COVID-19 and Cancer Research

Paula J. Bates, PhD

Longtime Cancer Researcher Recent COVID-19 Researcher Passionate About Innovation **Brown Cancer Center, University of Louisville**

Disclosures for P. Bates: patents pending; research funding from UPS and Qualigen, Inc.



About Me ...

Researcher

cancer, drug discovery, translation

Inventor 14 issued US patents

Entrepreneur

Aptamera co-founder

Collaborator

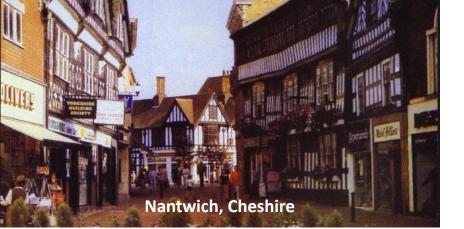
Antisoma, Transmed, Qualigen

Mentor

students and faculty entrepreneurs

Program Director

ExCITE – UofL product development *KYNETIC* – statewide innovation



My Journey

Nantwich high school (1988)

> Oxford BA, Chemistry (1992)

London PhD, Biophysics (1996)

X

Birmingham, AL

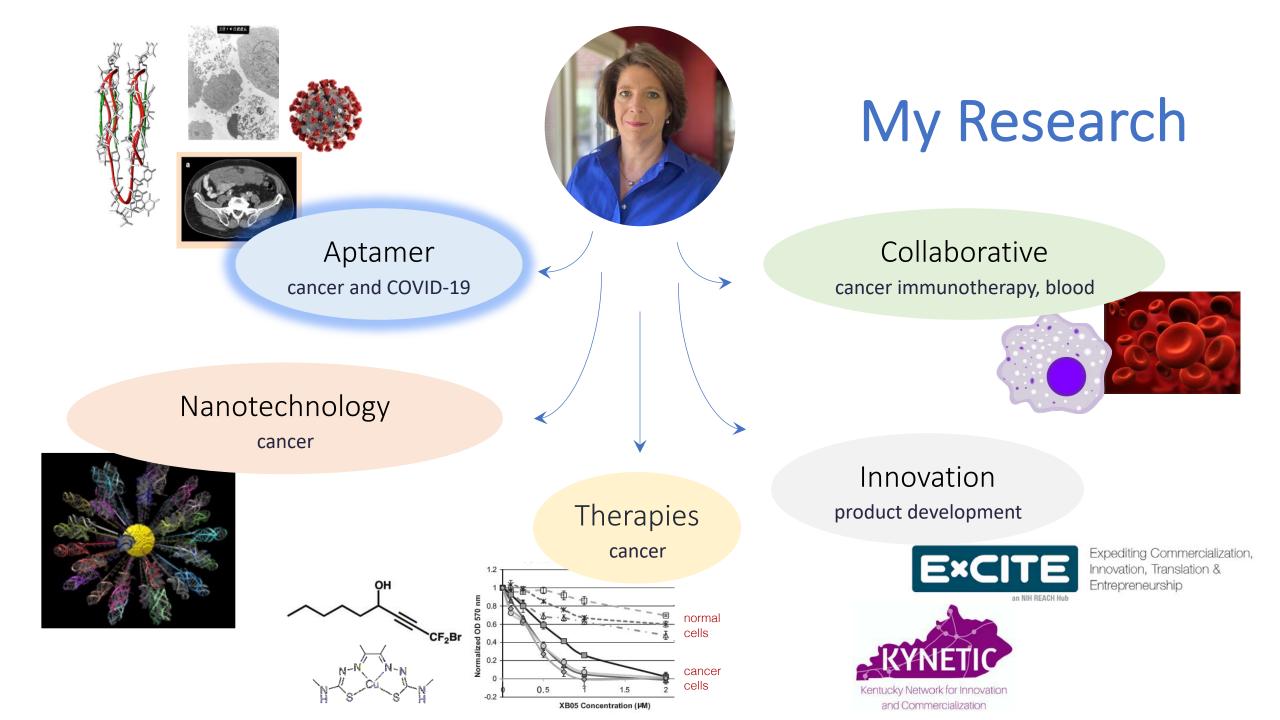
postdoc, Molecular Biology (1999)

Louisville, KY

faculty (since 1999)







Why are cancer researchers studying COVID-19?

to overcome the virus

• COVID-19 is making cancer care more challenging.

to protect cancer patients

• Cancer patients are at increased risk of COVID-19.

to answer questions about cancer and COVID-19

- Do cancer therapies affect COVID-19 outcomes?
- Understand immune responses to cancer & virus.

Overlaps between cancer and COVID-19?

Our immune system

- can detect virus/abnormal cells
- protects us against COVID/cancer
- active evasion by virus/cancer cells
- inappropriate immune response causes problems

Therapeutics

- some cell surface molecules play a role in both cancer and virus
- repurposed cancer drugs -> COVID
- what we learn from COVID may lead to new cancer therapies





UofL's Brown Cancer Center

- state-of-the-art multidisciplinary cancer care
- national leader in cancer immunotherapy clinical trials
- <u>new</u> \$11.5 M grant for cancer immunology research

harnessing the power of the immune system to eradicate cancer



UofL's "Lab-to-Life" Innovation Programs



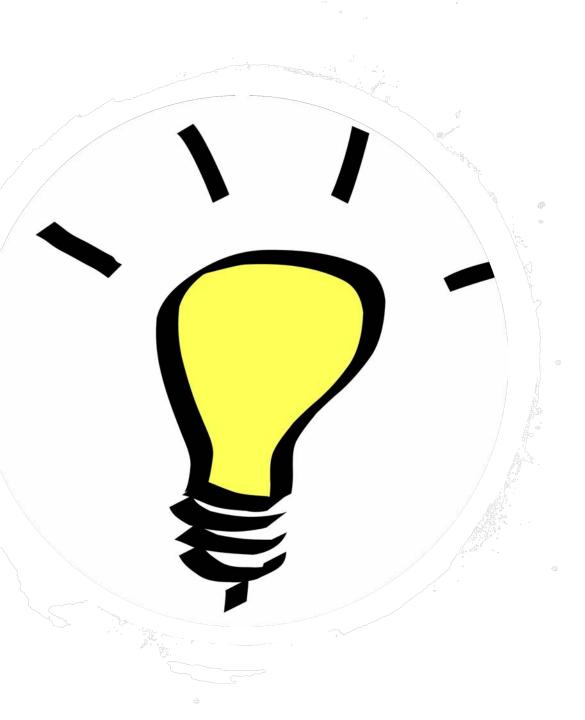
a national leader in translational research and entrepreneurial education

Program Goals:

- $\circ~$ Accelerate the successful translation of ideas into products
- o Improve health, education, and the economy in Kentucky
- o Encourage multidisciplinary, product-focused research
- Increase the involvement of underrepresented groups in innovation
- o Identify and share best practices for research commercialization

Unique Features:

- A focus on changing mindsets (of researchers and institutions)
- We provide funding + training/coaching/mentoring + a network
- $\circ~$ Access to and review by industry and federal experts
- \circ $\:$ Upfront business case review and industry-style project management
- "Fail fast" philosophy milestones; go/no go; tranched funding



How did I become a COVID-19 researcher?

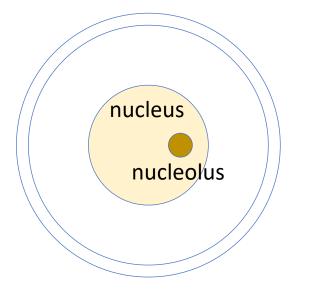
 January 2020: Start to worry about "the new coronavirus" ...

 February 2020: Hatch an idea to inhibit SARS-CoV-2 based on previous research related to nucleolin

Nucleolin and Cancer

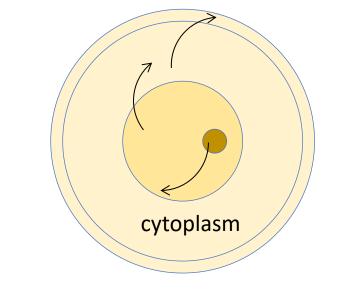
Normal Cell

Nucleolin found only inside the cell



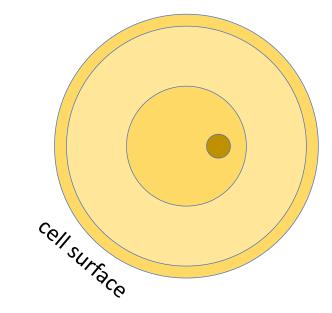
Stressed Cell

Nucleolin moves to cell surface in response to stress or signals



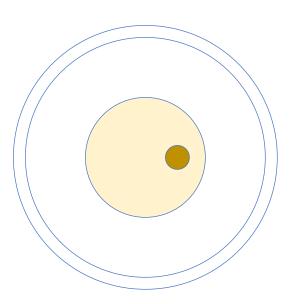
Cancer Cell

Nucleolin present at high levels throughout the cell.





John Trent

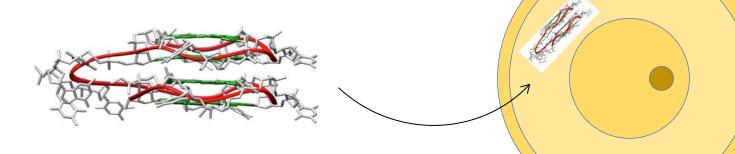


Normal Cell

Nucleolin inside the cell. Invisible to AS1411.

AS1411: A Nucleolin Aptamer

- A A
- Binds specifically to nucleolin protein



- Completed Phase 1 & 2 clinical trials
- - A

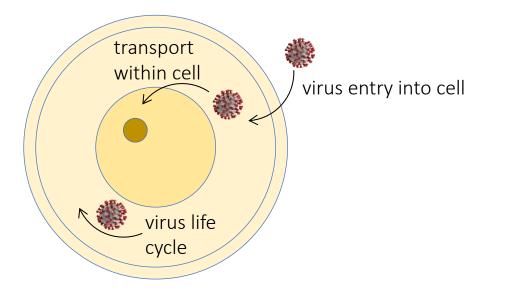
Cancer Cell

Nucleolin present at high levels on the cell surface.

Nucleolin and Viruses

In response to stress or viruses:

Nucleolin moves to the cell surface when cells are infected by some **viruses**. It has been shown to play important roles in virus infectivity:



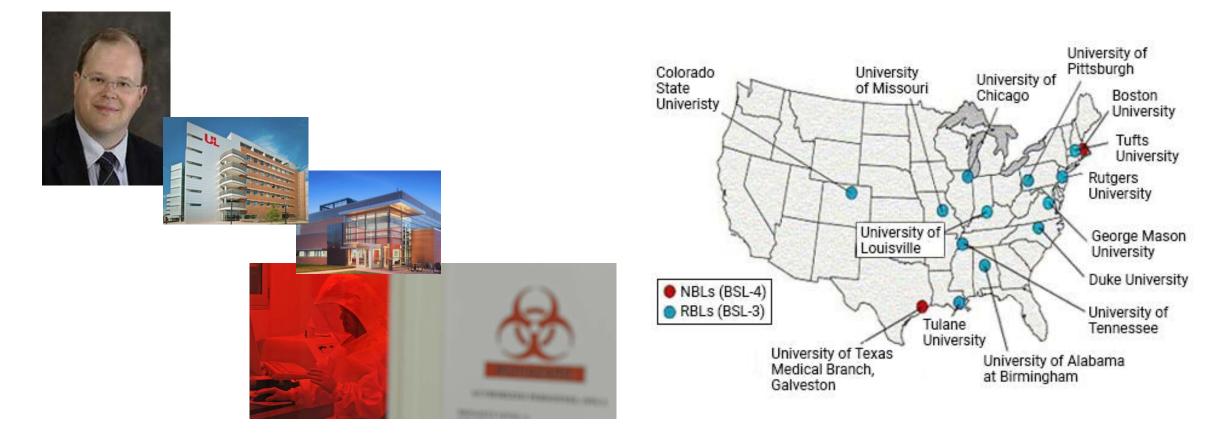
Can the nucleolin aptamer (AS1411) block SARS-CoV-2?

Nucleolin implicated in the biology of ...

- o HIV-1
- o influenza A
- o hepatitis C virus
- o respiratory syncytial virus (RSV)
- o herpes simplex virus 1 (HSV-1)
- o human cytomegalovirus (CMV)
- o dengue virus
- Epstein-Barr virus (EBV)
- o human papilloma viruses (HPV)
- o rabies virus
- o coxsackie B virus
- o enterovirus 71 (EV71)
- o parainfluenza virus
- o Crimean-Congo hemorrhagic fever virus
- o avian IBV coronavirus
- o SARS coronavirus (predicted)

Luckily, I'm in Louisville

February 2020: Discuss idea with Kenneth Palmer, head of UofL's Center for Predictive Medicine and Regional Biocontainment Lab (RBL)

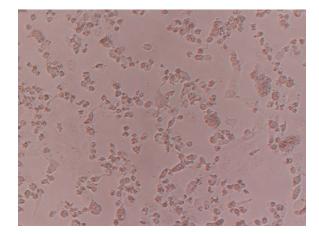


A Eureka Moment ...

March 2020: First evidence that AS1411 inhibits infection by the COVID coronavirus (SARS-CoV-2)*



Without SARS-CoV-2



Infected with SARS-CoV-2



Infected with SARS-CoV-2 + treated with AS1411

* Thanks to Kenneth Palmer, Divya Saxena, Jennifer DeMarco, Bill Severson, and all the faculty and staff at the CPM

What's Next for AS1411?

Experimental drug, expected to be safe based on cancer clinical trials
Evidence of inhibitory activity against SARS-CoV-2 in multiple assays

- Scale up drug manufacture, additional studies
- FDA authorization for human studies
- Human clinical trials in COVID-19 patients
- Developing new AS1411 formulations for cancer





