# Model Drought Management Plan and Response Ordinance

Provided by the South Carolina Department of Natural Resources as required by the South Carolina Drought Response Act of 2000.

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## **Drought Management Plan**

\*Note to the utility: The specific content of this Ordinance or Resolution should be reviewed with the utility's general legal counsel and bond counsel if the utility has any indebtedness outstanding to insure its enforceability.

Section I: Declaration	on of Purpose and Intent	
The	(water system) understands the fundament	al need to make efficient
use of the limited and val	uable water resource under its stewardship in order t	to protect the public's
health and safety and env	vironmental integrity. The purpose of this document i	s to establish a plan and
procedures for managing	water demand and evaluating supply options before	and during a drought-
related water shortage. T	he intent is to satisfy the requirements of the Drough	it Response Act of 2000
(Code of Laws of South Ca	arolina, 1976, Section 49-23-10, et seq., as amended)	with the goal of achieving
the greatest public benefi	it from domestic water use, sanitation, and fire prote	ction and to provide
water for other purposes	in an equitable manner. Therefore, the	(water
system) has adopted this	Drought Management Plan and Drought Response Or	rdinance that provide the
	$\prime$ to fulfill this obligation. The Drought Management P	
framework by which	(water system) will internally p	prepare for water
	e provides the regulations by which the	
system) will manage and	control its customer water usage during various level	s of a drought.
Section II: Definitio	on of Terms	
For the purposes of this P	lan and the accompanying Ordinance, the following d	efinitions will apply:
	ater use for ornamental or decorative purposes such a	s fountains, reflecting
pools and waterfalls.		
Commercial and Industria establishment having pro	al Use: Water use integral to the production of goods of the primary aim.	and/or services by any
Conservation: Reduction	in water use to prevent depletion or waste of the reso	ource.
Customer: Any person, c	company or organization using finished water owned o	or supplied by the
Domestic Water Use: Wa	ater use for personal needs or for household purposes	s such as drinking,
bathing, heating, cooking	, sanitation or for cleaning a residence, business, indu	stry or institution.
	ere are four drought alert phases to be determined by of South Carolina. The four phases are:	y the Drought Response
1) Incipient Droug	ght	
2) Moderate Drou	ught	
3) Severe Drought	t	
4) Extreme Droug	ght	



<u>Drought Response Management Areas:</u> There are four drought management areas corresponding to the major river basins in South Carolina. The four areas are:

- 1) West or Savannah
- 2) Central or Santee
- 3) Northeast or Pee Dee
- 4) Southern or Ashepoo, Combahee, and Edisto.

In order to prevent overly broad response to drought conditions, drought response measures shall be considered within individual drought management areas or within individual counties, as applicable.

<u>Drought Response Committee</u>: A committee composed of State and local representatives created for the purpose of coordinating responses to water supply shortages within Drought Management Areas and making recommendations for action to the South Carolina Department of Natural Resources and/or the Governor. The Committee is composed of State agency representatives from the South Carolina Emergency Management Division of the Office of the Adjutant General, South Carolina Department of Health and Environmental Control, South Carolina Department of Agriculture, South Carolina Forestry Commission, and South Carolina Department of Natural Resources, as well as local committees representing counties, municipalities, public service districts, private water suppliers, agriculture, industry, domestic users, regional councils of government, commissions of public works, power generation facilities, special purpose districts and Soil and Water Conservation Districts.

<u>Essential Water Use</u>: Water used specifically for fire fighting, maintaining in-stream flow requirements and to satisfy Federal, State or local public health and safety requirements.

<u>Finished Water</u>: Water distributed for use after treatment. The terms "water use," "water user," and "water customer" refer to finished water use unless otherwise defined.

<u>Institutional Water Use</u>: Water used by government, public and private educational institutions, churches and places of worship, water utilities, and organizations within the public domain.

<u>Irrigation Water Use</u>: Water used to maintain gardens, trees, lawns, shrubs, flowers, athletic fields, rights-of-way and medians.

<u>Non-essential Water Use</u>: Categories of water use other than Essential Water Use. Examples of non-essential water use include landscape irrigation and the washing of buildings, parking lots, automobiles, etc.

Residential Equivalent Unit (REU): An equivalency unit defined to be equal to one single- family					
residence	's (water system) allocated water capacity equals				
gallons per day per REU.					

<u>SC Dept. of Natural Resources</u>: The State agency with primacy to implement the provisions of the Drought Response Act.

Water Supply Shortage: Lack of adequate, available water caused by drought to meet normal demands.



## Section III: Drought Management Plan

۹.	Introduction  To ensure that(water system) adequately manages its water system during drought-related conditions, an organized plan is necessary for system operation and reliability, proper communications, effective coordination and ultimate allocation of water use. Prior planning will compliment the(water system) ability to respond to drought conditions and to enforce the related Ordinance.
3.	Designation of Water System Drought Response Representative  Administrating a Drought Plan requires the skills needed to undertake a comprehensive public information program and the judgement required to deal with equity issues arising from enforcement of a mandatory program. Someone who has these skills will be selected by the water system to manage the water system's program and serve as the principal contact for the news media as the water system's Drought Response Representative. The Drought Response Representative for (water system) is (include name of individual, address, phone & e-mail).
С.	Description of Water System Layout, Water Sources, Capacities and Yields The (water system) is located in the Drought Response Management Area of South Carolina.
	The system serves: (include general description of service area and number of active customers).  Briefly, describe the layout of the water system:
	(include pumping capability, elevated and ground storage capacity, reservoir capacity, aquifer storage and recovery capability, main transmission piping and plant capacity).
	The water supply sources available to the system are: (e.g. river, reservoir, 2 wells 250 feet deep).
	The SCDHEC total permitted capacity of the water system operated by (water system) is gallons per day.
	If the system produces drinking water from various sources, provide the SCDHEC permitted capacity for each source:
D.	Identification of Water System Specific Drought or Water Shortage Indicators  Operators of every water system must develop historical trends that are valuable indicators of a system's ability to meet demand when demand begins to outpace supply. The



	(water system) has developed triggers for use during drought or demand						
wa	water shortages that describe when specific phases of the Drought Response Ordinance are						
imp	plemented. The system triggers are as follows:						
Mo	Moderate Drought Phase (include the relevant following examples:)						
1.	Reservoirs full						
2.	Storage falls below percentage of capacity						
3.	Stream-flow less than cubic feet per second						
4.	Aquifer levels less than						
5.	number of days of supply remaining						
6.	Average daily use greater thanmgd for consecutive days						
7.	Others:						
<u>Sev</u>	vere Drought Phase (include the relevant following examples:)						
1.	Reservoirs full						
2.	Storage falls below percentage of capacity						
3.	Stream-flow less than cubic feet per second						
4.	Aquifer levels less than						
5.	number of days of supply remaining						
6.	Average daily use greater thanmgd for consecutive days						
7.	Others:						
<u>Ext</u>	reme Drought Phase (include the relevant following examples:)						
1.	. Reservoirs full						
2.	Storage falls below percentage of capacity						
3.	Stream-flow less than cubic feet per second						
4.	Aquifer levels less than						
5.	number of days of supply remaining						
6.	Average daily use greater than mgd for consecutive days						
7.	Others:						



	Succ situa Agre Othe	ressful drought management requires a comprehensive program by the water utility. In many ations administrative agreements are required with other agencies to fully implement the Plan. The elements with other water purveyors may be necessary for alternative water supply sources. The agreements that strengthen conservation efforts by large users may be necessary. The (water system) identifies the following agreements that are in place to itate the implementation of this Plan:
	_	
	as w	(include any limitations associated with putting alternate sources on-line yell as the quantity of water confirmed in the agreement.)
	Agre	eements that are being negotiated or considered with other entities are:
		(include the entity names and type of agreement).
₹.	Before proving aim regar	cription of Pre-Drought Planning Efforts  ore the occurrence of a water supply shortage and the need to implement the emergency visions of the Ordinance, it is important that certain pre-response measures be taken with the of conserving the system's source water, as well as the water distributed to the customer. In ords to the conservation measures listed below, the (water em) has taken the following actions:  Identification of all major water users of the system (top 10%, include wholesale customers):
	2.	Identification of those users with whom there are conservation agreements:
	3.	A vigorous public education program is critical for achieving substantial water use reductions. An effective public outreach program will keep the public informed about the water supply situation, what actions will mitigate drought emergency problems, and how well the public is doing in terms of meeting the program goals. Keeping the public involved, informed, and participating in the decision-making process is key to implementing an effective Drought Management Plan. Provide a description of your utility's efforts to develop an effective drought-related public education program:



(include how information is conveyed to customers, describe
your outreach efforts in the community, describe your incentive/disincentive strategy for water conservation, describe operational changes that you have made to enhance conservation, discuss water conservation audits, your use of water saving fixtures or any other interaction
that you have with customers).
Description of Capital Planning and Investment for System Reliability and Demand Forecasting
Water utilities routinely find that capital improvements to the system strongly enhance their ability to get through times of drought. It is important that every water utility aggressively plan and build for future needs. The utility must continue to provide for system operation flexibility, improved pumping and storage capacity and new technologies to meet the demands of tomorrow. Describe the utility's capital improvement program and how past efforts have enhanced your system's ability to meet demand during drought conditions:
Describe other system improvements the utility should consider to prepare for future droughts and increasing water demands:



G.

## **Drought Response Ordinance**

\*Note to the utility: The specific content of this Ordinance or Resolution should be reviewed with the utility's general legal counsel and bond counsel if the utility has any indebtedness outstanding to insure its enforceability.

A.	Declaration of Policy and Authority						
	The objective of this Drought Response Ordinance is to establish authority, policy and procedure by which the (water system) will take the proper actions to manage water demand during a drought-related shortage. The Ordinance satisfies the requirements of the						
	Drought Response Act of 2000 and has the goal of achieving the greatest public benefit from limited supplies of water needed for domestic water use, sanitation, and fire protection and of allocating water for other purposes in an equitable manner.						
	This Ordinance outlines the actions to be taken for the conservation of water supplied by the						
	reduction in water usage and the optimization of supply.						
	To satisfy these goals, the (water system) hereby adopts the following regulations and restrictions on the delivery and consumption of water. This Ordinance is hereby declared necessary for the protection of public health, safety and welfare and shall take effect upon its adoption by the (water system).						
	If it becomes necessary to conserve water in its service area due to drought, the						
	"Proclamation") that existing conditions prevent fulfillment of the usual water-use demands. The Proclamation is an attempt to prevent depleting the water supply to the extent that water-use for human consumption, sanitation, fire protection, and other essential needs becomes endangered.						
	Immediately upon issuance of such a Proclamation, regulations and restrictions set forth under this Ordinance shall become effective and remain in effect until the water supply shortage has ended and the Proclamation rescinded.						
	Water uses that are regulated or prohibited under this Ordinance are considered to be non-essential and continuation of such uses during times of water supply shortages is deemed to constitute a waste of water, subjecting the offender(s) to penalties.						
	The Drought Management Plan as outlined in Section I - III is hereby approved.						
B.	Moderate Drought Phase						
	Upon notification by the Drought Response Committee that a Moderate drought condition is present and is expected to persist and/or upon determination by the						
	(water system) that a moderate water supply shortage exists based on trigger levels, the  (water system) will seek voluntary reductions from its customers in						

the use of water for all purposes and voluntary reductions on using water during certain peak water

demand periods. Specifically, the goal during this phase is to achieve a reduction of 20% in



		water use and 15% in other water uses such as commercial, industrial and a reduction in overall water use of 15%. To accomplish this, the (water system) will take the following actions:	l, institutional and
1)	custon	n Proclamation to be released to local media,	
2) Provide written notification to the South Carolina Department of Natural Resources Dru Information Center and routinely publish in a newspaper of general circulation in the sources of the water system the voluntary conservation measures that the customers are requested to follow during Moderate drought conditions, including:			
	a.	Reduce residential water use to(i.e.6 5) gallons per person per maximum of(i.e.250) gallons per household per day;	r day and a
	b.	Eliminate the washing down of sidewalks, walkways, driveways, park courts and other hard surfaced areas;	king lots, tennis

c. Eliminate the washing down of buildings for purposes other than immediate fire

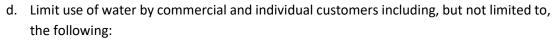
d. Eliminate the flushing of gutters;

protection;

- e. Eliminate the domestic washing of motorbikes, boats, cars, etc.;
- f. Eliminate the use of water to maintain fountains, reflection ponds and decorative water bodies for aesthetic or scenic purposes, except where necessary to support aquatic life;
- g. Reduce watering of lawns, plants, trees, gardens, shrubbery and flora on private or public property to the minimum necessary. Encourage outdoor watering to be done during off-peak hours.
- Reduce the amount of water obtained from fire hydrants for construction purposes, fire drills or for any purpose other than fire-fighting or flushing necessary to maintain water quality; and
- i. Limit normal water use by commercial and individual customers including, but not limited to, the following:
  - i. Stop serving water in addition to another beverage routinely in restaurants;
  - ii. Stop maintaining water levels in scenic and recreational ponds and lakes, except for the minimum amount required to support aquatic life;
  - iii. Cease water service to customers who have been given a 10-day notice to repair one or more leaks and have failed to do so.
- 3) Intensify maintenance efforts to identify and correct water leaks in the distribution system.
- 4) Cease to install new irrigation taps on the water system.
- Continue to encourage and educate customers to comply with voluntary water conservation.

# C. Severe Drought Phase

			by the Drought Response Committee that a Severe drought condition is persist and/or upon determination by the	-
	-		ere water supply shortage exists based on trigger levels,	- •
,	,		(water system) will seek voluntary reduction in the us	e of water
cer 25% use	tain wa % in resi e of 20%	ter usage dential v	d mandatory restrictions on non-essential usage and restrictions on tire is allowed. Specifically, the goal during this phase is to achieve a redwater use, 20% in all other water use categories, and a reduction in overall complish these goals, the(water system)	nes when uction of erall water
1)	Issue a	Proclam	nation to be released to the local media,''s (wo	ater
	system	) custom	ners and to the South Carolina Department of Natural Resources Drougenter that Severe drought conditions are present.	
2)	Inform area of	ation Ce f the wat	n notification to the South Carolina Department of Natural Resources I enter and routinely publish in a newspaper of general circulation in the ter system the voluntary conservation measures and mandatory restricuse of water supplied by the utility, including:	service
	a.		cary reduction of residential water use by the utility's customers to (i.e. 200) gallons per hou er day.	
	b.	Contro	ol landscape irrigation by the utility's customers by staggering watering	times.
	c.	Manda	atory restrictions on the use of water supplied by the utility for activitie	s including:
		i.	Eliminate the washing down of sidewalks, walkways, driveways, parkitennis courts and other hard surfaced areas;	ng lots,
		ii.	Eliminate the washing down of buildings for purposes other than improtection;	nediate fire
		iii.	Eliminate the flushing of gutters;	
		iv.	Eliminate domestic washing of motorbikes, boats, cars, etc.;	
		٧.	Eliminate the use of water to maintain fountains, reflection ponds are decorative water bodies for aesthetic or scenic purposes, except whe necessary to support aquatic life;	
		vi.	Eliminate filling or maintaining public or private swimming pools;	
		vii.	Eliminate obtaining water from fire hydrants for construction purpose drills or any purpose other than fire-fighting or flushing necessary to water quality; and	-





- i. Stop serving water in addition to another beverage routinely in restaurants;
- ii. Stop maintaining water levels in scenic and recreational ponds and lakes, except for the minimum amount required to support aquatic life;
- iii. Limit irrigating golf courses and any portion of its grounds;
- iv. Cease water service to customers who have been given a 10-day notice to repair one or more leaks and have failed to do so; and
- v. Limit expanding commercial nursery facilities, placing new irrigated agricultural land in production or planting or landscaping when required by site design review process.
- 3) Intensify maintenance efforts to identify and correct water leaks in the distribution system.
- 4) Continue to cease installation of new irrigation taps on the water system.
- 5) Publicize widely the penalties to be imposed for violations of mandatory restrictions and the procedures to be followed if a variance in the restrictions is requested.
- 6) Expand the use of education and public relations efforts and emphasize the penalties associated with violating the mandatory restrictions.
- 7) Provide written notification monthly to the South Carolina Department of Natural Resources
  Drought Information Center regarding the success of the voluntary and mandatory restrictions.

#### D. Extreme Drought Phase

		tification by the Drought Response Committee that an Extreme drought con pected to persist and/or upon determination by the	•
sys	tem) th	that an extreme water supply shortage exists based on the trigger levels, the	
thi	s phase	rposes and on the times when certain water usage is allowed. Specifically, se is to achieve a reduction of 30% in residential water use, 25% in all other es and a reduction in overall water use of 25%. To accomplish these goals, (water system) will take the following actions:	categories of
1)	system	e a Proclamation to be released to the local media, theem) customers and to the South Carolina Department of Natural Resources mation Center that Extreme drought conditions are present;	
2)	Inform	rces Drought n the service vater supplied	
	a.	a. Limiting residential water use to(i.e. 45) gallons per person per day maximum of (i.e. 150) gallons per household or REU per day.	and a
	b.	o. Eliminate landscape irrigation by the utility's customers.	



- c. Mandatory restrictions on the use of water supplied by the utility for activities including:
  - i. Eliminate the washing down of sidewalks, walkways, driveways, parking lots, tennis courts and other hard surfaced areas;
  - ii. Eliminate the washing down of buildings for purposes other than immediate fire protection;
  - iii. Eliminate the flushing of gutters;
  - iv. No domestic washing of motorbikes, boats, cars, etc.;
  - v. Eliminate the use of water to maintain fountains, reflection ponds, and decorative water bodies for aesthetic or scenic purposes, except where necessary to support aquatic life.
  - vi. Eliminate filling or maintaining public or private swimming pools;
  - vii. Eliminate obtaining water from fire hydrants for construction purposes, fire drills, or any purpose other than firefighting or flushing necessary to maintain water quality; and
  - d. Limit normal water use by commercial and individual customers including, but not limited to, the following:
    - i. Stop serving water in addition to another beverage routinely in restaurants;
    - ii. Stop maintaining water levels in scenic and recreational ponds and lakes, except for the minimum amount required to support fish and wildlife;
    - iii. Limit irrigating golf courses and any portion of their grounds;
    - iv. Cease water service to customers who have been given a 10-day notice to repair one or more leaks and have failed to do so; and
    - v. Limit expanding commercial nursery facilities, placing new irrigated agricultural land in production, or planting or landscaping when required by site design review process.
- 3) Intensify maintenance efforts to identify and correct water leaks in the distribution system.
- 4) Continue to cease installation of new irrigation taps on the water system.
- 5) Outline other conservation measures, examples are:
  - a. Place a moratorium on the issuance of all new water service connections and contracts for all new water main extensions. As part of the public information process, provide notice to developers of the moratorium;
  - b. Encourage all residential water customers to voluntarily reduce overall monthly water usage to 70% of the customer's monthly average. If voluntary reduction of usage is not successful, the \_\_\_\_\_\_ (water system) may, at its option, implement the following excessive use rate schedule for water:



			Tier I	0	gallons/REU	regular rate
			Tier II		gallons/REU	2 times regular rate
			Tier III	Over	gallons/REU	3 times regular rate
		c.	usage. water u a tempo based r the	The general princing is a se in excess oforary fee imposed ate. The drought	ciple behind the drought sur of normal d during the current water s surcharge is temporary and	f water that increases with higher rcharge is that the fee is imposed on use. The drought surcharge is supply shortage and is not a costd will be terminated at such time as etermines the water supply is above
		d.			onditions or water supply av	an prove inadequate to mitigate the railability, the ray take additional actions including,
			but not	limited to:		
			i.	Decreasing the g	allon/REU limits in the diffe	rent tiers; and
			ii.	Reduction of wa	ter system pressure as need	led.
	6)		•	•	be imposed for violations or ariance in the restrictions is	f mandatory restrictions and the requested.
	7) Expand the use of education and public relations efforts as conducted under the Moderate Severe drought phase and emphasize the penalties associated with violating the mandator restrictions.					
	8)				thly to the South Carolina Darding the success of the ma	epartment of Natural Resources andatory restrictions.
E.	If a	_	t threate	ns the protection ereby authorized		. the
F.	If a ma suc acc	ny custo ndatory th failure ordance	omer of to water use to complete with the	se restrictions of ply, which cites the e following sched	(water syst this Ordinance, the custome ne date of said violation, and ule:	em) fails to comply with the er shall be given a written notice of d shall be assessed surcharges in
				_	hall be added to the custom surcharge shall be ad	ner's water bill; ded to the customer's water bill;



		rd violation - the customer's water service shall be terminated and restored only after payment a surcharge of \$ in addition to all previously assessed surcharges.	
	juris	enforcement agencies and other authorized agencies or designated employees in the respective diction which is being supplied water by the (water system) shall ently enforce the provisions of the Drought Response Ordinance.	
G.	Va	riances	
	Customers, who in their belief are unable to comply with the mandatory water use restrictions of this Drought Response Ordinance, may petition for a variance from restrictions by filing a petition with the (water system) within ten (10) working days after the issuance of the Proclamation requiring water use restrictions.		
		petitions for variance shall contain the following information:	
	A.	Name and address of the petitioner;	
	В.	Purpose of water usage;	
	C.	Special provision from which the petitioner is requesting relief;	
	D.	Detailed statement as to how the curtailment declaration adversely affects the petitioner;	
	E.	Description of the relief desired;	
	F.	Period of time for which the variance is sought;	
	G.	Economic value of the water use;	
	Н.	Damage or harm to the petitioner or others if petitioner complies with the Ordinance;	
	I.	Restrictions with which the petitioner is expected to comply and the compliance date;	
	J.	Steps the petitioner is taking to meet the restrictions from which the variance is sought and the expected date of compliance; and	
	K.	Other information as needed.	
	wit sho	order for the variance to be granted, the petitioner must demonstrate clearly that compliance he the Ordinance cannot be technically accomplished during the duration of the water supply ortage without having an adverse impact upon the best interests of the community. The (water system) is authorized to grant the request for variance.	
	In a	addition, the (water system) is authorized to grant temporary	
		variances for existing water uses otherwise prohibited under the Ordinance if it is determined that	
		failure to grant such variances could cause an emergency condition adversely affecting health,	
		itation and fire protection for the public. No such variance shall be retroactive or otherwise tify any violation of this Ordinance occurring prior to the issuance of the variance. Variances	
		nted by the (water system) shall include a timetable for compliance	
	and	d shall expire when the water supply shortage no longer exists, unless the petitioner has failed to et specified requirements.	



#### H. Status of the Ordinance

- 1) If any portion of this Ordinance is held to be unconstitutional for any reason, the remaining portions of the Drought Response Ordinance shall not be affected.
- 3) Nothing in this Ordinance shall be deemed to invalidate or be interpreted in a manner inconsistent with any covenants now in effect and given as security to holders of bonds secured by revenues of the system.

