

NATIONAL WEATHER SERVICE, ALBANY, NY

2024 FIRE WEATHER

ANNUAL OPERATING PLAN

FOR

**EAST CENTRAL NEW YORK AND ADJACENT WESTERN
NEW ENGLAND**



PREPARED BY
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SECTION 1. NWS ALBANY, NY FIRE WEATHER PROGRAM OVERVIEW

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This document is based on the Fire Weather Directive (10-401) issued by the National Weather Service (NWS), with input from the Eastern Region Fire Weather Watch/Red Flag Program supplement. NWS Albany, NY issues the following fire weather products consisting of:

1. Fire Weather forecast grids
2. Fire Weather forecast discussion
3. Fire Weather Planning Forecast (FWF)
4. National Fire Danger Rating System Forecast (NFDRS) (FWM)
5. Spot Forecasts (upon request)
6. Fire Weather Watch (RFW)
7. Red Flag Warning (RFW)
8. Special Weather Statements (SPS)
9. Fire Warning (FRW)

The NWS Albany, NY Fire Weather Program provides forecast and warning services in support of fire management planning and control operations leading to the effective prevention, suppression, and management of forest and rangeland fires. The objective of the NWS Albany, NY Fire Weather Program is to provide a service which will meet the meteorological requirements of federal and state wildland management agencies in the protection and enhancement of the Nation's forests and rangelands. NWS Albany, NY provides these forecasts and services for east central New York, southern Vermont, western Massachusetts, and northwestern Connecticut (Figure 1).

Throughout the entire year, NWS Albany, NY fire weather support, including fire weather grids and Spot forecasts, are available 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. In addition to the creation of fire weather grids and a fire weather forecast discussion, the FWF and FWM will also be generated and sent twice daily around 4am/3pm EST/EDT.

CONTACT INFORMATION: To obtain fire weather services mentioned in this plan, local, state, or federal officials may contact NWS Albany, NY at 518-626-7572 or by email via ALB.Stormreport@noaa.gov or Michael.Main@noaa.gov.

Written requests should be addressed to:
ETEC - National Weather Service
1400 Washington Avenue
Albany, NY, 12222
Attn: Michael Main



Figure 1. NWS Albany, NY forecast area.

SECTION 2. FIRE WEATHER PRODUCTS

INTRODUCTION

The following fire weather products are issued by NWS Albany, NY during the fire weather season:

1. Fire Weather forecast grids
2. Fire Weather forecast discussion
3. Fire Weather Planning Forecast (FWF)
4. National Fire Danger Rating System Forecast (NFDRS) (FWM)
5. Spot Forecasts (upon request)
6. Fire Weather Watch (RFW)
7. Red Flag Warning (RFW)
8. Special Weather Statements (SPS)
9. Fire Warning (FRW)

1. FIRE WEATHER FORECAST GRIDS

Fire Weather forecast grids (Figure 2) are populated all year long, twice a day, around 4am/4pm. These forecast grids can be obtained by accessing the following link:

<http://graphical.weather.gov/sectors/alyFireDay.php>

Fire weather users can also access other aspects of the forecast by visiting the NWS Albany, NY webpage (Figure 3):

<http://www.weather.gov/aly>

From this page, forecasts can be generated by clicking a single point on the map or by typing in a zip code. Additionally, fire weather users can access the Area Forecast Discussion (AFD), a text product that describes the thinking behind forecasts, by clicking on the circled icon (Figure 4) located near the bottom of page 6.

NWS Albany, NY also has a webpage solely dedicated to fire weather:

<http://www.weather.gov/aly/fire>

Once at this link, users can access an abundance of fire weather information including the latest version of the Annual Operating Plan (AOP), graphical forecasts, text forecasts, fire weather guidance, experimental forecast tools, observations, and Spot forecasts.

2. FIRE WEATHER AREA FORECAST DISCUSSION (AFD)

The Area Forecast Discussion (AFD) is a text product that describes the thinking behind forecasts. During the fire weather season, a specific Fire Weather section is added to the AFD when fire weather concerns warrant, outlining forecast thinking behind specific fire weather meteorological issues. The Fire Weather portion of the AFD can be found near the bottom of the text product.

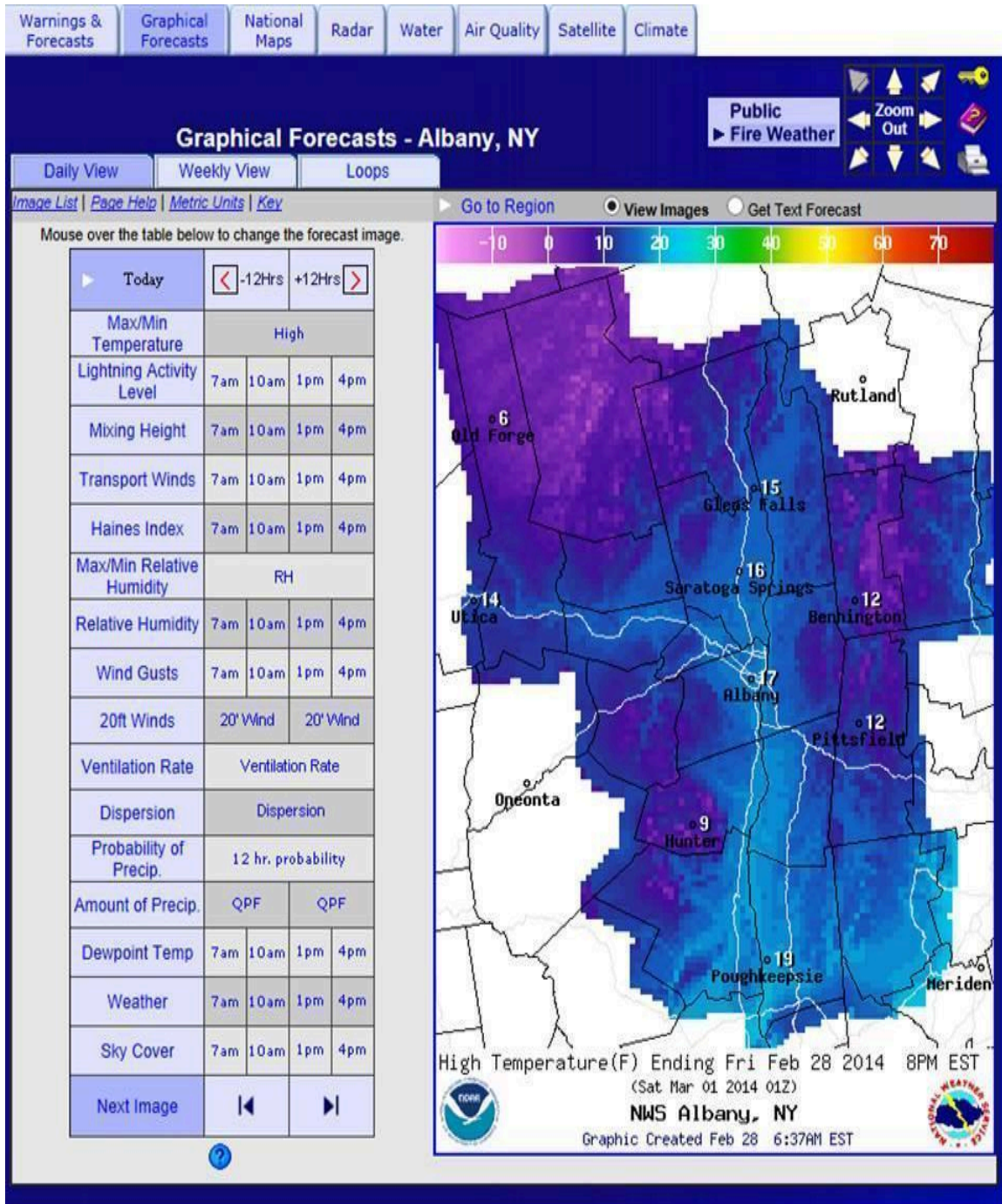


Figure 2. NWS Albany, NY fire weather forecast grids webpage.

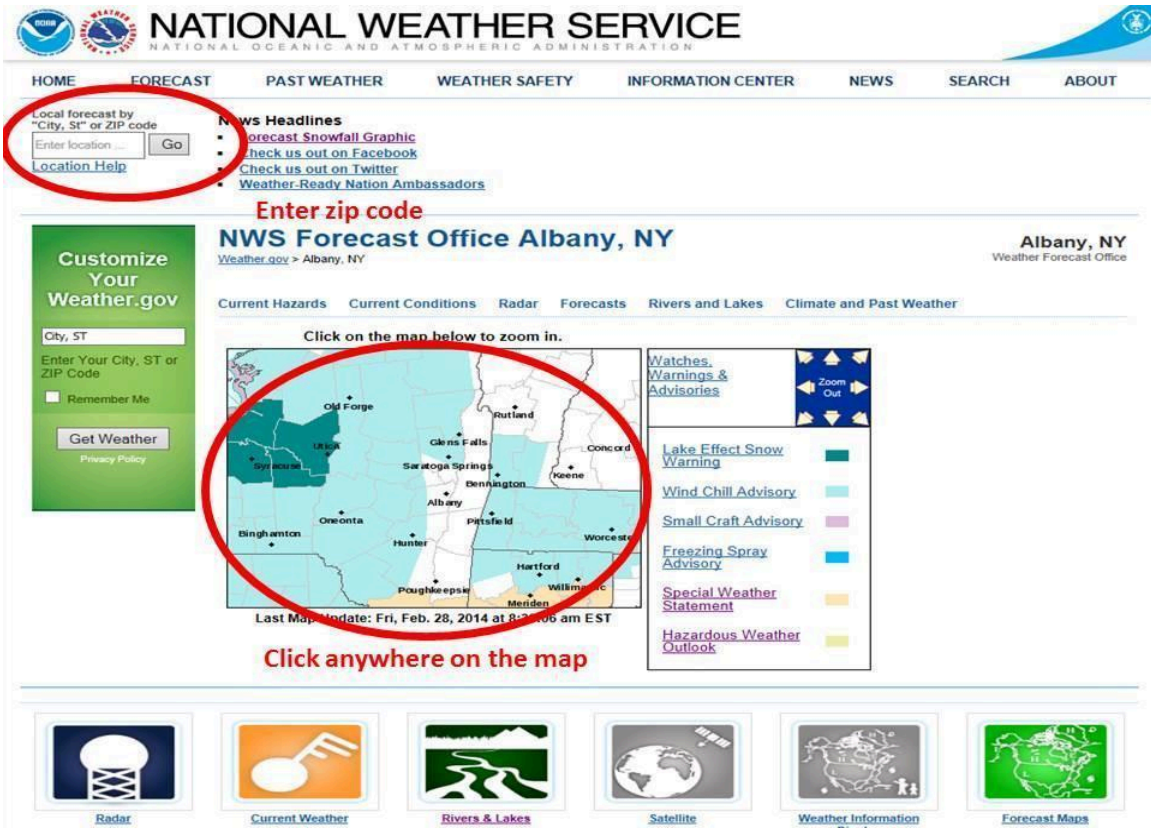


Figure 3. NWS Albany main webpage. Red circles indicate locations where forecasts can be obtained.

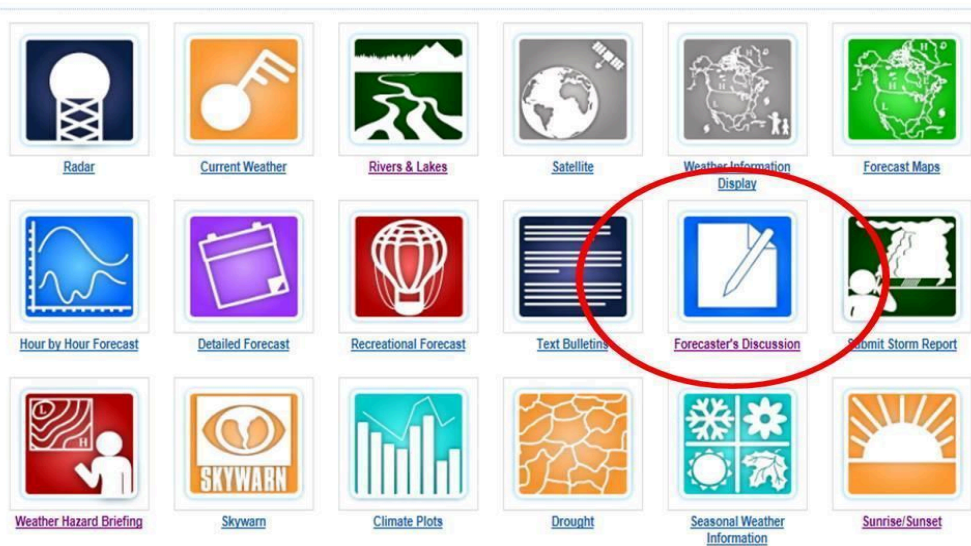


Figure 4. Area Forecast Discussion (AFD) icon, denoted by the red circle.

3. FIRE WEATHER PLANNING FORECAST (FWF)

The Fire Weather Planning Forecast (FWF) is issued at least twice daily during the fire weather season around 4am and 3pm EST/EDT. The FWF forecasts the average fire weather-focused meteorological conditions across the NWS Albany, NY fire weather zones.

The FWF is a general zone forecast and may not necessarily reflect the exact current conditions at any exact given location. When a more precise, localized forecast is required, the user is referred to Section 4 (Spot Forecasts).

Fire control and forest officials in each state are familiar with their own local weather influences. Therefore, the FWF may be used as a general overview forecast, and adapted for local conditions.

New York, Vermont, Massachusetts and Connecticut use the National Fire Danger Rating System (NFDRS) for calculating fire danger.

The basic information contained in the FWF provides fire control officials with sufficient data to calculate fire danger indices for all versions of the NFDRS mentioned above.

The NWS Albany, NY forecast area of fire weather responsibility includes east central New York, southern Vermont, western Massachusetts, and northwest Connecticut. The forecast area is divided into 11 zones (Figures 5 and 6). For the 2024 fire weather season, NWS Albany will continue to use the same NY fire weather zones that were implemented last year as part of NFDRSv4 requirements and in coordination with fire weather partners. A portion of NWS Binghamton's Leatherstocking zone (NYZ210) overlaps into NWS Albany's forecast area, while portions of NWS Albany's Southern Adirondacks, Middle Hudson Valley, and Catskills zones (NYZ206, NYZ208, and NYZ209) overlap into NWS Binghamton's forecast area. A portion of NYZ206 also overlaps into NWS Buffalo's forecast area. Example 1 outlines an example of the FWF product.

DEFINITION OF FWF TERMS

- Day period: Between the hours of 7 am and 7 pm LST.
- Night period: Between the hours of 7 pm and 7 am LST.
- Zone: Refer to Figures 5 and 6 for the NWS Albany, NY forecast area.
- AGL: Above Ground Level
- MSL: Mean Sea Level

BODY OF FORECAST

1. **Headline:** A headline is required when a Fire Weather Watch (RFW) or Red Flag Warning (RFW) is in effect and should include the watch/warning, what areas are affected, reason for issuance, and effective time period. The headlines are automatically generated by the Graphical Forecast Editor (GFE) software. Significant trends of locally defined critical weather elements will also be headlined for non-watch/warning periods.
2. **Discussion:** Per NWS Directive 10-401, the discussion is a brief, clear and

non-technical description of the weather systems impacting the NWS Albany, NY forecast area. Emphasis is placed on the first two days, but longer periods should be included if significant weather is expected and the forecaster has reasonable confidence that it will occur. The discussion will mention significant trends in temperature, RH and winds, as well as any unusual instability/stability parameters (i.e. high Haines index of 6) as these parameters are used significantly by the fire weather community.

3. Cloud Cover (%)
 - a. (CLR) Clear..... 0 TO 6 percent coverage.
 - b. (MCLEAR) Mostly clear...7 to 30 percent coverage.
 - c. (PCLDY) Partly cloudy...31 to 69 percent coverage.
 - d. (MCLDY) Mostly cloudy...70 to 94 percent coverage.
 - e. (CLDY) Cloudy...95 percent or more coverage.
4. Precip Type
 - a. Rain: continuous liquid precipitation.
 - b. Showers: an intermittent precipitation.
 - c. Drizzle: very light liquid precipitation, may not measure.
 - d. Sleet: solid precipitation of small ice pellets.
 - e. Snow: continuous solid crystallized precipitation.
 - f. Flurries: intermittent light snow, little no accumulation.
 - g. Hail: ice precipitation of varying size and intensity.
 - h. Thunderstorms (TSTMS): showers, with thunder/lightning and possibly, strong gusty winds and/or hail.
5. Chance Precip (%)...Probability of precipitation (.01 inch or more) during a 12-hour period.
6. Temp (24hr Trend)...Highest and lowest dry bulb temperature expected during the day or night time period as indicated (°F). The 24-hour trend is the difference between the previous forecasted high/low temp and the current forecast high/low temp.
7. Relative Humidity (RH) (24hr Trend)... The lowest daytime relative humidity (%), or the highest nighttime relative humidity for the period indicated. Note, relative humidity is a direct function of the dry bulb temperature and dewpoint temperature.
8. 20 FT Am Wind...Average 20-foot wind direction and speed (mph) during the morning. (7am – 12pm).
9. 20 FT Pm Wind...Average 20-foot wind direction and speed (mph) during the afternoon for the daytime period (12pm – 7pm), and at night for the nighttime period (7pm – 7am).
10. Precip Amount...Amount of liquid equivalent precipitation (rain or melted

frozen precipitation) during the 12-hour period, in inches.

11. Precip Duration...Expected duration of precipitation during any 12-hour period.
12. Precip Begin...Beginning time of precipitation during the period (or continuing from the previous period).
13. Precip End...Ending time of precipitation during the period (or continuing through the period).
14. Mixing Hgt (ft-AGL)...The mixing height is forecast during the day. It is the height to which the air near the surface is well mixed through turbulence. It is typically located at the base of a capping temperature inversion. The mixing height is quite variable in space and time, and in fair weather, typically rises from a few tens of meters at sunrise, to 1 to 4 km at the time of maximum temperature. Because of its typically low elevation under an early morning surface inversion, the mixing height is frequently assumed to fall to near zero overnight, and often not included in a FWF for the nighttime periods. To determine it, estimate the maximum temperature, and lift it dry adiabatically until it reaches the forecast sounding temperature. During the summer, if neither a low-level inversion nor warm advection is present, daytime heating will produce a mixed atmosphere of 4000 to 7000 feet in depth. The more unstable the atmosphere, the greater the mixing depth.
15. Transport Wind...The average direction and speed of the wind (mph) throughout the lower layer of air to the mixing height.
16. Ventilation Rate...An index which calculates the product of the mixing height times the transport wind speed. It is a measure of the horizontal transport of air within the mixed layer. When the mixing height is low and the transport winds are light, the Ventilation Rate will be poor. The ventilation rate is calculated for the daytime periods only.

100000 and up	(Excellent)
61000-100000	(Good)
41000-60000	(Average)
2100-40000	(Fair)
20000 or less	(Poor)

Example - Mixing height 4500 feet, Transport Wind speed 20 mph (4500 x 20=90000)

17. LAL...Lightning Activity Level category. Ranges from 1 to 6 and relates to areal coverage of thunderstorms corresponding to Lightning Activity Levels. LAL and areal coverage correspond as follows:

<u>LAL Level</u>	<u>Coverage (%)</u>	<u>Descriptor</u>
1	< 15	None
2	15-24	Isolated/Widely Scattered (Slight Chance)
3	25-54	Scattered (Chance)

4	55-74	Numerous (Likely)
5	> 74	Widespread (Categorical/Definite)
6 (Dry lightning)*		Widely Scattered or greater

*Dry lightning, which is lightning with little or no rain, is rare in the eastern United States.

18. Haines Index...The Haines Index (HI) is calculated during the daytime period, but not the night period. It is a measure of stability and moisture (not incorporating wind or fuel moisture) in the low-levels of the atmosphere. The HI ranges from 2 to 6, which is a sum of two components, a temperature difference (categorized from 1 to 3), and a moisture/dewpoint difference (also categorized from 1 to 3). There are different options available in the Haines Index, each customized for elevation. Elevations below 1000 feet MSL, use the low-level HI calculation. Elevations between 1000 and 3000 feet MSL use a mid-level Haines calculation. Elevations above 3000 feet MSL use a high level Haines calculation. The larger the Haines Index number, the better chance of seeing large (plume) fire development, mainly where winds are not a factor.

Haines Index

- 2-3 VERY LOW (Stable Atmosphere)
- 4 LOW (Neutral Atmosphere)
- 5 MODERATE (Unstable Atmosphere)
- 6 HIGH (Very Unstable Atmosphere)

19. ADI (Atmospheric Dispersion Index)...Derived from mixing height and stability class. Interpretation of the values is listed below:

Dispersion Index Values; Lavdas 1986

Dispersion Index	Interpretation
>100	Very good (but may indirectly indicate hazardous conditions)
61-100	Good (typical-case burning weather values are in this range)
41-60	Generally good (climatological afternoon values in most inland forested areas of the U.S. fall in this range)
21-40	Fair (stagnation may be indicated if accompanied by persistent low windspeeds)
13-20	Generally poor; stagnation if persistent (although better than average for a night value)
7-12	Poor; stagnant at day (but near or above average at night)
1-6	Very poor (very frequent at night; represents the majority of nights in many locations)

20. Low Visibility Occurrence Risk Index (LVORI)...Calculated from ADI and relative humidity. Higher numbers correspond to higher relative humidity and lower ADI and can indicate low visibility risk due to lack of smoke dispersal (1–10 scale).

Table 3. LOW VISIBILITY OCCURRENCE RISK INDEX as a function of relative humidity and Dispersion Index (Based on the proportion of accidents with fog and/or smoke, as reported by the Florida Highway Patrol, 1979–1991), after Lavdas and Hauck (1991)

	DISPERSION INDEX											
	1- 1	2- 2	3- 4	5- 6	7- 8	9- 10	11- 12	13- 15	17- 25	26- 30	31- 40	> 40
R.H.												
<55	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	1	1
55–59	3	3	3	3	3	2	2	2	2	2	1	1
60–64	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	2	2	2	1	1
65–69	4	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	1
70–74	4	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
75–79	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	3	3	3	3
80–82	6	5	5	4	4	4	4	4	3	3	3	3
83–85	6	5	5	5	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
86–88	6	6	6	5	5	5	5	4	4	4	4	4
89–91	7	7	6	6	5	5	5	5	4	4	4	4
92–94	8	7	6	6	6	6	5	5	5	4	4	4
95–97	9	8	8	7	6	6	6	5	5	4	4	4
>97	10	10	9	9	8	8	7	5	5	4	4	4

Key to 10 point scale of proportions of smoke and/or fog accidents:

- 1—Lowest proportion of accidents with smoke and/or fog reported (130 of 127,604 accidents, or just over 0.0010 accidents)
- 2—Physical or statistical reasons for not including in category 1, but proportion of accidents not significantly higher
- 3—Higher proportion of accidents than category 1, by about 30 to 50 per cent, marginal significance (between 1 and 5 per cent)
- 4—Significantly higher than category 1, by about a factor of 2
- 5—Significantly higher than category 1, by a factor of 3 to 10
- 6—Significantly higher than category 1, by a factor of 10 to 20
- 7—Significantly higher than category 1, by a factor of 20 to 40
- 8—Significantly higher than category 1, by a factor of 40 to 75
- 9—Significantly higher than category 1, by a factor of 75 to 125
- 10—Significantly higher than category 1, by about a factor of 150

Note: The overall number of accidents with fog and/or smoke reported is 3,235 out of a total of 433,649 accident reports analyzed. Of these, 504 included smoke, 2,972 included fog, and 341 included both.

More information on ADI and LVORI is available at

https://www.weather.gov/media/rnk/fire/ADI_Guide.pdf

21. Remarks...Any unusual or pertinent facts, not described in the body of the forecast. These may include wind shifts with frontal passages, temperature inversions, any potential severe weather, smoke management comments, etc.
22. Forecast Extended...A general forecast of weather and temperature trends beyond the first three forecast periods out to Day 7, located at the end of the 34-zone FWF.
23. Outlook 8 to 14 Day...Temperature and precipitation trends of near, above, or below normal for the time of the season. These forecasts are issued directly from the Climate Prediction Center (CPC).

Intermediate FWF Updates – Issued only when the weather scenario changes significantly from earlier thinking during the daytime hours. Potential examples of when an intermediate FWF update may be needed:

1. Red Flag criteria met, but not previously anticipated, or vice versa.
2. If observed wind speeds differ by 10 mph or greater and/or wind direction differs by 90 degrees from forecast with a prevailing wind 10 mph or greater.
3. RH falls below 30%, when forecast to be 40% or greater.
4. RH exceeds 40%, when forecast to be below 30%.
5. A wetting rain is likely, when not forecast or vice versa.
6. Convection changes two categories or more (i.e. slight to likely/likely to slight)

7. Any unexpected weather conditions that will significantly impact fire weather operations.

The link during the fire weather season for the NWS Albany, NY FWF can be found at:

<http://forecast.weather.gov/product.php?site=NWS&issuedby=ALY&product=FWF>

Figure 5. NWS Albany, NY fire weather forecast zones.

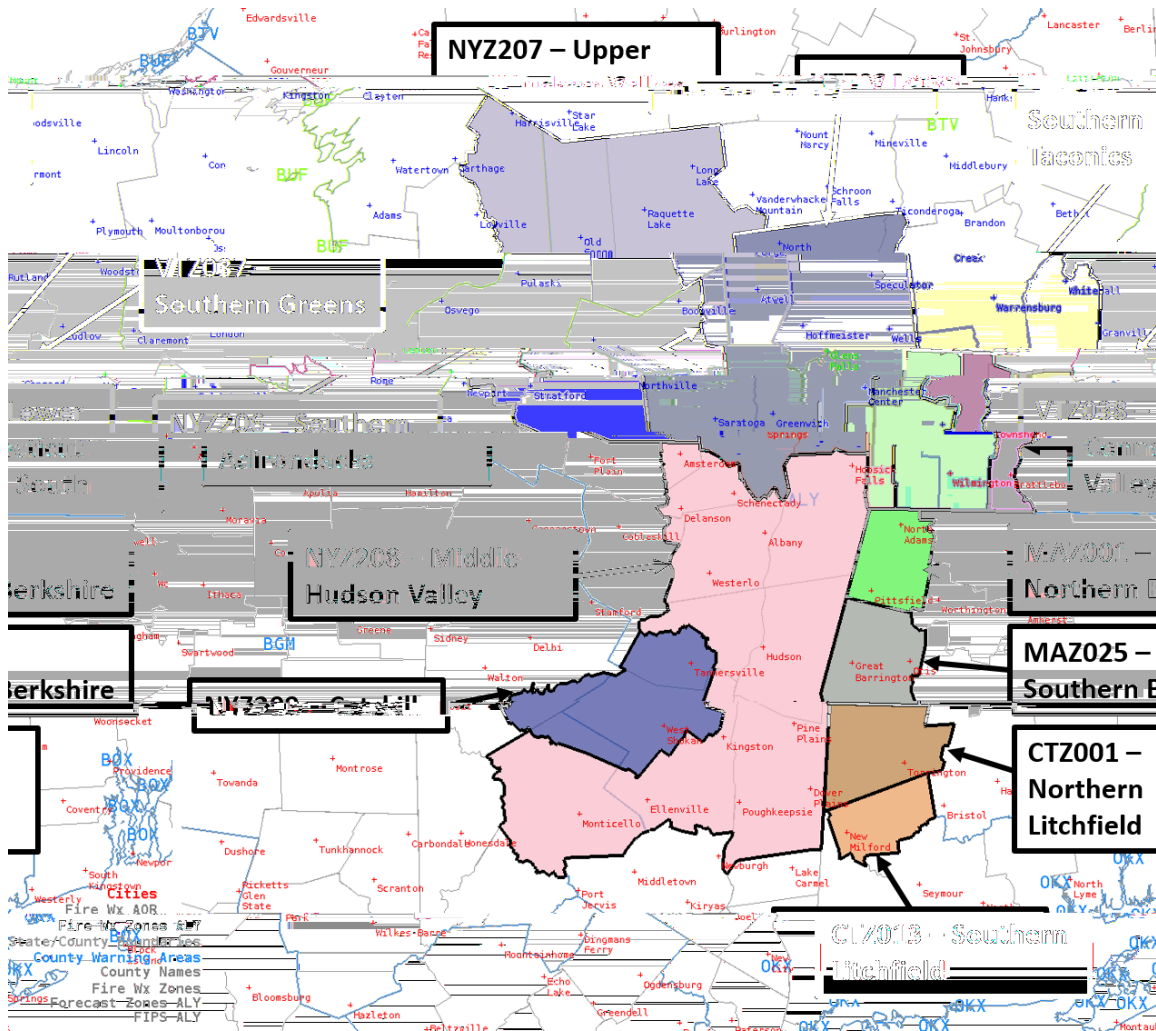
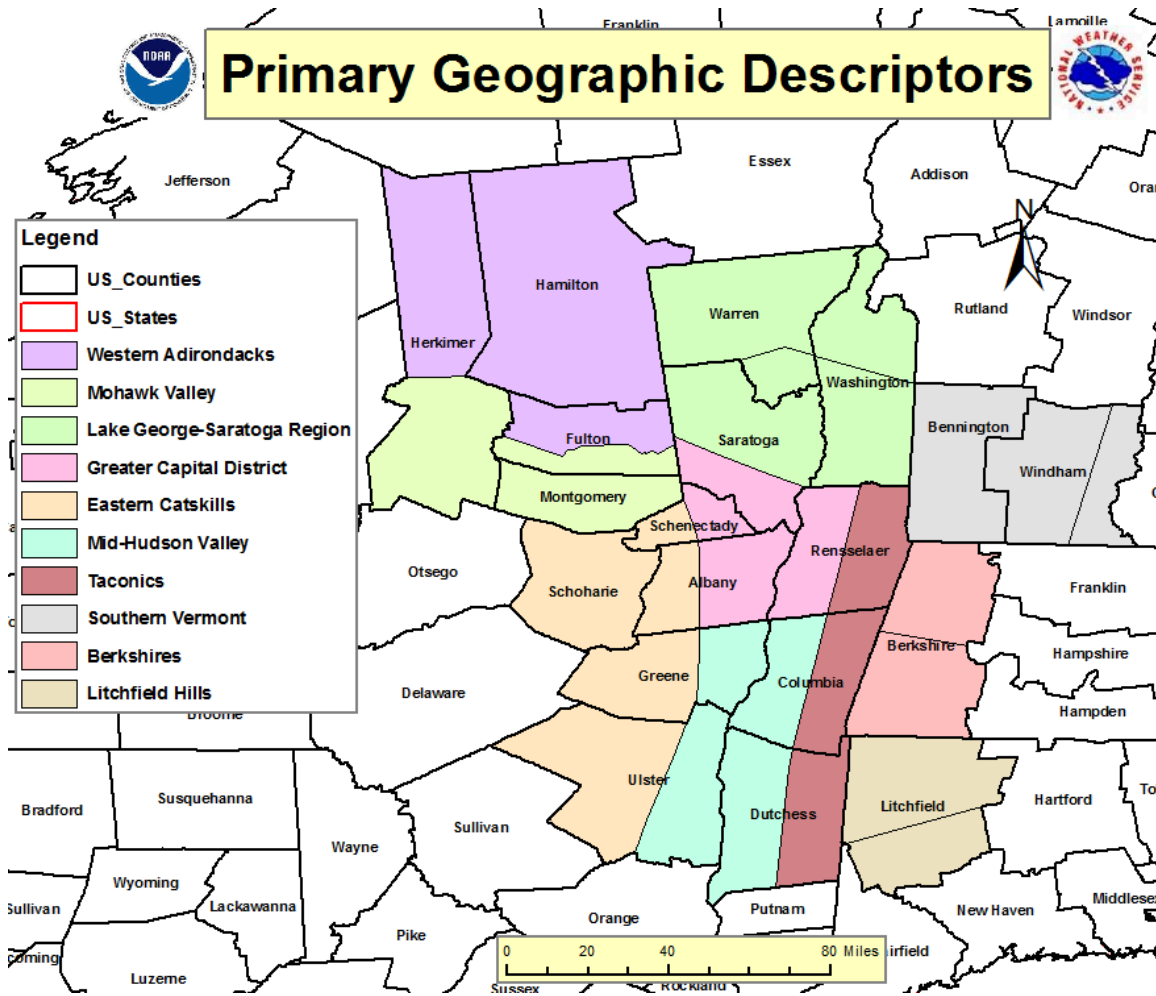


Figure 6. NWS Albany, NY primary geographic descriptors.



Example 1. FWF Sample Product

FIRE WEATHER PLANNING FORECAST FOR EASTERN NEW YORK...SOUTHERN VERMONT...WESTERN MASSACHUSETTS AND NORTHWEST CONNECTICUT
 NATIONAL WEATHER SERVICE ALBANY NY
 313 PM EDT Mon Mar 20 2023

.DISCUSSION...

Mostly sunny and milder conditions are expected for this afternoon. Tonight will start clear, however clouds will increase after midnight with a few snow showers possible across the southwest Adirondacks. Generally dry and mild conditions are expected through Wednesday, before clouds and showers return for late Wednesday into Thursday.

NYZ206-210900-

Southern Adirondacks-

Including the cities of Old Forge, Long Lake, Speculator, Piseco, Northville, Caroga Lake, and Johnstown
 313 PM EDT Mon Mar 20 2023

	Tonight	Tue	Tue Night	Wed
CLOUD COVER	Pcldy	Mcldy	Mcldy	Mcldy
PRECIP TYPE	None	Showers	Snow Showers	Showers
CHANCE PRECIP (%)	0	20	20	10
TEMP (24H TREND)	21 (+1)	42 (+3)	22	49
RH % (24H TREND)	89 (+2)	50 (+7)	100	45
20FTWND-AM(MPH)		SW 5 G19		Lgt/Var
20FTWND-PM(MPH)	W 6 G20	W 9 G19	Lgt/Var	SE 5
PRECIP AMOUNT	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.00
PRECIP DURATION		5	1	0
PRECIP BEGIN		6 AM	Continuing	2 PM
PRECIP END		Continuing	12 AM	Continuing
MIXING HGT(FT-AGL)		4520		3100
TRANSPORT WND (MPH)		W 21		S 12
VENT RATE (KT-FT)		81360		31000
LAL	1	1	1	1
HAINES INDEX	4	3	4	5
ADI early	16 Gen Poor	44 Gen Good	15 Gen Poor	16 Gen Poor
ADI late	7 Poor	52 Gen Good	3 Very Poor	32 Fair
Max LVORI early	3	4	6	7
Max LVORI late	4	1	9	2

Remarks...None.

There will be 10 additional zone forecast like this one, one per zone. After that, there will be an Extended Forecast. (Days 3-7) followed by the 8-10 Day Temperature/Precipitation Outlook.

.FORECAST FOR DAYS 3 THROUGH 7...

.THURSDAY...Mostly cloudy with rain showers likely. Lows in the upper 30s. Highs in the lower 50s. South winds around 5 mph.

.FRIDAY...Windy. Mostly cloudy with a chance of rain showers. Lows in the mid 30s. Highs in the mid 40s. Northwest winds 20 to 30 mph.

.SATURDAY...Mostly cloudy with rain likely or a chance of snow. Lows around 30. Highs in the upper 30s. East winds 15 to 20 mph.

.SUNDAY...Mostly cloudy with rain likely or a chance of snow showers. Lows in the lower 30s. Highs in the lower 40s. West winds 15 to 20 mph.

.MONDAY...Mostly cloudy with a chance of rain showers. Lows

around 30. Highs in the mid 40s. Southwest winds 15 to 20 mph.

.OUTLOOK 8 TO 14 DAYS...

Temperatures below normal. Precipitation above normal.

4. NATIONAL FIRE DANGER RATING SYSTEM (NFDRS) (FWM)

The National Fire Danger Rating System (NFDRS) forecast, hereafter referred to as the FWM, measures wildfire danger and is issued around 4 am and 3pm EST/EDT (Example 2). The NWS role in NFDRS involves forecasting weather input which, when combined with input from the fire weather community (fuel moisture, etc.), allows the NFDRS software to predict the next day's fire danger index. As of 2020, the FWM forecast period is extended to 7 days.

Per NWS Directive 10-401, a fire weather observation must be received for a NFDRS forecast to be generated. These forecasts are currently issued for 5 New York locations, with 1 location in southern Vermont. The current NWS Albany, NY NFDRS locations are as follows:

NEW YORK

#300011 Albany Pine Bush (Albany County)
Elevation: 325' MSL
Coordinates: 42° 43' 10.35" N 73° 51' 55.87" W
Owner: New York State DEC Forest Rangers
Contact: Tyler Briggs

#301111 Catskill Center (Ulster County)
Elevation: 670' MSL
Coordinates: 42° 01' 39" N 74° 16' 8" W
Owner: New York State DEC Forest Rangers
Contact: Captain Scott Jackson

#300411 Lake Pleasant (Hamilton County)
Elevation: 1790' MSL
Coordinates: 43° 28' 12.57" N 74° 24' 47.04" W
Owner: New York State DEC Forest Rangers
Contact: Captain Scott Jackson

#305103 Stony Kill (Dutchess County)
Elevation: 230' MSL
Coordinates: 41° 32' 29.70" N 73° 57' 06.52" W
Owner: New York State DEC Forest Rangers
Contact: Captain Scott Jackson

#301901 Saratoga Battlefield (Saratoga County)
Elevation 375" MSL
Coordinates: 43° 00' 09.7" N 73° 32' 05.50" W
Owner: New York State DEC Forest Rangers
Contact: Captain Scott Jackson

VERMONT

#431303 Woodford (Bennington County)

Elevation: 2317' MSL
Coordinates: 42° 53' 25" N 73° 02' 06" W
Owner: Vermont Department of Forests, Parks, and Recreation
Contact: Dan Dillner

FWM FORMAT

NFDRS forecasts are launched via the GFE FWM Forecast Formatter. The FWM format is as follows...

FCST,#####,YYMMDD,13,W,T,RH,Y,M,D,SP,,TX,TM,HX,HM,P1,P2,F

Where:

#####	NFDRS Station Identifier (see above)
YYMMDD	Year Month Day (forecast valid date which is the next day) 060321 (March 21, 2006)
13	Time (forecast valid time 1300 hours/100 PM the next day). Never changes.
W	Weather (Codes) 0- Clear 1- Scattered clouds 2- Broken clouds 3- Overcast 4- Fog 5- Drizzle 6- Rain 7- Snow/sleet 8 -Showers 9- Thunderstorms
T	Dry Bulb Temperature at 1300 LST tomorrow
RH	Relative Humidity at 1300 LST tomorrow
Y	Lightning Activity Level (period 1300 LST today to 0600 LST tonight (1 is for none, 2 is 1-8 strikes, 3 is 9-15 strikes, 4 is 15-25 strikes, 5 is more than 25 strikes, 6 is dry lightning)
M	Lightning Activity Level (period 0600 LST tonight to 1300 LST tomorrow (see above for values))
D	Wind direction (N, NE,E,SE, etc)
SP	Wind Speed (10-minute average in MPH)
,,	Between SS and TX commas are needed to hold the place for 10-hour fuel moisture values which the NWS does NOT forecast at this time. Space is held for the time being.
TX	Maximum Temperature from 1300 LST today to 1300 LST tomorrow
TM	Minimum Temperature from 1300 LST today to 1300 LST tomorrow
HX	Maximum Relative Humidity from 1300 LST today to 1300 LST tomorrow
HM	Minimum Relative Humidity from 1300 LST today to 1300 LST tomorrow
P1	Precipitation duration (1300-0600 LST Period) in whole hours
P2	Precipitation duration (0600-1300 LST period) in whole hours
F	Wet Flag "Y/N" (use Y for widespread, moderate to heavy rainfall)

Example 2. FWM Sample Product

FNUS81 KALY 202250
FWMALY

FCST, 300011,130327,13,2,44,52,1,1,WNW12,,,,45,28,83,43,0,0,N

Decoded: NFDRS Forecast for the Albany Pine Bush, issued on March 27, 2013, forecast through 1300 LST March 28, 2013. Forecast for a Broken sky at 1300 LST (3/28/2013), 44 degrees at 1300 LST (3/28/2013), relative humidity 52% at 1300 LST (3/28/2013), No lightning activity expected from time of issuance through 0600 LST, no lightning activity expected from 0600-1300 LST (3/27/12), forecast WNW wind, 12 mph, at 1300 LST (3/28/2013), (,,) 10-hour fuel NOT forecasted at this time, 45 is projected maximum temperature through 1300 LST (3/28/2013), 28 is the projected minimum temperature through 1300 LST (3/28/2013), 83% maximum humidity forecast through 1300 LST (3/28/2013), 43% minimum relative humidity forecast through 1300 LST (3/28/2013), no precipitation duration expected from time of issuance through 0600 LST (3/28/2013), no precipitation expected 0600 LST through 1300 LST (3/28/2013), and Wet Flag not forecast.

NFDRS (FWM Forecasts) can be found at the following link, under the “Local Products and Forecasts” tab.

<http://www.weather.gov/aly/fire>

From here, NFDRS forecasts can be obtained for the six NWS Albany, NY NFDRS sites, along with a link to a NFDRS Decoder.

5. SPOT FORECASTS

Spot forecasts are detailed, localized forecasts that are issued in support of wildfire suppression and natural resource management. More about Spot forecasts can be found in Section 4.

6. FIRE WEATHER WATCH (RFW)

A Fire Weather Watch (RFW) is issued 24–72 hours before a potential Red Flag event, when a combination of meteorological and fuel conditions are favorable for critical fire weather behavior. More about Fire Weather Watches can be found in Section 3.

7. RED FLAG WARNING (RFW)

A Red Flag Warning is issued within 24 hours of when critical meteorological fire weather conditions coincide with significantly dry fuels. More about RFWs can be found in Section 3.

8. SPECIAL WEATHER STATEMENTS (SPS)

Special Weather Statements (SPS) are issued when conditions support enhanced fire weather behavior, but at levels below Red Flag criteria. SPSs can also be issued to raise elevated fire awareness amongst the fire weather community and the general public. More about SPSs can be found in Section 3.

9. FIRE WARNING (FRW)

A Fire Warning may be issued by NWS Albany upon partner request, similar to a Civil Emergency Message. According to NWSI 10-518, a Fire Warning is “A warning of a spreading structural fire or wildfire that threatens a populated area. Evacuation of areas in the fire’s path may be recommended by authorized officials according to state law or local ordinance.” We anticipate such an issuance would be a very rare event. There were no FRWs issued anywhere in the US between 2016 and 2018.

Example 3. FRW Sample Product

408
WOUS44 KOUN 162218
FRWOUN
OKC153-170030-

BULLETIN - IMMEDIATE BROADCAST REQUESTED
FIRE WARNING
WOODWARD COUNTY EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT
RELAYED BY NATIONAL WEATHER SERVICE NORMAN OK
518 PM CDT MON MAR 16 2015

THE FOLLOWING MESSAGE IS TRANSMITTED AT THE REQUEST OF THE
WOODWARD COUNTY EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT.

PEOPLE LOCATED IN NORTHEAST WOODWARD COUNTY TO THE EAST OF STATE
HIGHWAY 50 AND NORTH OF E W 30 ROAD HAVE BEEN REQUESTED TO EVACUATE
TO THE WEST OR SOUTH AWAY FROM A WILDFIRE LOCATED NORTHEAST OF
WOODWARD AND SPREADING NORTH AND NORTHEAST. THIS EVACUATION
REQUEST INCLUDES ALABASTER CAVERNS STATE PARK.

PRECAUTIONARY/PREPAREDNESS ACTIONS...

DO NOT DRIVE INTO AREAS OF SMOKE.

***FORECAST BACKUP**

In the event that NWS Burlington, VT is unable to issue their fire weather forecasts, NWS Albany, NY is their primary backup. In the event that NWS Binghamton, NY is unable to issue their fire weather products, NWS Albany, NY is their secondary backup.

If NWS Albany, NY is down, NWS Burlington, VT is our primary backup and NWS Binghamton, NY is our secondary backup to issue our fire weather forecasts, watches and warnings.

SECTION 3. RED FLAG PROGRAM

From NWS Directive 10-401:

“Forecasters shall issue Fire Weather Watches/Red Flag Warnings when the combination of dry fuels and weather conditions support extreme fire danger and/or fire behavior. These conditions alert land management agencies to the potential for widespread new ignitions or control problems with existing fires, both of which could pose a threat to life and property.”

A Red Flag event is the combination of critical meteorological fire weather conditions coinciding with significantly dry fuels. This combination can lead to the occurrence of large and dangerous wildfires. Since the potential for Red Flag conditions does not exist without receptive fuel conditions, knowledge of existing fuel conditions is essential.

NWS ALBANY, NY RED FLAG CRITERIA

NWS Directive 10-401 and locally conducted fire weather research state that both fuel and weather parameters are important considerations. The following weather criteria are to be considered (must all be occurring simultaneously).

During Vegetation Stage I & II – Pre Green-Up (cured/transition fuels - Spring/Fall)

1. Wind....sustained or frequently gusting at or above 25 mph for two or more consecutive hours.
2. RH....less than 30% for two or more consecutive hours.
3. Rainfall....There is no criteria for rainfall. The previously used criteria of less than 1/4 inch during previous 5 or more days was rescinded in 2022 in coordination with NYSDEC
4. Temperatures....There is no temperature criteria.. The previously used threshold of temperatures greater than, or equal to, 50°F for two or more consecutive hours was rescinded 2022 in coordination with NYSDEC
5. Fuels....Partner confirmation of dry/receptive fuels.

During Vegetation Stage III – Green-Up (green fuels - Summer)

1. Winds....sustained or frequently gusting at or above 25 mph, for two or more consecutive hours.
2. RH....less than 30% for two or more consecutive hours.
3. Rainfall....less than 1/4 inch during previous 8 or more days.
4. Temperatures....No temperature criteria
5. Fuels....Keetch Byram Drought Index (KBDI) at or above 300.

Local fire weather users will notify NWS Albany, NY of the following:

1. Current fuel stage (I, II, III)
2. When the measured KBDI:
 - a. Approaches 300
 - b. Is over 300
 - c. Falls back below 300

Fire Weather state liaison contact points shall determine when a particular state is fully “Greened-up” and will coordinate with NWS Albany, NY accordingly.

FIRE WEATHER WATCH (RFW)

A Fire Weather Watch (RFW) may be issued anywhere from 24 to 72 hours in advance of the expected onset of Red Flag criteria. The Fire Weather Watch is issued under the AWIPS PIL...ALBRFWALY (Example 4). A Fire Weather Watch is issued when there is a high potential for the development of a Red Flag Event (per Directives 10-401). The Fire Weather Watch is issued by zone.

*NWS Albany, NY fire weather users MUST be contacted at least once for coordination of the issuance of a Fire Weather Watch. If contact cannot be made, a Fire Weather Watch will be issued if the forecaster has high confidence in the development of a Red Flag Event. A Fire Weather Watch DOES NOT require NAWAS activation.

*The FWF/HWO/Fire Weather AFD MUST be updated if a Fire Weather Watch is issued.

*A Fire Weather Watch will appear as a **DARK TAN** color on the NWS Albany, NY webpage: www.weather.gov/aly

Example 4. Fire Weather Watch (RFW) Sample Product

```
URGENT - FIRE WEATHER MESSAGE
NATIONAL WEATHER SERVICE ALBANY NY
401 PM EDT MON APR 18 2016

CTZ001-013-MAZ001-025-NYZ032-033-038>043-047>054-058>061-063>066-
082>084-VTZ013>015-191015-
/O.NEW.KALY.FW.A.0001.160419T1700Z-160419T2200Z/
NORTHERN LITCHFIELD-SOUTHERN LITCHFIELD-NORTHERN BERKSHIRE-
SOUTHERN BERKSHIRE-NORTHERN HERKIMER-HAMILTON-SOUTHERN HERKIMER-
SOUTHERN FULTON-MONTGOMERY-NORTHERN SARATOGA-NORTHERN WARREN-
NORTHERN WASHINGTON-SCHOHARIE-WESTERN SCHENECTADY-
EASTERN SCHENECTADY-SOUTHERN SARATOGA-WESTERN ALBANY-
EASTERN ALBANY-WESTERN RENSSELAER-EASTERN RENSSELAER-
WESTERN GREENE-EASTERN GREENE-WESTERN COLUMBIA-EASTERN COLUMBIA-
WESTERN ULSTER-EASTERN ULSTER-WESTERN DUTCHESS-EASTERN DUTCHESS-
NORTHERN FULTON-SOUTHEAST WARREN-SOUTHERN WASHINGTON-BENNINGTON-
WESTERN WINDHAM-EASTERN WINDHAM-
401 PM EDT MON APR 18 2016

...FIRE WEATHER WATCH IN EFFECT TUESDAY AFTERNOON FOR ALL OF
```

EASTERN NEW YORK AND ADJACENT WESTERN NEW ENGLAND...

THE NATIONAL WEATHER SERVICE IN ALBANY HAS ISSUED A FIRE WEATHER WATCH WHICH IS IN EFFECT TUESDAY AFTERNOON FOR ALL OF EASTERN NEW YORK AND ADJACENT WESTERN NEW ENGLAND.

* WINDS...NORTHWEST 10 TO 15 MPH WITH GUSTS UP TO 30 MPH.

* TIMING...100 PM TO 600 PM EDT.

* RELATIVE HUMIDITY...AS LOW AS 20 PERCENT.

* TEMPERATURES...50S HIGHER TERRAIN...60S IN THE VALLEYS.

* IMPACTS...THE COMBINATION OF DRY FUELS...LOW RELATIVE HUMIDITY AND GUSTY WINDS AROUND 25 MPH COULD MAKE FOR CRITICAL FIRE WEATHER CONDITIONS.

PRECAUTIONARY/PREPAREDNESS ACTIONS...

A FIRE WEATHER WATCH MEANS THAT CRITICAL FIRE WEATHER CONDITIONS COULD OCCUR. LISTEN FOR LATER FORECASTS AND POSSIBLE RED FLAG WARNINGS.

RED FLAG WARNING (RFW)

If Red Flag conditions appear imminent or are already occurring (out to 24 hours), along with a high confidence level, a Red Flag Warning (RFW) will be issued. The RFW is issued under the AWIPS PIL...ALBRFWALY (Example 5). A RFW must meet the specified Red Flag criteria outlined above. The RFW is issued by zone.

*New for 2024: State warning points no longer need to be contacted via NAWAS upon issuance of a Red Flag Warning.

*NWS Albany, NY fire weather users **MUST** be contacted at least once for coordination only if a Red Flag Warning is issued without a prior Fire Weather Watch issuance. Coordination is not

required if a Fire Weather Watch is already in effect.

*The FWF/HWO/Fire Weather AFD MUST be updated if a RFW is issued.

*A Red Flag Warning will appear as a **DEEP PINK** color on the NWS Albany, NY webpage:
www.weather.gov/aly

Example 5. Red Flag Warning (RFW) Sample Product

```
URGENT - FIRE WEATHER MESSAGE
NATIONAL WEATHER SERVICE ALBANY NY
347 AM EDT TUE APR 19 2016

CTZ001-013-MAZ001-025-NYZ032-033-038>043-047>054-058>061-063>066-
082>084-VTZ013>015-192200-
/O.UPG.KALY.FW.A.0001.160419T1700Z-160419T2200Z/
/O.NEW.KALY.FW.W.0001.160419T1600Z-160419T2200Z/
NORTHERN LITCHFIELD-SOUTHERN LITCHFIELD-NORTHERN BERKSHIRE-
SOUTHERN BERKSHIRE-NORTHERN HERKIMER-HAMILTON-SOUTHERN HERKIMER-
SOUTHERN FULTON-MONTGOMERY-NORTHERN SARATOGA-NORTHERN WARREN-
NORTHERN WASHINGTON-SCHOHARIE-WESTERN SCHENECTADY-
EASTERN SCHENECTADY-SOUTHERN SARATOGA-WESTERN ALBANY-
EASTERN ALBANY-WESTERN RENSSELAER-EASTERN RENSSELAER-
WESTERN GREENE-EASTERN GREENE-WESTERN COLUMBIA-EASTERN COLUMBIA-
WESTERN ULSTER-EASTERN ULSTER-WESTERN DUTCHESS-EASTERN DUTCHESS-
NORTHERN FULTON-SOUTHEAST WARREN-SOUTHERN WASHINGTON-BENNINGTON-
WESTERN WINDHAM-EASTERN WINDHAM-
347 AM EDT TUE APR 19 2016

...RED FLAG WARNING IN EFFECT FROM NOON TODAY TO 6 PM EDT THIS
EVENING FOR LOW RELATIVE HUMIDITY AND GUSTY WINDS FOR ALL OF
EASTERN NEW YORK AND WESTERN NEW ENGLAND...

THE NATIONAL WEATHER SERVICE IN ALBANY HAS ISSUED A RED FLAG
WARNING FOR LOW RELATIVE HUMIDITY AND GUSTY WINDS...WHICH IS IN
EFFECT FROM NOON TODAY TO 6 PM EDT THIS EVENING. THE FIRE WEATHER
```

WATCH IS NO LONGER IN EFFECT.

* AFFECTED AREA...ALL OF EASTERN NEW YORK AND WESTERN NEW ENGLAND.

* WINDS...NORTHWEST 10 TO 15 MPH WITH GUSTS UP TO 30 MPH.

* TIMING...THIS AFTERNOON THROUGH EARLY THIS EVENING.

* RELATIVE HUMIDITY...AS LOW AS 20 TO 30 PERCENT.

* TEMPERATURES...RANGING FROM THE MID 50S OVER THE HIGHER ELEVATIONS TO THE MID 60S IN VALLEY AREAS.

* IMPACTS...THE COMBINATION OF DRY FUELS...LOW RELATIVE HUMIDITY AND GUSTY WINDS WILL MAKE FOR CRITICAL FIRE WEATHER CONDITIONS.

PRECAUTIONARY/PREPAREDNESS ACTIONS...

A RED FLAG WARNING MEANS THAT CRITICAL FIRE WEATHER CONDITIONS ARE EITHER OCCURRING NOW...OR WILL SHORTLY. A COMBINATION OF STRONG WINDS...LOW RELATIVE HUMIDITY...AND WARM TEMPERATURES CAN CONTRIBUTE TO EXTREME FIRE BEHAVIOR.

“NEAR RED FLAG” CONDITIONS

Conditions that approach “Near Red Flag” will be highlighted with a headline in the Fire Weather portion of the Area Forecast Discussion (AFD).

Examples of these situations can include the following:

...Gusty winds over 25 mph today...

(The relative humidity is above the 30% criteria for a Red Flag or fuels are not yet dry and receptive).

...Gusty winds 15-25 mph...

(Other conditions are met for a Red Flag but the winds are not projected to be strong enough and the RH is forecast to be 30 percent or lower.)

...High Haines Index Today (6)...

(5 if RH values drop to 20 or less.)

...Scattered (or greater coverage) of thunderstorms...

...Significant wind shift expected...

...Lack of dew expected at night...

(Rare and only after Green-up)

... Any other meteorological element deemed significant in the forecaster's judgment...

SPECIAL WEATHER STATEMENTS

Special Weather Statements (SPS) are issued when conditions support enhanced fire weather behavior, but at levels below Red Flag criteria. SPSs can also be issued to raise elevated fire awareness amongst the fire weather community and the general public.

- NWS Albany, NY fire weather users can request the issuance of a SPS to raise “elevated fire awareness” for the fire weather community and/or the general public. This is only issued at the request of our main state contacts.
- For NY, the NYSDEC requested that we include the following during the burn ban: “The annual statewide burn ban is in effect until May 14. No burn permits are issued.” Do not include any wording about fire wardens, since NY does not have those.
- Use the following headline for SPSs “...Elevated Risk Of Fire Spread During (Day)...”
- For New England counties, we should use whatever language is requested by the particular state. We can follow the lead of BTV, BOX, and OKX.

Example 6. Special Weather Statement (SPS) Sample Product

TEST...Special Weather Statement...TEST
National Weather Service Albany NY
1129 AM EDT Thu Mar 24 2022

NYZ038>041-043-047>054-058>061-063>066-082>084-241730-
Southern Herkimer-Southern Fulton-Montgomery-Northern Saratoga-
Northern Washington-Schoharie-Western Schenectady-
Eastern Schenectady-Southern Saratoga-Western Albany-
Eastern Albany-Western Rensselaer-Eastern Rensselaer-
Western Greene-Eastern Greene-Western Columbia-Eastern Columbia-
Western Ulster-Eastern Ulster-Western Dutchess-Eastern Dutchess-
Northern Fulton-Southeast Warren-Southern Washington-
1129 AM EDT Thu Mar 24 2022

...ELEVATED RISK OF FIRE SPREAD TODAY...

The combination of relative humidity dropping to 20 to 25 percent and frequent wind gusts of 20 to 30 miles per hour will contribute to an elevated risk of fire spread today. The risk will be highest over the Capital District and Mid-Hudson Valley. The annual statewide burn ban is in effect until May 14. No burn permits are issued.

SECTION 4. FIRE WEATHER SPOT FORECASTS

SPOT FORECAST REQUEST

Spot forecasts are detailed forecasts of local conditions in support of wildfire suppression and natural resource management. They can also be requested/issued for hazardous material spills or in support of air quality measures. These forecasts differ based on the specific activity and its location. Fire weather Spot forecasts are requested by state and federal officials, with local officials requesting through state or federal officials, based on the need of the fire weather user and type of activity anticipated (e.g., prescribed burns).

When unscheduled fire weather Spot forecasts are needed, officials are requested to give NWS Albany, NY personnel as much advance notice as possible to ensure that staffing provisions, if needed, are in place for the requested service. Requests can be made via phone at 518-626-7572, or by filling out an online request form available at the following link:

www.weather.gov/spot

Fire weather Spot forecasts are to be issued under the following circumstances and conditions:

- Upon request of any federal official who represents that the spot forecast is required.
- Upon request of any state, tribal, or local official who represents that the spot forecast is required to carry out their wildland fire management responsibilities in coordination with any federal land management agency participating in the Interagency Agreement for Meteorological Services.
- Upon request of any public safety official who represents the spot forecast is essential to public safety, e.g., due to the proximity of population centers or critical infrastructure. A “public safety official” is an employee or contract agent of a government agency at any level (federal, state, local, tribal, etc.) charged with protecting the public from hazards including wildland fires of whatever origin and/or other hazards influenced by weather conditions such as hazardous material releases.
- In support of search and rescue operations.

The following information must be provided in a fire weather Spot forecast:

1. Location. (MUST be entered in coordinates, with negative values for longitude)
2. Type of terrain (including slope).
3. Elevation (above mean sea level).
4. Incident on ground, or elsewhere.
5. Size of incident.
6. Existing weather, in as much detail as possible.
Preferably including: temperature, dew point or relative humidity, wind speed and Direction, significant weather and, if possible, precipitation amounts.
7. Activity time periods for which forecast is requested (including date(s) and hours)
8. Information on limits (conditions) affecting the operation or activity.
9. Fuel type (slag, brush, etc).
10. Agency and person in charge of (responsible for) project (including phone number).
11. Name and telephone number for person to contact regarding changes, questions, etc.

Fire weather Spot forecasts are typically issued within an approximate twenty minute turnaround time after the initial request. If the request cannot be completed in that timeframe, the forecaster should contact the requester and explain why the forecast will be delayed.

The spot forecast will update on the webpage:

www.weather.gov/spot

and be available by the requestor to view. It will also be automatically emailed to the address input on the Spot Request form.

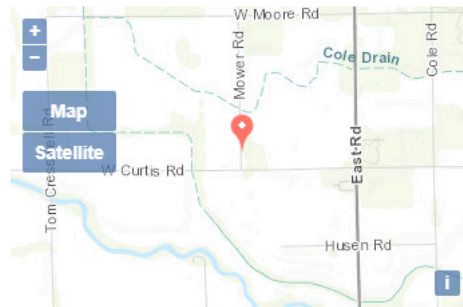
Example 7a. Spot Forecast Request - Graphical

Shiawassee NWR piles

Prescribed Fire

Forecast Start Time: 2019-03-08 9:00 AM EST
 Request Time: 2019-03-07 4:05 PM EST
 Deliver Time: 2019-03-08 7:00 AM EST
Forecast Complete At: 2019-03-08 5:38 AM EST

Requested By: usfws
 Contact:
 Phone:
 Fax:



Location Legal:
 Lat/Lon: 43.3231 / -83.9684
 Quad:
 Calculated: 43.3231 / -83.9684

Elevation: 596
 Drainage:
 Aspect:
 Size: 1
 Fuel Type: piled 10 hour fuels (unsheltered)

Observations										
Site	Date	Elev	Wind	Temp	WB	RH	Td	Sky	Wx	Rmks
No observations available										
Submit New Observation										

Requested Parameters	Remarks
X X X Sky/Weather	
X X X Temperature	
X X X Humidity	
X X X Wind (Eye Level)	
X X X Mixing Height	
X X X Transport Winds	
. . . Haines Index	
X X X Ventilation Rate	

Example 7b. Spot Forecast Request – Text (STQALY)

714

BMBB91 KALY 161303

STQALY

A SPOT FORECAST REQUEST HAS BEEN RECEIVED FOR INCIDENT TYPE
PRESCRIBED NAMED "APB GROUPER Rx Fire"

REQUEST TYPE: IMMEDIATE

DATE: 01/16/19

TIME: 0900

DELIVER DATE: 01/16/19

DELIVER TIME: 0803

SUBMIT DATE: 01/16/19

SUBMIT TIME: 0803

PROJECT NAME: APB GROUPER Rx Fire

PROJECT TYPE: PRESCRIBED

REQUEST REASON: PUBLIC SAFETY

REQUESTING AGENCY: APB

REQUESTING OFFICIAL: Tyler Briggs

EMERGENCY PHONE: 555-555-5555

EMAIL:

STATE: NY

DLAT: 42.7006

DLON: 73.8746

CLON: -73.8746

FAX:

EXPOSURE:

FUEL TYPE:

SHELTERING:
BOTTOM ELEVATION:
TOP ELEVATION: 310
SIZE (ACRES):
REQUESTING HYSPLIT: NO
FORMAT: N
INTERVAL: 1,1,1,1

WEATHER CONDITION AT INCIDENT OR NEARBY STATIONS

...REMARKS...

...WEATHER PARAMETERS REQUESTED...

VENTILATION RATE: 0,0,0,0
WIND (20 FT): 1,1,1,1
CHANCE OF WETTING RAIN: 1,1,1,1
DEWPOINT: 0,0,0,0
SMOKE DISPERSAL: 0,0,0,0
MAX/MIN TEMPERATURE: 1,1,1,1
WIND (EYE LEVEL): 1,1,1,1
HUMIDITY: 1,1,1,1
DISPERSION: 0,0,0,0
SKY/WEATHER: 1,1,1,1
PRECIPITATION AMOUNT: 1,1,1,1
SURFACE WIND: 1,1,1,1
TRANSPORT WINDS: 1,1,1,1
MIXING HEIGHT: 1,1,1,1
BEGIN/END OF PRECIPITATION: 1,1,1,1
HAINES INDEX: 1,1,1,1
CHANCE OF PRECIPITATION: 1,1,1,1
MAX/MIN HUMIDITY: 1,1,1,1

TEMPERATURE: 1,1,1,1

SITE: ALY

OFFILE: 1900329.0

TIMEZONE: EST5EDT

Example 8. Spot Forecast Text Sample Product (FWSALY)

Spot Forecast for APB IOTA Rx Fire...APB

National Weather Service Albany NY

737 AM EDT Thu Oct 18 2018

Forecast is based on ignition time of 0800 EDT on October 18.

If conditions become unrepresentative...contact the National Weather Service.

Please contact our office at alb.stormreport@noaa.gov, if you have questions or concerns with this forecast.

.DISCUSSION...

Very chilly today with gusts 25 to 35 mph and minimum relative humidity values in the 30s this afternoon. Milder and dry Friday with minimum relative humidity values mainly in the mid 40s to mid 50s.

.TODAY...

Sky/weather.....Sunny (10-20 percent).

CWR.....MISSING.

Chance of pcpn.....10 percent.

Wind (20 ft).....
Slope/valley.....West winds 7 to 10 mph shifting to the
southwest 5 to 7 mph after midnight.
Mixing height.....4500 ft AGL decreasing to 100-300 ft AGL.
Transport winds.....West around 29 mph.
Haines Index.....4 or low potential for large plume dominated
fire growth.
Pcpn amount.....0.00 inches.

.FRIDAY...

Sky/weather.....Sunny (15-25 percent).
CWR.....MISSING.
Chance of pcpn.....0 percent.
Begin/end of pcpn...
Max temperature.....Around 59.
Min humidity.....49 percent.
Min humidity.....49 percent.
Eye level winds.....Southwest winds 6 to 12 mph.
Surface winds.....Southwest winds 6 to 12 mph.
Wind (20 ft).....
Slope/valley.....Southwest winds 6 to 12 mph.
Mixing height.....100-1500 ft AGL increasing to 700-2500 ft AGL
in the afternoon.
Transport winds.....West around 23 mph.
Haines Index.....4 or low potential for large plume dominated
fire growth.
Pcpn amount.....0.00 inches.

\$\$

Forecaster...MSE

Requested by...Tyler Briggs

Type of request...PRESCRIBED

.TAG 1817038.0/ALY

.DELDT 10/18/18

.EMAIL

Example 9. Spot Forecast Request - Graphical

Experimental

The Spot Forecast Request is an experimental product/service that will be posted to this page for evaluation until the end of the year. During this period, we encourage your comments or suggestions for improvements using the electronic survey provided. Your feedback will help us determine product/service utility, if modifications are needed, and whether the product/service should become part of our operational suite.

Spot Forecast Request

NOTICE - This interface is intended to be used solely for the relay of forecast information to the National Weather Service. Submissions sent through this online form are intended for internal agency use. We are required (by e-Gov Act of 2002) to explicitly state that submission of any information is voluntary. For further information please read our [Privacy Policy](#) and [Disclaimer](#). False statements on this form may be subject to prosecution under the False Statement Accountability Act of 1996 (18 U.S.C. § 1001) or other statutes.

Incident and Decision Support Forecast Request

This site is the National Weather Service interface to requesting, filling, and monitoring spot forecasts issued by our Forecast Offices and National Centers.

[Click here to provide 'Spot Webpage Testing Feedback'](#)

<div style="background-color: #0056b3; color: white; padding: 5px; text-align: center; width: 60px; height: 40px; margin: 0 auto;">Submit Spot Request</div>	Interactive Request: Request a spot forecast using an interactive map, with or without a Lat/Lon of the incident.
<div style="background-color: #0056b3; color: white; padding: 5px; text-align: center; width: 60px; height: 40px; margin: 0 auto;">Monitor Spot Forecasts</div>	Monitor: Use this to monitor existing spot requests and forecasts.

Please take the online survey to let us know what you think of this interface.
Download the [Product Description Document \(PDD\)](#)

SECTION 5. COORDINATION PROCEDURES

NWS Albany, NY will only be in direct contact coordination with our NY contact, Captain Sott Jackson, or designated backup contacts. The VT contacts (Dan Dillner and Kelsey Zaengle), CT contact (Olney Knight), and MA contact (Dave Celino) will be coordinated through NWS Burlington, VT and NWS Norton, MA, respectively.

Coordination of products is still required with surrounding NWS offices (BUF, BGM, BTV, OKX, GYX, BOX), and is strongly preferred with SPC. **NWS ALY will coordinate with surrounding offices before attempting to coordinate with Captain Jackson to reduce the amount of calls to him.**

NWS Albany, NY will ideally have one person dedicated for all fire weather coordination procedures, fire weather grids, and product issuances/cancellations in collaboration with the near/short term forecaster.

Coordination for Red Flag products is only required once for the issuance of a Fire Weather Watch. If a Fire Weather Watch is already in effect, coordination with our fire weather users is not required for a Red Flag Warning, although coordination with surrounding NWS offices and SPC is still strongly urged regarding issuance times, end times, etc.

The only time fire weather headlines (Red Flag Warning, Fire Weather Watch, SPS) may be issued without first coordinating with fire weather partners is in cases where coordination was attempted and there was no response. The NWS retains ultimate responsibility for which products are or are not issued, but every effort should be made to first come to an agreement with our fire weather users. If there is a disagreement on which product to issue and conditions are near red flag thresholds, then the fire weather partners should be given the benefit of the doubt.

Any time a Red Flag product is issued, the Fire Weather section of the AFD will be updated to include the following headline: “A [Fire Weather Watch / Red Flag Warning / Special Weather Statement] has been issued at the request of the [New York State DEC Forest Rangers / Vermont Department of Forests, Parks, and Recreation / Massachusetts Department of Conservation and Recreation / Connecticut DEEP Division of Forestry] and is in effect from [start time] until [end time] for the following counties: [list counties].

An automated fire weather DSS briefing is available and should be sent for potential or ongoing Red Flag events for NY and/or VT zones only. This briefing presentation is available on the NWS Albany, NY Fire Weather intranet page and through the Google Slides DSS Builder. A one-page briefing should be sent if a Special Weather Statement is in effect for elevated risk of fire spread for NY and/or VT zones only. These briefings should be sent to the _NWS ER ALY FireweatherNY and/or _NWS ER ALY FireweatherVT email list. If extra staffing is needed (e.g. on-going brush fires with several Spot forecasts expected, weekends, unusually difficult Red Flag situation, forecaster’s discretion), it will be pursued using established call-back procedures.

Specific coordination procedures for each state can be found below:

State of NY – Captain Scott Jackson will serve as the NY state fire weather contact. The best method to contact Captain Jackson is via cell. It is best to call the day prior to the anticipated critical fire weather conditions. If he cannot be reached, call the backup contact (Lieutenant Timothy Carpenter). If he cannot be reached, call the NYSDEC 24-hour dispatch, and ask for the Forest Ranger Statewide Duty Officer. Depending on the location of the Duty Officer, he/she may not have knowledge of the fuels in the NWS Albany forecast area. In this case, the forecaster should use their best judgment. If no one can be reached after 1 hour, issue the relevant products based on the level of confidence that the meteorological conditions will occur.

Any cancellations of Red Flag products in effect across our NY zones must be coordinated with Captain Scott Jackson or the backup contacts, and surrounding NWS offices (BUF, BGM, BTV, BOX, OKX, GYX) and SPC.

State of VT – NWS Burlington, VT will serve the primary role in coordination with our VT fire weather contacts (Dan Dillner and Kelsey Zaengle). Coordination procedures regarding any Red Flag products should be done directly with NWS Burlington, VT via email, phone, NWS Collaboration, etc. This coordination will involve asking NWS Burlington, VT what the VT fire weather contact's input is as relayed to them. In a short-fused situation (12 hours or less), if NWS Burlington, VT does not respond to coordination after 1 hour, the relevant products should be issued based on the level of confidence that the meteorological conditions will occur.

The only time NWS Albany, NY will directly call the VT fire weather contact is if instructed to do so by NWS Burlington, VT.

Any cancellations of Red Flag products in effect across our VT zones must be coordinated with NWS Burlington, VT, as well as other surrounding NWS offices (BOX, GYX) and SPC.

State of MA – NWS Norton, MA will serve the primary role in coordination with our MA fire weather contact, Dave Celino. Coordination procedures regarding any Red Flag products should be done directly with NWS Norton, MA via email, phone, NWS Collaboration, etc.

Additionally, NWS Norton, MA will host conference calls if any part of MA has the potential for a Red Flag event. NWS Albany, NY will sit in on these calls and provide our input, but will not be required to conduct the calls. In a short-fused situation (12 hours or less), if NWS Norton, MA does not respond to coordination after 1 hour, the relevant products should be issued based on the level of confidence that the meteorological conditions will occur.

The only time NWS Albany, NY will directly call Dave Celino is if instructed to do so by NWS Norton, MA.

Any cancellations of Red Flag products in effect across our MA zones must be coordinated with NWS Norton, MA, as well as other surrounding NWS offices (BTV, GYX) and SPC.

State of CT – NWS Norton, MA will serve the primary roles in coordination with our CT fire weather contact, Olney Knight. Coordination procedures regarding any Red Flag products should be done directly with NWS Norton, MA and NWS Upton, NY via email, phone, NWS Collaboration, etc.

Additionally, NWS Norton, MA will host conference calls if any part of CT has the potential for a Red Flag event. NWS Albany, NY will sit in on these calls and provide our input, but will not be required to conduct the calls. In a short-fused situation (12 hours or less), if NWS Norton, MA does not respond to coordination after 1 hour, the relevant products should be issued based on the level of confidence that the meteorological conditions will occur.

The only time NWS Albany, NY will directly call Olney Knight is if instructed to do so by NWS Norton, MA.

Any cancellations of Red Flag products in effect across our CT zones must be coordinated with NWS Norton, MA and NWS Upton, NY, as well as SPC.

SECTION 6. ADDITIONAL NWS ALBANY, NY FIRE WEATHER SERVICES

SUPPLEMENTAL WEATHER BRIEFINGS

Supplementary weather briefings may be requested by certain officials, such as emergency managers, to provide more detailed weather information in support of fire weather issues and concerns. These briefings may be provided via phone, GoTo Meeting, and/or email.

If a fire weather-focused briefing is requested, the following information should be provided:

1. A general short term weather outlook for planning purposes.
2. A long-range weather outlook for planning purposes.
3. Detailed fire weather information, including meteorological parameters and fire behavior.
4. Expected impacts/issues/concerns pertaining to the fire weather community.

INCIDENT METEOROLOGIST (IMET) SERVICES

In the event a fire weather hazard (e.g., large, uncontained wildfire) involves significant support from the fire weather community, an Incident Meteorologist (IMET) may be requested to assist in on-site meteorological services. NWS Albany, NY will also assist in coordination efforts, providing critical weather forecasts and briefing information to those working in the field.

ON-SITE SERVICES/COORDINATION

Modularized, Air Transportable Mobile Units (ATMU) are stored and dispatched from a United States Department of Agriculture (USDA) forest fire cache on a seasonal basis. These units are available, upon request, for duty at an incident fire, critical prescribed burn project, or other fire weather sensitive incidents.

Further information concerning the ATMU, such as weight, size, forms needed, etc. can be obtained from the USDA forest service dispatch meteorologist in Boise, ID at (208) 334-9824.

The unit is to be operated only by a certified IMET working closely with the fire behavior analyst (FBA) or planning section chief (PSC) in setting up the unit at the incident site.

Agencies requesting an ATMU and/or IMET should provide the following information:

1. Name of the fire or incident.
2. Location of the fire or incident.
3. Directions to the place of the fire or incident.
4. Name of the incident commander, and of the FBA or PSC.

The requesting agency is responsible for:

1. Coordinating transportation of the ATMU and IMET to and from the incident.
2. If commercial air is used to transport the ATMU to the incident.
3. Storage of the ATMU while in transit.
4. Shelter and provisions for the IMET.
5. Shelter for the ATMU at the incident site.
6. Provision of daily telephone access for short periods.

Upon arrival at the incident site, the IMET will:

1. Brief the FBA, PSC and incident commander on current and expected weather as it

- affects the incident.
2. Establish a schedule with the incident commander and FBA for written forecasts and/or formal briefings.
 3. Request a briefing of the incident situation (fire) and potential problems, as time and resources permit.
 4. Request an aerial inspection trip, current fire line maps and a radio with fire line frequency, if possible.
 5. In cooperation with the FBA and PSC, arrange for a schedule of observations from key points around the fire. This information can be provided from belt weather kits.

The IMET will work closely with NWS Albany, NY staff to assist the requesting agency in fulfilling any fire weather services/operations/coordination that is required.

A NWS meteorologist is available, at times, to assist state and federal agencies with training needs. Written requests for assistance should be forwarded to the “Meteorologist-in-Charge” (MIC) at the NWS Albany office as soon as dates for such training are known.

Other special services include, but are not limited to:

1. Forest and fire weather research projects.
2. Weather advisor to the northeastern forest fire protection commission.
3. Participation in the northeast forest fire protection compact (including weather presentations and ATMU equipment displays and demonstrations).

PRESCRIBED/CONTROLLED BURNS

The NWS Albany, NY Fire Weather Program Leaders may be available to provide on-site support during prescribed and controlled burns. The requesting agency should request participation at least 48 hours in advance and provide appropriate clothing/boots/apparel to allow for sufficient time to accompany any scheduling changes. Requests should be forwarded to the Fire Weather Program Leaders, with a cc: to the WCM and MIC.

Michael Main (Michael.Main@noaa.gov),

cc: Stephen DiRienzo (Stephen.Dirienzo@noaa.gov)

cc: Christopher Gitro (Christopher.Gitro@noaa.gov)

SPECIAL REQUESTS

Special meteorological services are those services and/or training uniquely requested by the fire weather community, which require NWS personnel to be away from their duty station and/or, in emergency situations, to be on overtime.

Fire weather agencies must pay the costs for:

1. Overtime.
2. Travel and per diem (food, lodging, etc.).
3. Other miscellaneous costs pertaining to these special services.

Costs will be coordinated with the NWS Albany, NY administrative assistant.