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Foreword

The *DASH Implementation Requirements* (DSP0232) was prepared by the Desktop and Mobile Working Group of the DMTF.

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Introduction

This specification describes the conformance requirements for implementing the Desktop and Mobile Architecture for System Hardware (DASH) version 1.1.

DASH Implementation Requirements

1 Scope

This document describes the requirements for implementing the Desktop and Mobile Architecture for System Hardware version 1.1. This document does not define the implementation requirements directly. In clause 5, the mandatory profile specifications to be implemented are defined. In clause 6, the optional and conditional profile specifications are defined. Clauses 7, 8, 9, and 10 define the protocol, security, discovery, and management traffic requirements, respectively.

2 Normative References

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

2.1 Approved References

DMTF DSP0136, *Alert Standard Forma*t Specification *2.0*,
http://www.dmtf.org/standards/documents/ASF/DSP0136_2.0.pdf

DMTF DSP0226, *Web Services for Management 1.0*,
http://www.dmtf.org/standards/published_documents/DSP0226_1.0.pdf

DMTF DSP0227, *WS-Management CIM Binding Specification 1.0*,
http://www.dmtf.org/standards/published_documents/DSP0227_1.0.pdf

DMTF DSP0230, *WS-CIM Mapping Specification 1.0,*
http://www.dmtf.org/standards/published_documents/DSP0230_1.0.pdf

DMTF DSP1009, *Sensors Profile 1.0*,
http://www.dmtf.org/standards/published_documents/DSP1009_1.0.pdf

DMTF DSP1011, *Physical Asset Profile 1.0*,
http://www.dmtf.org/standards/published_documents/DSP1011_1.0.pdf

DMTF DSP1012, *Boot Control Profile 1.0*,
http://www.dmtf.org/standards/published_documents/DSP1012_1.0.pdf

DMTF DSP1013, *Fan Profile 1.0,*
http://www.dmtf.org/standards/published_documents/DSP1013_1.0.pdf

DMTF DSP1014, *Ethernet Port Profile, 1.0,*
http://www.dmtf.org/standards/published_documents/DSP1014_1.0.pdf

DMTF DSP1015, *Power Supply Profile 1.0*,
http://www.dmtf.org/standards/published_documents/DSP1015_1.0.pdf

DMTF DSP1022, *CPU Profile 1.0*,
http://www.dmtf.org/standards/published_documents/DSP1022_1.0.pdf

DMTF DSP1023, *Software Inventory Profile 1.0*,
http://www.dmtf.org/standards/published_documents/DSP1023_1.0.pdf

DMTF DSP1024, *Text Console Redirection Profile 1.0,*
http://www.dmtf.org/standards/published_documents/DSP1024_1.0.pdf

DMTF DSP1025, *Software Update Profile 1.0,*
http://www.dmtf.org/standards/published_documents/DSP1025_1.0.pdf

DMTF DSP1026, *System Memory Profile 1.0*,
http://www.dmtf.org/standards/published_documents/DSP1026_1.0.pdf

DMTF DSP1027, *Power State Management Profile 1.0*,
http://www.dmtf.org/standards/published_documents/DSP1027_1.0.pdf

DMTF DSP1029, *OS Status Profile 1.0,*
http://www.dmtf.org/standards/published_documents/DSP1029_1.0.pdf

DMTF DSP1030, *Battery Profile 1.0,*
http://www.dmtf.org/standards/published_documents/DSP1030_1.0.pdf

DMTF DSP1033, *Profile Registration Profile 1.0*,
http://www.dmtf.org/standards/published_documents/DSP1033_1.0.pdf

DMTF DSP1034, *Simple Identity Management Profile 1.0*,
http://www.dmtf.org/standards/published_documents/DSP1034_1.0.pdf

DMTF DSP1035, *Host LAN Network Port Profile 1.0,*
http://www.dmtf.org/standards/published_documents/DSP1035_1.0.pdf

DMTF DSP1036, *IP Interface Profile 1.0,*
http://www.dmtf.org/standards/published_documents/DSP1036_1.0.pdf

DMTF DSP1037, *DHCP Client Profile 1.0,*
http://www.dmtf.org/standards/published_documents/DSP1037_1.0.pdf

DMTF DSP1038, *DNS Client Profile 1.0,*
http://www.dmtf.org/standards/published_documents/DSP1038_1.0.pdf

DMTF DSP1039, *Role Based Authorization Profile 1.0*,
http://www.dmtf.org/standards/published_documents/DSP1039_1.0.pdf

DMTF DSP1054, *Indications Profile 1.0,*
http://www.dmtf.org/standards/published_documents/DSP1054_1.0.pdf

DMTF DSP1058, *Base Desktop and Mobile Profile 1.0*,
http://www.dmtf.org/standards/published_documents/DSP1058_1.0.pdf

DMTF DSP1061, *BIOS Management Profile 1.0,*
http://www.dmtf.org/standards/published_documents/DSP1061_1.0.pdf

DMTF DSP1070, *Opaque Management Data Profile 1.0,*
http://www.dmtf.org/standards/published_documents/DSP1070_1.0.pdf

DMTF DSP1076, *KVM Redirection 1.0,*
http://www.dmtf.org/standards/published_documents/DSP1076_1.0.pdf

DMTF DSP1077, *USB Redirection Profile 1.0,*
http://www.dmtf.org/standards/published_documents/DSP1077_1.0.pdf

DMTF DSP1086, *Media Redirection Profile 1.0,*
http://www.dmtf.org/standards/published_documents/DSP1086_1.0.pdf

DMTF DSP8007 *Platform Message Registry 1.0,*
http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/messageregistry/1/dsp8007_1.0.xml

DMTF DSP8030, DASH Namespace Schema 1.0, http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/dash/1/dash.xsd

IETF RFC 2246, T. Dierks et al., *The TLS Protocol Version 1.0*, http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc2246.txt

IETF RFC 4106, J. Viega and D. McGrew, *The Use of Galois/Counter Mode (GCM) in IPsec Encapsulating Security Payload (ESP)*, http://www.rfc-editor.org/rfc/rfc4106.txt

IETF RFC 4301, S. Kent, *Security Architecture for the Internet Protocol*, http://www.rfc-editor.org/rfc/rfc4301.txt

IETF RFC 4303, S. Kent, *IP Encapsulating Security Payload*, http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc4303.txt

2.2 Other References

ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2, *Rules for the structure and drafting of International Standards*, http://isotc.iso.org/livelink/livelink.exe?func=ll&objId=4230456&objAction=browse&sort=subtype

3 Terms and Definitions

For the purposes of this document, the following terms and definitions apply.

3.1
can
used for statements of possibility and capability, whether material, physical, or causal

3.2
cannot
used for statements of possibility and capability, whether material, physical, or causal

3.3
conditional
indicates requirements to be followed strictly in order to conform to the document when the specified conditions are met

3.4
mandatory
indicates requirements to be followed strictly in order to conform to the document and from which no deviation is permitted

3.5
may
indicates a course of action permissible within the limits of the document

3.6
need not
indicates a course of action permissible within the limits of the document

3.7
optional
indicates a course of action permissible within the limits of the document

3.8
shall
indicates requirements to be followed strictly in order to conform to the document and from which no deviation is permitted

3.9
shall not
indicates requirements to be followed in order to conform to the document and from which no deviation is permitted

3.10
should
indicates that among several possibilities, one is recommended as particularly suitable, without mentioning or excluding others, or that a certain course of action is preferred but not necessarily required

3.11
should not

indicates that a certain possibility or course of action is deprecated but not prohibited

4 Symbols and Abbreviated Terms

The following symbols and abbreviations are used in this document.

4.1
ASF
Alert Standard Format

4.2
IANA
Internet Assigned Numbers Authority

4.3
IP
Internet Protocol

4.4
MAC
Media Access Control

4.5
MAP
Management Access Point

4.6
RMCP
Remote Management and Control Protocol

4.7
TCP
Transmission Control Protocol

4.8
TLS
Transport Layer Security

4.9
UDP
User Datagram Protocol

158 **4.10**
159 **URI**
160 Uniform Resource Identifier

161 **4.11**
162 **WS**
163 Web Services

164 5 Mandatory Profiles and Specifications

165 The mandatory profiles and specifications shown in Table 1 shall be implemented in accordance with this
166 specification.

167 **Table 1 – Mandatory Profiles and Specifications**

Name	Number	Version	Description
Base Desktop and Mobile Profile	DSP1058	1.0	
Profile Registration Profile	DSP1033	1.0	
Role Based Authorization Profile	DSP1039	1.0	
Simple Identity Management Profile	DSP1034	1.0	
WS-Management Specification	DSP0226	1.0	
WS-Management CIM Binding Specification	DSP0227	1.0	
WS-CIM Mapping Specification	DSP0230	1.0	

6 Optional Profiles

The optional profiles shown in Table 2 may be implemented. When a profile is implemented, the requirements specified in this section shall be met.

Table 2 – Optional Profiles

Name	Number	Version	Description
Battery Profile	DSP1030	1.0	
BIOS Management Profile	DSP1061	1.0	
Boot Control Profile	DSP1012	1.0	
CPU Profile	DSP1022	1.0	
DHCP Client Profile	DSP1037	1.0	
DNS Client Profile	DSP1038	1.0	
Ethernet Port Profile	DSP1014	1.0	
Fan Profile	DSP1013	1.0	
Host LAN Network Port Profile	DSP1035	1.0	
Indications Profile	DSP1054	1.0	An instance of one of the concrete subclasses of CIM_Indication shall be the payload of a WS-Eventing message. The contents for AlertIndication should be drawn from *Platform Message Registry* (DSP8007). It is recommended that any vendor-specific messages are formulated with a published message registry with the owning entity other than the DMTF. Vendor-specific messages should be defined in a vendor-specific message registry that is conformant with the DMTF Message Registry Schema, as defined in DSP4006.
IP Interface Profile	DSP1036	1.0	
KVM Redirection Profile	DSP1076	1.0	
Media Redirection Profile	DSP1086	1.0	
Opaque Management Data Profile	DSP1070	1.0	
OS Status Profile	DSP1029	1.0	
Physical Asset Profile	DSP1011	1.0	
Power State Management Profile	DSP1027	1.0	
Power Supply Profile	DSP1015	1.0	
Sensors Profile	DSP1009	1.0	
Software Inventory Profile	DSP1023	1.0	
Software Update Profile	DSP1025	1.0	
System Memory Profile	DSP1026	1.0	
Text Console Redirection Profile	DSP1024	1.0	
USB Redirection Profile	DSP1077	1.0	

7 Protocol Implementation Requirements

A DASH-compliant implementation shall use a CIM-based data model for representing managed resources and services. This section describes the Management Protocol and Transport Protocol requirements for a DASH implementation.

7.1 Management Protocol

It is mandatory for DASH implementations to use the protocol defined in *Web Services for Management Specification* (DSP0226) as the management protocol for supporting operations. The implementation of the Web Services Management protocol shall expose CIM schema.

7.1.1 XML Namespaces

The following URI identifies an XML namespace that contains DASH-specific XML definitions

```
(1)   http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/dash/1/dash.xsd
```

7.1.2 WS-Transfer

It is mandatory for DASH implementations to support WS-Transfer as described in clause 7 of DSP0226. Table 3 defines support for WS-Transfer operations and their respective DASH requirements.

Table 3 – WS-Transfer Operations

Operation	Requirement	Notes
Get	Mandatory	This operation retrieves resource representations.
Put	Conditional	This operation updates resources. If an implemented profile requires ModifyInstance support, the Put operation shall be supported to fulfill that requirement.
Create	Conditional	This operation creates resource instances. If an implemented profile requires CreateInstance support, the Create operation shall be supported.
Delete	Conditional	This operation deletes resources. If an implemented profile requires DeleteInstance support, the Delete operation shall be supported.

7.1.3 WS-Enumeration

It is mandatory for DASH implementations to support WS-Enumeration as described in clause 8 of DSP0226. Table 4 defines support for WS-Enumeration operations and their respective DASH requirements.

Table 4 – WS-Enumeration Operations

Operation	Requirement	Messages
Enumerate	Mandatory	This operation is used to initiate an enumeration and receive an enumeration context.
Pull	Mandatory	This operation is used to pull a sequence of elements of a resource.
Renew	Optional	See Rule R8.1-4 in DSP0226. Implementation of this operation is not recommended.
GetStatus	Optional	See Rule R8.1-4 in DSP0226. Implementation of this operation is not recommended.
Release	Mandatory	This operation is used to release an enumeration context.
EnumerationEnd	Optional	See Rule R8.1-4 in DSP0226. Implementation of this operation is not recommended.

It is recommended that the wsman:OptimizeEnumeration option be implemented as a child element of the wsen:Enumerate element. Refer to clause 8.2.3 of DSP0226 for details. The service shall accept the element, but it does not have to honor it as described in Rule R8.2.3-1 of DSP0226.

7.1.3.1 WS-Enumeration Filter Dialects

It is optional for DASH implementations to support Selector Filter Dialect for filtered enumeration and subscription as described in Annex E of DSP0226. This recommendation does not contravene Rule R8.2.1-5 of DSP0226.

It is optional for DASH implementations to support *Association Queries* with the the dialect filter URI as specified in DSP0227.

It is optional for DASH implementations to support the CQL filter dialect for enumeration as described in clause 7.1 of DSP0227. This clause does not contravene Rule R8.2.1-5 of DSP0226.

7.1.4 WS-Eventing

Support for WS-Eventing is conditional. A service advertising conformance to the *Indications Profile* shall support WS-Eventing as described in clause 10 of DSP0226 and is further constrained by the definition described in this section 7.1.4. Table 5 defines support for WS-Eventing operations and their respective DASH requirements.

Table 5 – WS-Eventing Operations

Operation	Requirement	Notes
Subscribe	Mandatory	
Renew	Mandatory	
Unsubscribe	Mandatory	
SubscriptionEnd	Optional	
GetStatus	Optional	See Rule R10.3-1 in DSP0226. Implementation of this operation is not recommended.

7.1.4.1 WS-Eventing Messaging Security

For WS-Eventing the messaging security defined in Table 6 should be followed.

Table 6 – WS-Eventing Message Security Recommendations

Plane	WS-Eventing Message	Recommended Security Class	Security Principal Requiring Authentication
Control	wse:Subscribe	Class B as defined in section 8.1, because it can carry sensitive information	Subscriber
	wse:Renew	Class B, because it can carry sensitive information	Subscriber
	wse:SubscriptionEnd	Class B, because it can carry sensitive information	Subscriber
	wse:Unsubscribe	Class B, because it can carry sensitive information	Subscriber
Delivery	wse:Delivery (Push)	Class A or B as defined in section 8.1 (B for sensitive information or for more compute-intensive information)	MAP, but not necessarily with its own credentials
	wse:Delivery (PushWithAck)	Class A or B (B for sensitive information)	MAP, but not necessarily with its own credentials
	wse:Delivery (Batched)	Class A or B (B for sensitive information)	MAP, but not necessarily with its own credentials
	wsen:Pull (Pull delivery)	Class A or B (B for sensitive information)	Subscriber

7.1.4.2 WS-Eventing Delivery Mode

DASH implementations shall support WS-Eventing Push Mode as described in clause 10.2.9.2 of DSP0226. DASH implementations should support WS-Eventing PushWithAck Mode as described in clause 10.2.9.3 of DSP0226.

7.1.4.3 Subscription related property definition guidance

The PersistenceType property in a CIM_ListenerDestination instance created internally in response to wse:Subscribe should be set to 3 (Transient).

The value for the FailureTriggerTimeInterval property on the CIM_IndicationSubscription or CIM_FilterCollectionSubscription instance created internally in response to wse:Subscribe should be to 30 seconds.

7.2 Transport Protocol

DASH implementations shall use HTTP 1.1 as the SOAP transport for DSP0226. For detailed information about the transport protocol required by DASH, refer to section 5.2 of the *Systems Management Architecture for Mobile and Desktop Hardware White Paper* (DSP2014).

8 Security Implementation Requirements

This section describes transport requirements, roles and authorization, user account management, and authentication.

8.1 Transport Requirements

DASH defines two security classes for HTTP 1.1 transport:

1) **Class A**: The security class A requires HTTP digest authentication for the user authentication. For this class, no encryption capabilities are required beyond the encryption of the password during the digest authentication exchange. If class A is implemented, MD5 digest algorithm shall be supported.
   - **String = "HTTP_DIGEST"**
     - URI = http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/secprofile/http/digest
2) **Class B**: This class defines three security profiles that are based on either TLS or IPsec with specifically selected modes and cryptographic algorithms. For class B compliance, the support for at least one of the following security profiles is mandatory:
   - **String = "HTTP_TLS_1"**
     - URI = http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/secprofile/https/digest
   - **String = "HTTP_TLS_2"**
     - URI = http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/secprofile/https/basic
   - **String = "HTTP_IPSEC"**
     - URI = http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/secprofile/http/digest/ipsec

A DASH implementation shall support at least one of the preceding security classes. It is recommended that a DASH implementation be Class B compliant for privacy/confidentiality and additional security.

Refer to 7.1.4.1 for WS-Eventing security requirements.

8.1.1 Cryptographic Algorithms and Cipher Suites

Table 7 lists the required cryptographic algorithms or cipher suites for the security profiles mentioned in this section.

Table 7 – Required Cryptographic Algorithms or Cipher Suites

Security Profile	Required Algorithm(s) or Cipher suite	Notes
"HTTP_DIGEST"	MD5	
"HTTP_TLS_1"	TLS_RSA_WITH_AES_128_CBC_SHA (for TLS) and MD5 (for HTTP digest)	TLS version 1.0 Refer to RFC 3268 and 2246.
"HTTP_TLS_2"	TLS_RSA_WITH_AES_128_CBC_SHA	TLS version 1.0 Refer to RFC 3268 and 2246.
"HTTP_IPSEC"	For IPsec: AES-GCM (key size: 128 bits, ICV or Digest len: 16 B) or AES-CBC (Key size: 128 bits) with HMAC-SHA1-96 and For HTTP digest: MD5	Refer to RFC 4301, 4303, and 4106

8.2 Roles and Authorization

Table 8 outlines the Operational Roles supported by DASH implementations and the respective DASH requirements.

Table 8 – Operational Roles Supported by DASH

Operational Role	Requirement	Notes
Read-only User	Optional	For detailed description of these roles see DSP2014.
Operator	Optional	
Administrator	Mandatory	

A DASH-compliant service shall support the administrator role. An implementation may support the operator and/or read-only user roles. All roles shall be modeled using DSP1039, *Role Based Authorization Profile, 1.0.*

8.3 User Account Management

The authentication and authorization mechanisms defined are tied with user account management. DASH implementations shall support a role-based authorization model.

Each user shall have the ability to modify its own account credentials, depending on the user's privileges. An account in the administrator role shall be able to perform account management for all users. Table 9 outlines the operations supported for user account management and the respective DASH requirements.

266 **Table 9 – User Account Operations**

Operation	Requirement	Notes
Create an account	Optional	Recommended for the administrator role
Delete an account	Optional	Recommended for the administrator role
Enable an account	Optional	
Disable an account	Optional	
Modify the privileges of an account	Optional	
Modify the password of an account	Mandatory	Required for the administrator account.
Change the role of an account	Optional	
Create a group of accounts	Optional	
Delete a group of accounts	Optional	
Add an account to a group	Optional	
Remove an account from a group	Optional	
Change the role of a group	Optional	
Modify the privileges of a group	Optional	
Change the associations of roles and accounts	Optional	Recommended for the administrator role

267 The modifications of privileges include the changing of bindings between accounts or groups and roles.
268 All operations defined in Table 9 shall be performed using operations as defined in DMTF DSP1039, *Role*
269 *Based Authorization Profile, 1.0* and DMTF DSP1034, *Simple Identity Management Profile, 1.0*.

270 8.4 Authentication Mechanisms

271 DASH implementations shall support User-Level authentication. DASH implementations may support two-
272 level (Machine-Level and User-Level) authentication.

273 Table 10 outlines requirements for the three types of authentication mechanisms supported by DASH 1.0
274 implementations.

275 **Table 10 – Authentication Mechanisms**

Authentication Mechanisms	Requirement	Notes
Machine-Level	Optional	
User-Level	Mandatory	
Third-Party	Optional	

276 9 Discovery Requirements

277 Multiple discovery stages are required to accumulate the necessary information from the managed
278 system. This section defines the implementation requirements of the stages involved in discovering
279 managed systems and their management capabilities.

9.1 Network Endpoint Discovery Stage

Section 8.2 of the *Systems Management Architecture for Mobile and Desktop Hardware White Paper* (DSP2014) describes endpoint discovery methods. A DASH 1.1 compliant implementation need not support any of the described methods.

9.2 Management Access Point Discovery Stage

A DASH-compliant MAP should support the following phase process for MAP discovery:

- **Phase 1**: RMCP Presence Ping/Pong.

A DASH-compliant MAP shall support the following phase process for MAP discovery:

- **Phase 2**: WS-Management Identify method.

9.2.1 RMCP Presence Ping/Pong

Presence Ping is an RMCP command that is defined in the *Alert Standard Format Specification*, (DSP0136). The command involves a request-response message exchange initiated by a management client (Ping) and completed by a management service (Pong).

The format of the RMCP Presence Pong (40h) data section shall conform to section 3.2.4.3 of DSP0136 with the following definition:

Supported Interactions field (Data Byte 10 of Presence Pong), bit 5 set to 1b if DASH is supported

A DASH-compliant MAP should support this command on the ASF-RMCP well-known UDP port (623) and/or well-known UDP port (664).

9.2.2 WS-Management Identify Method

Refer to clause 11 of DSP0226 for a definition of the Identify method. A DASH-compliant management service shall support the Identify method on each TCP port on which WS-Management service is supported.

In addition to the child element defined in DSP0226, the following extension elements are defined by DASH as children of the *IdentifyResponse* element:

```
<s:Body>
  <wsmid:IdentifyResponse>
    <wsmid:ProtocolVersion> xs:anyURI </wsmid:ProtocolVersion>
    <wsmid:ProductVendor> xs:string </wsmid:ProductVendor>
    <wsmid:ProductVersion> xs:string </wsmid:ProductVersion>
    <dash:DASHVersion> xs:string </dash:DASHVersion>
    <wsmid:SecurityProfiles>
      <wsmid:SecurityProfileName> xs:string or URI </wsmid:SecurityProfileName> +
    </wsmid:SecurityProfiles>
  </wsmid:IdentifyResponse>
</s:Body>
```

Table 11 defines the IdentifyResponse payload requirements for DASH 1.1.

317 **Table 11 – WS-Management IdentifyResponse Payload Elements**

Element	Requirement	Notes
wsmid:IdentifyResponse	Mandatory	The body of the response
wsmid:IdentifyResponse/wsmid:ProtocolVersion	Mandatory	URI identifying DSP0226 1.0 http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman.xsd
wsmid:IdentifyResponse/wsmid:ProductVendor	Optional	
wsmid:IdentifyResponse/wsmid:ProductVersion	Optional	
wsmid:IdentifyResponse/dash:DASHVersion	Mandatory	Identifies the version of the *DASH Implementation Requirements* specification that is supported, which shall be in the form "M.N.U", where M represents major version, N represents minor version, and U represents update version of the specification. For this specification, the value shall be set to "1.1.0".
wsmid:IdentifyResponse/wsmid:SecurityProfiles/wsmid:SecurityProfileName	Mandatory	URI identifying the security profile supported **Class A:** "HTTP_DIGEST": http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/secprofile/http/digest **Class B:** "HTTP_TLS_1": http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/secprofile/https/digest" "HTTP_TLS_2": http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/secprofile/https/basic" "HTTP_IPSEC": http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/secprofile/http/digest

318 ### 9.2.3 wsmid:Identify Security Implementation Requirements

319 Implementations may support wsmid:Identify without authentication as described in Rule R11.4 of
320 DSP0226.

321 If an implementation supports wsmid:Identify without authentication, it should support it through a URL
322 that contains the suffix "/wsman-anon/identify."

9.3 Enumeration of Management Capabilities Stage

The DMTF ***Error! Reference source not found.****Profile Registration Profile* (DSP1033) specifies methods for enumerating the management capabilities of a CIM-based management access point in a scalable manner. Scalability here refers to the fact that each registered profile concisely describes support for a set of related management capabilities that is independent of the number of CIM instances supported by the management access point.

10 In-Band and Out-of-Band Traffic Requirements

A DASH compliant service shall support, at minimum, a shared IPv4 and MAC address as defined below:

- A physical system's out-of-band Management Access Point and the In-Band host shall share the MAC address and IPv4 address of the network interface. Manageability traffic shall be routed to the MAP through the well known system ports defined by IANA. Implementations may support the use and configuration of other ports.

Developers may use any port necessary during product development. Implementations shall support the IANA-defined system ports for product deployment.

- Sideband: TCP ports for WS-Management Service
  - OOB-WS-HTTP
    - TCP 623
  - OOB-WS-HTTPS
    - TCP 664 (If class B is implemented)
- In-band: TCP ports for WS-Management Service may be supported on the following transport ports and shall be transport specific:
  - HTTP
  - HTTPS (If class B is implemented)

NOTE: In-band and out-of-band MAPs shall listen on different ports.

ANNEX A
(informative)

Change Log

Version	Date	Author	Description
1.0.0a	4/3/2007	J. Kozlowski	Release as preliminary standard.
1.0.0b	8/20/2007	J. Kozlowski	Release as preliminary refresh.
1.1.0a	11/12/2007	H. Shah	Release as preliminary standard.
1.1.0	4/17/2009	Hemal Shah	1.1.0 Draft Standard.
1.1.0	6/22/2009		DMTF Standard Release

Bibliography

DMTF DSP2014, *Systems Management Architecture for Mobile and Desktop Hardware White Paper 1.1.0,* http://www.dmtf.org/standards/published_documents/DSP2014_1.1.0.pdf
(Informative text in this document details Protocol, Security, and Discovery.)

DMTF DSP4006, Standard Registry Development and Publication Process 1.1,
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