the right to retain an authorized representative of their choice to represent them in their dealings with the IRS. Taxpayers have the right to seek assistance from a Low Income Taxpayer Clinic if they cannot afford representation.

10. The Right to a Fair and Just Tax System

Taxpayers have the right to expect the tax system to consider facts and circumstances that might affect their underlying liabilities, ability to pay, or ability to provide information timely. Taxpayers have the right to receive assistance from the Taxpayer Advocate Service if they are experiencing financial difficulty or if the IRS has not resolved their tax issues properly and timely through its normal channels.

Learn more at [IRS.gov/TaxpayerRights](https://www.irs.gov/TaxpayerRights)



Where Do You File? Mail your return to the address shown below that applies to you. If you want to use a private delivery service, see *Private Delivery Services* under *Filing Requirements*, earlier.



Envelopes without enough postage will be returned to you by the post office. Your envelope may need additional postage if it contains more than five pages or is oversized (for example, it is over 1/4" thick). Also, include your complete return address.

IF you live in...	THEN use this address if you:	
	Are requesting a refund or are not enclosing a check or money order...	Are enclosing a check or money order...
Alabama, North Carolina, South Carolina	Department of the Treasury Internal Revenue Service Kansas City, MO 64999-0002	Internal Revenue Service P.O. Box 1214 Charlotte, NC 28201-1214
Alaska, California, Hawaii, Washington	Department of the Treasury Internal Revenue Service Fresno, CA 93888-0002	Internal Revenue Service P.O. Box 7704 San Francisco, CA 94120-7704
Arizona, Colorado, Idaho, Kansas, Montana, Nebraska, New Mexico, Nevada, North Dakota, Oregon, South Dakota, Utah, Wyoming	Department of the Treasury Internal Revenue Service Ogden, UT 84201-0002	Internal Revenue Service P.O. Box 802501 Cincinnati, OH 45280-2501
Arkansas, Georgia, Indiana, Iowa, Kentucky, Missouri, New Jersey, Oklahoma, Tennessee, Virginia	Department of the Treasury Internal Revenue Service Kansas City, MO 64999-0002	Internal Revenue Service P.O. Box 931000 Louisville, KY 40293-1000
Connecticut, District of Columbia, Maryland, Rhode Island, West Virginia	Department of the Treasury Internal Revenue Service Ogden, UT 84201-0002	Internal Revenue Service P.O. Box 931000 Louisville, KY 40293-1000
Delaware, Maine, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, New York, Vermont	Department of the Treasury Internal Revenue Service Kansas City, MO 64999-0002	Internal Revenue Service P.O. Box 37008 Hartford, CT 06176-7008
Florida, Louisiana, Mississippi, Texas	Department of the Treasury Internal Revenue Service Austin, TX 73301-0002	Internal Revenue Service P.O. Box 1214 Charlotte, NC 28201-1214
Illinois, Michigan, Minnesota, Ohio, Wisconsin	Department of the Treasury Internal Revenue Service Fresno, CA 93888-0002	Internal Revenue Service P.O. Box 802501 Cincinnati, OH 45280-2501
Pennsylvania	Department of the Treasury Internal Revenue Service Ogden, UT 84201-0002	Internal Revenue Service P.O. Box 37008 Hartford, CT 06176-7008
A foreign country, U.S. possession or territory*, or use an APO or FPO address, or file Form 2555 or 4563, or are a dual-status alien	Department of the Treasury Internal Revenue Service Austin, TX 73301-0215	Internal Revenue Service P.O. Box 1303 Charlotte, NC 28201-1303

*If you live in American Samoa, Puerto Rico, Guam, the U.S. Virgin Islands, or the Northern Mariana Islands, see Pub. 570.