

Energy Fuels Inc. is preparing to mine *uranium* just miles from the *Grand Canyon*.

Although lawsuits have been filed to stop Canyon Mine, which also threatens *sacred Red Butte*, the company has stated it could start hauling *millions of tons of radioactive ore* through Northern Arizona to its uranium mill near Blanding, Utah in early 2017.

Haul No! is an awareness & action tour that will be held in 2017 along the proposed haul route. We intend to spread awareness & stimulate action to ensure the Grand Canyon, sacred sites, & our communities are safeguarded from this deadly toxic threat.

**DEFEND
THE
SACRED**



**WATER
IS
LIFE**

TAKE ACTION

- Sign our Pledge of Resistance.
- Join the tour! We'll need lots of support in the build up and on the tour.
- Donate to our Crowdfunding Campaign.
- Write letters to editors.
- Help get resolutions passed to oppose uranium mining, milling, & transport!
- Connect & share on social media.
- Use the hashtags: #stopcanyonmine & #haulno

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**PROTECT
GRAND CANYON
STOP URANIUM MINING
AND TRANSPORT!**



#STOPCANYONMINE

#HAULNO



HAUL NO!

WHAT IS THE CANYON MINE?

The Canyon Mine is a uranium mine located near **Red Butte**, a sacred mountain on public Forest Service lands, only **six miles** from the **Grand Canyon's South Rim**. Canadian company, **Energy Fuels Inc (EFI)**, is currently sinking the mine shaft and plans to extract uranium in early 2017.

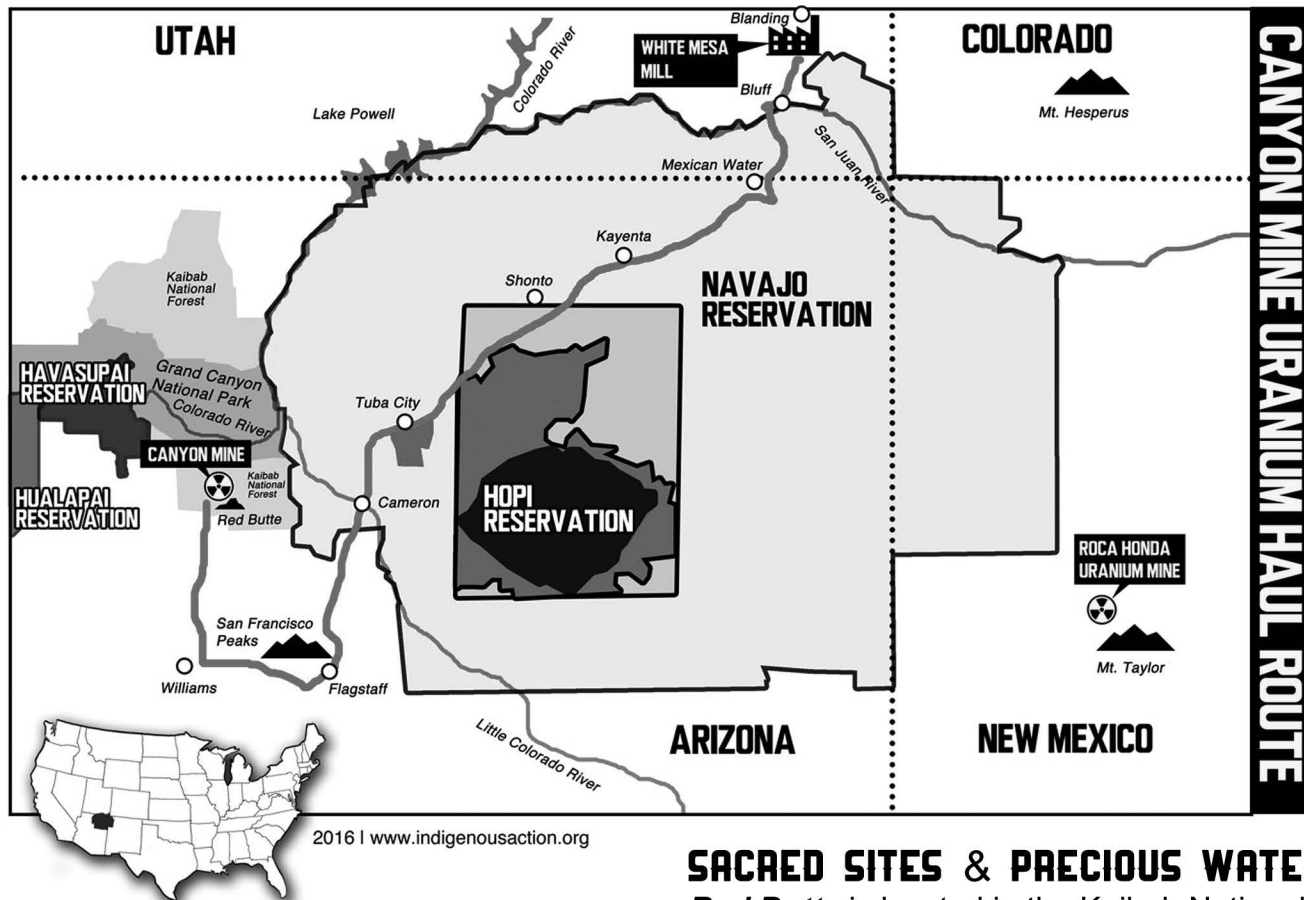
The company is operating under a Plan of Operations and Environmental Review that date to 1986, and the Forest Service failed to properly consult with the Havasupai Tribe before allowing the mine to operate.

"The Havasupai people are on the verge of human extinction due to massive uranium development on the rims of the Grand Canyon."

- Carletta Tilousi,
Havasupai Tribal Council

The Havasupai Tribe, Grand Canyon Trust, Center for Biological Diversity, and Sierra Club have legally challenged the United States Forest Service's decision to allow Energy Fuels Resources to reopen the Canyon uranium mine, which was initially approved in the 1980s and had been closed since 1992.

- production rate is 109,500 tons per year of high-grade uranium ore
- EFI permitted to stockpile up to 13,100 tons of uranium ore at Canyon Mine.
- is within a one million acre area that was withdrawn from mining in 2012 due to concerns about uranium mining's environmental & cultural threats to the Grand Canyon watershed.



2016 | www.indigenouaction.org

HAUL ROUTE FACTS:

- Nearly 300 miles
- 12 trucks with capacity to haul up to 30 tons of highly radioactive ore per day
- Covered only with tarps
- Through towns such as Valle, Williams, and Flagstaff; through Navajo reservation communities including Cameron, Tuba City, and Kayenta; and finally arrive at Energy Fuel's White Mesa Mill only three miles from the Ute Mountain Ute tribal community of White Mesa, Utah.

SACRED SITES & PRECIOUS WATER:

Red Butte is located in the Kaibab National Forest in Arizona on ancestral Havasupai lands. It is known to the Havasupai as **Wii'i Gdwiisa**, "clenched fist mountain," and has been held sacred since time immemorial.

- determined eligible for National Register of Historic Places as a Traditional Cultural Property in 2009
- Canyon Mine is located within the Traditional Cultural Property boundary.
- also culturally significant to Hualapai, Diné (Navajo) and Hopi Nations
- An estimated 40 million people rely on water from the Colorado River which flows through the Grand Canyon. The Haul route travels over two key Colorado River tributaries – the San Juan and Little Colorado.