

North Central U.S. Climate Summary and Outlook Webinar December 19, 2019



Vince Godon: Corn dryer in operation near Stephen, MN



Vince Godon: Harvesting soybeans after freeze near Oslo, MN



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United States Department of Agriculture
Midwest Climate Hub

General Information

- **Providing climate services to the Central Region**
 - Collaboration Activity Between:
 - USDA Climate Hubs
 - American Association of State Climatologists
 - Midwest and High Plains Regional Climate Centers
 - NOAA: [NCEI/NWS/OAR/NIDIS](#)
 - National Drought Mitigation Center
- **Next Climate/Drought Outlook Webinar**
 - Thursday, Jan 16, 2020: TBD
- **Access to Future Climate Webinars & Past Recordings can be found here:**
 - <http://mrcc.isws.illinois.edu/multimedia/webinars.jsp>
 - <http://www.hprcc.unl.edu/webinars.php>
- **Open for questions at the end**

Agenda

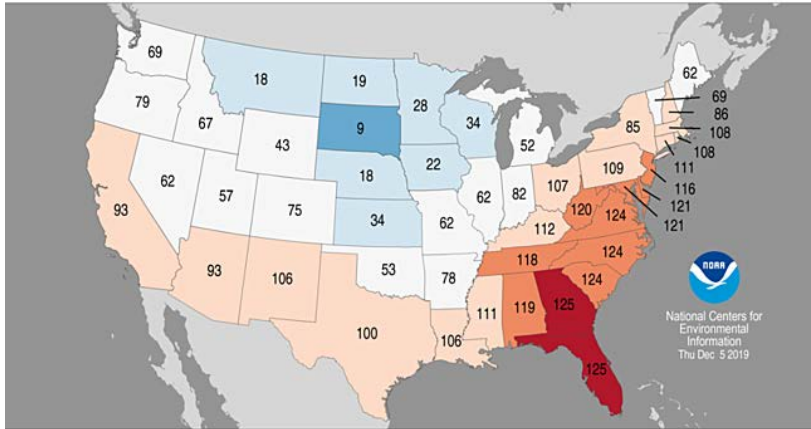
- Jan-Nov and Autumn Recap
- November Conditions
- Snow/Water/Flood/Drought
- Agriculture
- State Impacts
- Climate Outlooks
- Summary
- Questions/Comments

Jan-Nov Recap

U.S. Jan-Nov Temperature
0.4°F above the 20th century average
45th Warmest since 1895.

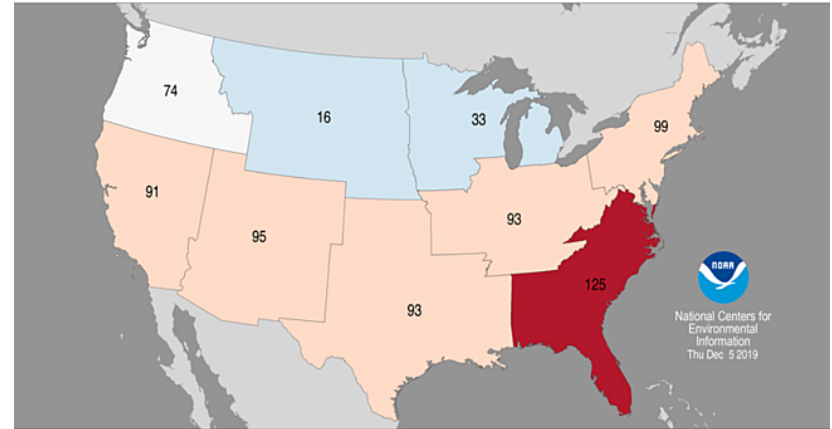
Midwest Jan-Nov temperature
33rd Coolest since 1895
Coolest since 2014

Statewide Average Temperature Ranks
 January–November 2019
 Period: 1895–2019



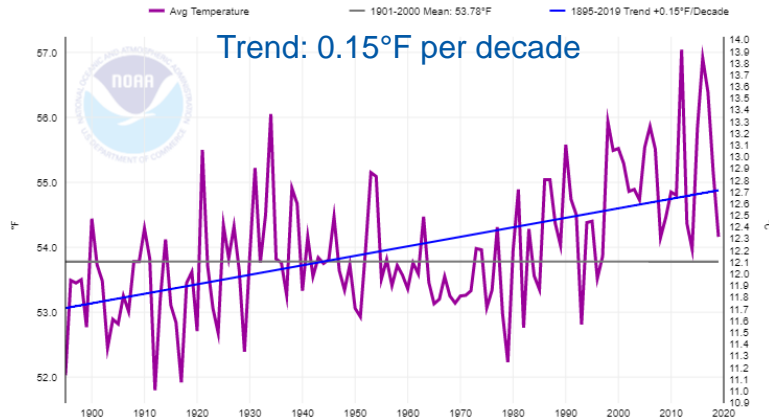
■ Record Coldest (1)
■ Much Below Average
■ Below Average
■ Near Average
■ Above Average
■ Much Above Average
■ Record Warmest (125)

Regional Average Temperature Ranks
 January–November 2019
 Period: 1895–2019

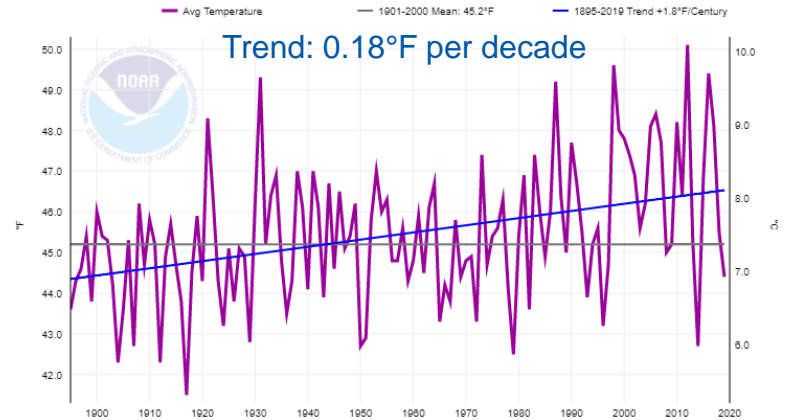


■ Record Coldest (1)
■ Much Below Average
■ Below Average
■ Near Average
■ Above Average
■ Much Above Average
■ Record Warmest (125)

Contiguous U.S., Average Temperature, January–November



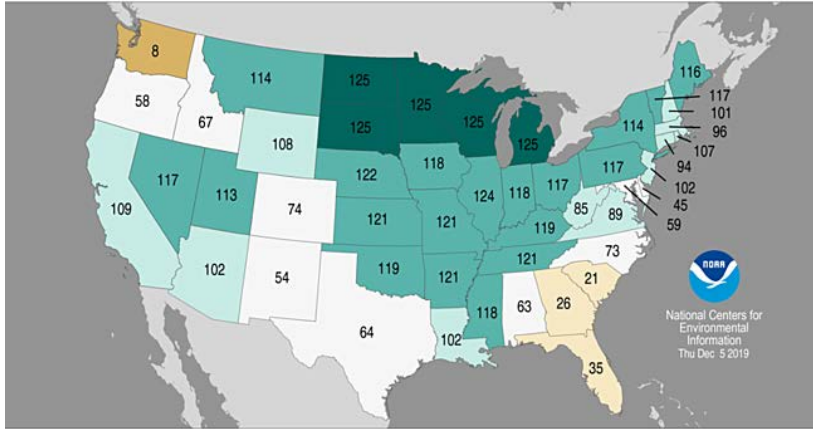
Upper Midwest Climate Region, Average Temperature, January–November



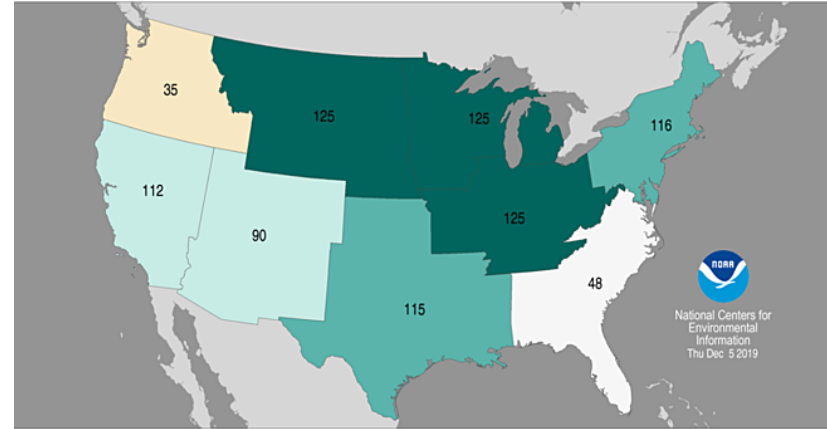
U.S. Jan-Nov Temperature 4.55" above the 20th century average The wettest since 1895

Midwest Jan-Nov temperature The wettest since 1895 Exceeds the old record in 1993 by 2.41"

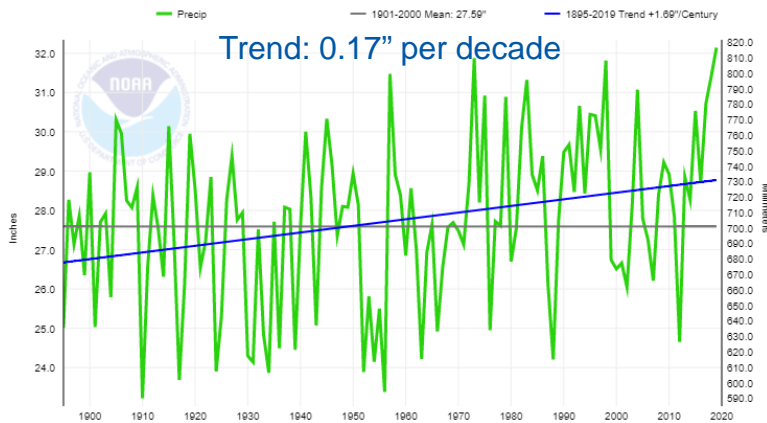
Statewide Precipitation Ranks
January–November 2019
Period: 1895–2019



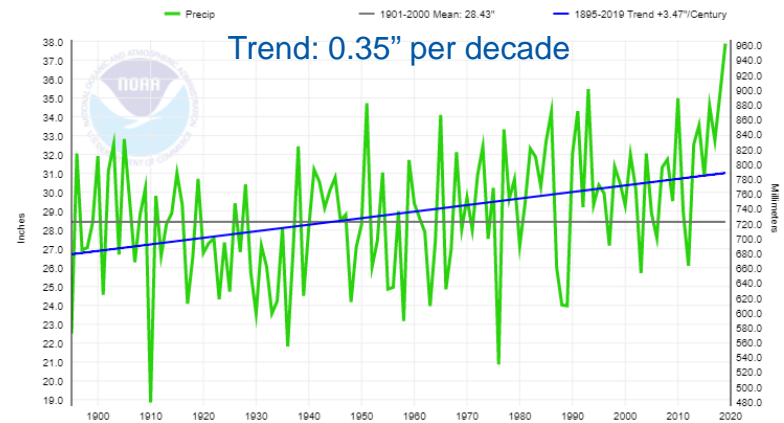
Regional Precipitation Ranks
January–November 2019
Period: 1895–2019



Contiguous U.S., Precipitation, January–November



Upper Midwest Climate Region, Precipitation, January–November



Record Breaking Year for the Region

State	Number of Stations Breaking the Annual Precipitation Accumulation Records
WI	25
IL	16
MN	15
MI	5
MO	5
IA	1
IN	1
KY	1
OH	1
Total	70

2019 annual accumulated precipitation of 54.28” for Rochester, MN already exceeded the previous record in 1990 by 10.34”

Rochester has been breaking a precipitation record since Sep 19.

Autumn Recap

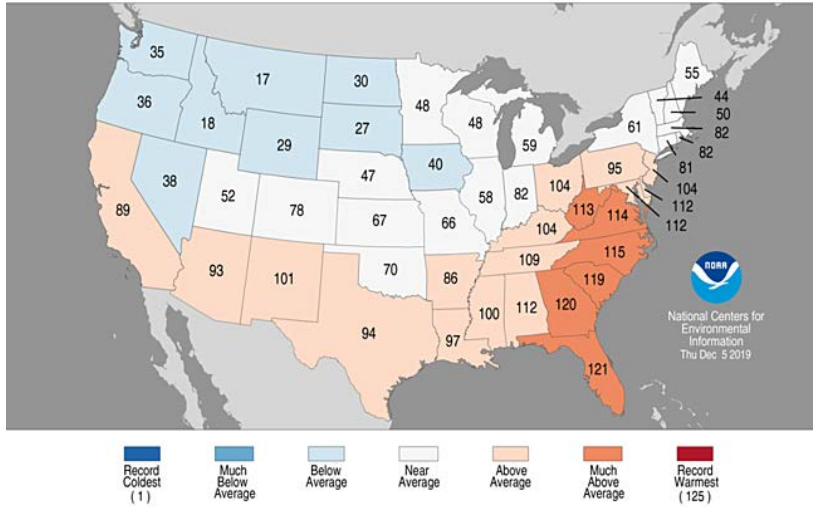
U.S. Sep-Nov Temperature

0.36°F above the 20th century average
52nd Warmest since 1895.

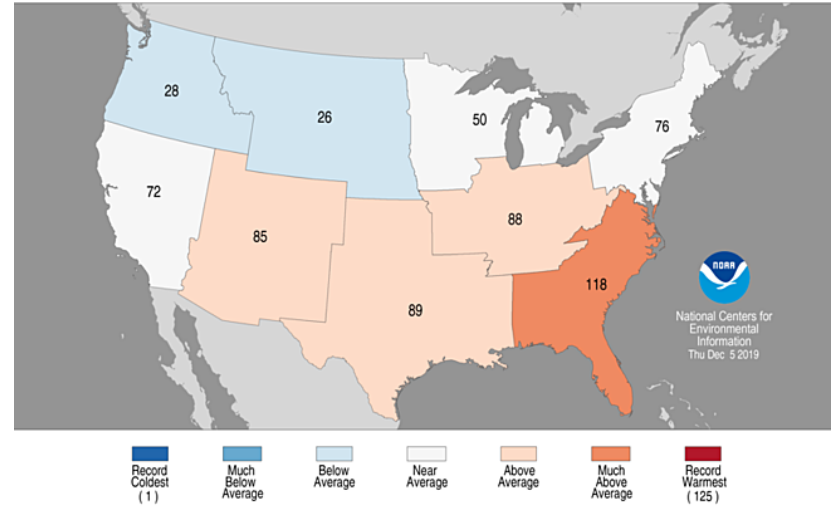
Midwest Sep-Nov temperature

50th Coolest since 1895.

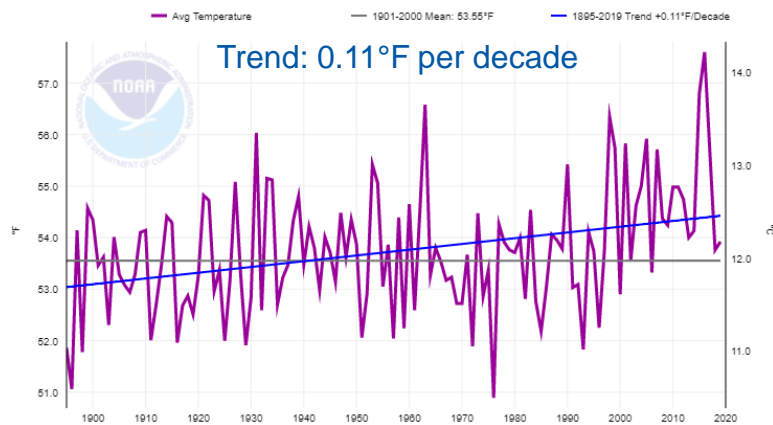
Statewide Average Temperature Ranks
September–November 2019
Period: 1895–2019



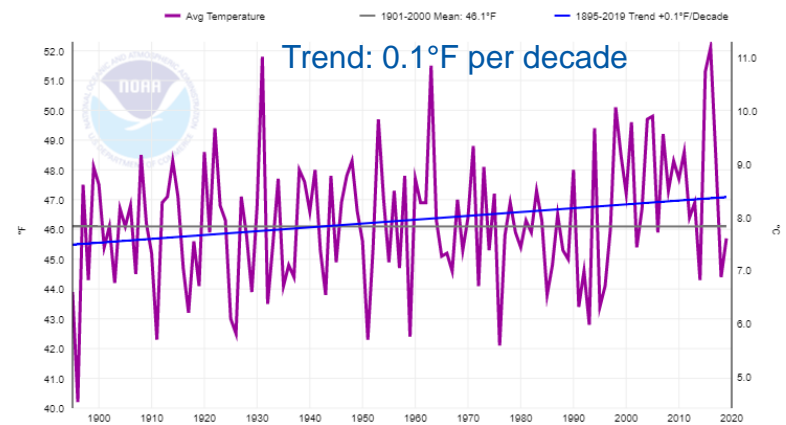
Regional Average Temperature Ranks
September–November 2019
Period: 1895–2019



Contiguous U.S., Average Temperature, September–November



Upper Midwest Climate Region, Average Temperature, September–November



U.S. Sep-Nov Temperature

0.58" above the 20th century average

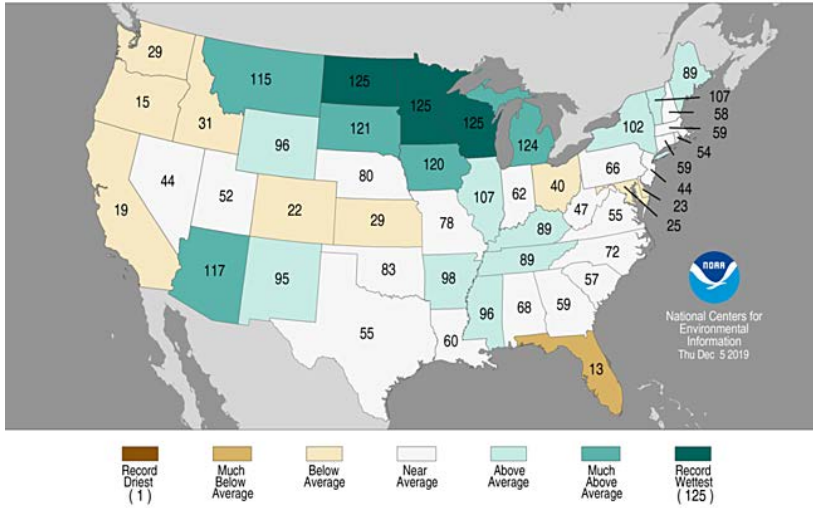
The 36th wettest since 1895.

Midwest Sep-Nov temperature

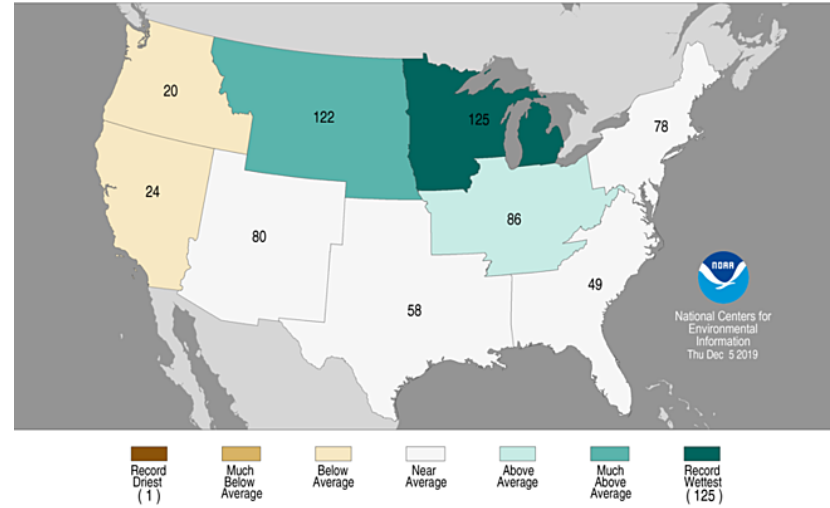
The wettest since 1895

Exceeds the old record in 1941 by 0.61"

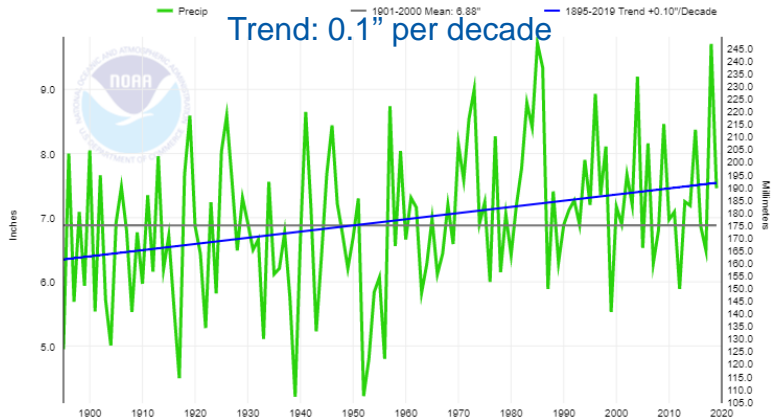
Statewide Precipitation Ranks
September–November 2019
Period: 1895–2019



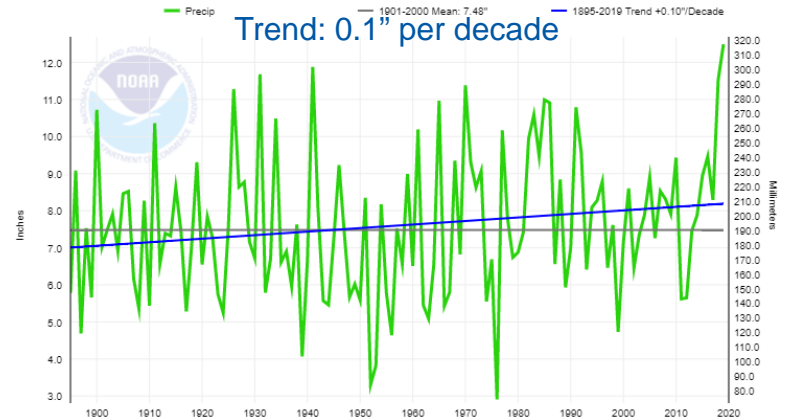
Regional Precipitation Ranks
September–November 2019
Period: 1895–2019



Contiguous U.S., Precipitation, September–November



Upper Midwest Climate Region, Precipitation, September–November



November Recap

U.S. Nov Temperature

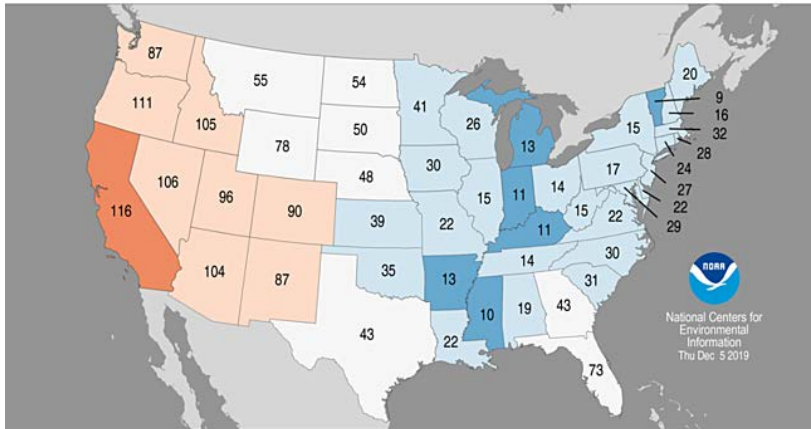
0.46°F below the 20th century average

48th Coolest since 1895.

Statewide Average Temperature Ranks

November 2019

Period: 1895–2019



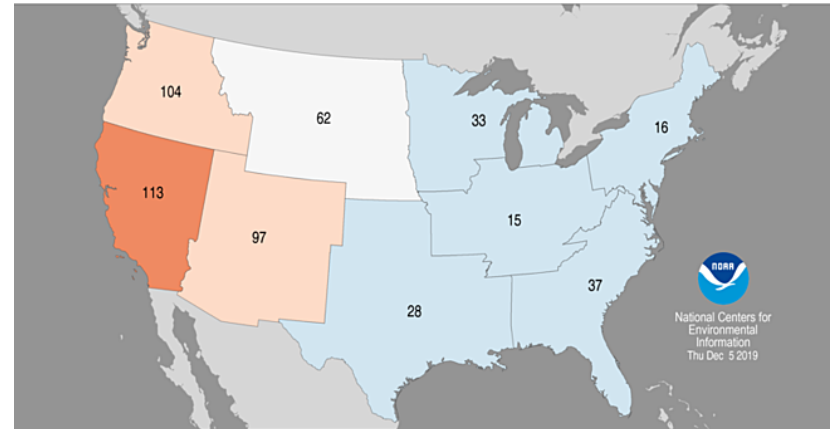
Midwest Nov temperature

33rd Coolest since 1895.

Regional Average Temperature Ranks

November 2019

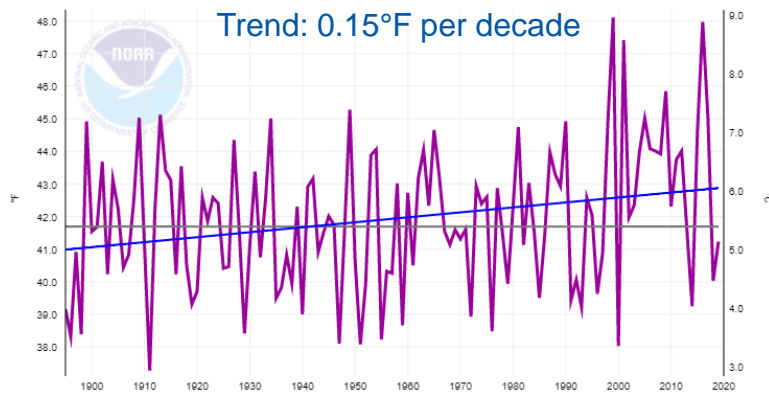
Period: 1895–2019



Contiguous U.S., Average Temperature, November

Avg Temperature 1901-2000 Mean: 41.66°F 1895-2019 Trend +0.15°F/Decade

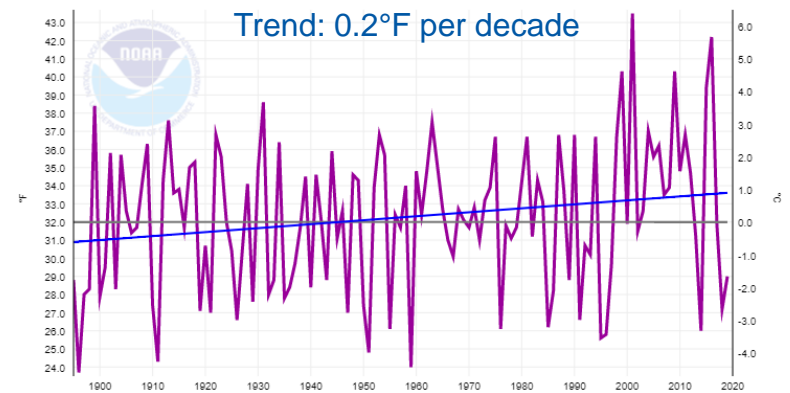
Trend: 0.15°F per decade



Upper Midwest Climate Region, Average Temperature, November

Avg Temperature 1901-2000 Mean: 32.0°F 1895-2019 Trend +0.2°F/Decade

Trend: 0.2°F per decade



U.S. Nov Temperature

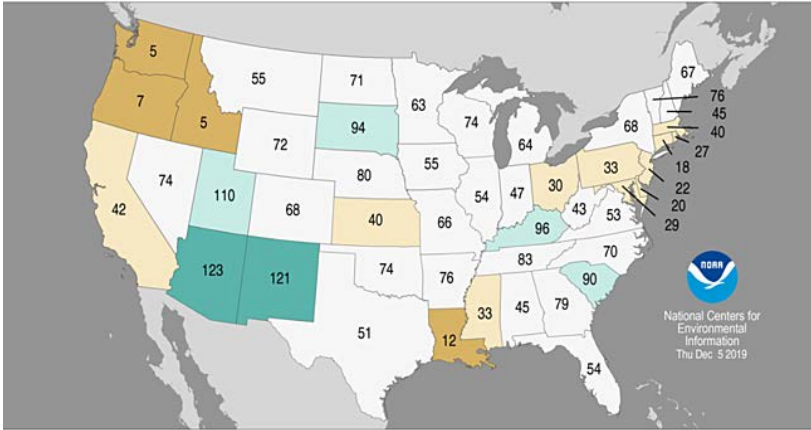
0.37" below the 20th century average
The 32th driest since 1895.

Midwest Nov temperature

61st driest since 1895

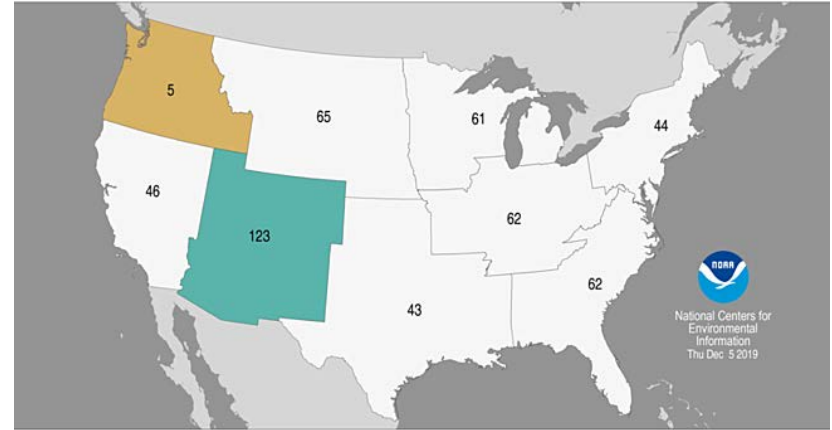
Statewide Precipitation Ranks

November 2019
Period: 1895-2019



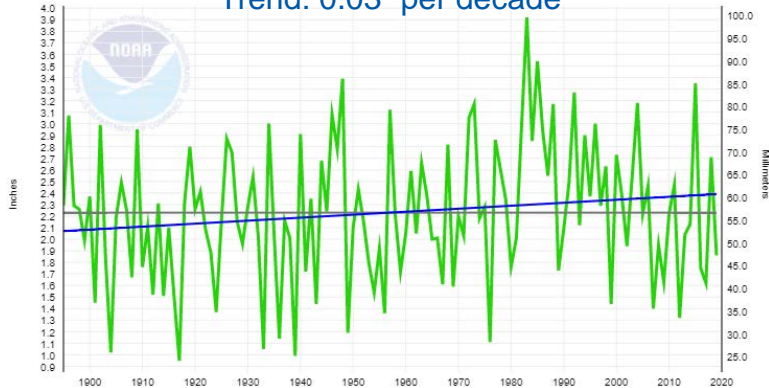
Regional Precipitation Ranks

November 2019
Period: 1895-2019



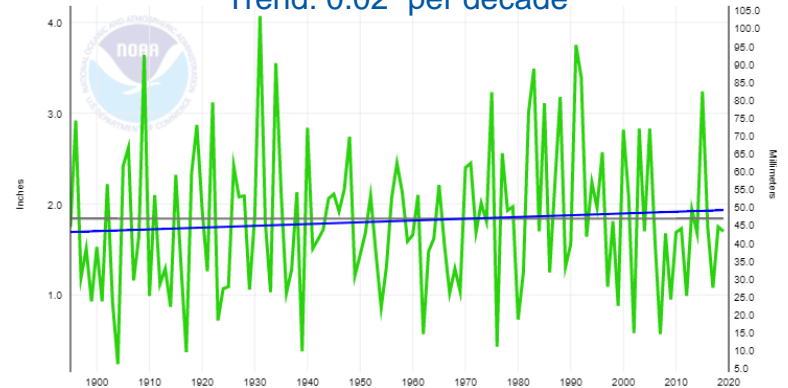
Contiguous U.S., Precipitation, November

— Precip
— 1901-2000 Mean: 2.23"
— 1995-2019 Trend +0.03"/Decade
Trend: 0.03" per decade



Upper Midwest Climate Region, Precipitation, November

— Precip
— 1901-2000 Mean: 1.84"
— 1995-2019 Trend +0.02"/Decade
Trend: 0.02" per decade

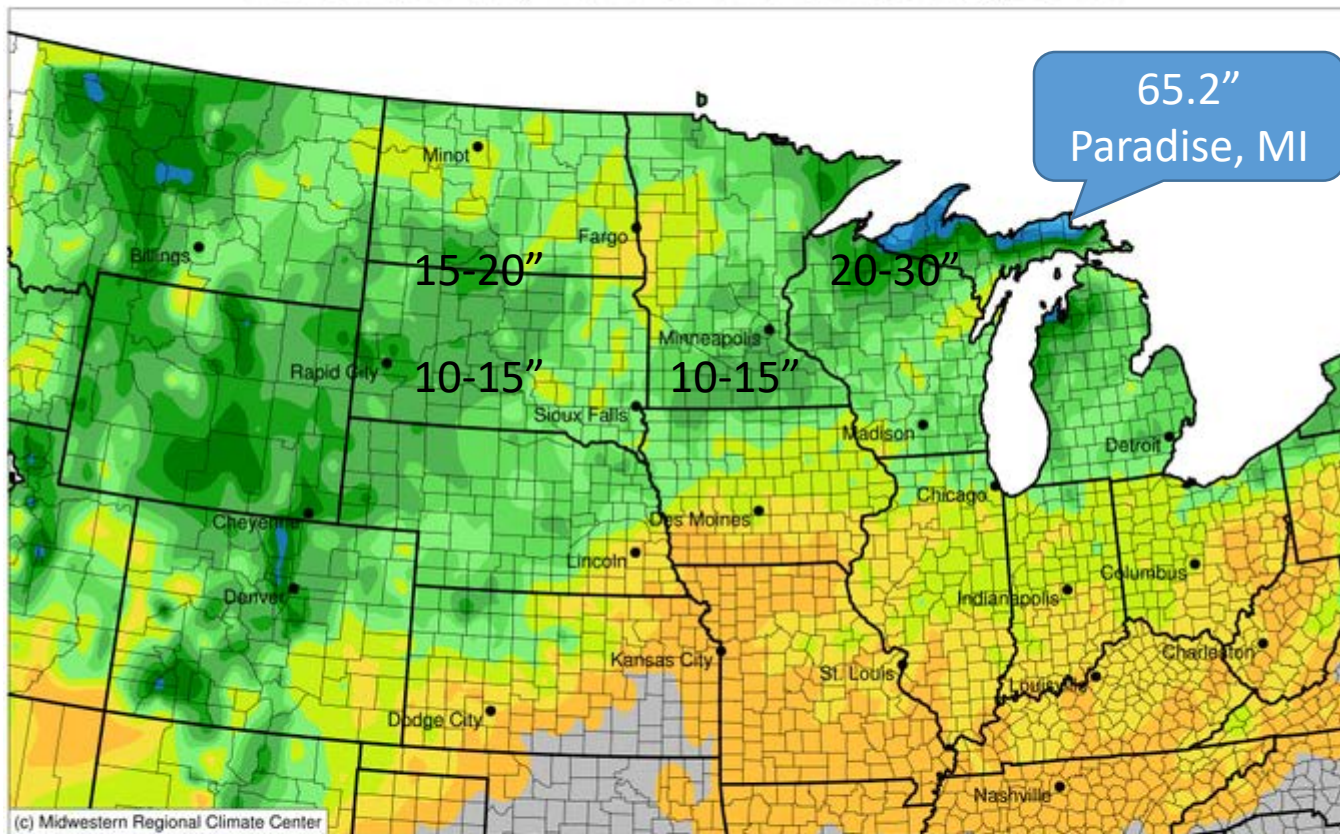


Snow

Accumulated Snowfall in November (in)

Accumulated Snowfall (in)

November 01, 2019 to November 30, 2019

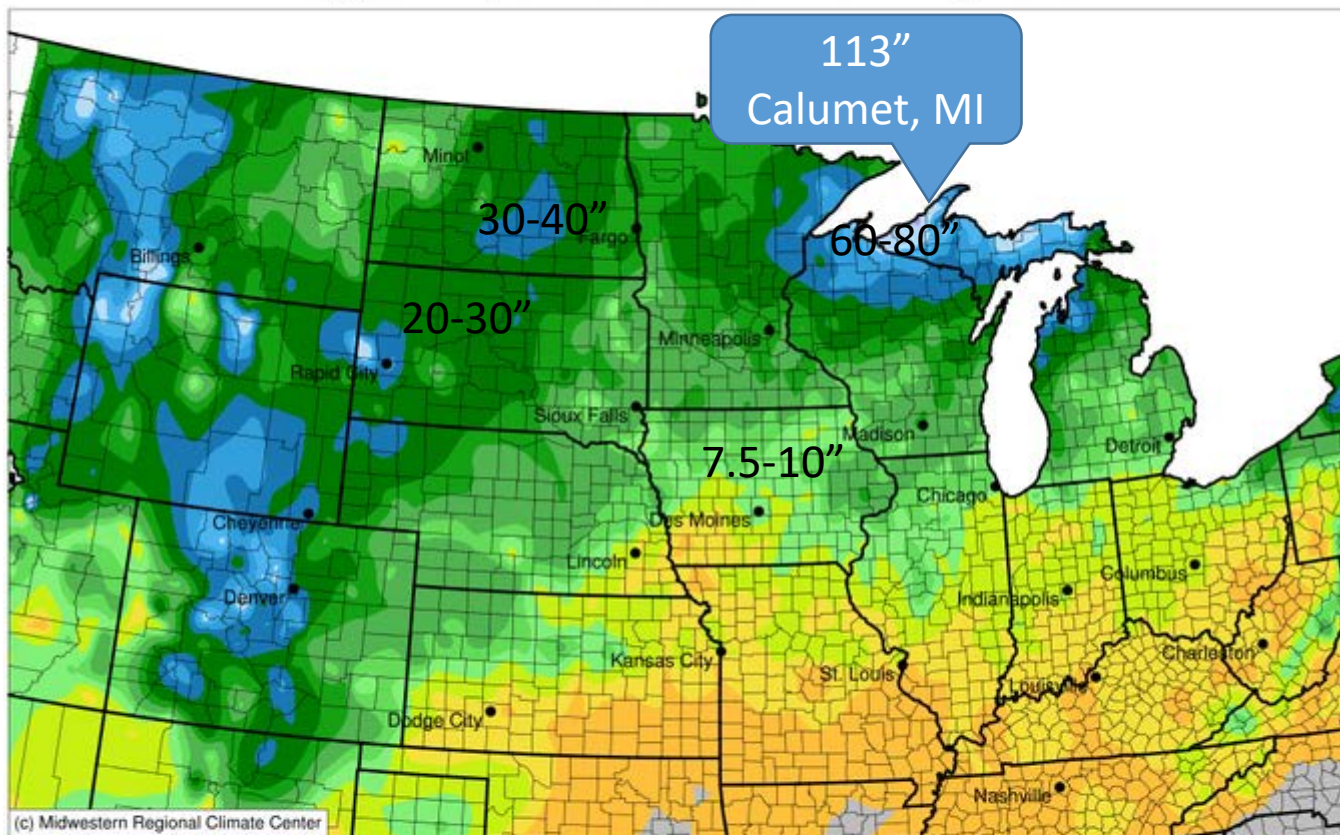


Stations from the following networks used: WBAN, COOP, FAA, GHCN, ThreadEx, CoCoRaHS, WMO, ICAO, NWSLI, Missouri FSA, Missouri Mesonet, Midwest Regional Climate Center
cli-MATE: MRCC Application Tools Environment
Generated at: 12/17/2019 3:49:47 PM CST

Accumulated Snowfall in This Season (in)

Accumulated Snowfall (in)

August 01, 2019 to December 15, 2019



0.01

1

2.5

5

7.5

10

15

20

30

40

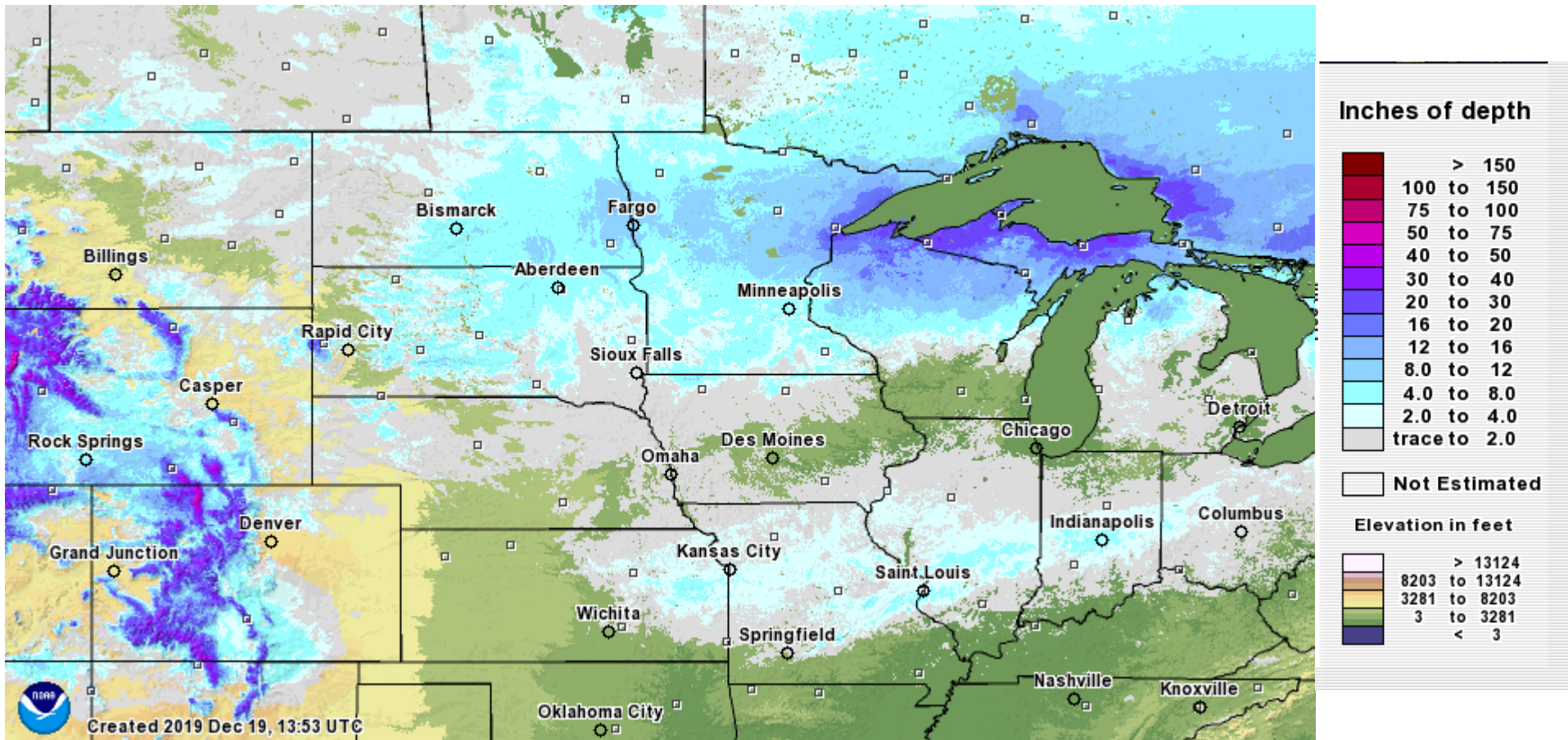
50

60

80

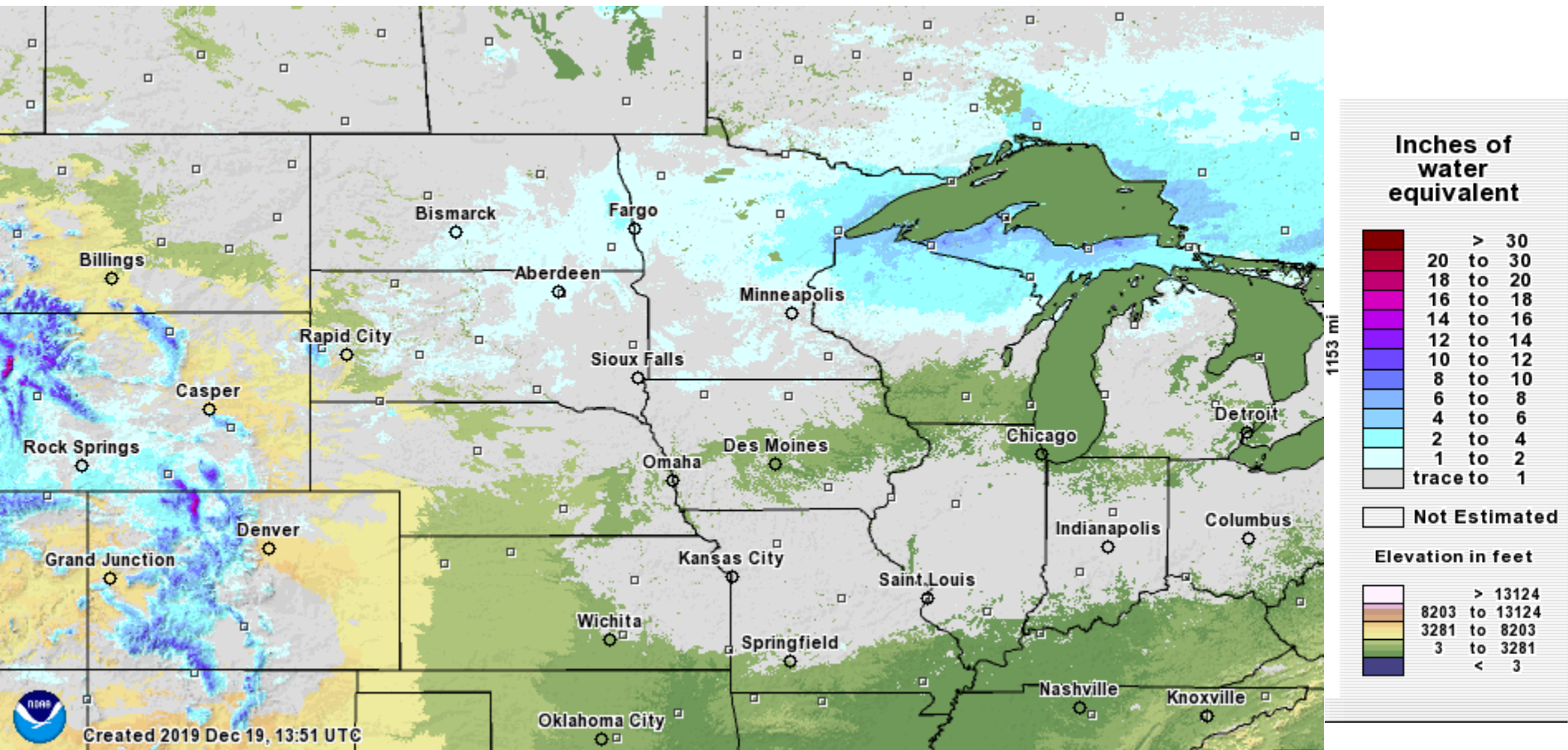
Stations from the following networks used: WBAN, COOP, FAA, GHCN, ThreadEx, CoCoRaHS, WMO, ICAO, NWSLI, Missouri FSA, Missouri Mesonet, Midwestern Regional Climate Center
cli-MATE: MRCC Application Tools Environment
Generated at: 12/17/2019 3:55:50 PM CST

Snow Pack (Snow Depth)



<https://www.nohrsc.noaa.gov/nsa/>

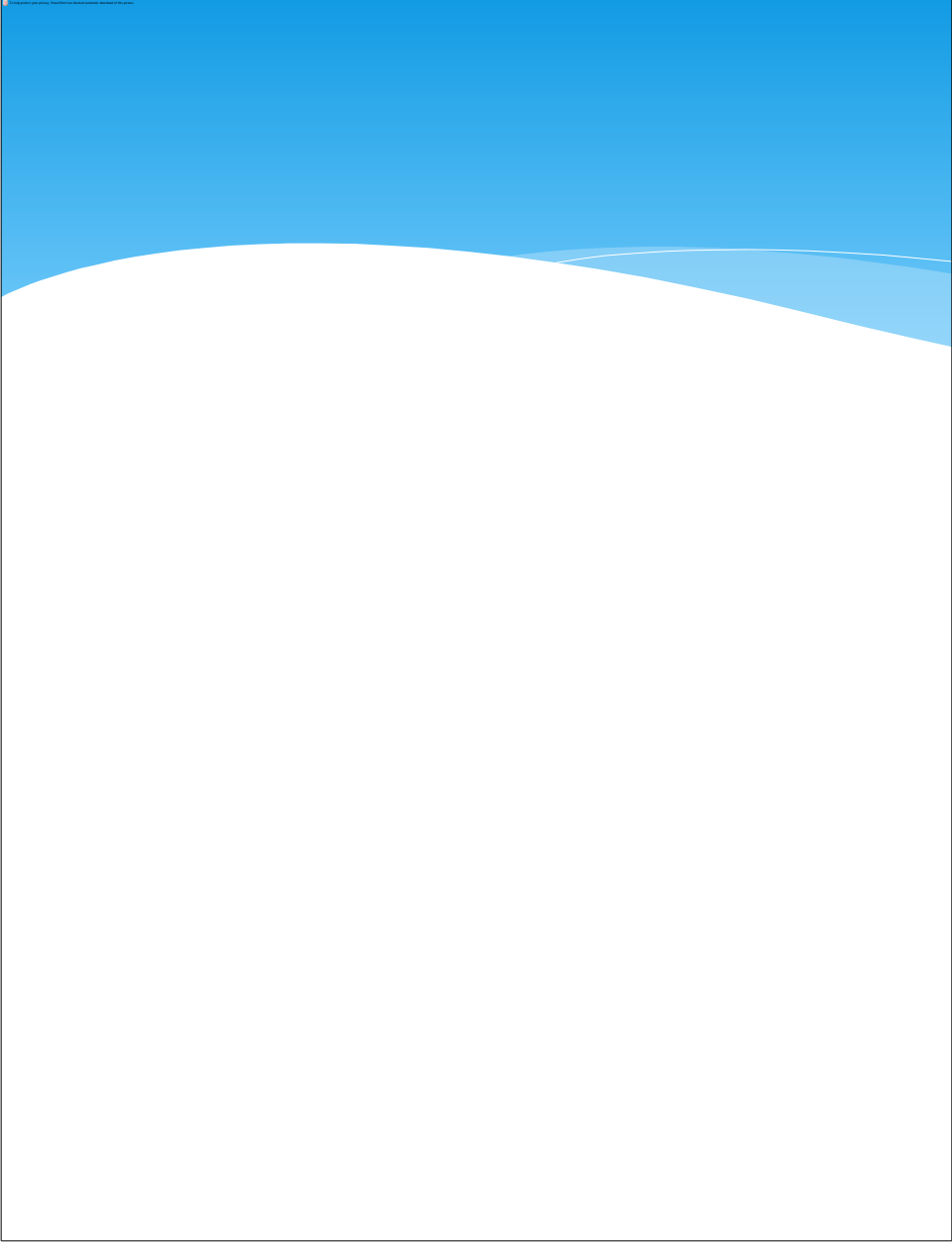
Snow Pack (Snow Water Equivalent)



<https://www.nohrsc.noaa.gov/nsa/>

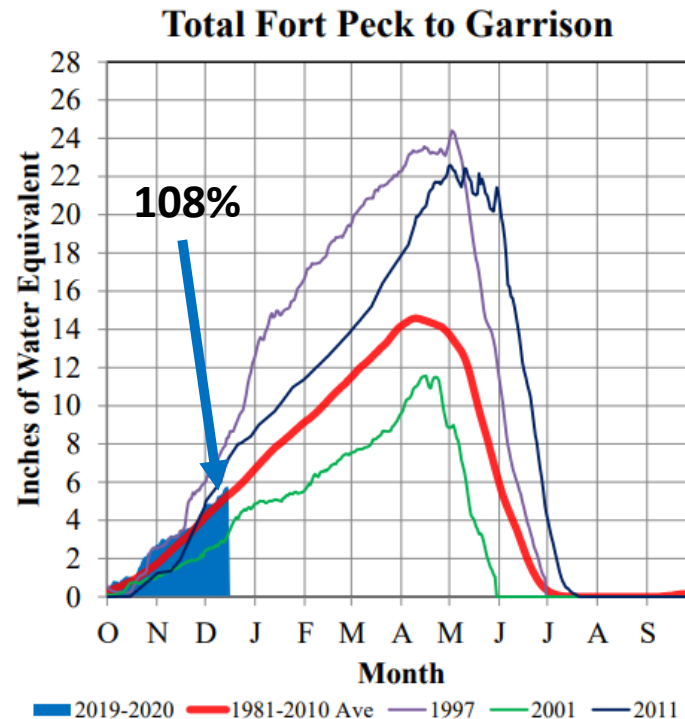
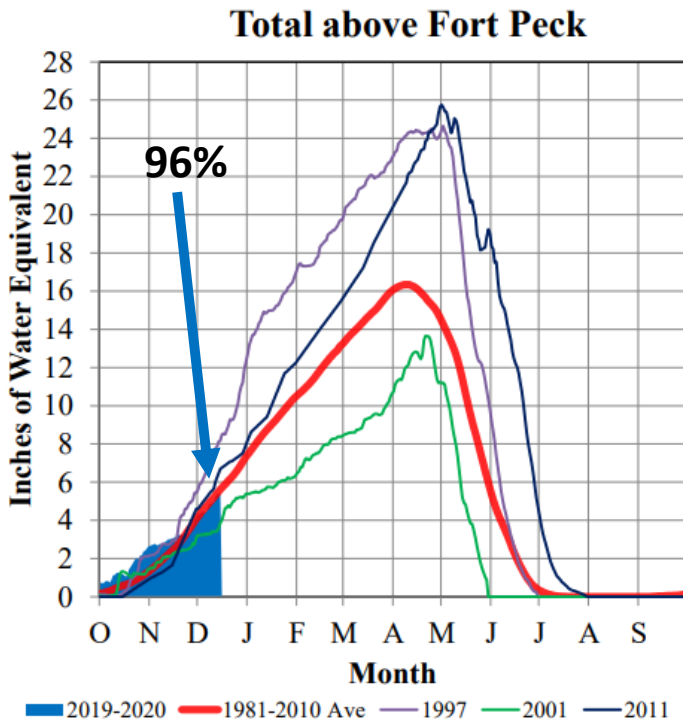
Mountain Snowpack

USDA/NRCS Snow Water Equivalent % of Normal



Missouri River Basin – Mountain Snowpack Water Content 2019-2020 with comparison plots from 1997*, 2001*, and 2011

15-Dec-2019



The Missouri River Basin mountain snowpack normally peaks near April 15. On December 15, the mountain Snow Water Equivalent (SWE) in the “Total above Fort Peck” reach was 5.4”, 96% of the December 15 average. On December 15, the mountain SWE in the Fort Peck to Garrison reach was 5.7”, 108% of the December 15 average.

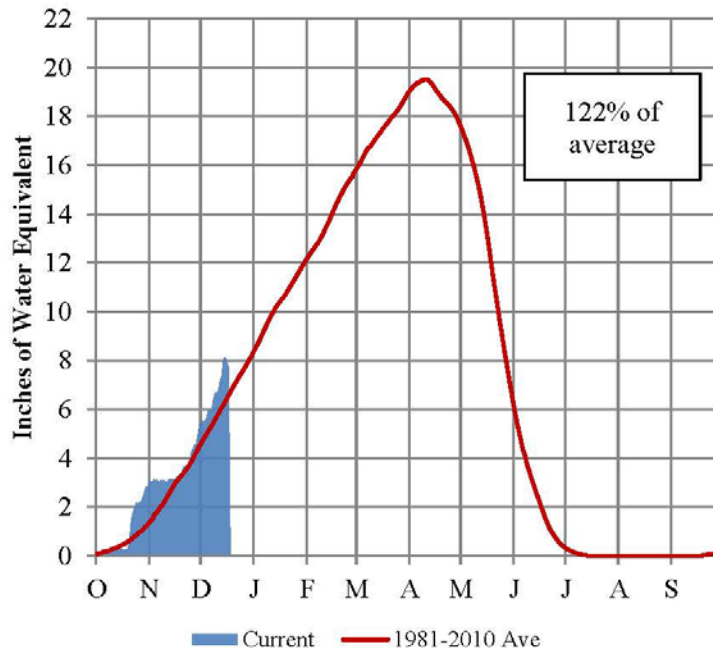
*Generally considered the high and low year of the last 25-year period, respectively

Provisional data. Subject to revision.

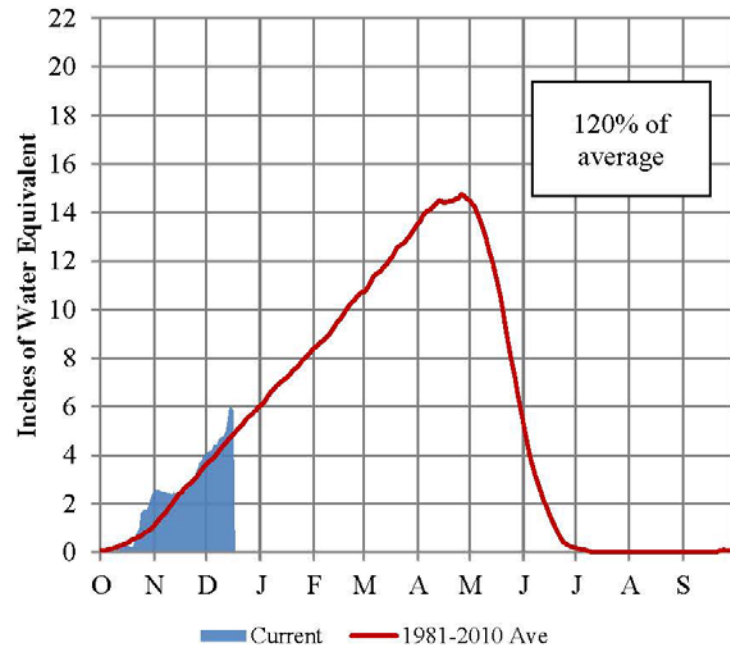
Platte River Basin - Mountain Snowpack Water Content Water Year 2019-2020

December 17, 2019

Total North Platte



Total South Platte

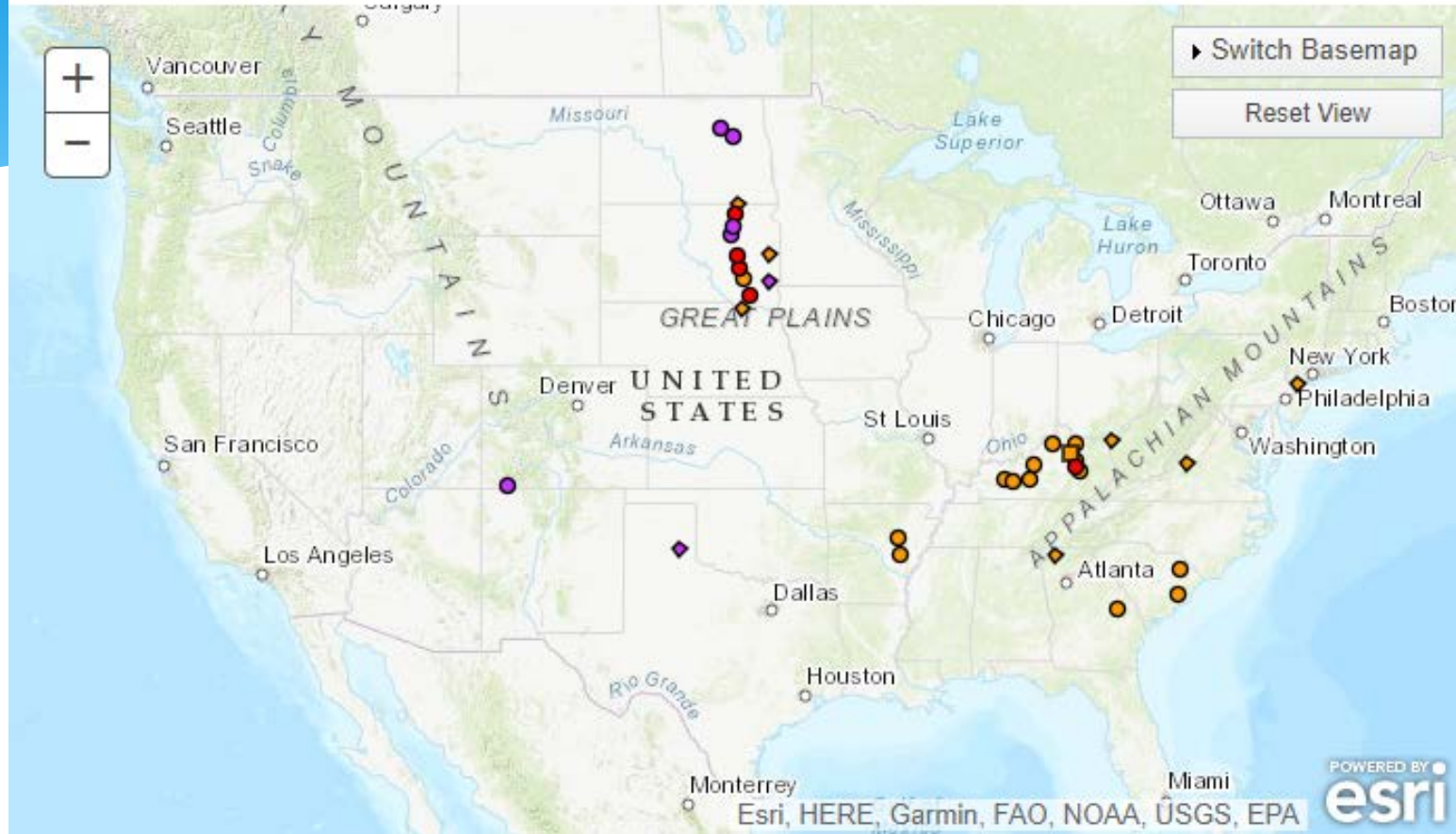


The North and South Platte River Basin mountain snowpacks normally peak near April 15 and the end of April, respectively. As of December 16, 2019, the mountain snowpack SWE in the "Total North Platte" reach is currently 7.9", 122% of average. The mountain snowpack SWE in the "Total South Platte" reach is currently 5.8", 120% of average.

Source: USDA, Natural Resource Conservation Service

Provisional Data. Subject to Revision

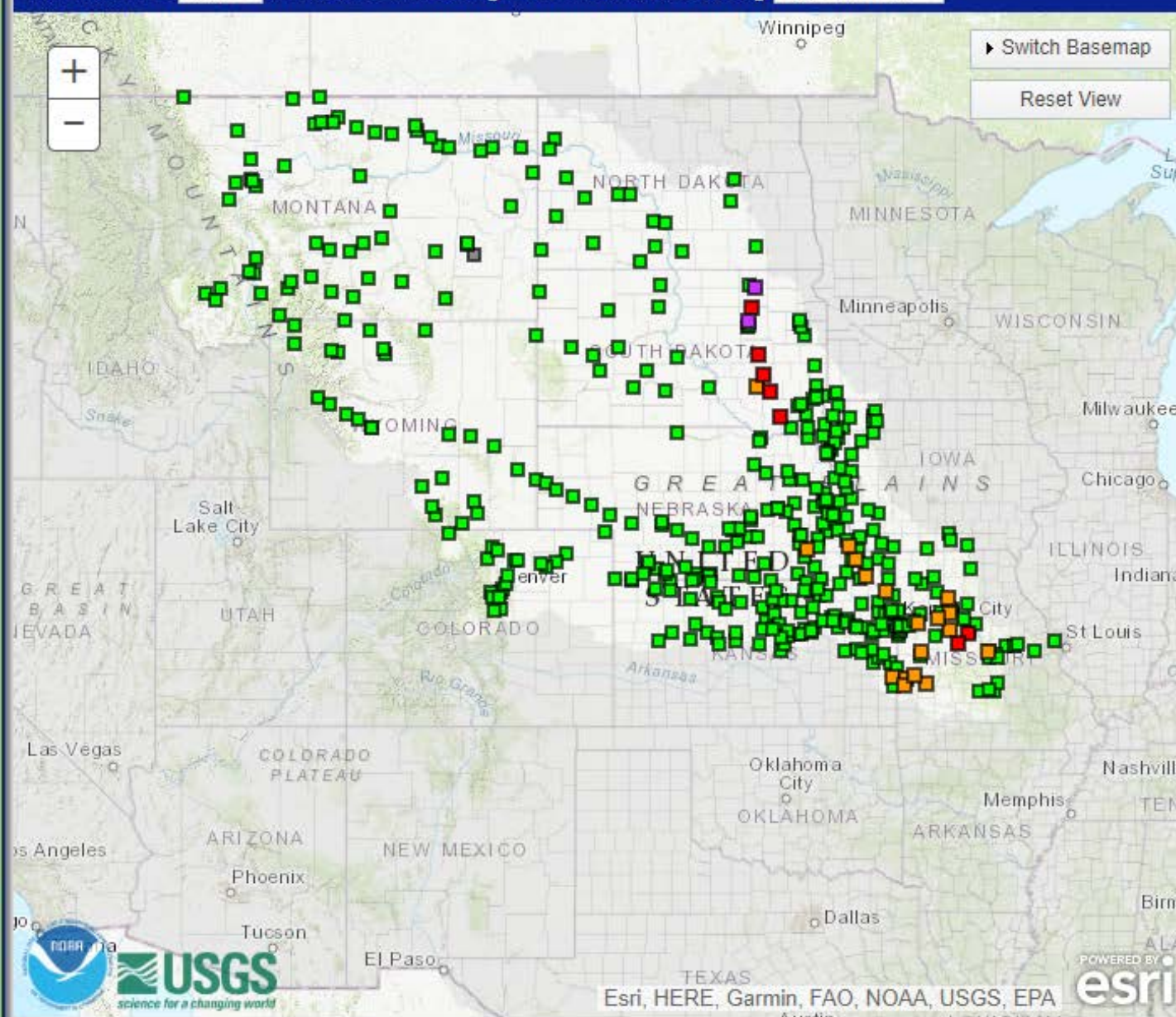
AHPS Observed Gauge Map



- 7 Gauges: Major Flooding
- 5 Gauges: Moderate Flooding
- 22 Gauges: Minor Flooding
- 90 Gauges: Near Flood Stage
- 5721 Gauges: No Flooding
- 2651 Flood Category Not Defined
- 32 At or Below Low Water Threshold
- 607 Gauges: Observations Are Not [Current](#)
- 158 Gauges: Out of Service

Regional Long-Range Flood Outlook

Greater than: 95% ▾ chance of exceeding river flood levels during Dec-Jan-Feb ▾



[Return to national map.](#)

Click on the map or select one of the following:

- [United States](#)
- [NWS Weather Forecast Offices](#)
- [Missouri Basin River Forecast Center](#)
- [Water Resources Regions](#)

423 total gauges

Show locations with 95% or greater chance of flooding during Dec-Jan-Feb (27)

- 2 Gauges: > 95% Major Long-Range Flood Risk
- 7 Gauges: > 95% Moderate Long-Range Flood Risk
- 18 Gauges: > 95% Minor Long-Range Flood Risk
- 393 Gauges: < 95% Long-Range Flood Risk
- 3 Gauges: No forecast within selected timeframe

[Show all locations](#)

Last map update:

12/18/2019 at 10:26:35 am EST
12/18/2019 at 15:26:35 UTC

[What is UTC time?](#)

[Map Help](#)

[Product Description](#)

[Feedback](#)

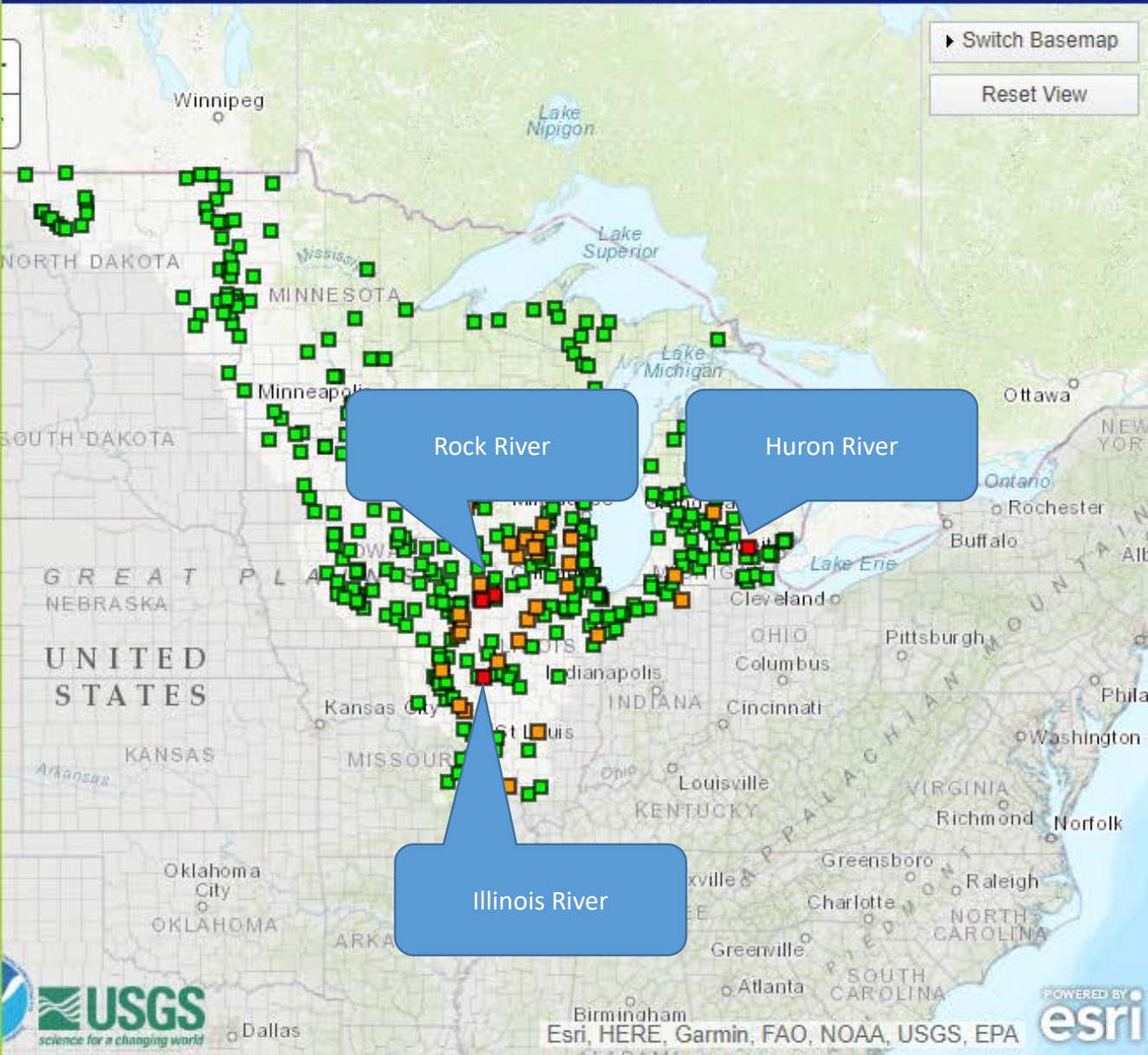
[Disclaimer](#)



Map Overlays

https://water.weather.gov/ahps/region_long_range.php

er than: 95% ▾ chance of exceeding river flood levels during Dec-Jan-Feb ▾



► Switch Basemap
Reset View

[Return to national map.](#)

Click on the map or select one of the data view below:

- United States
- NWS Weather Forecast Offices
- North Central River Forecast Center
- Water Resources Regions

425 total gauges
[Show locations with 95% or greater chance of flooding during Dec-Jan-Feb \(39\)](#)

- 0 Gauges: > 95% Major Long-Range Flood Risk
- 4 Gauges: > 95% Moderate Long-Range Flood Risk
- 35 Gauges: > 95% Minor Long-Range Flood Risk
- 385 Gauges: < 95% Long-Range Flood Risk
- 1 Gauges: No forecast within selected timeframe

[Show all locations](#)

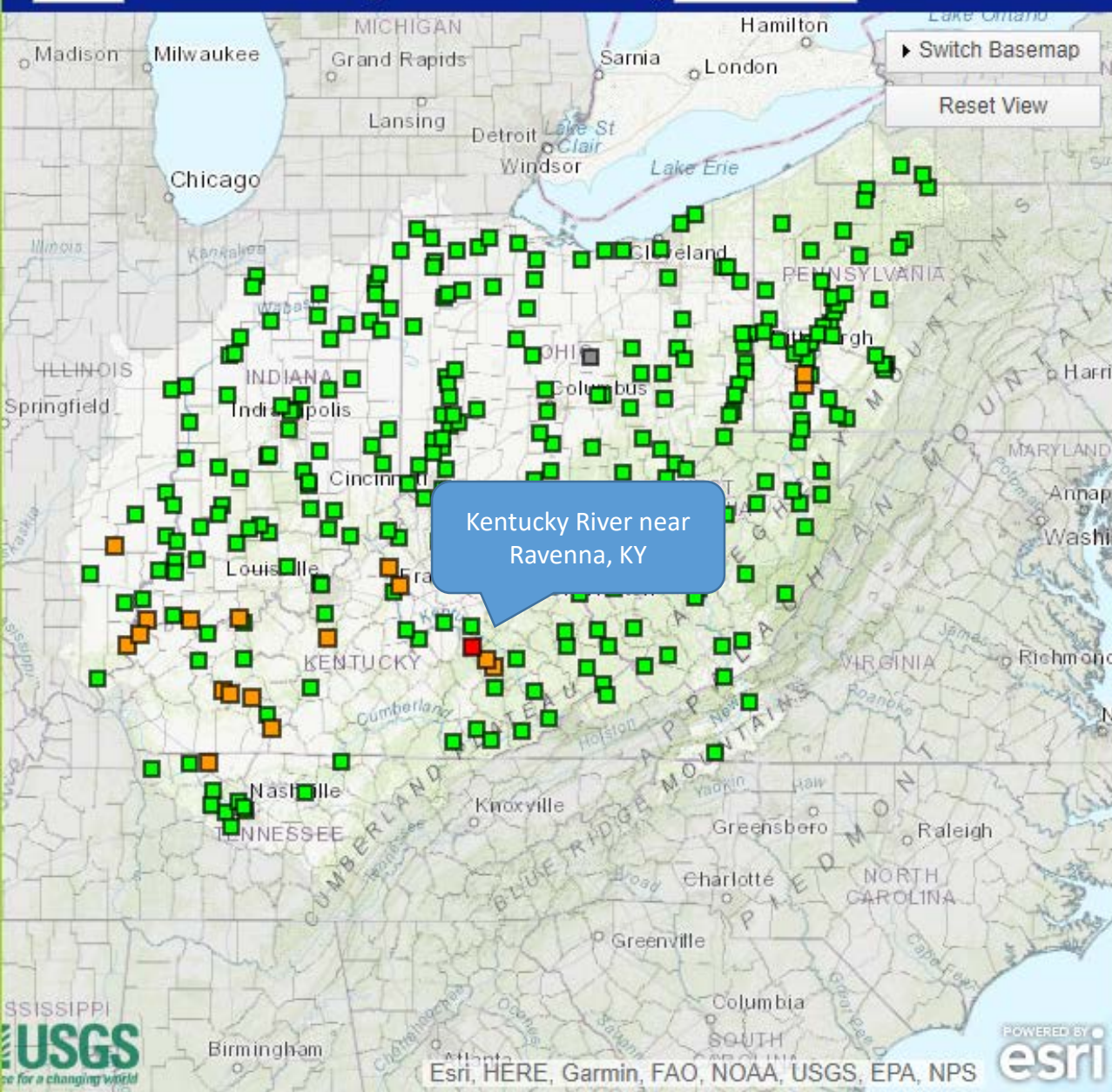
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12/18/2019 at 10:31:43 am EST
12/18/2019 at 15:31:43 UTC

- [What is UTC time?](#)
- [Map Help](#)
- [Product Description](#)
- [Feedback](#)
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esri

chance of exceeding river flood levels during Dec-Jan-Feb



Switch Basemap
Reset View

[Return to national map.](#)

Click on the map or select one of the data views below:

- United States ▼
- NWS Weather Forecast Offices ▼
- Ohio River Forecast Center ▼
- Water Resources Regions ▼

295 total gauges
 Show locations with 95% or greater chance of flooding during Dec-Jan-Feb (21)

- 0 Gauges: > 95% Major Long-Range Flood Risk
- 1 Gauges: > 95% Moderate Long-Range Flood Risk
- 20 Gauges: > 95% Minor Long-Range Flood Risk
- 272 Gauges: < 95% Long-Range Flood Risk
- 2 Gauges: No forecast within selected timeframe

[Show all locations](#)

Last map update:
 12/18/2019 at 10:31:43 am EST
 12/18/2019 at 15:31:43 UTC

- [What is UTC time?](#)
- [Map Help](#)
- [Product Description](#)
- [Feedback](#)
- [Disclaimer](#)

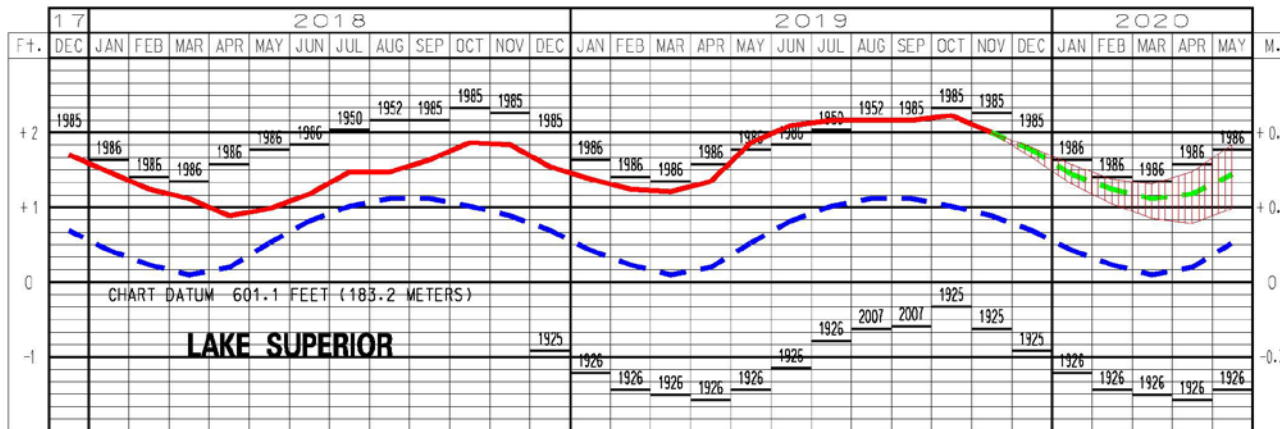


The Great Lakes



Lake Superior

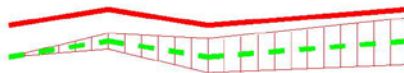
LAKE SUPERIOR WATER LEVELS – DECEMBER 2019



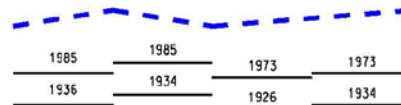
LEGEND

LAKE LEVELS

RECORDED
PROJECTED



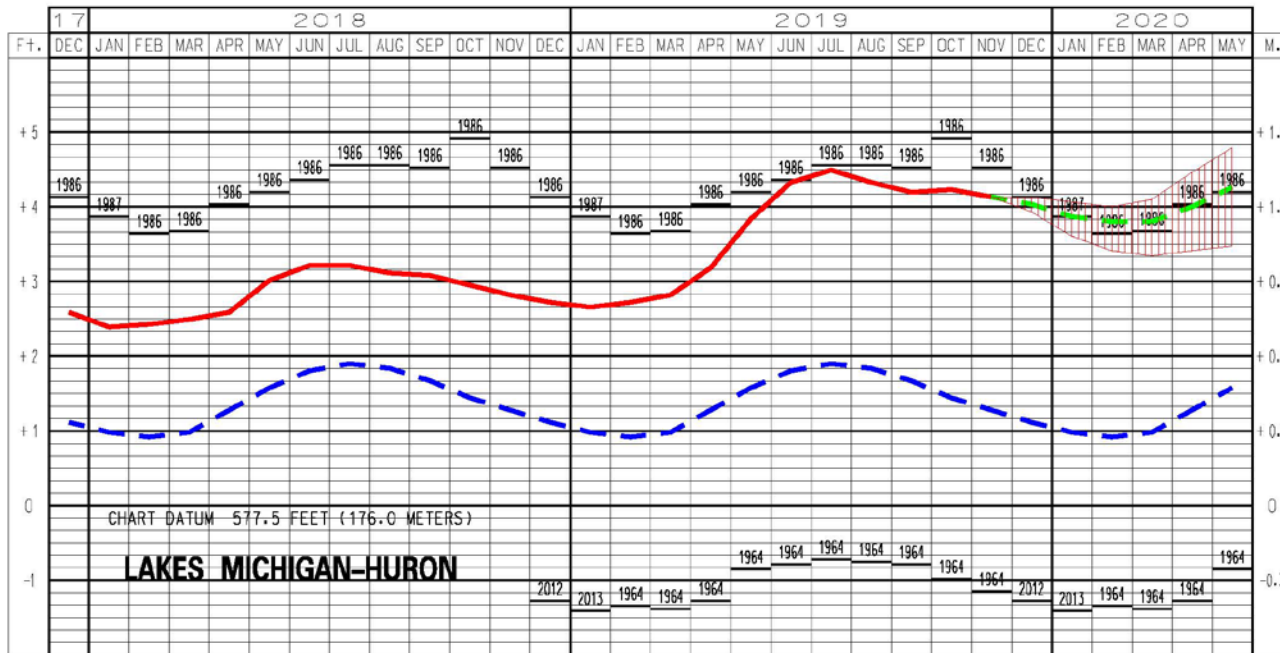
AVERAGE **
MAXIMUM **
MINIMUM **



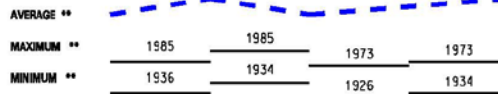
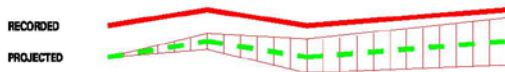
** Average, Maximum and Minimum for period 1918-2018

Lake Michigan-Huron

LAKES MICHIGAN-HURON WATER LEVELS - DECEMBER 2019



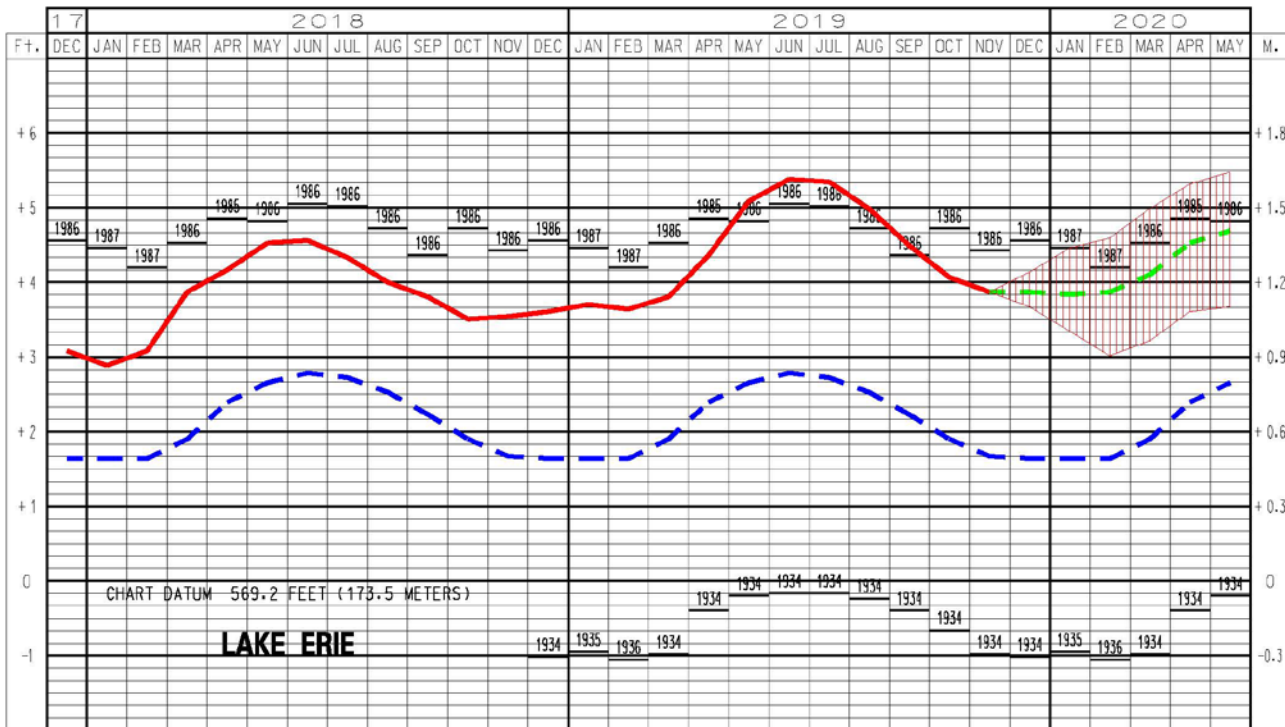
LEGEND
LAKE LEVELS



** Average, Maximum and Minimum for period 1918-2018

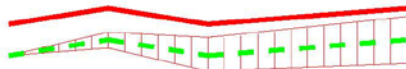
Lake Erie

LAKE ERIE WATER LEVELS – DECEMBER 2019

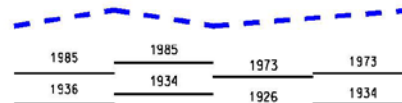


LEGEND

RECORDED
PROJECTED



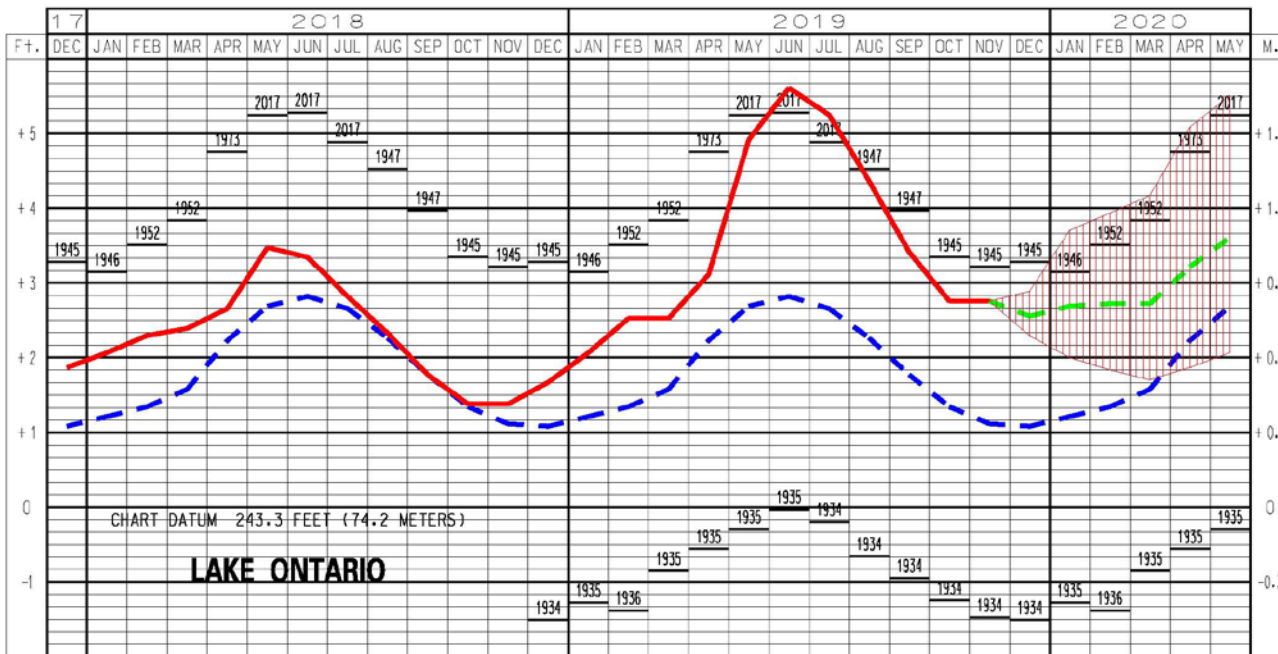
AVERAGE **
MAXIMUM **
MINIMUM **



** Average, Maximum and Minimum for period 1918-2018

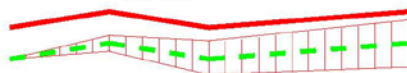
Lake Ontario

LAKE ONTARIO WATER LEVELS - DECEMBER 2019

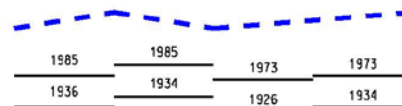


LEGEND
LAKE LEVELS

RECORDED
PROJECTED



AVERAGE **
MAXIMUM **
MINIMUM **



** Average, Maximum and Minimum for period 1918-2018

US Drought Monitor

U.S. Drought Monitor NWS Central Region

December 10, 2019
(Released Thursday, Dec. 12, 2019)
Valid 7 a.m. EST

Drought Conditions (Percent Area)

	None	D0-D4	D1-D4	D2-D4	D3-D4	D4
Current	87.57	12.43	7.00	3.31	0.11	0.00
Last Week <i>12-03-2019</i>	88.65	11.35	6.34	3.12	0.11	0.00
3 Months Ago <i>09-10-2019</i>	80.75	19.25	3.74	0.00	0.00	0.00
Start of Calendar Year <i>01-01-2019</i>	85.98	14.02	8.17	5.23	2.44	1.01
Start of Water Year <i>10-01-2019</i>	79.05	20.95	8.02	2.19	0.14	0.00
One Year Ago <i>12-11-2018</i>	84.68	15.32	8.48	5.22	2.44	1.01

Intensity:

 None	 D2 Severe Drought
 D0 Abnormally Dry	 D3 Extreme Drought
 D1 Moderate Drought	 D4 Exceptional Drought

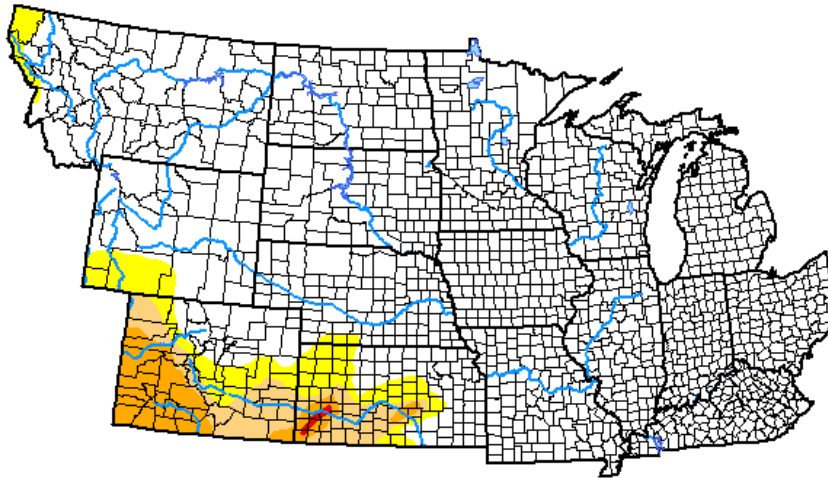
The Drought Monitor focuses on broad-scale conditions. Local conditions may vary. For more information on the Drought Monitor, go to <https://droughtmonitor.unl.edu/About.aspx>

Author:

Deborah Bathke
National Drought Mitigation Center



droughtmonitor.unl.edu

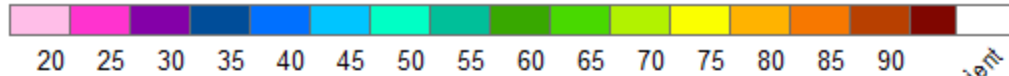


Agriculture

4-in Bare Soil Temperatures

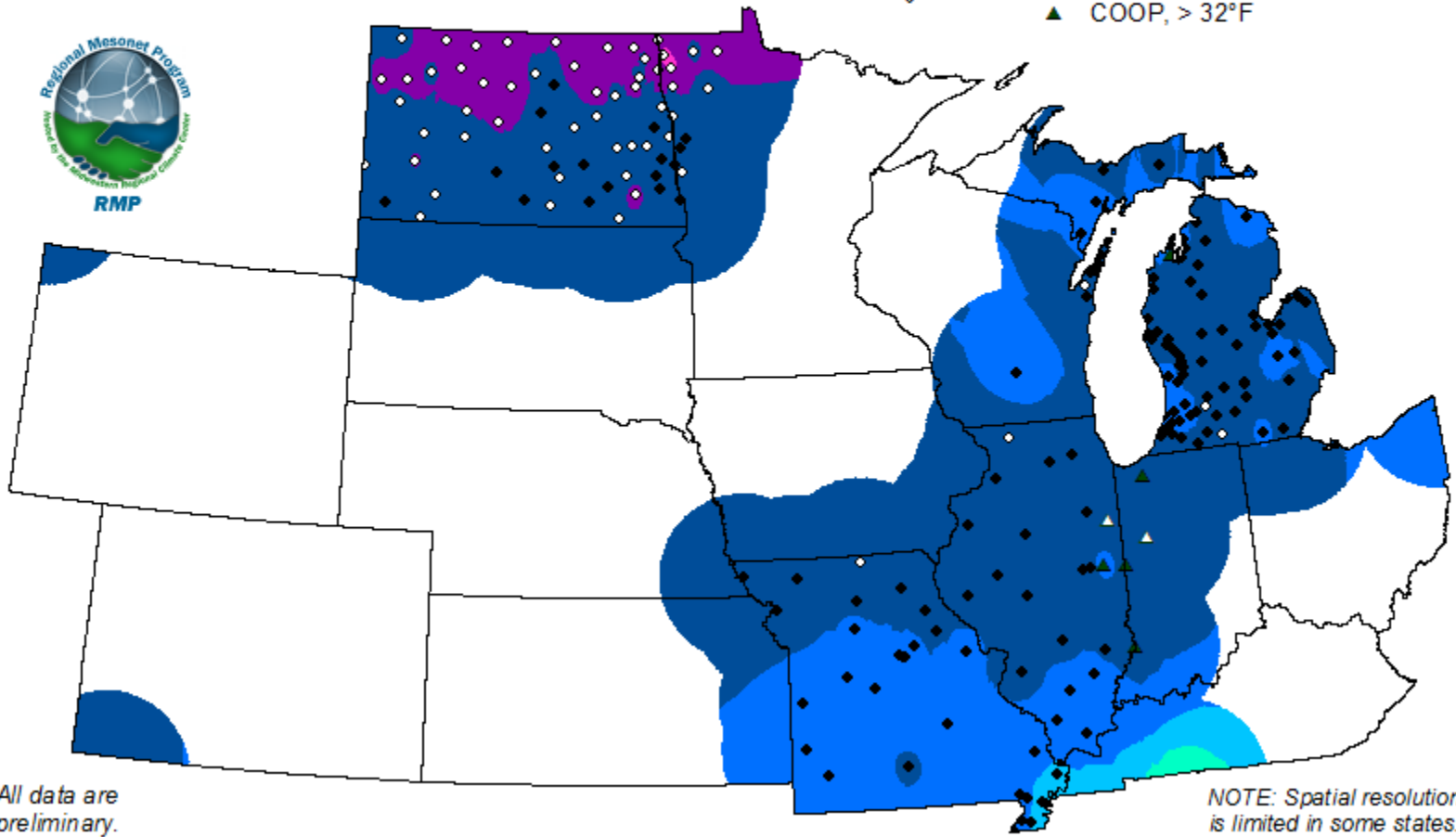
4" Soil Temperature (°F) (Bare)

24-Hour Period Through 12/16/2019



Insufficient Data

- ◇ Mesonets, ≤ 32°F
- ◆ Mesonets, > 32°F
- △ COOP, ≤ 32°F
- ▲ COOP, > 32°F



All data are preliminary.

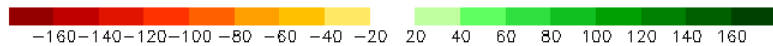
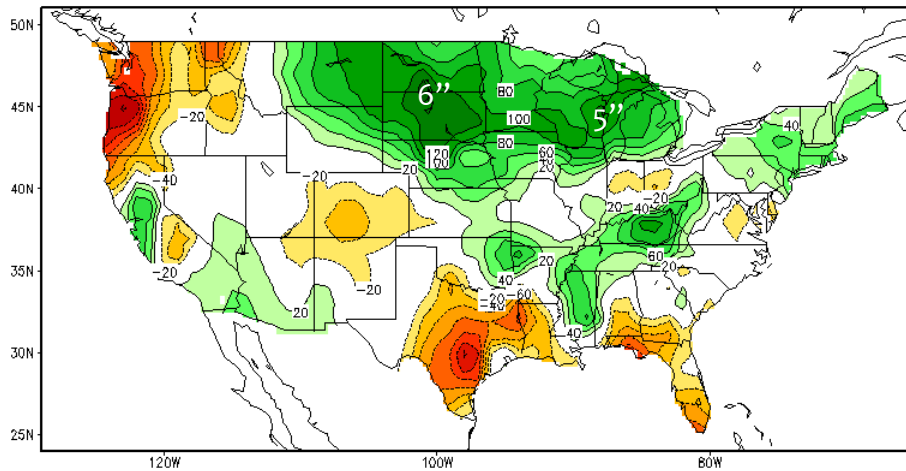
NOTE: Spatial resolution is limited in some states.

<https://mrcc.illinois.edu/RMP/currentMaps.html#banner>

CPC Soil Moisture

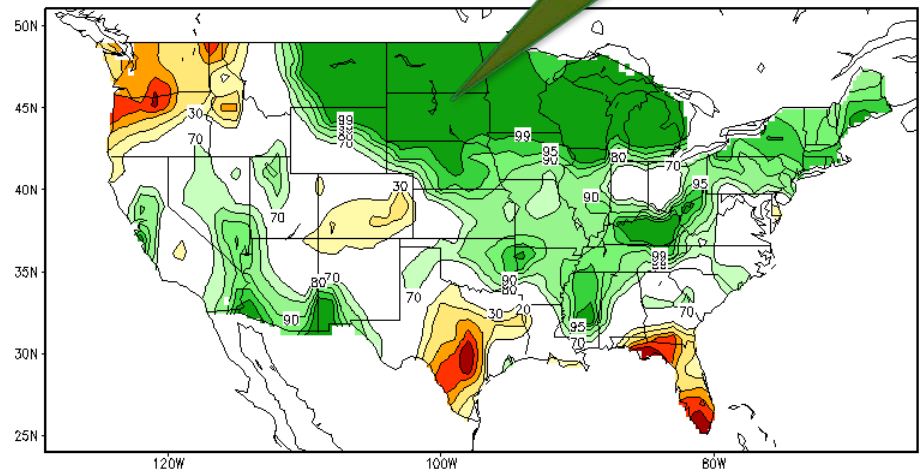
Departure from Average

Calculated Soil Moisture Anomaly (mm)
DEC 17, 2019



Ranking

Calculated Soil Moisture Ranking Percentile
DEC 17, 2019

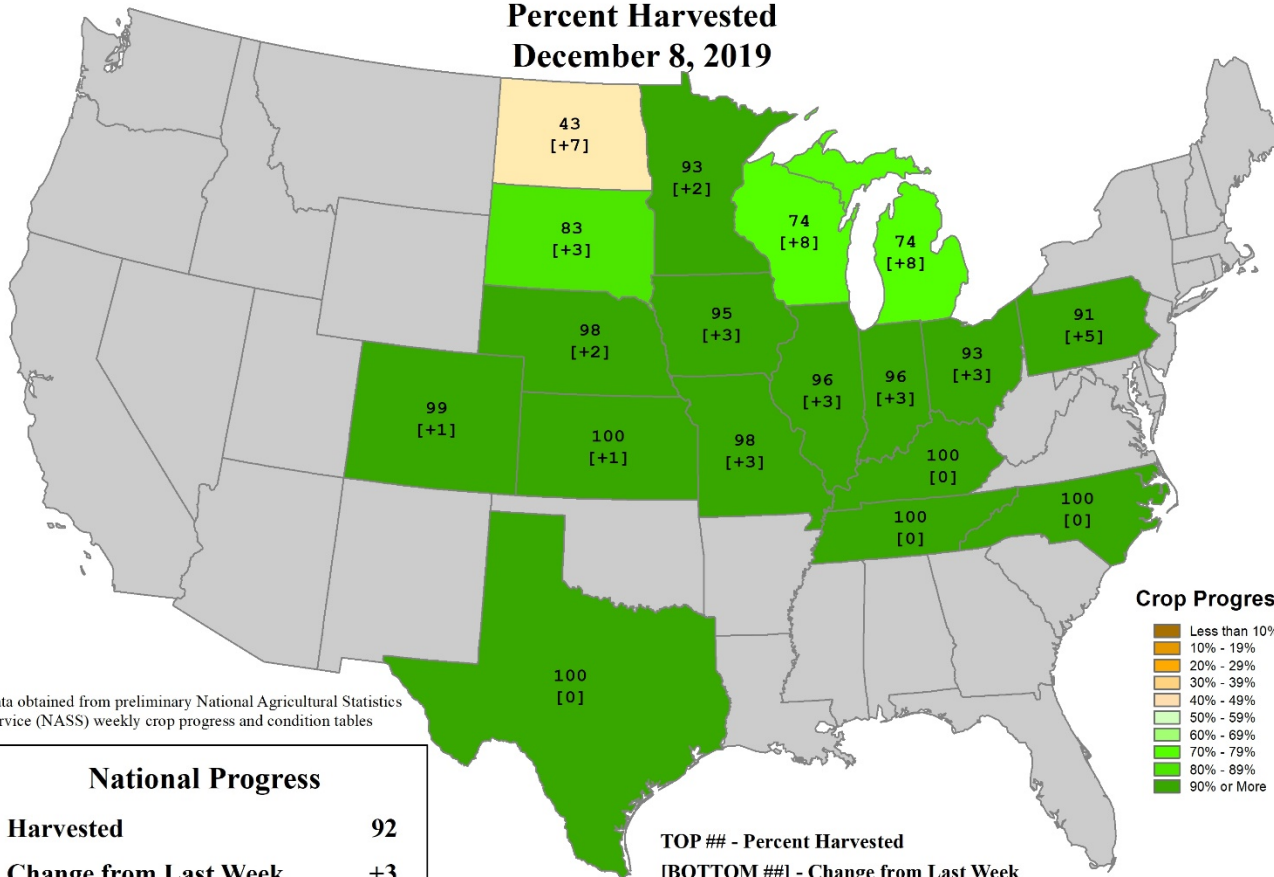


Less than 1% of the times
the soil moisture was
greater than it is now,
this time of the year

Corn Progress

U.S. Corn Progress

Percent Harvested
December 8, 2019

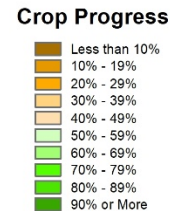


Data obtained from preliminary National Agricultural Statistics Service (NASS) weekly crop progress and condition tables

National Progress	
Harvested	92
Change from Last Week	+3

TOP ## - Percent Harvested
[BOTTOM ##] - Change from Last Week

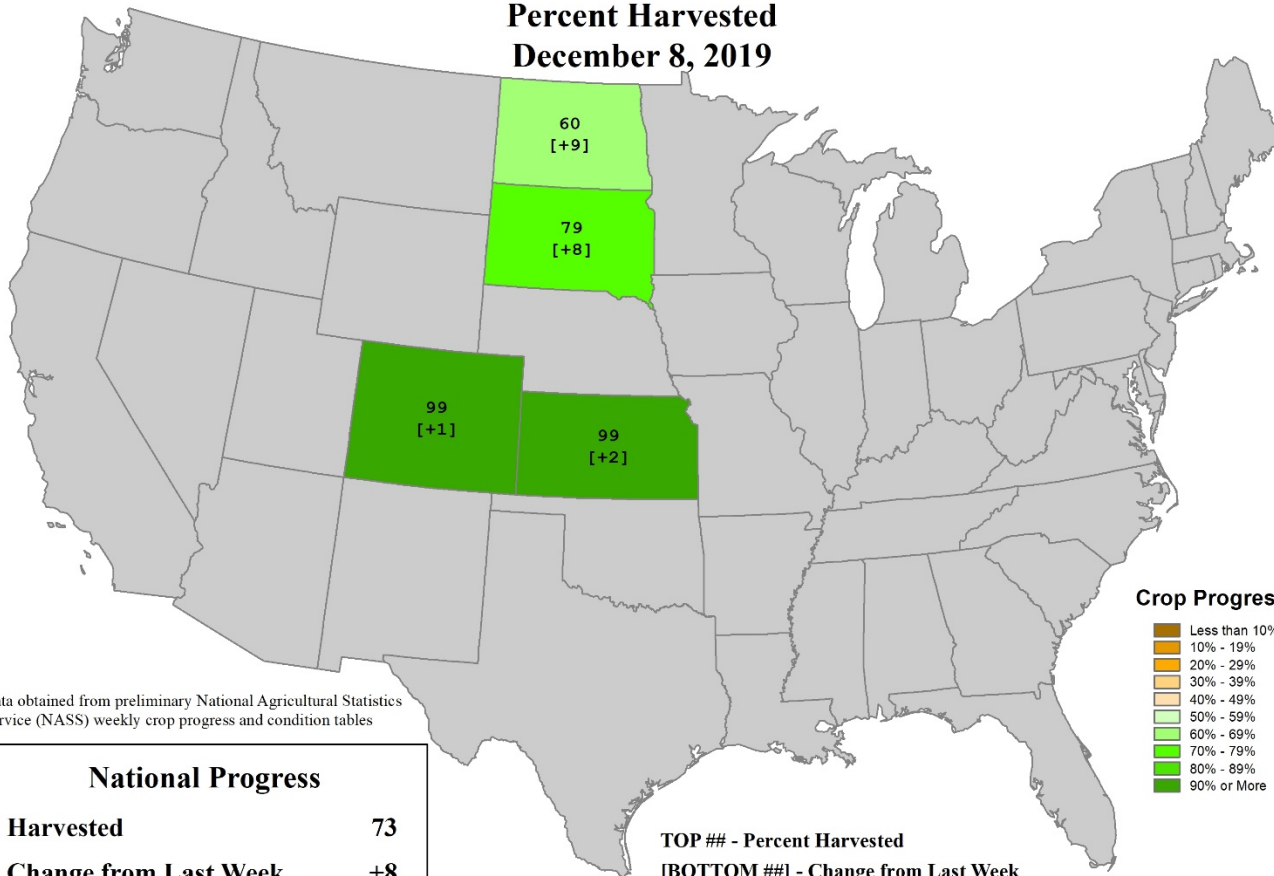
2nd slowest corn harvest (through Nov. 17) in the last 25 years. Only 2009 was slower.



Sunflower Progress

U.S. Sunflowers Progress

Percent Harvested
December 8, 2019



Data obtained from preliminary National Agricultural Statistics Service (NASS) weekly crop progress and condition tables

Impacts

- Cold Oct-Nov conditions across the region in combination with wet and snowy periods have made it challenging for farmers this year. Crop harvest was running several weeks behind normal across the region and the extreme wetness was creating other problems related to;
 - crop disease,
 - grain dry down,
 - stalk lodging,
 - compaction, and
 - fieldwork preparation for next year.
- Reports of propane shortages and propane distribution problems in region with grain drying and livestock in some states. Cold and wet conditions have led to high moisture content in seed, and slowing natural dry-down in fields.

Impacts on Social Media

Michael Douglas @northdad · Dec
My son flew out of Grand Forks, ND ye
pic shortly after take off. You can really
left standing. Most of the non-snow co
standing corn! @StevenGDouglas too



Satellite image from
Dec 3. Brown squares
are corn still in the
fields. Daryl Ritchison
(@DarylRitchison),
NDAWN, NDSU.

← **Tweet**



Miranda Meehan
@NDSU_eX_Steward

According to data collected by @NDSUExtension agents, the majority of #livestock producers in the state are facing #forage shortages going into the #winter. Here are some tips from NDSU Extension Specialist Janna Block on stretching forage supplies. ag.ndsu.edu/news/newsrelea...

11:05 AM · Dec 6, 2019 · [Twitter Web App](#)

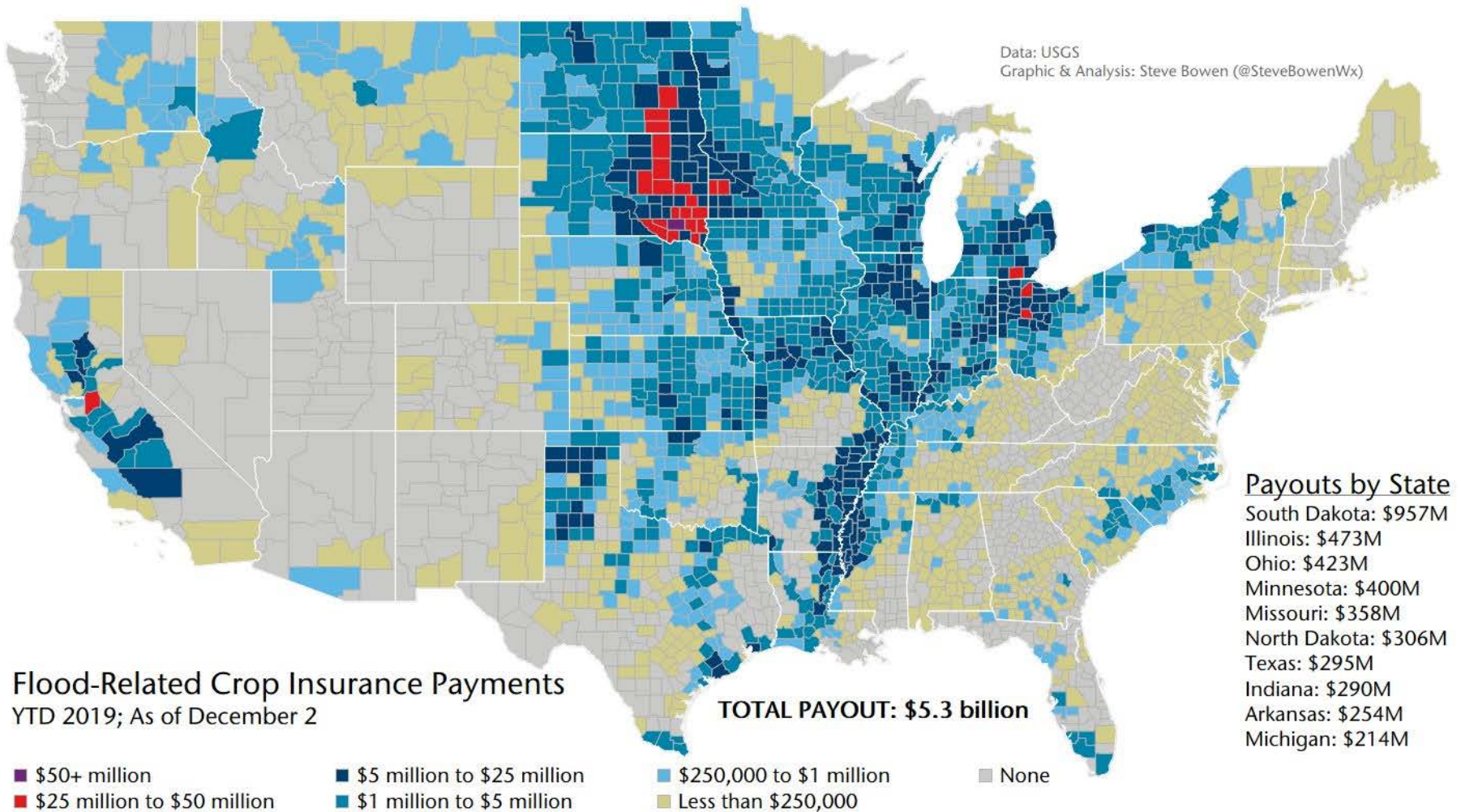
3 Retweets 2 Likes



Fargo
ND

Impacts on Social Media

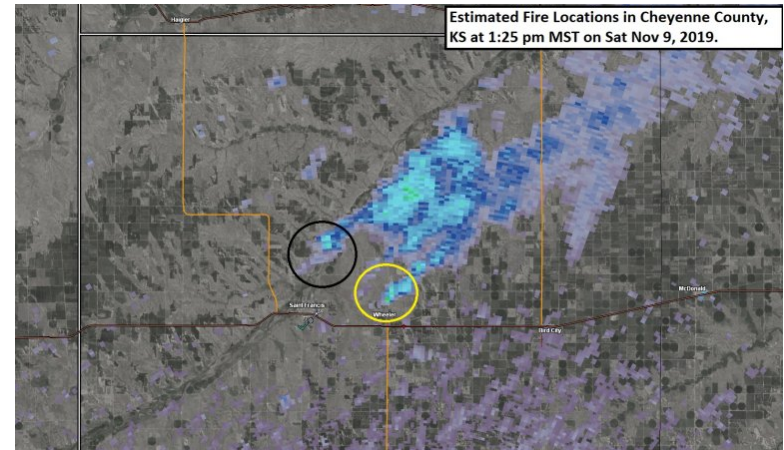
YTD 2019 Flood-related Crop Insurance Payments as of December 2.



Graphic and Analysis: @SteveBowenWx

Impacts

- Increasing drought/dryness on the south and west edges of the region causing concern for winter wheat establishment, and increasing fire danger. Attached is an image from the Goodland NWS office of a fire in Cheyenne County, KS (M. Knapp)
- The sugarbeet harvest ended as ACSC found beets uneconomical to process because of poor beet conditions, along with high levels of mud.
- Earlier in Nov, ACSC charged producers \$343 per acre for the undelivered beets to cover the companies fixed cost.
- A major flood along the Red River Valley is a major concern as the wettest fall is considered as a precursor of a major flood in the following spring.



Response and Mitigation

- ND is seeking for a presidential disaster declaration in response to spring flooding, and then a Secretarial Disaster Designation for 47 of 53 counties following an October precipitation event that culminated in at least \$423 million in crop damages for the ND producers and \$5.9 million in infrastructure damages.
- In response to the flooding , Jamestown and Pipestem Dams have been in flood operations since September, and will continue to evacuate flood storage through the winter.
- Because the conditions in the upper MO River basin, USACE plans to be as aggressive with spring releases as downstream conditions allow. However, if the unregulated tributaries are flowing full and contributing a significant amount of flow to the Missouri River, the Corp will reduce releases to mitigate downstream flooding conditions.

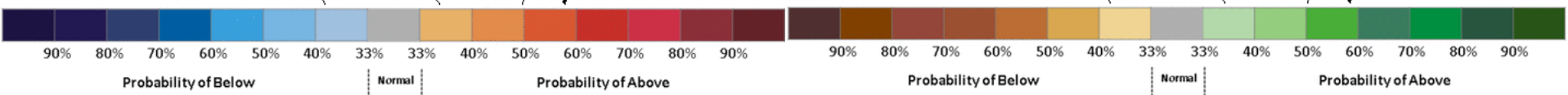
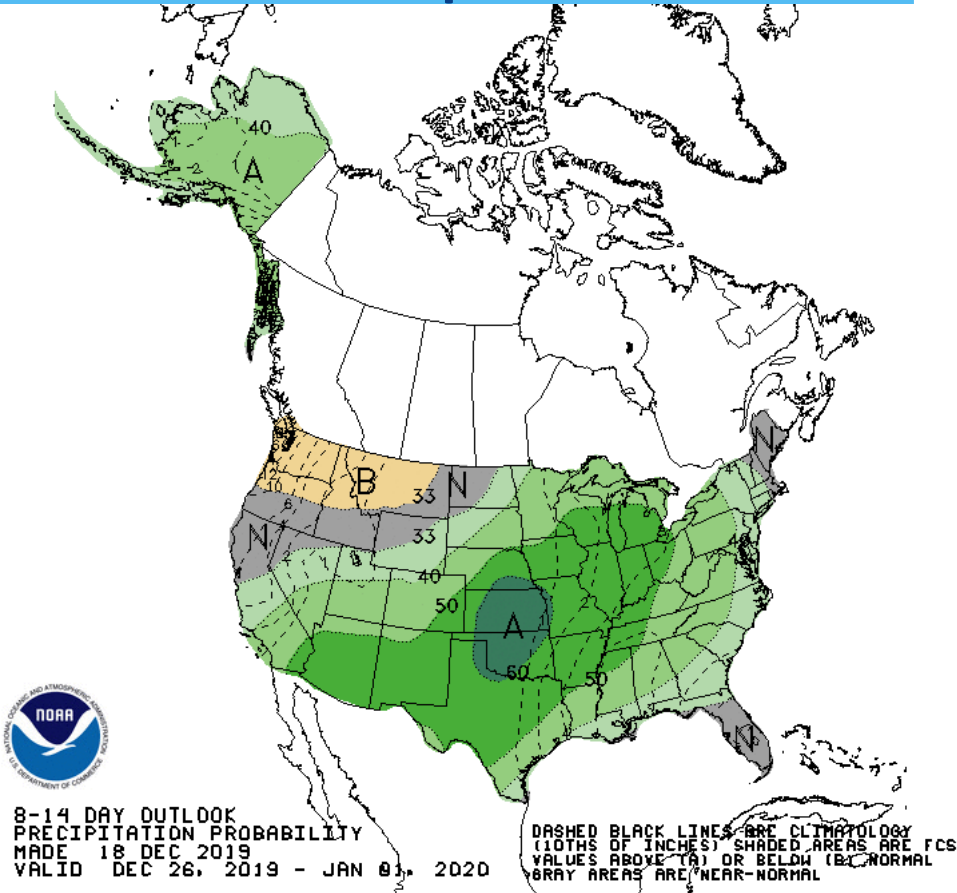
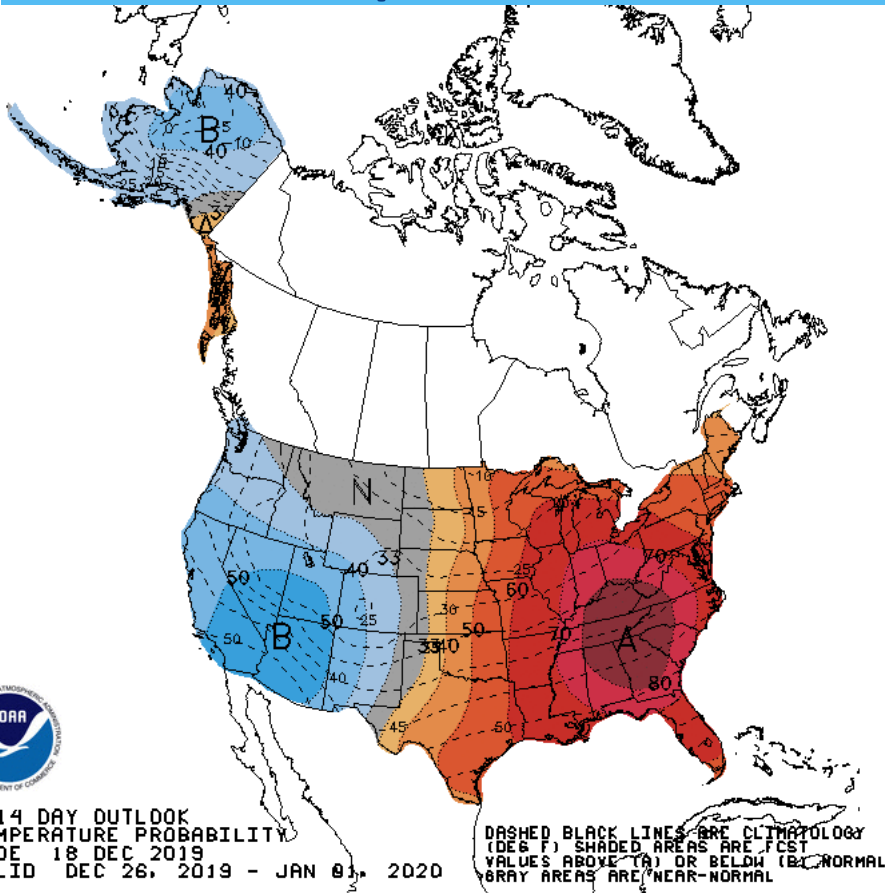
Climate Outlooks

- * **8 to 14-day Outlook**
- * **16-day QPF**
- * **Jan Outlook**
- * **ENSO Outlook**
- * **Rest of the Winter**
- * **Spring**

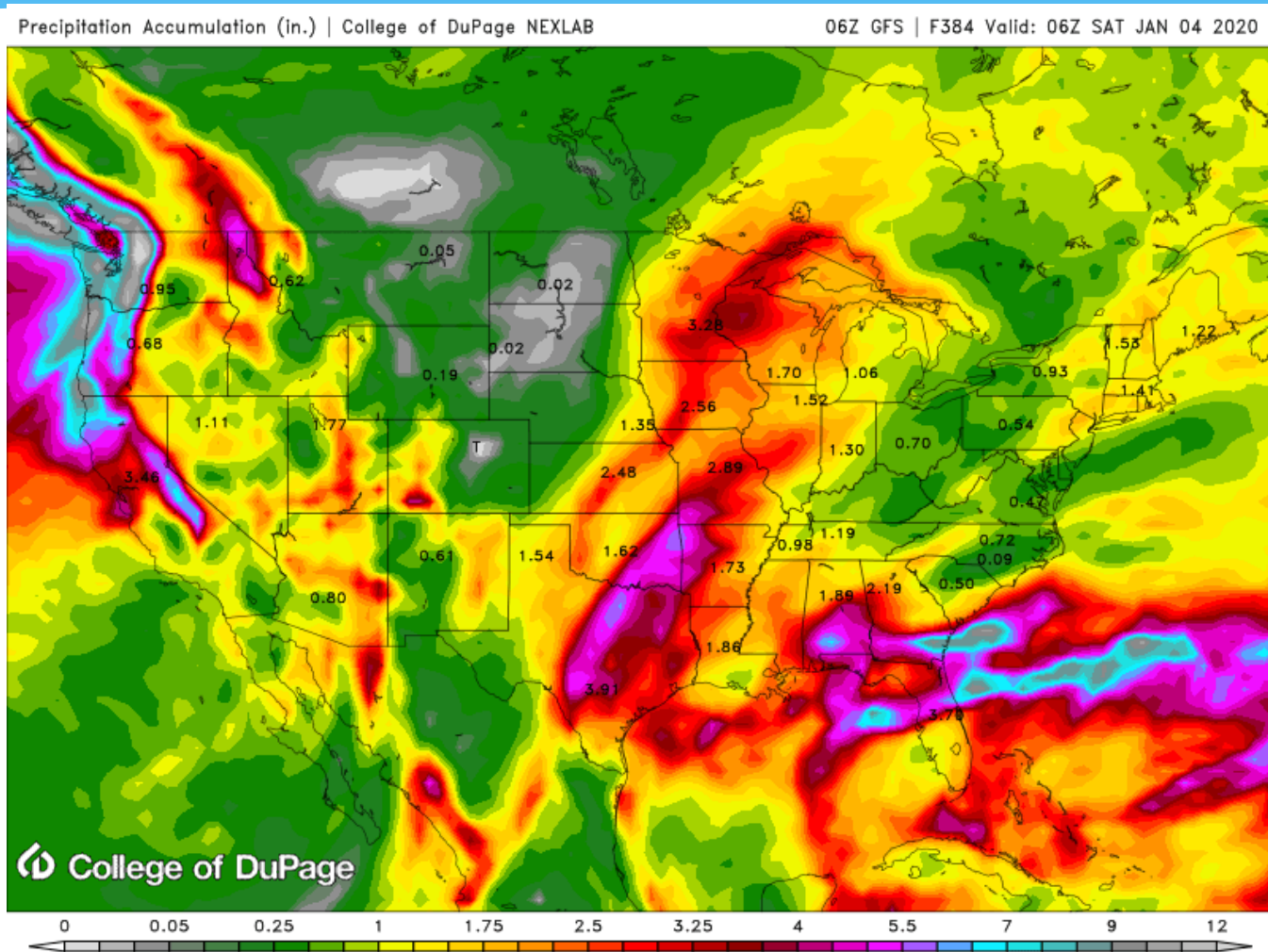
8 to 14-day Outlook

Temperature

Precipitation



16-Day Total Precipitation Outlook (From Midnight Thu, Dec 19 through Midnight Sat, Jan 4)

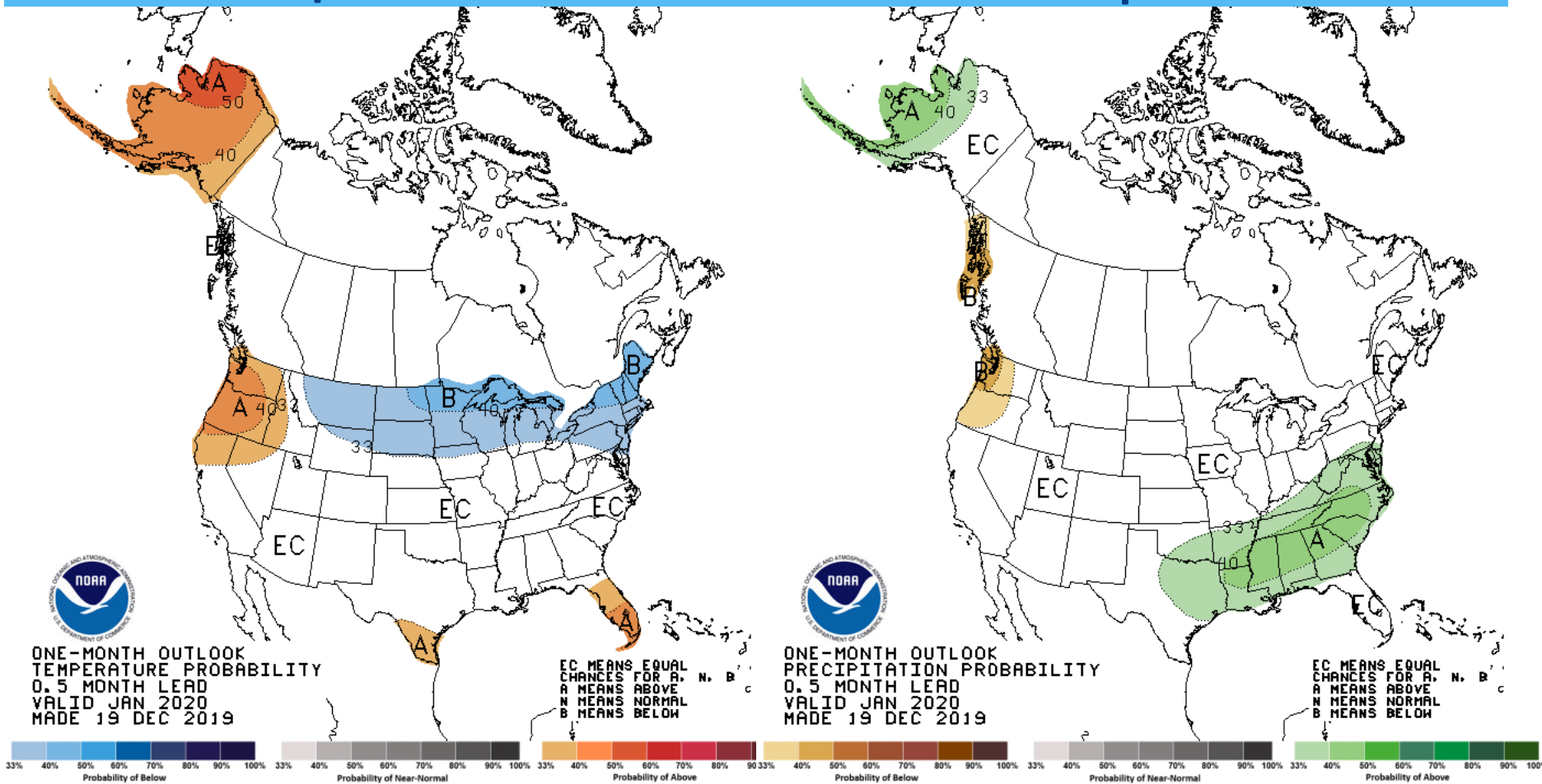


<https://weather.cod.edu/forecast/>

January Outlook

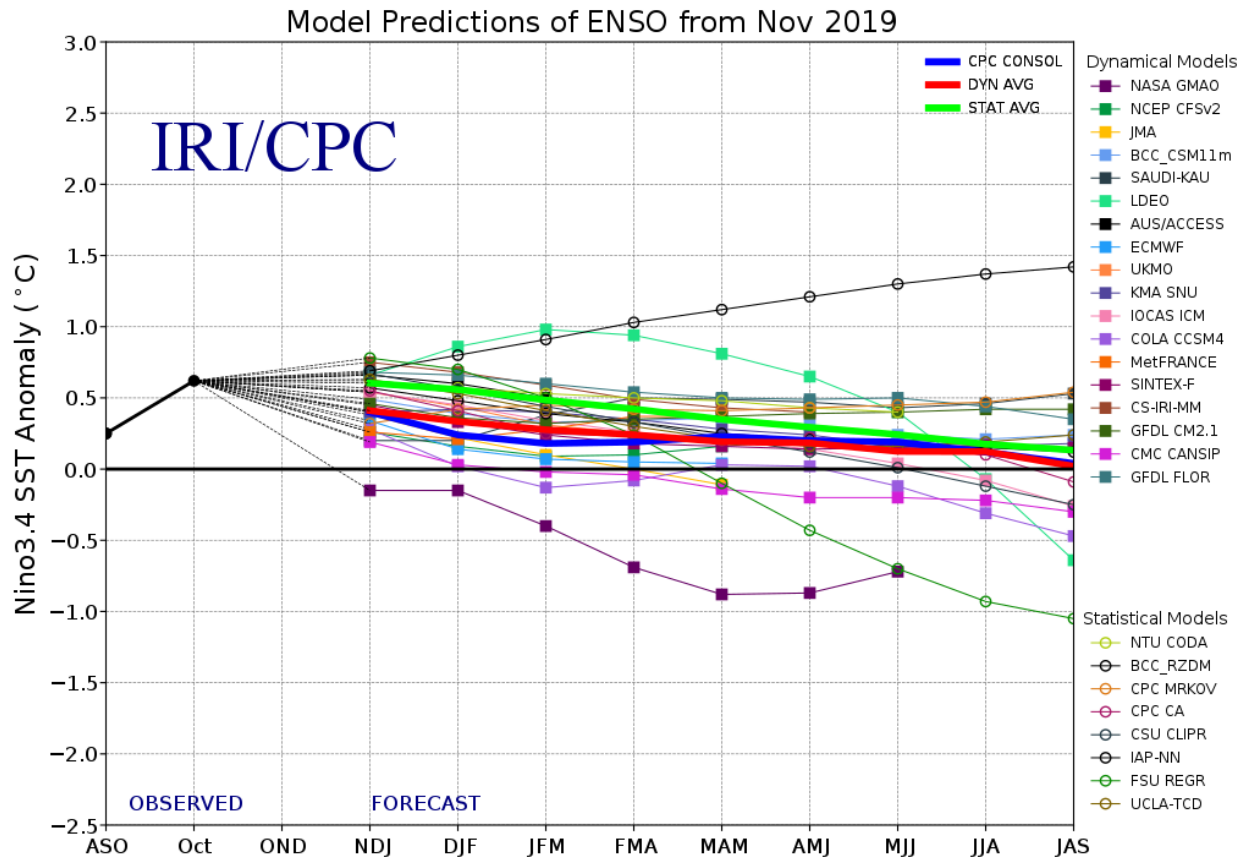
Temperature

Precipitation



ENSO Outlook

ENSO Alert: Not Active
Updated on Dec 12, 2019

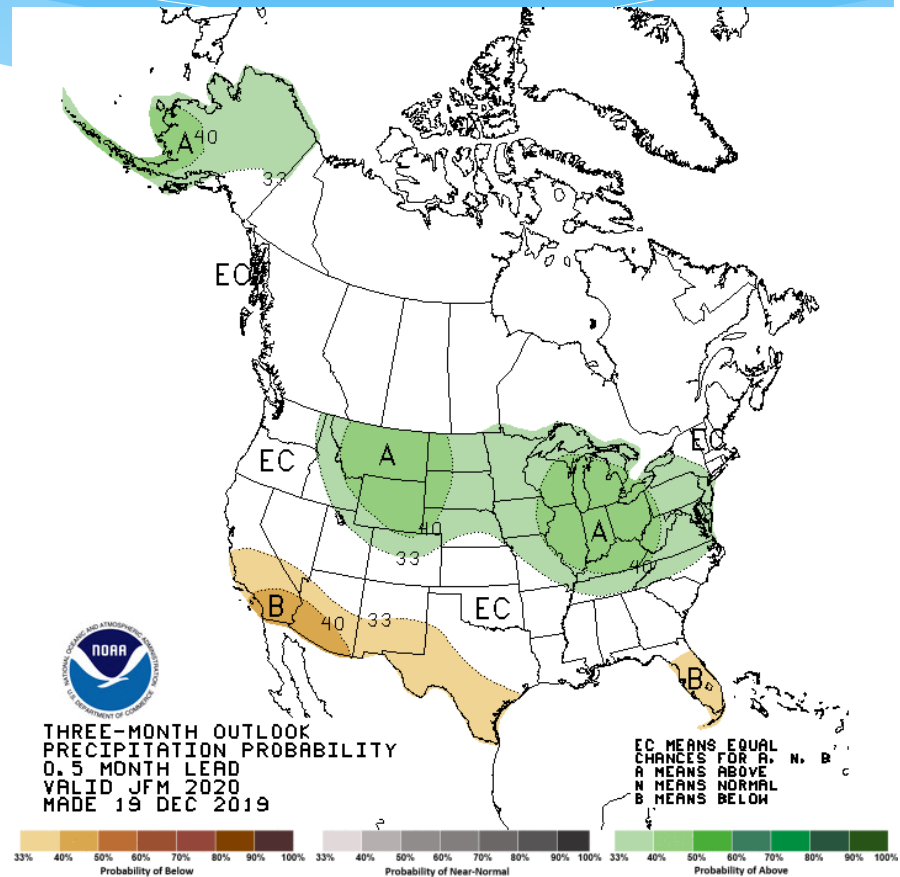
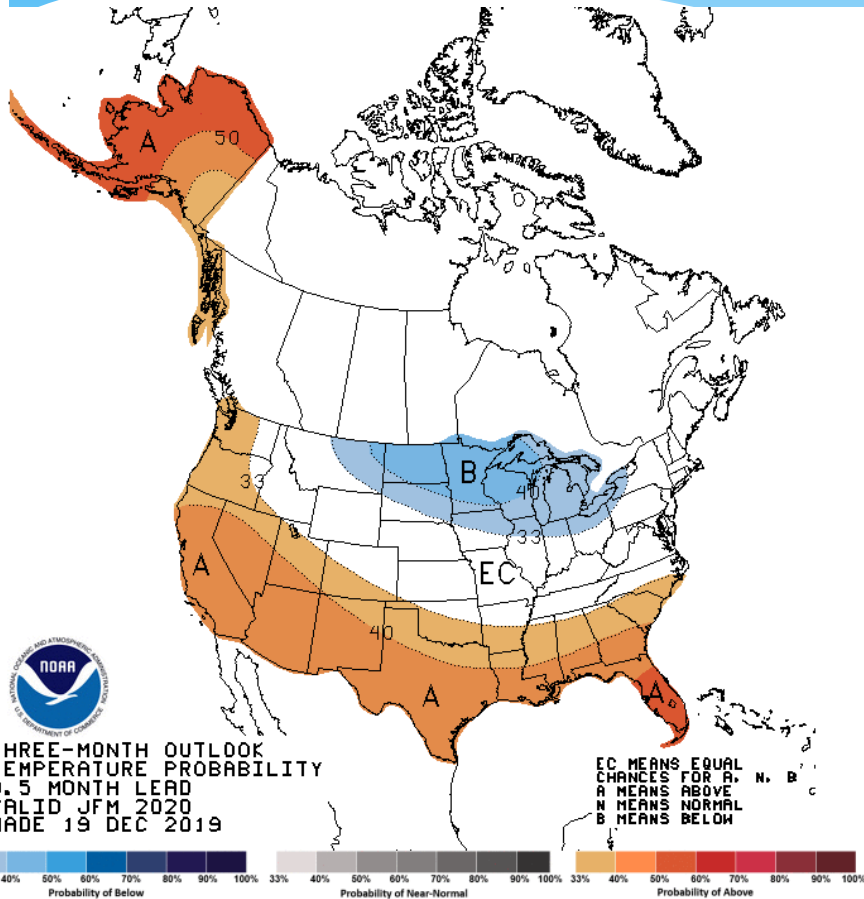


- **The majority of models including CPC CONSOL, DYN AVG and STAT AVG continue to favor ENSO-neutral through the Northern Hemisphere spring and summer.**

January – March Outlook

Temperature

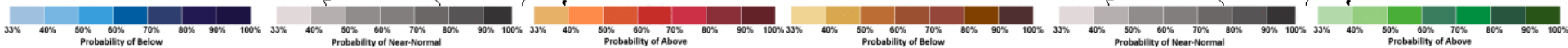
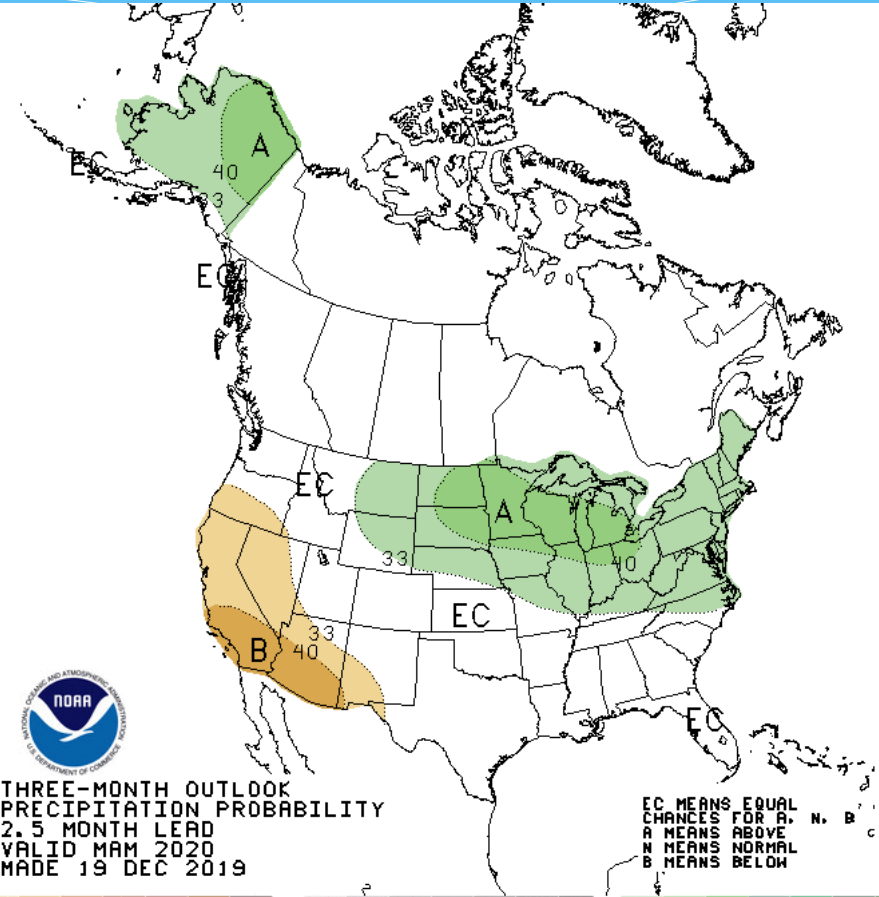
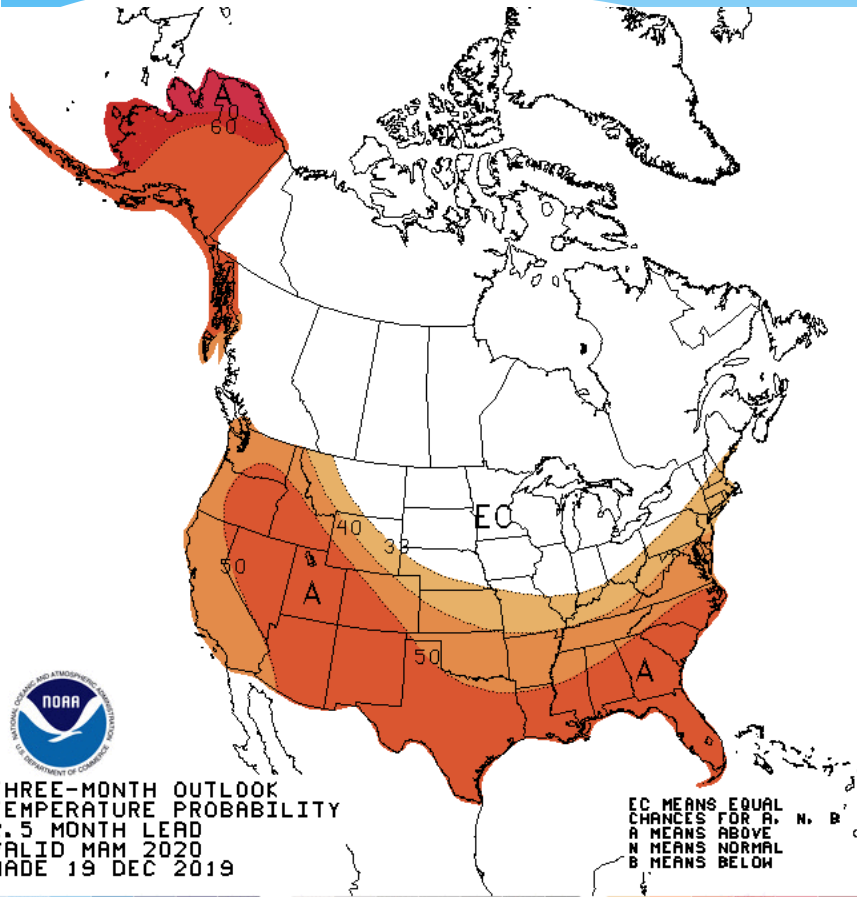
Precipitation



March – May (spring) Outlook

Temperature

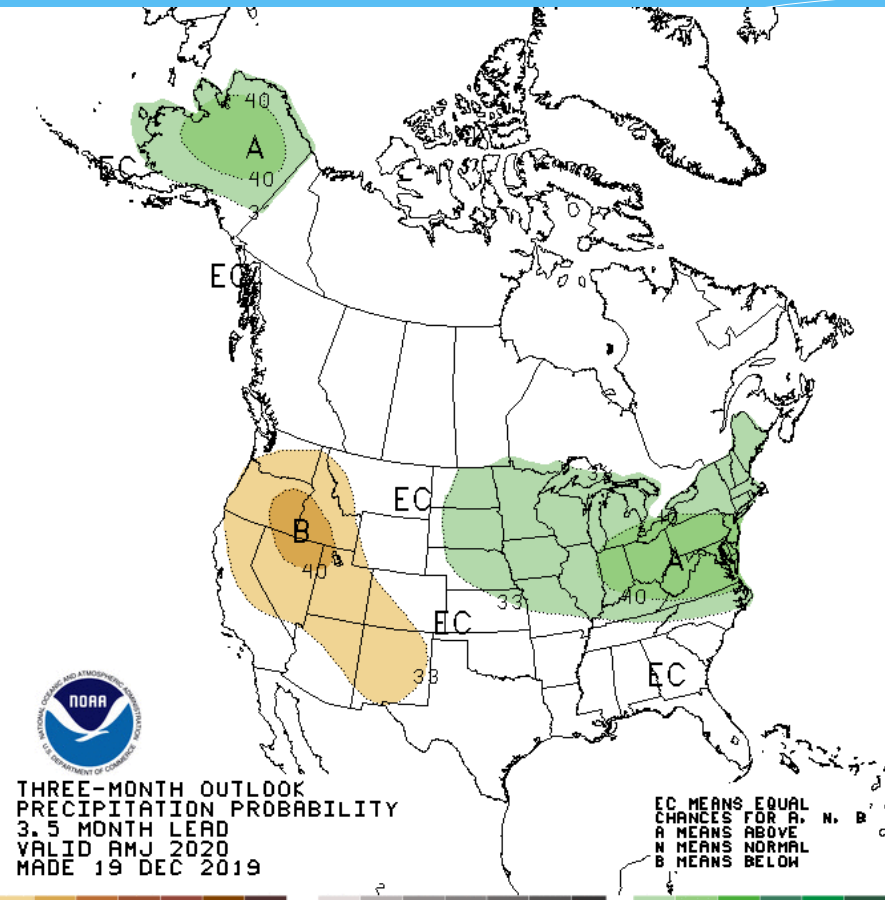
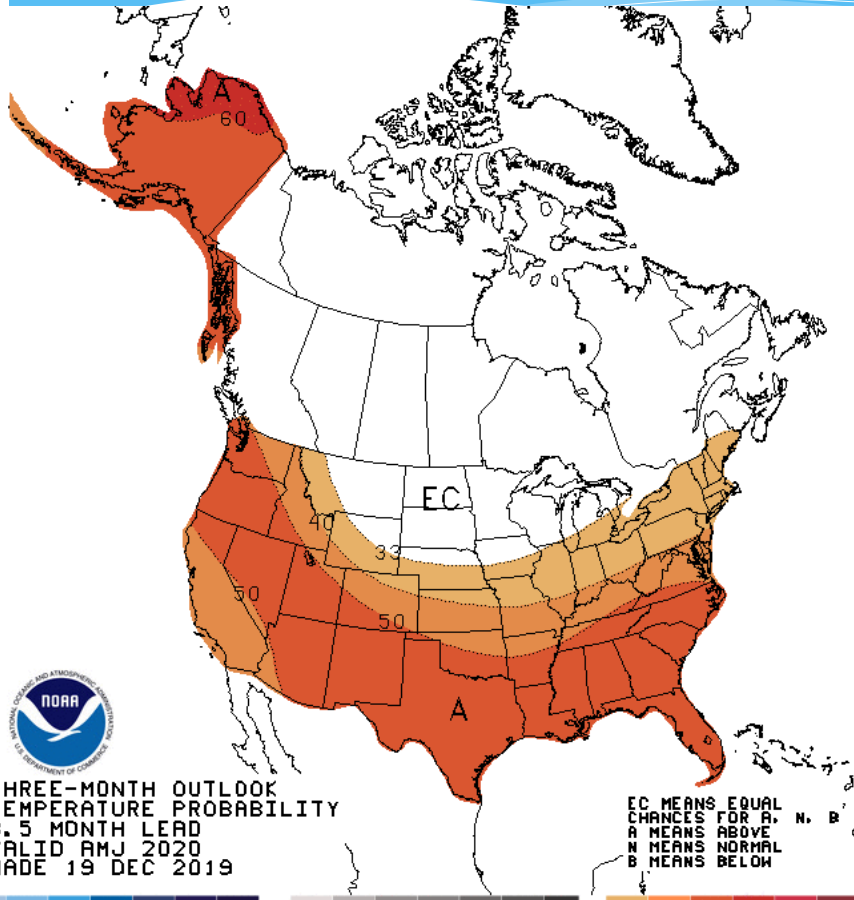
Precipitation



April – June Outlook

Temperature

Precipitation



Summary

- * **Despite the early snow, and the saturated soil, there is still a little progress with the corn being harvested in the Northern Plains.**
- * **Much of the region experienced cold to near-average temperatures in November in terms of precipitation with few exceptions (SD & KY were wet; KS was Dry).**
- * **Concerns for rivers freezing above flood stage as we go into winter;**
- * **Spring ice jams especially along rivers flows to North;**
- * **Dryness concerns for SW Wyoming, Colorado, SW Kansas, and SW Nebraska**
- * **Spring flood concerns for Missouri & Mississippi River Basins and potential delay in spring fieldwork preparation and planting.**
- * **Projected spring water levels in all Great Lakes are expected to be well above average (if not record levels).**

Additional Resources from our Partners

- * **Today's and Past Recorded Presentations and :**
- * <http://mrcc.illinois.edu/multimedia/webinars.jsp>
- * <http://hprcc.unl.edu/webinars.php>
- NOAA's National Centers for Environmental Information: www.ncdc.noaa.gov
 - Monthly climate reports (U.S. & Global): www.ncdc.noaa.gov/sotc
- NOAA's Climate Prediction Center: www.cpc.ncep.noaa.gov
- Climate Portal: www.climate.gov
- U.S. Drought Portal: www.drought.gov
- National Drought Mitigation Center: <http://drought.unl.edu>
- State climatologists
 - * <http://www.stateclimate.org>
- Regional climate centers
 - * <http://mrcc.isws.illinois.edu>
 - * <http://www.hprcc.unl.edu>

Thank You and Questions?

- * Questions:

- * **Climate:**

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- * Brian Fuchs: bfuchs2@unl.edu 402 472-6775

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