

# PRIVACY IMPACT ASSESSMENT

(Rev. 2/2020)

(All Previous Editions Obsolete)

Please submit your responses to your Liaison Privacy Official. *All entries must be Times New Roman, 12pt, and start on the next line.* [http://intranet.epa.gov/privacy/pdf/lpo\\_roster.pdf](http://intranet.epa.gov/privacy/pdf/lpo_roster.pdf). If you need further assistance, contact your LPO.

<b>System Name:</b> Content Ingestion Services (CIS)	
<b>Preparer:</b> Shahjahan Khan/ Andrew Yuen	<b>Office:</b> OMS/OEIP/ERMD
<b>Date:</b> 5/01/20	<b>Phone:</b> 202-566-1226
<b>Reason for Submittal:</b> New PIA <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Revised PIA <input type="checkbox"/> Annual Review <input type="checkbox"/> Rescindment <input type="checkbox"/>	
<b>This system is in the following life cycle stage(s):</b>	
Definition <input type="checkbox"/> Development/Acquisition <input type="checkbox"/> Implementation <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
Operation & Maintenance <input type="checkbox"/> Rescindment/Decommissioned <input type="checkbox"/>	
<b>Note: New and Existing Systems require a PIA annually, when there is a significant modification to the system or where privacy risk has increased to the system. For examples of significant modifications, see <u>OMB Circular A-130, Appendix 1, Section (c) (1) (a-f).</u></b>	
<b>The PIA must describe the risk associated with that action. For assistance in applying privacy risk see <u><a href="#">OMB Circular No. A-123, Section VII (A) (pgs. 44-45).</a></u></b>	

## **Provide a general description/overview and purpose of the system:**

The United States Environmental Protection Agency’s Enterprise Records Management Division (ERMD) within the Office of Mission Support, Office of Enterprise Information Programs (OEIP) provides leadership and direction in managing records that support EPA’s mission. ERMD, in collaboration with other Agency records management experts, is engaged in development, operation and maintenance of the Content

Ingestion Services (CIS) so as to provide better Records Management capabilities to EPA.

The main purpose of ECMS CIS is to help users to submit records to the repository - in accordance with relevant EPA guidelines, by suggesting which record schedules may be appropriate for their documents. In addition to facilitate proper transfer of Records/Contents to the Repository, CIS will support the centralized records digitization centers enhancements in order to ensure that sending records to ECMS from third party systems is as easy as possible. These enhancements include the development of a series of web services that can facilitate proper upload of records by ECMS.

The following web services will be made available:

- Text Extraction – This service will accept a variety of document formats and extract text from those documents.
- PDF OCR – This service will OCR scanned PDFs producing a searchable PDF.
- Text Summarization – This service will summarize text within a file.
- Records Schedule Categorization – Using a machine learning model, this service will return a suggested records schedule based on text of a file.

Abovementioned web services enable CIS to provide its users record schedule suggestions as well as pass-through services to assist with Records Management. CIS does not explicitly ask users for any privacy data and it does not store records but sends those records that it processes to ECMS.

Note:-

1. CIS does not collect information. CIS is a series of web services that analyse the content of records to provide record schedule suggestions. CIS provides pass through services, data are not stored by the four CIS services described above. Data will be stored within ECMS central repository. A Content Ingestion Endpoint will be implemented as part of ECMS. This service allows 3rd party applications to submit records to the ECMS records repository along with required metadata and records schedule information - this component is part of ECMS and is not within the scope of this PIA for CIS.

## **Section 1.0 Authorities and Other Requirements**

### **1.1 What specific legal authorities and/or Executive Order(s) permit and define the collection of information by the system in question?**

- Title III of the E-Government Act of 2002, Federal Information Security Management Act (FISMA) 44 U.S.C 3541, et seq
- The Privacy Act of 1974, PL 93-579, as amended 5 U.S.C 552a
- The Freedom of Information Act, PL 93-5025 U.S.C 552
- The Federal Managers' Financial Integrity Act (FMFIA), PL 97-25531 U.S.C 66a
- OMB Circular A-130, *Management of Federal Information Resources*
- OMB Circular A-123 Revised, *Management's Responsibility for Internal Control*, December 2004
- OMB Circular A-127, *Financial Management Systems*, July 23, 1993
- OMB Circular A-130, Appendix III, *Security of Federal Automated Information Resources*
- FIPS 200, *Minimum Security Requirements for Federal Information and Information Systems*
- FIPS 199, *Standards for Security Categorization of Federal Information and Information Systems*
- NIST SP 800-18, Revision 1, *Guide for Developing Security Plans for Federal Information Systems*
- NIST SP 800-53, Revision 4, *Recommended Security Controls for Federal Information Systems and Organizations*

**1.2 Has a system security plan been completed for the information system(s) supporting the system? Does the system have or will the system be issued an Authorization-to-Operate? When does the ATO expire?**

Yes, and since CIS uses the Data Analytics Platform (DAP) currently during its Implementation Stage, CIS will be included in DAP's ATT (when that is updated).

**1.3 If the information is covered by the Paperwork Reduction Act (PRA), provide the OMB Control number and the agency number for the collection. If there are multiple forms, include a list in an appendix.**

No ICR required.

**1.4 Will the data be maintained or stored in a Cloud? If so, is the Cloud Service Provider (CSP) FedRamp approved? What type of service (PaaS, IaaS, SaaS, etc.) will the CSP provide?**

No.

## **Section 2.0 Characterization of the Information**

*The following questions are intended to define the scope of the information requested and/or collected, as well as reasons for its collection.*

**2.1 Identify the information the system collects, uses, disseminates, or maintains (e.g., data elements, including name, address, DOB, SSN).**

Records are passed through the Content Ingestion Services for analysis and no information is collected.

**2.2 Records are passed through the Content Ingestion Services for analysis and no information is collected. What are the sources of the information and how is the information collected for the system?**

The source of information are EPA emails or EPA documents that are determined to be records by EPA staff. These records pass through the Content Ingestion Services and a record schedule prediction is provided to the end user.

**2.3 Does the system use information from commercial sources or publicly available data? If so, explain why and how this information is used.**

No.

**2.4 Discuss how accuracy of the data is ensured.**

Each individual employee is responsible for the content of their records. The role of CIS is to help users select the appropriate record schedule when they submit records to the ECMS records repository.

**2.5 Privacy Impact Analysis: Related to Characterization of the Information**

*Discuss the privacy risks identified for the specific data elements and for each risk explain how it was mitigated. Specific risks may be inherent in the sources or methods of collection, or the quality or quantity of information included.*

**Privacy Risk:**

CIS does not store any data – just provides pass-through service, the risk here is misuse of the data by internal users, another (potential) risk may be intentional/unintentional alteration of data.

**Mitigation:**

Above risks will be mitigated by setting up following controls: -

--User group access controls, requirement of specific authorization for using sensitive data

**--Restriction (per EPA instruction) on any public release of the data and Audit**

**Logs** --Utilization of API security tool (APIMAN) which manages security of the data going through API gateway

--Monitoring of data usage (and periodically review/update approved procedures for data-handling if needed).

## **Section 3.0 Access and Data Retention by the System**

*The following questions are intended to outline the access controls for the system and how long the system retains the information after the initial collection.*

### **3.1 Do the systems have access control levels within the system to prevent authorized users from accessing information they don't have a need to know? If so, what control levels have been put in place? If no controls are in place why have they been omitted?**

All CIS web services are called through an API management tool that will control the access to the web services. Access control levels are in place within ECMS to prevent unauthorized access to records that are analyzed by the CIS web services. 3<sup>rd</sup> party applications leveraging CIS such as the CIS user interface must be registered through the API management tool and granted access to the CIS web services.

### **3.2 In what policy/procedure are the access controls identified in 3.1, documented?**

CIS uses an API management tool to control access to the web services. Access to the web services only allows a 3<sup>rd</sup> party application developer to post records to these services for analysis. ECMS which stores the actual records uses the following policy/procedure:

<https://usepa.sharepoint.com/sites/oei/ermd/ECMS/SitePages/Policy.aspx>

Access control will be documented in the CIS security documentation – in the spreadsheet Application Specific Security Controls

### **3.3 Are there other components with assigned roles and responsibilities within the system?**

No, CIS does not contain additional components with assigned roles and responsibilities within the system.

### **3.4 Who (internal and external parties) will have access to the data/information in the system? If contractors, are the appropriate Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR) clauses included in the contract?**

Only internal EPA 3<sup>rd</sup> party applications and staff will have access to CIS but will not be able to access any data/information from the system because CIS does not store any data. Also, CIS does not explicitly request or prompt end users to enter privacy data. The appropriate FAR clauses are included in the contract.

### **3.5 Explain how long and for what reasons the information is retained. Does the system have an EPA Records Control Schedule? If so, provide the schedule number.**

CIS does not store any data. All data are stored within ECMS central repository. Records that pass-through CIS are retained in ECMS until scheduled disposition of records from the system based on

pre-defined records retention schedules.

Schedule: 0742 - Enterprise Content Management System (ECMS)

### **3.6 Privacy Impact Analysis: Related to Retention**

*Discuss the risks associated with the length of time data is retained. How were those risks mitigated? The schedule should align the stated purpose and mission of the system.*

#### **Privacy Risk:**

Records that pass-through CIS must be retained in ECMS based on their pre-defined records retention schedules. Removal of records prior to the pre-defined records retention schedule is a potential privacy risk.

#### **Mitigation:**

Removal events are audited on a weekly basis by reports generated from the ECMS system. All deletions from the system are audited. The addition of records to the system is audited through weekly transaction reports and daily records transmission reports. The reports are maintained by the NCC ECMS system administrator and the EPA ECMS Program Management Office.

## **Section 4.0 Information Sharing**

*The following questions are intended to describe the scope of the system information sharing external to the Agency. External sharing encompasses sharing with other federal, state and local government, and third-party private sector entities.*

### **4.1 Is information shared outside of EPA as part of the normal agency operations? If so, identify the organization(s), how the information is accessed and how it is to be used, and any agreements that apply.**

No.

### **4.2 Describe how the external sharing is compatible with the original purposes of the collection.**

No external sharing is done by using the CIS.

### **4.3 How does the system review and approve information sharing agreements, MOUs, new uses of the information, new access to the system by organizations within EPA and outside?**

The CIS Application does not have an MOU/ISA with any other system.

### **4.4 Does the agreement place limitations on re-dissemination?**

The CIS Application does not have an agreement with any external system.

#### **4.5 Privacy Impact Analysis: Related to Information Sharing**

*Discuss the privacy risks associated with the sharing of information outside of the agency.  
How were those risks mitigated?*

##### **Privacy Risk:**

None. No information sharing is done by the CIS.

##### **Mitigation:**

None. The only information that is produced by CIS is a record schedule suggestion. There is no risk of sharing of information within CIS or to other 3<sup>rd</sup> party applications.

### **Section 5.0 Auditing and Accountability**

*The following questions are intended to describe technical and policy-based safeguards and security measures.*

#### **5.1 How does the system ensure that the information is used as stated in Section 6.1?**

CIS does not use the information but assists EPA employees. (All transactions are tracked within ECMS CIS through auditable events using the API management tool. The API management tool does not alter the original content or time ordering of audit records. The API management tool handles audit reduction and report generation capability and audit logs are reviewed to ensure that information is used in accordance with approved practices.)

#### **5.2 Describe what privacy training is provided to users either generally or specifically relevant to the system/collection.**

Only EPA employees and approved contractors may request access to CIS web services by registering their application, which means they have completed and passed Information Security and Privacy Awareness Training.

#### **5.3 Privacy Impact Analysis: Related to Auditing and Accountability**

##### **Privacy Risk:**

Audit logs could be inadvertently lost.

##### **Mitigation:**

Database audit logs are kept for 90 days, some of that time on the instance and some of the time archived on a separate instance. Anything older than 90 days is deleted daily. In general they are on the DB server for about 24 hours then moved to the backup appliance. Audit records generated today would stay on the database for the rest of the day, then be moved to the separate database and kept for 90 days. The last backup of the separate database would be kept for another 90 days. That adds up to approximately 180 days' retention, 170 days to allow for the usual "expected" unexpected.

## Section 6.0 Uses of the Information

*The following questions require a clear description of the system's use of information.*

### 6.1 Describe how and why the system uses the information.

The CIS does not use the information within itself but assists EPA employees by suggesting which record schedule may be appropriate for their records.

### 6.2 How is the system designed to retrieve information by the user? Will it be retrieved by personal identifier? Yes \_\_\_ No X. If yes, what identifier(s) will be used. *(A personal identifier is a name, social security number or other identifying symbol assigned to an individual, i.e. any identifier unique to an individual. Or any identifier that can be linked or is linkable to an individual.)*

There is no retrieval of new information, the services utilized in this Application do not connect to Databases just utilize POST, for example when the text extraction service utilize POST, it returns a summary of the text

### 6.3 What type of evaluation has been conducted on the probable or potential effect of the privacy of individuals whose information is maintained in the system of records?

*[The goal here is to look at the data collected, how you plan to use it, and to ensure that you have limited the access to the people who have a need to know in the performance of their official duties. What controls have you erected around the data, so that privacy is not invaded? ex. administrative control, physical control, technical control.]*

A thorough evaluation of information handled by this system and related procedures was conducted, and following technical controls are in place (so that privacy is not invaded):-

- Utilization of API security tool (APIMAN) which manages security of the data going through API gateway
- User group access controls - requirement of specific authorization for use of data



deemed sensitive by EPA

- Restriction (per EPA instructions) on any public release of the data
- Appropriate Audit logs
- Monitoring of data usage (including periodic review/update of approved procedures for data-handling if needed).

## **6.4 Privacy Impact Analysis: Related to the Uses of Information**

*Describe any types of controls that may be in place to ensure that information is handled in accordance with the uses described above.*

### **Privacy Risk:**

CIS users can misuse the information in violation of the approved procedures and instructions.

### **Mitigation:**

**In addition to core controls per FISMA directive, following technical controls are in place for tracking misuse):-** -- Utilization of API security tool (APIMAN) which manages security of the data going through API gateway

- User group access controls - requirement of specific authorization for use of data

deemed sensitive by EPA

- Restriction (per EPA instructions) on any public release of the data
- Appropriate Audit logs
- Monitoring of data usage (including periodic review/update of approved procedures for data-handling if needed).

**\*If no SORN is required, STOP HERE.**

*The NPP will determine if a SORN is required. If so, additional sections will be required.*

## **Section 7.0 Notice**

*The following questions seek information about the system's notice to the individual about the information collected, the right to consent to uses of information, and the right to decline to provide information.*

**7.1 How does the system provide individuals notice prior to the collection of information? If notice is not provided, explain why not.**

**7.2 What opportunities are available for individuals to consent to uses,**

**decline to provide information, or opt out of the collection or sharing of their information?**

**7.3 Privacy Impact Analysis: Related to Notice**

*Discuss how the notice provided corresponds to the purpose of the project and the stated uses. Discuss how the notice given for the initial collection is consistent with the stated use(s) of the information. Describe how the project has mitigated the risks associated with potentially insufficient notice and opportunity to decline or consent.*

**Privacy Risk:**

**Mitigation:**

**Section 8.0 Redress**

*The following questions seek information about processes in place for individuals to seek redress which may include access to records about themselves, ensuring the accuracy of the information collected about them, and/or filing complaints.*

**8.1 What are the procedures that allow individuals to access their information?**

**8.2 What procedures are in place to allow the subject individual to correct inaccurate or erroneous information?**

**8.3 Privacy Impact Analysis: Related to Redress**

*Discuss what, if any, redress program the project provides beyond the access and correction afforded under the Privacy Act and FOIA.*

**Privacy Risk:**

**Mitigation:**