Table B-1 – Calibration, Standardization and Check Procedures & Worksheets

Procedures	Worksheets	Equipment
1	1	Drying Oven Temperature
2	2	Mechanical Sieve Shaker
3	3	Sand Equivalent Apparatus
4	4	Wire cloth sieves
5	5	Sieves
6	6	Splitter (Riffle)
7	7	Timer
8	8	Straight Edge
9	9	Ignition Furnace Equipment
10	10	Maximum Theoretical Specific Gravity Bowl
11	11	Plungers, Followers, Supports, Shims and Rods
12	12	Vacuum System
13	13	Immersion / Compression Molds
13	13	Soil (R-Value) Molds
14	14	Idaho Degradation
14	14	Saybolt Viscometer Add to manual
15	15	Constant Temperature Bath, Water or Oil
16	16	4" Moisture Density (Proctor) Mold
16	16	6" Moisture Density (Proctor) Mold

17	17	5.5 lb Manual Rammer
17	17	10 lb Manual Rammer
18	18	Specific Gravity Mold & Tamper
19	19	Liquid Limit Device and Grooving Tool
20	20	Soil Pycnometer
21	21	L.A. Abrasion
21	21	L.A. Abrasion Charge (Steel Spheres)
22	22	Mechanical Soil Compactor
23	23	Slump Cone
24	24	Constant Temperature Bath for Concrete & Cement Specimens
25	25	Unit Weight Measure Bucket
26	26	Thermometer or Temperature Recorder
27	27	Air Meter, Pressure Type Concrete
28	28	Capping Compound
29	29	Cylinder Capping Mold
30	30	Bearing Blocks
AASHTO T 106	31	Cube Mold
AASHTO T 231	32	Concrete Capping Stand
ASTM C1231	33	Unbonded Cap Retaining Ring
ASTM C1231	34	Unbonded Cap
AASHTO T 344, ASTM D7115	35	Procedure for Verification of Angle Measurement Instrument (RAM) Calibration

ITD Laboratory Qualification Program

Laboratory Operations

Appendix B

Standardization Procedure: ITD-D2

Drying Oven Standardization

Inspection Equipment Required:

- 1. A standardized thermometer, per Procedure 26, graduated in 1.0° C increments having a range which includes the temperature range to be checked
- 2. A brass thermometer well to retain heat while the oven door is open. This is essential for a constant temperature reading.
- 3. A clothes pin to hold the thermometer in place to enable the operator to read the scale easily from outside of the oven.

Tolerance:

Drying ovens shall be capable of maintaining a constant temperature range listed in the appropriate test methods.

Procedure:

- 1. Place the thermometer inside the brass well with the clothes pin attached to the thermometer. Position the thermometer on the shelf where the samples are normally dried.
- 2. Take the first reading at least 1 hour after closing the oven (oven should remain undisturbed).
- 3. Take as many readings as necessary to determine if the temperature range is within the specified tolerance (three consecutive readings, taken no less than 1/2 hour apart, within the tolerance allowed are adequate.)
- 4. Adjust the temperature of the oven if an observed temperature reading is outside the tolerance specified (allow at least 1/2 hr. for the temperature to stabilize between each adjustment.) If temperature is adjusted, return to step 3.
- 5. Record the Serial No. of the thermometer being used.

Drying Oven Temperature Standardization Record

Standardization Procedure: ITD-2				Standardiz	ation Frequen	acy: 12 months	
Identification	n Number:			Date S	Standardized:		
M				M - 1 - 1	I NT		
Manufacture	r:			Model	l No:		
Serial No.:				Tempe	erature Workin	ng Range:	
Standardized	Thermometer	Number:		Standa	ardization Data	a:	
				□As	Found	☐As Adju	sted
			1				
Reading	Time1	Temp1	Time2	2	Temp2	Time3	Temp3
1							
2							
3							
					I		
Oven Tempe	rature Control	Setting:					
Accuracy Requirement: ± 5°C, 9°F			Withi	in Required Ra	ange? Ye	s No	
Temperature	Range for	r which ov	en is	Dispo	osition of Over	n:	
qualified:			☐ Acceptable ☐ Not Acceptable				
Remarks:							
Standardized	by:			Signa			
WAQTC NO.			_ Signature:				
PREVIOUS	STANDARDI	ZATION DA	ГЕ:	RE- S	TANDARDIZ	ZATION DUI	E DATE:

Check Procedure: ITD-D5

Mechanical Sieve Shaker Check

General Equipment:

- 1. Ensure shaker imparts a vertical, or lateral and vertical motion to the sieve, so as to cause particles to present different orientations to the sieving surface.
- 2. Lubricate shaker as specified by manufacturer.
- 3. Evaluate all mechanical and operational moving parts of the shaker for wear and proper operating tolerances specified by manufacturer's maintenance specifications.
- 4. Record the observation, deficiency and any comments.

Sieve Shaker Check

AASHTO T 27, Sections 6.3 & 8.4

Apparatus:

- 1. Typical sieve or screen stack used in the shaker
- 2. Balance readable to 0.1g
- 3. Timer

Sample Size

A dry aggregate sample with coarse and fine material will be used as follows:

- 1. For 12" round sieve shaker use minimum of 2000 grams (+50 grams) with the maximum sieve size the 3/8" sieve.
- 2. For 8" round sieve shaker use minimum of 1000 grams (+50 grams) with the maximum sieve size the ½" sieve.
- 3. For 14" or 16" coarse screen shaker use minimum of 4000 grams (+50 grams) with the maximum screen size the 1" screen

Procedure:

- 1. Determine total sample mass and record
- 2. Place sample in top of sieve stack and begin shaker.
- 3. Shake sieve stack for a set amount of time between 5 and 10 minutes.

- 4. Hand-sieve each individual sieve, that has been snugly fit with a pan and cover, by holding the sieve in a slightly inclined position in one hand. Strike the side of the sieve sharply and with an upward motion against the heel of the other hand at the rate of about 150 times per minute, turn the sieve about one-sixth of a revolution at intervals of about 25 strokes.
- 5. Determine the mass of the material in the pan after hand-sieving for 1.0 minute.
- 6. Divide the mass of the material in the pan (B) by the total sample mass (A).
- 7. The mass in the pan but be not more than 0.5 percent (0.005) of the total sample mass. If B/A is greater than 0.005 then the time shaken is not sufficient. Restart the procedure with step 3 and shake the sieve stack for 2.0 minutes longer than the previous trail time until the tolerance of 0.005 is obtained after 1.0 minute of hand-sieving. The tolerance must be obtained without the shake time exceeding 15.0 minutes.
- 8. Continue to hand-sieve, record each individual sieve and calculate whether the percent is within the 0.005 tolerance.
- 9. Determine and record the required shake time. <u>The required shake time is the minimum</u> amount of time to achieve the 0.005 tolerance.

Mechanical Sieve Shaker Efficiency Check

Check Procedure: ITD-D-5				Check Frequency: 12 months			
Date Checked:				Shaker Manufa	acturer:		
Model N	0.:			Identification N	No. :		
Standard	Balance Numbe	r:		Mass of Total	Sample:		
				I			
Sieve	Sieve Ident.	Mass retained		and Sieving	Hand Sieving	Acceptable	
Size	No.	by mechanical sieving	M	ass Passing	% Passing	(Y/N) ¹	
1"							
3/8"							
No. 8							
Note 1: No more than 0.5%, by mass, of the total sample shall pass any one sieve after one minute of continuous hand sieving.					ieve after one		
Minimun	Minimum mechanical shaking time required minutes						
Shaker was cleaned: Shal			iker was lubricat	ed:			
Remarks							
Checked By:			Signature:				
WAQTC	NO.			-			
PREVIO	US CHECK DA	TE:		RE- CHECK I	DUE DATE:		

Check Procedure: ITD-D3

Sand Equivalent Apparatus Check

Inspection Equipment Required:

- 1. A Timer readable to 1 sec.
- 2. A Ruler of at least 300 mm in length, reading in mm.
- 3. A balance capable of reading to 1 g.
- 4. A number 60 drill bit.
- 5. A caliper readable to 0.01mm.

Tolerance:

Shaker shall be capable of maintaining constant range listed in the appropriate test methods.

Procedure:

- 1. Check and record the timer setting at 45 Sec.
- 2. Measure and record the throw of the shaker arm.
- 3. Measure and record the number of cycles for 45 seconds.
- 4. Measure and record the capacity of the tinned box.
- 5. Verify the wide-mouth funnel to insure it is approximately 100 mm in diameter
- 6. Weigh and record the weight of the foot.
- 7. Measure and record the diameter of the foot.
- 8. Measure and record the height from the top of the working surface to the top of the shelf where solution sits.
- 9. Measure and record the length, diameter of the irrigator tube.
- 10. Measure and record that the openings in the end of the irrigator tube are within tolerance.
- 11. Record Checked By.
- 12. Record the date of inspection
- 13. Record any comments

Sand Equivalent Test Apparatus Check Record

Apparatus Requirements: ITD-D3	Check Frequency: 12 months			
Identification No.:	Date Checked:			
Calibration Balance Number:				
Siphon assembly of proper material and configuration:	Satisfactory Unsatisfactory			
Graduated cylinder:(1.5" dia., 0 to 15" marks +/- 0.3")	Satisfactory Unsatisfactory			
Weighted foot assembly meets proper dimensional requirements: 256.5 mm from bottom of foot to top of ring and 1" (25.4mm) diameter	Satisfactory Unsatisfactory			
Weighted foot assembly: g (ASTM-D2419 range: 995 to 1005g)	☐ Satisfactory ☐ Unsatisfactory			
	8 inch stroke			
Electronic SE Shaker Ident. No. :	Yes No			
Note: If only manual shaking then tester must	130 to 134 strokes per 45 seconds			
be qualified.	☐ Yes ☐ No			
Solution Temperature: 72° F ± 5°	Yes No			
Shelf Height: 36" ± 1"	Yes No			
Tin: Approx. 2.25" in Diameter and holds $85ml \pm 5 ml$	☐ Yes ☐ No			
Stainless Steel Irrigation Tube: 510mm long, 6.4mm (1/4") outside diameter	☐ Yes ☐ No			
Irrigation Holes: Two #60 drill bit size on each side at end	☐ Yes ☐ No			
Disposition of Sand Equivalent Test Apparatus:	☐ Acceptable ☐ Not Acceptable			
Remarks:				
Checked By:	Signature:			
WAQTC NO.				
PREVIOUS CHECK DATE:	RE- CHECK DUE DATE:			

Check Procedure: ITD-D11

Wire Cloth Sieve Check

AASHTO M 92 (ASTM E11)

Procedure for Sieves No. 6 and finer:

- 1. Record the sieve identification number.
- 2. Inspect the general condition of the sieve frame as specified in AASHTO M 92 (ASTM E11) 6.3 Test Sieve Frame
- 3. AASHTO M 92 ANNEX A1.1.1:
 - a. View the sieve cloth against a uniformly illuminated background. If obvious deviations, for example weaving defects, creases, wrinkles foreign matter in the cloth, are found, the wire cloth is unacceptable
- 4. AASHTO M 92 (ASTM E11) ANNEX, A1.1.2:
 - a. Carefully and methodically examine the appearance of all the openings, in order to detect oversize openings, sequences of large openings and local irregularities. If any opening is found tobe oversize by more than tolerance X in Column 5 of Table 1, the sieve is unacceptable.
- 5. Record Checked By.
- 6. Record Date checked.
- 7. Record any comments.

Wire Cloth Sieves Check Procedure

Check Procedure: ITD-D-11		Check Frequency: 12 months
Identification No.:	Date:	
Manufacturer:	Sieve size:	
General condition of sieve frame:		Acceptable Unacceptable
General condition of sieve cloth, Annex A1.1.1 Observation of deviations, such as weaving defects, creases, wrinkles		Acceptable Unacceptable
Sieve opening appearance, Annex A1.1.2 Observation of oversized openings must be less than Column 6 (Table 1, Column 1 + Column 5)		Acceptable Unacceptable
Remarks:		
Checked By:	Signature:	
WAQTC NO.		
PREVIOUS CHECK DATE:	RE-CHECK	X DUE DATE:

Check Procedure: ITD-D11

Sieve Check

Inspection Equipment Required:

1. A caliper readable to 0.01 mm (for use with Sieve No. 4 and coarser).

Tolerance:

Sieves shall meet the physical requirements specified in AASHTO M 92 (ASTM E11)

Procedure for Sieves No. 4 and coarser:

- 1. Record the sieve identification number
- 2. Inspect the general condition of the sieve frame as specified in AASHTO M 92 (ASTM E11) 6.3 Test Sieve Frame and Table 2.
- 3. Measure the openings in the sieve as per AASHTO M 92 (ASTM E11) ANNEX A1.1.2 and inspect for maximum oversize openings per tolerance X given in Table 1, Column 6.
- 4. Measure the openings in the sieve as per AASHTO M 92 (ASTM E11) ANNEX A1.1.3 and determine the maximum allowable tolerance of average opening size, Table 1 Column 1 ± Column 4
- 5. Determine and record if the sieve meets the tolerances of AASHTO M 92 (ASTM E 11) as shownon the worksheet at a, b and c.
- 6. Record Checked By.
- 7. Record Date checked.
- 8. Record any comments.

Check Procedure ITD I) 1	1	l
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Identification Number:	Check Date:	Nominal	sieve	opening,
		w = #4 (4.7)	75 mm)	

Opening #	Opening Size X Vertical	Opening #	Opening Size Y Horizontal
1		1	
2		2	
3		3	
4		4	
5		5	
6		6	
7		7	
8		8	
9		9	
10		10	
11		11	
12		12	
13		13	
14		14	
15		15	
Average		Average	
X		Y	

a = General Condition of Sieve Frame (Section 6	6.3 and Table 2) Met Not Met				
Max. Individual sieve Opening, b = 5.16 mm (table 1, column 6), Met Not Met					
Maximum allowable tolerance of average openings, Met Not Met					
c = 4.60 to 4.90 mm (Table 1,column 1 + or - c	olumn 4)				
From Table 1 in AASHTO M 92 (ASTM E11):					
Verify general condition of sieve frame a; maximum opening size does not exceed b; and the average of the sieve openings meets the requirements of c.					
Sieve Disposition: Acceptable	Unacceptable				
Remarks:					
Checked By:	Signature:				
WAQTC NO.					
PREVIOUS CHECK DATE:	RE-CHECK DUE DATE:				

Check Proc	edure	ITD	D	11

Identification Number:	Check Date:	Nominal	sieve	opening,
		w = 1/4 in. (6.3 mm)	

Opening #	Opening Size X Vertical	Opening #	Opening Size Y Horizontal
1		1	
2		2	
3		3	
4		4	
5		5	
6		6	
7		7	
8		8	
9		9	
10		10	
11		11	
12		12	
13		13	
14		14	
15		15	
Average		Average	
X		Y	

a = General Condition of Sieve Frame (Section 6	5.3 and Table 2) Met Not Met			
Max. Individual sieve Opening, $b = 6.81 \text{ mm}$ (table 1, column 6), Met \square Not Met \square				
Maximum allowable tolerance of average openings, Met Not Met				
c = 6.10 to 6.50 mm (Table 1,column 1 + or - c	olumn 4)			
From Table 1 in AASHTO M 92 (ASTM E11):				
Verify general condition of sieve frame a; maximum opening size does not exceed b; and the average of the sieve openings meets the requirements of c.				
Sieve Disposition: Acceptable	Unacceptable			
Remarks:				
Checked By:	Signature:			
WAQTC NO.				
PREVIOUS CHECK DATE:	RE-CHECK DUE DATE:			

Check	Proced	lure IT	D D11
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Identification Number:	Check Date:	Nominal	sieve	opening,
		w = 3/8 in. (9.5 mm)	

Opening #	Opening Size X Vertical	Opening #	Opening Size Y Horizontal
1		1	
2		2	
3		3	
4		4	
5		5	
6		6	
7		7	
8		8	
9		9	
10		10	
11		11	
12		12	
13		13	
14		14	
15		15	
Average		Average	
X		Y	

a = General Condition of Sieve Frame (Section 6	5.3 and Table 2) Met Not Met				
Max. Individual sieve Opening, b = 10.18 mm (table 1, column 6), Met Not Met					
Maximum allowable tolerance of average openir	Maximum allowable tolerance of average openings, Met Not Met				
c 9.21 to 9.80 mm (Table 1,column 1 + or - col	umn 4)				
From Table 1 in AASHTO M 92 (ASTM E11):					
Verify general condition of sieve frame a; maximum opening size does not exceed b; and the average of the sieve openings meets the requirements of c.					
Sieve Disposition: Acceptable	Unacceptable				
Remarks:					
Checked By:	Signature:				
WAQTC NO.					
PREVIOUS CHECK DATE:	RE-CHECK DUE DATE:				

Check Proce	edure	ITD	\mathbf{D}_{1}	l 1	
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Identification Number:	Check Date:	Nominal	sieve	opening,
		w = 1/2 in. (1)	12.5 mm)	

Opening #	Opening Size X Vertical	Opening #	Opening Size Y Horizontal
1		1	
2		2	
3		3	
4		4	
5		5	
6		6	
7		7	
8		8	
9		9	
10		10	
11		11	
12		12	
13		13	
14		14	
15		15	
Average		Average	
X		Y	

a = General Condition of Sieve Frame (Section 6.3 and Table 2) Met Not Met					
Max. Individual sieve Opening, b = 13.33 mm (table 1, column 6), Met Not Met					
Maximum allowable tolerance of average opening	ngs, Met 🗌 Not Met 🗌				
c = 12.12 to 12.89 mm (Table 1,column 1 + or	- column 4)				
From Table 1 in AASHTO M 92 (ASTM E11):					
Verify general condition of sieve frame a; maximum opening size does not exceed b; and the average of the sieve openings meets the requirements of c.					
Sieve Disposition: Acceptable	Unacceptable				
Remarks:					
Checked By:	Signature:				
WAQTC NO.					
PREVIOUS CHECK DATE:	RE-CHECK DUE DATE:				

Chec	k Proced	lure ITD	D11
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Identification Number:	Check Date:	Nominal	sieve	opening,
		w = 5/8 in. (16.0 mm)	

Opening #	Opening Size X Vertical	Opening #	Opening Size Y Horizontal
1		1	
2		2	
3		3	
4		4	
5		5	
6		6	
7		7	
8		8	
9		9	
10		10	
11		11	
12		12	
13		13	
14		14	
15		15	
Average		Average	
X		Y	

a = General Condition of Sieve Frame (Section 6	5.3 and Table 2) Met Not Met		
Max. Individual sieve Opening, b = 16.99 mm (t	able 1, column 6), Met Not Met		
Maximum allowable tolerance of average opening			
c = 15.51 to 16.49 mm (Table 1,column 1 + or	- column 4)		
From Table 1 in AASHTO M 92 (ASTM E11):			
Verify general condition of sieve frame a; maximum opening size does not exceed b; and the average of the sieve openings meets the requirements of c.			
Sieve Disposition: Acceptable	Unacceptable		
Remarks:			
Checked By:	Signature:		
WAQTC NO.			
PREVIOUS CHECK DATE:	RE-CHECK DUE DATE:		

Chec	k Proced	lure ITD	D11
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Identification Number:	Check Date:	Nominal	sieve	opening,
		w = 3/4 in. (19.0 mm)	

Opening #	Opening Size X Vertical	Opening #	Opening Size Y Horizontal
1		1	
2		2	
3		3	
4		4	
5		5	
6		6	
7		7	
8		8	
9		9	
10		10	
11		11	
12		12	
13		13	
14		14	
15		15	
Average		Average	
X		Y	

a = General Condition of Sieve Frame (Section 6.3 and Table 2) Met \(\subseteq \) Not Met \(\subseteq \)				
Max. Individual sieve Opening, b = 20.13 mm (table 1, column 6), Met Not Met				
Maximum allowable tolerance of average opening	gs, Met Not Met			
c = 18.25 to 19.75 mm (Table 1,column 1 + or -	column 4)			
From Table 1 in AASHTO M 92 (ASTM E11):				
Verify general condition of sieve frame a; maximum opening size does not exceed b; and the average of the sieve openings meets the requirements of c.				
Sieve Disposition: Acceptable	Unacceptable			
Remarks:				
Checked By:	Signature:			
WAQTC NO.				
PREVIOUS CHECK DATE:	RE-CHECK DUE DATE:			

Check Procedure ITD I) 1	1	l
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Identification Number:	Check Date:	Nominal	sieve	opening,
		w = 1" in. (2	5.0 mm)	

Opening #	Opening Size X Vertical	Opening #	Opening Size Y Horizontal
1		1	
2		2	
3		3	
4		4	
5		5	
6		6	
7		7	
8		8	
9		9	
10		10	
11		11	
12		12	
13		13	
14		14	
15		15	
Average		Average	
X		Y	

a = General Condition of Sieve Frame (Section 6	5.3 and Table 2) Met Not Met			
Max. Individual sieve Opening, b = 26.38 mm (table 1, column 6), Met Not Met				
Maximum allowable tolerance of average opening	ngs, Met 🗌 Not Met 🗌			
c = 24.24 to 25.76 mm (Table 1,column 1 + or	- column 4)			
From Table 1 in AASHTO M 2 (ASTM E11):				
Verify general condition of sieve frame a; maximum opening size does not exceed b; and the average of the sieve openings meets the requirements of c.				
Sieve Disposition: Acceptable	Unacceptable			
Remarks:				
Checked By:	Signature:			
WAQTC NO.				
PREVIOUS CHECK DATE:	RE-CHECK DUE DATE:			

Chec	k Proced	lure ITD	D11
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Identification Number:	Check Date:	Nominal	sieve	opening,
		w = 1-1/2 in	. (37.5 m	m)

Opening #	Opening Size X Vertical	Opening #	Opening Size Y Horizontal
1		1	
2		2	
3		3	
4		4	
5		5	
6		6	
7		7	
8		8	
9		9	
10		10	
11		11	
12		12	
13		13	
14		14	
15		15	
Average		Average	
X		Y	

a = General Condition of Sieve Frame (Section 6.3 and Table 2) Met \(\scale= \) Not Met \(\scale= \)			
Max. Individual sieve Opening, b = 39.35 mm (table 1, column 6), Met Not Met			
Maximum allowable tolerance of average openings.	, Met Not Met		
c = 36.37 to 38.63 mm (Table 1,column 1 + or - co	olumn 4)		
From Table 1 in AASHTO M 92 (ASTM E11):			
Verify general condition of sieve frame a; maximum opening size does not exceed b; and the average of the sieve openings meets the requirements of c.			
Sieve Disposition: Acceptable	Unacceptable		
Remarks:			
Checked By: Si	ignature:		
WAQTC NO.			
PREVIOUS CHECK DATE:	E-CHECK DUE DATE:		

Sieve Measurements

Chec	k Proced	lure ITD	D11
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Checked By:

WAQTC NO.

PREVIOUS CHECK DATE:

Identification Number:	Check Date:	Nominal	sieve	opening,
		w = 2" in.	(50.0 mm)	

Opening #	Opening Size X Vertical	Opening #	Opening Size Y Horizontal
1		1	
2		2	
3		3	
4		4	
5		5	
6		6	
7		7	
8		8	
9		9	
10		10	
11		11	
12		12	
13		13	
14		14	
15		15	
Average		Average	
X		Y	

a = General Condition of Sieve Frame (Section 6.3 and Table 2) Met Not Met Not Met					
Max. Individual sieve Opening, b = 52.29 mm (table 1, column 6), Met Not Met					
Maximum allowable tolerance of average openings, Met Not Met Not Met					
c = 48.51 to 51.49 mm (Table 1,column 1 + or - column 4)					
From Table 1 in AASHTO M 92 (ASTM E11):					
Verify general condition of sieve frame a; maximum opening size does not exceed b; and the average of the sieve openings meets the requirements of c.					
Sieve Disposition: Acceptable Unacceptable					
Remarks:					

Signature:

RE-CHECK DUE DATE:

1/17

Chec	k Proced	lure ITD	D11
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Identification Number:	Check Date:	Nominal	sieve	opening,
		w = 3" in. (7)	(5.0 mm)	

Opening #	Opening Size X Vertical	Opening #	Opening Size Y Horizontal
1		1	
2		2	
3		3	
4		4	
5		5	
6		6	
7		7	
8		8	
9		9	
10		10	
11		11	
12		12	
13		13	
14		14	
15		15	
Average		Average	
X		Y	

a = General Condition of Sieve Frame (Section 6.3 and Table 2) Met Not Met				
Max. Individual sieve Opening, $b = 78.09 \text{ mm}$ (table 1, column 6), Met \square Not Met \square				
Maximum allowable tolerance of average openir	ngs, Met 🗌 Not Met 🗌			
c = 72.78 to 77.22 mm (Table 1,column 1 + or	- column 4)			
From Table 1 in AASHTO M 92 (ASTM E11):				
Verify general condition of sieve frame a; maximum opening size does not exceed b; and the average of the sieve openings meets the requirements of c.				
Sieve Disposition: Acceptable	Unacceptable			
Remarks:				
Checked By:	Signature:			
WAQTC NO.				
PREVIOUS CHECK DATE:	RE-CHECK DUE DATE:			

Procedure: ITD-D7

Splitter Check

Inspection Equipment Required:

1. A steel rule readable in mm

Tolerance:

As outlined in AASHTO R 76

Procedure:

- 1. Select the serial number of the equipment to be checked.
- 2. Record the number of chutes
- 3. Measure and record the width of the chutes.
- 4. Is the dump pan equal to or slightly less than the width of the chutes assembly?
- 5. Record the date checked.
- 6. Record checked by.
- 7. Record any comment

			Sample Splitter Check (Riffle)
Check Procedure: ITD-D7 (Ref.: AASHTO R 76) Check Frequency: 12 months			
Identification No.	:	Calibration Da	te:
Manufacturer:		Model No.:	
Calibration Stand	ard Used:	Ruler Number:	
Opening #	Opening Size	Opening #	Opening Size
1		13	
2		14	
3		15	
4		16	
5		17	
6		18	
7		19	
8		20	
9		21	
10		22	
11		23	
12		24	
Is Dump Pan Equ Chute Assembly?	ual To or Slightly Less Than	Width of You	es No
Splitter Disposition:			otable
	-		
Remarks:		T	
Checked By:		Signature:	
WAQTC NO.			
PREVIOUS CHE	CK DATE:	RE- CHECK DUE DATE:	

Check Procedure: ITD-D9

Timers Check

Inspection Equipment Required:

Timer, readable to 1.0 sec., having a verified accuracy within the tolerance listed in the specified test procedure.

Tolerance:

Timers shall meet the accuracy requirements specified in the applicable test methods.

Procedure:

- 1. Choose the timer to be checked.
- 2. Enter the serial number of the timer used to check with.
- 3. Start both timers simultaneously.
- 4. Allow both timers to run at least for 15 min. then stop both timers simultaneously.
- 5. Record the time of the timer to be checked to the nearest 1.0 sec.
- 6. Record the time of the timer being used for checking the timer to the nearest 1.0 sec,
- 7. Record the percent of accuracy of the two timers.

$$\% Accuracy = \left[\frac{(A - B)}{B} \right] \times 100$$

Where:

A = Reading on lab timer (Sec.)

B = Reading on standard timer (Sec.)

Timer Check

Check Procedure: ITD-D9 Check Frequency: 12 months

Identification No.:	Check Date:
Manufacturer:	Model:
Serial No.:	Standardized Standard Timer Identification No:

Start both lab timer and standard timer at the same time, allow to run for at least 15 minutes, then stop both timers simultaneously.

Record time to nearest second on Lab Timer: = A (seconds)	
Record time to nearest second on Standard Timer: = B (seconds)	
$\% Accuracy = \left[\frac{(A-B)}{B}\right] \times 100$	
% Error =	

Remarks:	
Checked By:	Signature:
WAQTC NO.	
PREVIOUS CHECK DATE:	RE- CHECK DUE DATE:

Check Procedure: ITD-D43

STRAIGHT EDGE CHECK

AASHTO T 99 Section 3.6

Inspection Equipment Required

- 1. Tape measure readable to 1/16 "
- 2. Calipers readable to 0.0001"

Tolerance:

The straight edge shall be made of hardened steel at least 250 mm long (10"). It shall have one beveled edge planed to a tolerance of 0.250 mm per 250 mm (0.01" per 10"). The straight edge should not flex enough to cause the cutting edge to cut a concave surface on the sample.

Procedure:

- 1. Measure the straight edge with a tape measure.
- 2. Measure the beveled edge with calipers, along the entire length of the straight edge.
- 3. Check the straight edge for flex by placing it on an empty mold and apply pressure in the center of the straight edge.
- 4. Check planeness of the beveled edge within 0.005" with certified straight-edge.

Straightedge Check Record

Check Procedure: ITD-D-43	Check Frequency: 12 months

Straightedge Identification No.:	Date Checked:
Standard Used: Caliper Number:	
<u>DIMENSIONAL DATA:</u>	
Length: Greater than 10"?	☐ Yes ☐ No
Thickness: if greater than 1/8", is scraping beveled?	edge
Planeness of edge within 0.005"?	☐ Yes ☐ No
Certified Straightedge used to check planeness	Ident. No.
Is straight edge non-flexible?	☐ Yes ☐ No
Disposition of Straightedge:	Acceptable Not Acceptable
Remarks:	
Checked By:	Signature:
WAQTC NO.	
PREVIOUS CHECK DATE:	RE- CHECK DUE DATE:

Standardization Procedure: ITD-NCAT1

Ignition Furnace Equipment Standardization Procedure

<u>Standardization Frequency:</u> Lift Test – weekly when in use

Internal Balance – 30 days and following furnace transport

Equipment: Ignition Furnace

** NOTE: These procedures were developed around the Thermolyne (NCAT) ignition furnace.

Other manufactures furnaces may be slightly different.

Standard References: AASHTO T 308

Manufacturer's Operation and Maintenance Manual

Purpose:

- This method provides instruction on:
- checking the airflow rates through the tester and cleaning the filtration system when needed.
- how to lubricate the blower motor and other routine maintenance and checks.
- transportation in a mobile laboratory.
- field inspection and verification of internal balance verification.
- These procedures are in addition to the required annual calibration of the ignition furnaces by a commercial laboratory.

<u>Inspection Equipment Required:</u>

- 1. Vacuum Cleaner with brush
- 2. Protective Gloves
- 3. Synthetic lubricant such as Anderoll 465
- 4. Screwdriver
- 5. Calibrated weight set consisting of two 4,000 gram N.I.S.T. traceable Class 3 weights. A copy of the N.I.S.T. traceable weight certificates must be retained with the verification weights.

Tolerances:

Lift on the scale should be between -3.5 and -10 grams.

Internal balance verification should be within ±0.05% of applied weight.

THE FILTRATION SYSTEM MUST BE CLEANED.

BLOWER MOTOR BEARINGS NEED TO BE OILED YEARLY.

(Mixes containing latex, crumb rubber, or polymer modifiers generate more smoke and soot and burning large samples also produce more smoke/soot.)

Checking Airflow Rates:

- 1. Ignition Furnace must be COLD when checking.
- 2. Turn the Furnace on using the switch on the control panel.
- 3. Allow the scale to stabilize (about 20 seconds).
- 4. Press the START button on the keypad.
- 5. Watch the scale indicator display once the blower starts. The numbers should be in the range of -3.5 to -10 grams. If the reading is closer to -10, your furnace is getting the correct amount of air. If the reading is at -3.5 grams or lower, the filtration system needs to be cleaned.

Cleaning The Filtration System:

- 1. Turn off power to the Furnace.
- 2. Disconnect the exhaust hose from the Furnace and remove the outer metal cap.
- 3. Remove the four screws holding the blower and remove the blower assembly. (TIP: Chances are pretty good that there will be an accumulation of soot up there, so have the vacuum cleaner handy!) Vacuum out the vanes in the blower.
- 4. Remove the eight screws holding down the stainless steel plenum chamber and lift chamber off the top of the Furnace. Vacuum everything in sight!
- 5. Remove the three baffle plates (2 screws each), and vacuum them. Also remove the five ceramic tubes and clean them with a brush/vacuum cleaner. Replace when clean.
- 6. Reassemble upper filtration system and run scale lift diagnosis as above.
- 7. The exhaust stack also should be cleaned at this time.

(The entire filter cleaning operation should appropriately thirty minutes.)

<u>Lubricating The Blower Motor:</u>

There are two rubber plugs on the motor with small holes in the center of each plug. Remove the plugs and insert about 10-20 drops of synthetic lubricant such as ANDEROLL 465 in each bearing. DO NOT OVER-OIL AND DO NOT USE PETROLEUM BASED PRODUCTS.

Other Items:

- 1. Check that the following furnace components are operating in accordance with the manufacturer's written directions.
- 2. Pay particular attention to the operation of the door locking system and that the lock device and limit switch is properly adjusted.
- 3. Door seal: check for condition of seal and air tightness.
- 4. Filter gaskets: check for condition and proper fit.
- 5. Heating elements.

Weekly Lifts Checks:

A copy of the Ignition Furnace Equipment Verification Record shall be available for each furnace showing the weekly lift checks. The lift is to be checked by the operator every fifth day of operation preferably on a Monday morning prior to starting the furnace. Period when the unit is not in operation should be noted on the record.

Transporting Ignition Furnaces Fixed In A Mobile Laboratory:

Before a mobile laboratory containing an ignition furnace is moved the furnace must be secured. The furnace must be firmly attached to the counter top or placed on the floor of the mobile laboratory. The internal balance must be secured for transportation. See the manufactures instructions. For the NCAT furnaces with a Setra or Ohaus balance at a minimum the carbide hearth tray and the support tubes will be removed and safely stored before the furnace and /or the mobile laboratory is moved.

Balance Inspection:

If a mobile laboratory or a fixed site is being used for housing an ignition furnace and the furnace has been transported to that site the balance must be inspected. The support tubes and carbide hearth tray must be placed back into the furnace.

Open the furnace door. Insert the four support tubes through the tube ports located in the bottom of the furnace chamber. The tubes should seat on the appropriate pins on the balance plate. The support tubes should not be in contact with the sides of the tube ports. If any of the support tubes will not seat on the appropriate pins or are rubbing on the side of the tube port the balance has moved during transport and must be adjusted. See manufactures instructions.

Once the support tubes are in place, place the carbide hearth tray on the tubes. Center the hearth tray on the four tubes, equal distance from side to side.

Internal Balance Verification of calibration:

Verification of the internal balance calibration is required every 30 days when the furnace is in use and after any transport or movement of the ignition furnace. This is in addition to the required annual balance calibration by a commercial calibration company.

A copy of the Ignition Furnace Equipment Verification Record shall be available for each furnace showing internal balance verifications.

Identify the type of internal balance in the ignition furnace (typically Setra or Ohaus).

- 1. The furnace must be COLD before verifying its internal scale; however the balance must be on for at least 20 minutes prior to verification. This can be done by leaving the chamber door open with the furnace on.
- 2. Insert a paper or cloth for the weights to set on, re-zero the balance.
- 3. Place the 4000 gram weight as close to the center of the silicon carbide hearth tray as possible.
- 4. Record the reading and verify the reading is within $\pm 0.05\%$ (2.0 grams).
- 5. Place the other 4000 gram weight on the scale with both weights as close to the center of the silicon carbide hearth tray as possible.
- 6. Record the reading and verify the reading is within \pm 0.05% (4.0 grams).

If both readings are within the limits, the internal balance is within specifications. If either reading is not within the limits, then the internal balance cannot be used until it is serviced by a certified commercial company.

External Balance Verification of calibration:

Verification of the external balance is required at the same time with the internal balance verification.

- 1. Place a paper or cloth for the weights to set on, re-zero the balance. Place the 4000 gram weight as close to the center of the silicon carbide hearth tray as possible.
- 2. Record the reading and verify the reading is within \pm 0.05% (2.0 grams).
- 3. Place the other 4,000 gram weight on the scale with both weights as close to the center of the silicon carbide hearth tray as possible.
- 4. Record the reading and verify the reading is within $\pm 0.05\%$ (4.0 grams).

If both readings are within the limits, the external balance is within specifications. If either reading is not within the limits, then an external balance that meets the requirements must be provided.

Ignition Furnace Equipment Standardization Record

Standardization Procedure: ITD-NCAT1 Standardization Frequency: As noted

Ignition Furnace Ident No.		Furnace Manufacturer:		Internal	Internal Balance Manufacturer:			External Balance Ident No.				
Verification		Air Flow		Internal Balance		Disposition of Internal Balance		External Balance		Disposition		
Date	Ву	Rate Range: -3.5g to -10g		Cleaning? Yes or No	4,000 ± 2.0 g	8,000 ± 4.0 g	Within Specs	Out of Specs (use external balance)	4,000 ± 2.0 g	8,000 ± 4.0 g	Within Specs	Out of Specs
			□Y □N									
			□Y□N									
			□Y □N									
			□Y □N									
			□Y □N									
			□Y□N									
			□Y□N									
			□Y□N									
			□Y□N									
			□Y□N									
			□Y □N									

Procedure No. ITD-D21

Procedure For Standardizing Maximum Specific Gravity Bowls

AASHTO T 209, ASTM D240

Standardization Equipment Required:

- 1. Balance with "below the scale" weighing for gravity baths, capable of weighing to nearest 0.1g.
- 2. Thermometer capable of reading to nearest 0.1°F.

Tolerance:

Bowl mass recorded to nearest 0.1g.

Procedure:

- 1. Fill gravity bath and wait until water level overflow has stopped.
- 2. Bring water temperature to 25 ± 0.1 °C.
- 3. Determine the mass of the bowl dry in air and record, as mass in air.
- 4. Suspend bowl in water to a depth sufficient to cover the entire bowl.
- 5. When all overflow water has stopped record the weight of the bowl as weight in water.
- 6. Perform these determinations at least twice with the difference between any two determinations not exceeding 0.1 grams.

Maximum Theoretical Specific Gravity Standardization Record

Standardiza	ation Reference: ITD	D21	Standardization Frequency: 12 months				
Date of Star	ndardization:						
		Vacuum C	Container:				
Type		Standardization	Date:	Ident No.:			
			Balance Iden	t Number			
Calibration / Standardization Standards:		andards.	Thermometer Ident Number:				
Cunoration	/ Standardization St	andaras.	Residual Pro Model No:	essure Manometer Make:			
Vacuum Co	ontainer Standardizat	tion Data:					
Bowl No.	Water Temperatur	re, Dry Read	ing Mass of	Immersed Reading Weight of			
	Co		owl	Bowl			
Vacuum Pu	ımn System						
v acuum i u	mp system						
Measured re	esidual pressure (25-	-30mm of Hg or l	ess)- mm	Hg			
Satisfactory	Y- Yes	☐ No					
Remarks:							
Standardize	ed by:		Signature:				

WAQTC N	O.						
PREVIOUS	S STANDARDIZA	TION DATE:	RE-STANDARDIZATION DUE DATE:				

Procedure No.: ITD-D20

Plungers, Followers, Shims, Supports And Round Rod Check

Equipment Checked:

Plungers, followers, shims, supports, round rod. (AASHTO T 167, Idaho IT-8).

Purpose:

To check the critical dimensions of Compressive Strength and Hveem. plungers, followers, shims, supports and round rod.

Inspection Equipment Required:

1. Micrometer readable to 0.01 mm.

Tolerance:

The critical dimensions shall meet the applicable method(s).

- 1. Measure and record the outside diameter to nearest 0.01 mm.
- 2. Rotate 90 degrees (1/4 turn) and repeat step 1.
- 3. Where height measurement is required repeat steps 1 and 2.

Check Record for Plungers, Followers, Supports, Shims and Rods

Check Procedure: ITD-D20 Check Frequency: 12 Months

Date of Check:	N	Aicrom	eter No	.:							
Item	Measur	ements		Within To		Toler	ances	A	ction 7	Γaken	1
Leveling Load	Diameter, mm	Heigh	nt, mm	Diameter 101.09 to 101.31 mm							
Follower: Height 140.0 mm				Y	es[
Follower: Height 38.1 mm				Y	/es	No					
Stabilometer	Diameter, mm	Heigh	nt, mm		101	er 101 73 m t 140.0					
Calibration Follower				Y	/es[□ No					
Immersion Compression Diameter, in. Height, in.		ht, in.	Followers, Diameter 4.000 in. Plungers, Height 2 +/- 1/8 in. Supports 25.4 mm		eight in.						
Follower #1				Yes[No					
Follower #2				Yes[No					
Plunger #1				Yes[No					
Plunger #2				Yes[No					
Support #1				Yes		No					
Support #2				Yes		No					
Miscellaneous	Diameter, mm	Lengt	h, mm	Roo	d Le	mm ength mm 5.4 x 1 mm					
Round Nose Rod				Yes		No					
Steel Shims, Hveem Stability				Yes Yes		No No					
Remarks:	ı	ı									
Checked by:			Sign	ature	:						
WAQTC NO.											
PREVIOUS CHECK DA	TE:		RE- C	HEC	KI	OUE I	DATE:				

Procedure No. ITD D-18

Vacuum Systems Standardization

Equipment Checked:

Vacuum Systems (AASHTO T 100, T 209) (ASTM D854, D2041)

Inspection Equipment Required:

- 1. Standardized absolute pressure gauge.
- 2. Water vapor trap.
- 3. Hoses, connectors, tools etc.

Tolerance:

Vacuum systems shall be capable of applying and maintaining the vacuum specified in the applicable test method.

- 1. Connect the standardized vacuum gauge to the system with the trap in-line between the system and the standardized gauge.
- 2. Make sure all connections are air tight.
- 3. Apply a vacuum to the number of vessels normally used in testing. Read and record the pressure indicated on the calibrated vacuum gauge.

Vacuum System Standardization Record

Standardization Procedure: ITD-D18	Standardization Frequency: 12 months					
Date of Standardization:						
Standardization equipment:	Serial No.					
Reading: Hg	psig					
Action recommended: None Repair	Replace					
Remarks:						
Standardized by:	Signature:					
WAQTC NO.						
PREVIOUS STANDARDIZATION DATE:	RE- STANDARDIZATION DUE DATE:					

Procedure: ITD-D19

Immersion-Compression, or R-Value Specimen Molds Check

AASHTO T 167, Idaho IT-8

Inspection Equipment Required:

Calipers capable of measuring the inside diameter and readable to 0.01mm.

Tolerance:

The diameter of the molds checked must meet the dimensional tolerances specified in the test methods referenced above.

- 1. Measure and record the inside diameter of the mold to the nearest 0.01mm. Rotate the mold 90 degrees (1/4 turn) and measure and record the inside diameter again.
- 2. Turn the mold over and repeat step 1.

Immersion / Compression Molds

(Four inch molds)

Check Pro	cedure: ITD-D19			Check Frequency	uency: 12 months		
Date of Ch	neck:						
	Inside Diameter	Reading Top	Inside Dian Bottom				
Mold No.	Reading No. 1	Reading No. 2	Reading No. 1	Reading No. 2	Acceptable		
					Yes No		
					Yes No		
					Yes No		
					Yes No		
					Yes No		
					Yes No		
					Yes No		
					Yes No		
					Yes No		
					Yes No		
					Yes No		
					Yes No		
					Yes No		
					Yes No		
					Yes No		
					Yes No		

Tolerance: 101.60 mm to 101.73 mm

Maximum Height

Remarks:	
Checked by:	Signature:
WAQTC NO.	
PREVIOUS CHECK DATE:	RE-CHECK DUE DATE:

Soil (R-Value) Molds

Date of Check:

	Inside Diameter	Reading Top	Reading Top Inside Diameter Reading Bottom		
Mold No.	Reading No. 1	Reading No. 2	Reading No. 1	Reading No. 2	Action

Remarks:	
Checked by:	Signature:
WAQTC NO.	
PREVIOUS CHECK DATE:	RE-CHECK DUE DATE:

Procedure: IT-15 ITD-B26

Saybolt Viscometers Standardization

<u>Inspection Equipment Required:</u>

- 1. Oil standard, minimum efflux time of 90 seconds.
- 2. Bath maintained at 50° C. $\pm 0.05^{\circ}$ C. $(122^{\circ}$ F. $\pm 0.10^{\circ}$ F.)
- 3. Thermometer, Type ASTM 19C
- 4. Timer

Tolerance:

Tolerances can be found in AASHTO T 72 Section 9.4

Procedure:

- 1. Establish and control the bath temperature at the selected test temperature of 50°C. \pm 0.05°C. (122°F. \pm 0.10°F.)
- 2. Insert a cork stopper into the air chamber at the bottom of the viscometer a small chain or cord may be attached to the cork to facilitate rapid removal. The cork shall fit tightly enough to prevent the escape of air, as evidenced by the absence of oil on the cork when it is withdrawn later as described.
- 3. Stir the sample in the viscometer with the appropriate viscosity thermometer equipped with the thermometer support (T 72 Fig.3). Use a circular motion at 30 to 50 rpm in a horizontal plane.
- 4. When the sample temperature remains constant within 0.05°C. (0.100°F.) of the test temperature during one minute of continuous stirring, remove the thermometer.
- 5. Immediately place the tip of the withdrawal tube in the gallery at one point, and apply suction to remove oil until its level in the gallery is below the overflow rim with the withdrawal tube.
- 6. Check to be sure that the receiving flask is in proper position: then snap the cork from the viscometer and start the timer at the same instant.
- 7. Stop the timer the instant the bottom of the oil meniscus reaches the graduation mark on the receiving flask.
- 8. Record the efflux time in seconds to the nearest 0.1 second.
- 9. The certified Saybolt viscosity of the standard shall equal the measured efflux time at 50°C. (122°F). If the efflux time differs from the certified value by more than 0.2%, calculate a correction factor, F, for the viscometer as follows:

$$F = \frac{V}{t}$$

Where:

V = certified Saybolt viscosity of the standard. t = measured efflux time at 50° C. (122°F.)

Saybolt Viscometer Standardization Record

Standardization Procedure: ITD-B26				Calibration Frequency: 36 months				
	Saybolt Viscometer Ident No. Serial No.:				Standardization Date:			
Standardi	zation equipn	nent and s	erial numbers	1				
19°C (122°F.) Thermometer: Standard Type:			:	Standardiza	tion Temperature			
Lot #:		Expirat	tion date:	Viscosity Temperat		At Standardization		
_								
Orifice No.	Reading #1	Reading #2	Reading #3	Average	Date Of Replacement	New Constants		
Remarks:								
Standardized by:			Signatur	re:				
WAQTC NO.								
PREVIOU	JS STAND	ARDIZA	ΓΙΟΝ DATE:	RE-STAN DATE:	IDARDIZATION	DUE		

Procedure: ITD-B24

Asphalt Constant Temperature Baths, Water or Oil Calibration

<u>Inspection Equipment Required:</u>

1. A standardized thermometer that reads to 0.1°F. (0.06°C.)

<u>Tolerance:</u> Constant temperature baths shall be maintained at:

- 1. Penetration Bath (Water) 77°F. (25°C.) \pm 0.2°F. (0.1°C.)
- 2. Absolute Viscosity Bath (Oil) 140° F. $(60^{\circ}$ C.) $\pm 0.05^{\circ}$ F. $(0.03^{\circ}$ C.)
- 3. 140°F. Kinematic Bath (Oil) 140°F. (60°C.) ±0.10°F. (0.06°C.)
- 4. 275°F. Kinematic Bath (OiI) 275°F. (135°C.) \pm 0.10°F. (0.06°C.)
- 5. Saybolt Furol Viscosity Bath (Oil) 77°F. (25°C.) ±- 0.10°F. (0.05°C.)
- 6. Saybolt Furol Viscosity Bath (Oil) 122°F. (50°C.) 0.10°F. (0.05°C.)

- 1. Place the standardized thermometer or temperature probe next to the thermometer in the water or oil bath.
- 2. Allow the thermometer to stabilize, and compare temperatures on thermometers.
 - This temperature should reflect the same reading. If they do not, make note of the difference on the work sheet.
- 3. Adjust thermo regulator as needed so that temperature fluctuates equal distances above and below the desired temperature.
- 4. Record temperature range of bath.

Verification of Calibration for Asphalt Constant Temperature Bath, Water or Oil

Verification Ref	ference: ITD-B24	4	Verification Frequency: 12 months				
Identification N	umber:		Date Calibrated:				
Bath Type (water	er, air, oil):		Calibration Standard: Thermometer Ident Number:				
ASTM (there are different test methods depending on type of bath):			Required tempe	erature range :			
	the proper size	e and type as	Yes	No			
required by the		71					
After the bath is brought to the desired temperature, take successive readings at equally spaced intervals over the immersion time specified by the test method. Record readings in the following table.							
	Bath Tempera	ture Readings		C C LT	Acceptable		
1		2	4	Specified Test Temperature	-		
1	2	3	4	Temperature	Yes/No		
Bath Disposition	n:		Acceptable Unacceptable				
Remarks:							
Calibrated By:			Signature:				
WAQTC NO.							
PREVIOUS CALIBRATION DATE:			RE-CALIBRATION DUE DATE:				

Verification Procedure ITD-D42

Moisture Density (Proctor) Mold Check

AASHTO T 99 AASHTO T180

Check Equipment Required:

Calipers, readable to 0.01 mm.

Scales, readable to 0.01 lbs.

Procedure:

- 1. The molds shall be solid-wall metal cylinders manufactured to the dimensions shown below. They shall have a detachable collar assembly approximately 60 mm (2.375 in) in height, to permit the preparation of compacted specimens of soil-water mixtures of the desired height and volume. The mold and collar assembly shall be so constructed that it can be fastened firmly to a detachable base plate made of the same material. The base plate shall be plane to 0.005 in.
- 2. Record measurements verifying height, diameter, and planeness are within tolerances.
- 3. With a clean mold, determine the mass of the mold and baseplate without the collar. Record the mass of the mold and baseplate. Verify that the new mass is the same as the mass written on the mold.

Volume Determination:

- 1. Determined mold volume per AASHTO T 19.
 - a. Perform the steps in section 8 "Calibration of Measure" section.
 - b. This volume determination will require creating a water tight seal between the mold and the base plate with a small amount of petroleum jelly, silicon grease. Another method is by applying plumbers putty to the outside of the mold to create that seal. Make sure the dry mass determination is taken with the sealing product applied.
- 2. Record the volume of the mold in cubic feet and write the volume of the mold on the side of the mold.

4" Moisture Density (Proctor) Mold Standardization Record

Standardization Pr	ocedure: 11D-D42	Standardization Frequency: 12 months					
Identification Nun	nber:	Date Standardized:	Date Standardized:				
Manufacturer:							
Calibration Standa Caliper No:	ırd:	Height 116 <u>Used Mold Tolerances:</u> Inside Diameter 100	Inside Diameter 101.19 to 102.01 Height 116.27 to 116.53 Used Mold Tolerances: Inside Diameter 100.99 to 102.21				
DIMENSIONAL	DATA: As Found						
	Inside Diameter - Top, in.	Inside Diameter - Bottom, in.	Inside Height - in.				
Measurement #1							
	(90°)	(90°)	(180°)				
Measurement #2							
AVERAGE	Dt=	Db=	H=				
New Mold :		Used Mold:					
Mold Average tolerance:	Inside Diameter within	Yes No)				
Mold Average tolerance:	Inside Height within	☐ Yes ☐ No	0				
Calculated Volum	e of V= Volume of	Mold, ft ³	Volume of Mold:				
Mold:	A= Density of						
B - c		ater, Glass, and Mold:					
$V = \frac{B - a}{A}$	C Mass of G	ass and Mold:					
	C= Mass of Gi	ass and Moid:					
Disposition of Mo	ld: Acceptable	☐ Not Acceptable					
Remarks:							
Standardized By:		Signature:					
WAQTC NO.							
	ANDARDIZATION DAT	TE: RE-STANDARDIZATIO	N DUE DATE:				

6" Moisture Density (Proctor) Mold Standardization Record

Standardization Procedure: ITD-D42	Standardization Frequency: 12 months		
Identification Number:	Date Standardized:		
Manufacturer:			
Calibration Standard: Calipe No:	Per New Mold Tolerances: Inside Diameter 151.74 to 153 Height 116.30 to 116 Used Mold Tolerances: Inside Diameter 151.41 to 153 Height 116.30 to 116	5.56 3.	
DIMENSIONAL DATA:			
Inside Diameter - Top, in.	Inside Diameter - Bottom, in. Inside F	leight - in.	
Measurement #1		-	
(90°)	(90°) (180°)		
Measurement #2			
AVERAGE Dt=	Db= H=		
New Mold :	Used Mold:		
Mold Average Inside Diameter within tolerance:	☐ Yes ☐ No		
Mold Average Inside Height within tolerance:	☐ Yes ☐ No		
Calculated Volume of V= Volume of	Mold, ft ³ Volum	e of Mold:	
Mold: A= Density of	Water:		
	ater, Glass, and Mold:		
$V = \frac{B - C}{A}$ B= Mass of Ward C= Mass of Gl			
Disposition of Mold:	Not Acceptable		
Remarks:			
Standardized By:	Signature:		
WAQTC NO.			
PREVIOUS STANDARDIZATION DAT	E: RE-STANDARDIZATION DU	E DATE:	

Procedure ITD-D40

Moisture Density (Proctor) Manual Rammer Check

AASHTO T 99 Sec. 3.2.1 (5.5 lb)

OR

AASHTO T 180 Sec. 3.2.1 (10 lb)

<u>Inspection Equipment Required:</u>

- 1. Calipers readable to 0.01 mm
- 2. Tape measure readable to 1/16 in.
- 3. Scale, capacity of 20,000 grams. readable to 1.0 grams.

Tolerance:

Equipment shall meet the dimensional tolerances specified in AASHTO T 99 Sec. 3.2.1.

Equipment shall meet the dimensional tolerances specified in AASHTO T 180 Sec. 3.2.1.

- 1. Using the calipers measure the diameter of the rammer face by taking 2 readings 90 degrees apart.
- 2. Extend the rammer, measure the drop of the rammer from its highest stopping point to the bottom lip of the sleeve.
- 3. Remove the rammer from the sleeve by unscrewing the nut on the handle.
- 4. Weigh the rammer along with the nut, washers and handle.
- 5. Using the calipers, measure the diameter of the vent holes on the top and the bottom.
- 6. Measure the distance of the vent holes from the top and the bottom lips (to the center of the holes).

5.5 lb Manual Rammer Check Record

Check Procedure: ITD-D40					Check	Frequ	nency: 12 months	
Identification Number:			Ι	Date Checked:	<u> </u>			
Manufacturer:				Rammer: Nominal Weight: Nominal Drop:			-	
Calibration Standards:	Ca	liper Number:			Balan		ımber:	
DIMENSIONAL DATA: As Found				ΠA	as Adjusto	ed		
Measurement #			t #1	Measuren	nent#2	R	ASTM EQUIREMENTS	
Rammer Circular Face Diameter: mm							50.55 to 51.05 mm	
Rammer Weight: grams						2	2486 to 2504 g	
Rammer Height of Drop: mi	n					3	303 to 307 mm	
Guide sleeve holes: min dia, 9	9.5	mm:						
TOP	#1		#2		#3		#4	
BOTTOM	#1		#2	42 #3			#4	
Guide sleeve holes: distance	fro	m end of sleev	e:	18 to 20 mm	1			
TOP	#1		#2		#3		#4	
BOTTOM	#1	-	#2		#3		#4	
					_			
Disposition of Rammer:		Acceptabl	e		」Not A	ccept	able	
Remarks:								
Checked By:			S	Signature:				
WAQTC NO.								
PREVIOUS CHECKED DATE:			F	RE-CHECKED DUE DATE:				

10.0 lb Manual Rammer Standardization Record

Check Procedure: ITD-D40		Check Frequency: 12 months				
Identification Number:		Date Standar	dized:			
Manufacturer:	Ram	Rammer: Nominal Weight:				
Calibration Standards:	Calinar N	umbari	Dol		nal Drop: Number:	
Cambration Standards:	Caliper N	umber:	Dai	iance N	Number:	
DIMENSIONAL DATA:	☐As Fou	nd	☐As A	Adjuste	ed	
	Measurement #1	Measuremen	nt#2	AST REQ	TM QUIREMENTS	
Rammer Circular Face Diameter: mm				50.5	5 to 51.05 mm	
Rammer Weight:				4527	7 to 4545 g	
Rammer Height of Drop: mm				455	to 459 mm	
		•				
Guide sleeve holes: min dia	a, 9.5 mm:		1		T	
TOP	#1	#2	#3		#4	
BOTTOM	#1	#2 #3			#4	
Guide sleeve holes: distance	ce from end of sleeve	e: 18 to 20 mi	m T		T	
TOP	#1	#2	#3		#4	
BOTTOM	#1	#2	#3	#4		
Disposition of Rammer:	Acceptable	e [Not Ac	ceptab	le	
Remarks:						
Standardized By:		Signature:				
WAQTC NO.						
PREVIOUS CHECK DAT	E:	RE-CHECK	DUE DATI	Ξ:		
		ı				

Procedure: ITD-D6

Specific Gravity T 84 Mold & Tamper Check

Purpose:

To check the critical dimensions of the sand cone and tamper

<u>Inspection Equipment Required:</u>

- 1. Calipers or ruler readable to 1 mm.
- 2. Balance or scale readable to 0.1g.
- 3. Steel Rule.

Tolerance:

Equipment shall meet the dimensional tolerances specified AASHTO T 84.

- 1. Measure and record the inside diameter at the top of the cone to the nearest 1 mm by taking two readings 90° apart.
- 2. Measure and record the inside diameter at the bottom of the cone to the nearest 1 mm by taking two readings 90° apart.
- 3. Place the cone on a flat surface. Measure and record the depth of the cone by using the calipers and a straight-edge.
- 4. Measure and record the thickness of the cone to the nearest 1 mm by taking 2 readings 90° apart at the top of the cone and two readings at the bottom of the cone 90° apart.
- 5. Measure and record the diameter of the tamping face to the nearest 1 mm by taking two readings 90° apart using the calipers.
- 6. Determine the mass of the tamper to the nearest 0.1 g.

Specific Gravity Mold & Tamper Check

Check Procedure: ITD-D-6	Check Frequency: 12 (mos.)						
Identification No:		Manufacturer:					
			Caliper Ident#				
Check Standards:			ice		Ide	nt#	
		Rule	Grac	luatior	ns m	m	
Check Results:		As A	djust	ed			
	#1	ā	#2		#3	ASTM Requirement	
Thickness of Cone Walls (mm)						0.8mm min.	
		#1			#2	ASTM	
		11 1			112	Requirements	
Cone Inside Diameter (mm) Top						37 to 43 mm	
Cone Inside Diameter (mm) Bottom					87 to 93 mm		
	•						
		#1		#2	#3	ASTM Requirement	
Cone Height (mm)						72 to 78 mm	
		#1			#2	ASTM Requirements	
Tamper Weight (g)						325 to 355g	
Diameter of Tamping Face (mm)						22 to 28 mm	
Equipment disposition:	able			□ N	Not Accept	able	
Remarks:							
Checked by:		Sig	gnatu	ıre:			
WAQTC NO.							
PREVIOUS CHECK DATE:		RE-0	СНЕ	CK D	UE DATE	:	

Procedure ITD-D39

<u>Liquid Limit Device and Grooving Tool Check</u>

(AASHTO T 89, ASTM D 4318)

Purpose:

To provide instructions for checking the liquid limit device, grooving tool and cup.

Inspection Equipment Required:

- 1. Balance, 2000g, readable to 0.1g
- 2. 7" calipers, readable to 0.0001"
- 3. Stopwatch, readable to 0.1sec.

Tolerance:

As found in the test methods listed above.

- 1. Measure and record the thickness of the brass cup.
- 2. Weigh and record the weight of the brass cup.
- 3. Measure and record the dimensions of the L.L. base.
- 4. Measure the worn spot if any, where the cup contacts the base.
- 5. If electric, check the drop rate of two drops per minute.
- 6. With calipers, measure and record the dimensions of the grooving tool and gage end.

Liquid Limit Device And Grooving Tool Check

Check Procedure: AASHTO T 89 (year)							Cł	neck F	requency	: 12	2 (months)
Identification No.: Date Checked:											
Manufacturer:			Mo	del	l No:		Ma	anufac	cturer Seri	al	No.:
Standard Used: C	Calip	er Ident	Numbe	er:		Balance Id	ent N	umbe	r:		
Liquid Limit Dev	vice:										
Essential Dimension	A		В		С	N	K		L		M
Reading (mm)	Per Ma	r anuf.									
ASTM Tolerance	54	±5	2 ±0.1		27 ±1.0	47 ±1.5	50±	2.0	150±2.0	,	125±2.0
Grooving Tool:											
Essential Dimension		A		В	i	С		d		e	
Reading (mm)										Ĺ	
ASTM Tolerance	<u> </u>	10 ±0.	.1	2	±0.1	13.5 ±0.1		10 ±	-0.2	1:	5.9
Mass of Cup: g, (Range per ASTM - D4318: 185 to 215g) Disposition of Equipment:											
Remarks:											
Checked by: WAQTC NO.						Signature:				_	
PREVIOUS CHE	ECK	DATE	:			RE-CHECK	DUE	DATI			

Standardization Procedure ITD-D37

Procedure For Soils Pycnometer Standardization

(AASHTO T 100)

Purpose:

- 1. To provide a temperature correction chart for the Pycnometer filled with distilled water.
- 2. To verify the Pycnometer's mass.

Inspection Equipment Required:

- 1. Standardized Thermometer.
- 2. Balance capable of weighing 2000 g. readable to 0.01 g.

Tolerance:

Tolerances shall meet AASTHO T 100 8.1 and 8.2

- 1. Determine and record the clean dry mass of the Pycnometer to the nearest 0.01 g.
- 2. Fill the Pycnometer with distilled water at or near room temperature. Fill to the mark on the neck of the Pycnometer with the center (bottom) of the meniscus just touching the line.
- 3. Determine and record the mass of the Pycnometer to the nearest 0.01 g.
- 4. Allow Pycnometer + water to stabilize. Use a rubber stopper with a hole in its center so as to allow the thermometer to read the temperature at the mid-point of the distilled water. Record the temperature.
- 5. Complete a chart for the different temperatures likely to occur while testing in the Lab. Use sections 8.1 and 8.2 to calculate each Pycnometer's temperature/mass.

Soil Pycnometer Standardization Report

Standardization Procedure: ITD-D37 Standardization Frequency: 12 months

Pycnometer Number	Dry Weight (Wf)	Weight with Water (Wa)	Temperature of Water, C° (Ti)	Relative Density of Water	Correction Factor (k)	Corrected Weight
Remarks:						

Remarks:	
Standardized by:	Signature:
WAQTC NO.	
PREVIOUS STANDARDIZATION DATE:	RE-STANDARDIZATION DUE DATE:

Check Procedure: ITD-DI

L.A Wear Abrasion Machine Check

(AASHTO T 96)

Purpose:

To check the critical dimensions and general operating condition of the L.A. machine and the mass of the spheres; used as test charges.

Tolerance:

The L.A. machine shall meet the dimensional tolerances specified along with the steel spheres used to charge the machine shall meet the mass tolerances specified in the applicable test method listed above and shall be in good operating condition.

Inspection Equipment Required:

- 1. Steel rule readable to 1 mm
- 2. Stopwatch readable to 0.1 sec.
- 3. Balance with a 5 kg capacity, readable to 1 g.

- 1. Measure and record the inside diameter of the drum to the nearest 1 mm.
- 2. Measure and record the inside Length to the nearest 1 mm.
- 3. Measure and record the wall thickness at the left and right edges to the nearest 1 mm
- 4. Is the cylinder horizontal?
- 5. Measure and record the shelf width inside the drum to the nearest 1 mm.
- 6. Measure and record the distance from the shelf to the opening in the direction of rotation.
- 7. Record the RPM to the nearest number over a 5 minute period.
- 8. Check and record the number of revolutions.
- 9. Weigh and record the individual spheres to the nearest 1 g.
- 10. Record the total weight of spheres for a "B" wear to the nearest 1g.

L.A. Abrasion Check Record

Check Proce	dure: MTI-C	·			(year)	<u></u>	heck Freque	ncy	24 (months)
ITD Identific	cation No.			Man	Manufacturer:				
Model No.				Man	ufacture	r Serial	No		
Check Standa	ard used:				Balance				
				ווט	Caliper	NO			
Drum horizo	ntal within a t	olerance of 1	in 100	:]Satisfa	actory \square U	nsa	tisfactory
Shelf width r	neasures 3.5 i	n. ±0.1 in.				Satisfa	actory $\square U$	nsa	tisfactory
Shelf is firm,	rigid and stra	ight				−]Satisfa	actory U	nsa	tisfactory
Shelf surface	is flat with no	o ridge greate	r than (0.1 in.		Satisfa	actory U	Jnsa	tisfactory
Machine has	uniform perip	heral speed				Satisfa	actory $\square U$	nsa	tisfactory
L.A. Rattler Charge (Steel Sphere), Satisfactory Unsatisfactory see worksheet page 2					tisfactory				
Drum Dimen	sions:								
	Measuremen						ASTM		Acceptable
	1 2	2	3		Avera	ge	Tolerance		Yes/No
Inside Diameter							28" ±0.2"		
Inside Length							20" ±0.2"		
Revolutions:	<u> </u>						<u> </u>		
Revolutions	per minute					ASTN	1	Ac	cceptable
1	2	3	Av	erage		Tolera	ance	Ye	es/No
						30 to 3	33 RPM		
Remarks:									
Checked by:				Si	gnature:				
WAQTC NO.									
PREVIOUS CHECK DATE:				RE-CHECK DUE DATE:					

L.A. Abrasion Charge (Steel Sphere) Check

Check Procedure: AST	TM C131-	(year)	Check Frequency: 24 (months)
Check Standard used:			Date of Check:
ITD Balance No.	ITD Caliper No.		

Sphere]	Diameter Rea	adings (inches)	Weight	Acceptable
Number	1	2	3	Average	Grams	Acceptable (390g - 445g) Yes/No
1						
2						
3						
4						
5						
6						
7						
8						
9						
10						
11						
12						

Charge Based on Grading:

Grading	Number of Spheres	Sphere No. in Group	Total Weight Grams	ASTM Tolerance Grams	Acceptable Yes/No
A	12			5000 ±25	
В	11			4584 ±25	
С	8			3330 ±20	
D	6			2500 ±15	

Remarks:	
Checked by:	Signature:
WAQTC NO.	
PREVIOUS CHECK DATE:	RE-CHECK DUE DATE:

Standardization Procedure: ITD-D41

Mechanical Soil Compactor (Proctor Mechanical Rammer) Standardization

AASHTO T 99 Section 3.2.2 & 3.2.3, AASHTO T 180 Section 3.2.2 & 3.2.3, ASTM D2168

General Equipment Inspection:

Thoroughly inspect the mechanical and manual compactors for evidence of wear, malfunction, and need of servicing and adjustment. Clean, adjust, and lubricate the compactors so as to meet all requirements of the manufacturer, and the applicable method under which they will be used and for which the mechanical compactor is to be calibrated. Operate the compactor for a minimum of 25 drops to cause friction in the parts to become constant, allowing the rammer to fall on soil or other soft material.

<u>Inspection Equipment Required:</u>

- 1. Calipers readable to 0.01 mm
- 2. Tape measure readable to 1/16 in.
- 3. Straight edge, readable to 1/16 in.
- 4. Scale, capacity of 20,000 grams, readable to 0.1 grams.

Inspection Tolerance:

Equipment shall meet the dimensional tolerances specified in AASHTO T 99 sec. 3.2.2 for the 5.5 lb. Rammer. The 10 lb. Rammer shall meet the specifications found in AASHTO T 180, sec. 3.2.2.

<u>Inspection Procedure for the 5.5 lb. Rammer:</u>

- 1. Open the mechanical rammer housing and remove the rammer from its holder.
- 2. Using the calipers measure the diameter of the rammer face by taking 2 readings 90 degrees apart.
- 3. Weigh the rammer and then replace the rammer to its operating position.
- 4. Measure the drop height of the rammer by using the following method:
 - a. Remove the rammer resting plate and lower the rammer onto a pad that will not compact.

- b. Measure from the top of the rammer 12 inches and place a temporary mark on one of the guide rods.
- c. Set the unit to cycle for 1 drop. Take a straight edge and place it slightly above the temporary mark on the guild rod. Cycle the rammer once while observing where the ram stops at its high point. Move the position of the straight edge to correspond with this high point. Recycle the rammer and adjust your straight edge until you have an accurate releasing point of the rammer.
- d. Place a second temporary mark on the guild rod at this point.
- e. With the rammer setting on the cushioned pad, measure from the top of the rammer to the second mark to achieve the actual drop height.

<u>Inspection Procedure for the 10 lb. Rammer:</u>

The 10 lb. Rammer procedure is the same except section 4b, which should read 18 inches.

Standardization Procedure:

- 1. Prepare two 5-point moisture density curves according to AASHTO T 99 using a 5.5 pound manual rammer for one curve and the mechanical 5.5 lb. rammer for the other curve. Record the maximum unit weight of each curve.
- 2. Obtain the percent of difference (W) in the two curves by dividing the mechanical (Y') maximum unit weight by the manual (Y) unit weight.
- 3. If the absolute value of W is equal to or less than 2.0, the mechanical compactor is satisfactory for immediate use.
 - a. If the absolute value of W is greater than 2.0, then obtain two additional sets of data. Use the same soil sample used previously. Determine W, the average percentage difference of maximum dry unit mass values for three sets of data. If the absolute value of W is equal to or less than 2.0, the mechanical compactor is satisfactory for immediate use.
 - b. If the absolute value of W is greater than 2.0, then adjust the rammer mass of the mechanical compactor according to ASTM D2168 and obtain sets of three new values and compute a new value for W until the value is within the tolerance.

Mechanical Soil Compactor Standardization

	<u> weenamear bon e</u>	ompactor Standardization					
Standardization	Procedure: ASTM D2168	_(year) Method A					
		Standardization Frequency: 12 months					
Identification N	o:	Date Standardized					
Manufacturer:		Model No:					
Mfg. Serial No:		Shape of Rammer Face:					
Weight of Ram	mer:	Accuracy Requirement: difference in max. unit weight	2.0% maximum %				
Calibration Bala	ance Number:	Standardization Data:					
		As found	As Adjusted				
Trial Number	Max. Unit Weight Manual Method (Y max.)	Max. Unit Weight Mechanical Method (Y' max.)	% Difference in Max. Unit Weight, (g)				
1							
2							
3							
AVERAGE			(W)*				
and compute A Trials and deter	*If first Trial is within tolerance enter NA in these spaces. If not in tolerance, run 2 more Trials and compute AVG. % difference of all 3. If AVG. is out of tolerance adjust and run 3 more Trials and determine AVG. NOTE: Attach work sheet for ASTM D698 or D1557 data used in this Standardization						
Compactor Disp	position: Acceptable	Not Acceptable					
Remarks:							
Standardized by	y:	Signature:					
WAQTC NO.							
PREVIOUS ST DATE:	'ANDARDIZATION	RE-STANDARDIZATION DUE DATE:					

Procedure No. ITD-S 105

Concrete Slump Cone Check

AASHTO T 119

Inspection Equipment Required:

A measuring tape or ruler, 45 0 mm (18") minimum length.

Procedure:

- 1. The mold shall be made clean and free of foreign material.
- 2. The thickness of the metal from which the mold is made shall not be less than 1.14 mm (0.045"), at any measured point.
- 3. Measure the top of the mold, it should read 102 mm (4") in diameter.
- 4. Measure the bottom of the mold, it should read 203 mm. (8") in diameter.
- 5. Measure the height of the mold, it should read 305 mm (12").

Tolerances:

Individual diameters and heights shall be within \pm 3.2 mm (1/8") of the specified dimensions.

Slump Cone Check Record

Check Procedure: ITD-S105			Check Fr	equency:12 months	
Identification No.:		Date Checked:			
Equipment Description: Seamless With Seam	np Cone Manu	facturer:			
Standard Used: Caliper Number		Steel Rule: Gradations:			
Check Results: As Found		As Adjusted			
Dimensional Check Results					
Thickness of Cone Walls	Reading #1	Reading #2	Reading #3	AASHTO Requirements	
Тор				0.045" min.	
Bottom				0.045" min.	
	•	•			
Inside Diameter	Reading #1	Reading #2	Reading #3	AASHTO Requirements	
Тор				3-7/8" to 4-1/8"	
Bottom				7-7/8" to 8-1/8"	
Cone Height	Reading #1	Reading #2	Reading #3	AASHTO Requirements	
				11-7/8" to 12-1/8"	
Disposition of Cone:	Acc	eptable		ot Acceptable	
Remarks:					
Checked By:		Signature:			
WAQTC NO.					
PREVIOUS CHECK DATE:		RE-CHECK DUE DATE:			

Procedure: ITD-S108

Constant Temperature Bath Concrete and Cement specimens Standardization

<u>Inspection Equipment Required:</u>

1. A standardized thermometer that reads to 0.1°F. (0.06°C)

Tolerance:

Concrete and Cement Specimens (water), Baths shall be maintained at $73.5^{\circ}F \pm 3.5^{\circ}F$ (23.0 ± 2.0°C).

- 1. Place the standardized thermometer or temperature probe next to the thermometer in the water bath.
- 2. Allow the thermometer to stabilize, and compare temperatures on thermometers.
- 3. This temperature should reflect the same reading. If they do not, make note of the difference on the work sheet.
- 4. Adjust thermo regulator as needed so that temperature fluctuates equal distances above and below the desired temperature.
- 5. Curculation divice(s) must keep the water at the required temperature throughout the bath.
- 6. Record temperature range of bath.

Constant Temperature Bath Concrete and Cement Specimen Calibration

Calibration Reference: ITD-S-108			•	Calibration Freq	uency: 6 months
Identification Number:			Date Calibrated:		
Bath Type (water, air, oil):			Calibration Standard: Thermometer Number:		
ASTM (test method determined by type of bath):			Required temperature range:		
Is the bath of the proper size and type as required by the specification?:			□Yes	□No	
	-	-		_	t equally spaced in the following
Bath Temperat	ure Readings			Specified	Acceptable
1	2	3	4	Test Temperature	Yes/No
				Tomporation	
Bath Disposition:		Acceptable	e 🗌 Una	acceptable	
Remarks:					
Calibrated By:		Signature:			
WAQTC NO.					
PREVIOUS CALIBRATION DATE:		RE-CALIBRATION DUE DATE:			

Standardization Procedure: ITD-D10

Unit Weight Bucket Standardization

AASHTO T 19

Inspection Equipment Required:

- 1. A standardized thermometer.
- 2. A calibrated balance readable to 5 grams (0.01 lbs)
- 3. A glass plate of at least 6 mm thick and 25 mm larger than the diameter of the measure.
- 4. A feeler gage of 0.25 mm.

Tolerance:

Measure shall comply within the standards set in AASHTO T 19

- 1. Record the serial number of the equipment to be tested.
- 2. Determine if the top of the rim is satisfactorily plane by using a 0.25mm feeler gage and the glass plate placed on top of the measure. The feeler gage must not be capable of being inserted between the rim of the measure and the glass plate.
- 3. Determine the mass of the dry measure and the glass plate. (W_1)
- 4. Fill the measure with water at a temperature between $60^{\circ}F 85^{\circ}F$ and cover with the glass plate in such a way as to eliminate bubbles and excess water.
- 5. Wipe the outside of the measure and glass plate dry being careful not to lose any water from the measure.
- 6. Determine the mass of the measure, glass plate and water.(W₂)
- 7. Determine the mass of the water in the measure by subtracting the mass in Step 3 from the mass in Step 6.
- 8. Perform steps 3 through 6 a minimum of two times with the mass difference between any two determinations being 0.3 grams.
- 9. Measure and record the temperature of the water.
- 10. Determine and record water density (D) from Table 2 in WAQTC FOP for AASHTO T 121, interpolating as necessary.
- 11. Calculate and record the volume (V) of the measure by dividing the mass of the water by the density of the water at the measured temperature.

Unit Weight Measure (Bucket) Standardization Record

Standardization Procedure: ITD-D10	Standardization Frequency: 12 months
------------------------------------	--------------------------------------

Identification Number:	Date Standardized:			
Nominal Capacity of Measure (ft.3)	Standardization Data:			
	☐As Found ☐As Adjusted			
Stan	ndards Used:			
Balance ITD Number: Thermometer ITD Number:				
1.Top Rim Planeness (0.01" or 0.25mm):				
Acceptable Not Acceptable				
2.Volumetric Calibration				
1. Mass of Measure + Glass Plate:	2. Mass of Measure + Glass Plate + Water: W ₂ =			
$\mathbf{W}_1 =$				
3. Temperature of Water:	4. Density of Water from Table 2 @ T:			
T= □°F □°C	D=			
5. Mass of Measure + Glass Plate:	6. Mass of Measure + Glass Plate + Water:			
$\mathbf{W}_1 =$	$\mathbf{W}_2 =$			
7. Temperature of Water:	8. Density of Water from Table 2 @ T:			
T=	D=			
9. Volume Calculations: $V = \left[\frac{(W_2 - W_1)}{D}\right]$ $V =$				
Remarks:				
Standardized By:				
WAQTC NO.	Signature:			
PREVIOUS STANDARDIZATION DATE	E: RE-STANDARDIZATION DUE DATE:			

Standardization Procedure: ITD-B-22

Thermometer Standardization

Purpose:

To provide instructions for standardization of thermometers.

<u>Inspection Equipment Required:</u>

- 1. A Certified Thermometer for specific temperature.
- 2. Temperature Bath.
- 3. Ice Bath.
- 4. Magnifying glass with light.

Tolerance:

Tolerances can be found in ASTM E1 Table 2.

Procedure for Single Point Operation Thermometer:

- 1. Visually examine thermometer to be verified for separation, glass faults, etc.
- 2. Properly immerse both the certified thermometer and the thermometer being verified in a temperature bath maintained at test temperature. Thermometers should be placed within approximately one inch of each other and allowed time enough to stabilize (Approximately 5 minutes).
- 3. Read and record temperature of both thermometers.
- 4. Calculate difference between the two thermometers. Compare the difference to the scale error value as noted in ASTM E1 Table 2.
- 5. If the difference is outside the scale error maximum, repeat this procedure two more times and reject thermometer if difference remains outside of scale error maximum.

Procedure for Multi-Point Thermometer:

- 1. Visually examine thermometer to be verified for separation, glass faults, etc.
- 2. Thermometer will be verified at two temperature points, the Ice Point and the Maximum Operation Temperature Point. (The Maximum Operation Temperature Point is defined as the highest temperature the thermometer will be used at to conduct testing.)

- (a) Perform Ice Point test as provided in ASTM E77 to obtain first testing point.
- (b) Maximum Operation Temperature Point. Place both the certified thermometer and the thermometer being verified into the appropriate temperature bath. Adjust the bath temperature to the testing point. The thermometers shall be placed within one inch of each other, immersed to the specified level in the bath, and allowed to stabilize. (Approximately 5 minutes)
- 3. Read and record temperature of both thermometers.
- 4. Calculate difference between the two thermometers. Compare the difference to the scale error value as noted in ASTM E1 Table 2.
- 5. If the difference is outside the scale error maximum, repeat this procedure two more times and reject thermometer if difference remains out of scale error maximum.

<u>Procedure for Standardized Thermometers:</u>

- 1. Visually examine thermometer to be verified for separation, glass faults, etc.
- 2. Perform Ice Point test as provided in ASTM E77.
- 3. Standardized thermometer temperature reading should equal temperature recorded on the "Certificate of Calibration" (If Ice Point reading varies more than one division with the certified reading, thermometer should be replaced.

Thermometer or Temperature Recorder Standardization Record

Standardization Procedure: ASTM-E77- (year) Standardization Frequency: 12-6 months								
Identification Number:				Г	Date Standard	ized:		
Equipment	Description:							
Thermome				Τ	emperature F	Recorder Type) :	
Manufactu					Model No:	• •		
Mfg. Seria	l No:							
Full Range	of Equipmen	t: t	ο ,			duations:		
Accuracy I	Requirement:				tandard Used			
				_	Sype:		Number:	
Full Rai (identify):	nge	Working Ra	nge	C	Calibration Da	ata: Found	☐As Adj	justed
			Secti	ior	ı I			
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)		(5)	Equipment	Standard	Error
Standard	Equipment	Standard*	Equipmen	nt	Standard*	Avg.	Avg.	
* Avg. of ((1) & (5) must	agree with (3), if not rep	pea	at until agree	ment is obtain	ed.	
			Secti	on	II			
Ice Point:								
Equipment		Error=		Not Applicable				
Section III								
Single Poir	nt Liquid-in-G	lass Thermo	meter Calib	ra	tions Only			
	itial Complete	Range Calib	oration:			nent Dispositi		
Applicable Acceptable Not Acceptable								
Remarks:								
Standardized by:				C	ionatura			
WAQTC NO.				Signature:				
PREVIOUS STANDARDIZATION DATE:				RE-STANDARDIZATION DUE DATE:				

Standardization Procedure No. ITD-S102

Pressure Type Concrete Air Meter Standardization

References: AASHTO T 152,

<u>Inspection Equipment Required:</u>

- 1. General purpose scale
- 2. Glass plate
- 3. Grease
- 4. Small flat screwdriver

Procedure:

- 1. Determine and record the mass of the base of the pressure meter and the glass plate together (W_1)
- 2. Apply a small amount of grease on the lip of the base and fill to the top with water. Carefully place the glass plate on top of the base removing excess water and being careful not to trap air under the plate. Slide as necessary. Wipe excess water from base and plate.
- 3. Determine and record the mass of the base, water, and glass plate together (W_2)
- 4. Subtract the mass of step I from the mass of step 3. This figure is the mass of water of the base (M)
- 5. Determine and record the mass of the 5% vessel, which comes with the pressure $meter(m_1)$
- 6. Fill the vessel to the top with water, determine and record mass on worksheet.(m₂)
- 7. Subtract the mass of Step 5 from the mass of Step 6 (m)
- 8. Determine R by dividing m by M times 100. R should equal 5%.
- 9. Next, screw the short piece of straight tubing into the threaded petcock hole on the underside of the cover. Clamp cover on the base with the tube extending down into the water.
- 10. With petcocks open, use the squeeze bulb and add water through the petcock with the pipe extension attached below, until all air is forced out of the opposite petcock.

- 11. Leaving both petcocks open, pump up air pressure to a point just beyond the predetermined initial pressure line (IP). Wait a few seconds for the compressed air to cool to normal temperature and then stabilize the gauge needle at the proper initial pressure line by pumping or bleeding off as needed.
- 12. Close both petcocks and immediately press down on the thumb lever exhausting air into the base. Wait a few seconds until the needle is fully stabilized. At this point, if all the air was eliminated, and the initial pressure line was correctly selected, the gauge should read 0%. If two or more consecutive tests show a consistent result that differs from the 0%, then change the initial pressure to compensate for the variation. Use the newly established initial pressure for subsequent tests.
- 13. Once the initial pressure is established and 0% air is achieved, then screw the curved tube into the outer end of the petcock which has the pipe extension attached below. Turn the nozzle in the downward position. Take the 5% calibrating vessel, (354 ml), which comes with the gauge and hold it under the nozzle of the tube, carefully press down on the thumb lever and control water flow with the petcock. Fill the vessel with water from the base. Do not overflow the vessel.
- 14. Open the free petcock and release the air. Open the other petcock and allow the water to run back into the base from the curved tube. There is now 5% air in the base.
- 15. With petcocks open, pump the air pressure up again in the exact same manner as described in step 12. Close petcocks and immediately press the thumb lever. Wait a few seconds for the exhaust air to warm to normal temperature and for the needle to stabilize. The dial should now read 5% (A).
- 16. If two or more tests show consistent readings that differ from the 5% in excess of 0.2%, then remove gauge glass and reset the dial needle to 5% by turning the calibration screw located just below and to the right of the dial center.
- 17. When the gauge needle reads correctly at 5%, then additional water may be removed in the same manner as in step 15, to check results at 10%, 15%, and 20%, etc.

Pressure Type Concrete Air Meter Standardization Record

Standardization Procedure: ITD-S102	Standardization Frequency: 3 months		
Meter Identification Number:	Date Standardized:		
Manufacturer:	Type·		

		J I		
Mfg. Serial No:	Model No:		Size:	
Calibration Balance Number:		Calibration Ves	ssel Number:	
Standardization Data:	As Found	As Adjus	eted	
STANDARDIZATION VESSEI	L			
Mass of Measure + Glass Plate: W_1 =		Mass of Measu W ₂ =	ure + Glass Plate + Water:	
Mass of Water in Vessel (m)		Mass. of Water	in Measure (M)	
$m_1 = mass\ Vessel =$		$\mathbf{M} = (\mathbf{W}_2) - (\mathbf{W}$	1) =	
$m_2 = mass \ Vessel + Water =$				
$\mathbf{m} = \mathbf{m}_2 - \mathbf{m}_1 =$				
Calculation of R:	$R = \frac{1}{(M)^2}$	$\frac{m}{(\times 100)}$	R=	
TYPE B METERS				
Air Content Standard (R) =	%	Initial Pressure (IP) per manufacturer or as determined =		
Air Content Reading of Meter ((A) = %	Meter Error (A	A-R) = %	
Disposition of Meter: Accep	otable	Maintenance Re	quired	
Remarks:				
Standardized by:		Signature:		
WAQTC NO.				
PREVIOUS STANDARDIZAT	ION DATE:	RE-STANDARDIZATION DUE DATE:		

Procedure No. ITD-S104

CAPPING COMPOUND CHECK

AASHTO T 231, ASTM C617

Purpose:

To check / verify the strength of sulphur capping compound. Sulphur compounds shall have a minimum compressive strength of 34 MPa, (5,000 psi).

<u>Inspection Equipment Required:</u>

- 1. Cube mold and base plate conforming to AASHTO T 106
- 2. Metal cover plate conforming in principal to the design shown in Fig. 1, of AASHTO T 231
- 3. Mineral oil
- 4. Brush
- 5. Sulphur capping compound
- 6. Sulphur capping compound heating pot
- 7. Metal ladle
- 8. Meal spoon
- 9. Medium size flat blade screwdriver
- 10. Medium slip joint pliers

Procedure:

- 1. With the brush, put a light coat of mineral oil on the mold surfaces which will be in contact with the capping material. Put the mold assembly together and let it come to room temperature, 20°C to 30°C, (68°F to 86°F).
- 2. Using a sulphur heating pot, bring the temperature of the capping material to within a range of 129°C to 143°C, (265°C to 290°F). At this temperature molten sulphur compound readily segregates, so using the metal spoon, stir the pot thoroughly before each use.
- 3. With the metal ladle, quickly fill each of the three mold compartments until the molten material reaches the top of the filling hole. Allow sufficient time for maximum shrinkage due to cooling and solidification, approximately 15 minutes, then refill each hole with molten material
- 4. After solidification is complete, remove the cubes from the mold without breaking off the knob formed by the filling hole. Remove oil, fins, and sharp edges which may have formed during the casting process.
- 5. Check the planeness of the bearing surfaces in the manner described in AASHTO T 106. After storage at room temperature for two (2) hours, test cubes in compression following the procedure described in AASHTO T 106 and calculate the compressive strength in megapascals, (pounds per square inch).

Capping Compound Check Record

Check Procedure: ITD-S104	Check Frequency: 12 months
Reference:	AASHTO T 231, Section 4

Equipment Ident No.	Check Date:		
Check Equipment			
Type:	Ident No. or Serial No.		
Type:	Ident No. or Serial No.		
Type:	Ident No. or Serial No.		
Type:	Ident No. or Serial No.		

	Size of	Cubes					
Cube #1 Cube#2 Cube#							
Width, inches							
Depth, inches							
Area, square inches							
Max Load, lbs							
Compressive Str, psi							
Average, psi		5,000 psi r	minimum				
Temperature of material		265° F to 290° F					

Name and Type of Capping Compound:

Remarks:						
Checked by:	Signature:					
WAQTC NO.						
PREVIOUS CHECK DATE:	RE-CHECK DUE DATE:					

Procedure No. ITD-S107

CYLINDER CAPPING MOLDS CHECK

AASHTO T 231

Purpose:

To check the planeness of cylinder capping molds.

<u>Inspection Equipment Needed:</u>

- 1. Straight Edge
- 2. Feeler Gauge 0.002" (0.05 mm)
- 3. Calipers readable to 0.0001"

Procedure:

- 1. Lay the straight edge across the face of the capping mold.
- 2. Try to fit the 0.002" (0.05 mm) feeler gauge between the straight edge and the face of the capping mold.
- 3. The feeler gauge should not slide in. If the gauge goes in, the mold will have to be machined until a planeness of less than 0.002" (0.05 mm) is achieved.
- 4. Repeat this procedure for the other plate.
- 5. Measure the diameter of the plate with the calipers. It should be 1" greater in diameter than the specimen. The plate should be at least 1/2" thick.
- 6. Report the results on the report form.

Tolerances:

All capping plates, when new, shall not depart from plane by more than 0.002" (0.05mm) in any 6" of diameter. Used plates should be free of gouges and groves greater than 0.010" deep or 0.05 sq. in. in surface area.

CYLINDER CAPPING MOLDS CHECK

Check Procedure: ITD-S107 Check Frequency: 12 months

Reference: AASHTO T 231

Equipment Ident No.		Check Date:			
Check Equipment					
Type:		Ident No. or Serial No.			
Type:		Ident No. or Serial No.			
Type:		Ident No. or Serial No.			
Type:		Ident No. or Serial No.			
Machined metal plate is at least ½ in. thick	Plate is 1 in. greater in diameter than specimen	Surface does not depart from plane more than grooves 0.002 in. in 6 in.			
2 in					
2 in					
2 in					
3 in					
4 in					
4 in					
4 in					
6 in					
6 in					
Action Recommended: Repair		Replace No Ac	tion		
Remarks:					
Checked by:		Signature:			
WAQTC NO.					
PREVIOUS CHECK DAT	E:	RE-CHECK DUE DATE:			

Procedure No. ITD-S 103

BEARING BLOCKS CHECK

AASHTO T 106

Purpose:

To check the planeness of bearing blocks.

<u>Inspection Equipment Needed:</u>

- 1. Straight Edge
- 2. Feeler Gauge 0.001" (0.025 mm)

Procedure:

- 1. Lay straight edge across the face of upper bearing block.
- 2. Try to fit the 0.001 " (0.025 mm) feeler gauge between the straight edge and the face of the bearing block.
- 3. The feeler gauge should not slide in. If the gauge goes in. the block will have to be machined until a planeness of less than 0.001" (0.025 mm) is achieved.
- 4. Repeat this procedure for the bottom block.
- 5. Report the results on the report form.

Tolerances:

All bearing blocks, when new, shall not depart from plane by more than 0.0005" (0.013 mm) and they shall be maintained at 0.001" (0.025 mm). If the bearing block is larger than 6" in diameter, they shall be maintained at 0.001" (0.025 mm) in any 6" of diameter.

BEARING BLOCKS CHECK

Check Procedure: ITD-S103	Check Frequency: 12 months
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Reference: AASHTO T 106										
Equipment Ident No.					Check Date:					
Check Equipment										
Type:					Ide	ent No. o	r Serial N	0.		
Type:					Ide	ent No. o	r Serial N	0.		
Type:					Ide	ent No. o	r Serial N	0.		
Type:					Ide	ent No. o	r Serial N	0.		
Machine Capacity	Top No. 1 No. 2 No. 3					3 No. 4	No.5	Action		
	Readings							Repair	Replace	None
	Pass							- 🗆		
Test	Fail									
Machine Size:		·								
SIZC.	Bottom Readings	No. 1	No. 2	No.	3	No. 4	No.5			
	Pass									
	Fail									
		•					•			
Remarks:										
Checked by:				Si	gnature:					
WAQTC NO.										
PREVIOUS CHECK DATE:					RE-CHECK DUE DATE:					

CUBE MOLD (2" X 2") CHECK RECORD

Check Procedure: ASTM C109- (year)			Check Frequency: 12 month				
Mold Identification	Number:		Check Date:				
Check Standard:			Serial No:				
Type:							
			(a) Planenes	ss: 0.002" maximun	n deviation		
Accuracy Requirem	nents for Molds:		(b) Opposite	e Face Dimension: 1	.98" to 2.02"		
			(c) Height:	1.985" to 2.01"			
Condition of Molds	:: Acceptable		Unacceptable	e			
Compartment	Planeness*	Opposite Face Dimension			Height Avg.		
Number		Position #1		Position #2			
1	□S □U						
2	□S □U						
3	□S □U						
* S - Satisfactory	U = Unsat	tisfactor	y				
NOTE: Assure that each cube mold half is matched with the corresponding half (i.e., by serial number) before performing verification check.							
Remarks:							
Checked by:			Signature:				
WAQTC NO.							
PREVIOUS CHEC	K DATE:		RE-CHECK DUE DATE:				

CONCRETE CAPPING STAND CHECK RECORD

Check Procedure: ASTM C617- (year)	Check F	requency: 12 (Months)
Equipment Ident No.	Check Date:	
Check Equipment		
Type:	Ident No. or Serial No.	
Type:	Ident No. or Serial No.	
Type:	Ident No. or Serial No.	
Type:	Ident No. or Serial No.	
VERIFICATION ITEMS	Results *	
1. General Condition		□S □U
2. Perpendicularity of alignment bars (1/8" in 12	", max.)	□S □U
3. Bottom Plate Thickness (½" min.)		□S □U
4. Cap To Specimen Center (1/16" max. deviation	on)	□S □U
* Indicate: S - For Satisfactory;	U - For Unsatisfactory	1
Capping Stand Disposition:	table	
Remarks:		
Checked by:	Signature:	
WAQTC NO.		
PREVIOUS CHECK DATE:	RE-CHECK DUE DATE	Ξ:

Worksheet 33

UNBONDED CAP RETAINING RING CHECK RECORD

Check Requirements: ASTM C1231- year	Check Frequency	iency: 12 Months				
Equipment Ident No.	Check Date:					
Check Ed	quipment					
Type:	Ident No. or Serial No.					
Type:	Ident No. or Serial No.					
Type:	Ident No. or Serial No.					
Type:	Ident No. or Serial No.					
VERIFICATION IT	EMS	Results *				
1. General Condition	□S □U					
2. Inside diameter measures between 102 of the cylinder.	□S □U					
3. Planeness of surfaces (within ± 0.002 ")) that contact Bearing Blocks S U					
4. Bearing surfaces of the retainers shall indentations > 0.010 in. deep or > 0.05		□S □U				
* Indicate: S - For Satisfactory;	U - For Unsatisfactory					
Retainer Ring Disposition:	☐ Not Acceptable					
Remarks:						
Checked by:	Signature:					
WAQTC NO.						
PREVIOUS CHECK DATE:	RE-CHECK DUE DATE:					

UNBONDED CAP CHECK RECORD

Check Requirements: ASTM C1231- year)	Check Frequency: 12 Mon				
Equipment Ident No.	Check Date:				
Check Ed					
Type:					
Type:	Ident No. or Serial No.				
Type:					
Type:	e: Ident No. or Serial No.				
	1				
CHECK ITEMS	Results *				
Unbonded Cap(s) indicate Manufactu hardness, applicable concrete compress	□s □u				
2. Documentation / records indicating t service, cap hardness / durometer, number 1.	□s □u				
(1) Maximum number of tests per set of caps: 1	00.				
* Indicate: S - For Satisfactory;	U - For Unsatisfactory				
Unbonded cap Disposition:					
Remarks:					
Checked by:	Signature:				
WAQTC NO.					
PREVIOUS CHECK DATE:	RE-CHECK DUE DATE:				

Procedure No. ITD-D-44

Procedure for Verification of Angle Measurement Instrument (RAM) Calibration

AASHTO T 344, ASTM D7115

Equipment Required:

- 3. Rapid Angle Measurement Kit; includes a Rapid Angle Measurement (RAM) instrument and Calibration Tube.
- 4. Each RAM shall have the verification of calibration performed using the kit Calibration Tube before each use.
- 5. Temperature of the RAM and calibration Tube must be the same.

Tolerance:

Plus or minus 0.01.

Procedure:

A log shall be kept with the unit. This log will include:

- 7. The serial numbers for both the RAM and Calibration Tube
- 8. Manufactures certificate of calibration date from the Calibration Tube (not to exceed 12 months)
- 9. Manufactures certificate of calibration date from the RAM (not to exceed 36 months)
- 10. Calibration angle (etched on the Calibration Tube)
- 11. Date of Verification of calibration / use date
- 12. Temperature
 - a. RAM and Calibration Tube (must be the same)
- 13. Reading(s) from RAM unit
 - a. Verification shall be 3 readings performed and recorded.

If the RAM unit fails the verification process, fails to produce the same answer as is inscribed on the Calibration Tube, perform the following.

Re-calibrate the RAM unit following the PINE operating instructions. Once the unit is re-calibrated perform 3 verifications. If at this point the RAM is not verifying calibration the RAM and Calibration Tube shall be sent to PINE for Calibration.

Schedule:

- RAM Calibration Tube calibration verified by PINE every 12 months.
- RAM recalibration by manufacture every 90 uses but not exceed 36 months.

Superpave Gyratory Compactor (SGC) Internal Angle Measurement Verification Form

Calibration Verification Procedure: ITD-D-44 Calibration Verification Frequency: 12 months

	Angle Measurement Instrument Information							
	(For Use with Pine Instruments Superpave Gyratory Compactor)							
Serial No:					Calibration Date			
Model No:					Calibration Due:			
Eccentricity (mm):					RAM Temperatu			
		1		_			Within Spec	Out of Spec
	1	2	3		AVE.	Difference:		
Verification Readings	s:							
Spec. +/- 0.01								
Remarks:								
Calibration Verification by:			S	Sign	ature:			
WAQTC NO.								
PREVIOUS CALIE DATE:	BRATION V	ERIFICAT		E- AT I		N VERIFIC	CATION	DUE

RAM Instrument Calibration Verification Record

Calibration Verification Procedure: ITD-D-44 Calibration Verification Frequency: As noted

				Angle Meas	sure Instrume	ent RAM					
Make	and Model	Serial Number for RAM		Serial Number for Calibration Tube			Calibration Angle of Tube	Eccentric	eity (mm)		
Certification Date of RAM			Ce	Certification Date of Calibration Tube				Temperature of RAM & Tube			
Verification							T	Dicc	Spec: +/- 0.01		
Date	Ву	Reading	g 1	Reading 2	Reading 3	Average		Difference (ccentricity. – Ave.)	Within Spec	Out of Spec	

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