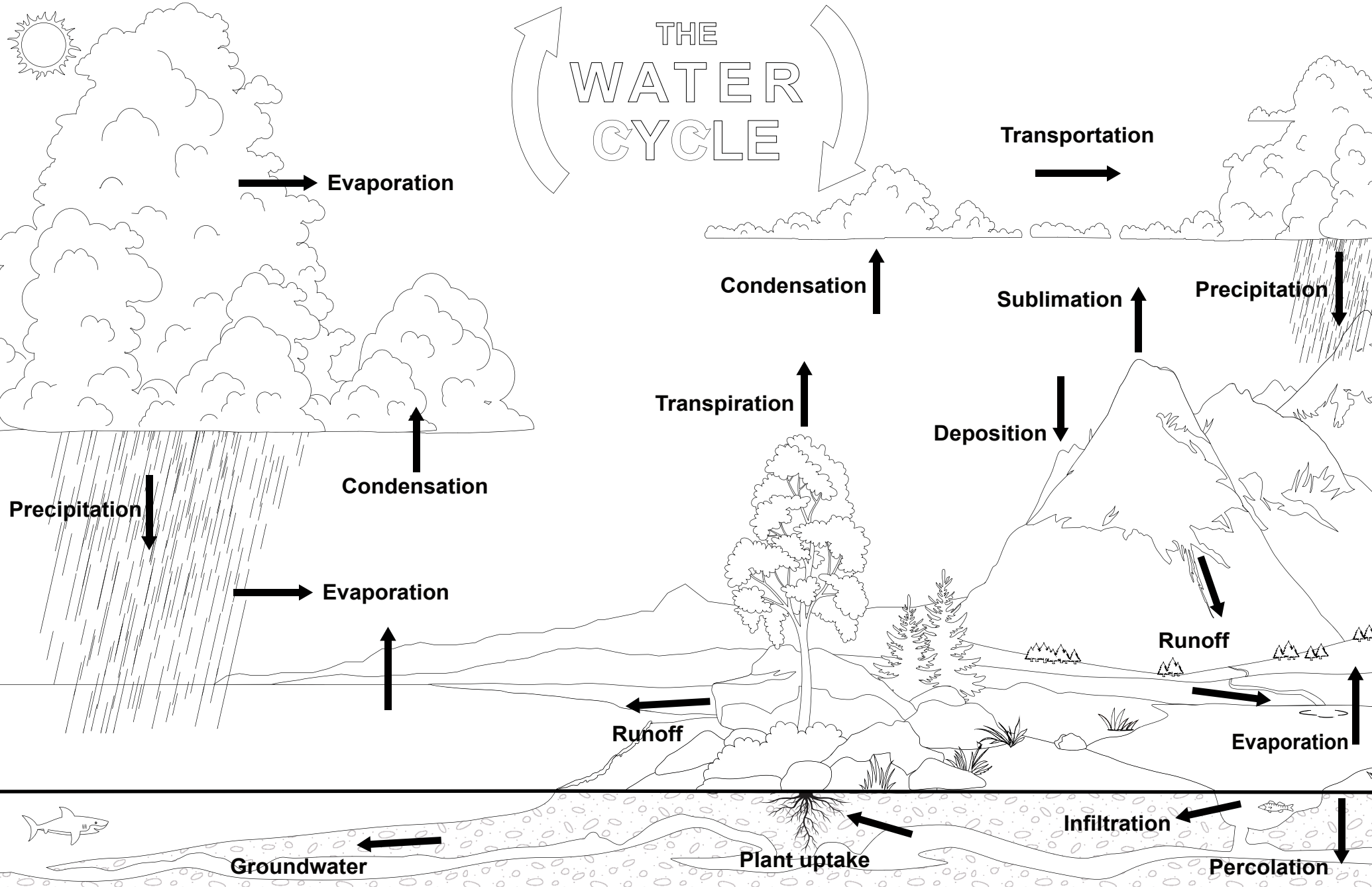


THE WATER CYCLE



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|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| <p>EVAPORATION: The process where liquid water changes into water vapor (gas).</p> | <p>PLANT UPTAKE: Water taken from the groundwater flow and soil moisture.</p> | <p>TRANSPORTATION: The movement of solid, liquid and gaseous water through the atmosphere.</p> | <p>PRECIPITATION: Water that falls to the earth. Most precipitation falls as rain but includes snow, sleet, drizzle, and hail.</p> | <p>DEPOSITION: The process where water vapor (gas) changes into ice (solid), skipping the liquid phase.</p> | <p>INFILTRATION: Movement of water into the ground from the surface.</p> |
| <p>CONDENSATION: The process where water vapor (gas) changes into water droplets (liquid).</p> | <p>TRANSPIRATION: Evaporation of liquid water from plants and trees into the atmosphere.</p> | <p>RUNOFF: River, lake, and stream transport of water and transport of ice in glaciers.</p> | <p>GROUNDWATER: Underground water flow (aquifers).</p> | <p>SUBLIMATION: The process where ice and snow (solid) change into water vapor (gas), skipping the liquid phase.</p> | <p>PERCOLATION: Movement of water past the soil going deep into the groundwater.</p> |

