	IN THE SUPERIOR COURT FOR THE STATE OF ALASKA
	AT
)
Plain	tiff,
VS.	·
vs.	}
Defe	ndant. Case No
	}
	FINDINGS OF FACT AND CONCLUSIONS OF LAW (DIVORCE WITH CHILDREN AND PROPERTY)
	Trial in this case was held on
	Settlement was placed on the record on
	Default hearing in this case was held on
Plain	tiff: did not appear appeared in person appeared remotely Plaintiff was represented by self attorney
Defe	ndant: did not appear appeared in person appeared remotely Defendant was represented by self attorney
The I	record shows the Defendant was served with summons and complaint for divorce, and Defendant did not file an answer or otherwise defend, and the matter proceeded by default. Uncontested: Defendant in joined in signing the complaint if filed an answer and did not contest the facts alleged or prayer for relief in the complaint. Settlement: Defendant filed an answer and the parties settled all issues. Contested: Defendant filed an answer and the parties proceeded to trial.
	court considered testimony and examined any evidence or agreements presented. The now makes the findings of fact and conclusions of law:
	FINDINGS OF FACT
	KGROUND
1.	Plaintiff Defendant is a resident of the State of Alaska.
2.	The parties married in on on
3.	The parties permanently separated on
4.	An incompatibility of temperament exists between the parties which makes it impossible for them to remain together as a married couple.
5.	☐ Plaintiff asks to restore this prior name:
_	1.60

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6.	 No evidence of domestic violence was offered and the regarding domestic violence. Neither parent has a history of committing domestic vi The ☐ Plaintiff ☐ Defendant has a history of comm AS 25.24.150(g), and the statutory presumption again ☐ was overcome. ☐ was not overcome. ☐ do Both parents have a history of committing domestic views 	olence under AS 25.24.150(g). itting domestic violence under st custody: pes not apply.
7.	Other:	
CHI 1.	The following child(ren) was(were) born to, or adopted by during the marriage: Child's Full Name	, the parties before and/or Date of Birth
	☐ Plaintiff ☐ Defendant is currently pregnant.	
2.	 The court has jurisdiction over the child(ren). The child(ren) resided in Alaska for at least six consbefore the complaint was filed in this case. When the complaint was filed, there was no other sigurisdiction under the <i>Uniform Child Custody Jurisdic</i> Other 	tate with greater rights to ction and Enforcement Act.
3.	The court considered the statutory factors set forth in AS appropriate, and finds that the best interests of the child(Agreement of the parties set forth separately and in Agreement of the parties described below. The court's determination set forth separately and in The court's determination described below. If announced on the record, the following can be found a Media # Beg. Log # End Log #	ren) will be served by: corporated here by reference. ncorporated here by reference.
_	e 2 of 8 800 (8/21)(cs)	
	· / / / · / /	

4.	Deci	sion Making (legal custody): <u>Joint:</u> The parents can communicate and make major decisions regarding the child(ren)'s education, healthcare, religious training, and other major decisions. <u>Sole:</u> It is difficult for the parents to make joint decisions regarding the children, so Plaintiff Defendant will make major decisions regarding the child(ren)'s education healthcare, religious training, and other major decisions. The decision-making parent must inform the other parent about major decisions affecting the child(ren).
	Both	parents should be listed on all educational and medical records.
	the decis	to Day Decisions: Each parent may make decisions regarding the day-to-day care of child(ren) while they are with that parent. Either parent may make emergency sions affecting the children's health and safety and must notify the other parent oon as possible.
5.	Pare	Inting Schedule (physical custody): The schedule is set forth separately and incorporated here by reference. The regular schedule is set forth below:
		The vacation schedule differs from the regular schedule and is set forth below:
		The holiday schedule differs from the regular schedule and is set forth below:

6.	Neither parent should speak badly about the other parent in front of the child(ren). Neither parent should allow anyone else to speak badly about the other parent of members of their family in front of the child(ren). The parents should not discuss the court case or custody matters with the child(ren), or show them court papers at any time.
7.	Best interest and other findings about the child(ren). [Use this space to make specific findings on the AS 25.24.150(c) best interest factors or incorporate findings made elsewhere in the record.]
8.	Other

6.

CHILD SUPPORT

1.	Child	d and medical support should
	Ш	Be ordered in accordance with Alaska Civil Rule 90.3. The parenting time scheduled listed above is:
		Primary to plaintiff Primary to defendant
		Shared by parties
		Divided custody
		Plaintiff has primary custody of
		Defendant has primary custody of
		Hybrid custody
		Plaintiff has primary custody ofDefendant has primary custody of
		Parties to share physical custody of
		Vary from the child support award calculated under Civil Rule 90.3 because:
		If not varied, amount of support that would be required \$
		Estimated value of property awarded instead of support \$
2.	Alasi	ka Permanent Fund Dividend (PFD).
		☐ Plaintiff ☐ Defendant should timely apply for the child(ren)'s PFD each year. The
	<u>ch</u> ild	l(ren)'s PFD funds:
		May be spent for the child(ren)'s health education, and welfare.
		Should be saved in an interest-bearing account in both parent's names and both
		parents should have access to all statements from the account. Other
	Ш	Otilei
3.	Alasl	ka Native Claims Settlement Act (ANCSA) Dividends.
	The	☐ Plaintiff ☐ Defendant should timely apply for the child(ren)'s ANCSA dividends.
		May be spent for the child(ren)'s health education, and welfare.
		Should be saved in an interest-bearing account in both parent's names and both
		parents should have access to all statements from the account.
		Other
4.	Chilo	d Tax Credit.
		The Plaintiff Defendant will claim the child(ren) every year.
		Every year, Plaintiff will claim the following child(ren)
		and Defendant will claim the following child(ren)
		The parents will claim the child(ren) in alternating years with:
		Plaintiff Defendant claiming the child(ren) for odd-numbered tax years such
		as 2019 and 2021, and the other parent claiming them for even-numbered tax years such as 2020 and 2022.
		Other:
	The	parties will provide each other with a signed IRS Form 8332, if needed, by February 1
		nat it may be timely filed with the IRS. This may be modified without a court order if
		parties agree in writing. As required by AS 25.24.232. The parent who has physical
		ody of the child(ren) for a period less than the other parent may not claim the tax

support payments in an amount more than four times the monthly child support obligation. 5. A child and medical support order should be entered and incorporated here by reference. 6. Other: PROPERTY ALLOCATION Assets and debts to be awarded to plaintiff Plaintiff should retain all assets and debts now in plaintiff's possession and control. Plaintiff should be awarded the following property and allocated the following debt: Assets Awarded to Plaintiff Value (\$) Debts Allocated to Plaintiff Value (\$) Total value of assets to plaintiff

benefits in any tax year if on December 31 of that year the parent was behind in child

<u>Less</u> value of debts to plaintiff Equals net value to plaintiff

	Defendant should be awarded the following property and alloca	ica the foli	
	Assets Awarded to Defendant	Value (<i>\$)</i>
	Debts Allocated to Defendant	Value (<i>\$)</i>
•	Total value of assets to defendant		
	Less value of debts to defendant Equals net value to defendant		
debt a	Less value of debts to defendant Equals net value to defendant considering the factors in AS 25.24.160, the court finds that the allocation is fair and equitable requires the following cash nd equitable: Plaintiff to pay to defendant the amount of \$	e above pro	order
fair ar		n offset in c	c
debt a	Less value of debts to defendant Equals net value to defendant considering the factors in AS 25.24.160, the court finds that the allocation is fair and equitable requires the following cash nd equitable: Plaintiff to pay to defendant the amount of \$	e above pro	order
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fair ar		n offset in c	d

CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

A.		The court has personal jurisdiction over matter jurisdiction over the marriage,		ubject
B.		A decree of divorce should be issued for existing between the parties.	prever severing the bonds of matrimor	ny now
C.		It is in the child(ren)'s best interest to above.	award custody and visitation as set fo	rth
D.		Child and medical support should be o order should be entered without delay		port
E.		Property and debt(s) should be allocat equitable.	ed as set forth above, which is fair and	d
F.		The plaintiff's prior name should be retained to the defendant's prior name should be		
G.		Other conclusion(s) of law:		
ENT	ERED	this day	of	, 20
Po	comm	nended for approval:		
110	COMM	тепией тог аррточат.	JUDGE OF THE SUPERIOR COURT	
Su	perior	Court Master Date		
			Print or Type Name	
		nat on this document was sent or given to:		
Clerl	<:			

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT FOR THE STATE OF ALASKA AT $___$

	ý
VS.)
) Case No
Defendar	nt.) DIVORCE DECREE AND JUDGMENT
	EREBY ORDERED, ADJUDGED, AND DECREED as follows:
1.	A divorce decree is entered forever severing the bonds of matrimony now existin between the parties.
2.	Decision making and the parenting schedule for the minor child(ren) is ordered a
3.	set forth in the <i>Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law</i> . Child and medical support is ordered as set forth in the <i>Child Support Order</i> and it
4.	the child support section of the <i>Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law</i> . Property and debt(s) are divided as set forth in the <i>Findings of Fact and Conclusion</i>
4	of Law.
5.	Within days, the parties shall divide all property and debt as listed in the <i>Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law</i> . This includes exchanging all property between each other, signing all paperwork needed to transfer property or debt, and the property or debt, and the property or debt, and debt
6.	anything else needed to divide the property and debt. The Plaintiff Defendant is ordered to pay the Plaintiff Defendant
	the amount of \$ by(date) If not paid by the
7.	the amount of \$ by(date) If not paid by the date, it becomes a judgment with an interest rate of% each year. The plaintiff's prior name is restored to
7.	date, it becomes a judgment with an interest rate of% each year.
	date, it becomes a judgment with an interest rate of% each year. The plaintiff's prior name is restored to The defendant's prior name is restored to
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8.	date, it becomes a judgment with an interest rate of% each year. The plaintiff's prior name is restored to The defendant's prior name is restored to Other: Other: mended for approval:
8. ENTERED	date, it becomes a judgment with an interest rate of% each year. The plaintiff's prior name is restored to The defendant's prior name is restored to Other: Other: Difficulty the plaintiff's prior name is restored to Other: JUDGE OF THE SUPERIOR COURT