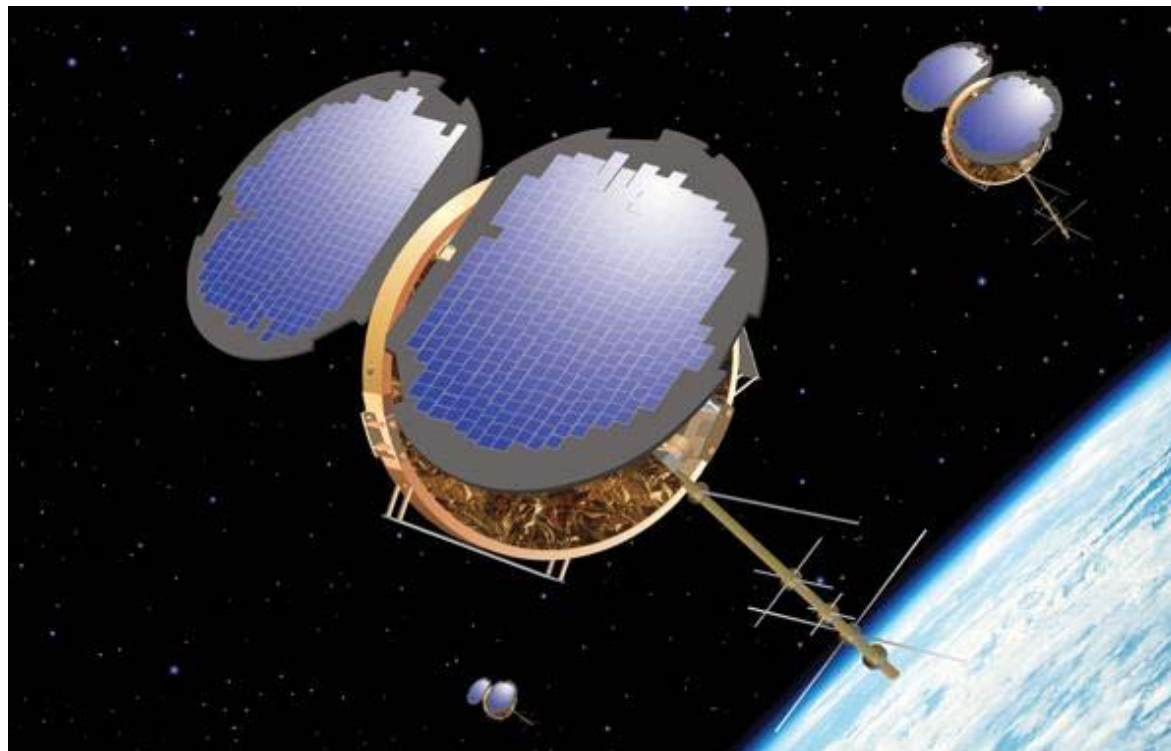


# COSMIC / FormoSat 3

Overview, Status, First results, Data distribution

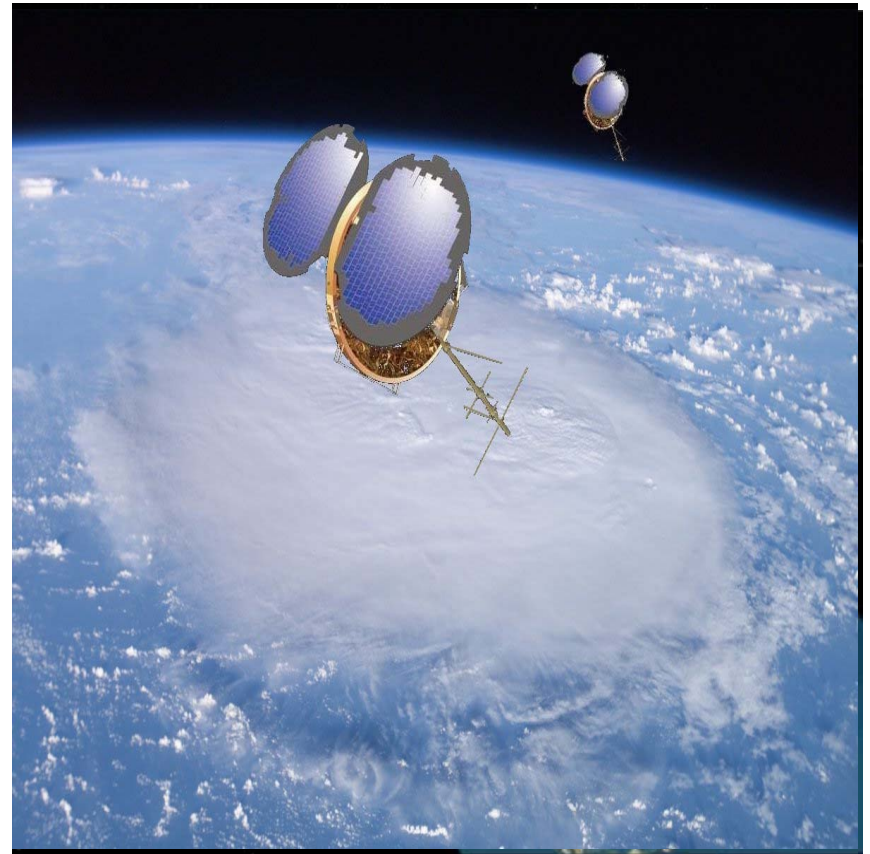


# Outline

- COSMIC Introduction / Status
- Early results from COSMIC
  - Neutral Atmosphere profiles
    - Refractivity
    - Temperature, Water vapor
    - Planetary Boundary layer
  - Ionospheric results
    - GPS Electron Density Profiles
    - Global maps of Scintillation
    - TIP and TBB (CERTO)
- Summary
- On-line Data Tool Demonstration

# COSMIC/Formosat 3 at a Glance

- Constellation Observing System for Meteorology Ionosphere and Climate (Formosat-3)
- 6 Satellites launched in April 2006
- Orbits: alt=800km, Inc=72deg, ecc=0
- Weather + Space Weather data
- Global observations of:
  - Refractivity
  - Pressure, Temperature, Humidity
  - TEC, Ionospheric Electron Density
  - Ionospheric Scintillation
- Demonstrate quasi-operational GPS limb sounding with global coverage in near-real time
- Climate Monitoring
- Geodetic Research



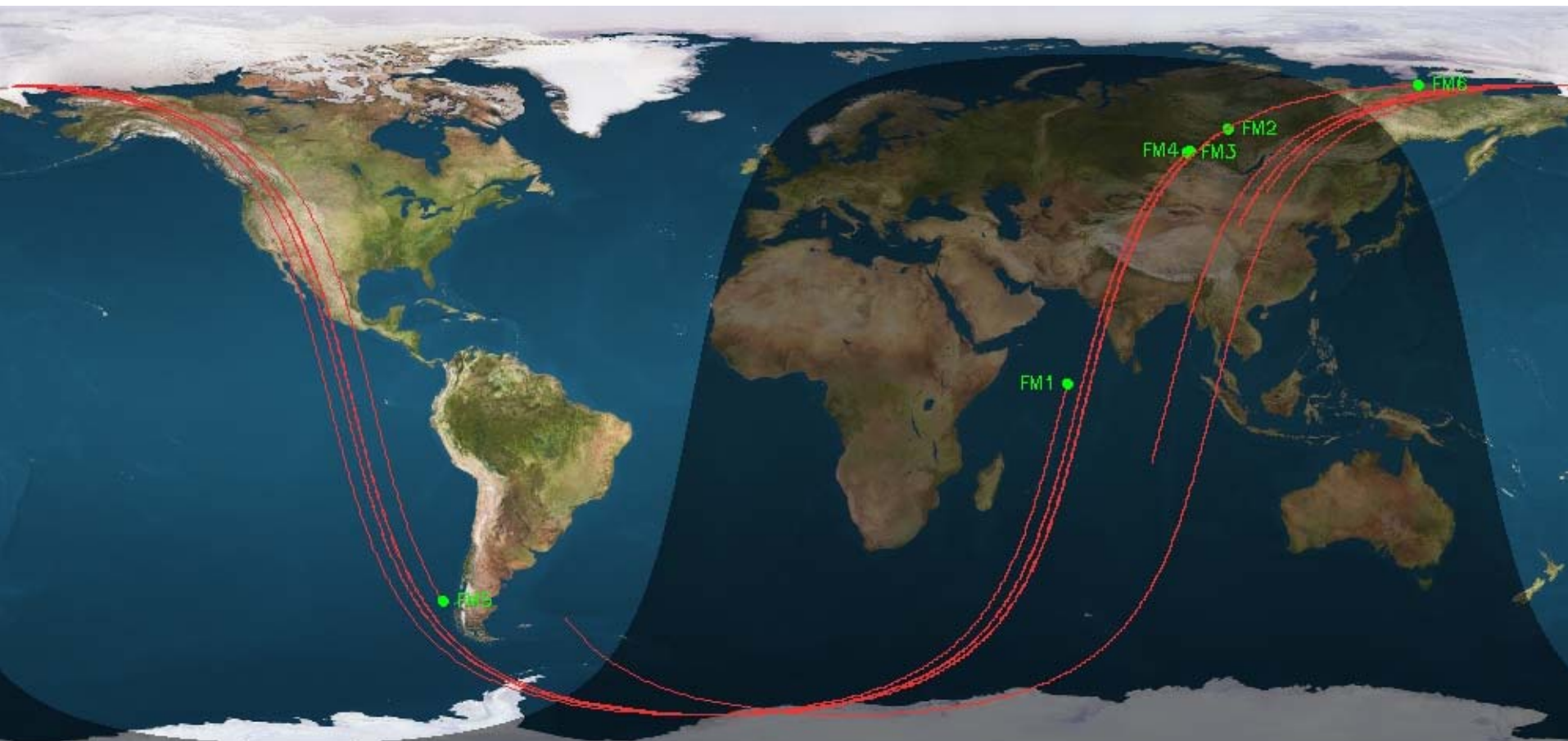


## Launch on April 14, 2006 Vandenberg AFB, CA

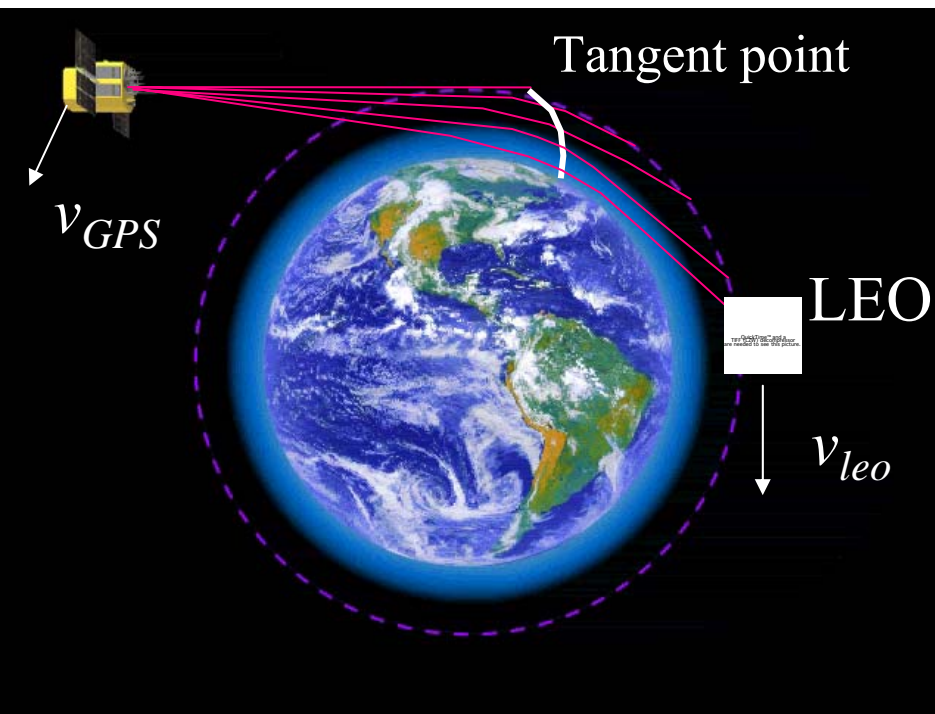
- All six satellites stacked and launched on a Minotaur rocket
- Initial orbit altitude ~500 km; inclination ~72°
- Will be maneuvered into six different orbital planes for optimal global coverage (at ~800 km altitude)
- All satellites are in good health and providing initial data

# COSMIC Satellite Ground Tracks

mid-August 2006

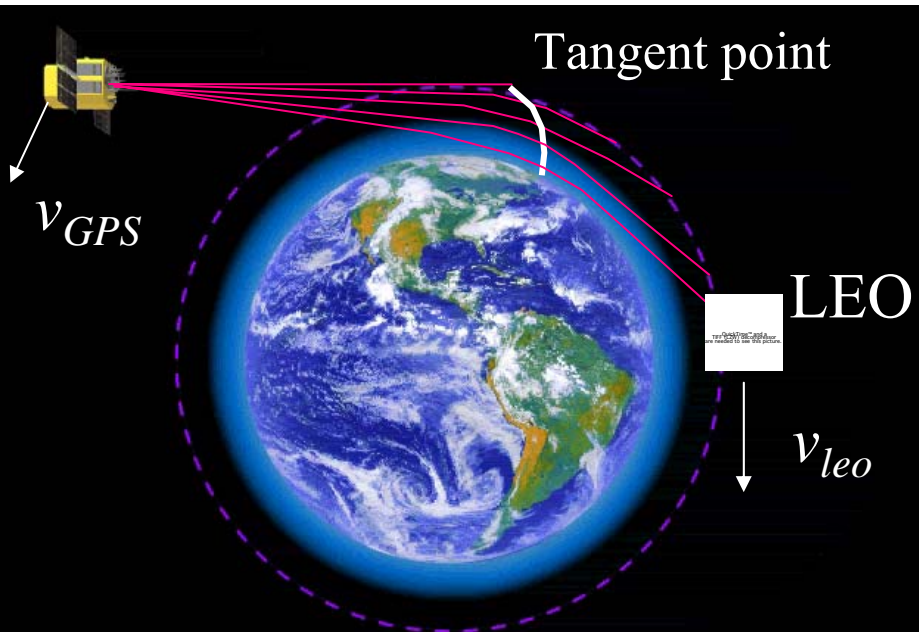






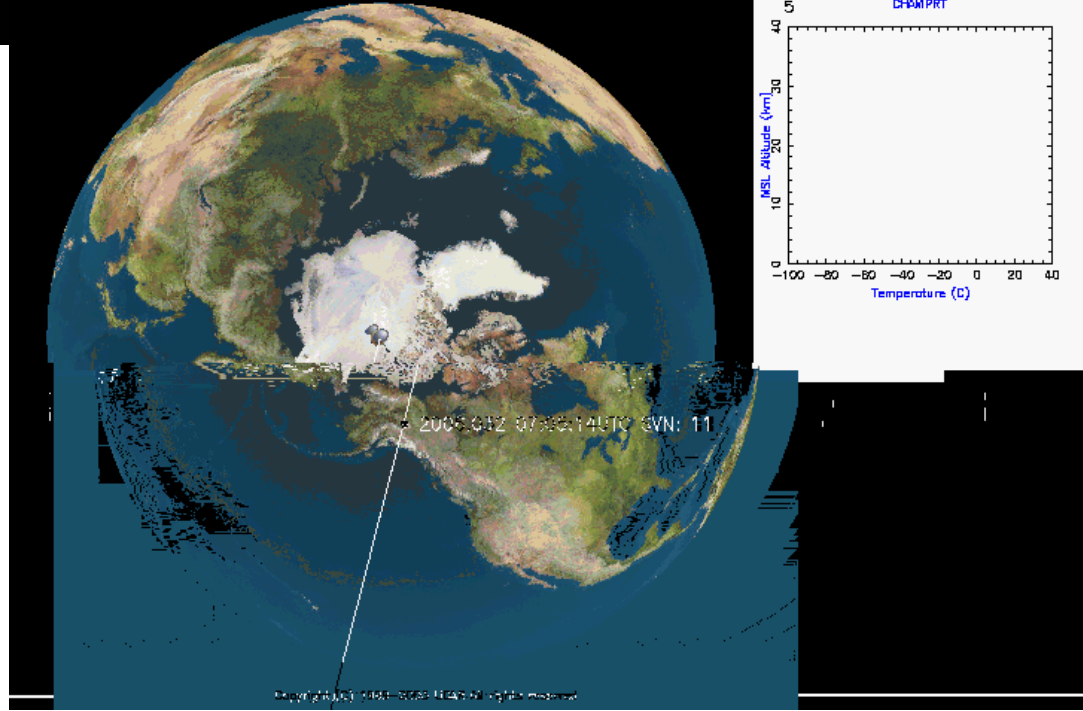
The LEO tracks the GPS phase while the signal is occulted to determine the Doppler

The velocity of GPS relative to LEO must be estimated to  **$\sim 0.2$  mm/sec** (velocity of GPS is  $\sim 3$  km/sec and velocity of LEO is  $\sim 7$  km/sec) to determine precise temperature profiles



The LEO tracks the GPS phase while the signal is occulted to determine the Doppler

5 Last 5 occultations (champprt) at 2006.032.15.45.38



The velocity of GPS relative to LEO must be estimated to **~0.2 mm/sec** (20 ppb) to determine precise temperature profiles

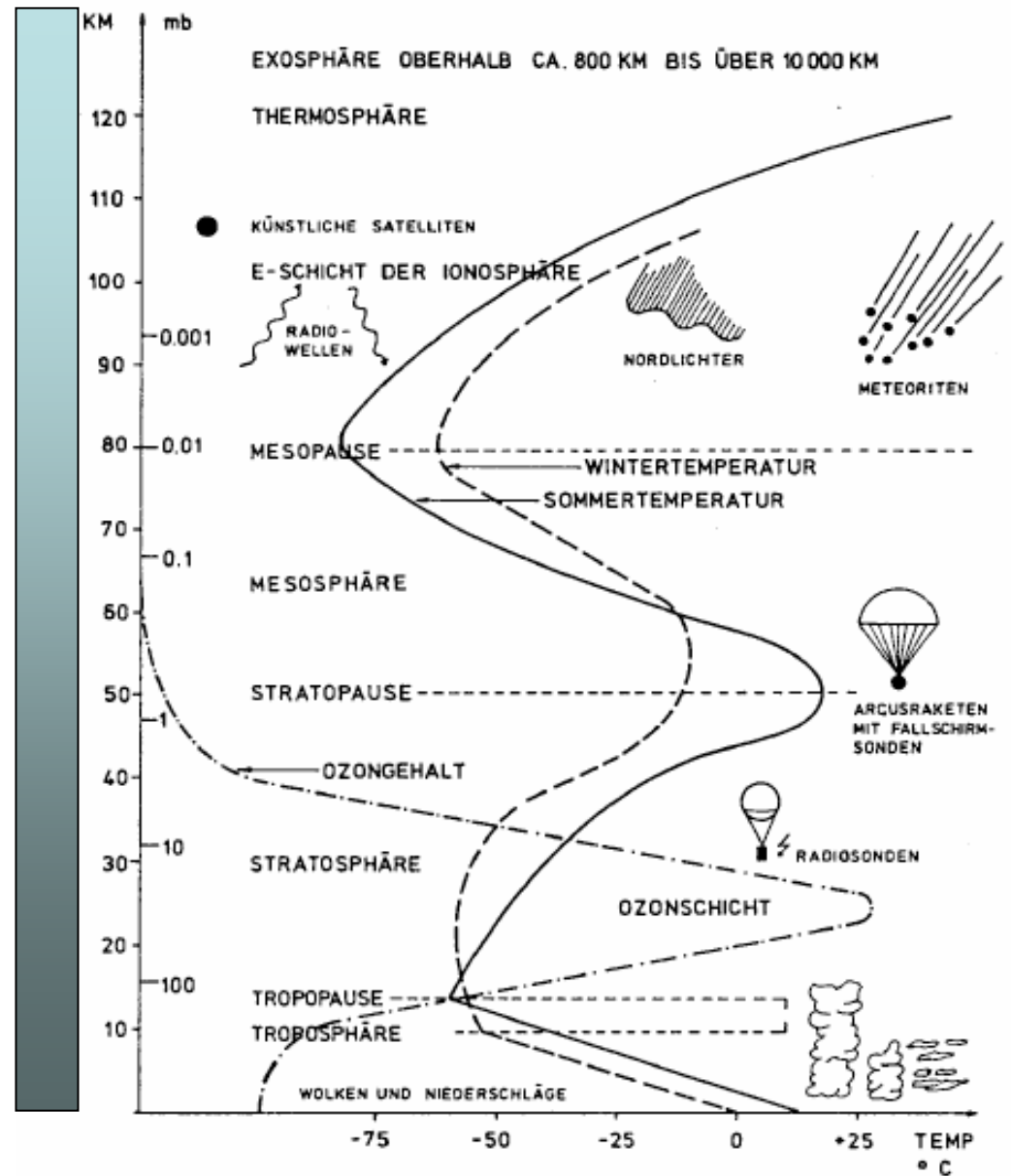
Profile the (sporadic) ionospheric E-layer with ~1-km vertical resolution

Area dominated by noise - used for noise calibration of profile

Area affected by noise - profiles are noisy and/or affected by climatology

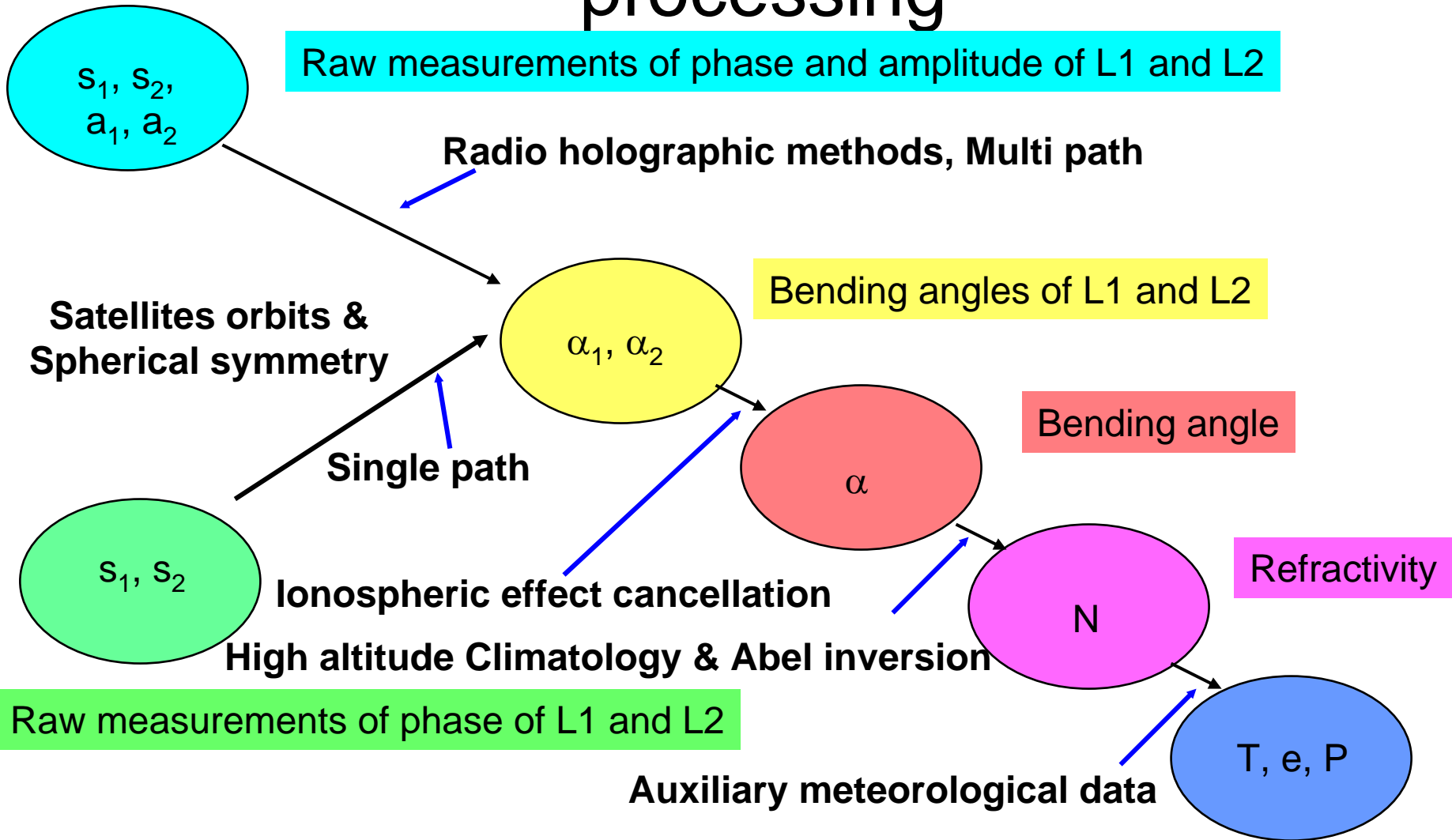
Highest quality profiles 5-30 km

Some profiles affected by boundary layer effects (super refraction)





# GPS radio occultation measurements & processing



Atmospheric refractive index  $n = c / v$  where  $c$  is the light velocity in a vacuum and  $v$  is the light velocity in the atmosphere

Refractivity  $N = 10^6 (n - 1)$

$$N = 77.6 \frac{P}{T} + 3.73 \times 10^5 \frac{P_w}{T^2} - 40.3 \times 10^6 \frac{n_e}{f^2}$$

(1)                      (2)                      (3)

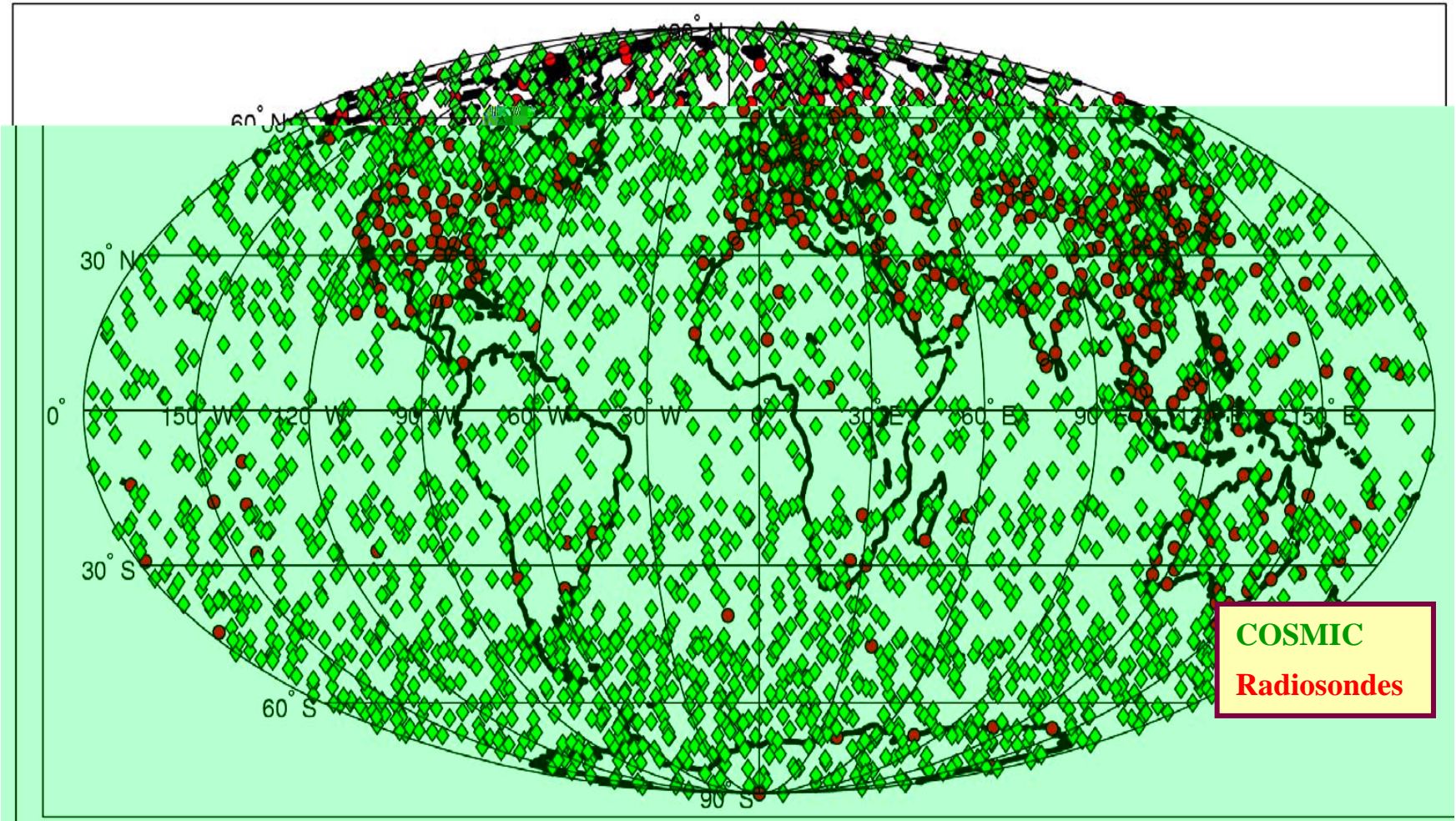
- Hydrostatic dry (1) and wet (2) terms dominate below 70 km
- Wet term (2) becomes important in the troposphere and can constitute up to 30% of refractivity at the surface in the tropics
- In the presence of water vapor, external information is needed to obtain temperature *and* water vapor
- Liquid water and aerosols are generally ignored
- Ionospheric term (3) dominates above 70 km

# On-line Tutorial on Radio Occultation

<http://www.meted.ucar.edu/COSMIC/>

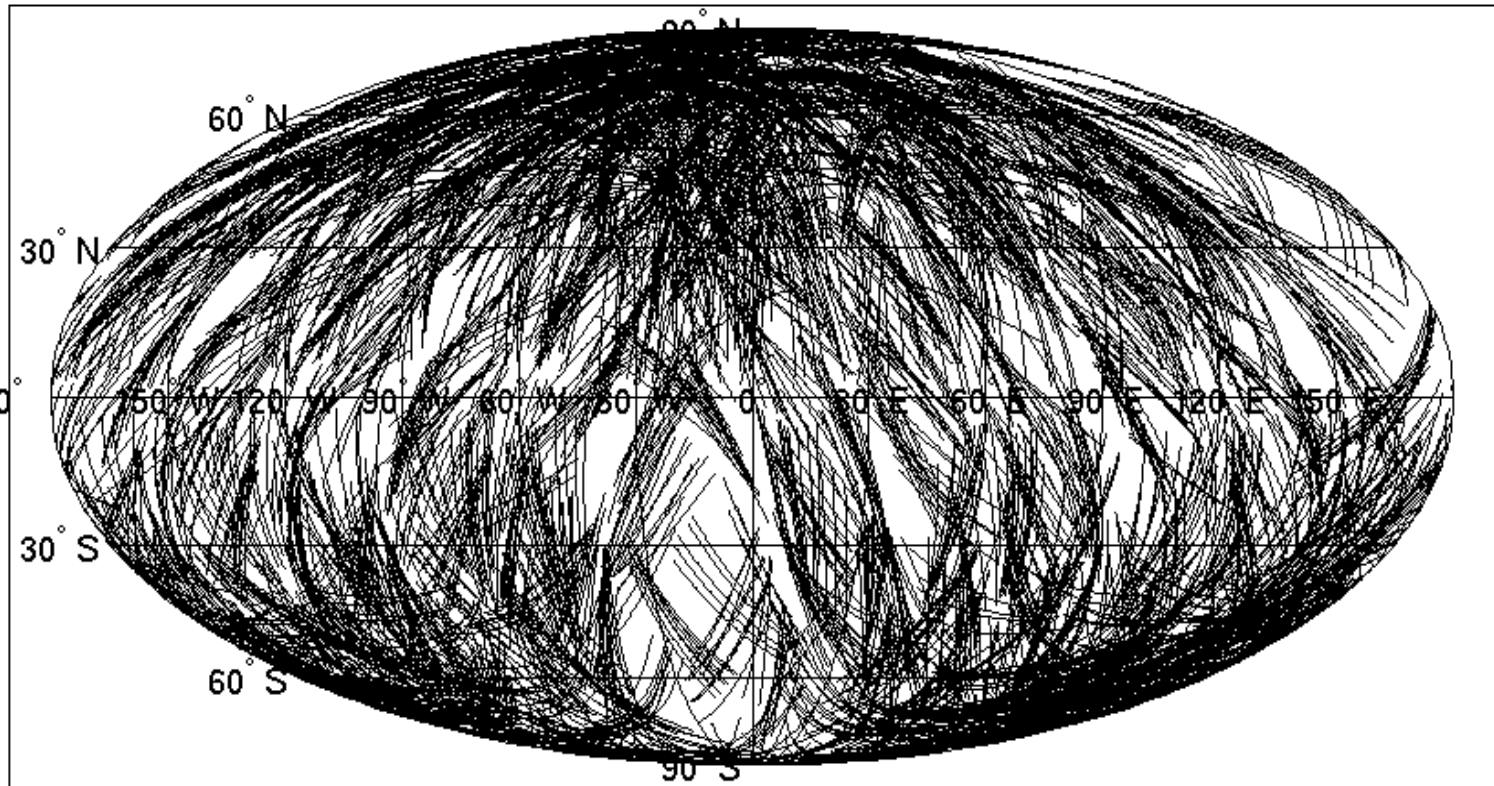
# COSMIC Soundings in 1 Day

Occultation Locations for COSMIC, 6 S/C, 6 Planes, 24 Hrs



# Ionospheric Occultation Global Coverage

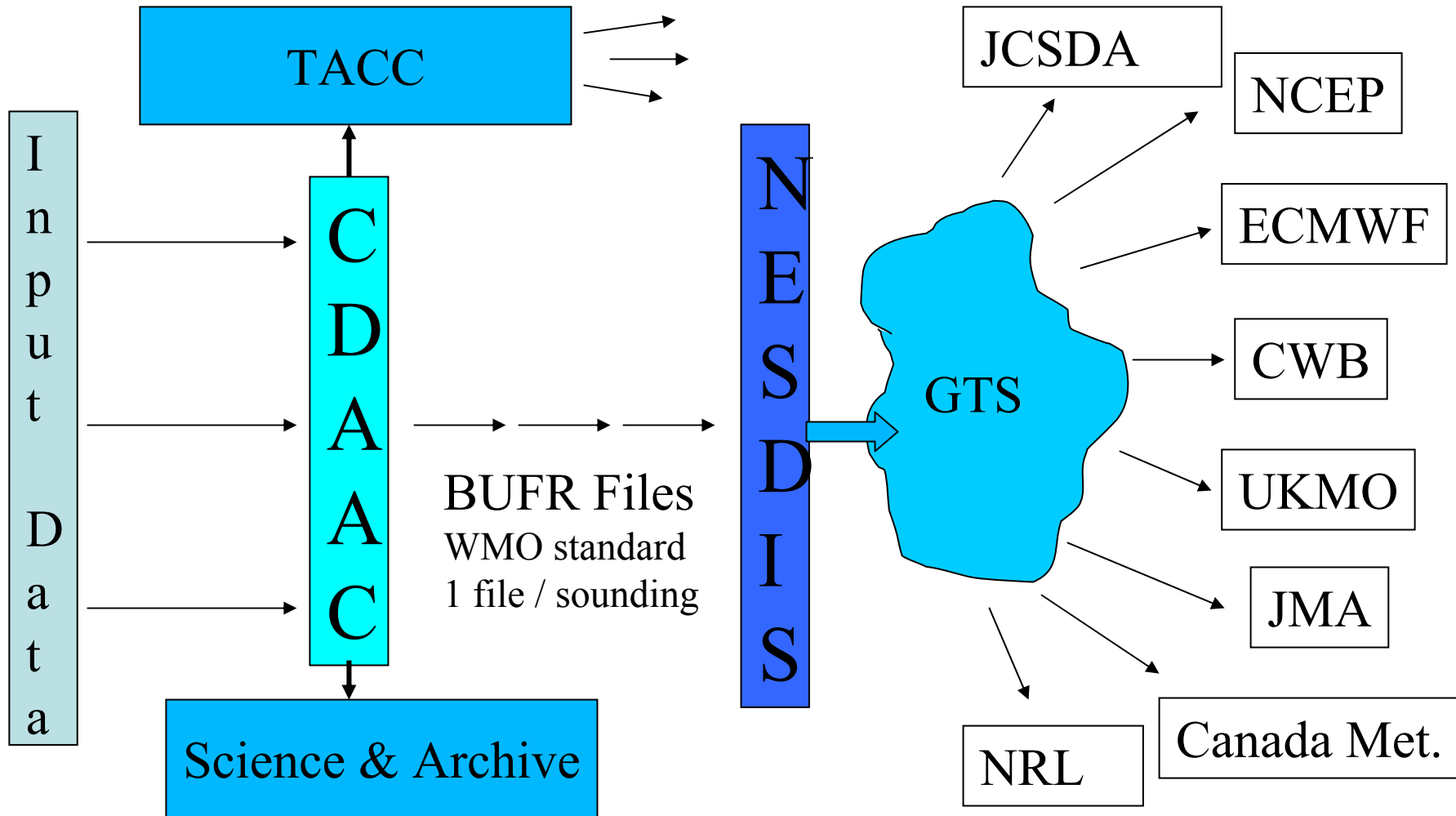
Ionospheric Occultation Coverage for COSMIC in Sun-Fixed Frame, 24 hrs, Operational Constellation



- About 2500 ionospheric occultations per day
- Profiles of electron density between 100 and 800 km
- Total Electron Content to all GPS satellites in view



# Operational Processing



Data available to weather centers within < 180 minutes of on-orbit collection

# COSMIC Data Availability

- Data opened up to public in July 2006
- All Data (including raw data) available at the end of each day
- Real-time products (profiles of bending, refractivity, ...) in WMO standard format available via the GTS
- Post-processed data for climate research will be updated every few months
- Data use agreement with NSPO required for use of all data and data products (via TACC or CDAAC website)

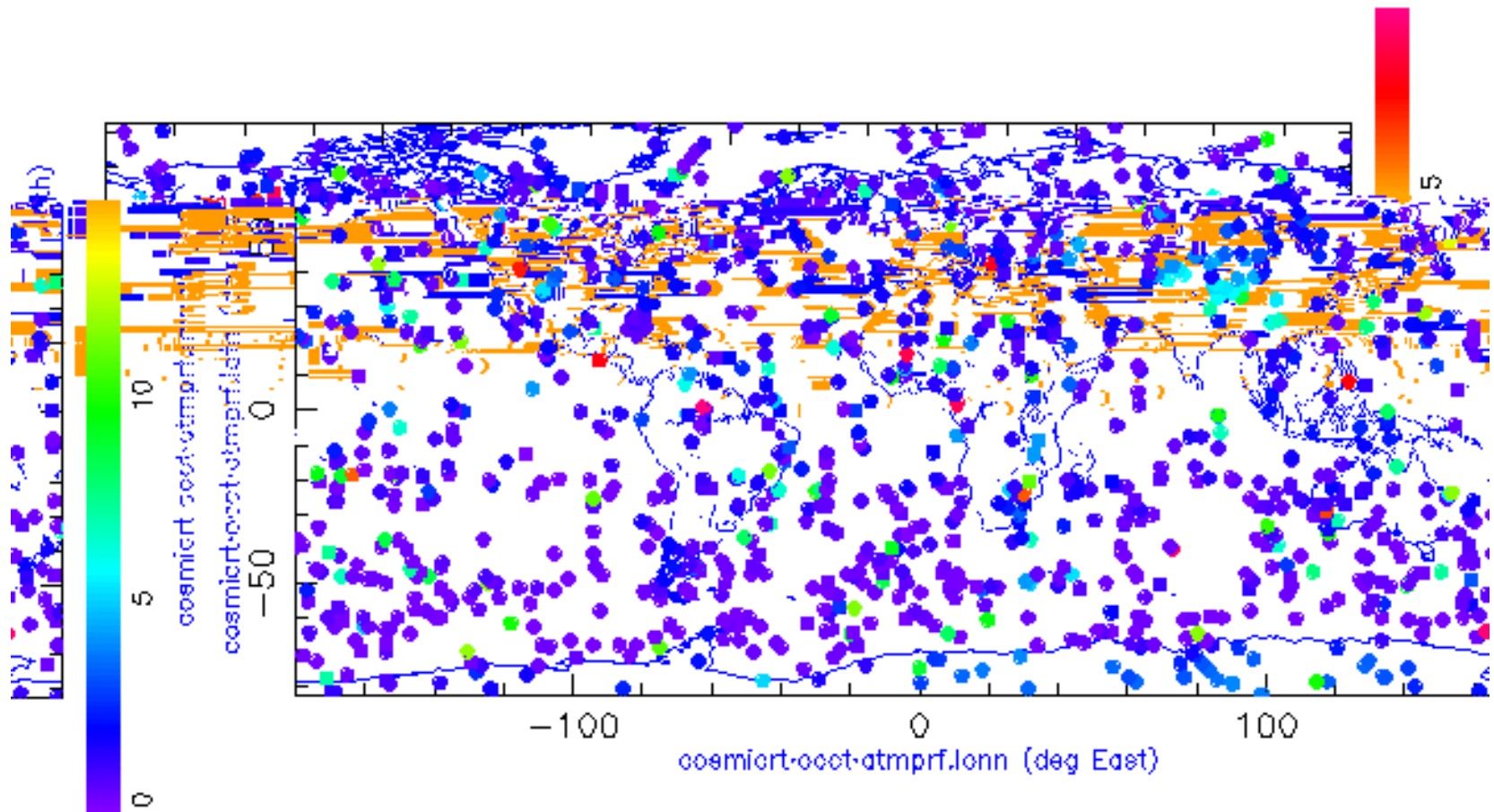
# COSMIC Data Policy

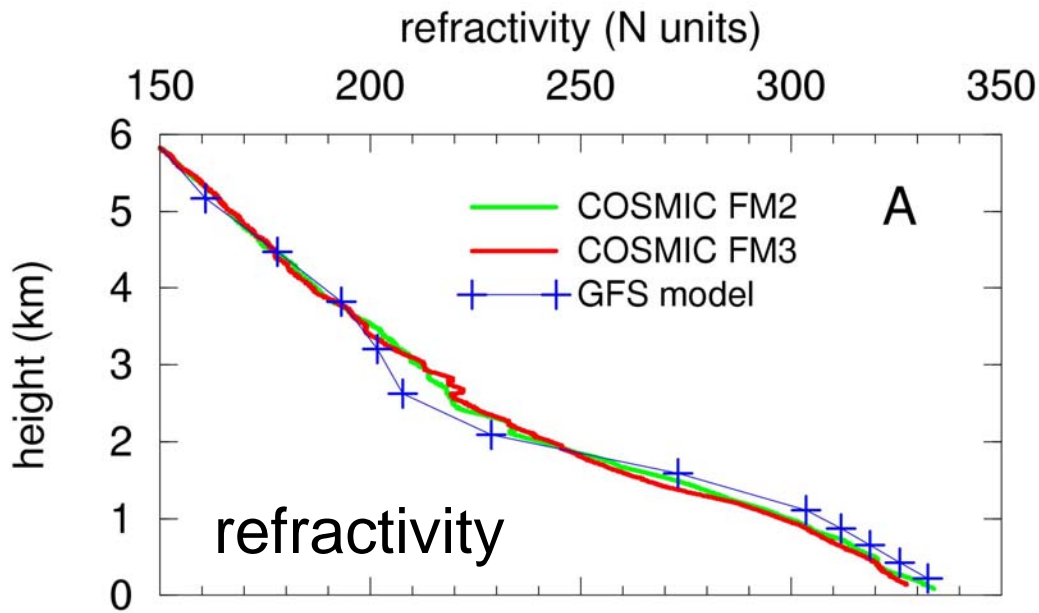
- Real-time data (raw data, excess phase data, etc.) available upon approval of letter request to NSPO director and UCAR president
- All requests have been approved
- Next slide shows how to sign up (or go directly to:)

<http://tacc.cwb.gov.tw/service/policy.htm>

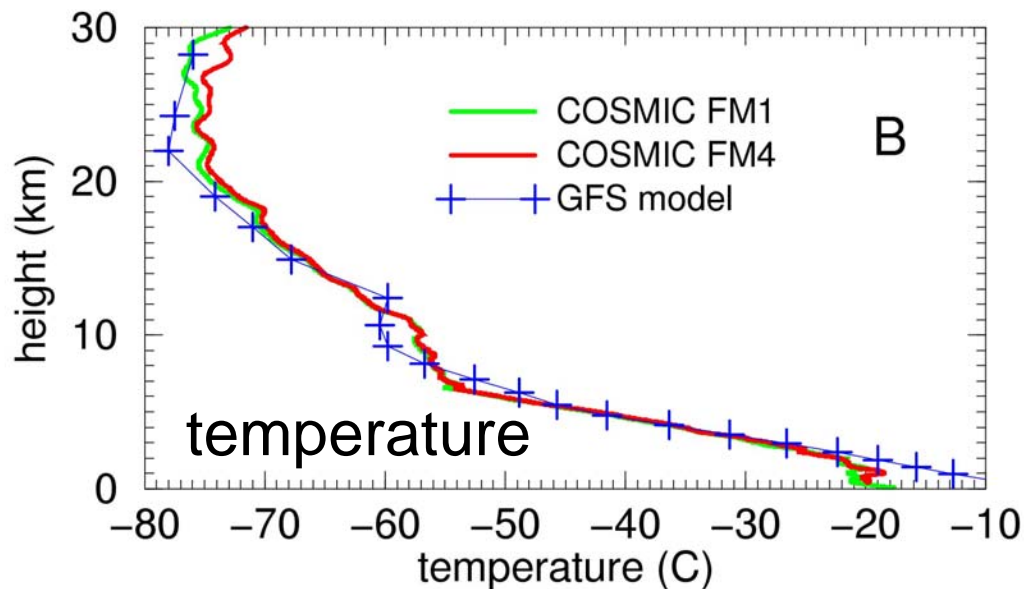
# COSMIC Sounding Penetration (Day 239, 2006)

1316 Matches





Atmospheric refractivity  
Tropical Sounding

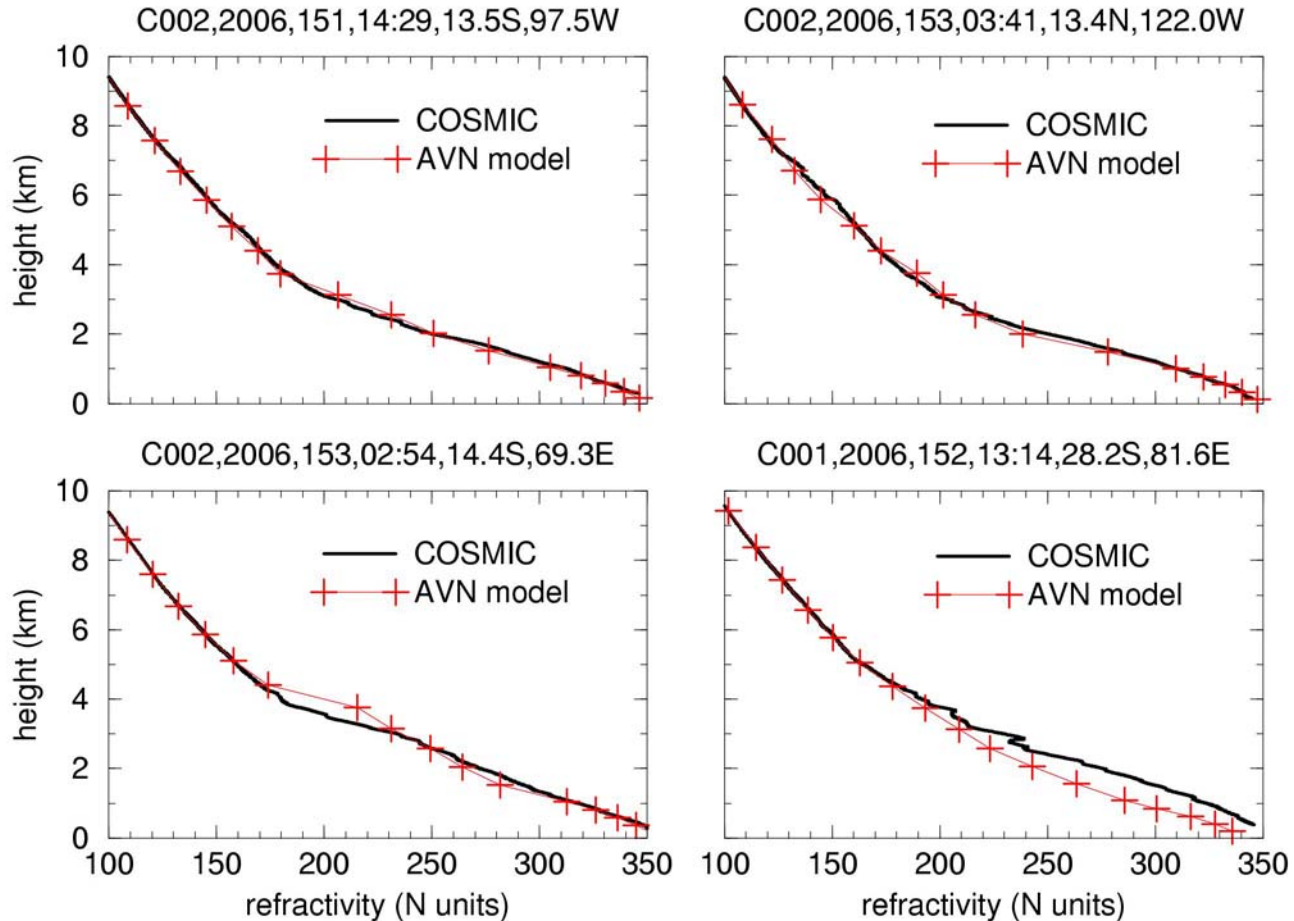


“Dry” Temperature  
Polar Sounding

Precision of Radio Occultation Measurements: 0.2% or  
~0.5 deg in temperature (between 10-20 km)



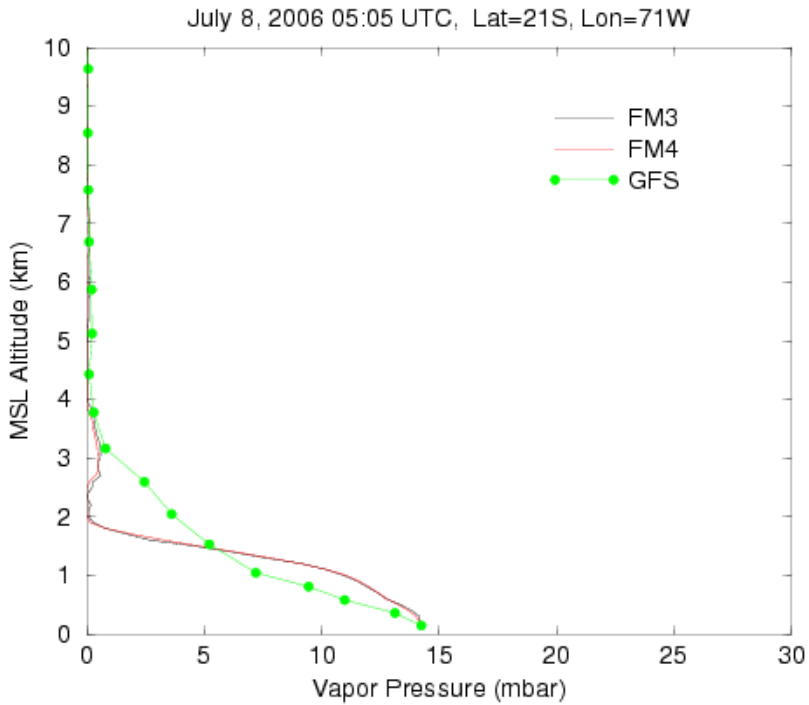
# Penetration of Planetary Boundary layer with COSMIC



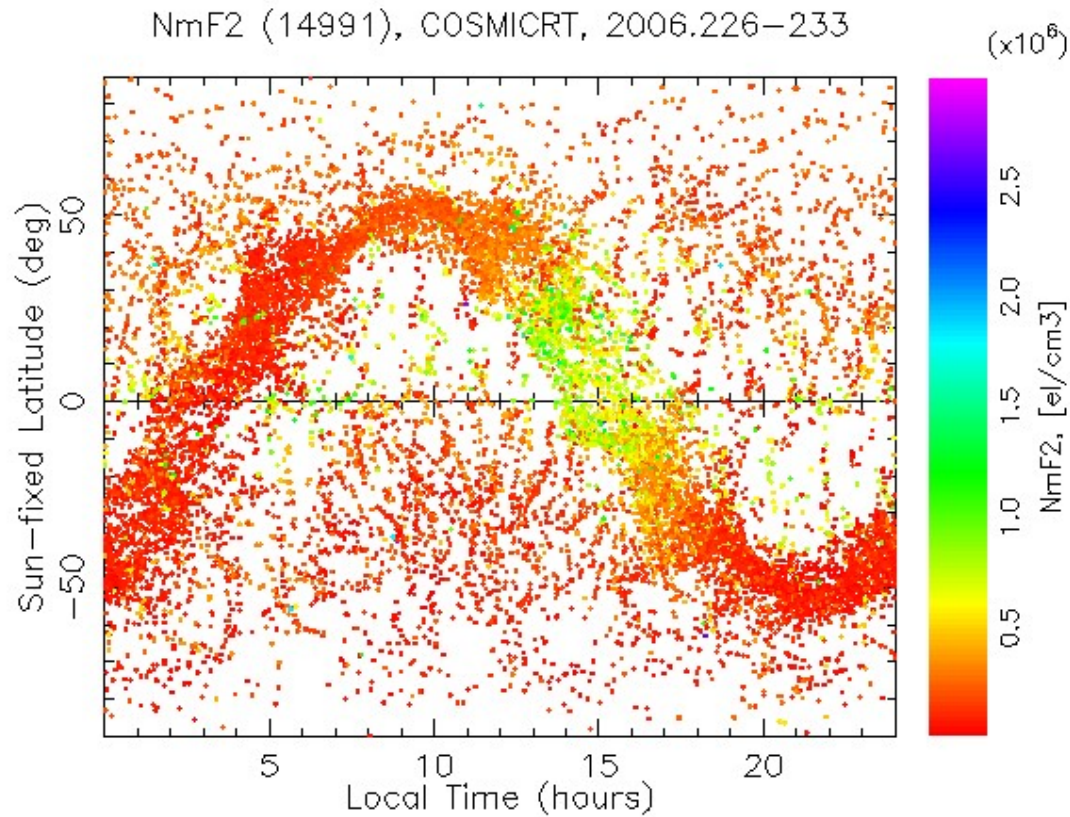
Comparison of Refractivity with GFS (AVN)

# Water Vapor Pressure Comparison COSMIC (FM3 and FM4 ) vs. GFS

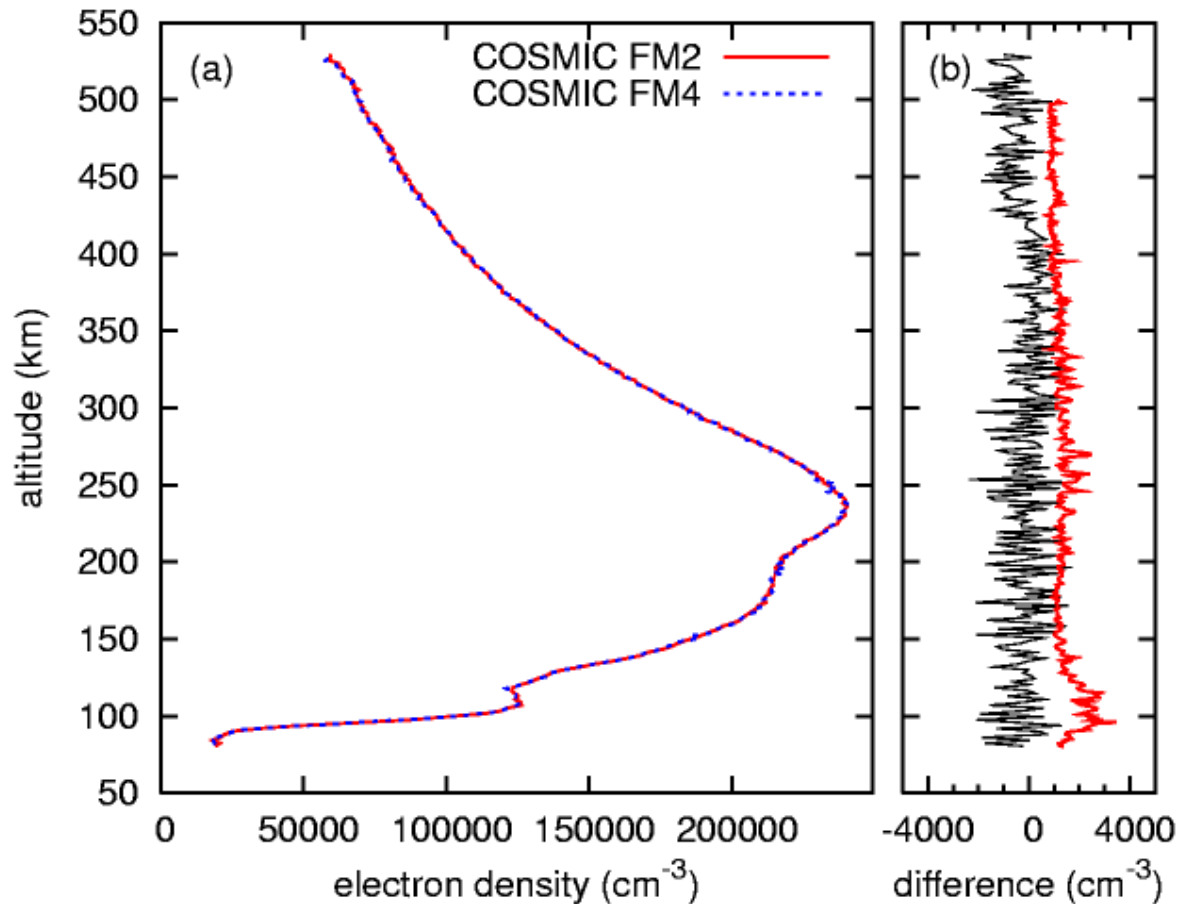
COSMIC Collocated Soundings, 2006.189.05.05.G17



# COSMIC Ionospheric NmF2 - 1 week

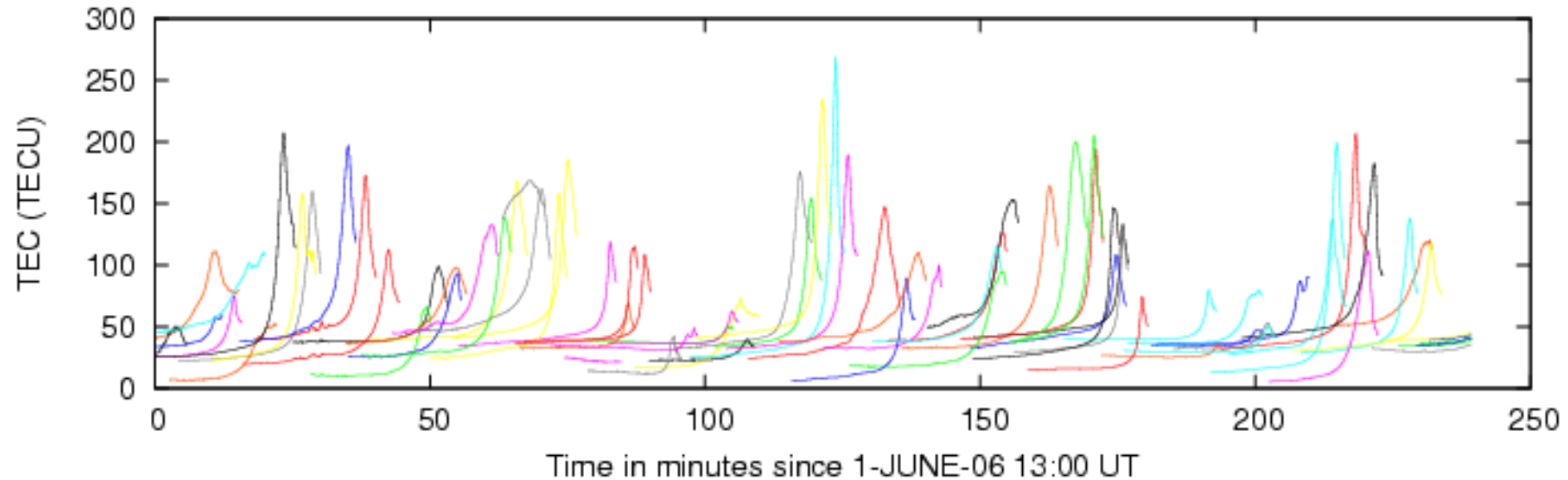


# Comparison of 2 Ionospheric Profiles



# Ionospheric Total Electron Content Data

TEC arcs from one dump on June 1st, FM3 Aft-POD antenna (2006.152.003.02.01)

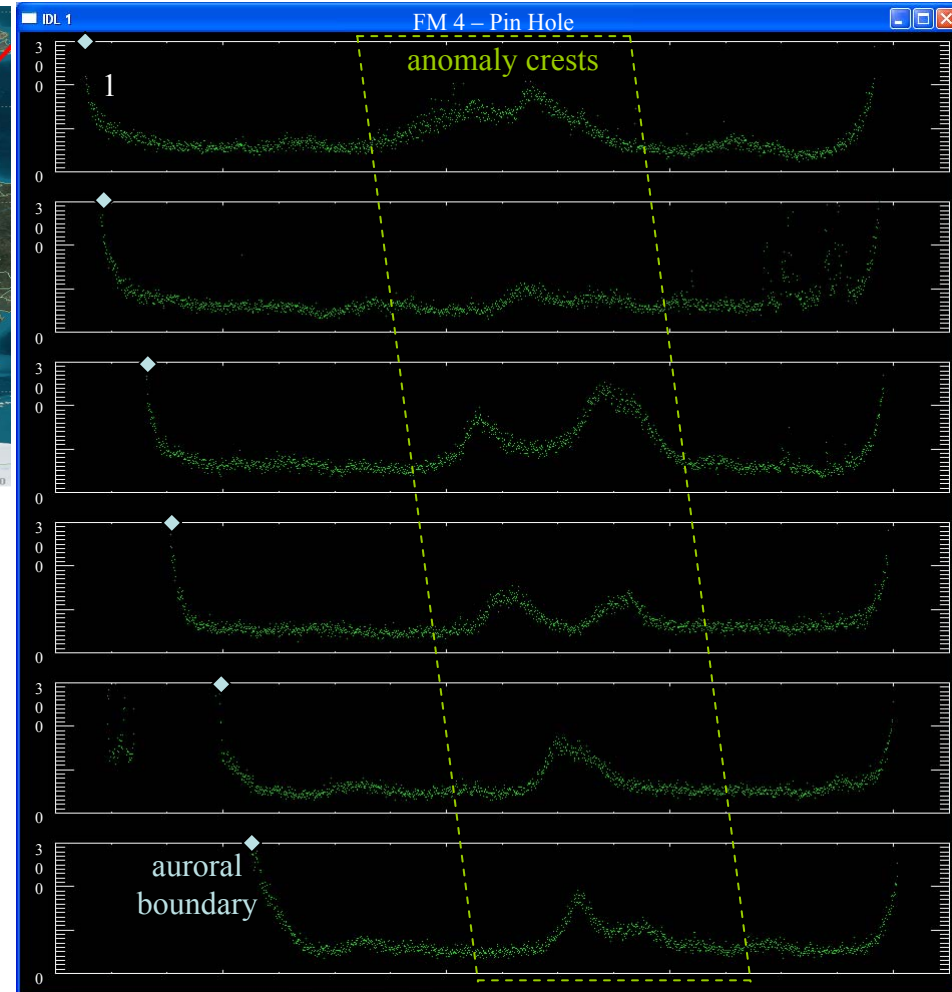
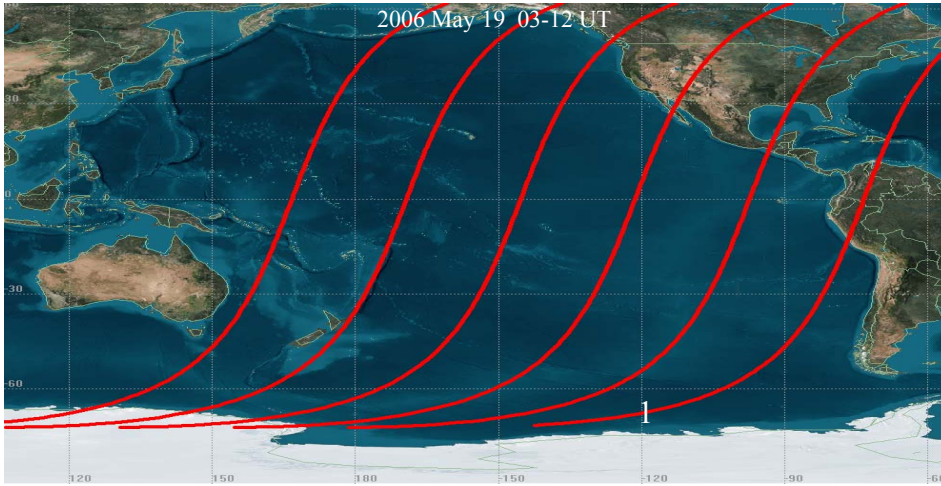
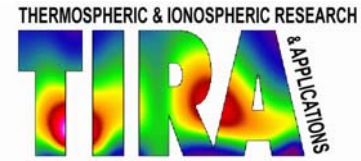


In addition to electron density profile information COSMIC also provides ~3000 daily LEO - to - GPS TEC arcs





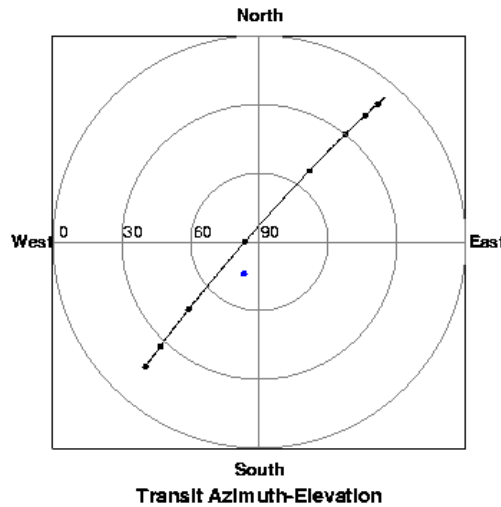
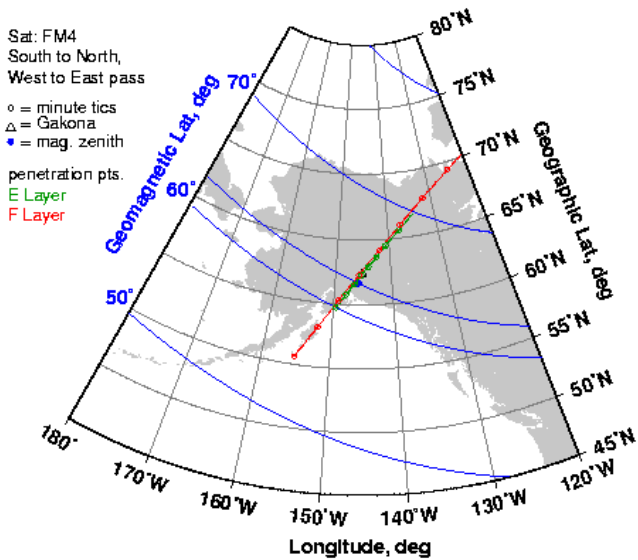
# Longitudinal variability of ionosphere



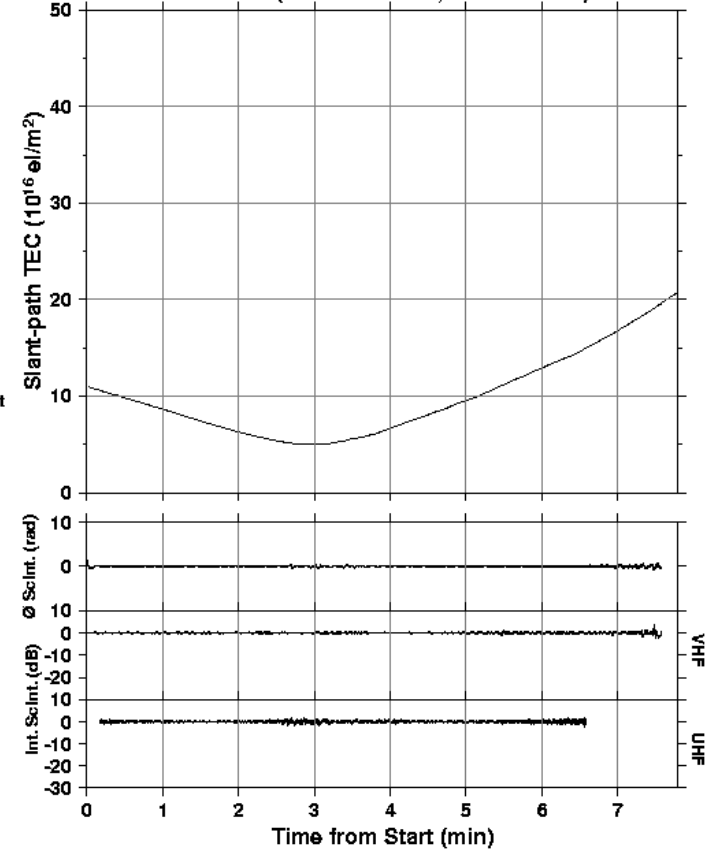
- Low latitude density crests and trough are a product of photoionization, recombination, and transport
- Electric fields interact with the Earth's magnetic field to transport plasma vertically at the equator, which diffuses downward along the magnetic field lines
- Meridional neutral winds also transport plasma along magnetic field lines
- TIP reveals the complexity of these ionospheric drivers as a function of longitude

Clayton Coker, NRL

# FM4



Start: 2006-08-10 16:41:22 UTC  
 2006-08-10 07:41:22 AST  
 Satellite: FM4 (South to North, West to East)



Paul Bernhardt, NRL

# Summary

- COSMIC was launched on-schedule and on-budget
- All 6 GPS receivers are working
- TIP and CERTO (TBB) instruments working
- CDAAC automated processing is working
- Obtaining good radio occultation profiles in ionosphere (~2500 /day) and neutral atmosphere (~1200 / day)
- Data freely available (registration required)
- About 220 users have signed up so far
- Transferred 519 Gb of data (1.7 million files) to 106 different users between Aug.1 - 28