



# Battelle

*The Business of Innovation*

## Exploration for Carbon Dioxide Storage Potential in the Midwestern USA

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*Kentucky Sequestration Consortium*

*December 7, 2007, Lexington Kentucky*

# Battelle's operation of major energy labs provides insights into energy challenges



# Battelle Plays a Key Role in Several Carbon Sequestration Initiatives

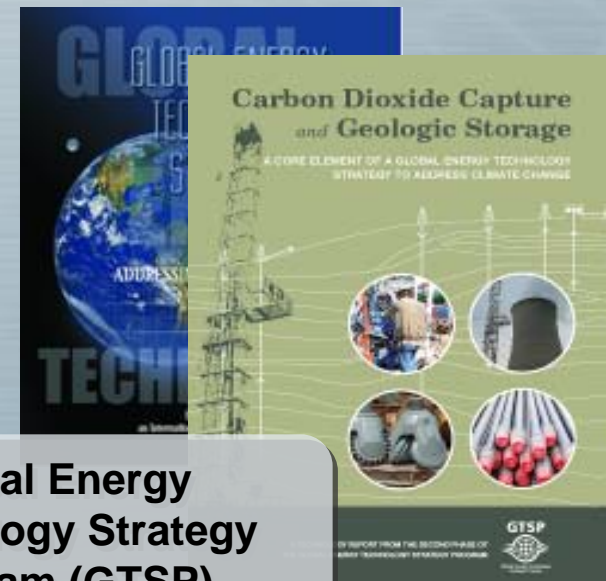
**Mountaineer**



**FutureGen**



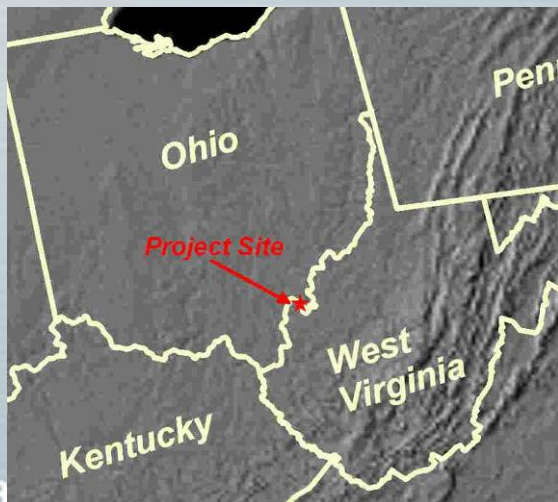
**Regional Reservoir Characterization  
“Piggyback Drilling”**



**Global Energy  
Technology Strategy  
Program (GTSP)**

# Mountaineer Plant, West Virginia, USA – *Funded by DOE-AEP-BP-Battelle-OCDO-Schlumberger etc.*

- 1300 MW pulverized coal plant with NOx and SOx control
- An area of intense power production and future expansion
- AEP has announced a major scale-up and a multi-pronged CCS deployment at this and other sites.



# Site-Specific Characterization

## Essential for Safe and Effective Operations



Seismic Survey

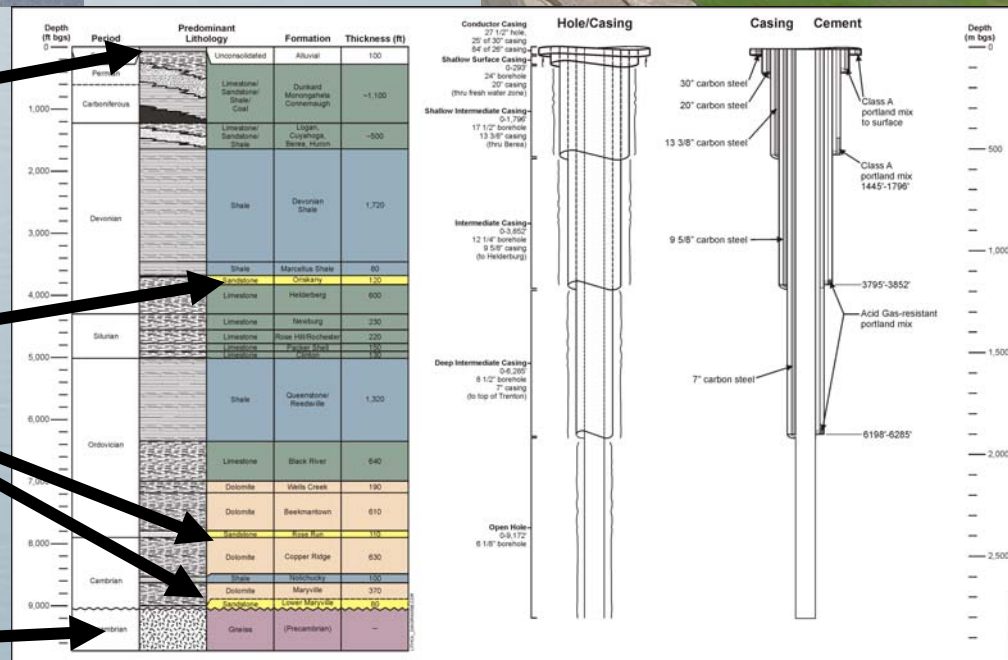


Drilling Test Well

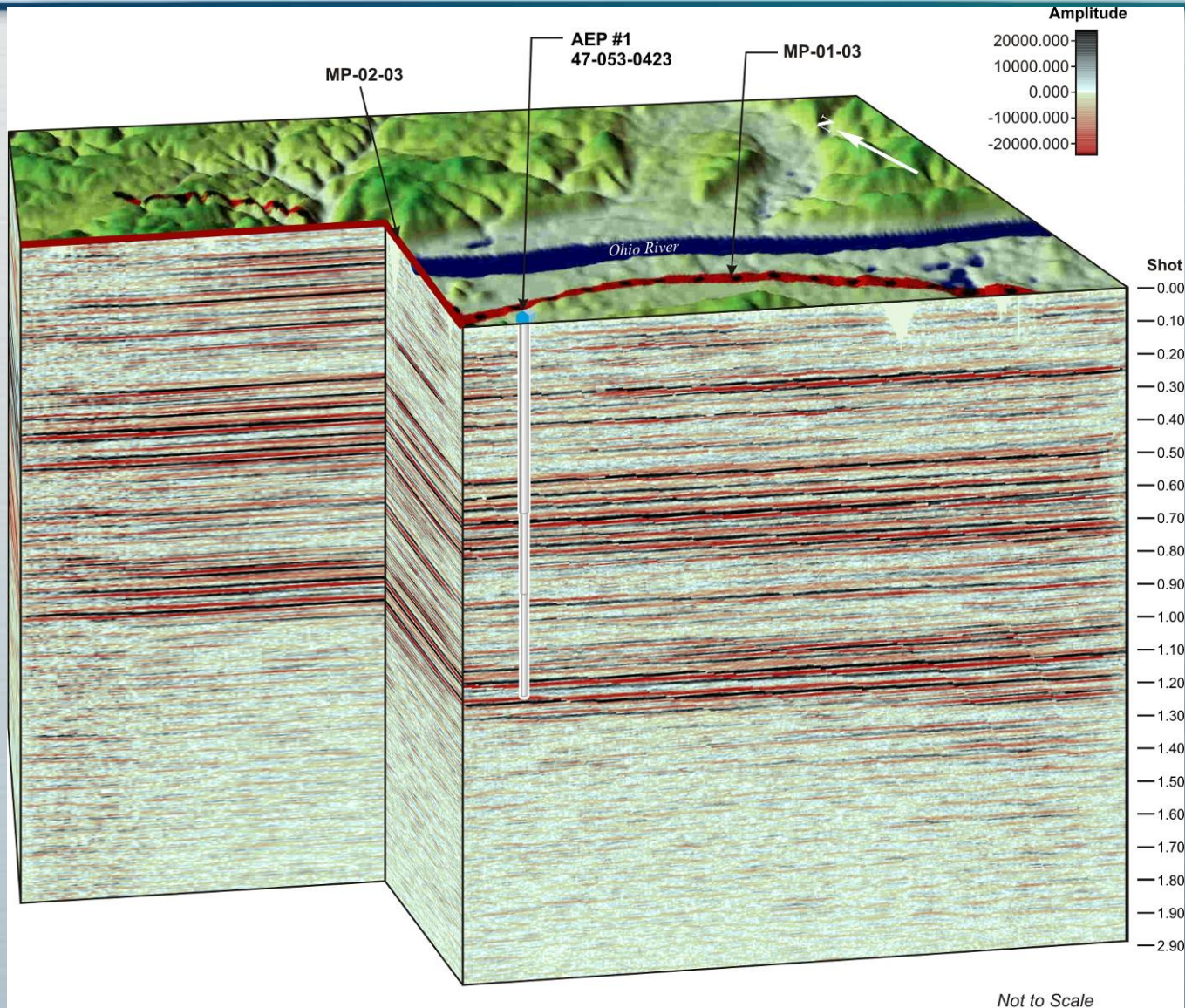
Ground level

Possible storage formations > 2,500 ft deep

9,000 feet below the surface

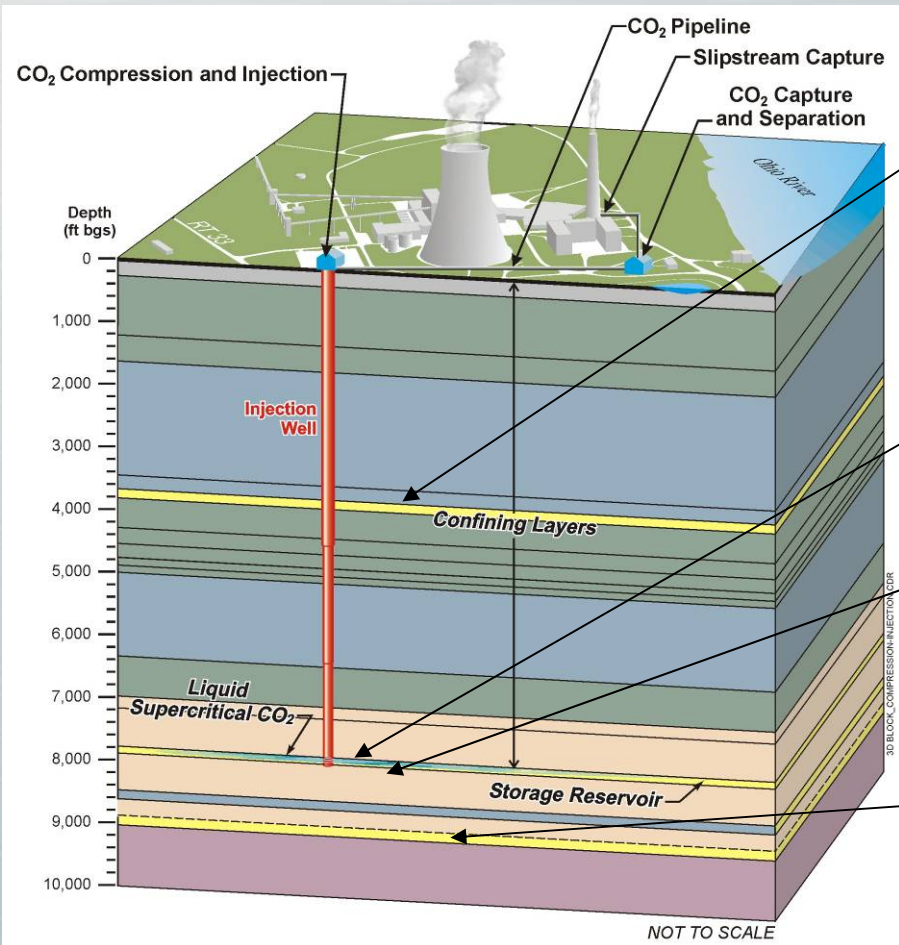


# Mountaineer Site - Seismic Survey Demonstrated Impact of Plant Noise and Lack of Faulting



# CO<sub>2</sub> Injectivity in the Mountaineer Area

- A number of geologic formations have been evaluated for CO<sub>2</sub> storage potential in the Ohio River Valley region through Mountaineer project



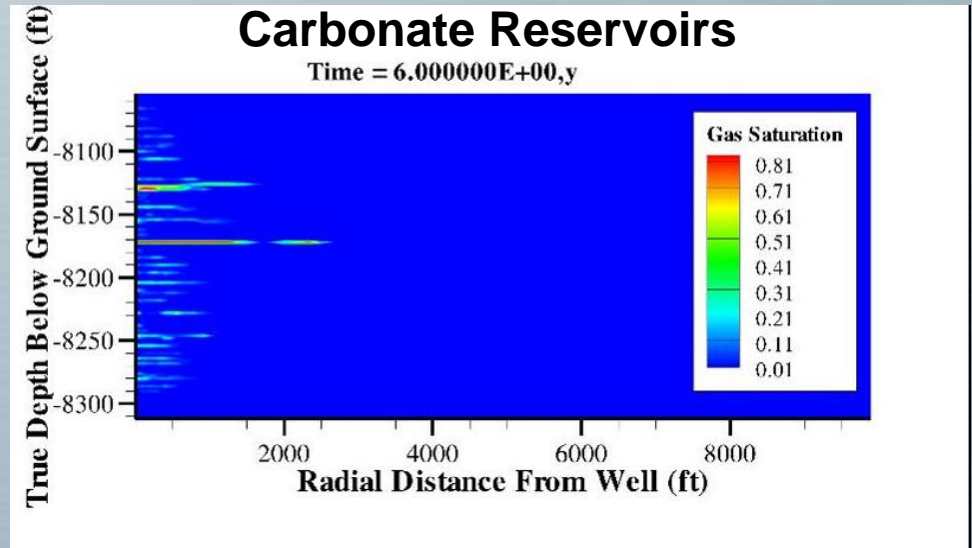
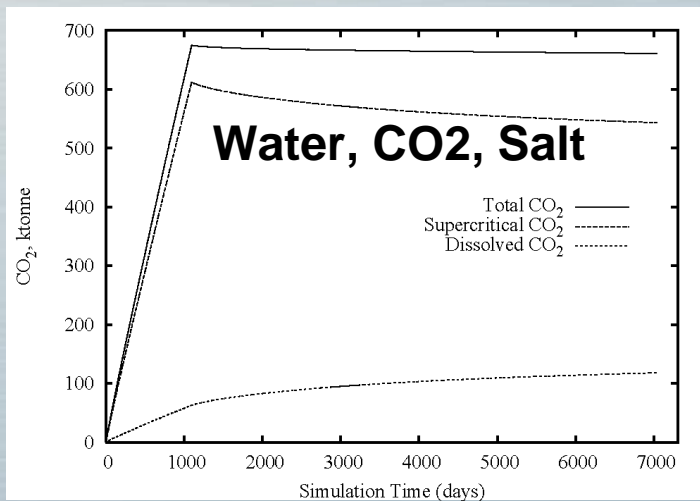
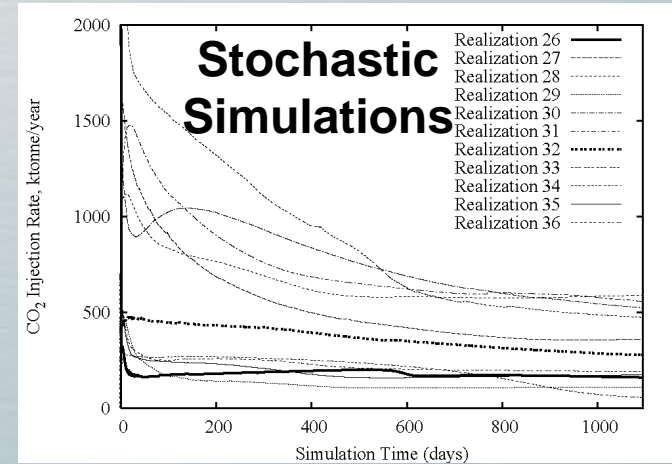
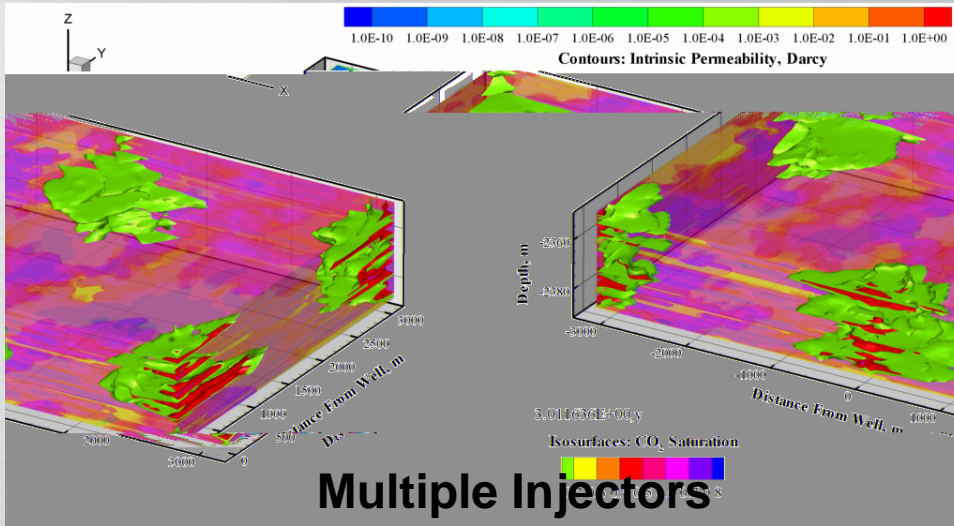
CO<sub>2</sub> injection should also be possible in shallower sandstone and carbonate layers in the region

Rose Run Sandstone (~7800 feet) is a regional candidate zone in Appalachian Basin

A high permeability zone called the "B zone" within Copper Ridge Dolomite has been identified as a new injection zone in the region

Mount Simon Sandstone/Basal Sand - the most prominent reservoir in most of the Midwest

# Simulating Geologic Sequestration to support permitting, outreach, MMV, and Facility Design





# Mountaineer CO<sub>2</sub> Storage Assessment Project - A Unique Public Private Collaboration

- Since 2002, a number of organizations and experts have contributed financially (>\$7M) and technically in evaluating geologic sequestration feasibility at the Mountaineer Plant:
  - Battelle Memorial Institute – Lead performer and co-sponsor
  - DOE/NETL – Primary financial support
  - AEP – Host site and co-sponsor
  - Ohio Coal Development Office
  - BP
  - Schlumberger
  - Ohio Geological Survey
  - Regional Geologists
  - Stanford's GCEP Program
  - *CO<sub>2</sub> Capture and handling Companies*
  - *Regional Oil and Gas Companies*
  - *CRIEPI (Japan)*
  - *Midwestern Regional Carbon Sequestration Partnership (MRCSP)*



# Midwestern Regional Carbon Sequestration Partnership (MRCSP)



U.S. Department of Energy/NETL

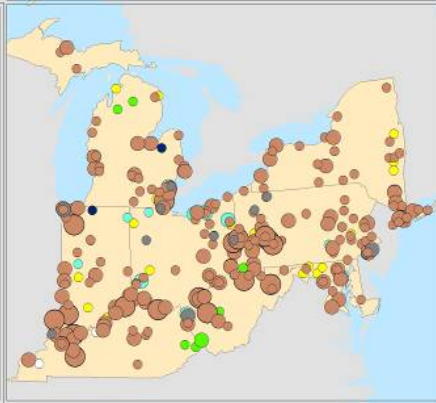


# The MRCSP's mission is to be the premier resource for sequestration knowledge in its region

- One in Four Americans
- 1/5 of U.S. Electricity - 3/4 From Coal
- ~830 Million Tons of CO<sub>2</sub>/year
- ~340 Large Point Sources of CO<sub>2</sub>

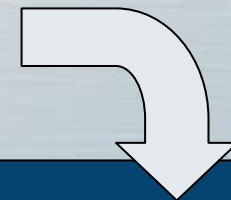
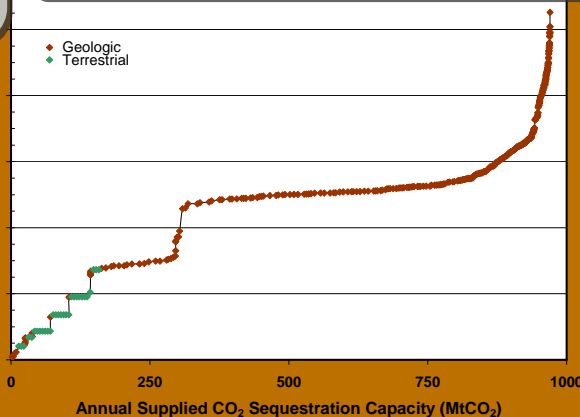
## MRCSP Large CO<sub>2</sub> Point Sources (100+ kt CO<sub>2</sub>/yr)

- Cement
  - Ethanol
  - Ethylene
  - Gas processing
  - Hydrogen
  - Iron & steel
  - Power
  - Refineries
- Power
- 100 - 2,000
  - 2,000 - 10,000
  - 10,000 - 20,000



## Phase I

### Developing a Regional Model of the Economics of Sequestration



## Phase II

### Implementation



Geological



Terrestrial

### Quantifying CO<sub>2</sub> Sinks in the Region



#### Terrestrial:

- Potential for 20% annual offset for large point sources

#### Geologic:

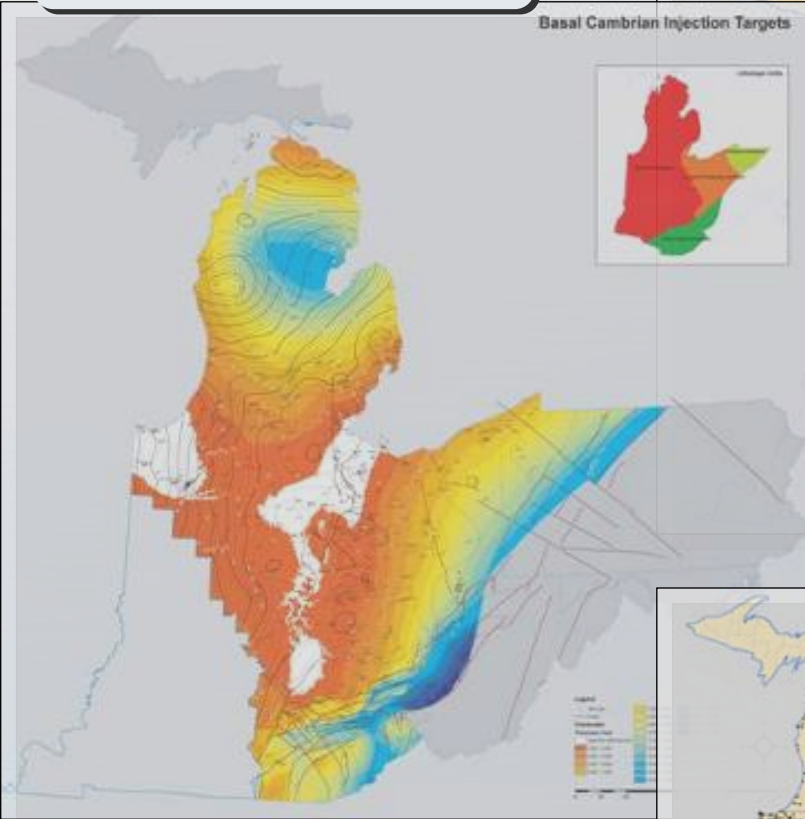
- 100s of years of capacity for large point sources in deep saline alone

### Reaching Out To and Educating Stakeholders

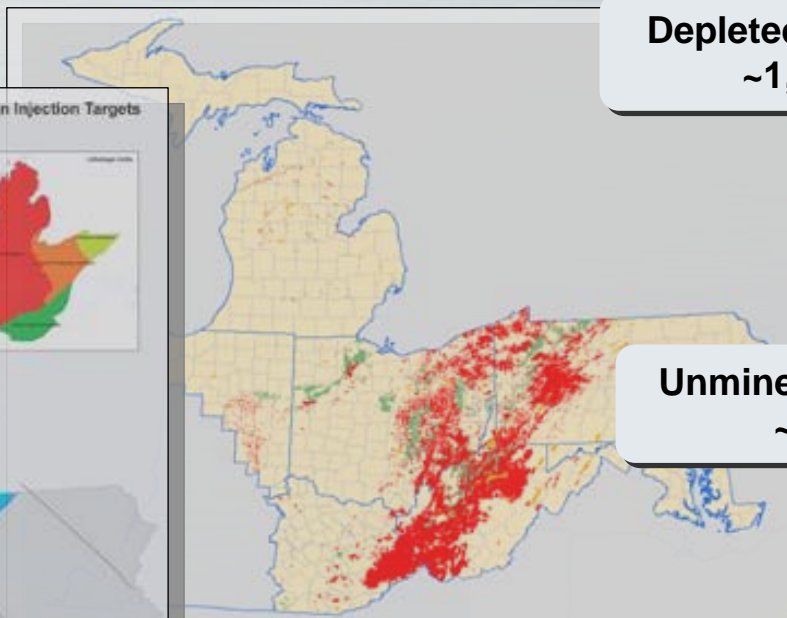
www.mrcsp.org

# MRCSP Region's Vast Geological Storage Potential is Well Positioned Relative to Sources

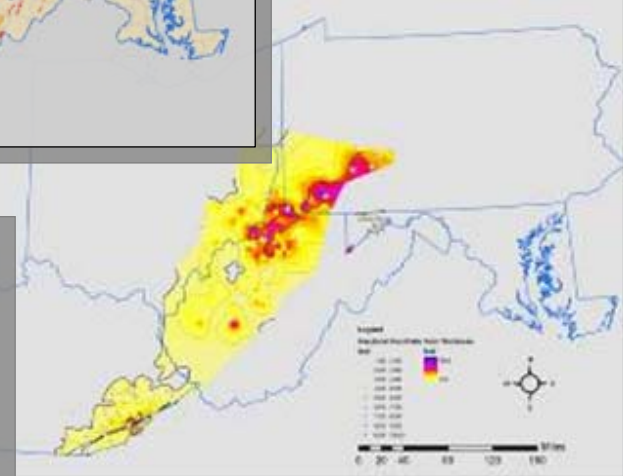
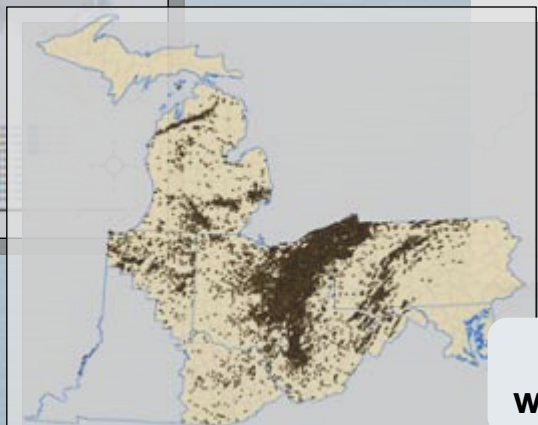
Deep saline formations:  
>100,000 MMTCO<sub>2</sub>



Depleted oil and gas fields  
~1,400 MMTCO<sub>2</sub>



Unmineable coal and shale  
~350 MMTCO<sub>2</sub>



Data from over 40,000 wells have been analyzed

# Geologic Storage – three sites are being characterized for injection tests by MRCSP

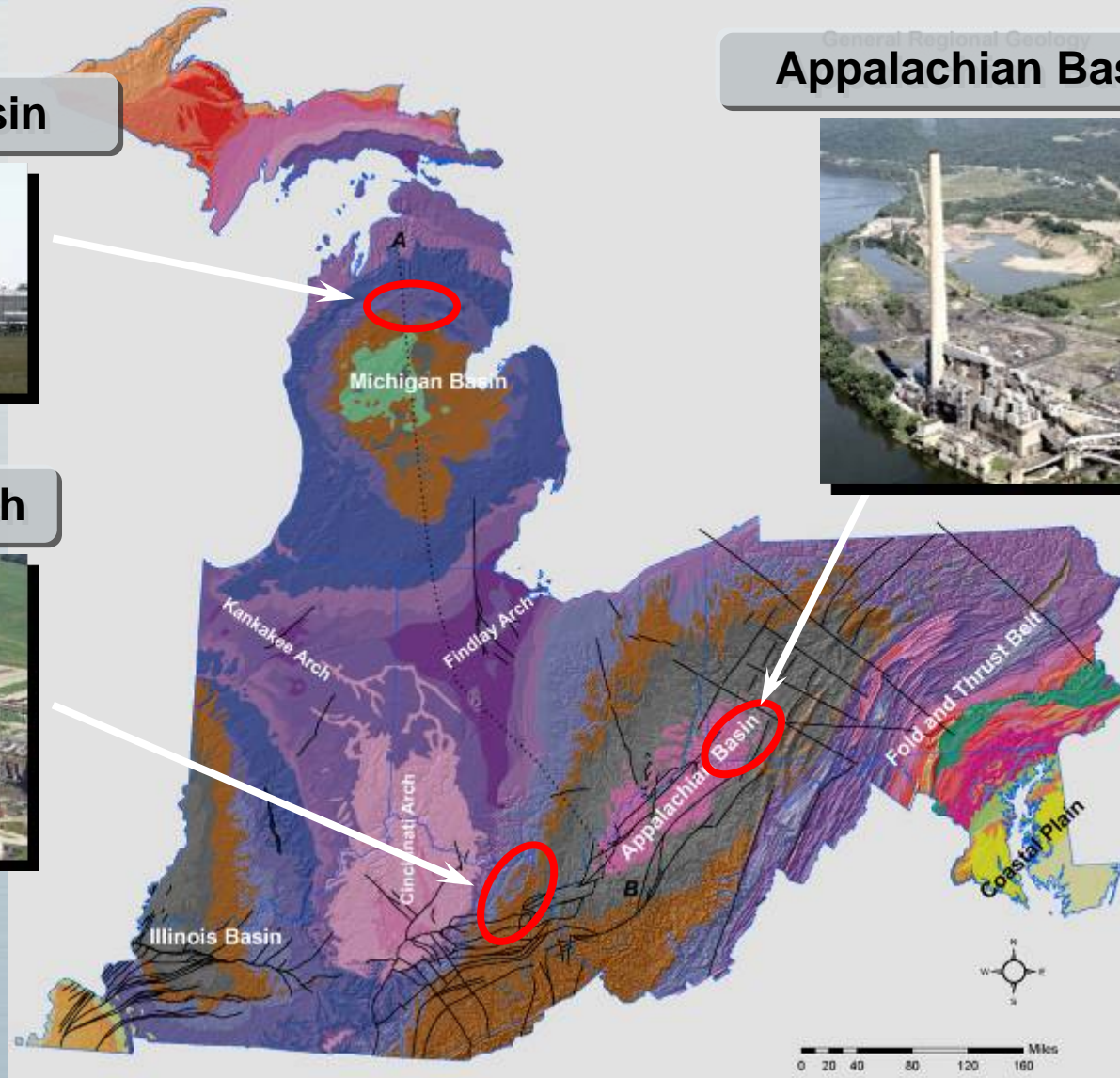
**Michigan Basin**



**Appalachian Basin**



**Cincinnati Arch**



# Test Well Drilling at the Michigan Basin Site

- Test well drilled October 30 – November 22, 2006



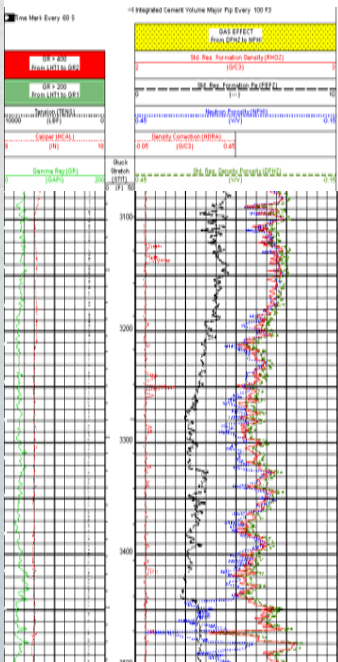
# Test Well Drilling

- 180 ft of full core collected.

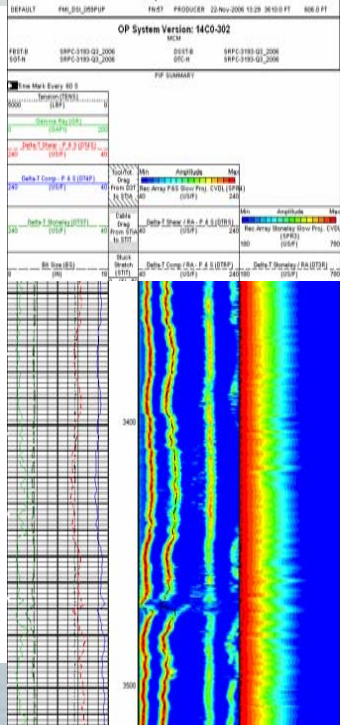


# Wireline Logging

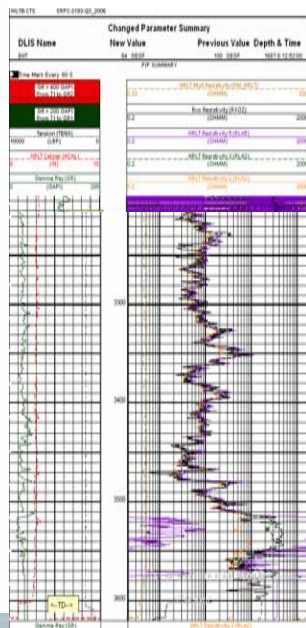
Platform Express  
LithoDensity/Caliper  
Compensated Neutron/GR



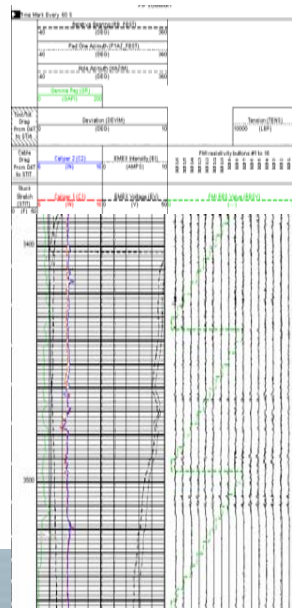
Dipole Sonic Imager



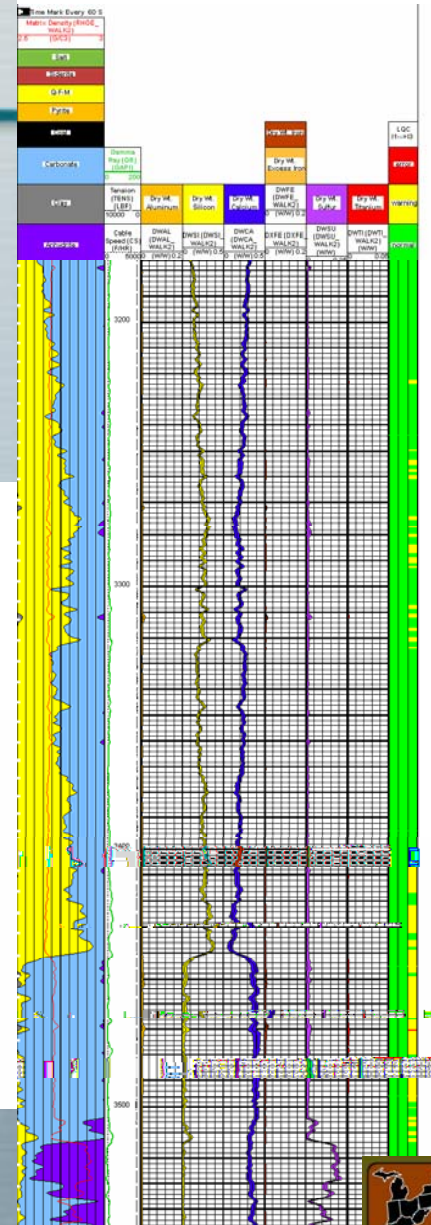
Resistivity Log  
Array laterolog



Formation Microimager  
Dual Caliper



Elemental Capture  
Spectroscopy





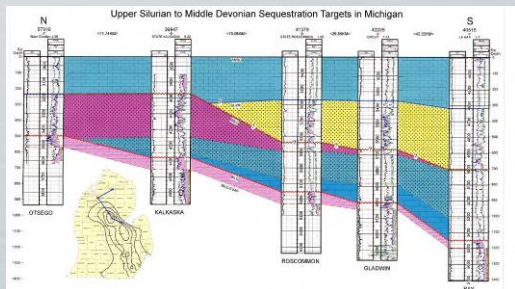
# CO<sub>2</sub> Storage Modeling Process

*Conceptualize-characterize-Design-Monitor-Calibrate-validate*

- Experience with MRCSP and other projects has demonstrated the value of site specific data from test wells.

## Example- MRCSP Michigan Basin State-Charlton 30/31 Field Test Site

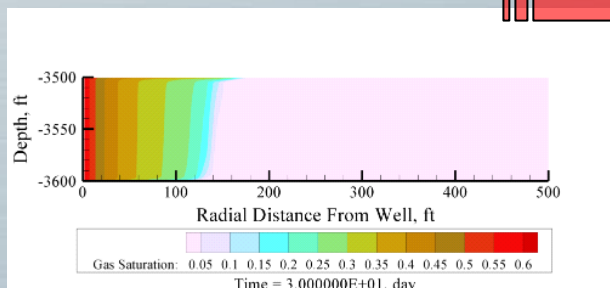
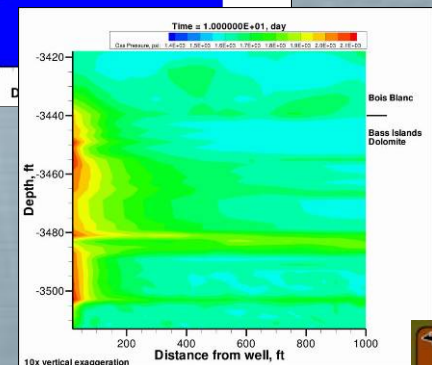
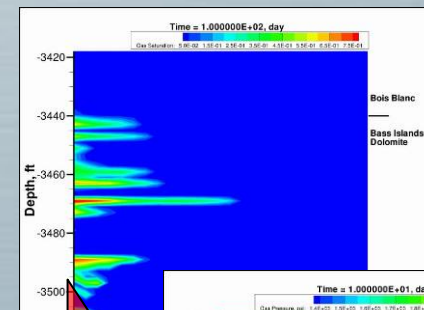
### Preliminary Modeling Based on Regional Data



### Site Drilling and Testing



### Site Specific Modeling



# Test Well Drilling – Permitted as Stratigraphic Test Well by State of Ohio

## Surface Casing Rig



## Deep Well Rig



# Test Well Drilling at R.E. Burger Plant, Appalachian Basin

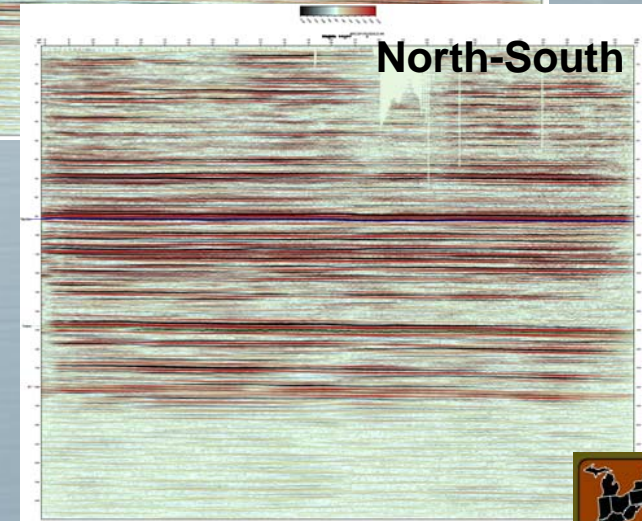
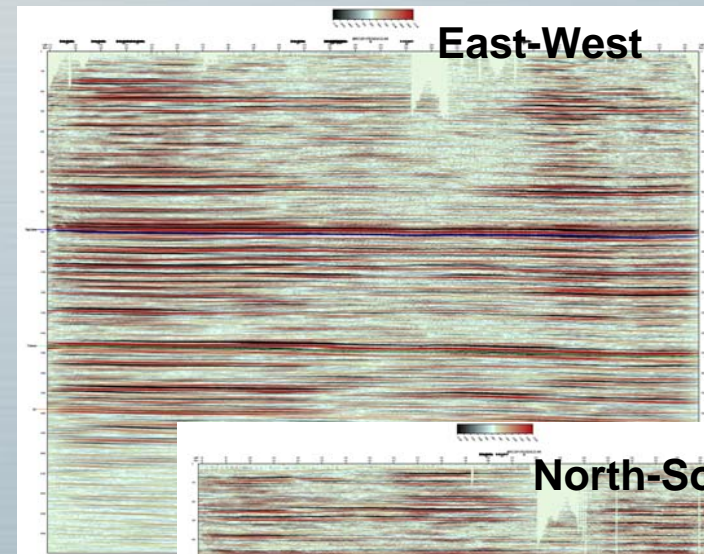
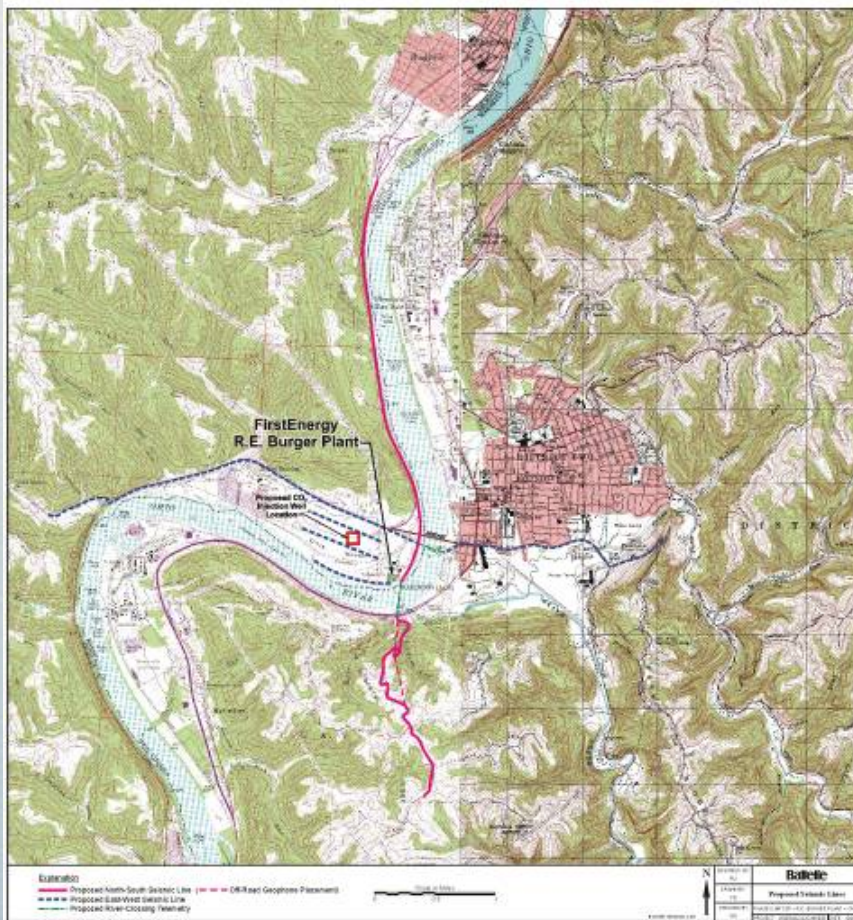
Deep Rig- TD = 8,384' 2/5/07

Wireline Logging



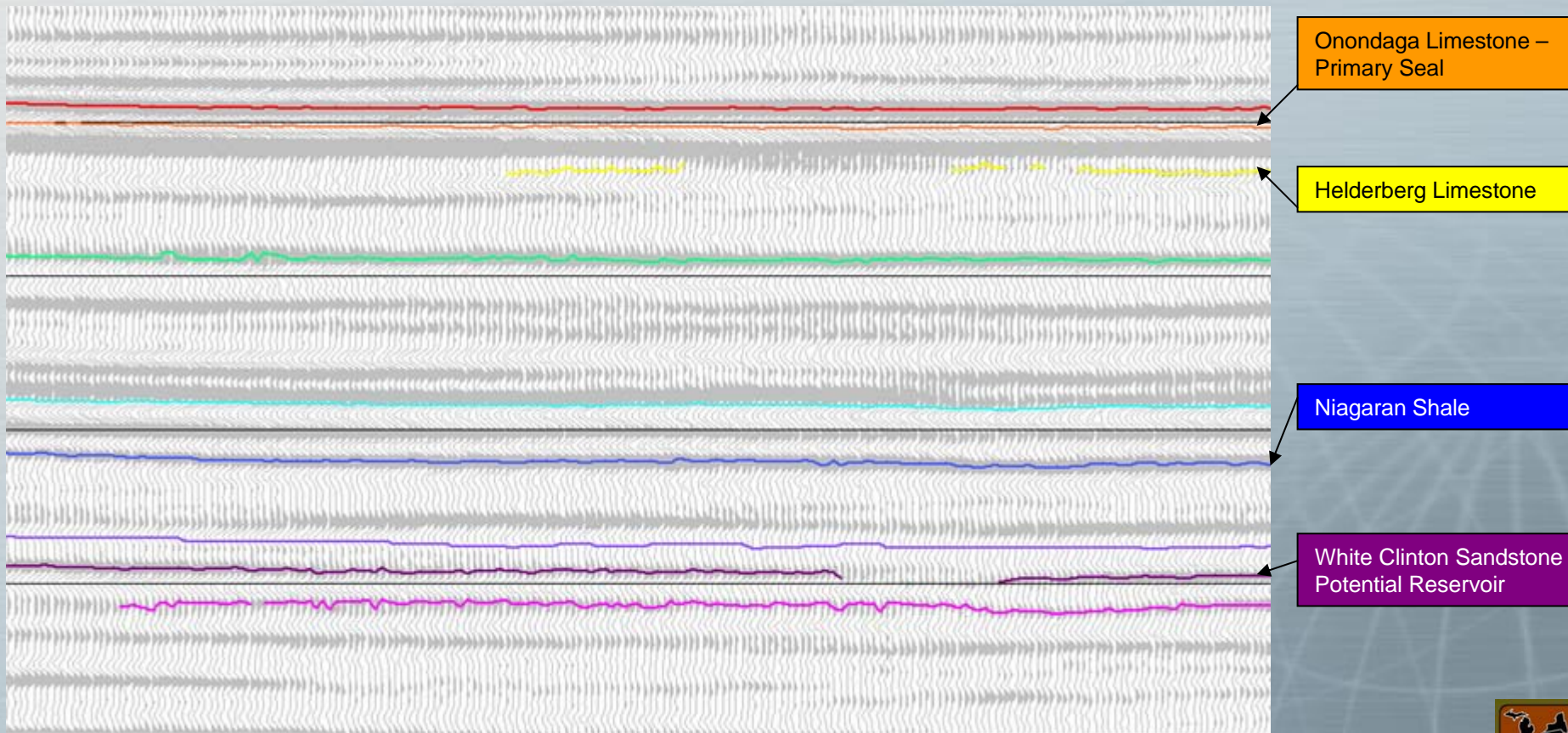
# Site Characterization- Seismic Survey at Burger Plant

- 10-mile seismic survey completed in August 2006
- Additional 1-mile of “quasi-3D” to investigate reservoirs and 3D options



# Site Characterization- Detailed Seismic Interpretation

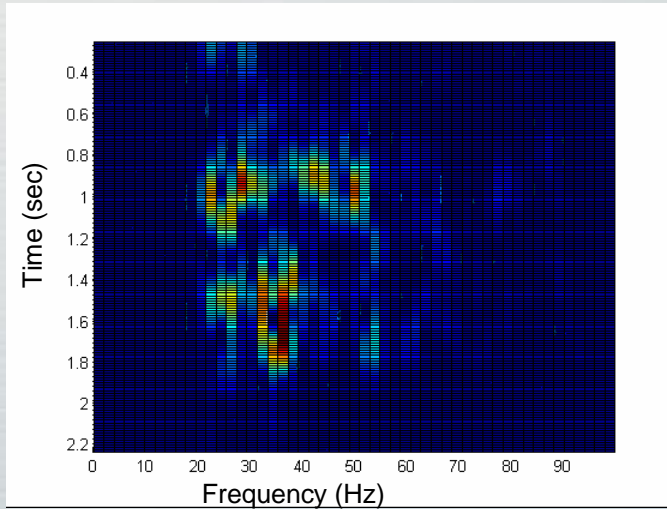
- The Oriskany Sandstone (between the Onondaga and Helderberg is right at the resolution limit of this data
- The White Clinton is much easier to see and post injection changes may be detectable



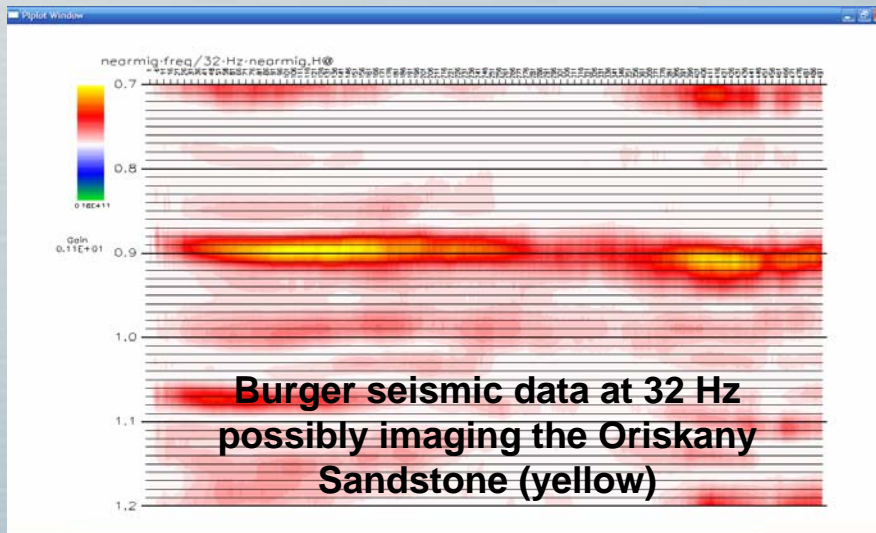
Battelle  
\*Initial Results

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# Site Characterization- Low Frequency Seismic Analysis



- Low frequency response of a formation is largely dictated by pore fluids
- Different formations should peak at different frequencies
- Imaging methods explored to better define sandstone injection targets



# Proposed Phase III Geologic Test Sites

## Ohio Ethanol



## Indiana IGCC



- Primary site

- Injection starts in early FY2010
- Plans are to inject 1 million tons of CO<sub>2</sub> over a four-year period
- Target is the Mt. Simon reservoir, the largest deep saline target in our region.

- Optional site

- Injection starts in FY 2012
- Possible 2 million tons of injection over four-year injection period
- Multiple injection zones and caprock layers

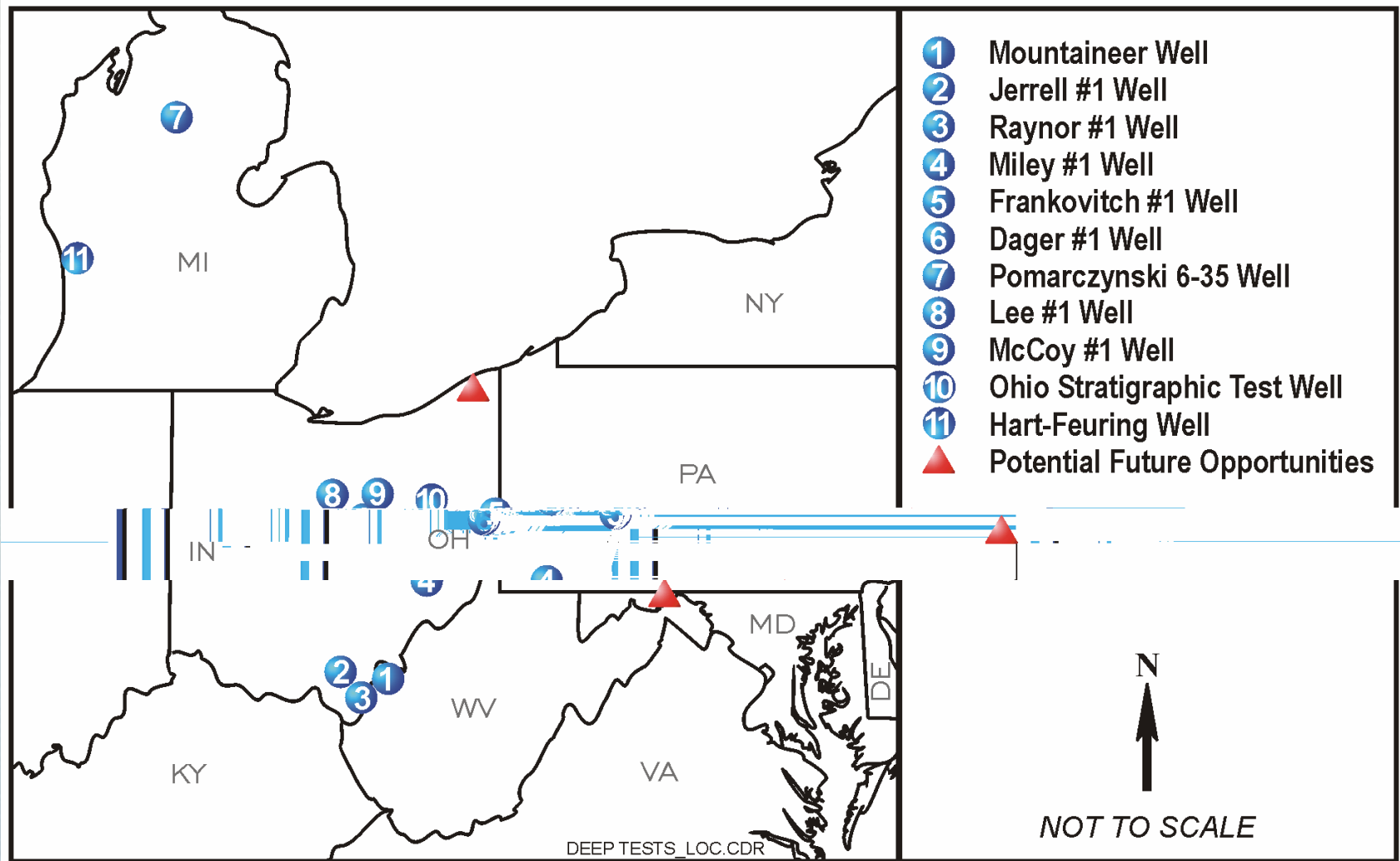
# Piggy Back Program - Leveraging the Oil and Gas Exploration Industry

- Team up with oil and gas industry to collect data
- DOE gets access to existing drilling operations – saves significant cost (counts as cost share)
- Oil and gas operators get detailed wireline logs
- Data go back to build regional understanding of geology and improved capacity assessment



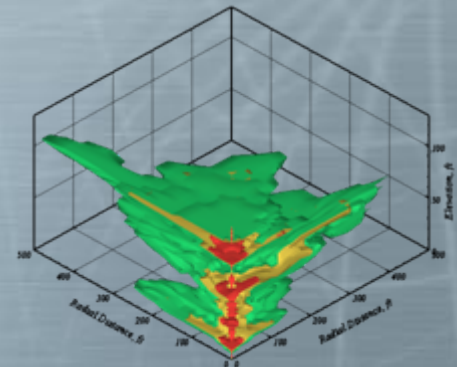
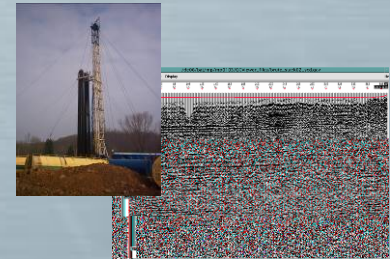
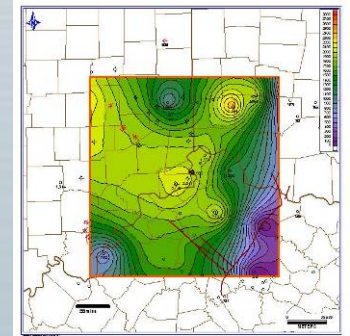


# Regional Characterization Efforts



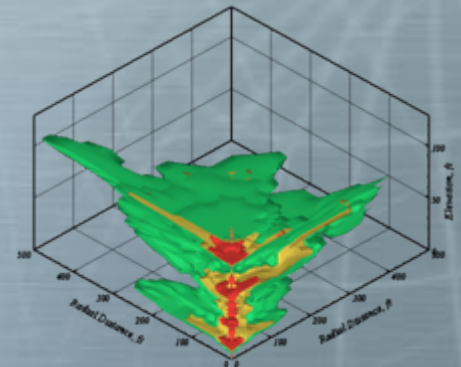
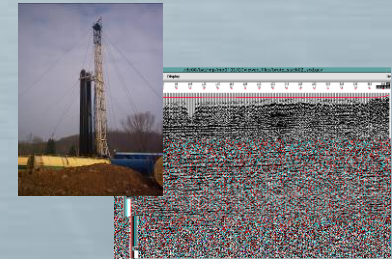
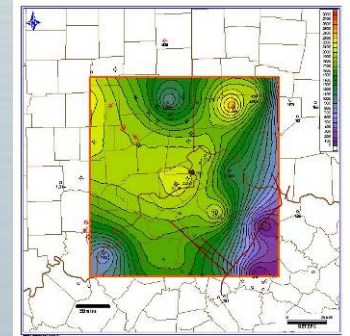
# Objectives of Battelle's Piggyback Drilling Project

- Identify Formations of Interest for CO<sub>2</sub> Storage
- Improve Geologic Framework for Deep Formations
- Determine Geologic Patterns and Regional Distribution
- Focus on Formations Deeper than 3000'
- \*Generate New Data for In-Depth Reservoir Research



# Approach of the Piggyback Drilling Project

- **Supplement or Extend Active Exploration Projects Through:**
  - Surface seismic surveys,
  - Adding a stratigraphic test tail on exploration wells
  - State-of-the-art wireline logging
  - Coring
  - Reservoir tests, brine sampling,
  - Petrographic, geochemical studies, etc.

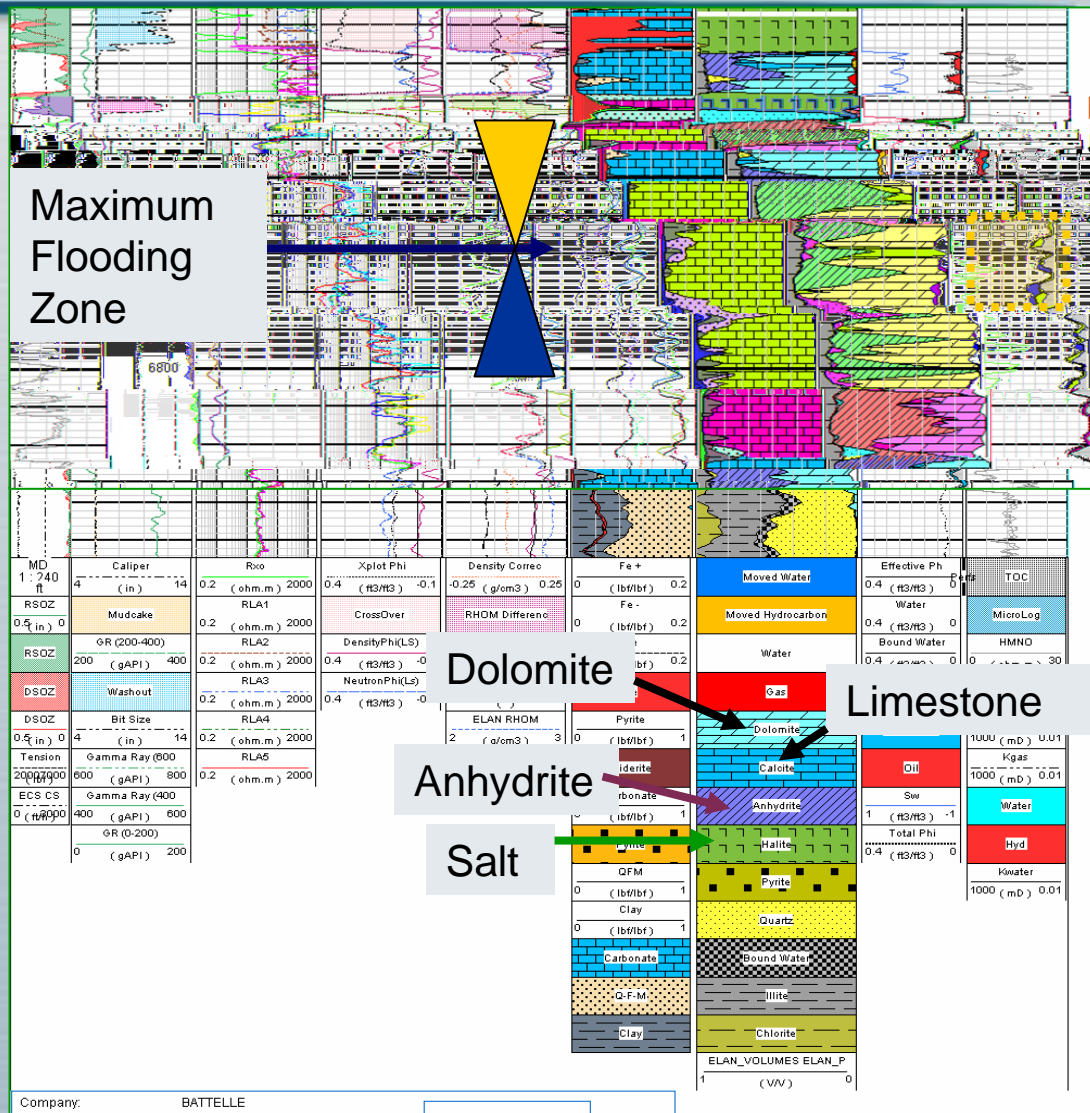


# Sequence Stratigraphy Provides Model for Prediction of Porosity and Permeability

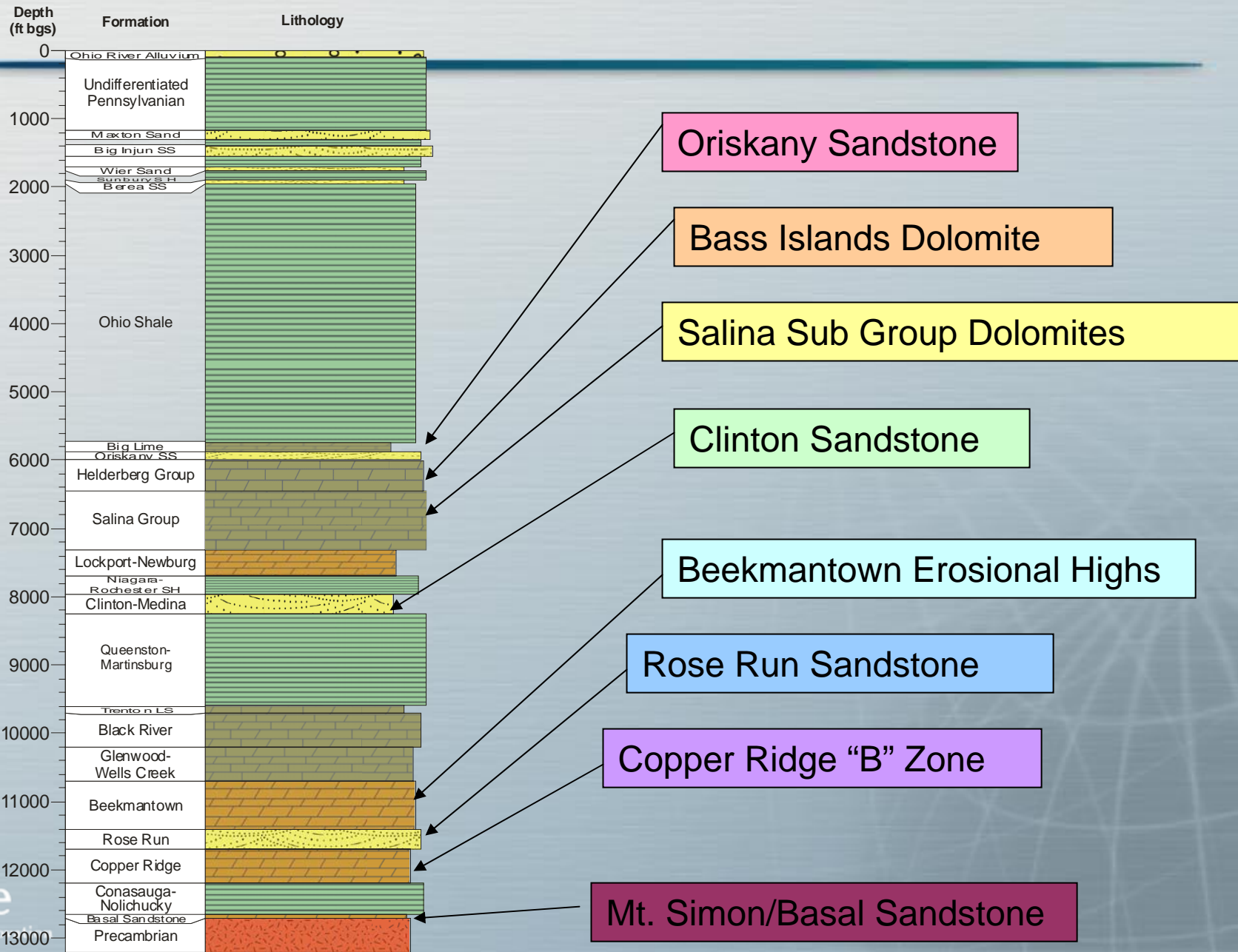
Example from Burger well: Newly identified Salina Williamsport porosity is in dolomites associated with Maximum Flooding Zones and provides a model for distribution in time and space

## Salina Williamsport (6740-7038 ft)

- Logs show zones of porosity around 10%.
- Some short-lived gas shows
- Sandwiched between salt intervals.
- Porous dolomites above and below mappable Maximum Flooding Zone tight limestone.



# Characterizing the Stratigraphic Column



# Zero Lost Time Incidents – Please be safe during the site visits!



Thank you!

## Drilling at Mountaineer Plant, West Virginia

