

# CORN Growth and Development

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# Corn Growth Stages

- Vegetative (V)
- Reproductive (R)



How a Corn Plant Develops, Special Report No. 48  
Iowa State University

<http://www.agronext.iastate.edu/corn/production/management/growth/>



## Corn Emergence (VE) ... almost

Emergence occurs when the plant pokes through the soil surface.





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## VE (Emergence)

The collar of the first leaf is still wrapped tightly around the stalk.  
Once the collar opens, the young plant will be at VI

# Corn Growth Stages: Vegetative

**V3**

3 Collars

**V6**

6 collars

**V12**

12 collars

**V15**

15 collars

**VT**

tassel

# Corn Growth Stages

**V3**

3 Collars

**Nodal roots active.  
Growing point below ground**

**V6**

6 collars

**Growing point above ground.  
Tassel and ear development starting.**

**V12**

12 collars

**Ear size, kernel size and kernel number being  
determined.  
Limits on water and/or nutrients will reduce yields.**

# Corn Growth Stages

**V15**

15 collars

**Rapid growth, about 10 to 12 days before silking.  
Most sensitive to stress.**

**VT**

tassel

**Last tassel branch is visible but prior to silking.  
Complete leaf loss will cause nearly 100% yield loss.**





## Corn Growth Stages

Comparing visible collars to actual nodes.

Tassel and ear development start early.



# Corn Growth Stages: Reproductive

<b>R1</b> Silking	
<b>R2</b> Blister	
<b>R4</b> Dough	
<b>R5</b> Dent	
<b>R6</b> Physiological Maturity	

# Corn Growth Stages

<b>R1</b> <b>Silking</b>	<p><b>N and P uptake are rapid.</b></p> <p><b>About 50% of total N is taken up after R1.</b></p> <p><b>K uptake is nearly complete.</b></p> <p><b>Water needed for pollination.</b></p> <p><b>Pollination occurs.</b></p>
<b>R2</b> <b>Blister</b>	<p><b>Ear size nearly complete.</b></p> <p><b>Silks begin to dry out.</b></p> <p><b>A miniature corn plant is being formed in each fertilized kernel.</b></p>



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## **R1: Silking.**

Silks remained attached to the ovules until after the ovule is pollinated.



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## R1 Silking

Corn needs to capture as much light as possible by R1 to maximize yield.



# Corn Growth Stages

**R4**

**Dough**

**Kernels have accumulated  $\frac{1}{2}$  of total dry weight.**

**Five leaves have formed in the kernel.**

**R5**

**Dent**

**Most kernels have dented and are near 55% moisture at start.**

**Starch layer has formed and progresses down the kernel.**

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**R5**

# Corn Growth Stages

## R6

Physiological  
**Maturity**

**Blacklayer has formed at bottom of kernel.  
Kernel is about 30 to 35% moisture.**



# Corn Growing Degree Days

- Each day has a slightly different average temperature.
  - Temperature affects corn growth rate.
  - GDDs attempt to relate temperature to corn growth rate.
- Corn Growing Degree Day (GDD)
    - Base 50 °F
    - Max 86 °F
    - Min 50 °F
  - GDD = Average daily temp minus base temp
    - Average temp with Max of 86 °F and Min of 50 °F
    - Base temp of 50 °F



# Calculating Corn GDDs

- GDD
  - Base 50 °F
  - Max 86 °F
  - Min 50 °F
- Example 1:
    - High: 75 Low: 55
    - Average Daily Temp =  $(75+55)/2=65$
    - $65 - 50 = 15$  GDDs
  - Example 2:
    - High: 98 Low: 66
    - Average Daily Temp =  $(86+66)/2=76$
    - $76 - 50 = 26$  GDDs

Max Temp: 86 used in calculation

# Corn Growing Degree Days

<b>Corn Maturity (Days)</b>	<b>GDD</b>
<b>85 to 100</b>	<b>2100 – 2400</b>
<b>101 to 130</b>	<b>2400 – 2800</b>
<b>131 to 145</b>	<b>2900 – 3200</b>

## **GDD Requirements of a 2700 GDD Hybrid**

<b>Growth Stage</b>	<b>GDD</b>
<b>V2</b>	<b>200</b>
<b>V6</b>	<b>475</b>
<b>V12</b>	<b>870</b>
<b>VT</b>	<b>1135</b>
<b>R1</b>	<b>1400</b>
<b>R6</b>	<b>2700</b>

From NCH-40 Growing Season Characteristics and Requirements in the Corn Belt. National Corn Handbook.

# Planting Date and GDDs

Hybrid: DKC66-96, 116 day relative maturity  
1350 GDDs to mid-pollination; 2820 GDDs to Black Layer

Planting Date (Henderson, KY)	Expected GDD's accumulated by:	
	July 31	Aug 31
April 1	2512	3289
April 15	2335	3112
May 1	2121	2898
May 15	1896	2672
June 1	1548	2325

From University of Kentucky Ag Weather Center: <http://www.wagwx.ca.uky.edu/>  
Corn Growing Degree Day calculator: [http://www.wagwx.ca.uky.edu/cgi-bin/cropdd\\_www.pl](http://www.wagwx.ca.uky.edu/cgi-bin/cropdd_www.pl)  
Expected GDD's based on 30-year weather data

# Planting Date and GDDs

Hybrid: DKC66-96, 116 day relative maturity  
1350 GDDs to mid-pollination; 2820 GDDs to Black Layer

Planting Date (Bowling Green, KY)	Expected GDD's accumulated by:	
	July 31	Aug 31
April 1	2411	3150
April 15	2225	2965
May 1	1993	2732
May 15	1797	2536
June 1	1483	2223

From University of Kentucky Ag Weather Center: <http://www.wagwx.ca.uky.edu/>  
Corn Growing Degree Day calculator: [http://www.wagwx.ca.uky.edu/cgi-bin/cropdd\\_www.pl](http://www.wagwx.ca.uky.edu/cgi-bin/cropdd_www.pl)  
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## Corn Ears: Good and Bad



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