



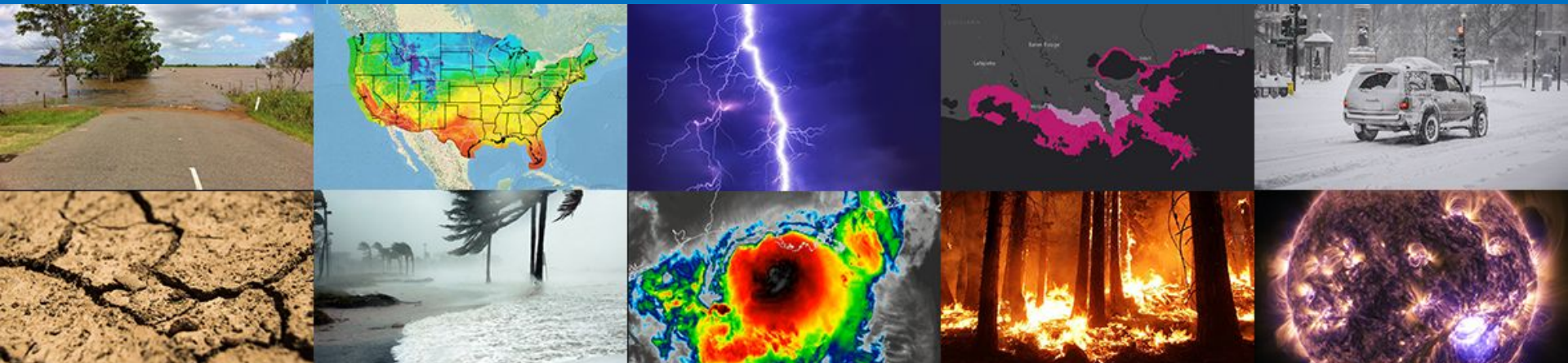
Status and Opportunities with the Rapid Refresh Forecast System

Jacob R. Carley¹ and Curtis R. Alexander²
on behalf of the RRFS development team

¹NOAA/NWS/NCEP/EMC

²NOAA/OAR/GSL

July 20th, 2022



Simplifying NOAA's Operational Forecast Suite

Reducing the 21 Stand-alone Operational Forecast Systems into Eight Applications

21 Independent Stand-alone Systems

- Global Weather, Waves & Global Analysis - GFS/ GDAS
- Global Weather and Wave Ensembles, Aerosols - GEFS
- Short-Range Regional Ensembles - SREF
- Global Ocean & Sea-Ice - RTOFS
- Global Ocean Analysis - GODAS
- Seasonal Climate - CDAS/ CFS
- Regional Hurricane 1 - HWRF
- Regional Hurricane 2 - HMON
- Regional High Resolution CAM 1 - HiRes Window
- Regional High Resolution CAM 2 - NAM nests/ Fire Wx
- Regional High Resolution CAM 3 - RAPv5/ HRRR
- Regional HiRes CAM Ensemble - HREF
- Regional Mesoscale Weather - NAM
- Regional Air Quality - AQM
- Regional Surface Weather Analysis - RTMA/ URMA
- Atmospheric Transport & Dispersion - HySPLIT
- Coastal & Regional Waves - NWPS
- Great Lakes - GLWU
- Regional Hydrology - NWM
- Space Weather 1 - WAM/IPE
- Space Weather 2 - ENLIL

Unified Forecast System (UFS)



UFS Applications

- Medium Range & Subseasonal
- Marine & Cryosphere
- Seasonal

- Hurricane

- Short-Range Regional HiRes CAM & Regional Air Quality

- Air Quality & Dispersion

- Coastal

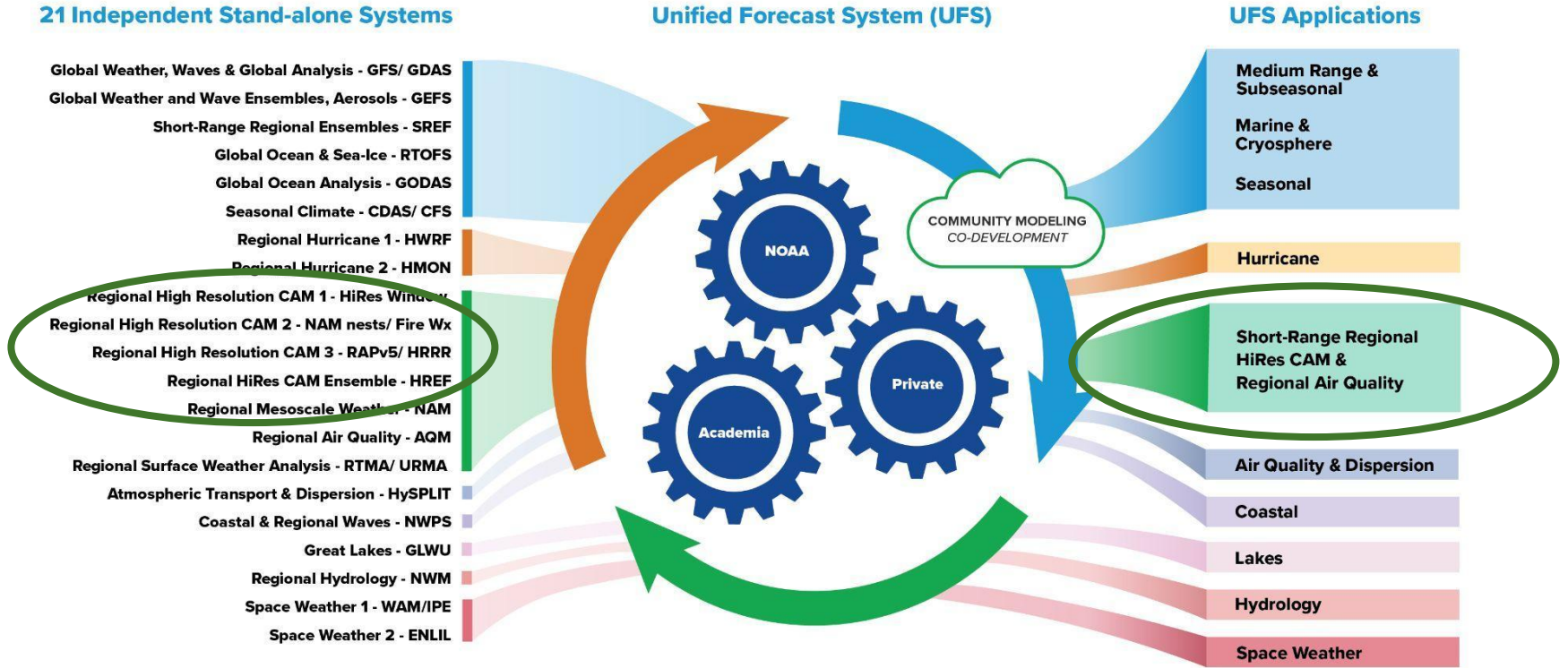
- Lakes

- Hydrology

- Space Weather

Simplifying NOAA's Operational Forecast Suite

Reducing the 21 Stand-alone Operational Forecast Systems into Eight Applications

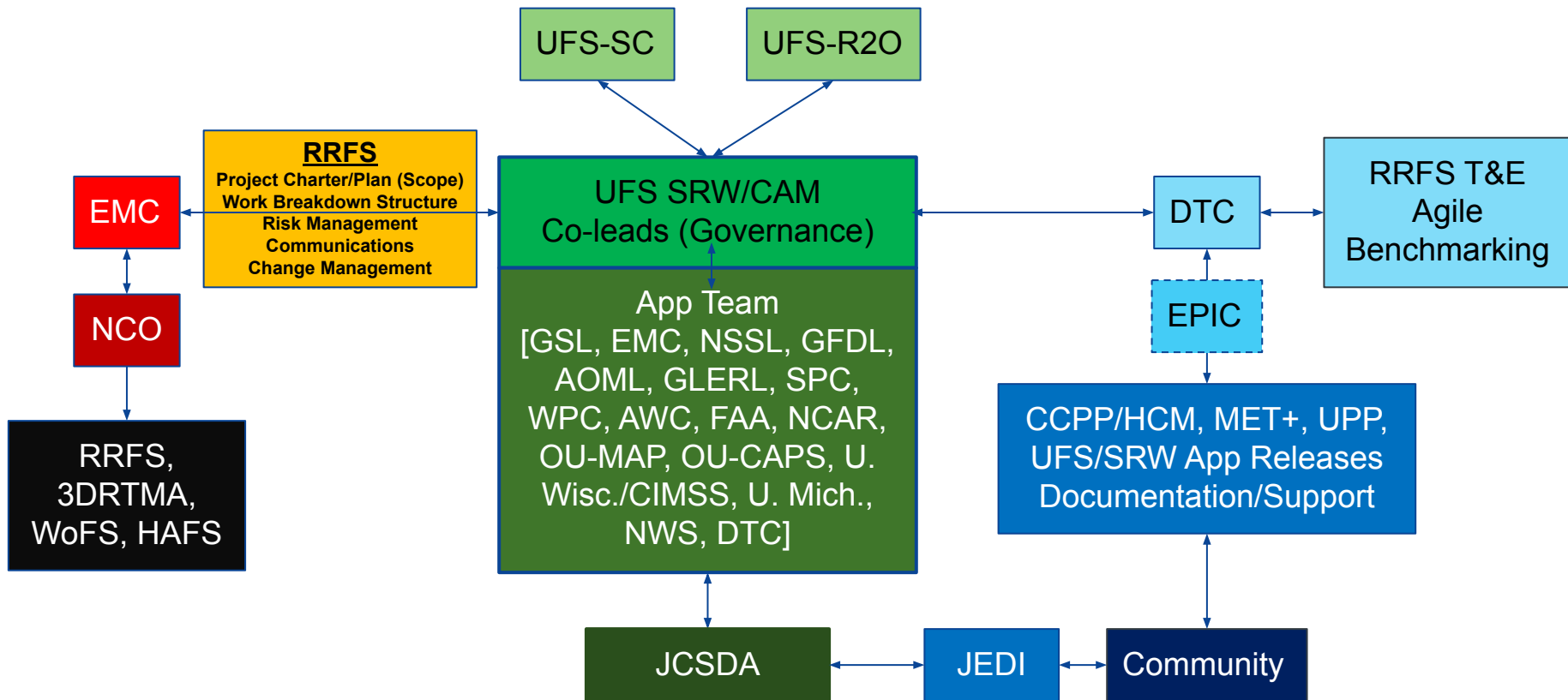


UFS Era

T2O

R&D

T&E, Release/Support



RRFSv1 Project Plan

Informed by Stakeholder Feedback and Requirements

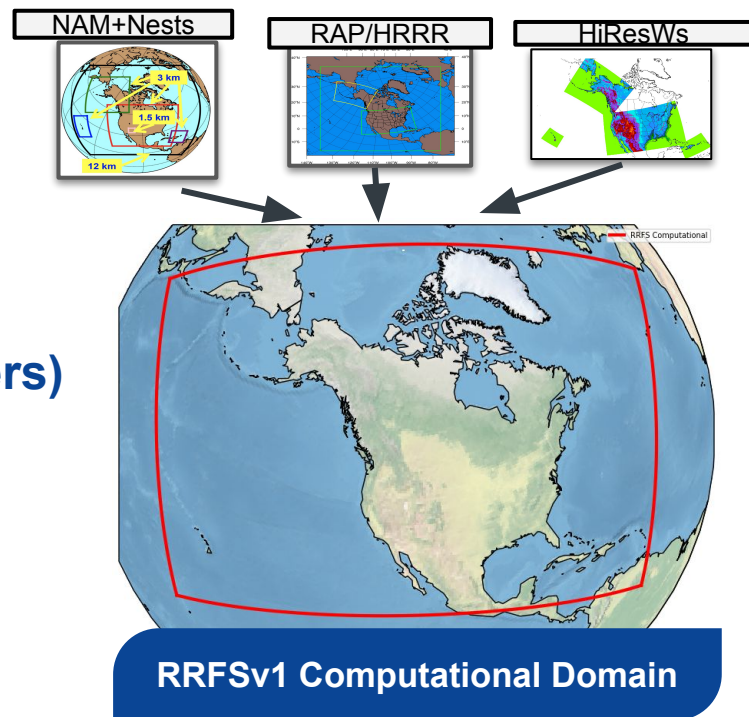
- 1 HRRRv4 Implementation & Evaluation (2020)
- 2 HREFv3 Implementation & Evaluation (2021)
- 3 UFS Forecaster priority workshops (2020-2021)
- 4 UFS Metrics Workshops (2021)
- 5 NOAA Testbed reports from HWT and HMT (2020, 2021)
- 6 CaRDS 21-012
- 7 CaRDS CAM Ensemble (draft)



Rapid Refresh Forecast System (RRFS)

A UFS Application

- **Based on the FV3 dynamical core Limited Area Model (LAM) capability**
 - Black et al. (*JAMES*, 2021)
- **Rapidly updated**
- **Convection-allowing (~3 km grid spacing)**
- **65 vertical layers**
- **Hybrid 3D_{En}Var assimilation (30-40 members)**
- **Deterministic forecasts to 18h every hour**
- **Ensemble forecasts to 60h every 6 hours**
 - 9 members (+1 deterministic control)
 - IC perturbations, stochastic, & multiphysics



RRFS Development Status & Progress

| | <u>Model Infrastructure</u> | <u>Dynamics/Physics</u> | <u>Data Assimilation</u> | <u>Testing/Eval/T2O</u> |
|----------------|---|--|---|--|
| 2018-19 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> FV3LAM established ESG grid GFS IC/LBC option | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> CCPP ready | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> GSI FV3LAM interface | |
| 2020 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> RAP/HRRR IC/LBC option Initial dynamics options | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> RRFSv1 alpha suite Thompson/RRTMG UGW/MYNN/GFS SL | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Conventional DA | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> SFE/FFaIR/WWE RAPv5/HRRRv4 |
| 2021 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> SRWv1.0 app release N. America domain Cloud HPC deployment 65 vertical layers set VGF/IMS snow/ice updating | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> MYNN SL RUC/Noah LSM SPPT SPP Smoke | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Partial cycling design Soil temp/moisture adj Radar reflectivity LH DA Satellite clear radiances | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> SFE/FFaIR/WWE HREFv3 DTC benchmark MEG Alpha Eval |
| 2022 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> FVCOM Great Lakes Ensemble ICs UPP read ESG grid | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 8th order damping Ensemble physics FLAKE/CLM Lake NoahMP LSM | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Soil temp/moisture adj EnKF ensemble Cloud analysis Stoch phys in EnKF mems EnKF recentering/coupling | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> SFE/FFaIR/AWT/WWE Agile prototyping |

• Tested in real-time experiment

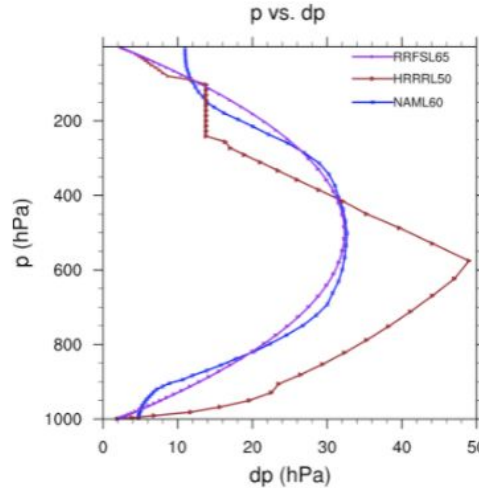
• Some testing

• More development needed



RRFSv1 Physics and Vertical Resolution

- Tested L65 and L70 configurations for 30 cases
 - Performance between L65 and L70 is very similar
 - Both improved over NAM's L60
- 1.2% increase in HPC per vertical level
 - L70 is ~%6 more expensive than L65



RRFS vertical resolution along with two historical configurations for reference.

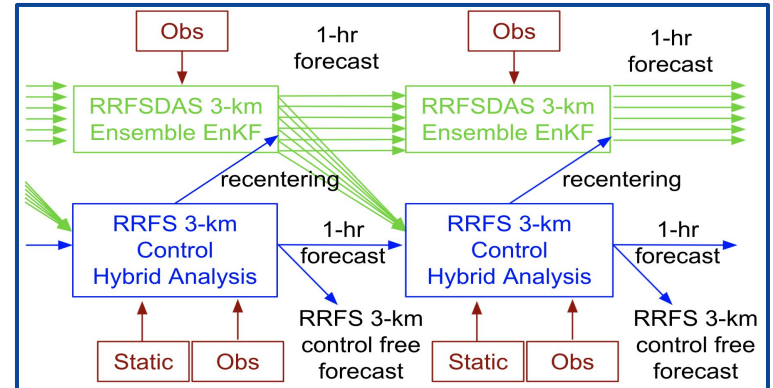
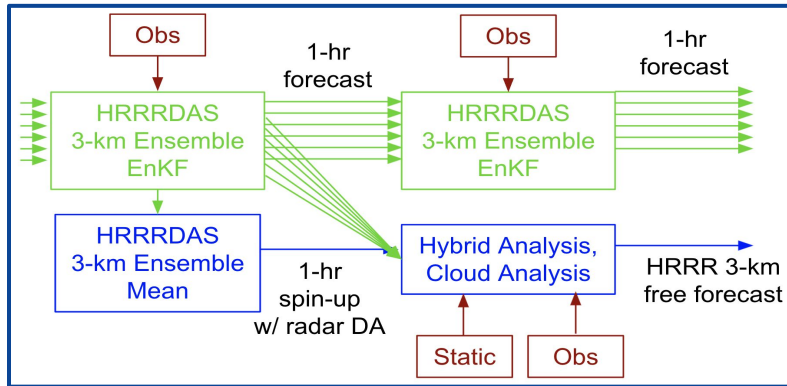
| Parameter | RRFS | HRRRv4 | NAMv4 |
|-----------------------------------|------|--------|-------|
| Number of levels | 65 | 50 | 60 |
| Lowest level (m) | 8 | 8 | 20 |
| Top (hPa) | 2 | 20 | 2 |
| Transition to pure pressure (hPa) | 45 | 200 | 300 |

- RRFSv1 physics suite (CCPP)
- Origin largely in HRRR physics
- Change to community LSM

Physical parameterization schemes for the RRFS.

| Physics | SCHEME | REFERENCE |
|-------------------------------|--|--|
| PBL/Turbulence | MYNN-EDMF | Olson et al. (2019) |
| Surface Layer | MYNN | Olson et al. (2021) |
| Microphysics | Thompson-Eidhammer | Thompson and Eidhammer (2014) |
| Climatological Aerosols | Thompson-Eidhammer | Thompson and Eidhammer (2014) |
| Smoke and Dust | RAVE fire data, FENGSA scheme for dust | Ahmadov et al., Freitas et al., 2010 |
| Shallow Convection | MYNN-EDMF | Olson et al. (2019) Angevine et al. (2020) |
| Gravity Wave Physics | Small Scale and Turbulent Orographic Form Drag | Beljaars et al. (2004) Tsiringakis et al. (2017) Toy et al. (2021) |
| Land Model | Noah-MP | Niu et al. (2011) |
| Large Lakes | FVCOM | Fujisaki-Manome et al. (2020) |
| Small Lakes | FLake/CLM Lake | Mironov (2008)/Subin et al. (2012), Mallard et al. (2015) |
| Near-Surface Sea Temperature | NSST | Fairall et al. (1996), Derber and Li (2018) |
| Long and Short Wave Radiation | RRTMG ³ | Iacono et al. (2008), Mlawer (1997) |

RRFSv1 Data Assimilation



Operational HRRRv4 HiRes Ensemble DA

- Ensemble covariances in deterministic analysis
- Leverages ensemble mean for deterministic forecast
- **One-way information from ensemble to deterministic forecast**
- **Deterministic atmospheric forecast *not* hourly cycled**
- **Non-var/non-hybrid cloud/radar DA in deterministic HRRR**
- **Deterministic forecast can fall *outside* ensemble solutions**

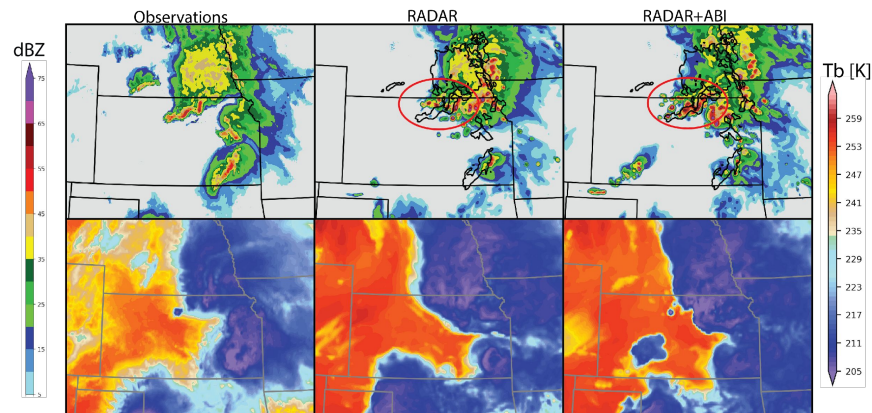
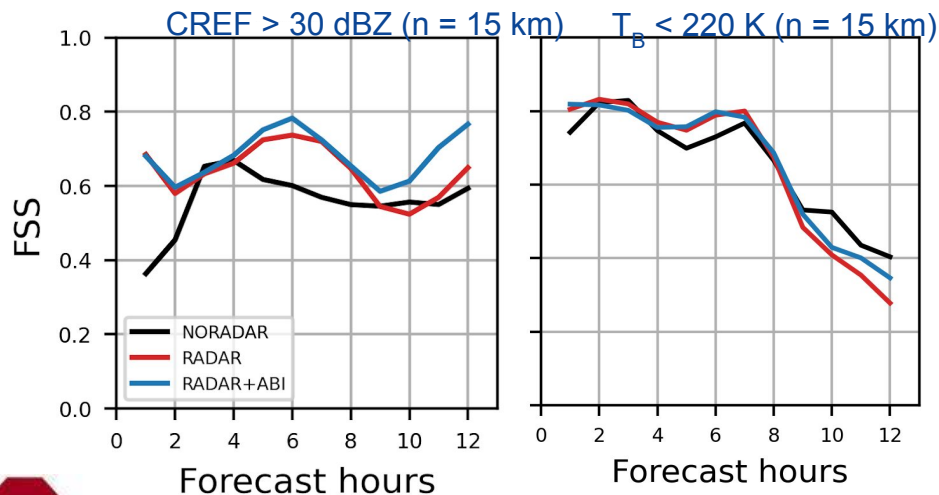
RRFSv1 HiRes Ensemble DA

- Ensemble covariances in deterministic analysis
- **Ensemble mean recentered from deterministic analysis**
- **Two-way information between ensemble and control member**
- **Deterministic atmospheric forecast *hourly* cycled**
- **Hybrid cloud/radar DA in deterministic RRFS**
- **Deterministic/control forecast *within* ensemble solution space**

RRFS: Collaboration with OU/MAP

Impacts of assimilating GOES ABI obs. on forecasts

- Benefits from assimilating ABI observations continue into the forecast period, esp. for localized convection
- Impacts are smaller for T_b as all experiments produce too cold anvils that are larger than the obs

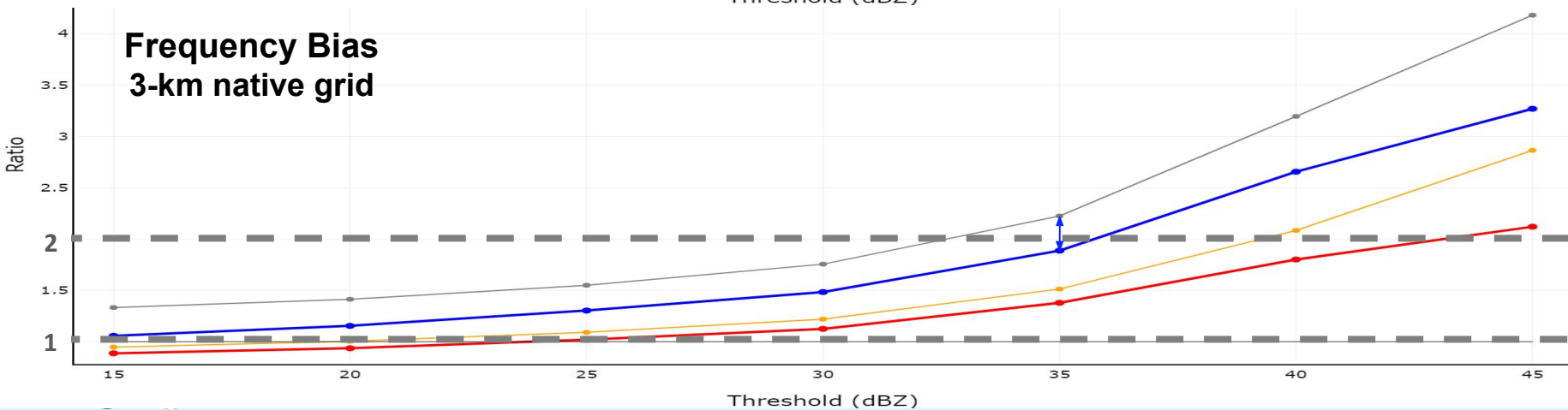
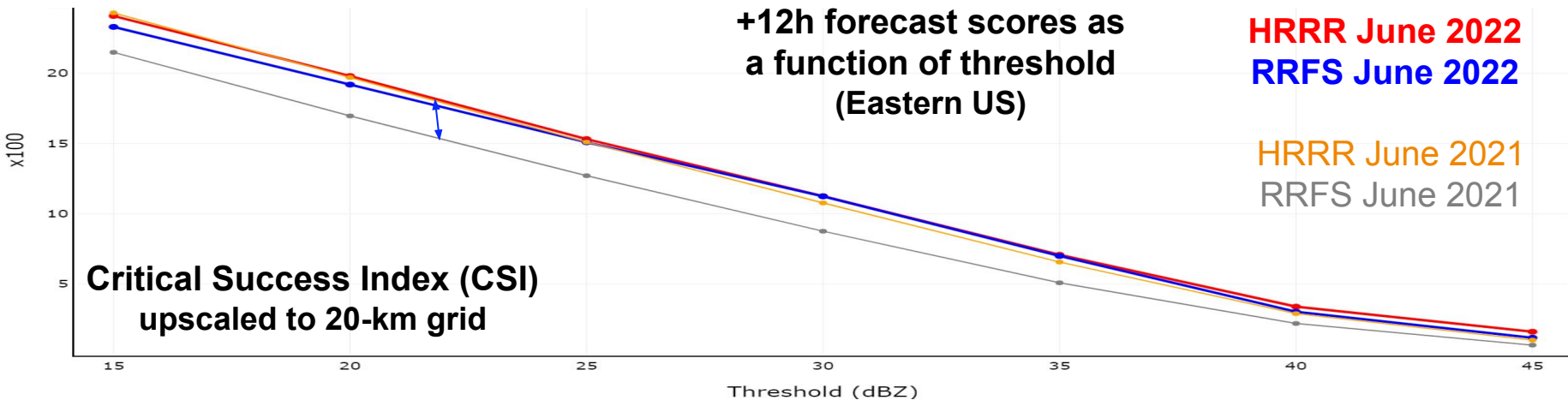


Acknowledgement to OU/MAP group



RRFS reflectivity skill closing gap compared to HRRR

control member

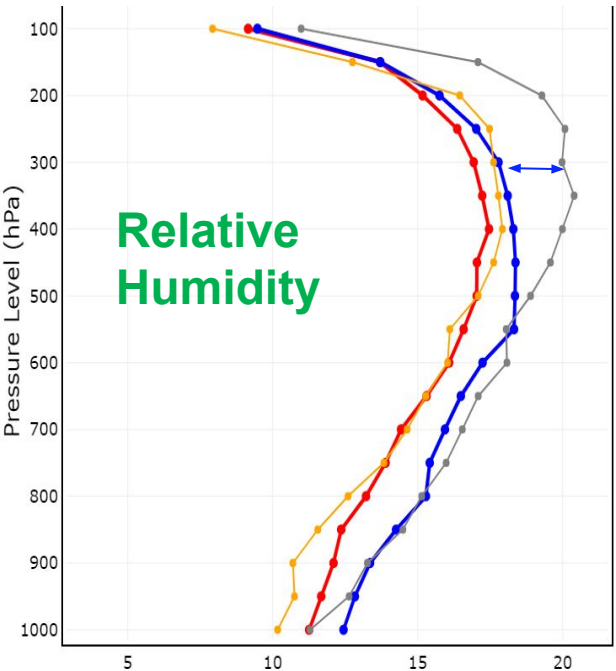
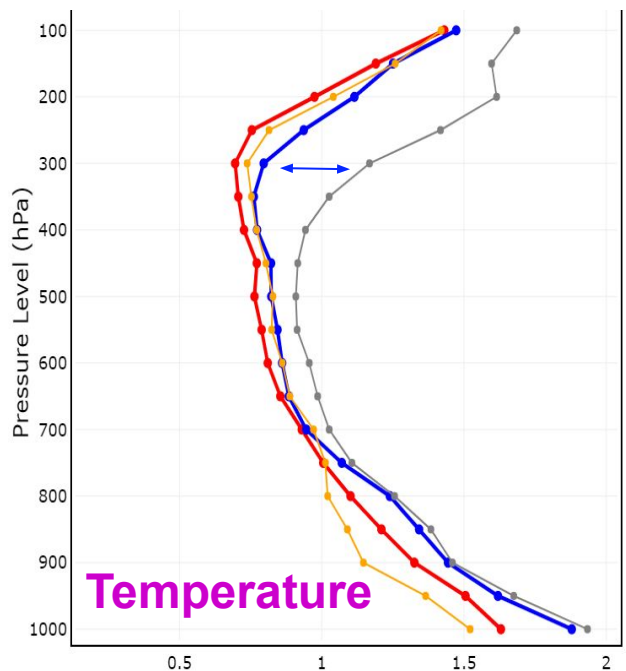
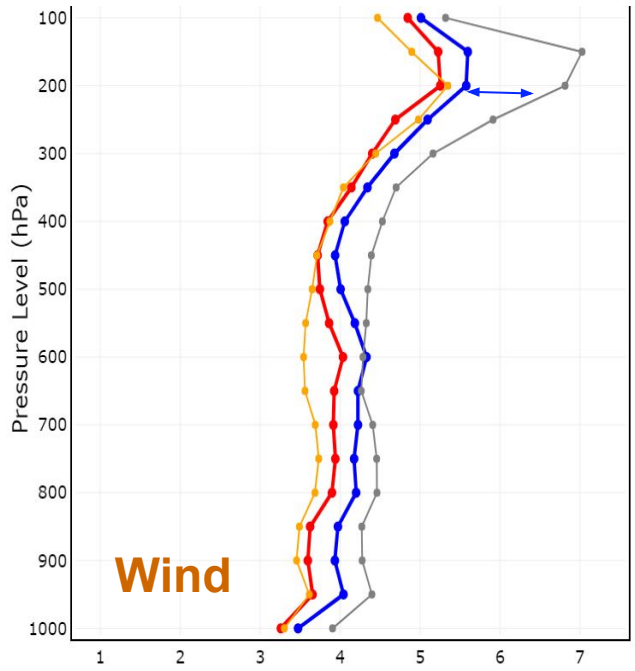


RRFS upper-air skill closing gap compared to HRRR

control member

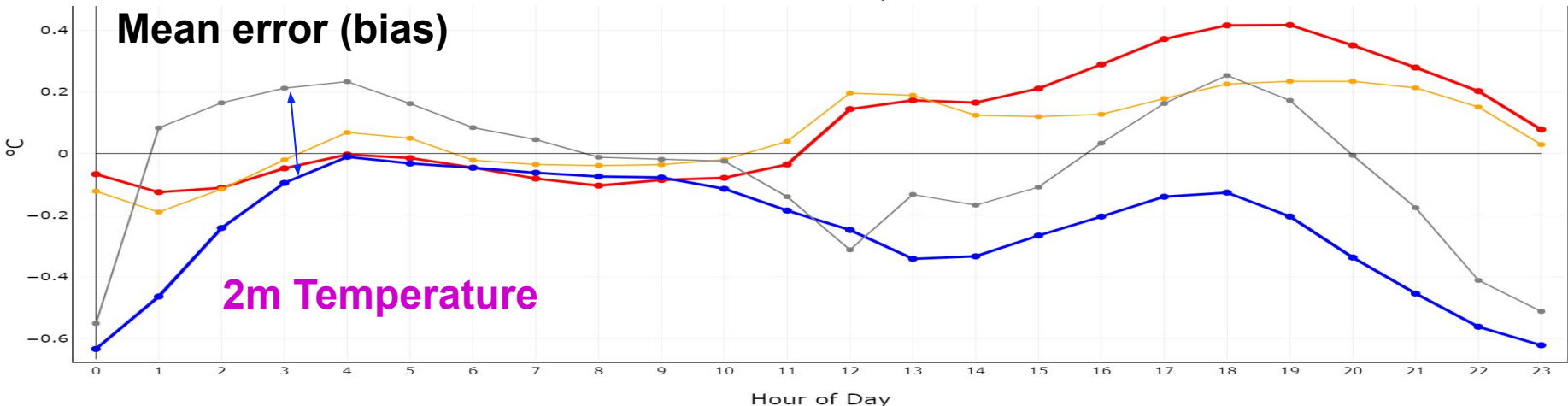
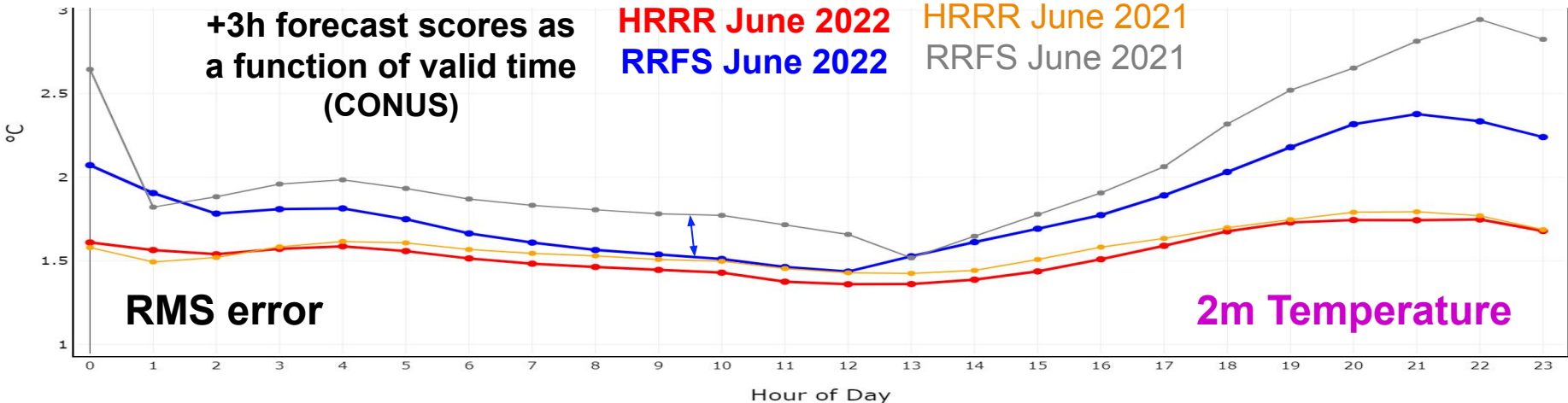
**+12h
forecast
RMS errors**

HRRR June 2022 HRRR June 2021
RRFS June 2022 RRFS June 2021



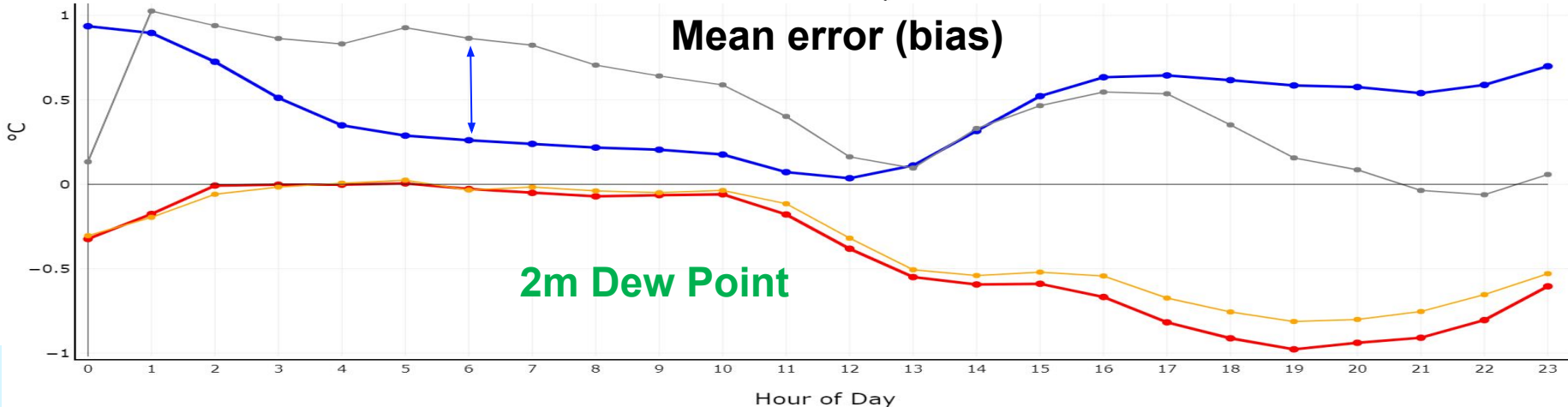
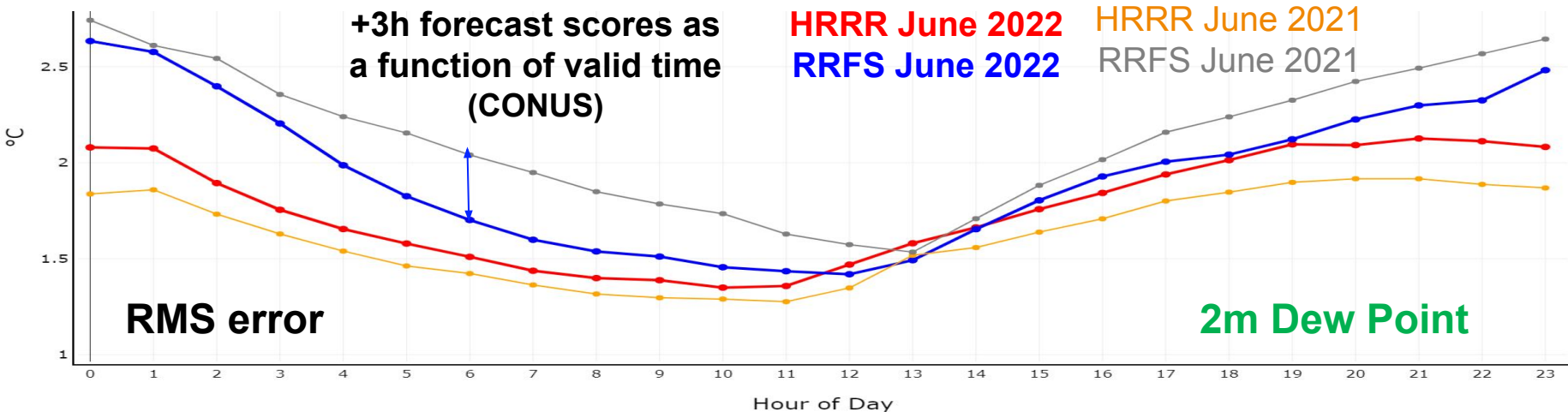
RRFS surface skill closing gap compared to HRRR

control member



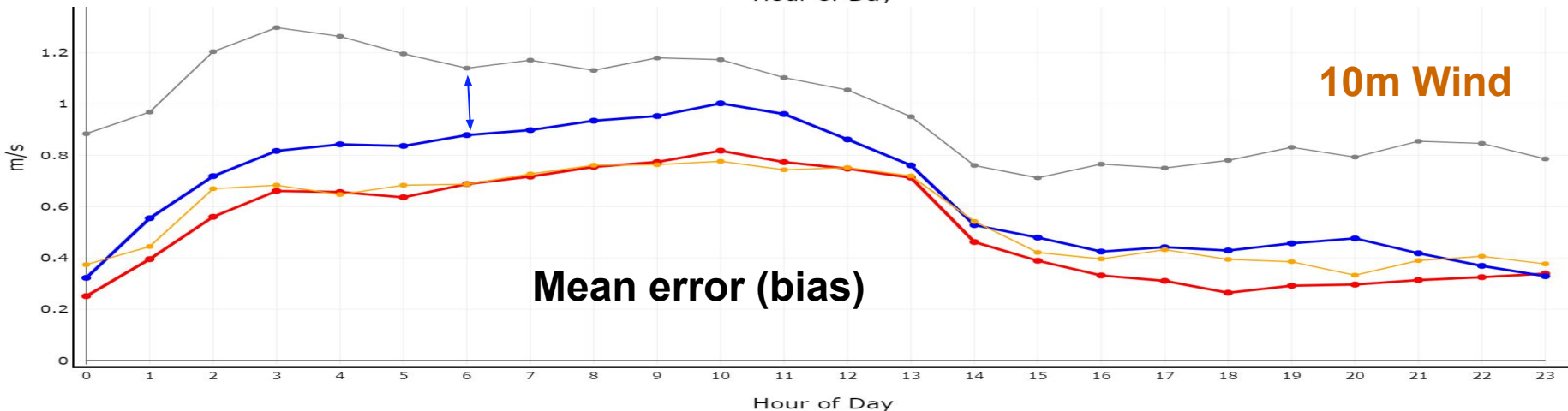
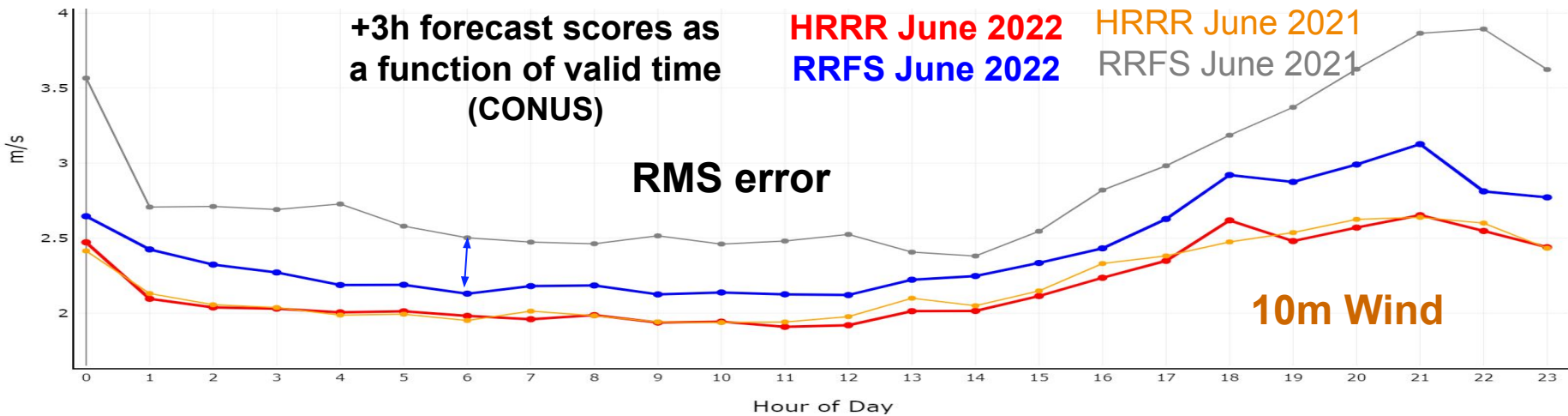
RRFS surface skill closing gap compared to HRRR

control member

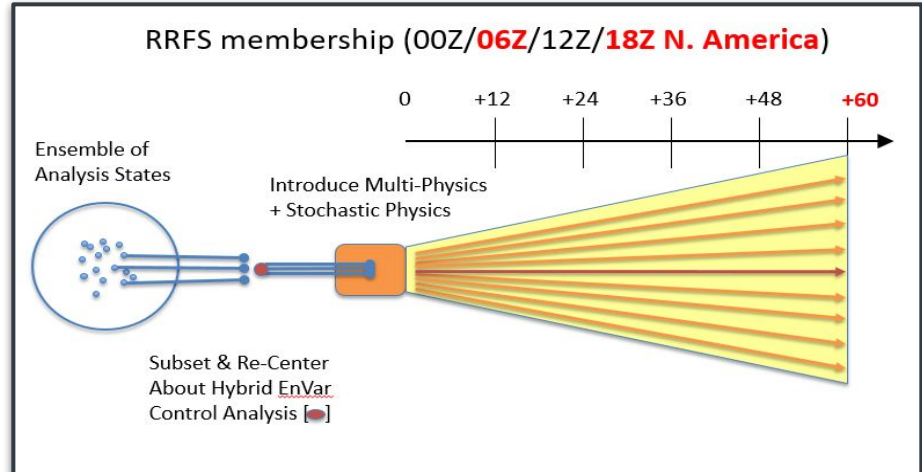
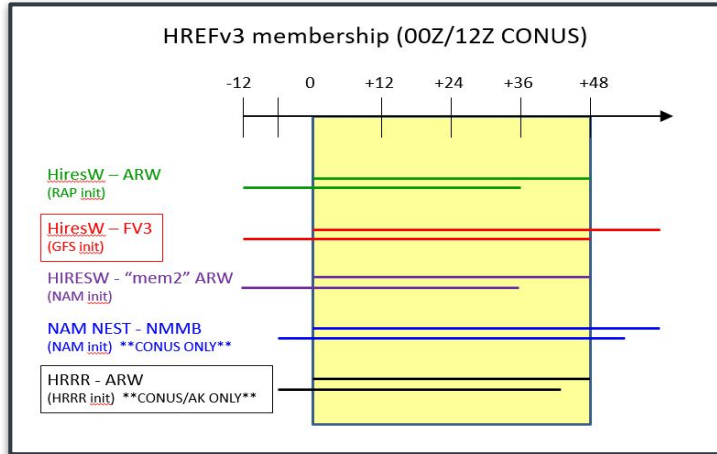


RRFS surface skill closing gap compared to HRRR

control member



RRFSv1 Forecast Ensemble Design



- 5 on time members + 5 time lagged
- 48H forecast length 2x per day
- Multi-dycore (3)
- ICs from NAM + nests, RAP, HRRR, GFS
- Multiphysics

- 9 members + control member (complete N. America coverage)
- 60H forecast length 4x per day
- Single dycore
- IC perturbations subset from 30-40 member EnKF
- Multiphysics+stochastic physics

- Single core & physics CAM ensembles designed *to date* have typically been under-dispersive vs. HREF
- RRFSv1 ensemble design leveraging HRRRE development and HIWT, DSUP, UFS-R2O projects to incorporate methods of representing uncertainty (multiphysics, SPP, etc.)
- Goal: Skillful spread & error relationship.
 - RRFSv2+ converge toward single physics to facilitate fundamental reductions in forecast error

RRFS ensemble development in AWS cloud (2021 HWT)

*Synergy with FY19 Disaster Supplemental IFHFW Project

2021/05/03-2021/06/04 00Z cycles to 36 hours

First Real Time Prototype Test of RRFS Ensemble

Made possible with cloud HPC

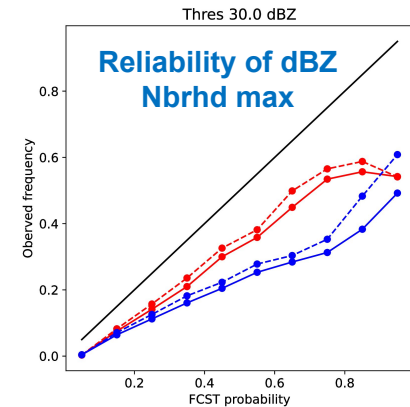
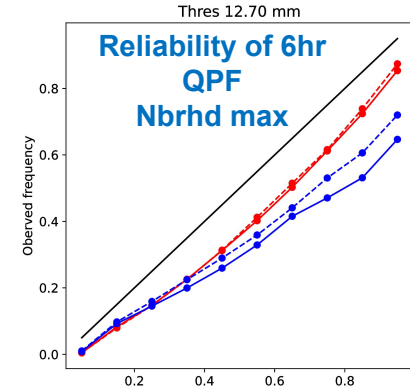
- 9 member ensemble
- 3-km North American domain
- Run in real time on AWS Cloud HPC for **2021** Testbeds

| | IC/LBC (init from 6hr fcst) | physics | Stochastic physics |
|------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------|
| Mem1 | GFS | MYNN PBL/sfc+Thompson MP | NA |
| Mem2 | GEFS mem1 | (RRFS suite) | SPPT |
| Mem3 | GEFS mem2 | | SPPT/SHUM/SKEB |
| Mem4 | GFS | TKE EDMF+GFS sfc+GFDL MP | NA |
| Mem5 | GEFS mem1 | (GFS suite) | SPPT |
| Mem6 | GEFS mem2 | | SPPT/SHUM/SKEB |
| Mem7 | GFS | Hybrid EDMF+GFS sfc+NSSL MP | NA |
| Mem8 | GEFS mem1 | | SPPT |
| Mem9 | GEFS mem2 | | SPPT/SHUM/SKEB |

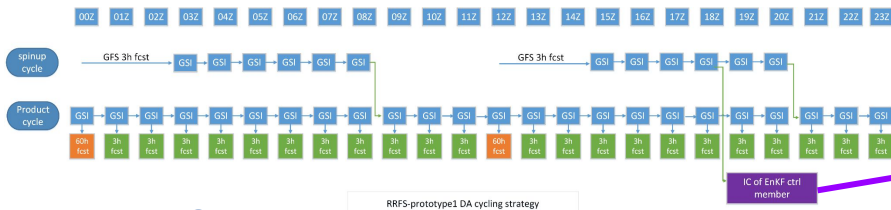
SPPT: Stochastically Perturbed Parameterization Tendencies
 SHUM: Stochastically-Perturbed boundary-layer Humidity
 SKEB: Stochastic Kinetic Energy Backscatter

Thanks to Ted Mansell and Larissa Reames of NSSL, Tim Supinie of OU/CAPS for their help on NSSL MP

- RRFS NMEP with NBR size=40 and 80 km
- HREF NMEP with NBR size=40 and 80 km

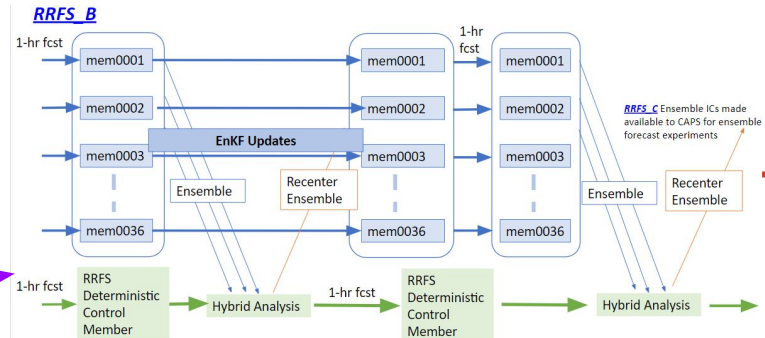


Coordinated Testing and Development in NOAA Testbeds



- **RRFS_A (prototype1):**
 - Running on WCOSS
 - Hourly cycling
 - Full land cycling, 2x per day partial cycle
 - Semi-coupled land DA from RAP/HRRR
 - Non-variational cloud analysis
 - Global EnKF members in hybrid

- **RRFS_C (CAPS prototypes 3+):**
 - Leverage ensemble of HiRes ICs from RRFS_B to conduct ensemble forecast design experiments



- **RRFS_B (prototype 2):**
 - Running on Jet
 - Pulls central state from RRFS_A
 - 3km, 36 member EnKF + 3DEnVar
 - Hourly cycle from 18Z to 00Z
 - Forecast to 36HR+

Successfully run in HWT/SFE and now running in HMT/FFaIR

CAPS Multi-Phy. and Stochastic Phy. Ensembles with RRFs prototype EnKF ICs (all 5 members)

run during **2022** HWT Spring Experiment

24-hr QPF Reliability Comparison with HREF



Microphysics

Thompson

NSSL

PBL

MYNN

TKE-EDMF

LSM

NOAH

NOAH-MP

RUC

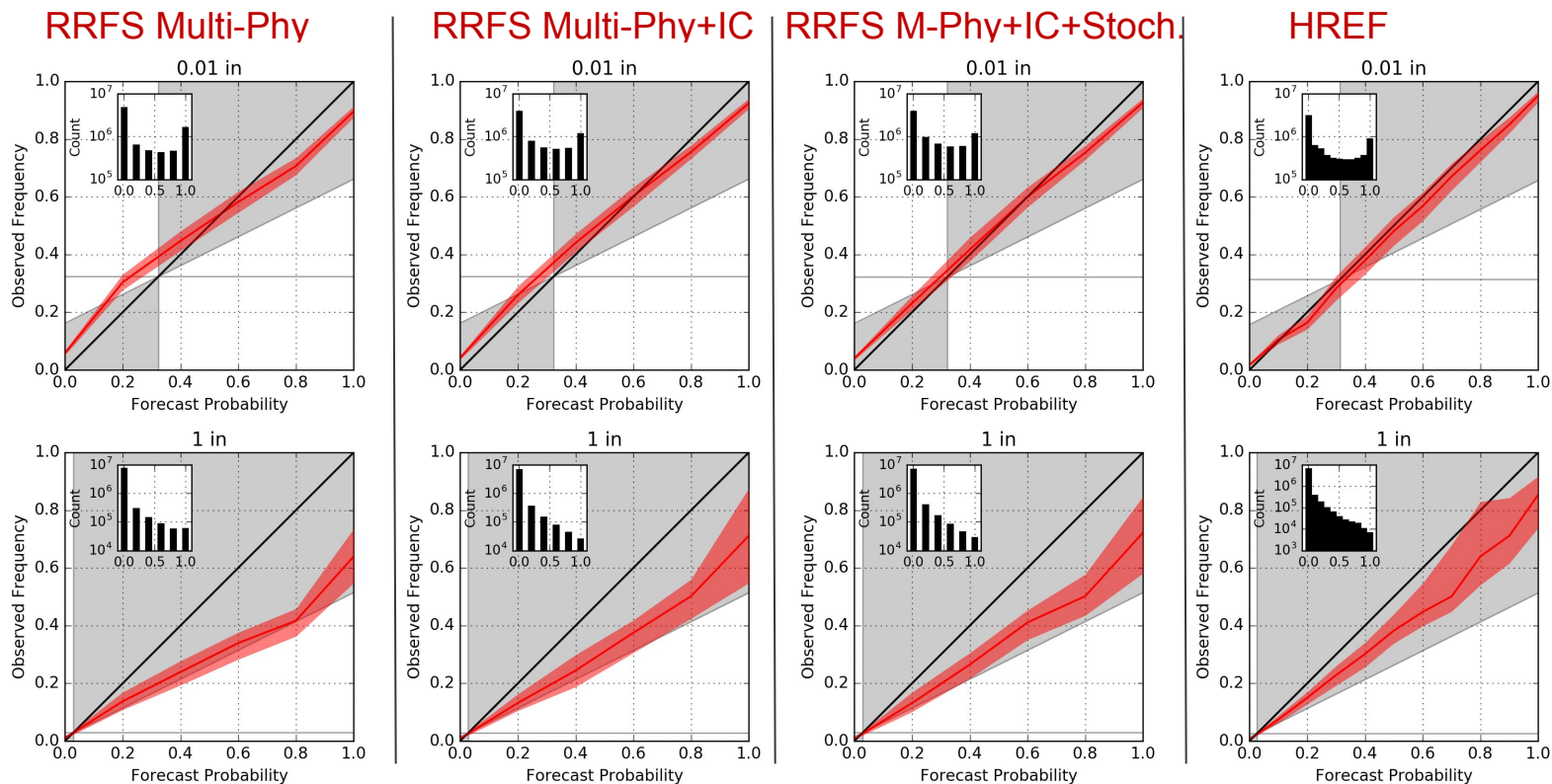
Stochastic Pert:

SPPT+SKEB+

SHUM

IC Perturbations:

RRFS EnKF



EnKF IC+Multi-physics+Stochastic Perturbations is best but slightly lower reliability than HREF

Opportunities with the Rapid Refresh Forecast System



Opportunities with the Rapid Refresh Forecast System

UFS-Short Range Weather (SRW) Application Version 2 Public Release → Foundation for RRF5

Welcome to the UFS Short-Range Weather Application wiki!

For a guide to building and running the Short-Range Weather (SRW) Application, see the [SRW App User's Guide](#).

This repository contains the model code and external links needed to build the UFS Short-Range Weather Application, which focuses on predictions of atmospheric behavior from less than an hour to several days. The application includes a user-friendly workflow, with pre-processing (preparation of inputs), a forecast model, and post-processing. The forecast model used in this application is the UFS Weather Model: <https://github.com/ufs-community/ufs-weather-model/wiki>

Getting Started

Before running the Short-Range Weather (SRW) Application, users should determine which of the four levels of support is applicable to their system. Generally, Level 1 & 2 systems are restricted to those with access through NOAA and its affiliates. These systems are named (e.g., Hera, Orion, Cheyenne). Levels 3 & 4 include some personal computers or non-NOAA-affiliated HPC systems.

The Quick Start Chapter provided in the User's Guide is an excellent place for new users to begin. It provides details on how to clone the SRW App, build it, and run a forecast. Users can access the documentation for the SRW App version that they plan to run.

Documentation and User Support

The UFS Short-Range Weather Application User's Guide has the most comprehensive information on the SRW App, including links to more thorough technical instructions.

Depending on what you are doing, you may need different versions of the Users Guide:

| Version | Description |
|---------------------------------------|--|
| Develop Branch/Latest | Documentation for the head of the development branch. This may have gaps and errors. |
| Release v2.0.0 | Documentation for the most recent release (v2.0.0). |
| Tag ufs-v1.0.1 | Documentation for the v1.0.1 release. |
| Tag ufs-v1.0.0 | Documentation for the v1.0.0 release. |

GitHub Code and Wiki



<https://github.com/ufs-community/ufs-srweather-app/wiki/Getting-Started>

UFS Short-Range Weather App Users Guide

release/public-v2

Search docs

1. Introduction
2. Quick Start Guide
3. Container-Based Quick Start Guide
4. Building and Running the SRW App
5. SRW Application Components
6. Install and Build the HPC-Stack
7. Input and Output Files
8. Limited Area Model (LAM) Grids: Predefined and User-Generated Options
9. Workflow Parameters: Configuring the Workflow in `config.sh` and `config_defaults.sh`
10. Rocoto Introductory Information
11. Workflow End-to-End (WE2E) Tests
12. Graphics Generation
13. SRW App Contributor's Guide
14. FAQ
15. Glossary

| Physics Suite Definition | SRWv2 | | | |
|--------------------------|---------------|------------------------|------------|------------------------|
| | FV3_GFS_v16p8 | FV3_RRF5_v1beta | FV3_WoFS | FV3_HRRR |
| Radiation (SW/LW) | RRTMG | RRTMG | RRTMG | RRTMG |
| Microphysics (MP) | GFDL | Thompson Aerosol Aware | NSSL | Thompson Aerosol Aware |
| Boundary Layer (PBL) | TKE-EDMF | MYNN-EDMF | MYNN-EDMF | MYNN-EDMF |
| Surface Layer (SL) | GFS | MYNN | MYNN | MYNN |
| Gravity Wave Drag (GWD) | None | SSGWD/TOFD | SSGWD/TOFD | SSGWD/TOFD |
| Land Surface Model (LSM) | Noah | NoahMP | Noah | RUC |
| Deep Convection (DCU) | sa-SAS | None | None | None |
| Shallow Convection (SCU) | sa-MF | None | None | None |
| Lake Model (LM) | NSST | NSST | NSST | NSST |

Supported Physics Suites

Users Guide



<https://ufs-srweather-app.readthedocs.io/en/release-public-v2/>

*Acknowledge the EPIC, DTC, and NOAA teams for their tremendous effort!



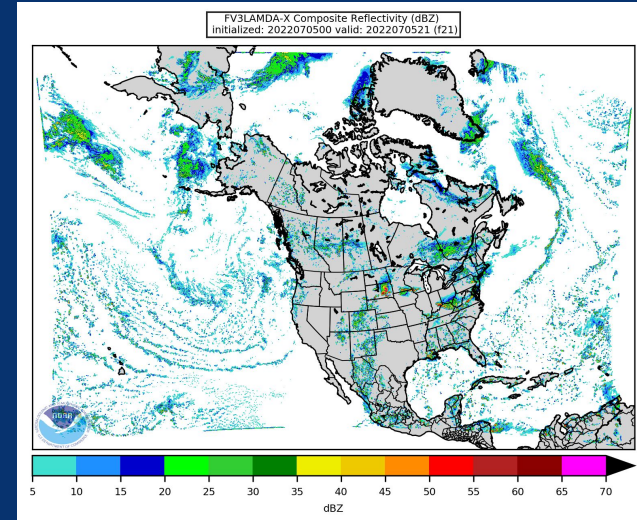
Opportunities with the Rapid Refresh Forecast System

R&D Needs → Areas Welcome for Community Contributions [*not exhaustive!*]

| | Data Assimilation | Obs | Physics | Dynamics | Ensemble | Computing |
|------------------------------|---|---|---|---|---|--|
| Now (0-2 yrs) | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Multiscale/Blending • Earth System Coupling • New Forward Operators | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • GOES AllSky • GLM • GNSS (including ground based) • Radar | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • CAM Parameterized Deep Convection (reduce high precip biases) • Higher Vertical Res Land/Lake Models | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Vertical Diffusion (reduce high convective VVs) • Physics-Dynamics Coupling | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Stochastic Physics • Ad-Hoc Schemes | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Cloud HPC |
| Next (2-5 yrs) | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Non-Gaussian, Non-Linear • Hybrid PFs | <div style="text-align: center;"> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; display: inline-block;">JEDI</div> </div> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • UAVs • IoT • All sky • Small sats | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Improved Chem/Aer Interactions • Inline CMAQ | <div style="text-align: center;"> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; display: inline-block;">Unify Physics Across UFS Apps</div> </div> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Urban-Scale Nesting • Height-Based Vertical Coordinate | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Single Physics • AI/ML Post-Processing | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • GPUs for parts of code • Domain Specific Language ports |
| Later (5-10+ yrs) | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • AI/ML Emulator • Continuous In-Core | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • All Surface • Phased array radar? | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • AI/ML Emulators? | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Two-Way Nesting and couple to WoFS? | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • More members | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Full code on GPUs • IPU (1000s cores per node) |

Closing

- RRFs is a major change
 - North American domain
 - 3 km ensemble
 - Rapid updates
- A community effort through the UFS
- RRFs will facilitate retirement and simplification of many longstanding systems
- Benchmark operational systems have decades of development
 - *A high bar is a good thing*
- RRFsv1 Implementation is planned for 2024
 - Targeting ~annual upgrade cadence thereafter



Experimental RRFs Forecast
Column-Max Radar Reflectivity


Questions

Thank you!