



# International Committee on Global Navigation Satellite Systems: 2008 activities

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#### **Outline of the Presentation**

- I. Objectives
- II. Training and education for capacity building in developing countries
- III. Promoting the use of GNSS technologies as tools for scientific applications
- IV. Technical advisory services
- V. Voluntary contributions
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## I. Objectives

- Providing support for education and training on satellite positioning, navigation and timing for capacity-building in developing countries through the regional centres for space science and technology education, affiliated to the United Nations
- Organizing workshops and special sessions on the use of GNSS technologies as tools for scientific applications

Implemented as part of the ICG workplan in the framework of the Working Group C: Information Dissemination and Capacity Building lead by the Office for Outer Space Affairs

#### II. Training and Education for Capacity Building in Developing Countries

- to provide support to the regional centres for space science and technology education, affiliated to the United Nations, which would also act as the ICG Information Centres, and
- to work further towards fostering a more structured approach to information exchange on GNSS services and applications in order to fulfil the reciprocal expectations of a network of ICG and the regional centres, and hence to connect the institutions involved or interested in GNSS applications with GNSS system providers
  - International Training Course on Satellite Navigation and Location Based Services, CSSTEAP, 18 June – 18 July 2008, Ahmedabad, India
    - Initiating development of the GNSS Education Curriculum
    - ICG Information Centre

## III. Promoting the use of GNSS technologies as tools for scientific applications

- Use of GPS for space weather investigations utilizing ground-based world-wide instrument arrays
  - 12th International Symposium on Equatorial Aeronomy (ISEA-12): Session on GPS applications, 18 24
    May 2008, Crete, Greece
    - Aspects of the response of the mid- and low-latitude ionosphere to magnetic storms and their space weather effects, including in-situ and ground-based observations as well as modelling and theoretical studies, particularly using GPS
  - Use of GNSS equipment in Africa for various disciplines (geodesy, geophysics, space weather and meteorology) and in attempt to coordinate and to facilitate scientists and organizers of networks of instruments – with a focus on GPS-based instruments
    - AFREF Steering Committee Meeting and Africa Array Meeting: Session on coordinating GPS and "Geo" instrumentation in Africa, 17 20 June 2008, Johannesburg, South Africa
      - "Geo-science" instruments in Africa (GPS Africa): African Array, AFREF, IHY projects, atmospheric monitoring of water vapor, space weather investigations
      - Standards, communication of data policies to maximize the benefits of the networks

#### III. Promoting the use of GNSS technologies as tools for scientific applications (cont.)

- Increase of knowledge and expertise relating to GNSS world-wide: Exchange of views
  - ICG Expert Meeting on GNSS Systems and Services, 37th COSPAR Scientific Assembly, 13 20 July 2008, Montreal, Canada
    - Working group overviews
    - Overview of GNSS systems
    - Compatibility and Interoperability at the User Equipment Level
- Use and global influences of GNSS: Sustainable social and economic benefits for developing countries
  - ION GNSS 2008 Conference: 21st International Technical Meeting of the Satellite Division of the Institute of Navigation, Panel Discussion on Global Influences of Global Navigation Satellite Systems, 16 – 19 September 2008, Savannah, Georgia, USA
- Applications of GNSS
  - UN/Colombia/USA Workshop on the Applications of GNSS, 23 27 June 2008, Medellin
    - Sistema de Referencia Geocéntrico para las Américas (SIRGAS)
    - Aviation
    - Land based applications
    - Education and GNSS knowledge map
    - Tele-health and landscape epidemiology



## IV. Technical advisory services

- Munich Satellite Navigation Summit "Towards a GNSS System of Systems", 19 21 February 2008,
  Munich, Germany
- International Satellite Navigation Forum 2008, 7 8 April 2008, Moscow, Russian Federation
- International Symposium on GPS/GNSS 2008, 11- 14 November 2008, Tokyo, Japan
- International Symposium on GNSS, Space-based and Ground-based Augmentation Systems and Applications, 11-14 November 2008, Berlin, Germany
- ◆ GEO-V, 19 20 November 2008, Bucharest, Romania
  - a coordinated approach between ICG and GEO

#### **V. Voluntary Contributions**

- India: provided support for participants and lecturers in the Training Course in Ahmedabad
- European Community: provided sponsorship for experts to participate in the workshops/expert meetings, and to participate in GEO-V, Bucharest
- Russian Federation: provided sponsorship for experts to participate in the workshops/expert meetings, and to participate in the International Navigation Forum in Moscow
- United States of America: provided in support of capacity building and technical advisory services, arranged for experts to make technical presentations during the workshops/expert meetings, to support 28 participants from developing countries, and to participate in the international conferences

#### VI. UNOOSA and ICG: 2009 Activities and Future Cooperation

#### **UNOOSA: Programme on Space Applications**

- UN/Azerbaijan/ESA/USA Workshop on the Applications of GNSS, Baku, Azerbaijan, 11 15 May
- UN/ESA/USA GNSS Training Course, CRASTE-LF, Rabat, Morocco, 29 September to 24 October
- UN/USA GNSS Training Course, CRECTEALC, Mexico

#### **ICG:** Work plan

- Cooperation with Regional Reference Frames:
  - AFREF EUPOS and EUREF SIRGAS APRGP and PCGIAP (through APRSAF)

#### GNSS Technology: practical applications and scientific exploration perspective...

- Land Based Applications: Development of standards to address performance requirements for the use of positioning systems in land applications...
  - to be feasible with applications in poverty and food monitoring, and sustainable development
- Marine Applications: Including vessel tracking systems, marine archeology, off-shore construction...
  - to detect and predict changes in ecosystem conditions
- Space Weather Monitoring: Space weather impacts on GNSS and the use of GNSS for general ionospheric determination...
  - to improve GNSS accuracy for all users, making GNSS a tool of large-spectrum utility
- Defining GNSS interoperability and compatibility through the user's perspective

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