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The *BJC* is one of the most cited general cancer journals, it is committed to publishing cutting edge discovery, translational and clinical cancer research. The *BJC* aims to provide a global platform to disseminate important research within the broad spectrum of oncology. The journal publishes within the following six subject categories:

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- Epidemiology

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ARTICLE TYPE SPECIFICATION

Article Description	Abstract	Word limit	Tables/ Figures	References
<p>Article (<i>Please see preparation of articles below for further details</i>) Research describing novel findings that are of broad interest to cancer researchers and/or oncologists. Systematic Reviews, Meta-analyses and Clinical Trials are classified as Articles. These are peer reviewed.</p>	Structured abstract that includes the headings: Background, Methods, Results, Conclusions, Clinical Trial Registration (if appropriate); max 200 words	5,000 words (excluding abstract, references and figure legends)	Max of 6	Typically max 60
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- Title page
- Abstract
- Background
- Methods
- Results
- Discussion
- Additional Information
- References
- Figure legends
- Tables
- Figures

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- Competing interests
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The authors declare no competing interests.
- **Competing interests.**
Dr Caron's work has been funded by the NIH. He has received compensation as a member of the scientific advisory board of Acadia Pharmaceutical and owns stock in the company. He also has consulted for Lundbeck and received compensation. Dr Rothman and Dr Jensen declare no potential competing interests.

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As defined by the [International Committee of Medical Journal Editors](#) (ICMJE), a clinical trial is any research project that prospectively assigns human subjects to intervention and comparison groups to study the cause-and-effect relationship between a medical intervention and a health outcome. A medical intervention is any intervention used to modify a health outcome and includes, but is not limited to, drugs, surgical procedures, devices, behavioural treatments, and process-of-care changes. A trial must have at least one prospectively

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- Have a validation mechanism for registration data;
- Be managed by a not-for-profit organisation.

Examples of registries that meet these criteria include:

- ClinicalTrials.gov: the registry sponsored by the United States National Library of Medicine;
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- The [Cochrane Renal Group Registry](http://CochraneRenal.org);
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If human cell lines are used, authors should include the following information in their manuscript:

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