

Note: Repeated Feb. 3, 2022, to correct state personal income statistics for the third quarter of 2021 back to the first quarter of 2016 due to a data processing error involving industry wage estimates. For more information, see the [technical note](#).

**United States**  
**Effects of Selected Federal Pandemic Response Programs on State Personal Income, 2021Q3**  
(Millions of dollars, seasonally adjusted at annual rates)

	Line	Levels						Change from preceding period				
		2020			2021			2020		2021		
		Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3
Personal income (millions of dollars)	1	20,329,653.1	19,755,199.7	19,522,859.3	21,849,042.7	20,647,726.3	20,782,823.5	-574,453.3	-232,340.5	2,326,183.5	-1,201,316.5	135,097.3
Nonfarm personal income	2	20,249,888.0	19,651,064.8	19,379,635.8	21,740,729.5	20,492,490.9	20,639,262.3	-598,823.2	-271,428.9	2,361,093.7	-1,248,238.6	146,771.4
Farm income	3	79,765.1	104,135.0	143,223.4	108,313.2	155,235.4	143,561.3	24,369.9	39,088.5	-34,910.2	46,922.2	-11,674.1
Population (persons)	4	329,430,588.0	329,646,660.0	329,933,229.0	330,092,941.0	330,290,763.0	330,587,721.0	216,072.0	286,569.0	159,712.0	197,822.0	296,958.0
Per capita personal income (dollars)	5	61,711	59,928	59,172	66,191	62,514	62,866	-1,783	-756	7,019	-3,677	352
Derivation of personal income												
Earnings by place of work	6	12,481,823.7	13,278,502.1	13,675,464.5	13,784,971.9	14,242,985.5	14,564,628.2	796,678.4	396,962.4	109,507.4	458,013.6	321,642.7
Less: Contributions for government social insurance	7	1,403,344.0	1,456,032.0	1,498,636.0	1,531,100.0	1,569,426.0	1,605,076.0	52,688.0	42,604.0	32,464.0	38,326.0	35,650.0
Employee and self-employed contributions for government social insurance	8	764,892.0	792,836.0	817,148.0	833,622.0	852,922.0	870,861.0	27,944.0	24,312.0	16,474.0	19,300.0	17,939.0
Employer contributions for government social insurance	9	638,452.0	663,196.0	681,488.0	697,478.0	716,504.0	734,215.0	24,744.0	18,292.0	15,990.0	19,026.0	17,711.0
Plus: Adjustment for residence	10	3,765.4	3,705.7	3,642.8	3,626.8	3,576.8	3,528.4	-59.7	-62.9	-16.0	-50.0	-48.4
Equals: Net earnings by place of residence	11	11,082,245.1	11,826,175.7	12,180,471.3	12,257,498.7	12,677,136.3	12,963,080.5	743,930.7	354,295.5	77,027.5	419,637.5	285,944.3
Plus: Dividends, interest, and rent	12	3,613,732.0	3,559,608.0	3,612,888.0	3,608,940.0	3,641,515.0	3,670,965.0	-54,124.0	53,280.0	-3,948.0	32,575.0	29,450.0
Plus: Personal current transfer receipts	13	5,633,676.0	4,369,416.0	3,729,500.0	5,982,604.0	4,329,075.0	4,148,778.0	-1,264,260.0	-639,916.0	2,253,104.0	-1,653,529.0	-180,297.0
Social Security	14	1,074,792.0	1,080,220.0	1,088,816.0	1,106,317.0	1,109,665.0	1,117,222.0	5,428.0	8,596.0	17,501.0	3,348.0	7,557.0
Medicare	15	821,576.0	825,768.0	820,984.0	814,146.0	815,291.0	826,533.0	4,192.0	-4,784.0	-6,838.0	1,145.0	11,242.0
Of which:												
Increase in Medicare reimbursement rates <sup>1</sup>	16	9,628.0	14,416.0	14,308.0	14,200.0	14,100.0	14,300.0	4,788.0	-108.0	-108.0	-100.0	200.0
Medicaid	17	654,220.0	690,352.0	678,304.0	695,895.0	730,470.0	786,333.0	36,132.0	-12,048.0	17,591.0	34,575.0	55,863.0
State unemployment insurance	18	1,038,508.0	766,984.0	299,188.0	565,173.0	479,921.0	271,858.0	-271,524.0	-467,796.0	265,985.0	-85,252.0	-208,063.0
Of which: <sup>2</sup>												
Extended Unemployment Benefits	19	68.0	3,656.0	12,944.0	25,000.0	5,800.0	5,700.0	3,588.0	9,288.0	12,056.0	-19,200.0	-100.0
Pandemic Emergency Unemployment Compensation	20	6,256.0	26,672.0	82,120.0	97,800.0	104,500.0	61,500.0	20,416.0	55,448.0	15,680.0	6,700.0	-43,000.0
Pandemic Unemployment Assistance	21	74,368.0	138,272.0	106,840.0	95,300.0	82,100.0	50,000.0	63,904.0	-31,432.0	-11,540.0	-13,200.0	-32,100.0
Pandemic Unemployment Compensation Payments	22	698,908.0	413,852.0	14,740.0	286,900.0	237,200.0	113,200.0	-285,056.0	-399,112.0	272,160.0	-49,700.0	-124,000.0
All other personal current transfer receipts	23	2,044,580.0	1,006,092.0	842,208.0	2,801,073.0	1,193,728.0	1,146,832.0	-1,038,488.0	-163,884.0	1,958,865.0	-1,607,345.0	-46,896.0
Of which:												
Child tax credit <sup>3</sup>	24	30,162.0	30,162.0	30,162.0	34,400.0	34,400.0	218,900.0	0.0	0.0	4,238.0	0.0	184,500.0
Economic impact payments <sup>4</sup>	25	1,078,096.0	15,564.0	5,048.0	1,933,700.0	290,100.0	38,900.0	-1,062,532.0	-10,516.0	1,928,652.0	-1,643,600.0	-251,200.0
Lost wages supplemental payments <sup>5</sup>	26	0.0	106,208.0	35,852.0	1,600.0	600.0	100.0	106,208.0	-70,356.0	-34,252.0	-1,000.0	-500.0
Paycheck Protection Program loans to NPISH <sup>6</sup>	27	57,172.0	81,212.0	24,404.0	10,800.0	24,700.0	14,000.0	24,040.0	-56,808.0	-13,604.0	13,900.0	-10,700.0
Provider Relief Fund to NPISH <sup>7</sup>	28	160,936.0	58,436.0	34,480.0	42,800.0	26,600.0	37,400.0	-102,500.0	-23,956.0	8,320.0	-16,200.0	10,800.0
Components of earnings by place of work												
Wages and salaries	29	8,959,480.0	9,391,236.0	9,764,576.0	9,861,341.0	10,162,229.0	10,445,471.0	431,756.0	373,340.0	96,765.0	300,888.0	283,242.0
Supplements to wages and salaries	30	2,040,188.0	2,118,840.0	2,170,284.0	2,198,756.0	2,225,138.0	2,256,309.0	78,652.0	51,444.0	28,472.0	26,382.0	31,171.0
Employer contributions for employee pension and insurance funds	31	1,401,736.0	1,455,644.0	1,488,796.0	1,501,278.0	1,508,634.0	1,522,094.0	53,908.0	33,152.0	12,482.0	7,356.0	13,460.0
Employer contributions for government social insurance	32	638,452.0	663,196.0	681,488.0	697,478.0	716,504.0	734,215.0	24,744.0	18,292.0	15,990.0	19,026.0	17,711.0
Proprietors' income	33	1,482,155.7	1,768,426.1	1,740,604.5	1,724,874.9	1,855,618.5	1,862,848.2	286,270.4	-27,821.6	-15,729.6	130,743.6	7,229.7
Farm proprietors' income	34	54,219.7	78,446.1	117,140.5	81,668.9	128,058.5	116,104.2	24,226.4	38,694.4	-35,471.6	46,389.6	-11,954.3
Of which:												
Coronavirus Food Assistance Program <sup>8</sup>	35	16,879.4	18,446.4	46,229.9	914.0	14,275.1	8,734.6	1,567.0	27,783.5	-45,315.9	13,361.1	-5,540.5
Paycheck Protection Program loans to businesses <sup>6</sup>	36	6,121.5	8,695.6	2,613.1	4,887.7	11,313.0	7,017.4	2,574.2	-6,082.5	2,274.6	6,425.3	-4,295.5
Nonfarm proprietors' income	37	1,427,936.0	1,689,980.0	1,623,464.0	1,643,206.0	1,727,560.0	1,746,744.0	262,044.0	-66,516.0	19,742.0	84,354.0	19,184.0
Of which:												
Paycheck Protection Program loans to businesses <sup>6</sup>	38	198,015.0	281,221.0	84,508.0	76,751.0	177,644.0	110,193.0	83,206.0	-196,713.0	-7,757.0	100,893.0	-67,451.0

CARES -Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security

NPISH -Nonprofit institutions serving households

1. A two percent reduction in reimbursements paid to Medicare service providers that went into effect in 2013 was initially suspended by the CARES Act. The resulting increased reimbursement rates went into effect beginning on May 1, 2020.
2. Unemployment insurance benefits were expanded through several programs that were initially established through the CARES Act. For more information, see [How will the expansion of unemployment benefits in response to the COVID-19 pandemic be recorded in the NIPAs?](#)
3. The American Rescue Plan increased the Child Tax Credit to \$3,000 per child over the age of six and \$3,600 for children under the age of six, and raised the age limit from 16 to 17. It also authorized that up to half of these credits could be distributed through advance payments during the tax year, while the rest would be claimed when parents file tax returns the following year.
4. Economic impact payments, initially established by the CARES Act, provide direct payments to individuals. For more information, see [How are federal economic impact payments to support individuals during the COVID-19 pandemic recorded in the NIPAs?](#)
5. The Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) was authorized to make payments from the Disaster Relief Fund to supplement wages lost as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic.
6. The Paycheck Protection Program, initially established by the CARES Act, provides forgivable loans to help small businesses and nonprofit institutions make payroll and cover other expenses. It also provides funding to reimburse private lending institutions for the costs of administering these loans. For more information, see [How does the Paycheck Protection Program impact the national income and product accounts \(NIPAs\)?](#)
7. The Department of Health and Human Services distributes money from the Provider Relief Fund to hospitals and health care providers on the front lines of the coronavirus response. This funding supports health care-related expenses or lost revenue attributable to COVID-19 and ensures uninsured Americans can get treatment for COVID-19. In the NIPAs, funds provided to nonprofit hospitals are recorded as social benefits.
8. The Coronavirus Food Assistance Program, initially established by the CARES Act, provides direct support to farmers and ranchers where prices and market supply chains have been impacted by the COVID-19 pandemic.

Note: BEA state per capita personal income statistics are calculated using unpublished Census Bureau midyear population estimates. These midquarter estimates are based on the 2010 census. BEA will incorporate Census Bureau population estimates based on the 2020 census results when they become available. Data on this table will be superseded by updated estimates. Regional estimates were controlled to the update to the National accounts released [November 24, 2021](#).

Source: U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis

Last updated: February 3, 2022.

Note: Reposted Feb. 3, 2022, to correct state personal income statistics for the third quarter of 2021 back to the first quarter of 2016 due to a data processing error involving industry wage estimates. For more information, see the [technical note](#).

**Alabama**  
**Effects of Selected Federal Pandemic Response Programs on State Personal Income, 2021Q3**  
(Millions of dollars, seasonally adjusted at annual rates)

	Line	Levels						Change from preceding period				
		2020			2021			2020		2021		
		Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3
Personal income (millions of dollars)	1	239,992.0	228,757.7	225,741.7	260,165.8	237,569.3	239,070.3	-11,234.3	-3,016.0	34,424.1	-22,596.5	1,501.0
Nonfarm personal income	2	239,995.2	228,288.6	224,805.6	259,490.6	236,716.5	238,016.1	-11,706.6	-3,483.0	34,685.0	-22,774.0	1,299.5
Farm income	3	-3.2	469.1	936.1	675.2	852.7	1,054.2	472.3	467.0	-260.9	177.5	201.4
Population (persons)	4	4,920,954.0	4,924,127.0	4,928,670.0	4,930,141.0	4,932,200.0	4,936,526.0	3,173.0	4,543.0	1,471.0	2,059.0	4,326.0
Per capita personal income (dollars)	5	48,769	46,456	45,802	52,770	48,167	48,429	-2,313	-654	6,968	-4,603	262
Derivation of personal income												
Earnings by place of work	6	135,617.8	146,243.0	148,774.1	149,189.7	152,997.4	156,363.9	10,625.2	2,531.0	415.6	3,807.7	3,366.6
Less: Contributions for government social insurance	7	16,951.1	17,790.2	18,195.6	18,449.3	18,721.1	19,136.9	839.1	405.4	253.7	271.8	415.8
Employee and self-employed contributions for government social insurance	8	9,494.8	9,967.2	10,205.7	10,330.2	10,471.8	10,687.6	472.4	238.5	124.5	141.7	215.8
Employer contributions for government social insurance	9	7,456.3	7,823.0	7,989.9	8,119.2	8,249.2	8,449.2	366.7	167.0	129.2	130.1	200.0
Plus: Adjustment for residence	10	2,353.0	2,459.6	2,561.9	2,598.9	2,723.3	2,804.6	106.7	102.2	37.0	124.4	81.3
Equals: Net earnings by place of residence	11	121,019.7	130,912.5	133,140.3	133,339.3	136,999.5	140,031.7	9,892.7	2,227.9	198.9	3,660.3	3,032.1
Plus: Dividends, interest, and rent	12	38,728.7	38,198.9	38,578.0	38,562.6	38,828.9	39,099.6	-529.8	379.2	-15.4	266.3	270.8
Plus: Personal current transfer receipts	13	80,243.6	59,646.3	54,023.3	88,264.0	61,740.9	59,938.9	-20,597.2	-5,623.0	34,240.6	-26,523.1	-1,801.9
Social Security	14	19,144.0	19,221.8	19,354.0	19,631.9	19,685.0	19,805.0	77.8	132.2	277.9	53.2	120.0
Medicare	15	13,341.0	13,403.6	13,331.3	13,232.7	13,249.0	13,411.1	62.6	-72.3	-98.6	16.3	162.1
Of which:												
Increase in Medicare reimbursement rates <sup>1</sup>	16	156.4	234.1	232.4	230.6	229.0	232.3	77.8	-1.8	-1.8	-1.6	3.2
Medicaid	17	6,158.4	6,286.5	6,007.0	6,171.8	6,361.6	6,644.6	128.1	-279.5	164.8	189.8	283.0
State unemployment insurance	18	8,624.7	4,846.3	1,551.6	3,484.0	2,307.2	310.4	-3,778.5	-3,294.7	1,932.3	-1,176.8	-1,996.8
Of which: <sup>2</sup>												
Extended Unemployment Benefits	19	0.0	59.7	31.3	0.5	0.1	0.1	59.7	-28.3	-30.8	-0.4	0.0
Pandemic Emergency Unemployment Compensation	20	76.9	867.1	486.7	899.5	669.0	26.9	790.3	-380.5	412.8	-230.5	-642.1
Pandemic Unemployment Assistance	21	193.3	284.0	509.0	287.5	146.0	11.0	90.7	225.0	-221.5	-141.5	-135.1
Pandemic Unemployment Compensation Payments	22	6,766.7	2,430.0	65.8	1,982.7	1,250.6	79.8	-4,336.7	-2,364.2	1,917.0	-732.2	-1,170.8
All other personal current transfer receipts	23	32,975.4	15,888.2	13,779.5	45,743.7	20,138.1	19,767.9	-17,087.2	-2,108.7	31,964.2	-25,605.6	-370.2
Of which:												
Child tax credit <sup>3</sup>	24	538.2	538.2	538.2	618.8	618.8	3,937.5	0.0	0.0	80.6	0.0	3,318.7
Economic impact payments <sup>4</sup>	25	16,968.5	244.8	79.4	30,774.3	4,616.9	619.1	-16,723.6	-165.4	30,694.9	-26,157.4	-3,997.8
Lost wages supplemental payments <sup>5</sup>	26	0.0	1,091.2	64.4	11.3	6.3	2.6	1,091.2	-1,026.8	-53.1	-5.0	-3.8
Paycheck Protection Program loans to NPISH <sup>6</sup>	27	942.8	379.0	113.9	111.5	255.0	144.5	-563.8	-265.1	-2.4	143.5	-110.5
Provider Relief Fund to NPISH <sup>7</sup>	28	1,664.6	735.7	155.1	430.9	267.8	376.5	-928.9	-580.7	275.9	-163.1	108.7
Components of earnings by place of work												
Wages and salaries	29	99,698.0	105,406.3	108,617.1	108,820.4	111,115.6	114,159.1	5,708.4	3,210.8	203.2	2,295.2	3,043.5
Supplements to wages and salaries	30	23,805.6	24,965.9	25,457.7	25,601.9	25,730.3	26,083.7	1,160.3	491.8	144.2	128.4	353.4
Employer contributions for employee pension and insurance funds	31	16,349.3	17,142.9	17,467.8	17,482.8	17,481.1	17,634.5	793.6	324.9	15.0	-1.7	153.4
Employer contributions for government social insurance	32	7,456.3	7,823.0	7,989.9	8,119.2	8,249.2	8,449.2	366.7	167.0	129.2	130.1	200.0
Proprietors' income	33	12,114.3	15,870.8	14,699.2	14,767.4	16,151.4	16,121.1	3,756.5	-1,171.6	68.1	1,384.1	-30.3
Farm proprietors' income	34	-113.8	357.6	822.8	559.5	734.8	935.1	471.4	465.2	-263.3	175.3	200.3
Of which:												
Coronavirus Food Assistance Program <sup>8</sup>	35	186.3	139.3	324.8	0.3	80.8	48.9	-47.1	185.5	-324.4	80.5	-31.9
Paycheck Protection Program loans to businesses <sup>6</sup>	36	52.6	74.7	22.4	50.7	123.9	76.9	22.1	-52.2	28.3	73.2	-47.0
Nonfarm proprietors' income	37	12,228.1	15,513.2	13,876.4	14,207.9	15,416.6	15,186.0	3,285.1	-1,636.8	331.4	1,208.8	-230.6
Of which:												
Paycheck Protection Program loans to businesses <sup>6</sup>	38	1,986.4	3,569.6	903.6	1,041.2	2,410.0	1,494.9	1,583.3	-2,666.1	137.7	1,368.8	-915.1

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**Alaska**  
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Personal income (millions of dollars)	1	48,729.7	45,631.7	45,943.8	50,908.5	48,328.8	48,619.0	-3,098.1	312.2	4,964.6	-2,579.6	290.1
Nonfarm personal income	2	48,671.1	45,570.0	45,884.7	50,860.8	48,286.2	48,581.4	-3,101.1	314.7	4,976.1	-2,574.6	295.2
Farm income	3	58.6	61.6	59.1	47.7	42.7	37.6	3.0	-2.5	-11.4	-5.0	-5.1
Population (persons)	4	731,605.0	730,832.0	730,138.0	729,197.0	728,469.0	727,870.0	-773.0	-694.0	-941.0	-728.0	-599.0
Per capita personal income (dollars)	5	66,607	62,438	62,925	69,814	66,343	66,796	-4,169	487	6,889	-3,471	453
Derivation of personal income												
Earnings by place of work	6	31,022.6	31,712.2	32,963.9	32,024.0	32,976.5	33,712.4	689.6	1,251.8	-940.0	952.6	735.9
Less: Contributions for government social insurance	7	3,189.1	3,183.2	3,308.9	3,253.4	3,331.1	3,402.0	-5.8	125.6	-55.5	77.7	70.9
Employee and self-employed contributions for government social insurance	8	1,647.6	1,642.3	1,707.4	1,672.8	1,713.0	1,745.8	-5.3	65.1	-34.6	40.3	32.8
Employer contributions for government social insurance	9	1,541.4	1,540.9	1,601.5	1,580.6	1,618.1	1,656.2	-0.5	60.5	-20.8	37.4	38.2
Plus: Adjustment for residence	10	-186.6	-187.0	-196.8	-188.2	-193.2	-197.1	-0.3	-9.8	8.5	-5.0	-3.9
Equals: Net earnings by place of residence	11	27,646.9	28,342.0	29,458.3	28,582.3	29,452.3	30,113.3	695.1	1,116.3	-876.0	869.9	661.0
Plus: Dividends, interest, and rent	12	8,333.9	8,245.9	8,289.6	8,303.1	8,341.3	8,383.2	-88.0	43.7	13.5	38.2	41.9
Plus: Personal current transfer receipts	13	12,748.9	9,043.7	8,195.9	14,023.0	10,535.2	10,122.4	-3,705.2	-847.8	5,827.1	-3,487.7	-412.8
Social Security	14	1,731.1	1,744.0	1,763.1	1,800.8	1,808.0	1,824.2	12.9	19.1	37.6	7.2	16.3
Medicare	15	1,173.3	1,177.4	1,167.0	1,153.1	1,155.5	1,178.3	4.1	-10.5	-13.9	2.4	22.8
Of which:												
Increase in Medicare reimbursement rates <sup>1</sup>	16	13.7	20.6	20.4	20.3	20.1	20.4	6.8	-0.2	-0.2	-0.1	0.3
Medicaid	17	1,992.1	1,963.7	1,811.3	1,820.2	1,922.3	2,199.6	-28.4	-152.4	9.0	102.1	277.3
State unemployment insurance	18	1,966.3	1,136.7	366.3	872.9	826.0	241.0	-829.6	-770.4	506.5	-46.9	-585.0
Of which: <sup>2</sup>												
Extended Unemployment Benefits	19	0.3	5.2	20.1	13.9	0.5	6.8	4.9	14.9	-6.2	-13.4	6.3
Pandemic Emergency Unemployment Compensation	20	9.6	66.9	118.2	166.3	201.7	100.4	57.3	51.2	48.1	35.4	-101.2
Pandemic Unemployment Assistance	21	66.0	66.3	51.4	57.9	52.8	19.0	0.3	-14.8	6.5	-5.1	-33.9
Pandemic Unemployment Compensation Payments	22	1,379.9	615.1	6.2	496.2	445.8	8.7	-764.8	-608.9	490.0	-50.5	-437.1
All other personal current transfer receipts	23	5,886.2	3,021.9	3,088.2	8,376.0	4,823.5	4,679.3	-2,864.3	66.3	5,287.8	-3,552.6	-144.1
Of which:												
Child tax credit <sup>3</sup>	24	59.8	59.8	59.8	67.9	67.9	432.1	0.0	0.0	8.1	0.0	364.2
Economic impact payments <sup>4</sup>	25	2,438.4	35.2	11.4	4,326.9	649.1	87.0	-2,403.2	-23.8	4,315.4	-3,677.7	-562.1
Lost wages supplemental payments <sup>5</sup>	26	0.0	0.0	199.6	32.7	3.8	0.4	0.0	199.6	-166.9	-28.9	-3.5
Paycheck Protection Program loans to NPISH <sup>6</sup>	27	165.4	148.2	44.5	43.1	98.5	55.8	-17.2	-103.7	-1.5	55.4	-42.7
Provider Relief Fund to NPISH <sup>7</sup>	28	467.5	62.8	75.3	102.2	63.5	89.3	-404.7	12.4	27.0	-38.7	25.8
Components of earnings by place of work												
Wages and salaries	29	20,848.9	21,051.4	22,084.5	21,419.7	22,093.3	22,665.4	202.4	1,033.2	-664.8	673.6	572.0
Supplements to wages and salaries	30	7,095.1	7,168.9	7,471.8	7,267.2	7,379.8	7,441.4	73.8	302.8	-204.5	112.6	61.5
Employer contributions for employee pension and insurance funds	31	5,553.7	5,628.0	5,870.3	5,686.6	5,761.8	5,785.2	74.3	242.3	-183.7	75.2	23.4
Employer contributions for government social insurance	32	1,541.4	1,540.9	1,601.5	1,580.6	1,618.1	1,656.2	-0.5	60.5	-20.8	37.4	38.2
Proprietors' income	33	3,078.5	3,491.9	3,407.6	3,337.0	3,503.4	3,605.7	413.3	-84.2	-70.6	166.4	102.3
Farm proprietors' income	34	37.3	40.1	37.2	25.3	19.9	14.6	2.8	-2.9	-11.9	-5.5	-5.3
Of which:												
Coronavirus Food Assistance Program <sup>8</sup>	35	0.2	0.3	3.3	0.2	0.5	0.2	0.1	3.1	-3.1	0.3	-0.3
Paycheck Protection Program loans to businesses <sup>6</sup>	36	4.0	5.6	1.7	1.3	3.0	1.9	1.7	-3.9	-0.4	1.7	-1.1
Nonfarm proprietors' income	37	3,041.2	3,451.8	3,370.4	3,311.7	3,483.5	3,591.1	410.6	-81.3	-58.8	171.8	107.6
Of which:												
Paycheck Protection Program loans to businesses <sup>6</sup>	38	684.6	614.3	287.3	184.1	426.0	264.3	-70.3	-327.1	-103.2	242.0	-161.8

CARES -Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security

NPISH -Nonprofit institutions serving households

1. A two percent reduction in reimbursements paid to Medicare service providers that went into effect in 2013 was initially suspended by the CARES Act. The resulting increased reimbursement rates went into effect beginning on May 1, 2020.

2. Unemployment insurance benefits were expanded through several programs that were initially established through the CARES Act. For more information, see How will the expansion of unemployment benefits in response to the COVID-19 pandemic be recorded in the NIPAs?

3. The American Rescue Plan increased the Child Tax Credit to \$3,000 per child over the age of six and \$3,600 for children under the age of six, and raised the age limit from 16 to 17. It also authorized that up to half of these credits could be distributed through advance payments during the tax year, while the rest would be claimed when parents file tax returns the following year.

4. Economic impact payments, initially established by the CARES Act, provide direct payments to individuals. For more information, see How are federal economic impact payments to support individuals during the COVID-19 pandemic recorded in the NIPAs?

5. The Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) was authorized to make payments from the Disaster Relief Fund to supplement wages lost as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic.

6. The Paycheck Protection Program, initially established by the CARES Act, provides forgivable loans to help small businesses and nonprofit institutions make payroll and cover other expenses. It also provides funding to reimburse private lending institutions for the costs of administering these loans. For more information, see How does the Paycheck Protection Program impact the national income and product accounts (NIPAs)?

7. The Department of Health and Human Services distributes money from the Provider Relief Fund to hospitals and health care providers on the front lines of the coronavirus response. This funding supports health care-related expenses or lost revenue attributable to COVID-19 and ensures uninsured Americans can get treatment for COVID-19. In the NIPAs, funds provided to nonprofit hospitals are recorded as social benefits.

8. The Coronavirus Food Assistance Program, initially established by the CARES Act, provides direct support to farmers and ranchers where prices and market supply chains have been impacted by the COVID-19 pandemic.

Note: BEA state per capita personal income statistics are calculated using unpublished Census Bureau midyear population estimates. These midquarter estimates are based on the 2010 census. BEA will incorporate Census Bureau population estimates based on the 2020 census results when they become available. Data on this table will be superseded by updated estimates. Regional estimates were controlled to the update to the National accounts released [November 24, 2021](#).

Source: U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis

Last updated: February 3, 2022.

Note: Reposted Feb. 3, 2022, to correct state personal income statistics for the third quarter of 2021 back to the first quarter of 2016 due to a data processing error involving industry wage estimates. For more information, see the [technical note](#).

**Arizona**  
**Effects of Selected Federal Pandemic Response Programs on State Personal Income, 2021Q3**  
(Millions of dollars, seasonally adjusted at annual rates)

	Line	Levels						Change from preceding period				
		2020			2021			2020		2021		
		Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3
Personal income (millions of dollars)	1	386,818.9	375,055.6	366,327.6	412,559.1	385,100.4	388,859.8	-11,763.4	-8,728.0	46,231.6	-27,458.7	3,759.4
Nonfarm personal income	2	385,082.2	373,015.8	364,230.2	410,872.5	383,250.1	387,088.4	-12,066.4	-8,785.6	46,642.4	-27,622.5	3,838.3
Farm income	3	1,736.8	2,039.8	2,097.4	1,686.6	1,850.4	1,771.4	303.0	57.6	-410.8	163.8	-79.0
Population (persons)	4	7,407,412.0	7,439,087.0	7,473,388.0	7,503,701.0	7,534,248.0	7,568,199.0	31,675.0	34,301.0	30,313.0	30,547.0	33,951.0
Per capita personal income (dollars)	5	52,221	50,417	49,018	54,981	51,113	51,381	-1,804	-1,399	5,963	-3,868	268
Derivation of personal income												
Earnings by place of work	6	229,610.7	241,702.9	250,663.7	248,748.2	257,242.8	263,944.7	12,092.2	8,960.8	-1,915.6	8,494.6	6,701.9
Less: Contributions for government social insurance	7	27,472.7	28,339.4	29,571.1	29,768.2	30,630.3	31,448.7	866.6	1,231.7	197.1	862.1	818.4
Employee and self-employed contributions for government social insurance	8	15,287.5	15,765.9	16,479.3	16,575.5	17,017.5	17,445.2	478.4	713.4	96.2	442.0	427.7
Employer contributions for government social insurance	9	12,185.2	12,573.5	13,091.8	13,192.7	13,612.7	14,003.5	388.2	518.3	100.9	420.0	390.7
Plus: Adjustment for residence	10	1,430.1	1,528.3	1,576.4	1,620.3	1,691.6	1,730.6	98.2	48.1	43.8	71.3	39.1
Equals: Net earnings by place of residence	11	203,568.0	214,891.8	222,669.1	220,600.2	228,304.1	234,226.6	11,323.8	7,777.3	-2,068.9	7,703.8	5,922.6
Plus: Dividends, interest, and rent	12	64,337.0	63,607.1	64,589.5	64,632.4	65,203.6	65,828.3	-729.9	982.4	42.9	571.2	624.8
Plus: Personal current transfer receipts	13	118,913.9	96,556.6	79,068.9	127,326.5	91,592.8	88,804.8	-22,357.3	-17,487.7	48,257.6	-35,733.7	-2,788.0
Social Security	14	24,633.6	24,808.5	25,065.6	25,570.2	25,666.7	25,884.5	174.9	257.1	504.5	96.5	217.9
Medicare	15	17,094.6	17,205.6	17,099.0	16,927.5	16,956.7	17,238.5	111.0	-106.7	-171.5	29.2	281.8
Of which:												
Increase in Medicare reimbursement rates <sup>1</sup>	16	200.3	299.9	297.6	295.4	293.3	297.5	99.6	-2.2	-2.2	-2.1	4.2
Medicaid	17	14,578.9	16,010.8	16,367.9	17,210.1	18,424.1	19,902.9	1,431.9	357.1	842.2	1,214.0	1,478.8
State unemployment insurance	18	20,878.5	17,207.9	4,183.7	7,050.3	6,009.4	1,940.4	-3,670.6	-13,024.2	2,866.6	-1,040.9	-4,069.0
Of which: <sup>2</sup>												
Extended Unemployment Benefits	19	0.0	3.3	63.2	103.0	7.7	2.2	3.3	59.8	39.8	-95.3	-5.5
Pandemic Emergency Unemployment Compensation	20	9.0	143.3	616.1	941.2	957.0	585.2	134.3	472.8	325.1	15.8	-371.8
Pandemic Unemployment Assistance	21	2,391.4	3,808.2	2,467.1	1,106.2	972.0	339.6	1,416.7	-1,341.1	-1,360.9	-134.2	-632.3
Pandemic Unemployment Compensation Payments	22	15,897.0	11,390.1	129.8	4,180.5	3,425.4	495.3	-4,506.8	-11,260.4	4,050.7	-755.1	-2,930.1
All other personal current transfer receipts	23	41,728.3	21,323.8	16,352.7	60,568.4	24,535.9	23,838.5	-20,404.5	-4,971.0	44,215.7	-36,032.5	-697.4
Of which:												
Child tax credit <sup>3</sup>	24	755.2	755.2	755.2	863.9	863.9	5,497.4	0.0	0.0	108.8	0.0	4,633.5
Economic impact payments <sup>4</sup>	25	23,663.7	342.3	111.0	43,188.9	6,479.3	868.8	-23,321.4	-231.3	43,077.9	-36,709.6	-5,610.5
Lost wages supplemental payments <sup>5</sup>	26	0.0	3,440.5	148.9	36.4	1.7	0.1	3,440.5	-3,291.6	-112.5	-34.7	-1.6
Paycheck Protection Program loans to NPISH <sup>6</sup>	27	497.4	1,321.2	397.0	137.1	313.6	177.7	823.8	-924.2	-259.9	176.5	-135.8
Provider Relief Fund to NPISH <sup>7</sup>	28	2,053.2	756.9	252.5	516.5	321.0	451.4	-1,296.3	-504.3	264.0	-195.5	130.3
Components of earnings by place of work												
Wages and salaries	29	168,441.8	175,699.6	185,203.1	184,386.5	190,685.8	196,789.1	7,257.8	9,503.5	-816.6	6,299.3	6,103.4
Supplements to wages and salaries	30	36,677.4	37,919.2	39,403.6	39,135.9	39,832.8	40,508.9	1,241.8	1,484.4	-267.7	696.9	676.1
Employer contributions for employee pension and insurance funds	31	24,492.2	25,345.8	26,311.8	25,943.2	26,220.1	26,505.5	853.6	966.1	-368.6	276.9	285.4
Employer contributions for government social insurance	32	12,185.2	12,573.5	13,091.8	13,192.7	13,612.7	14,003.5	388.2	518.3	100.9	420.0	390.7
Proprietors' income	33	24,491.5	28,084.1	26,057.1	25,225.8	26,724.2	26,646.6	3,592.6	-2,027.0	-831.3	1,498.4	-77.6
Farm proprietors' income	34	1,249.5	1,551.0	1,601.7	1,180.2	1,333.8	1,249.3	301.4	50.7	-421.5	153.5	-84.4
Of which:												
Coronavirus Food Assistance Program <sup>8</sup>	35	68.6	138.0	238.3	6.9	33.5	19.7	69.4	100.3	-231.5	26.6	-13.8
Paycheck Protection Program loans to businesses <sup>6</sup>	36	104.5	148.5	44.6	13.6	32.2	20.0	44.0	-103.8	-31.0	18.6	-12.2
Nonfarm proprietors' income	37	23,241.9	26,533.1	24,455.4	24,045.5	25,390.4	25,397.3	3,291.2	-2,077.7	-409.9	1,344.9	6.8
Of which:												
Paycheck Protection Program loans to businesses <sup>6</sup>	38	4,550.4	5,629.1	1,651.6	1,376.3	3,185.4	1,975.9	1,078.8	-3,977.5	-275.3	1,809.2	-1,209.5

CARES -Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security

NPISH -Nonprofit institutions serving households

1. A two percent reduction in reimbursements paid to Medicare service providers that went into effect in 2013 was initially suspended by the CARES Act. The resulting increased reimbursement rates went into effect beginning on May 1, 2020.

2. Unemployment insurance benefits were expanded through several programs that were initially established through the CARES Act. For more information, see How will the expansion of unemployment benefits in response to the COVID-19 pandemic be recorded in the NIPAs?

3. The American Rescue Plan increased the Child Tax Credit to \$3,000 per child over the age of six and \$3,600 for children under the age of six, and raised the age limit from 16 to 17. It also authorized that up to half of these credits could be distributed through advance payments during the tax year, while the rest would be claimed when parents file tax returns the following year.

4. Economic impact payments, initially established by the CARES Act, provide direct payments to individuals. For more information, see How are federal economic impact payments to support individuals during the COVID-19 pandemic recorded in the NIPAs?

5. The Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) was authorized to make payments from the Disaster Relief Fund to supplement wages lost as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic.

6. The Paycheck Protection Program, initially established by the CARES Act, provides forgivable loans to help small businesses and nonprofit institutions make payroll and cover other expenses. It also provides funding to reimburse private lending institutions for the costs of administering these loans. For more information, see How does the Paycheck Protection Program impact the national income and product accounts (NIPAs)?

7. The Department of Health and Human Services distributes money from the Provider Relief Fund to hospitals and health care providers on the front lines of the coronavirus response. This funding supports health care-related expenses or lost revenue attributable to COVID-19 and ensures uninsured Americans can get treatment for COVID-19. In the NIPAs, funds provided to nonprofit hospitals are recorded as social benefits.

8. The Coronavirus Food Assistance Program, initially established by the CARES Act, provides direct support to farmers and ranchers where prices and market supply chains have been impacted by the COVID-19 pandemic.

Note: BEA state per capita personal income statistics are calculated using unpublished Census Bureau midyear population estimates. These midquarter estimates are based on the 2010 census. BEA will incorporate Census Bureau population estimates based on the 2020 census results when they become available. Data on this table will be superseded by updated estimates. Regional estimates were controlled to the update to the National accounts released [November 24, 2021](#).

Source: U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis

Last updated: February 3, 2022.

Note: Reposted Feb. 3, 2022, to correct state personal income statistics for the third quarter of 2021 back to the first quarter of 2016 due to a data processing error involving industry wage estimates. For more information, see the [technical note](#).

**Arkansas**  
**Effects of Selected Federal Pandemic Response Programs on State Personal Income, 2021Q3**  
(Millions of dollars, seasonally adjusted at annual rates)

	Line	Levels						Change from preceding period				
		2020			2021			2020		2021		
		Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3
Personal income (millions of dollars)	1	151,525.8	141,731.5	141,513.0	162,843.0	150,557.8	151,651.5	-9,794.3	-218.5	21,330.1	-12,285.2	1,093.7
Nonfarm personal income	2	151,816.0	141,382.0	140,219.3	161,670.0	148,491.9	149,465.1	-10,434.0	-1,162.8	21,450.7	-13,178.1	973.2
Farm income	3	-290.3	349.5	1,293.7	1,173.1	2,065.9	2,186.4	639.7	944.3	-120.7	892.8	120.6
Population (persons)	4	3,029,995.0	3,032,333.0	3,035,564.0	3,036,787.0	3,038,401.0	3,041,450.0	2,338.0	3,231.0	1,223.0	1,614.0	3,049.0
Per capita personal income (dollars)	5	50,009	46,740	46,618	53,623	49,552	49,862	-3,269	-122	7,005	-4,071	310
Derivation of personal income												
Earnings by place of work	6	79,233.7	82,719.0	86,096.5	86,956.4	90,335.3	92,264.0	3,485.3	3,377.4	860.0	3,378.9	1,928.7
Less: Contributions for government social insurance	7	10,447.9	10,752.8	11,001.4	11,285.1	11,527.9	11,765.8	304.8	248.6	283.7	242.8	237.9
Employee and self-employed contributions for government social insurance	8	5,874.6	6,043.9	6,191.7	6,347.4	6,480.1	6,604.5	169.3	147.7	155.7	132.8	124.3
Employer contributions for government social insurance	9	4,573.3	4,708.8	4,809.7	4,937.7	5,047.8	5,161.4	135.5	100.9	128.0	110.1	113.6
Plus: Adjustment for residence	10	-371.0	-373.6	-370.9	-380.5	-394.1	-395.9	-2.6	2.7	-9.6	-13.6	-1.8
Equals: Net earnings by place of residence	11	68,414.8	71,592.7	74,724.2	75,290.9	78,413.3	80,102.3	3,177.9	3,131.5	566.7	3,122.5	1,689.0
Plus: Dividends, interest, and rent	12	32,687.6	32,178.7	32,711.1	32,739.9	33,055.8	33,259.7	-508.9	532.4	28.8	315.8	203.9
Plus: Personal current transfer receipts	13	50,423.4	37,960.1	34,077.7	54,812.3	39,088.7	38,289.5	-12,463.3	-3,882.5	20,734.6	-15,723.5	-799.2
Social Security	14	11,224.5	11,267.9	11,341.1	11,494.5	11,523.8	11,590.1	43.3	73.2	153.4	29.3	66.2
Medicare	15	7,538.3	7,573.5	7,534.1	7,480.8	7,489.5	7,577.2	35.2	-39.4	-53.3	8.8	87.7
Of which:												
Increase in Medicare reimbursement rates <sup>1</sup>	16	88.4	132.3	131.3	130.3	129.4	131.2	44.0	-1.0	-1.0	-0.9	1.8
Medicaid	17	6,628.8	6,829.4	6,643.0	6,725.3	7,032.9	7,911.6	200.6	-186.4	82.3	307.6	878.7
State unemployment insurance	18	5,119.0	4,027.4	891.4	1,688.0	1,820.6	172.1	-1,091.6	-3,136.0	796.7	132.6	-1,648.6
Of which: <sup>2</sup>												
Extended Unemployment Benefits	19	0.0	12.3	17.7	(L)	0.1	(L)	12.3	5.4	(L)	(L)	(L)
Pandemic Emergency Unemployment Compensation	20	40.2	176.0	137.5	214.8	244.0	5.6	135.8	-38.5	77.4	29.2	-238.3
Pandemic Unemployment Assistance	21	244.1	616.5	386.1	309.9	350.3	6.7	372.4	-230.5	-76.2	40.4	-343.6
Pandemic Unemployment Compensation Payments	22	4,053.9	2,628.8	74.2	975.4	1,060.2	22.2	-1,425.1	-2,554.6	901.2	84.8	-1,038.0
All other personal current transfer receipts	23	19,912.8	8,262.0	7,668.2	27,423.8	11,221.9	11,038.6	-11,650.8	-593.8	19,755.5	-16,201.9	-183.3
Of which:												
Child tax credit <sup>3</sup>	24	347.4	347.4	347.4	403.6	403.6	2,568.5	0.0	0.0	56.2	0.0	2,164.9
Economic impact payments <sup>4</sup>	25	10,597.0	153.0	49.6	19,355.3	2,903.7	389.4	-10,444.1	-103.3	19,305.7	-16,451.6	-2,514.4
Lost wages supplemental payments <sup>5</sup>	26	0.0	281.8	200.2	2.3	0.3	0.0	281.8	-81.6	-197.9	-1.9	-0.3
Paycheck Protection Program loans to NPISH <sup>6</sup>	27	559.2	518.0	155.7	71.8	164.3	93.1	-41.2	-362.3	-83.8	92.5	-71.2
Provider Relief Fund to NPISH <sup>7</sup>	28	1,629.0	191.6	147.6	332.5	206.6	290.5	-1,437.3	-44.0	184.8	-125.8	83.9
Components of earnings by place of work												
Wages and salaries	29	59,903.8	61,949.0	63,802.3	64,735.4	66,568.3	68,297.4	2,045.3	1,853.3	933.0	1,832.9	1,729.1
Supplements to wages and salaries	30	13,158.2	13,550.3	13,785.9	13,970.5	14,137.0	14,313.4	392.1	235.6	184.6	166.4	176.5
Employer contributions for employee pension and insurance funds	31	8,584.9	8,841.5	8,976.2	9,032.8	9,089.2	9,152.0	256.6	134.7	56.7	56.4	62.8
Employer contributions for government social insurance	32	4,573.3	4,708.8	4,809.7	4,937.7	5,047.8	5,161.4	135.5	100.9	128.0	110.1	113.6
Proprietors' income	33	6,171.7	7,219.7	8,508.3	8,250.6	9,630.1	9,653.2	1,048.0	1,288.5	-257.7	1,379.5	23.2
Farm proprietors' income	34	-547.3	90.9	1,031.2	904.9	1,792.4	1,910.2	638.2	940.3	-126.3	887.5	117.8
Of which:												
Coronavirus Food Assistance Program <sup>8</sup>	35	256.5	228.1	633.5	1.2	290.5	186.1	-28.4	405.4	-632.3	289.3	-104.4
Paycheck Protection Program loans to businesses <sup>6</sup>	36	63.1	89.7	26.9	84.0	200.0	124.1	26.5	-62.7	57.0	116.1	-76.0
Nonfarm proprietors' income	37	6,719.0	7,128.8	7,477.1	7,345.7	7,837.6	7,743.0	409.8	348.3	-131.4	492.0	-94.6
Of which:												
Paycheck Protection Program loans to businesses <sup>6</sup>	38	1,152.1	847.4	607.4	485.2	1,123.0	696.6	-304.6	-240.0	-122.2	637.8	-426.4

CARES -Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security

NPISH -Nonprofit institutions serving households

(L) Less than \$50,000.

- A two percent reduction in reimbursements paid to Medicare service providers that went into effect in 2013 was initially suspended by the CARES Act. The resulting increased reimbursement rates went into effect beginning on May 1, 2020.
- Unemployment insurance benefits were expanded through several programs that were initially established through the CARES Act. For more information, see How will the expansion of unemployment benefits in response to the COVID-19 pandemic be recorded in the NIPAs?
- The American Rescue Plan increased the Child Tax Credit to \$3,000 per child over the age of six and \$3,600 for children under the age of six, and raised the age limit from 16 to 17. It also authorized that up to half of these credits could be distributed through advance payments during the tax year, while the rest would be claimed when parents file tax returns the following year.
- Economic impact payments, initially established by the CARES Act, provide direct payments to individuals. For more information, see How are federal economic impact payments to support individuals during the COVID-19 pandemic recorded in the NIPAs?
- The Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) was authorized to make payments from the Disaster Relief Fund to supplement wages lost as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic.
- The Paycheck Protection Program, initially established by the CARES Act, provides forgivable loans to help small businesses and nonprofit institutions make payroll and cover other expenses. It also provides funding to reimburse private lending institutions for the costs of administering these loans. For more information, see How does the Paycheck Protection Program impact the national income and product accounts (NIPAs)?
- The Department of Health and Human Services distributes money from the Provider Relief Fund to hospitals and health care providers on the front lines of the coronavirus response. This funding supports health care-related expenses or lost revenue attributable to COVID-19 and ensures uninsured Americans can get treatment for COVID-19. In the NIPAs, funds provided to nonprofit hospitals are recorded as social benefits.
- The Coronavirus Food Assistance Program, initially established by the CARES Act, provides direct support to farmers and ranchers where prices and market supply chains have been impacted by the COVID-19 pandemic.

Note: BEA state per capita personal income statistics are calculated using unpublished Census Bureau midyear population estimates. These midquarter estimates are based on the 2010 census. BEA will incorporate Census Bureau population estimates based on the 2020 census results when they become available. Data on this table will be superseded by updated estimates. Regional estimates were controlled to the update to the National accounts released [November 24, 2021](#).

Source: U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis

Last updated: February 3, 2022.

Note: Reposted Feb. 3, 2022, to correct state personal income statistics for the third quarter of 2021 back to the first quarter of 2016 due to a data processing error involving industry wage estimates. For more information, see the [technical note](#).

**California**  
**Effects of Selected Federal Pandemic Response Programs on State Personal Income, 2021Q3**  
(Millions of dollars, seasonally adjusted at annual rates)

	Line	Levels						Change from preceding period				
		2020			2021			2020		2021		
		Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3
Personal income (millions of dollars)	1	2,794,362.3	2,848,748.9	2,787,817.3	3,069,232.0	2,947,026.1	2,968,373.7	54,386.6	-60,931.6	281,414.8	-122,206.0	21,347.7
Nonfarm personal income	2	2,775,275.4	2,827,036.0	2,764,128.1	3,050,509.0	2,926,436.4	2,948,766.0	51,760.6	-62,908.0	286,380.9	-124,072.6	22,329.6
Farm income	3	19,086.8	21,712.9	23,689.2	18,723.1	20,589.7	19,607.7	2,626.0	1,976.4	-4,966.2	1,866.6	-982.0
Population (persons)	4	39,392,248.0	39,363,261.0	39,349,300.0	39,320,927.0	39,289,961.0	39,270,204.0	-28,987.0	-13,961.0	-28,373.0	-30,966.0	-19,757.0
Per capita personal income (dollars)	5	70,937	72,371	70,848	78,056	75,007	75,588	1,434	-1,523	7,208	-3,049	581
Derivation of personal income												
Earnings by place of work	6	1,792,040.1	1,923,496.6	2,003,253.5	2,034,791.9	2,101,228.7	2,147,977.9	131,456.6	79,756.9	31,538.4	66,436.8	46,749.2
Less: Contributions for government social insurance	7	189,224.4	196,740.8	205,861.6	211,592.4	217,797.4	222,726.7	7,516.4	9,120.8	5,730.8	6,205.0	4,929.3
Employee and self-employed contributions for government social insurance	8	104,865.6	108,717.7	113,753.7	116,865.7	120,115.6	122,622.1	3,852.1	5,036.0	3,112.0	3,249.9	2,506.5
Employer contributions for government social insurance	9	84,358.8	88,023.1	92,107.9	94,726.7	97,681.8	100,104.7	3,664.3	4,084.8	2,618.8	2,955.1	2,422.8
Plus: Adjustment for residence	10	-2,079.2	-2,207.0	-2,420.0	-2,512.6	-2,586.4	-2,653.1	-127.8	-213.0	-92.6	-73.8	-66.8
Equals: Net earnings by place of residence	11	1,600,736.4	1,724,548.8	1,794,971.9	1,820,686.9	1,880,844.9	1,922,598.0	123,812.4	70,423.1	25,715.0	60,158.0	41,753.1
Plus: Dividends, interest, and rent	12	497,872.0	490,318.1	498,318.4	498,099.6	502,923.2	507,380.3	-7,553.9	8,000.3	-218.8	4,823.6	4,457.2
Plus: Personal current transfer receipts	13	695,753.9	633,882.0	494,527.0	750,445.6	563,258.0	538,395.3	-61,871.9	-139,354.9	255,918.5	-187,187.6	-24,862.7
Social Security	14	101,959.5	102,469.4	103,288.5	104,966.8	105,287.9	106,012.7	509.9	819.1	1,678.4	321.1	724.7
Medicare	15	91,992.9	92,470.8	91,936.3	91,165.9	91,295.0	92,561.5	477.9	-534.5	-770.4	129.1	1,266.5
Of which:												
Increase in Medicare reimbursement rates <sup>1</sup>	16	1,078.1	1,614.2	1,602.1	1,590.0	1,578.8	1,601.2	536.1	-12.1	-12.1	-11.2	22.4
Medicaid	17	99,766.6	109,884.9	110,311.2	114,800.3	121,358.0	128,150.4	10,118.2	426.3	4,489.1	6,557.8	6,792.4
State unemployment insurance	18	165,568.7	193,874.8	66,340.9	109,303.0	93,461.0	64,687.8	28,306.2	-127,534.0	42,962.1	-15,842.0	-28,773.2
Of which: <sup>2</sup>												
Extended Unemployment Benefits	19	30.0	733.6	2,638.9	6,549.7	2,205.5	451.1	703.5	1,905.3	3,910.8	-4,344.2	-1,754.4
Pandemic Emergency Unemployment Compensation	20	1,239.2	4,328.3	19,127.1	17,051.1	15,726.7	11,718.9	3,089.0	14,798.8	-2,076.0	-1,324.4	-4,007.8
Pandemic Unemployment Assistance	21	9,633.9	46,498.9	24,073.0	17,692.2	18,838.8	14,597.1	36,865.0	-22,425.9	-6,380.8	1,146.6	-4,241.7
Pandemic Unemployment Compensation Payments	22	107,875.2	104,209.1	3,655.0	55,554.7	46,518.7	29,299.0	-3,666.1	-100,554.1	51,899.7	-9,036.0	-17,219.7
All other personal current transfer receipts	23	236,466.2	135,182.0	122,650.2	330,209.5	151,856.0	146,982.9	-101,284.1	-12,531.9	207,559.3	-178,353.5	-4,873.1
Of which:												
Child tax credit <sup>3</sup>	24	3,462.7	3,462.7	3,462.7	3,856.8	3,856.8	24,542.3	0.0	0.0	394.1	0.0	20,685.5
Economic impact payments <sup>4</sup>	25	118,352.2	1,713.6	555.8	215,878.3	32,386.8	4,342.8	-116,638.6	-1,157.8	215,322.5	-183,491.5	-28,044.0
Lost wages supplemental payments <sup>5</sup>	26	0.0	17,077.5	12,647.2	135.2	30.1	9.5	17,077.5	-4,430.3	-12,511.9	-105.1	-20.6
Paycheck Protection Program loans to NPISH <sup>6</sup>	27	5,419.4	11,353.9	3,411.8	1,148.1	2,625.8	1,488.3	5,934.4	-7,942.0	-2,263.7	1,477.7	-1,137.5
Provider Relief Fund to NPISH <sup>7</sup>	28	11,680.0	4,639.4	5,935.6	3,748.4	2,329.6	3,275.5	-7,040.6	1,296.2	-2,187.2	-1,418.8	945.9
Components of earnings by place of work												
Wages and salaries	29	1,295,533.5	1,364,659.1	1,443,341.1	1,467,655.4	1,519,525.1	1,561,694.5	69,125.5	78,682.0	24,314.4	51,869.7	42,169.4
Supplements to wages and salaries	30	283,470.4	295,943.8	305,734.5	312,105.0	316,730.4	321,432.5	12,473.4	9,790.6	6,370.5	4,625.4	4,702.1
Employer contributions for employee pension and insurance funds	31	199,111.6	207,920.7	213,626.5	217,378.3	219,048.6	221,327.9	8,809.1	5,705.8	3,751.8	1,670.3	2,279.3
Employer contributions for government social insurance	32	84,358.8	88,023.1	92,107.9	94,726.7	97,681.8	100,104.7	3,664.3	4,084.8	2,618.8	2,955.1	2,422.8
Proprietors' income	33	213,036.1	262,893.7	254,178.0	255,031.4	264,973.2	264,850.9	49,857.6	-8,715.8	853.4	9,941.8	-122.3
Farm proprietors' income	34	11,810.5	14,370.1	16,221.6	11,094.7	12,812.8	11,754.1	2,559.6	1,851.5	-5,126.8	1,718.1	-1,058.8
Of which:												
Coronavirus Food Assistance Program <sup>8</sup>	35	807.6	1,460.3	3,871.1	456.5	625.2	151.8	652.7	2,410.9	-3,414.6	168.7	-473.4
Paycheck Protection Program loans to businesses <sup>6</sup>	36	1,190.5	1,691.1	508.2	252.4	588.8	365.2	500.6	-1,182.9	-255.8	336.4	-223.6
Nonfarm proprietors' income	37	201,225.6	248,523.7	237,956.4	243,936.7	252,160.4	253,096.8	47,298.1	-10,567.3	5,980.3	8,223.7	936.4
Of which:												
Paycheck Protection Program loans to businesses <sup>6</sup>	38	17,557.9	36,411.3	6,939.5	7,863.8	18,201.2	11,290.2	18,853.3	-29,471.7	924.3	10,337.4	-6,911.1

CARES -Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security

NPISH -Nonprofit institutions serving households

1. A two percent reduction in reimbursements paid to Medicare service providers that went into effect in 2013 was initially suspended by the CARES Act. The resulting increased reimbursement rates went into effect beginning on May 1, 2020.

2. Unemployment insurance benefits were expanded through several programs that were initially established through the CARES Act. For more information, see How will the expansion of unemployment benefits in response to the COVID-19 pandemic be recorded in the NIPAs?

3. The American Rescue Plan increased the Child Tax Credit to \$3,000 per child over the age of six and \$3,600 for children under the age of six, and raised the age limit from 16 to 17. It also authorized that up to half of these credits could be distributed through advance payments during the tax year, while the rest would be claimed when parents file tax returns the following year.

4. Economic impact payments, initially established by the CARES Act, provide direct payments to individuals. For more information, see How are federal economic impact payments to support individuals during the COVID-19 pandemic recorded in the NIPAs?

5. The Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) was authorized to make payments from the Disaster Relief Fund to supplement wages lost as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic.

6. The Paycheck Protection Program, initially established by the CARES Act, provides forgivable loans to help small businesses and nonprofit institutions make payroll and cover other expenses. It also provides funding to reimburse private lending institutions for the costs of administering these loans. For more information, see How does the Paycheck Protection Program impact the national income and product accounts (NIPAs)?

7. The Department of Health and Human Services distributes money from the Provider Relief Fund to hospitals and health care providers on the front lines of the coronavirus response. This funding supports health care-related expenses or lost revenue attributable to COVID-19 and ensures uninsured Americans can get treatment for COVID-19. In the NIPAs, funds provided to nonprofit hospitals are recorded as social benefits.

8. The Coronavirus Food Assistance Program, initially established by the CARES Act, provides direct support to farmers and ranchers where prices and market supply chains have been impacted by the COVID-19 pandemic.

Note: BEA state per capita personal income statistics are calculated using unpublished Census Bureau midyear population estimates. These midquarter estimates are based on the 2010 census. BEA will incorporate Census Bureau population estimates based on the 2020 census results when they become available. Data on this table will be superseded by updated estimates. Regional estimates were controlled to the update to the National accounts released [November 24, 2021](#).

Source: U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis

Last updated: February 3, 2022.

Note: Reposted Feb. 3, 2022, to correct state personal income statistics for the third quarter of 2021 back to the first quarter of 2016 due to a data processing error involving industry wage estimates. For more information, see the [technical note](#).

**Colorado**  
**Effects of Selected Federal Pandemic Response Programs on State Personal Income, 2021Q3**  
(Millions of dollars, seasonally adjusted at annual rates)

	Line	Levels						Change from preceding period				
		2020			2021			2020		2021		
		Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3
Personal income (millions of dollars)	1	382,610.2	368,037.4	370,645.1	409,603.8	393,676.2	399,309.5	-14,572.8	2,607.7	38,958.7	-15,927.7	5,633.3
Nonfarm personal income	2	381,278.5	366,054.8	368,197.3	407,965.4	391,483.6	397,405.5	-15,223.7	2,142.5	39,768.1	-16,481.8	5,921.8
Farm income	3	1,331.7	1,982.5	2,447.8	1,638.4	2,192.5	1,904.1	650.9	465.3	-809.4	554.1	-288.5
Population (persons)	4	5,802,805.0	5,814,775.0	5,828,171.0	5,838,464.0	5,849,598.0	5,863,017.0	11,970.0	13,396.0	10,293.0	11,134.0	13,419.0
Per capita personal income (dollars)	5	65,935	63,293	63,595	70,156	67,300	68,106	-2,642	302	6,561	-2,856	806
Derivation of personal income												
Earnings by place of work	6	248,661.6	259,859.3	268,756.9	272,682.5	283,390.9	290,686.4	11,197.7	8,897.6	3,925.6	10,708.4	7,295.5
Less: Contributions for government social insurance	7	27,060.8	27,840.5	28,537.9	29,331.3	30,241.6	30,929.0	779.7	697.4	793.4	910.3	687.5
Employee and self-employed contributions for government social insurance	8	14,482.6	14,876.6	15,261.0	15,672.7	16,117.3	16,456.3	394.0	384.4	411.8	444.6	339.0
Employer contributions for government social insurance	9	12,578.2	12,963.9	13,276.9	13,658.5	14,124.2	14,472.7	385.7	313.0	381.6	465.7	348.5
Plus: Adjustment for residence	10	1,316.4	1,365.0	1,424.9	1,434.6	1,464.9	1,501.1	48.7	59.9	9.7	30.3	36.2
Equals: Net earnings by place of residence	11	222,917.2	233,383.8	241,643.9	244,785.8	254,614.2	261,258.4	10,466.7	8,260.1	3,141.9	9,828.4	6,644.2
Plus: Dividends, interest, and rent	12	75,005.5	73,773.4	74,895.3	74,798.9	75,514.7	76,259.9	-1,232.1	1,121.9	-96.4	715.8	745.1
Plus: Personal current transfer receipts	13	84,687.5	60,880.2	54,105.9	90,019.1	63,547.2	61,791.2	-23,807.3	-6,774.3	35,913.3	-26,471.9	-1,756.0
Social Security	14	15,704.3	15,807.1	15,963.2	16,274.4	16,333.9	16,468.3	102.8	156.0	311.2	59.5	134.4
Medicare	15	10,872.9	10,932.3	10,860.3	10,753.3	10,771.5	10,947.3	59.4	-72.1	-107.0	18.2	175.8
Of which:												
Increase in Medicare reimbursement rates <sup>1</sup>	16	127.4	190.7	189.3	187.8	186.5	189.2	63.3	-1.4	-1.4	-1.3	2.6
Medicaid	17	9,430.3	9,987.4	9,644.3	9,816.3	10,567.2	11,912.2	557.1	-343.1	172.0	750.9	1,345.0
State unemployment insurance	18	15,588.5	8,865.1	5,116.2	7,690.2	6,848.7	4,784.7	-6,723.3	-3,748.9	2,574.0	-841.5	-2,064.0
Of which: <sup>2</sup>												
Extended Unemployment Benefits	19	0.0	1.9	114.3	8.8	30.7	11.6	1.9	112.4	-105.5	21.9	-19.1
Pandemic Emergency Unemployment Compensation	20	0.0	304.9	1,219.9	1,692.5	1,922.8	1,372.9	304.9	915.0	472.6	230.3	-549.9
Pandemic Unemployment Assistance	21	3,767.4	2,551.2	2,042.2	1,144.5	773.8	558.1	-1,216.2	-509.0	-897.7	-370.7	-215.6
Pandemic Unemployment Compensation Payments	22	7,106.5	3,024.9	83.7	3,608.0	3,038.0	1,955.6	-4,081.6	-2,941.1	3,524.3	-570.1	-1,082.3
All other personal current transfer receipts	23	33,091.5	15,288.2	12,521.9	45,484.9	19,025.9	17,678.7	-17,803.3	-2,766.3	32,963.0	-26,459.0	-1,347.2
Of which:												
Child tax credit <sup>3</sup>	24	420.5	420.5	420.5	472.4	472.4	3,006.2	0.0	0.0	52.0	0.0	2,533.8
Economic impact payments <sup>4</sup>	25	18,398.3	265.8	86.2	32,059.7	4,809.7	644.9	-18,132.5	-179.6	31,973.5	-27,250.0	-4,164.8
Lost wages supplemental payments <sup>5</sup>	26	0.0	1,352.3	204.7	0.2	0.0	0.0	1,352.3	-1,147.6	-204.4	-0.2	0.0
Paycheck Protection Program loans to NPISH <sup>6</sup>	27	1,250.3	1,217.3	365.8	228.3	522.1	295.9	-32.9	-851.5	-137.5	293.8	-226.2
Provider Relief Fund to NPISH <sup>7</sup>	28	1,741.0	947.0	450.9	528.8	328.7	462.1	-793.9	-496.2	78.0	-200.2	133.4
Components of earnings by place of work												
Wages and salaries	29	178,970.5	186,209.0	192,786.8	195,962.6	202,993.7	208,656.2	7,238.5	6,577.8	3,175.8	7,031.1	5,662.6
Supplements to wages and salaries	30	35,930.2	37,004.0	37,893.9	38,542.6	39,239.7	39,817.7	1,073.8	889.9	648.7	697.2	578.0
Employer contributions for employee pension and insurance funds	31	23,352.0	24,040.1	24,617.0	24,884.0	25,115.5	25,345.0	688.1	576.9	267.0	231.4	229.5
Employer contributions for government social insurance	32	12,578.2	12,963.9	13,276.9	13,658.5	14,124.2	14,472.7	385.7	313.0	381.6	465.7	348.5
Proprietors' income	33	33,760.9	36,646.2	38,076.2	38,177.3	41,157.5	42,212.4	2,885.4	1,430.0	101.1	2,980.2	1,054.9
Farm proprietors' income	34	810.6	1,460.5	1,918.6	1,097.8	1,640.9	1,346.5	649.8	458.2	-820.8	543.1	-294.4
Of which:												
Coronavirus Food Assistance Program <sup>8</sup>	35	214.6	389.7	715.6	40.6	240.8	141.3	175.1	325.9	-675.0	200.1	-99.5
Paycheck Protection Program loans to businesses <sup>6</sup>	36	95.5	135.6	40.8	70.4	159.4	98.8	40.1	-94.9	29.6	89.0	-60.5
Nonfarm proprietors' income	37	32,950.2	35,185.8	36,157.6	37,079.5	39,516.6	40,865.9	2,235.5	971.8	921.9	2,437.1	1,349.3
Of which:												
Paycheck Protection Program loans to businesses <sup>6</sup>	38	5,059.3	3,861.3	1,974.5	1,360.2	3,148.3	1,952.9	-1,198.0	-1,886.8	-614.3	1,788.1	-1,195.4

CARES -Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security

NPISH -Nonprofit institutions serving households

1. A two percent reduction in reimbursements paid to Medicare service providers that went into effect in 2013 was initially suspended by the CARES Act. The resulting increased reimbursement rates went into effect beginning on May 1, 2020.
2. Unemployment insurance benefits were expanded through several programs that were initially established through the CARES Act. For more information, see How will the expansion of unemployment benefits in response to the COVID-19 pandemic be recorded in the NIPAs?
3. The American Rescue Plan increased the Child Tax Credit to \$3,000 per child over the age of six and \$3,600 for children under the age of six, and raised the age limit from 16 to 17. It also authorized that up to half of these credits could be distributed through advance payments during the tax year, while the rest would be claimed when parents file tax returns the following year.
4. Economic impact payments, initially established by the CARES Act, provide direct payments to individuals. For more information, see How are federal economic impact payments to support individuals during the COVID-19 pandemic recorded in the NIPAs?
5. The Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) was authorized to make payments from the Disaster Relief Fund to supplement wages lost as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic.
6. The Paycheck Protection Program, initially established by the CARES Act, provides forgivable loans to help small businesses and nonprofit institutions make payroll and cover other expenses. It also provides funding to reimburse private lending institutions for the costs of administering these loans. For more information, see How does the Paycheck Protection Program impact the national income and product accounts (NIPAs)?
7. The Department of Health and Human Services distributes money from the Provider Relief Fund to hospitals and health care providers on the front lines of the coronavirus response. This funding supports health care-related expenses or lost revenue attributable to COVID-19 and ensures uninsured Americans can get treatment for COVID-19. In the NIPAs, funds provided to nonprofit hospitals are recorded as social benefits.
8. The Coronavirus Food Assistance Program, initially established by the CARES Act, provides direct support to farmers and ranchers where prices and market supply chains have been impacted by the COVID-19 pandemic.

Note: BEA state per capita personal income statistics are calculated using unpublished Census Bureau midyear population estimates. These midquarter estimates are based on the 2010 census. BEA will incorporate Census Bureau population estimates based on the 2020 census results when they become available. Data on this table will be superseded by updated estimates. Regional estimates were controlled to the update to the National accounts released [November 24, 2021](#).

Source: U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis

Last updated: February 3, 2022.

Note: Reposted Feb. 3, 2022, to correct state personal income statistics for the third quarter of 2021 back to the first quarter of 2016 due to a data processing error involving industry wage estimates. For more information, see the [technical note](#).

**Connecticut**  
**Effects of Selected Federal Pandemic Response Programs on State Personal Income, 2021Q3**  
(Millions of dollars, seasonally adjusted at annual rates)

	Line	Levels						Change from preceding period				
		2020			2021			2020		2021		
		Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3
Personal income (millions of dollars)	1	284,947.4	280,433.5	279,843.3	302,079.5	291,690.4	293,153.3	-4,513.9	-590.2	22,236.1	-10,389.1	1,462.9
Nonfarm personal income	2	284,748.1	280,211.4	279,585.3	301,905.7	291,499.5	292,973.3	-4,536.7	-626.2	22,320.5	-10,406.2	1,473.8
Farm income	3	199.3	222.1	258.1	173.8	190.9	180.0	22.8	36.0	-84.3	17.2	-11.0
Population (persons)	4	3,559,122.0	3,555,590.0	3,552,301.0	3,548,297.0	3,544,930.0	3,542,240.0	-3,532.0	-3,289.0	-4,004.0	-3,367.0	-2,690.0
Per capita personal income (dollars)	5	80,061	78,871	78,778	85,134	82,284	82,759	-1,190	-93	6,356	-2,850	475
Derivation of personal income												
Earnings by place of work	6	165,286.5	174,671.3	180,260.7	179,276.2	184,881.0	188,868.9	9,384.8	5,589.4	-984.5	5,604.8	3,987.9
Less: Contributions for government social insurance	7	17,645.1	18,153.0	18,616.3	18,734.6	19,303.8	19,685.6	507.9	463.3	118.3	569.2	381.8
Employee and self-employed contributions for government social insurance	8	9,585.3	9,833.7	10,100.6	10,127.1	10,420.6	10,603.3	248.5	266.8	26.6	293.4	182.7
Employer contributions for government social insurance	9	8,059.9	8,319.3	8,515.8	8,607.5	8,883.3	9,082.4	259.5	196.5	91.7	275.8	199.1
Plus: Adjustment for residence	10	17,500.0	18,339.7	18,924.1	19,469.3	19,668.8	20,062.3	839.8	584.4	545.2	199.6	393.5
Equals: Net earnings by place of residence	11	165,141.3	174,858.0	180,568.5	180,010.9	185,246.0	189,245.6	9,716.7	5,710.5	-557.7	5,235.1	3,999.6
Plus: Dividends, interest, and rent	12	56,757.8	56,090.4	56,683.9	56,981.5	57,375.9	57,603.3	-667.4	593.5	297.6	394.3	227.4
Plus: Personal current transfer receipts	13	63,048.3	49,485.2	42,590.9	65,087.1	49,068.6	46,304.5	-13,563.1	-6,894.2	22,496.2	-16,018.5	-2,764.1
Social Security	14	12,958.1	13,016.4	13,108.3	13,295.1	13,330.8	13,411.4	58.3	91.9	186.7	35.7	80.6
Medicare	15	9,968.7	10,013.3	9,958.3	9,884.7	9,896.8	10,017.9	44.7	-55.1	-73.6	12.2	121.1
Of which:												
Increase in Medicare reimbursement rates <sup>1</sup>	16	116.8	174.9	173.6	172.3	171.1	173.5	58.1	-1.3	-1.3	-1.2	2.4
Medicaid	17	8,298.9	8,793.2	8,717.3	9,051.8	9,676.4	10,443.1	494.3	-75.9	334.5	624.5	766.7
State unemployment insurance	18	12,154.4	7,458.5	3,189.9	6,512.9	5,706.6	2,886.6	-4,695.9	-4,268.5	3,322.9	-806.3	-2,820.0
Of which: <sup>2</sup>												
Extended Unemployment Benefits	19	0.0	78.9	209.1	258.8	9.7	1.1	78.9	130.2	49.7	-249.1	-8.6
Pandemic Emergency Unemployment Compensation	20	135.0	260.8	983.8	1,261.4	1,440.6	744.0	125.8	723.0	277.6	179.1	-696.6
Pandemic Unemployment Assistance	21	364.6	642.1	530.1	540.3	484.6	199.9	277.5	-112.0	10.2	-55.7	-284.7
Pandemic Unemployment Compensation Payments	22	8,507.8	3,673.5	67.2	3,323.7	2,792.1	1,178.6	-4,834.3	-3,606.3	3,256.5	-531.6	-1,613.5
All other personal current transfer receipts	23	19,668.3	10,203.7	7,617.0	26,342.7	10,458.1	9,545.5	-9,464.6	-2,586.7	18,725.7	-15,884.6	-912.5
Of which:												
Child tax credit <sup>3</sup>	24	228.9	228.9	228.9	261.8	261.8	1,665.8	0.0	0.0	32.9	0.0	1,404.0
Economic impact payments <sup>4</sup>	25	10,925.7	157.6	51.1	18,893.7	2,834.5	380.1	-10,768.1	-106.5	18,842.5	-16,059.2	-2,454.4
Lost wages supplemental payments <sup>5</sup>	26	0.0	1,214.0	242.7	6.8	2.8	0.1	1,214.0	-971.2	-236.0	-4.0	-2.8
Paycheck Protection Program loans to NPISH <sup>6</sup>	27	544.2	1,404.7	422.1	156.0	356.7	202.2	860.5	-982.6	-266.1	200.7	-154.5
Provider Relief Fund to NPISH <sup>7</sup>	28	2,023.7	1,248.3	719.4	672.2	417.7	587.4	-775.4	-528.9	-47.3	-254.4	169.6
Components of earnings by place of work												
Wages and salaries	29	114,909.5	119,444.4	123,839.2	122,898.6	127,384.7	130,491.3	4,534.9	4,394.8	-940.7	4,486.1	3,106.6
Supplements to wages and salaries	30	25,566.7	26,544.3	27,212.1	27,025.0	27,624.7	27,953.3	977.6	667.8	-187.1	599.7	328.5
Employer contributions for employee pension and insurance funds	31	17,506.8	18,225.0	18,696.4	18,417.5	18,741.5	18,870.9	718.2	471.4	-278.9	323.9	129.4
Employer contributions for government social insurance	32	8,059.9	8,319.3	8,515.8	8,607.5	8,883.3	9,082.4	259.5	196.5	91.7	275.8	199.1
Proprietors' income	33	24,810.3	28,682.5	29,209.4	29,352.6	29,871.5	30,424.4	3,872.3	526.8	143.2	518.9	552.8
Farm proprietors' income	34	97.6	119.7	154.0	67.5	82.6	70.6	22.1	34.3	-86.6	15.1	-12.0
Of which:												
Coronavirus Food Assistance Program <sup>8</sup>	35	17.2	8.0	64.6	3.8	6.1	1.3	-9.2	56.6	-60.8	2.3	-4.8
Paycheck Protection Program loans to businesses <sup>6</sup>	36	28.2	40.1	12.0	4.9	11.3	7.0	11.9	-28.0	-7.1	6.3	-4.3
Nonfarm proprietors' income	37	24,712.7	28,562.8	29,055.3	29,285.1	29,788.9	30,353.8	3,850.1	492.5	229.8	503.8	564.9
Of which:												
Paycheck Protection Program loans to businesses <sup>6</sup>	38	3,339.8	3,812.2	1,591.8	1,036.6	2,399.2	1,488.2	472.4	-2,220.5	-555.2	1,362.6	-911.0

CARES -Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security

NPISH -Nonprofit institutions serving households

1. A two percent reduction in reimbursements paid to Medicare service providers that went into effect in 2013 was initially suspended by the CARES Act. The resulting increased reimbursement rates went into effect beginning on May 1, 2020.

2. Unemployment insurance benefits were expanded through several programs that were initially established through the CARES Act. For more information, see How will the expansion of unemployment benefits in response to the COVID-19 pandemic be recorded in the NIPAs?

3. The American Rescue Plan increased the Child Tax Credit to \$3,000 per child over the age of six and \$3,600 for children under the age of six, and raised the age limit from 16 to 17. It also authorized that up to half of these credits could be distributed through advance payments during the tax year, while the rest would be claimed when parents file tax returns the following year.

4. Economic impact payments, initially established by the CARES Act, provide direct payments to individuals. For more information, see How are federal economic impact payments to support individuals during the COVID-19 pandemic recorded in the NIPAs?

5. The Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) was authorized to make payments from the Disaster Relief Fund to supplement wages lost as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic.

6. The Paycheck Protection Program, initially established by the CARES Act, provides forgivable loans to help small businesses and nonprofit institutions make payroll and cover other expenses. It also provides funding to reimburse private lending institutions for the costs of administering these loans. For more information, see How does the Paycheck Protection Program impact the national income and product accounts (NIPAs)?

7. The Department of Health and Human Services distributes money from the Provider Relief Fund to hospitals and health care providers on the front lines of the coronavirus response. This funding supports health care-related expenses or lost revenue attributable to COVID-19 and ensures uninsured Americans can get treatment for COVID-19. In the NIPAs, funds provided to nonprofit hospitals are recorded as social benefits.

8. The Coronavirus Food Assistance Program, initially established by the CARES Act, provides direct support to farmers and ranchers where prices and market supply chains have been impacted by the COVID-19 pandemic.

Note: BEA state per capita personal income statistics are calculated using unpublished Census Bureau midyear population estimates. These midquarter estimates are based on the 2010 census. BEA will incorporate Census Bureau population estimates based on the 2020 census results when they become available. Data on this table will be superseded by updated estimates. Regional estimates were controlled to the update to the National accounts released [November 24, 2021](#).

Source: U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis

Last updated: February 3, 2022.



Note: Reposted Feb. 3, 2022, to correct state personal income statistics for the third quarter of 2021 back to the first quarter of 2016 due to a data processing error involving industry wage estimates. For more information, see the [technical note](#).

**Delaware**  
**Effects of Selected Federal Pandemic Response Programs on State Personal Income, 2021Q3**  
(Millions of dollars, seasonally adjusted at annual rates)

	Line	Levels						Change from preceding period				
		2020			2021			2020		2021		
		Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3
Personal income (millions of dollars)	1	57,035.2	55,273.7	55,205.0	61,491.8	57,792.7	58,574.8	-1,761.6	-68.7	6,286.8	-3,699.0	782.1
Nonfarm personal income	2	56,943.1	55,042.5	54,832.6	61,138.3	57,375.9	58,093.9	-1,900.6	-210.0	6,305.7	-3,762.4	717.9
Farm income	3	92.1	231.2	372.4	353.5	416.8	481.0	139.0	141.3	-18.9	63.3	64.2
Population (persons)	4	985,835.0	988,196.0	990,851.0	992,986.0	995,225.0	997,840.0	2,361.0	2,655.0	2,135.0	2,239.0	2,615.0
Per capita personal income (dollars)	5	57,855	55,934	55,715	61,926	58,070	58,702	-1,921	-219	6,211	-3,856	632
Derivation of personal income												
Earnings by place of work	6	35,756.7	38,595.9	39,688.7	39,490.7	40,509.3	41,552.6	2,839.2	1,092.8	-198.0	1,018.7	1,043.3
Less: Contributions for government social insurance	7	4,330.4	4,547.1	4,611.6	4,643.7	4,746.0	4,851.1	216.7	64.4	32.2	102.3	105.1
Employee and self-employed contributions for government social insurance	8	2,351.0	2,466.2	2,504.3	2,514.7	2,567.0	2,619.4	115.2	38.1	10.5	52.3	52.4
Employer contributions for government social insurance	9	1,979.3	2,080.9	2,107.3	2,129.0	2,179.0	2,231.7	101.6	26.4	21.7	50.0	52.7
Plus: Adjustment for residence	10	-2,133.9	-2,293.0	-2,282.2	-2,138.6	-2,289.0	-2,346.4	-159.0	10.8	143.5	-150.3	-57.5
Equals: Net earnings by place of residence	11	29,292.4	31,755.8	32,794.9	32,708.3	33,474.3	34,355.1	2,463.5	1,039.1	-86.7	766.1	880.8
Plus: Dividends, interest, and rent	12	9,951.6	9,824.4	9,946.9	9,957.3	10,037.1	10,129.4	-127.2	122.5	10.3	79.9	92.2
Plus: Personal current transfer receipts	13	17,791.3	13,693.5	12,463.2	18,826.2	14,281.3	14,090.3	-4,097.9	-1,230.3	6,363.1	-4,545.0	-190.9
Social Security	14	4,106.2	4,133.2	4,174.5	4,257.5	4,273.4	4,309.3	26.9	41.4	83.0	15.9	35.8
Medicare	15	2,992.1	3,010.1	2,991.3	2,962.4	2,967.3	3,014.9	18.0	-18.7	-29.0	4.9	47.6
Of which:												
Increase in Medicare reimbursement rates <sup>1</sup>	16	35.1	52.5	52.1	51.7	51.3	52.1	17.4	-0.4	-0.4	-0.4	0.7
Medicaid	17	2,293.2	2,433.8	2,397.4	2,451.8	2,607.8	2,833.7	140.7	-36.4	54.3	156.0	226.0
State unemployment insurance	18	2,182.0	1,014.3	244.3	684.6	747.1	375.7	-1,167.7	-770.1	440.3	62.5	-371.4
Of which: <sup>2</sup>												
Extended Unemployment Benefits	19	0.0	9.1	27.7	11.9	0.7	0.2	9.1	18.7	-15.9	-11.2	-0.5
Pandemic Emergency Unemployment Compensation	20	13.6	10.4	1.6	1.0	163.5	107.5	-3.2	-8.9	-0.6	162.5	-56.0
Pandemic Unemployment Assistance	21	133.2	210.6	65.6	51.3	46.5	19.6	77.4	-145.0	-14.3	-4.8	-26.9
Pandemic Unemployment Compensation Payments	22	1,505.2	462.8	15.7	504.8	436.2	169.1	-1,042.4	-447.1	489.0	-68.6	-267.1
All other personal current transfer receipts	23	6,217.8	3,102.1	2,655.6	8,470.0	3,685.7	3,556.8	-3,115.7	-446.5	5,814.4	-4,784.3	-129.0
Of which:												
Child tax credit <sup>3</sup>	24	86.2	86.2	86.2	99.1	99.1	630.9	0.0	0.0	12.9	0.0	531.7
Economic impact payments <sup>4</sup>	25	3,284.9	47.4	15.4	5,760.0	864.1	115.9	-3,237.5	-32.0	5,744.7	-4,895.9	-748.3
Lost wages supplemental payments <sup>5</sup>	26	0.0	185.7	33.3	2.4	1.9	1.6	185.7	-152.4	-30.8	-0.5	-0.3
Paycheck Protection Program loans to NPISH <sup>6</sup>	27	50.3	378.5	113.7	33.6	76.8	43.5	328.2	-264.8	-80.1	43.2	-33.3
Provider Relief Fund to NPISH <sup>7</sup>	28	599.0	237.9	254.7	183.9	114.3	160.7	-361.1	16.9	-70.8	-69.6	46.4
Components of earnings by place of work												
Wages and salaries	29	26,544.8	28,070.8	28,701.5	28,528.4	29,332.7	30,130.4	1,526.1	630.7	-173.1	804.3	797.7
Supplements to wages and salaries	30	6,578.8	6,902.7	6,984.0	6,891.4	7,011.3	7,106.7	323.9	81.3	-92.6	119.8	95.4
Employer contributions for employee pension and insurance funds	31	4,599.5	4,821.7	4,876.7	4,762.4	4,832.3	4,875.0	222.3	54.9	-114.3	69.9	42.7
Employer contributions for government social insurance	32	1,979.3	2,080.9	2,107.3	2,129.0	2,179.0	2,231.7	101.6	26.4	21.7	50.0	52.7
Proprietors' income	33	2,633.1	3,622.4	4,003.2	4,070.8	4,165.3	4,315.6	989.3	380.7	67.6	94.5	150.3
Farm proprietors' income	34	61.8	200.8	341.7	322.1	384.8	448.6	139.0	140.9	-19.6	62.7	63.8
Of which:												
Coronavirus Food Assistance Program <sup>8</sup>	35	5.9	8.0	58.6	2.0	18.3	11.1	2.0	50.7	-56.6	16.3	-7.2
Paycheck Protection Program loans to businesses <sup>6</sup>	36	7.9	11.2	3.4	3.5	9.0	5.6	3.3	-7.9	0.1	5.5	-3.4
Nonfarm proprietors' income	37	2,571.3	3,421.6	3,661.5	3,748.7	3,780.5	3,867.0	850.3	239.9	87.2	31.8	86.4
Of which:												
Paycheck Protection Program loans to businesses <sup>6</sup>	38	618.3	684.0	246.9	223.2	516.5	320.4	65.8	-437.1	-23.8	293.4	-196.1

CARES -Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security

NPISH -Nonprofit institutions serving households

1. A two percent reduction in reimbursements paid to Medicare service providers that went into effect in 2013 was initially suspended by the CARES Act. The resulting increased reimbursement rates went into effect beginning on May 1, 2020.

2. Unemployment insurance benefits were expanded through several programs that were initially established through the CARES Act. For more information, see How will the expansion of unemployment benefits in response to the COVID-19 pandemic be recorded in the NIPAs?

3. The American Rescue Plan increased the Child Tax Credit to \$3,000 per child over the age of six and \$3,600 for children under the age of six, and raised the age limit from 16 to 17. It also authorized that up to half of these credits could be distributed through advance payments during the tax year, while the rest would be claimed when parents file tax returns the following year.

4. Economic impact payments, initially established by the CARES Act, provide direct payments to individuals. For more information, see How are federal economic impact payments to support individuals during the COVID-19 pandemic recorded in the NIPAs?

5. The Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) was authorized to make payments from the Disaster Relief Fund to supplement wages lost as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic.

6. The Paycheck Protection Program, initially established by the CARES Act, provides forgivable loans to help small businesses and nonprofit institutions make payroll and cover other expenses. It also provides funding to reimburse private lending institutions for the costs of administering these loans. For more information, see How does the Paycheck Protection Program impact the national income and product accounts (NIPAs)?

7. The Department of Health and Human Services distributes money from the Provider Relief Fund to hospitals and health care providers on the front lines of the coronavirus response. This funding supports health care-related expenses or lost revenue attributable to COVID-19 and ensures uninsured Americans can get treatment for COVID-19. In the NIPAs, funds provided to nonprofit hospitals are recorded as social benefits.

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Last updated: February 3, 2022.

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**District of Columbia**  
**Effects of Selected Federal Pandemic Response Programs on State Personal Income, 2021Q3**  
(Millions of dollars, seasonally adjusted at annual rates)

	Line	Levels						Change from preceding period				
		2020			2021			2020		2021		
		Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3
Personal income (millions of dollars)	1	63,402.3	62,812.3	61,888.9	66,028.6	64,515.5	64,981.3	-590.0	-923.4	4,139.6	-1,513.0	465.7
Nonfarm personal income	2	63,402.3	62,812.3	61,888.9	66,028.6	64,515.5	64,981.3	-590.0	-923.4	4,139.6	-1,513.0	465.7
Farm income	3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Population (persons)	4	712,460.0	713,198.0	713,905.0	714,667.0	715,603.0	716,510.0	738.0	707.0	762.0	936.0	907.0
Per capita personal income (dollars)	5	88,991	88,071	86,691	92,391	90,155	90,691	-920	-1,380	5,700	-2,236	536
Derivation of personal income												
Earnings by place of work	6	104,154.7	106,210.9	109,971.5	109,349.3	111,437.6	113,696.1	2,056.2	3,760.6	-622.2	2,088.4	2,258.5
Less: Contributions for government social insurance	7	11,080.2	11,085.6	11,392.7	11,425.4	11,579.1	11,772.1	5.4	307.1	32.7	153.7	193.1
Employee and self-employed contributions for government social insurance	8	5,443.7	5,455.9	5,622.1	5,629.0	5,695.3	5,776.5	12.2	166.2	6.9	66.3	81.2
Employer contributions for government social insurance	9	5,636.5	5,629.7	5,770.6	5,796.3	5,883.8	5,995.6	-6.8	140.9	25.7	87.4	111.8
Plus: Adjustment for residence	10	-53,202.7	-53,948.7	-56,235.4	-55,493.2	-56,537.2	-57,550.6	-746.1	-2,286.7	742.2	-1,043.9	-1,013.4
Equals: Net earnings by place of residence	11	39,871.8	41,176.6	42,343.3	42,430.7	43,321.4	44,373.4	1,304.8	1,166.7	87.3	890.7	1,052.0
Plus: Dividends, interest, and rent	12	9,936.1	9,814.7	9,918.0	9,915.8	9,983.6	10,051.4	-121.3	103.3	-2.2	67.8	67.8
Plus: Personal current transfer receipts	13	13,594.4	11,821.0	9,627.6	13,682.1	11,210.6	10,556.5	-1,773.4	-2,193.4	4,054.5	-2,471.6	-654.0
Social Security	14	1,368.7	1,374.6	1,385.2	1,407.9	1,412.2	1,422.0	5.9	10.6	22.6	4.3	9.8
Medicare	15	1,315.9	1,319.6	1,311.7	1,302.7	1,304.1	1,319.0	3.7	-7.9	-9.1	1.5	14.9
Of which:												
Increase in Medicare reimbursement rates <sup>1</sup>	16	15.4	23.1	22.9	22.7	22.6	22.9	7.7	-0.2	-0.2	-0.2	0.3
Medicaid	17	3,072.0	3,377.5	3,318.3	3,346.1	3,560.0	3,632.2	305.5	-59.2	27.7	213.9	72.3
State unemployment insurance	18	2,935.0	1,985.8	1,141.7	2,347.8	1,943.6	1,382.9	-949.2	-844.1	1,206.2	-404.2	-560.7
Of which: <sup>2</sup>												
Extended Unemployment Benefits	19	0.4	7.0	33.5	343.0	257.1	64.0	6.6	26.5	309.5	-85.9	-193.1
Pandemic Emergency Unemployment Compensation	20	11.8	47.0	432.2	413.2	348.3	396.4	35.2	385.3	-19.0	-64.9	48.1
Pandemic Unemployment Assistance	21	63.0	119.4	149.5	171.1	145.5	104.5	56.3	30.2	21.5	-25.6	-41.0
Pandemic Unemployment Compensation Payments	22	1,998.9	960.8	24.3	1,053.9	895.4	578.5	-1,038.1	-936.4	1,029.6	-158.5	-316.9
All other personal current transfer receipts	23	4,902.8	3,763.5	2,470.7	5,277.7	2,990.7	2,800.4	-1,139.3	-1,292.8	2,807.0	-2,287.0	-190.3
Of which:												
Child tax credit <sup>3</sup>	24	50.4	50.4	50.4	57.3	57.3	364.7	0.0	0.0	6.9	0.0	307.4
Economic impact payments <sup>4</sup>	25	1,793.7	26.0	8.4	3,027.5	454.2	60.9	-1,767.7	-17.6	3,019.1	-2,573.3	-393.3
Lost wages supplemental payments <sup>5</sup>	26	0.0	289.7	205.2	6.5	2.0	0.6	289.7	-84.5	-198.7	-4.4	-1.5
Paycheck Protection Program loans to NPISH <sup>6</sup>	27	997.7	1,390.3	417.8	185.4	423.9	240.3	392.6	-972.5	-232.4	238.6	-183.6
Provider Relief Fund to NPISH <sup>7</sup>	28	320.7	281.0	69.1	112.9	70.2	98.7	-39.6	-211.9	43.8	-42.7	28.5
Components of earnings by place of work												
Wages and salaries	29	77,642.4	79,073.8	82,368.8	81,629.2	83,196.3	84,951.3	1,431.4	3,295.0	-739.6	1,567.1	1,754.9
Supplements to wages and salaries	30	20,579.0	20,748.0	21,306.9	21,314.7	21,347.0	21,518.6	169.0	559.0	7.8	32.3	171.5
Employer contributions for employee pension and insurance funds	31	14,942.5	15,118.3	15,536.3	15,518.4	15,463.3	15,523.0	175.8	418.0	-17.9	-55.1	59.7
Employer contributions for government social insurance	32	5,636.5	5,629.7	5,770.6	5,796.3	5,883.8	5,995.6	-6.8	140.9	25.7	87.4	111.8
Proprietors' income	33	5,933.3	6,389.2	6,295.7	6,405.3	6,894.2	7,226.3	455.9	-93.4	109.6	488.9	332.0
Farm proprietors' income	34	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Of which:												
Coronavirus Food Assistance Program <sup>8</sup>	35	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Paycheck Protection Program loans to businesses <sup>6</sup>	36	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Nonfarm proprietors' income	37	5,933.3	6,389.2	6,295.7	6,405.3	6,894.2	7,226.3	455.9	-93.4	109.6	488.9	332.0
Of which:												
Paycheck Protection Program loans to businesses <sup>6</sup>	38	1,235.8	1,164.6	396.8	350.8	811.9	503.6	-71.1	-767.8	-46.0	461.1	-308.3

CARES -Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security

NPISH -Nonprofit institutions serving households

1. A two percent reduction in reimbursements paid to Medicare service providers that went into effect in 2013 was initially suspended by the CARES Act. The resulting increased reimbursement rates went into effect beginning on May 1, 2020.

2. Unemployment insurance benefits were expanded through several programs that were initially established through the CARES Act. For more information, see How will the expansion of unemployment benefits in response to the COVID-19 pandemic be recorded in the NIPAs?

3. The American Rescue Plan increased the Child Tax Credit to \$3,000 per child over the age of six and \$3,600 for children under the age of six, and raised the age limit from 16 to 17. It also authorized that up to half of these credits could be distributed through advance payments during the tax year, while the rest would be claimed when parents file tax returns the following year.

4. Economic impact payments, initially established by the CARES Act, provide direct payments to individuals. For more information, see How are federal economic impact payments to support individuals during the COVID-19 pandemic recorded in the NIPAs?

5. The Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) was authorized to make payments from the Disaster Relief Fund to supplement wages lost as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic.

6. The Paycheck Protection Program, initially established by the CARES Act, provides forgivable loans to help small businesses and nonprofit institutions make payroll and cover other expenses. It also provides funding to reimburse private lending institutions for the costs of administering these loans. For more information, see How does the Paycheck Protection Program impact the national income and product accounts (NIPAs)?

7. The Department of Health and Human Services distributes money from the Provider Relief Fund to hospitals and health care providers on the front lines of the coronavirus response. This funding supports health care-related expenses or lost revenue attributable to COVID-19 and ensures uninsured Americans can get treatment for COVID-19. In the NIPAs, funds provided to nonprofit hospitals are recorded as social benefits.

8. The Coronavirus Food Assistance Program, initially established by the CARES Act, provides direct support to farmers and ranchers where prices and market supply chains have been impacted by the COVID-19 pandemic.

Note: BEA state per capita personal income statistics are calculated using unpublished Census Bureau midyear population estimates. These midquarter estimates are based on the 2010 census. BEA will incorporate Census Bureau population estimates based on the 2020 census results when they become available. Data on this table will be superseded by updated estimates. Regional estimates were controlled to the update to the National accounts released [November 24, 2021](#).

Source: U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis

Last updated: February 3, 2022.

Note: Reposted Feb. 3, 2022, to correct state personal income statistics for the third quarter of 2021 back to the first quarter of 2016 due to a data processing error involving industry wage estimates. For more information, see the [technical note](#).

**Florida**  
**Effects of Selected Federal Pandemic Response Programs on State Personal Income, 2021Q3**  
(Millions of dollars, seasonally adjusted at annual rates)

	Line	Levels						Change from preceding period				
		2020			2021			2020		2021		
		Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3
Personal income (millions of dollars)	1	1,245,820.8	1,220,732.1	1,203,299.5	1,364,007.6	1,292,009.3	1,299,644.7	-25,088.7	-17,432.6	160,708.1	-71,998.2	7,635.4
Nonfarm personal income	2	1,242,563.5	1,217,129.2	1,199,470.3	1,361,081.3	1,288,719.3	1,296,519.2	-25,434.3	-17,658.9	161,611.0	-72,362.0	7,799.9
Farm income	3	3,257.3	3,602.9	3,829.2	2,926.2	3,290.0	3,125.5	345.6	226.3	-903.0	363.8	-164.5
Population (persons)	4	21,710,061.0	21,761,157.0	21,814,197.0	21,863,957.0	21,916,767.0	21,973,418.0	51,096.0	53,040.0	49,760.0	52,810.0	56,651.0
Per capita personal income (dollars)	5	57,384	56,097	55,161	62,386	58,951	59,146	-1,287	-936	7,225	-3,435	195
Derivation of personal income												
Earnings by place of work	6	647,528.1	706,340.6	710,453.6	719,002.4	756,989.5	776,848.6	58,812.5	4,113.0	8,548.9	37,987.1	19,859.1
Less: Contributions for government social insurance	7	78,361.9	82,681.8	84,812.6	86,844.7	90,645.2	93,273.0	4,319.9	2,130.8	2,032.1	3,800.6	2,627.7
Employee and self-employed contributions for government social insurance	8	44,927.2	47,448.2	48,751.0	49,859.6	51,946.3	53,370.4	2,521.0	1,302.8	1,108.6	2,086.7	1,424.1
Employer contributions for government social insurance	9	33,434.6	35,233.6	36,061.6	36,985.1	38,699.0	39,902.6	1,799.0	828.0	923.5	1,713.9	1,203.6
Plus: Adjustment for residence	10	3,417.5	3,542.1	3,664.3	3,693.9	3,727.2	3,803.0	124.7	122.1	29.7	33.3	75.8
Equals: Net earnings by place of residence	11	572,583.7	627,200.9	629,305.3	635,851.7	670,071.5	687,378.6	54,617.2	2,104.3	6,546.4	34,219.8	17,307.2
Plus: Dividends, interest, and rent	12	324,268.3	317,614.4	325,136.1	323,479.6	327,744.8	331,424.9	-6,653.9	7,521.7	-1,656.5	4,265.2	3,680.1
Plus: Personal current transfer receipts	13	348,968.7	275,916.8	248,858.2	404,676.3	294,193.0	280,841.2	-73,052.0	-27,058.6	155,818.1	-110,483.2	-13,351.9
Social Security	14	81,314.9	81,807.3	82,555.4	84,048.1	84,333.6	84,978.2	492.4	748.1	1,492.7	285.6	644.5
Medicare	15	69,440.4	69,854.0	69,440.6	68,803.1	68,910.9	69,958.7	413.6	-413.5	-637.5	107.8	1,047.9
Of which:												
Increase in Medicare reimbursement rates <sup>1</sup>	16	813.7	1,218.4	1,209.3	1,200.1	1,191.7	1,208.6	404.7	-9.1	-9.1	-8.5	16.9
Medicaid	17	25,759.4	27,171.4	27,116.1	28,501.2	29,304.3	30,346.4	1,412.0	-55.4	1,385.2	803.1	1,042.1
State unemployment insurance	18	33,538.0	29,269.5	10,215.7	25,209.5	21,132.1	6,582.3	-4,268.5	-19,053.8	14,993.8	-4,077.4	-14,549.9
Of which: <sup>2</sup>												
Extended Unemployment Benefits	19	0.7	(L)	84.2	748.8	50.1	16.6	(L)	(L)	664.6	-698.8	-33.5
Pandemic Emergency Unemployment Compensation	20	128.6	3,770.0	3,269.8	5,778.6	6,074.9	2,976.1	3,641.3	-500.1	2,508.7	296.4	-3,098.9
Pandemic Unemployment Assistance	21	830.1	1,981.6	4,131.1	2,878.1	2,328.7	933.6	1,151.4	2,149.6	-1,253.1	-549.4	-1,395.1
Pandemic Unemployment Compensation Payments	22	25,650.3	18,665.9	1,023.1	14,619.1	11,569.2	1,673.5	-6,984.4	-17,642.8	13,596.0	-3,049.8	-9,895.7
All other personal current transfer receipts	23	138,916.0	67,814.5	59,530.5	198,114.4	90,512.1	88,975.6	-71,101.4	-8,284.1	138,583.9	-107,602.3	-1,536.5
Of which:												
Child tax credit <sup>3</sup>	24	2,177.8	2,177.8	2,177.8	2,491.3	2,491.3	15,852.8	0.0	0.0	313.4	0.0	13,361.5
Economic impact payments <sup>4</sup>	25	74,032.0	1,069.7	346.9	131,808.2	19,774.3	2,651.6	-72,962.3	-722.8	131,461.2	-112,033.9	-17,122.7
Lost wages supplemental payments <sup>5</sup>	26	0.0	4,398.5	237.2	79.6	24.5	4.7	4,398.5	-4,161.3	-157.6	-55.1	-19.8
Paycheck Protection Program loans to NPISH <sup>6</sup>	27	2,066.7	4,041.7	1,214.5	469.5	1,073.7	608.6	1,975.0	-2,827.2	-745.0	604.3	-465.1
Provider Relief Fund to NPISH <sup>7</sup>	28	5,371.0	1,468.3	1,215.0	1,358.4	844.2	1,187.0	-3,902.7	-253.3	143.4	-514.2	342.8
Components of earnings by place of work												
Wages and salaries	29	481,057.1	512,657.9	530,602.0	537,118.2	563,674.1	583,016.2	31,600.7	17,944.1	6,516.2	26,555.9	19,342.1
Supplements to wages and salaries	30	100,725.3	105,559.9	107,761.3	109,062.0	112,381.9	114,644.9	4,834.6	2,201.4	1,300.7	3,319.9	2,263.0
Employer contributions for employee pension and insurance funds	31	67,290.7	70,326.3	71,699.7	72,076.9	73,682.9	74,742.2	3,035.6	1,373.4	377.2	1,606.0	1,059.4
Employer contributions for government social insurance	32	33,434.6	35,233.6	36,061.6	36,985.1	38,699.0	39,902.6	1,799.0	828.0	923.5	1,713.9	1,203.6
Proprietors' income	33	65,745.7	88,122.8	72,090.3	72,822.3	80,933.6	79,187.5	22,377.1	-16,032.5	731.9	8,111.3	-1,746.0
Farm proprietors' income	34	1,741.6	2,077.8	2,280.3	1,344.0	1,676.4	1,495.4	336.2	202.5	-936.3	332.4	-181.0
Of which:												
Coronavirus Food Assistance Program <sup>8</sup>	35	218.8	374.7	741.8	33.5	148.0	32.6	156.0	367.1	-708.4	114.6	-115.4
Paycheck Protection Program loans to businesses <sup>6</sup>	36	266.4	378.4	113.7	58.6	148.2	91.9	112.0	-264.7	-55.1	89.6	-56.3
Nonfarm proprietors' income	37	64,004.1	86,045.0	69,810.0	71,478.3	79,257.2	77,692.1	22,040.9	-16,235.0	1,668.2	7,778.9	-1,565.0
Of which:												
Paycheck Protection Program loans to businesses <sup>6</sup>	38	8,617.7	24,641.4	3,860.5	5,954.3	13,781.4	8,548.6	16,023.7	-20,781.0	2,093.8	7,827.2	-5,232.8

CARES -Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security

NPISH -Nonprofit institutions serving households

(L) Less than \$50,000.

1. A two percent reduction in reimbursements paid to Medicare service providers that went into effect in 2013 was initially suspended by the CARES Act. The resulting increased reimbursement rates went into effect beginning on May 1, 2020.
2. Unemployment insurance benefits were expanded through several programs that were initially established through the CARES Act. For more information, see How will the expansion of unemployment benefits in response to the COVID-19 pandemic be recorded in the NIPAs?
3. The American Rescue Plan increased the Child Tax Credit to \$3,000 per child over the age of six and \$3,600 for children under the age of six, and raised the age limit from 16 to 17. It also authorized that up to half of these credits could be distributed through advance payments during the tax year, while the rest would be claimed when parents file tax returns the following year.
4. Economic impact payments, initially established by the CARES Act, provide direct payments to individuals. For more information, see How are federal economic impact payments to support individuals during the COVID-19 pandemic recorded in the NIPAs?
5. The Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) was authorized to make payments from the Disaster Relief Fund to supplement wages lost as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic.
6. The Paycheck Protection Program, initially established by the CARES Act, provides forgivable loans to help small businesses and nonprofit institutions make payroll and cover other expenses. It also provides funding to reimburse private lending institutions for the costs of administering these loans. For more information, see How does the Paycheck Protection Program impact the national income and product accounts (NIPAs)?
7. The Department of Health and Human Services distributes money from the Provider Relief Fund to hospitals and health care providers on the front lines of the coronavirus response. This funding supports health care-related expenses or lost revenue attributable to COVID-19 and ensures uninsured Americans can get treatment for COVID-19. In the NIPAs, funds provided to nonprofit hospitals are recorded as social benefits.
8. The Coronavirus Food Assistance Program, initially established by the CARES Act, provides direct support to farmers and ranchers where prices and market supply chains have been impacted by the COVID-19 pandemic.

Note: BEA state per capita personal income statistics are calculated using unpublished Census Bureau midyear population estimates. These midquarter estimates are based on the 2010 census. BEA will incorporate Census Bureau population estimates based on the 2020 census results when they become available. Data on this table will be superseded by updated estimates. Regional estimates were controlled to the update to the National accounts released [November 24, 2021](#).

Source: U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis

Last updated: February 3, 2022.

Note: Reposted Feb. 3, 2022, to correct state personal income statistics for the third quarter of 2021 back to the first quarter of 2016 due to a data processing error involving industry wage estimates. For more information, see the [technical note](#).

**Georgia**  
**Effects of Selected Federal Pandemic Response Programs on State Personal Income, 2021Q3**  
(Millions of dollars, seasonally adjusted at annual rates)

	Line	Levels						Change from preceding period				
		2020			2021			2020		2021		
		Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3
Personal income (millions of dollars)	1	578,984.7	562,327.5	547,593.9	625,758.6	585,078.4	586,173.4	-16,657.3	-14,733.6	78,164.7	-40,680.1	1,094.9
Nonfarm personal income	2	578,248.0	560,872.0	545,453.7	624,322.2	583,376.4	584,305.7	-17,376.1	-15,418.2	78,868.5	-40,945.9	929.3
Farm income	3	736.7	1,455.5	2,140.2	1,436.3	1,702.1	1,867.7	718.8	684.7	-703.8	265.8	165.6
Population (persons)	4	10,702,475.0	10,720,826.0	10,741,218.0	10,757,490.0	10,775,320.0	10,796,290.0	18,351.0	20,392.0	16,272.0	17,830.0	20,970.0
Per capita personal income (dollars)	5	54,098	52,452	50,981	58,170	54,298	54,294	-1,646	-1,471	7,189	-3,872	-4
Derivation of personal income												
Earnings by place of work	6	362,085.6	390,468.4	396,036.5	400,983.8	418,285.2	427,114.3	28,382.8	5,568.1	4,947.3	17,301.5	8,829.1
Less: Contributions for government social insurance	7	39,886.5	41,477.2	42,585.4	43,488.8	44,919.4	46,050.4	1,590.7	1,108.1	903.4	1,430.6	1,131.0
Employee and self-employed contributions for government social insurance	8	21,923.6	22,789.5	23,430.7	23,902.2	24,645.8	25,230.4	865.9	641.2	471.5	743.7	584.6
Employer contributions for government social insurance	9	17,962.9	18,687.8	19,154.7	19,586.6	20,273.5	20,820.0	724.8	466.9	431.9	686.9	546.4
Plus: Adjustment for residence	10	-1,504.8	-1,550.0	-1,599.0	-1,588.8	-1,707.0	-1,766.6	-45.2	-49.0	10.2	-118.2	-59.6
Equals: Net earnings by place of residence	11	320,694.2	347,441.1	351,852.1	355,906.2	371,658.9	379,297.4	26,746.9	4,411.0	4,054.1	15,752.7	7,638.5
Plus: Dividends, interest, and rent	12	95,459.6	93,538.1	95,231.0	94,742.2	95,794.4	96,848.0	-1,921.5	1,692.9	-488.9	1,052.2	1,053.6
Plus: Personal current transfer receipts	13	162,830.9	121,348.3	100,510.8	175,110.2	117,625.2	110,028.0	-41,482.7	-20,837.5	74,599.4	-57,485.1	-7,597.2
Social Security	14	31,399.7	31,566.2	31,837.1	32,395.5	32,502.3	32,743.4	166.5	270.9	558.4	106.8	241.1
Medicare	15	22,572.3	22,696.7	22,558.8	22,354.0	22,388.6	22,725.3	124.4	-137.9	-204.8	34.6	336.7
Of which:												
Increase in Medicare reimbursement rates <sup>1</sup>	16	264.5	396.0	393.0	390.1	387.3	392.8	131.5	-3.0	-3.0	-2.7	5.5
Medicaid	17	11,089.1	11,674.0	11,112.8	11,348.5	11,965.7	12,562.6	584.8	-561.2	235.7	617.2	596.9
State unemployment insurance	18	32,470.1	21,885.9	7,995.8	16,279.1	10,398.1	1,596.7	-10,584.2	-13,890.1	8,283.3	-5,881.0	-8,801.3
Of which: <sup>2</sup>												
Extended Unemployment Benefits	19	0.0	46.0	272.9	253.7	2.5	1.8	46.0	226.9	-19.2	-251.2	-0.7
Pandemic Emergency Unemployment Compensation	20	51.9	382.1	2,419.9	3,596.8	2,079.4	101.6	330.2	2,037.8	1,176.9	-1,517.4	-1,977.8
Pandemic Unemployment Assistance	21	1,989.6	3,541.2	2,535.6	2,102.7	1,566.4	122.7	1,551.6	-1,005.7	-432.9	-536.3	-1,443.7
Pandemic Unemployment Compensation Payments	22	23,105.7	12,433.9	219.6	8,586.1	5,395.2	368.2	-10,671.8	-12,214.3	8,366.5	-3,191.0	-5,027.0
All other personal current transfer receipts	23	65,299.7	33,525.5	27,006.3	92,733.1	40,370.5	40,399.9	-31,774.2	-6,519.2	65,726.8	-52,362.6	29.4
Of which:												
Child tax credit <sup>3</sup>	24	1,238.1	1,238.1	1,238.1	1,423.7	1,423.7	9,059.5	0.0	0.0	185.6	0.0	7,635.8
Economic impact payments <sup>4</sup>	25	34,308.7	496.1	160.9	63,164.0	9,476.1	1,270.7	-33,812.7	-335.2	63,003.1	-53,687.9	-8,205.4
Lost wages supplemental payments <sup>5</sup>	26	0.0	3,975.3	315.9	47.4	35.1	6.8	3,975.3	-3,659.5	-268.5	-12.3	-28.3
Paycheck Protection Program loans to NPISH <sup>6</sup>	27	871.1	1,422.4	427.4	208.3	476.4	270.0	551.4	-995.0	-219.2	268.1	-206.4
Provider Relief Fund to NPISH <sup>7</sup>	28	4,095.7	1,751.3	281.9	1,033.7	642.4	903.3	-2,344.3	-1,469.4	751.8	-391.3	260.8
Components of earnings by place of work												
Wages and salaries	29	262,198.1	275,338.3	285,320.3	288,086.2	299,211.7	308,360.9	13,140.2	9,982.0	2,765.9	11,125.5	9,149.1
Supplements to wages and salaries	30	57,945.5	60,356.4	61,765.0	62,649.3	63,921.9	64,922.1	2,410.9	1,408.6	884.3	1,272.6	1,000.1
Employer contributions for employee pension and insurance funds	31	39,982.6	41,668.6	42,610.3	43,062.7	43,648.4	44,102.1	1,686.1	941.7	452.4	585.7	453.7
Employer contributions for government social insurance	32	17,962.9	18,687.8	19,154.7	19,586.6	20,273.5	20,820.0	724.8	466.9	431.9	686.9	546.4
Proprietors' income	33	41,942.0	54,773.6	48,951.1	50,248.2	55,151.6	53,831.4	12,831.6	-5,822.5	1,297.1	4,903.4	-1,320.2
Farm proprietors' income	34	387.2	1,104.9	1,784.6	1,073.1	1,331.6	1,493.4	717.7	679.7	-711.5	258.5	161.8
Of which:												
Coronavirus Food Assistance Program <sup>8</sup>	35	224.0	255.2	666.0	0.0	165.1	87.6	31.2	410.8	-666.0	165.1	-77.5
Paycheck Protection Program loans to businesses <sup>6</sup>	36	115.3	163.7	49.2	72.6	185.3	114.9	48.5	-114.5	23.4	112.7	-70.4
Nonfarm proprietors' income	37	41,554.8	53,668.7	47,166.5	49,175.1	53,820.0	52,338.0	12,114.0	-6,502.3	2,008.6	4,644.9	-1,482.0
Of which:												
Paycheck Protection Program loans to businesses <sup>6</sup>	38	3,581.5	11,532.9	1,983.3	4,019.4	9,303.0	5,770.7	7,951.4	-9,549.6	2,036.1	5,283.6	-3,532.4

CARES -Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security

NPISH -Nonprofit institutions serving households

1. A two percent reduction in reimbursements paid to Medicare service providers that went into effect in 2013 was initially suspended by the CARES Act. The resulting increased reimbursement rates went into effect beginning on May 1, 2020.
2. Unemployment insurance benefits were expanded through several programs that were initially established through the CARES Act. For more information, see [How will the expansion of unemployment benefits in response to the COVID-19 pandemic be recorded in the NIPAs?](#)
3. The American Rescue Plan increased the Child Tax Credit to \$3,000 per child over the age of six and \$3,600 for children under the age of six, and raised the age limit from 16 to 17. It also authorized that up to half of these credits could be distributed through advance payments during the tax year, while the rest would be claimed when parents file tax returns the following year.
4. Economic impact payments, initially established by the CARES Act, provide direct payments to individuals. For more information, see [How are federal economic impact payments to support individuals during the COVID-19 pandemic recorded in the NIPAs?](#)
5. The Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) was authorized to make payments from the Disaster Relief Fund to supplement wages lost as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic.
6. The Paycheck Protection Program, initially established by the CARES Act, provides forgivable loans to help small businesses and nonprofit institutions make payroll and cover other expenses. It also provides funding to reimburse private lending institutions for the costs of administering these loans. For more information, see [How does the Paycheck Protection Program impact the national income and product accounts \(NIPAs\)?](#)
7. The Department of Health and Human Services distributes money from the Provider Relief Fund to hospitals and health care providers on the front lines of the coronavirus response. This funding supports health care-related expenses or lost revenue attributable to COVID-19 and ensures uninsured Americans can get treatment for COVID-19. In the NIPAs, funds provided to nonprofit hospitals are recorded as social benefits.
8. The Coronavirus Food Assistance Program, initially established by the CARES Act, provides direct support to farmers and ranchers where prices and market supply chains have been impacted by the COVID-19 pandemic.

Note: BEA state per capita personal income statistics are calculated using unpublished Census Bureau midyear population estimates. These midquarter estimates are based on the 2010 census. BEA will incorporate Census Bureau population estimates based on the 2020 census results when they become available. Data on this table will be superseded by updated estimates. Regional estimates were controlled to the update to the National accounts released [November 24, 2021](#).

Source: U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis

Last updated: February 3, 2022.

Note: Reposted Feb. 3, 2022, to correct state personal income statistics for the third quarter of 2021 back to the first quarter of 2016 due to a data processing error involving industry wage estimates. For more information, see the [technical note](#).

Hawaii  
Effects of Selected Federal Pandemic Response Programs on State Personal Income, 2021Q3  
(Millions of dollars, seasonally adjusted at annual rates)

	Line	Levels						Change from preceding period				
		2020			2021			2020		2021		
		Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3
Personal income (millions of dollars)	1	88,054.7	81,759.8	80,772.3	90,455.0	85,362.6	85,926.4	-6,295.0	-987.4	9,682.7	-5,092.4	563.8
Nonfarm personal income	2	87,816.9	81,478.6	80,489.2	90,251.1	85,134.9	85,713.5	-6,338.3	-989.4	9,761.9	-5,116.2	578.6
Farm income	3	237.8	281.1	283.1	203.9	227.7	212.9	43.3	2.0	-79.2	23.8	-14.8
Population (persons)	4	1,408,762.0	1,405,965.0	1,403,784.0	1,401,274.0	1,398,512.0	1,396,062.0	-2,797.0	-2,181.0	-2,510.0	-2,762.0	-2,450.0
Per capita personal income (dollars)	5	62,505	58,152	57,539	64,552	61,038	61,549	-4,353	-613	7,013	-3,514	511
Derivation of personal income												
Earnings by place of work	6	51,727.2	53,214.9	54,412.1	54,243.4	57,431.6	59,440.5	1,487.7	1,197.2	-168.8	3,188.2	2,008.9
Less: Contributions for government social insurance	7	6,074.8	6,095.0	6,227.7	6,306.7	6,698.1	6,929.5	20.2	132.7	79.0	391.4	231.5
Employee and self-employed contributions for government social insurance	8	3,213.1	3,228.4	3,306.9	3,344.8	3,547.6	3,664.3	15.3	78.5	37.9	202.7	116.7
Employer contributions for government social insurance	9	2,861.7	2,866.6	2,920.8	2,961.8	3,150.5	3,265.2	4.9	54.2	41.1	188.6	114.8
Plus: Adjustment for residence	10	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Equals: Net earnings by place of residence	11	45,652.4	47,119.9	48,184.5	47,936.7	50,733.5	52,511.0	1,467.5	1,064.6	-247.8	2,796.8	1,777.5
Plus: Dividends, interest, and rent	12	15,166.7	15,045.0	15,101.7	15,148.1	15,206.3	15,302.8	-121.7	56.6	46.4	58.2	96.5
Plus: Personal current transfer receipts	13	27,235.6	19,594.8	17,486.2	27,370.2	19,422.8	18,112.5	-7,640.8	-2,108.6	9,884.0	-7,947.4	-1,310.2
Social Security	14	4,768.7	4,798.3	4,841.3	4,925.2	4,941.3	4,977.5	29.6	43.0	83.9	16.1	36.2
Medicare	15	2,997.6	3,015.1	2,998.6	2,973.5	2,977.7	3,019.0	17.5	-16.5	-25.1	4.2	41.3
Of which:												
Increase in Medicare reimbursement rates <sup>1</sup>	16	35.1	52.6	52.2	51.8	51.5	52.2	17.5	-0.4	-0.4	-0.4	0.7
Medicaid	17	2,376.0	2,591.7	2,609.8	2,816.7	2,966.2	3,333.3	215.7	18.2	206.9	149.5	367.2
State unemployment insurance	18	7,314.8	5,322.4	2,747.5	4,277.4	3,304.9	1,922.0	-1,992.4	-2,574.9	1,529.8	-972.5	-1,382.8
Of which: <sup>2</sup>												
Extended Unemployment Benefits	19	0.0	0.0	13.4	85.7	12.7	5.1	0.0	13.4	72.3	-73.0	-7.6
Pandemic Emergency Unemployment Compensation	20	17.1	52.9	976.2	1,343.6	1,037.5	610.4	35.8	923.3	367.4	-306.2	-427.0
Pandemic Unemployment Assistance	21	513.7	611.0	650.4	576.5	475.7	240.2	97.3	39.5	-73.9	-100.9	-235.4
Pandemic Unemployment Compensation Payments	22	3,932.6	2,484.5	103.8	1,610.6	1,273.3	684.5	-1,448.1	-2,380.7	1,506.8	-337.3	-588.8
All other personal current transfer receipts	23	9,778.4	3,867.4	4,288.9	12,377.3	5,232.7	4,860.7	-5,911.0	421.5	8,088.4	-7,144.6	-372.1
Of which:												
Child tax credit <sup>3</sup>	24	114.2	114.2	114.2	128.9	128.9	820.3	0.0	0.0	14.7	0.0	691.4
Economic impact payments <sup>4</sup>	25	4,927.8	71.2	23.1	8,588.5	1,288.5	172.8	-4,856.5	-48.1	8,565.4	-7,300.0	-1,115.7
Lost wages supplemental payments <sup>5</sup>	26	0.0	226.9	832.6	13.4	4.9	1.0	226.9	605.7	-819.2	-8.6	-3.9
Paycheck Protection Program loans to NPISH <sup>6</sup>	27	841.6	129.7	39.0	66.0	150.9	85.5	-711.9	-90.8	27.0	84.9	-65.4
Provider Relief Fund to NPISH <sup>7</sup>	28	737.9	163.9	120.5	172.5	107.2	150.7	-574.0	-43.4	52.0	-65.3	43.5
Components of earnings by place of work												
Wages and salaries	29	34,714.4	35,219.9	36,348.1	36,391.8	38,866.1	40,406.9	505.6	1,128.2	43.7	2,474.3	1,540.7
Supplements to wages and salaries	30	10,539.5	10,708.6	10,946.9	11,016.8	11,372.8	11,646.0	169.1	238.3	69.9	356.0	273.2
Employer contributions for employee pension and insurance funds	31	7,677.8	7,842.0	8,026.1	8,055.0	8,222.4	8,380.8	164.2	184.1	28.9	167.3	158.4
Employer contributions for government social insurance	32	2,861.7	2,866.6	2,920.8	2,961.8	3,150.5	3,265.2	4.9	54.2	41.1	188.6	114.8
Proprietors' income	33	6,473.3	7,286.4	7,117.1	6,834.7	7,192.7	7,387.7	813.0	-169.2	-282.4	357.9	195.0
Farm proprietors' income	34	48.0	89.6	88.4	5.0	24.9	8.1	41.6	-1.2	-83.4	19.9	-16.8
Of which:												
Coronavirus Food Assistance Program <sup>8</sup>	35	11.0	45.6	65.6	0.9	9.2	3.0	34.6	20.0	-64.7	8.3	-6.3
Paycheck Protection Program loans to businesses <sup>6</sup>	36	27.3	38.8	11.7	8.2	17.7	11.0	11.5	-27.1	-3.5	9.6	-6.7
Nonfarm proprietors' income	37	6,425.3	7,196.7	7,028.7	6,829.8	7,167.8	7,379.7	771.4	-168.0	-199.0	338.0	211.9
Of which:												
Paycheck Protection Program loans to businesses <sup>6</sup>	38	1,606.6	1,450.0	624.4	379.0	877.2	544.1	-156.6	-825.6	-245.4	498.2	-333.1

CARES -Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security

NPISH -Nonprofit institutions serving households

1. A two percent reduction in reimbursements paid to Medicare service providers that went into effect in 2013 was initially suspended by the CARES Act. The resulting increased reimbursement rates went into effect beginning on May 1, 2020.

2. Unemployment insurance benefits were expanded through several programs that were initially established through the CARES Act. For more information, see How will the expansion of unemployment benefits in response to the COVID-19 pandemic be recorded in the NIPAs?

3. The American Rescue Plan increased the Child Tax Credit to \$3,000 per child over the age of six and \$3,600 for children under the age of six, and raised the age limit from 16 to 17. It also authorized that up to half of these credits could be distributed through advance payments during the tax year, while the rest would be claimed when parents file tax returns the following year.

4. Economic impact payments, initially established by the CARES Act, provide direct payments to individuals. For more information, see How are federal economic impact payments to support individuals during the COVID-19 pandemic recorded in the NIPAs?

5. The Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) was authorized to make payments from the Disaster Relief Fund to supplement wages lost as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic.

6. The Paycheck Protection Program, initially established by the CARES Act, provides forgivable loans to help small businesses and nonprofit institutions make payroll and cover other expenses. It also provides funding to reimburse private lending institutions for the costs of administering these loans. For more information, see How does the Paycheck Protection Program impact the national income and product accounts (NIPAs)?

7. The Department of Health and Human Services distributes money from the Provider Relief Fund to hospitals and health care providers on the front lines of the coronavirus response. This funding supports health care-related expenses or lost revenue attributable to COVID-19 and ensures uninsured Americans can get treatment for COVID-19. In the NIPAs, funds provided to nonprofit hospitals are recorded as social benefits.

8. The Coronavirus Food Assistance Program, initially established by the CARES Act, provides direct support to farmers and ranchers where prices and market supply chains have been impacted by the COVID-19 pandemic.

Note: BEA state per capita personal income statistics are calculated using unpublished Census Bureau midyear population estimates. These midquarter estimates are based on the 2010 census. BEA will incorporate Census Bureau population estimates based on the 2020 census results when they become available. Data on this table will be superseded by updated estimates. Regional estimates were controlled to the update to the National accounts released [November 24, 2021](#).

Source: U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis

Last updated: February 3, 2022.

Note: Reposted Feb. 3, 2022, to correct state personal income statistics for the third quarter of 2021 back to the first quarter of 2016 due to a data processing error involving industry wage estimates. For more information, see the [technical note](#).

**Idaho**  
**Effects of Selected Federal Pandemic Response Programs on State Personal Income, 2021Q3**  
(Millions of dollars, seasonally adjusted at annual rates)

	Line	Levels						Change from preceding period				
		2020			2021			2020		2021		
		Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3
Personal income (millions of dollars)	1	92,679.3	88,187.4	90,236.1	102,647.3	94,917.6	95,757.9	-4,491.9	2,048.7	12,411.2	-7,729.7	840.4
Nonfarm personal income	2	90,057.1	84,525.5	86,147.3	99,823.5	91,496.7	92,689.7	-5,531.5	1,621.8	13,676.2	-8,326.8	1,193.0
Farm income	3	2,622.2	3,661.9	4,088.7	2,823.7	3,420.8	3,068.2	1,039.7	426.9	-1,265.0	597.1	-352.7
Population (persons)	4	1,822,513.0	1,831,954.0	1,841,857.0	1,850,797.0	1,860,060.0	1,870,123.0	9,441.0	9,903.0	8,940.0	9,263.0	10,063.0
Per capita personal income (dollars)	5	50,852	48,138	48,992	55,461	51,029	51,204	-2,714	854	6,469	-4,432	175
Derivation of personal income												
Earnings by place of work	6	54,449.8	58,170.9	61,387.4	61,391.7	63,306.6	64,220.2	3,721.2	3,216.4	4.3	1,914.9	913.6
Less: Contributions for government social insurance	7	6,793.8	7,077.7	7,375.1	7,631.6	7,786.5	7,942.4	283.9	297.4	256.5	155.0	155.9
Employee and self-employed contributions for government social insurance	8	3,634.2	3,774.9	3,936.9	4,065.0	4,139.7	4,216.3	140.7	161.9	128.1	74.8	76.6
Employer contributions for government social insurance	9	3,159.6	3,302.8	3,438.2	3,566.6	3,646.8	3,726.1	143.1	135.5	128.4	80.2	79.3
Plus: Adjustment for residence	10	1,421.0	1,489.0	1,525.0	1,534.4	1,596.4	1,640.8	68.1	36.0	9.3	62.0	44.5
Equals: Net earnings by place of residence	11	49,077.0	52,582.3	55,537.3	55,294.5	57,116.4	57,918.7	3,505.4	2,955.0	-242.8	1,821.9	802.2
Plus: Dividends, interest, and rent	12	17,614.1	17,345.6	17,635.1	17,625.1	17,801.5	17,990.3	-268.4	289.5	-10.0	176.4	188.8
Plus: Personal current transfer receipts	13	25,988.3	18,259.5	17,063.7	29,727.7	19,999.6	19,849.0	-7,728.8	-1,195.8	12,664.0	-9,728.1	-150.6
Social Security	14	6,075.0	6,122.7	6,190.6	6,321.7	6,346.7	6,403.4	47.6	67.9	131.1	25.1	56.6
Medicare	15	3,792.0	3,819.4	3,795.8	3,755.7	3,762.6	3,828.5	27.4	-23.6	-40.1	6.9	65.9
Of which:												
Increase in Medicare reimbursement rates <sup>1</sup>	16	44.4	66.5	66.0	65.5	65.1	66.0	22.1	-0.5	-0.5	-0.5	0.9
Medicaid	17	2,490.3	2,717.3	2,714.2	2,824.0	3,045.5	3,348.4	226.9	-3.0	109.8	221.5	302.9
State unemployment insurance	18	2,467.0	1,127.4	370.7	712.7	436.8	69.7	-1,339.6	-756.7	342.0	-275.9	-367.1
Of which: <sup>2</sup>												
Extended Unemployment Benefits	19	(L)	1.3	(L)	(L)	0.1	(L)	(L)	(L)	(L)	(L)	(L)
Pandemic Emergency Unemployment Compensation	20	26.9	89.6	81.8	116.1	77.0	2.5	62.7	-7.8	34.2	-39.1	-74.5
Pandemic Unemployment Assistance	21	132.9	144.0	138.7	85.8	58.0	0.4	11.1	-5.3	-52.9	-27.8	-57.6
Pandemic Unemployment Compensation Payments	22	1,767.6	558.9	5.3	421.4	228.2	4.7	-1,208.7	-553.6	416.1	-193.2	-223.5
All other personal current transfer receipts	23	11,163.8	4,472.7	3,992.4	16,113.6	6,407.9	6,199.0	-6,691.2	-480.3	12,121.2	-9,705.6	-208.9
Of which:												
Child tax credit <sup>3</sup>	24	189.5	189.5	189.5	216.6	216.6	1,378.0	0.0	0.0	27.0	0.0	1,161.5
Economic impact payments <sup>4</sup>	25	6,361.2	91.6	29.7	11,679.5	1,752.2	235.0	-6,269.6	-61.9	11,649.7	-9,927.3	-1,517.2
Lost wages supplemental payments <sup>5</sup>	26	0.0	171.7	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.0	171.7	-171.7	0.0	0.3	-0.3
Paycheck Protection Program loans to NPISH <sup>6</sup>	27	176.6	272.1	81.8	23.4	53.5	30.3	95.5	-190.3	-58.4	30.1	-23.2
Provider Relief Fund to NPISH <sup>7</sup>	28	709.0	92.3	69.5	147.1	91.4	128.5	-616.7	-22.8	77.6	-55.7	37.1
Components of earnings by place of work												
Wages and salaries	29	36,532.0	38,388.9	40,377.8	41,263.3	42,328.2	43,399.6	1,856.9	1,988.8	885.5	1,064.9	1,071.4
Supplements to wages and salaries	30	8,935.9	9,277.5	9,606.2	9,832.3	9,948.6	10,066.5	341.7	328.6	226.2	116.3	117.9
Employer contributions for employee pension and insurance funds	31	5,776.2	5,974.8	6,167.9	6,265.7	6,301.8	6,340.4	198.5	193.1	97.8	36.1	38.6
Employer contributions for government social insurance	32	3,159.6	3,302.8	3,438.2	3,566.6	3,646.8	3,726.1	143.1	135.5	128.4	80.2	79.3
Proprietors' income	33	8,981.9	10,504.5	11,403.4	10,296.1	11,029.8	10,754.1	1,522.6	899.0	-1,107.3	733.7	-275.7
Farm proprietors' income	34	1,918.3	2,957.3	3,375.0	2,094.6	2,676.8	2,316.2	1,039.0	417.7	-1,280.3	582.2	-360.6
Of which:												
Coronavirus Food Assistance Program <sup>8</sup>	35	320.8	481.1	923.2	10.8	168.3	100.5	160.3	442.1	-912.4	157.5	-67.8
Paycheck Protection Program loans to businesses <sup>6</sup>	36	159.8	227.0	68.2	39.7	94.7	58.7	67.2	-158.8	-28.5	54.9	-35.9
Nonfarm proprietors' income	37	7,063.6	7,547.2	8,028.4	8,201.5	8,353.0	8,437.9	483.5	481.3	173.0	151.5	84.9
Of which:												
Paycheck Protection Program loans to businesses <sup>6</sup>	38	1,142.8	609.2	459.4	276.4	639.9	396.9	-533.6	-149.8	-182.9	363.4	-242.9

CARES -Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security

NPISH -Nonprofit institutions serving households

(L) Less than \$50,000.

1. A two percent reduction in reimbursements paid to Medicare service providers that went into effect in 2013 was initially suspended by the CARES Act. The resulting increased reimbursement rates went into effect beginning on May 1, 2020.
2. Unemployment insurance benefits were expanded through several programs that were initially established through the CARES Act. For more information, see How will the expansion of unemployment benefits in response to the COVID-19 pandemic be recorded in the NIPAs?
3. The American Rescue Plan increased the Child Tax Credit to \$3,000 per child over the age of six and \$3,600 for children under the age of six, and raised the age limit from 16 to 17. It also authorized that up to half of these credits could be distributed through advance payments during the tax year, while the rest would be claimed when parents file tax returns the following year.
4. Economic impact payments, initially established by the CARES Act, provide direct payments to individuals. For more information, see How are federal economic impact payments to support individuals during the COVID-19 pandemic recorded in the NIPAs?
5. The Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) was authorized to make payments from the Disaster Relief Fund to supplement wages lost as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic.
6. The Paycheck Protection Program, initially established by the CARES Act, provides forgivable loans to help small businesses and nonprofit institutions make payroll and cover other expenses. It also provides funding to reimburse private lending institutions for the costs of administering these loans. For more information, see How does the Paycheck Protection Program impact the national income and product accounts (NIPAs)?
7. The Department of Health and Human Services distributes money from the Provider Relief Fund to hospitals and health care providers on the front lines of the coronavirus response. This funding supports health care-related expenses or lost revenue attributable to COVID-19 and ensures uninsured Americans can get treatment for COVID-19. In the NIPAs, funds provided to nonprofit hospitals are recorded as social benefits.
8. The Coronavirus Food Assistance Program, initially established by the CARES Act, provides direct support to farmers and ranchers where prices and market supply chains have been impacted by the COVID-19 pandemic.

Note: BEA state per capita personal income statistics are calculated using unpublished Census Bureau midyear population estimates. These midquarter estimates are based on the 2010 census. BEA will incorporate Census Bureau population estimates based on the 2020 census results when they become available. Data on this table will be superseded by updated estimates. Regional estimates were controlled to the update to the National accounts released [November 24, 2021](#).

Source: U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis

Last updated: February 3, 2022.

Note: Reposted Feb. 3, 2022, to correct state personal income statistics for the third quarter of 2021 back to the first quarter of 2016 due to a data processing error involving industry wage estimates. For more information, see the [technical note](#).

**Illinois**  
**Effects of Selected Federal Pandemic Response Programs on State Personal Income, 2021Q3**  
(Millions of dollars, seasonally adjusted at annual rates)

	Line	Levels						Change from preceding period				
		2020			2021			2020		2021		
		Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3
Personal income (millions of dollars)	1	816,601.9	799,112.4	791,017.8	883,844.9	836,600.9	845,191.7	-17,489.5	-8,094.6	92,827.0	-47,243.9	8,590.8
Nonfarm personal income	2	812,154.0	794,098.9	782,901.3	875,908.7	823,835.2	833,257.9	-18,055.1	-11,197.7	93,007.5	-52,073.5	9,422.6
Farm income	3	4,447.9	5,013.5	8,116.6	7,936.2	12,765.7	11,933.9	565.6	3,103.1	-180.4	4,829.5	-831.9
Population (persons)	4	12,600,937.0	12,578,779.0	12,559,673.0	12,534,991.0	12,511,672.0	12,492,593.0	-22,158.0	-19,106.0	-24,682.0	-23,319.0	-19,079.0
Per capita personal income (dollars)	5	64,805	63,529	62,981	70,510	66,866	67,655	-1,276	-548	7,529	-3,644	789
Derivation of personal income												
Earnings by place of work	6	515,999.2	548,362.1	561,605.9	570,631.0	587,850.2	600,119.3	32,362.9	13,243.8	9,025.1	17,219.2	12,269.2
Less: Contributions for government social insurance	7	55,825.0	57,440.4	58,736.7	60,390.9	61,276.0	62,689.7	1,615.5	1,296.3	1,654.1	885.1	1,413.7
Employee and self-employed contributions for government social insurance	8	30,269.2	31,102.3	31,879.0	32,711.7	33,098.1	33,805.9	833.1	776.7	832.7	386.4	707.8
Employer contributions for government social insurance	9	25,555.7	26,338.1	26,857.7	27,679.1	28,177.9	28,883.8	782.4	519.6	821.4	498.7	705.9
Plus: Adjustment for residence	10	-3,861.0	-3,921.0	-4,001.9	-4,172.0	-4,221.4	-4,346.7	-60.0	-80.9	-170.1	-49.4	-125.3
Equals: Net earnings by place of residence	11	456,313.2	487,000.7	498,867.3	506,068.1	522,352.8	533,083.0	30,687.5	11,866.6	7,200.8	16,284.7	10,730.2
Plus: Dividends, interest, and rent	12	151,451.3	149,157.7	151,266.5	151,048.6	152,334.8	153,274.3	-2,293.6	2,108.8	-217.9	1,286.2	939.5
Plus: Personal current transfer receipts	13	208,837.4	162,954.1	140,884.1	226,728.2	161,913.3	158,834.4	-45,883.3	-22,070.0	85,844.1	-64,814.9	-3,078.9
Social Security	14	39,529.0	39,677.5	39,932.1	40,468.9	40,571.6	40,803.4	148.5	254.6	536.8	102.7	231.8
Medicare	15	30,491.9	30,626.7	30,455.9	30,228.5	30,266.1	30,640.1	134.8	-170.8	-227.4	37.6	374.0
Of which:												
Increase in Medicare reimbursement rates <sup>1</sup>	16	357.4	535.1	531.1	527.1	523.4	530.8	177.7	-4.0	-4.0	-3.7	7.4
Medicaid	17	24,617.1	26,314.9	27,609.4	27,473.0	28,023.9	32,402.9	1,697.7	1,294.5	-136.4	551.0	4,379.0
State unemployment insurance	18	36,081.0	29,061.1	14,185.4	25,906.2	20,682.5	14,629.7	-7,019.9	-14,875.6	11,720.7	-5,223.6	-6,052.9
Of which: <sup>2</sup>												
Extended Unemployment Benefits	19	7.5	217.0	617.1	1,540.9	18.4	233.4	209.4	400.1	923.8	-1,522.4	215.0
Pandemic Emergency Unemployment Compensation	20	314.2	666.3	3,661.7	3,994.1	5,272.3	3,955.2	352.1	2,995.4	332.4	1,278.2	-1,317.1
Pandemic Unemployment Assistance	21	1,391.5	3,632.3	4,887.7	4,561.9	2,682.0	1,754.3	2,240.8	1,255.4	-325.8	-1,879.9	-927.7
Pandemic Unemployment Compensation Payments	22	22,055.2	15,647.8	1,383.4	13,152.4	10,394.0	6,767.0	-6,407.3	-14,264.4	11,769.0	-2,758.5	-3,627.0
All other personal current transfer receipts	23	78,118.4	37,273.9	28,701.2	102,651.6	42,369.1	40,358.3	-40,844.4	-8,572.7	73,950.4	-60,282.5	-2,010.8
Of which:												
Child tax credit <sup>3</sup>	24	1,108.3	1,108.3	1,108.3	1,253.8	1,253.8	7,978.4	0.0	0.0	145.5	0.0	6,724.6
Economic impact payments <sup>4</sup>	25	40,096.6	578.3	187.6	71,857.4	10,780.3	1,445.5	-39,518.3	-390.7	71,669.9	-61,077.1	-9,334.7
Lost wages supplemental payments <sup>5</sup>	26	0.0	4,288.1	685.1	50.8	11.5	2.0	4,288.1	-3,603.0	-634.3	-39.3	-9.4
Paycheck Protection Program loans to NPISH <sup>6</sup>	27	4,083.7	1,967.3	591.2	508.8	1,163.5	659.5	-2,116.4	-1,376.2	-82.4	654.8	-504.0
Provider Relief Fund to NPISH <sup>7</sup>	28	7,757.1	4,314.8	1,130.9	2,225.0	1,382.9	1,944.3	-3,442.2	-3,184.0	1,094.2	-842.2	561.5
Components of earnings by place of work												
Wages and salaries	29	377,139.1	392,234.5	405,601.9	411,938.5	419,862.2	431,726.3	15,095.4	13,367.4	6,336.6	7,923.7	11,864.1
Supplements to wages and salaries	30	86,096.0	88,753.4	90,765.6	92,299.7	92,380.8	93,663.6	2,657.4	2,012.2	1,534.1	81.1	1,282.8
Employer contributions for employee pension and insurance funds	31	60,540.2	62,415.2	63,907.9	64,620.6	64,202.9	64,779.8	1,875.0	1,492.7	712.7	-417.6	576.9
Employer contributions for government social insurance	32	25,555.7	26,338.1	26,857.7	27,679.1	28,177.9	28,883.8	782.4	519.6	821.4	498.7	705.9
Proprietors' income	33	52,764.1	67,374.3	65,238.4	66,392.7	75,607.1	74,729.4	14,610.1	-2,135.9	1,154.3	9,214.4	-877.7
Farm proprietors' income	34	3,966.8	4,529.2	7,624.5	7,433.5	12,253.1	11,416.0	562.4	3,095.3	-191.0	4,819.6	-837.1
Of which:												
Coronavirus Food Assistance Program <sup>8</sup>	35	800.7	880.0	2,756.1	5.1	1,126.0	728.2	79.3	1,876.2	-2,751.0	1,120.8	-397.8
Paycheck Protection Program loans to businesses <sup>6</sup>	36	271.2	385.3	115.8	340.4	797.5	494.7	114.0	-269.5	224.6	457.1	-302.8
Nonfarm proprietors' income	37	48,797.3	62,845.1	57,613.9	58,959.2	63,354.1	63,313.4	14,047.8	-5,231.2	1,345.4	4,394.8	-40.6
Of which:												
Paycheck Protection Program loans to businesses <sup>6</sup>	38	5,250.4	12,841.0	2,859.2	4,072.9	9,427.0	5,847.6	7,590.6	-9,981.9	1,213.7	5,354.0	-3,579.4

CARES -Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security

NPISH -Nonprofit institutions serving households

1. A two percent reduction in reimbursements paid to Medicare service providers that went into effect in 2013 was initially suspended by the CARES Act. The resulting increased reimbursement rates went into effect beginning on May 1, 2020.

2. Unemployment insurance benefits were expanded through several programs that were initially established through the CARES Act. For more information, see How will the expansion of unemployment benefits in response to the COVID-19 pandemic be recorded in the NIPAs?

3. The American Rescue Plan increased the Child Tax Credit to \$3,000 per child over the age of six and \$3,600 for children under the age of six, and raised the age limit from 16 to 17. It also authorized that up to half of these credits could be distributed through advance payments during the tax year, while the rest would be claimed when parents file tax returns the following year.

4. Economic impact payments, initially established by the CARES Act, provide direct payments to individuals. For more information, see How are federal economic impact payments to support individuals during the COVID-19 pandemic recorded in the NIPAs?

5. The Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) was authorized to make payments from the Disaster Relief Fund to supplement wages lost as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic.

6. The Paycheck Protection Program, initially established by the CARES Act, provides forgivable loans to help small businesses and nonprofit institutions make payroll and cover other expenses. It also provides funding to reimburse private lending institutions for the costs of administering these loans. For more information, see How does the Paycheck Protection Program impact the national income and product accounts (NIPAs)?

7. The Department of Health and Human Services distributes money from the Provider Relief Fund to hospitals and health care providers on the front lines of the coronavirus response. This funding supports health care-related expenses or lost revenue attributable to COVID-19 and ensures uninsured Americans can get treatment for COVID-19. In the NIPAs, funds provided to nonprofit hospitals are recorded as social benefits.

8. The Coronavirus Food Assistance Program, initially established by the CARES Act, provides direct support to farmers and ranchers where prices and market supply chains have been impacted by the COVID-19 pandemic.

Note: BEA state per capita personal income statistics are calculated using unpublished Census Bureau midyear population estimates. These midquarter estimates are based on the 2010 census. BEA will incorporate Census Bureau population estimates based on the 2020 census results when they become available. Data on this table will be superseded by updated estimates. Regional estimates were controlled to the update to the National accounts released [November 24, 2021](#).

Source: U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis

Last updated: February 3, 2022.

Note: Reposted Feb. 3, 2022, to correct state personal income statistics for the third quarter of 2021 back to the first quarter of 2016 due to a data processing error involving industry wage estimates. For more information, see the [technical note](#).

**Indiana**  
**Effects of Selected Federal Pandemic Response Programs on State Personal Income, 2021Q3**  
(Millions of dollars, seasonally adjusted at annual rates)

	Line	Levels						Change from preceding period				
		2020			2021			2020		2021		
		Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3
Personal income (millions of dollars)	1	362,302.1	350,684.6	352,279.6	401,545.0	372,444.1	376,521.7	-11,617.5	1,595.0	49,265.4	-29,100.8	4,077.6
Nonfarm personal income	2	360,105.3	347,894.6	347,720.7	397,289.1	365,786.1	370,179.7	-12,210.7	-173.9	49,568.5	-31,503.1	4,393.7
Farm income	3	2,196.8	2,790.0	4,558.9	4,255.8	6,658.1	6,342.0	593.2	1,768.9	-303.1	2,402.3	-316.1
Population (persons)	4	6,753,337.0	6,758,180.0	6,763,974.0	6,767,021.0	6,771,473.0	6,777,901.0	4,843.0	5,794.0	3,047.0	4,452.0	6,428.0
Per capita personal income (dollars)	5	53,648	51,890	52,082	59,339	55,002	55,551	-1,758	192	7,257	-4,337	549
Derivation of personal income												
Earnings by place of work	6	219,565.4	237,911.6	246,696.3	249,404.3	256,588.6	261,901.0	18,346.2	8,784.7	2,708.0	7,184.3	5,312.4
Less: Contributions for government social insurance	7	25,903.4	27,526.1	28,271.7	29,040.1	29,570.2	30,210.5	1,622.6	745.6	768.4	530.0	640.3
Employee and self-employed contributions for government social insurance	8	14,189.0	15,064.9	15,490.2	15,848.6	16,129.9	16,464.0	875.9	425.3	358.4	281.3	334.0
Employer contributions for government social insurance	9	11,714.4	12,461.2	12,781.5	13,191.5	13,440.2	13,746.5	746.8	320.3	410.1	248.7	306.3
Plus: Adjustment for residence	10	7,388.4	7,651.6	7,872.4	7,958.5	8,062.2	8,272.2	263.2	220.8	86.1	103.7	210.0
Equals: Net earnings by place of residence	11	201,050.4	218,037.1	226,297.0	228,322.6	235,080.6	239,962.7	16,986.7	8,259.9	2,025.7	6,758.0	4,882.0
Plus: Dividends, interest, and rent	12	52,886.0	52,157.8	52,815.8	52,793.7	53,211.4	53,594.2	-728.2	658.0	-22.1	417.7	382.8
Plus: Personal current transfer receipts	13	108,365.7	80,489.7	73,166.8	120,428.6	84,152.1	82,964.8	-27,876.0	-7,322.9	47,261.8	-36,276.5	-1,187.3
Social Security	14	24,177.0	24,282.5	24,453.4	24,805.2	24,872.5	25,024.3	105.5	170.9	351.7	67.3	151.9
Medicare	15	16,802.9	16,883.4	16,787.7	16,655.2	16,677.3	16,895.1	80.5	-95.7	-132.5	22.1	217.9
Of which:												
Increase in Medicare reimbursement rates <sup>1</sup>	16	196.9	294.9	292.6	290.4	288.4	292.5	97.9	-2.2	-2.2	-2.0	4.1
Medicaid	17	14,330.3	15,577.4	15,368.5	16,061.3	16,520.6	18,321.0	1,247.1	-208.8	692.8	459.3	1,800.3
State unemployment insurance	18	13,603.1	7,532.8	2,892.4	6,519.0	5,198.4	3,143.4	-6,070.4	-4,640.4	3,626.6	-1,320.6	-2,055.0
Of which: <sup>2</sup>												
Extended Unemployment Benefits	19	0.0	28.6	28.4	1.4	0.1	0.1	28.6	-0.2	-27.0	-1.3	0.0
Pandemic Emergency Unemployment Compensation	20	63.3	108.1	609.5	908.9	761.0	525.9	44.8	501.3	299.4	-147.8	-235.1
Pandemic Unemployment Assistance	21	738.3	854.3	1,069.8	1,171.1	971.7	534.9	116.0	215.5	101.3	-199.4	-436.8
Pandemic Unemployment Compensation Payments	22	9,365.9	4,515.0	388.6	3,932.8	3,012.9	1,696.8	-4,850.8	-4,126.4	3,544.2	-920.0	-1,316.0
All other personal current transfer receipts	23	39,452.5	16,213.7	13,664.8	56,387.9	20,883.4	19,581.0	-23,238.8	-2,548.9	42,723.1	-35,504.5	-1,302.4
Of which:												
Child tax credit <sup>3</sup>	24	633.1	633.1	633.1	731.2	731.2	4,653.0	0.0	0.0	98.2	0.0	3,921.8
Economic impact payments <sup>4</sup>	25	23,282.1	335.2	108.7	42,165.2	6,325.8	848.2	-22,946.8	-226.5	42,056.5	-35,839.4	-5,477.5
Lost wages supplemental payments <sup>5</sup>	26	0.0	1,227.2	253.4	26.6	14.9	1.7	1,227.2	-973.8	-226.8	-11.7	-13.2
Paycheck Protection Program loans to NPISH <sup>6</sup>	27	673.7	1,263.7	379.7	159.2	364.1	206.4	590.0	-884.0	-220.5	204.9	-157.7
Provider Relief Fund to NPISH <sup>7</sup>	28	3,072.6	957.1	485.5	761.6	473.3	665.5	-2,115.5	-471.6	276.1	-288.3	192.2
Components of earnings by place of work												
Wages and salaries	29	152,810.8	163,492.5	169,227.9	171,370.8	175,685.6	180,524.4	10,681.8	5,735.4	2,142.9	4,314.8	4,838.9
Supplements to wages and salaries	30	36,599.3	38,968.2	39,952.5	40,870.0	41,143.4	41,633.9	2,369.0	984.2	917.5	273.4	490.5
Employer contributions for employee pension and insurance funds	31	24,884.9	26,507.1	27,171.0	27,678.5	27,703.2	27,887.4	1,622.2	663.9	507.5	24.7	184.3
Employer contributions for government social insurance	32	11,714.4	12,461.2	12,781.5	13,191.5	13,440.2	13,746.5	746.8	320.3	410.1	248.7	306.3
Proprietors' income	33	30,155.4	35,450.8	37,515.9	37,163.5	39,759.6	39,742.6	5,295.5	2,065.0	-352.4	2,596.1	-17.0
Farm proprietors' income	34	1,837.4	2,429.6	4,193.4	3,882.5	6,277.0	5,956.7	592.3	1,763.8	-311.0	2,394.5	-320.3
Of which:												
Coronavirus Food Assistance Program <sup>8</sup>	35	434.0	426.9	1,450.1	0.0	600.7	383.9	-7.1	1,023.2	-1,450.1	600.7	-216.9
Paycheck Protection Program loans to businesses <sup>6</sup>	36	117.2	166.5	50.0	119.5	275.8	171.1	49.3	-116.5	69.5	156.2	-104.7
Nonfarm proprietors' income	37	28,318.0	33,021.2	33,322.4	33,281.0	33,482.6	33,785.9	4,703.2	301.2	-41.4	201.6	303.3
Of which:												
Paycheck Protection Program loans to businesses <sup>6</sup>	38	3,016.6	3,614.3	1,351.7	1,114.6	2,579.7	1,600.2	597.6	-2,262.6	-237.1	1,465.2	-979.5

CARES -Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security

NPISH -Nonprofit institutions serving households

1. A two percent reduction in reimbursements paid to Medicare service providers that went into effect in 2013 was initially suspended by the CARES Act. The resulting increased reimbursement rates went into effect beginning on May 1, 2020.
2. Unemployment insurance benefits were expanded through several programs that were initially established through the CARES Act. For more information, see [How will the expansion of unemployment benefits in response to the COVID-19 pandemic be recorded in the NIPAs?](#)
3. The American Rescue Plan increased the Child Tax Credit to \$3,000 per child over the age of six and \$3,600 for children under the age of six, and raised the age limit from 16 to 17. It also authorized that up to half of these credits could be distributed through advance payments during the tax year, while the rest would be claimed when parents file tax returns the following year.
4. Economic impact payments, initially established by the CARES Act, provide direct payments to individuals. For more information, see [How are federal economic impact payments to support individuals during the COVID-19 pandemic recorded in the NIPAs?](#)
5. The Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) was authorized to make payments from the Disaster Relief Fund to supplement wages lost as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic.
6. The Paycheck Protection Program, initially established by the CARES Act, provides forgivable loans to help small businesses and nonprofit institutions make payroll and cover other expenses. It also provides funding to reimburse private lending institutions for the costs of administering these loans. For more information, see [How does the Paycheck Protection Program impact the national income and product accounts \(NIPAs\)?](#)
7. The Department of Health and Human Services distributes money from the Provider Relief Fund to hospitals and health care providers on the front lines of the coronavirus response. This funding supports health care-related expenses or lost revenue attributable to COVID-19 and ensures uninsured Americans can get treatment for COVID-19. In the NIPAs, funds provided to nonprofit hospitals are recorded as social benefits.
8. The Coronavirus Food Assistance Program, initially established by the CARES Act, provides direct support to farmers and ranchers where prices and market supply chains have been impacted by the COVID-19 pandemic.

Note: BEA state per capita personal income statistics are calculated using unpublished Census Bureau midyear population estimates. These midquarter estimates are based on the 2010 census. BEA will incorporate Census Bureau population estimates based on the 2020 census results when they become available. Data on this table will be superseded by updated estimates. Regional estimates were controlled to the update to the National accounts released [November 24, 2021](#).

Source: U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis

Last updated: February 3, 2022.



Note: Reposted Feb. 3, 2022, to correct state personal income statistics for the third quarter of 2021 back to the first quarter of 2016 due to a data processing error involving industry wage estimates. For more information, see the [technical note](#).

Iowa

Effects of Selected Federal Pandemic Response Programs on State Personal Income, 2021Q3

(Millions of dollars, seasonally adjusted at annual rates)

	Line	Levels						Change from preceding period				
		2020			2021			2020		2021		
		Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3
Personal income (millions of dollars)	1	177,609.2	166,848.6	170,178.7	190,195.4	180,113.0	179,749.4	-10,760.6	3,330.1	20,016.7	-10,082.4	-363.6
Nonfarm personal income	2	175,853.4	164,099.2	163,536.2	185,577.3	170,744.7	171,516.6	-11,754.2	-563.0	22,041.1	-14,832.6	771.9
Farm income	3	1,755.8	2,749.4	6,642.5	4,618.1	9,368.3	8,232.8	993.6	3,893.1	-2,024.4	4,750.2	-1,135.5
Population (persons)	4	3,163,732.0	3,164,061.0	3,164,703.0	3,164,178.0	3,164,353.0	3,165,418.0	329.0	642.0	-525.0	175.0	1,065.0
Per capita personal income (dollars)	5	56,139	52,732	53,774	60,109	56,919	56,785	-3,407	1,042	6,335	-3,190	-134
Derivation of personal income												
Earnings by place of work	6	107,598.0	112,604.9	119,882.6	118,570.8	125,002.4	126,614.5	5,006.9	7,277.7	-1,311.8	6,431.6	1,612.1
Less: Contributions for government social insurance	7	13,504.9	13,782.9	14,099.4	14,390.8	14,526.7	14,840.3	277.9	316.6	291.3	135.9	313.6
Employee and self-employed contributions for government social insurance	8	7,313.5	7,461.2	7,636.6	7,780.7	7,842.8	8,001.8	147.7	175.4	144.2	62.0	159.0
Employer contributions for government social insurance	9	6,191.4	6,321.7	6,462.9	6,610.0	6,683.9	6,838.6	130.2	141.2	147.2	73.9	154.6
Plus: Adjustment for residence	10	1,585.5	1,658.9	1,747.8	1,758.9	1,806.2	1,826.0	73.3	88.9	11.1	47.3	19.8
Equals: Net earnings by place of residence	11	95,678.6	100,480.9	107,530.9	105,938.9	112,281.8	113,600.2	4,802.3	7,050.0	-1,592.0	6,342.9	1,318.3
Plus: Dividends, interest, and rent	12	30,473.8	30,003.5	30,371.9	30,285.6	30,522.8	30,724.4	-470.4	368.4	-86.3	237.3	201.6
Plus: Personal current transfer receipts	13	51,456.8	36,364.3	32,275.9	53,971.0	37,308.3	35,424.8	-15,092.5	-4,088.4	21,695.1	-16,662.6	-1,883.5
Social Security	14	11,315.9	11,369.3	11,453.7	11,625.3	11,658.1	11,732.2	53.4	84.4	171.6	32.8	74.1
Medicare	15	7,422.2	7,459.4	7,418.8	7,361.8	7,371.2	7,465.1	37.1	-40.5	-57.1	9.5	93.8
Of which:												
Increase in Medicare reimbursement rates <sup>1</sup>	16	87.0	130.3	129.3	128.3	127.4	129.2	43.3	-1.0	-1.0	-0.9	1.8
Medicaid	17	5,405.2	5,783.5	5,501.1	5,617.6	6,019.3	6,465.1	378.3	-282.3	116.5	401.6	445.8
State unemployment insurance	18	7,262.5	3,561.6	1,515.8	2,723.8	2,054.8	419.0	-3,701.0	-2,045.7	1,208.0	-669.0	-1,635.8
Of which: <sup>2</sup>												
Extended Unemployment Benefits	19	0.0	32.2	36.9	0.7	1.3	0.3	32.2	4.7	-36.2	0.6	-1.0
Pandemic Emergency Unemployment Compensation	20	56.5	233.3	439.1	254.6	321.6	9.5	176.8	205.8	-184.5	67.0	-312.1
Pandemic Unemployment Assistance	21	215.5	232.7	228.9	248.8	176.0	6.9	17.1	-3.8	19.9	-72.8	-169.2
Pandemic Unemployment Compensation Payments	22	4,688.9	1,673.2	234.6	1,791.7	1,144.2	27.2	-3,015.7	-1,438.6	1,557.1	-647.5	-1,117.1
All other personal current transfer receipts	23	20,050.9	8,190.5	6,386.4	26,642.5	10,204.9	9,343.5	-11,860.4	-1,804.1	20,256.1	-16,437.6	-861.4
Of which:												
Child tax credit <sup>3</sup>	24	256.5	256.5	256.5	295.5	295.5	1,880.6	0.0	0.0	39.0	0.0	1,585.1
Economic impact payments <sup>4</sup>	25	10,985.1	158.1	51.3	19,681.5	2,952.7	395.9	-10,827.0	-106.8	19,630.2	-16,728.8	-2,556.8
Lost wages supplemental payments <sup>5</sup>	26	0.0	597.8	29.5	5.0	3.0	0.6	597.8	-568.4	-24.5	-2.0	-2.4
Paycheck Protection Program loans to NPISH <sup>6</sup>	27	1,010.3	944.9	284.0	105.0	240.0	136.1	-65.3	-661.0	-179.0	135.1	-104.0
Provider Relief Fund to NPISH <sup>7</sup>	28	2,209.5	666.9	226.0	523.5	325.3	457.4	-1,542.6	-440.9	297.5	-198.1	132.1
Components of earnings by place of work												
Wages and salaries	29	77,267.1	79,610.3	82,111.7	82,805.8	84,076.8	86,354.4	2,343.2	2,501.4	694.1	1,271.0	2,277.6
Supplements to wages and salaries	30	19,818.8	20,321.3	20,763.2	21,000.0	20,991.4	21,276.4	502.5	441.9	236.8	-8.5	285.0
Employer contributions for employee pension and insurance funds	31	13,627.3	13,999.6	14,300.3	14,389.9	14,307.5	14,437.8	372.3	300.7	89.6	-82.4	130.3
Employer contributions for government social insurance	32	6,191.4	6,321.7	6,462.9	6,610.0	6,683.9	6,838.6	130.2	141.2	147.2	73.9	154.6
Proprietors' income	33	10,512.1	12,673.3	17,007.7	14,765.0	19,934.2	18,983.7	2,161.2	4,334.4	-2,242.7	5,169.2	-950.5
Farm proprietors' income	34	1,140.8	2,129.0	6,011.6	3,973.7	8,711.2	7,569.2	988.2	3,882.6	-2,038.0	4,737.6	-1,142.0
Of which:												
Coronavirus Food Assistance Program <sup>8</sup>	35	1,791.7	1,582.5	4,026.7	0.0	1,189.7	788.0	-209.2	2,444.1	-4,026.7	1,189.7	-401.7
Paycheck Protection Program loans to businesses <sup>6</sup>	36	260.2	369.7	111.1	532.2	1,203.8	746.7	109.4	-258.6	421.1	671.6	-457.1
Nonfarm proprietors' income	37	9,371.2	10,544.3	10,996.0	10,791.3	11,222.9	11,414.4	1,173.0	451.8	-204.7	431.6	191.5
Of which:												
Paycheck Protection Program loans to businesses <sup>6</sup>	38	955.8	1,067.8	637.1	553.4	1,280.9	794.6	112.0	-430.8	-83.7	727.5	-486.3

CARES -Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security

NPISH -Nonprofit institutions serving households

1. A two percent reduction in reimbursements paid to Medicare service providers that went into effect in 2013 was initially suspended by the CARES Act. The resulting increased reimbursement rates went into effect beginning on May 1, 2020.
2. Unemployment insurance benefits were expanded through several programs that were initially established through the CARES Act. For more information, see How will the expansion of unemployment benefits in response to the COVID-19 pandemic be recorded in the NIPAs?
3. The American Rescue Plan increased the Child Tax Credit to \$3,000 per child over the age of six and \$3,600 for children under the age of six, and raised the age limit from 16 to 17. It also authorized that up to half of these credits could be distributed through advance payments during the tax year, while the rest would be claimed when parents file tax returns the following year.
4. Economic impact payments, initially established by the CARES Act, provide direct payments to individuals. For more information, see How are federal economic impact payments to support individuals during the COVID-19 pandemic recorded in the NIPAs?
5. The Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) was authorized to make payments from the Disaster Relief Fund to supplement wages lost as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic.
6. The Paycheck Protection Program, initially established by the CARES Act, provides forgivable loans to help small businesses and nonprofit institutions make payroll and cover other expenses. It also provides funding to reimburse private lending institutions for the costs of administering these loans. For more information, see How does the Paycheck Protection Program impact the national income and product accounts (NIPAs)?
7. The Department of Health and Human Services distributes money from the Provider Relief Fund to hospitals and health care providers on the front lines of the coronavirus response. This funding supports health care-related expenses or lost revenue attributable to COVID-19 and ensures uninsured Americans can get treatment for COVID-19. In the NIPAs, funds provided to nonprofit hospitals are recorded as social benefits.
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Note: BEA state per capita personal income statistics are calculated using unpublished Census Bureau midyear population estimates. These midquarter estimates are based on the 2010 census. BEA will incorporate Census Bureau population estimates based on the 2020 census results when they become available. Data on this table will be superseded by updated estimates. Regional estimates were controlled to the update to the National accounts released [November 24, 2021](#).

Source: U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis

Last updated: February 3, 2022.

Note: Reposted Feb. 3, 2022, to correct state personal income statistics for the third quarter of 2021 back to the first quarter of 2016 due to a data processing error involving industry wage estimates. For more information, see the [technical note](#).

**Kansas**  
**Effects of Selected Federal Pandemic Response Programs on State Personal Income, 2021Q3**  
(Millions of dollars, seasonally adjusted at annual rates)

	Line	Levels						Change from preceding period				
		2020			2021			2020		2021		
		Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3
Personal income (millions of dollars)	1	170,490.9	160,906.2	164,614.0	180,596.3	171,373.5	172,046.0	-9,584.7	3,707.8	15,982.3	-9,222.7	672.5
Nonfarm personal income	2	169,088.6	158,708.2	159,927.0	177,270.0	164,837.8	166,402.7	-10,380.4	1,218.9	17,343.0	-12,432.2	1,564.9
Farm income	3	1,402.3	2,198.0	4,686.9	3,326.3	6,535.8	5,643.3	795.7	2,488.9	-1,360.7	3,209.5	-892.5
Population (persons)	4	2,914,318.0	2,914,230.0	2,914,698.0	2,913,752.0	2,913,307.0	2,913,897.0	-88.0	468.0	-946.0	-445.0	590.0
Per capita personal income (dollars)	5	58,501	55,214	56,477	61,981	58,824	59,043	-3,287	1,263	5,504	-3,157	219
Derivation of personal income												
Earnings by place of work	6	106,784.8	111,775.5	117,709.4	115,797.2	120,942.1	121,943.1	4,990.7	5,933.9	-1,912.3	5,145.0	1,001.0
Less: Contributions for government social insurance	7	12,412.3	12,759.9	12,988.2	13,097.2	13,290.0	13,462.6	347.6	228.3	109.0	192.8	172.6
Employee and self-employed contributions for government social insurance	8	6,738.7	6,925.1	7,058.0	7,100.8	7,192.2	7,273.4	186.4	132.9	42.9	91.4	81.2
Employer contributions for government social insurance	9	5,673.7	5,834.8	5,930.2	5,996.4	6,097.8	6,189.2	161.2	95.4	66.2	101.4	91.4
Plus: Adjustment for residence	10	1,281.7	1,358.5	1,487.8	1,599.4	1,574.2	1,694.7	76.8	129.3	111.6	-25.2	120.5
Equals: Net earnings by place of residence	11	95,654.1	100,374.1	106,209.0	104,299.3	109,226.3	110,175.2	4,720.0	5,834.9	-1,909.7	4,927.0	948.9
Plus: Dividends, interest, and rent	12	30,281.8	29,907.0	30,187.8	30,148.3	30,335.4	30,497.3	-374.8	280.8	-39.5	187.1	161.9
Plus: Personal current transfer receipts	13	44,555.0	30,625.1	28,217.2	46,148.7	31,811.9	31,373.6	-13,929.9	-2,408.0	17,931.5	-14,336.8	-438.3
Social Security	14	9,893.6	9,943.9	10,022.1	10,179.9	10,210.1	10,278.3	50.3	78.2	157.8	30.2	68.1
Medicare	15	6,749.6	6,784.2	6,746.9	6,693.7	6,702.6	6,790.1	34.6	-37.3	-53.2	8.9	87.5
Of which:												
Increase in Medicare reimbursement rates <sup>1</sup>	16	79.1	118.5	117.6	116.7	115.9	117.5	39.3	-0.9	-0.9	-0.8	1.6
Medicaid	17	3,786.4	3,991.8	3,848.6	3,901.4	4,060.0	4,234.7	205.4	-143.2	52.9	158.6	174.7
State unemployment insurance	18	5,301.0	3,354.1	1,045.9	945.0	1,137.7	832.1	-1,946.9	-2,308.2	-100.9	192.7	-305.5
Of which: <sup>2</sup>												
Extended Unemployment Benefits	19	0.0	8.3	37.1	2.6	1.3	1.7	8.3	28.8	-34.6	-1.2	0.3
Pandemic Emergency Unemployment Compensation	20	11.0	93.7	337.0	169.4	285.1	205.8	82.7	243.3	-167.5	115.7	-79.3
Pandemic Unemployment Assistance	21	267.8	293.7	110.4	29.8	61.1	41.0	25.9	-183.3	-80.6	31.4	-20.2
Pandemic Unemployment Compensation Payments	22	3,198.0	1,691.5	15.3	406.9	491.5	303.3	-1,506.5	-1,676.1	391.6	84.6	-188.3
All other personal current transfer receipts	23	18,824.3	6,551.1	6,553.6	24,428.6	9,701.5	9,238.4	-12,273.3	2.6	17,875.0	-14,727.1	-463.2
Of which:												
Child tax credit <sup>3</sup>	24	272.8	272.8	272.8	308.3	308.3	1,961.5	0.0	0.0	35.5	0.0	1,653.3
Economic impact payments <sup>4</sup>	25	9,767.6	140.8	45.7	17,601.8	2,640.7	354.1	-9,626.8	-95.1	17,556.1	-14,961.1	-2,286.6
Lost wages supplemental payments <sup>5</sup>	26	0.0	0.0	469.8	54.9	0.3	0.0	0.0	469.8	-414.9	-54.6	-0.3
Paycheck Protection Program loans to NPISH <sup>6</sup>	27	1,425.2	373.7	112.3	99.5	227.7	129.0	-1,051.5	-261.4	-12.8	128.1	-98.6
Provider Relief Fund to NPISH <sup>7</sup>	28	1,835.4	306.2	225.4	399.6	248.4	349.2	-1,529.2	-80.8	174.2	-151.3	100.8
Components of earnings by place of work												
Wages and salaries	29	72,933.6	75,821.7	77,941.8	77,616.0	79,188.8	80,620.3	2,888.1	2,120.1	-325.8	1,572.8	1,431.5
Supplements to wages and salaries	30	17,056.9	17,527.2	17,821.3	17,916.3	17,943.8	18,049.7	470.3	294.1	95.0	27.5	105.9
Employer contributions for employee pension and insurance funds	31	11,383.2	11,692.4	11,891.1	11,919.9	11,846.0	11,860.6	309.2	198.7	28.9	-73.9	14.5
Employer contributions for government social insurance	32	5,673.7	5,834.8	5,930.2	5,996.4	6,097.8	6,189.2	161.2	95.4	66.2	101.4	91.4
Proprietors' income	33	16,794.3	18,426.6	21,946.4	20,264.9	23,809.5	23,273.1	1,632.3	3,519.7	-1,681.5	3,544.7	-536.5
Farm proprietors' income	34	943.9	1,737.8	4,220.0	2,849.3	6,048.9	5,151.1	793.9	2,482.2	-1,370.7	3,199.6	-897.8
Of which:												
Coronavirus Food Assistance Program <sup>8</sup>	35	847.3	744.3	2,283.2	9.1	1,074.2	690.0	-103.0	1,538.9	-2,274.1	1,065.1	-384.2
Paycheck Protection Program loans to businesses <sup>6</sup>	36	156.1	221.7	66.6	272.2	617.9	383.3	65.6	-155.1	205.6	345.6	-234.6
Nonfarm proprietors' income	37	15,850.4	16,688.8	17,726.4	17,415.6	17,760.7	18,122.0	838.4	1,037.5	-310.7	345.0	361.4
Of which:												
Paycheck Protection Program loans to businesses <sup>6</sup>	38	2,250.7	1,171.9	1,018.0	570.2	1,319.8	818.7	-1,078.8	-154.0	-447.8	749.6	-501.1

CARES -Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security

NPISH -Nonprofit institutions serving households

1. A two percent reduction in reimbursements paid to Medicare service providers that went into effect in 2013 was initially suspended by the CARES Act. The resulting increased reimbursement rates went into effect beginning on May 1, 2020.

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Last updated: February 3, 2022.

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**Kentucky**  
**Effects of Selected Federal Pandemic Response Programs on State Personal Income, 2021Q3**  
(Millions of dollars, seasonally adjusted at annual rates)

	Line	Levels						Change from preceding period				
		2020			2021			2020		2021		
		Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3
Personal income (millions of dollars)	1	226,911.5	209,931.8	210,156.9	241,105.5	221,240.9	224,844.4	-16,979.8	225.1	30,948.7	-19,864.6	3,603.5
Nonfarm personal income	2	225,515.7	208,287.5	207,725.4	239,058.4	218,342.6	222,052.9	-17,228.2	-562.1	31,333.0	-20,715.8	3,710.3
Farm income	3	1,395.9	1,644.3	2,431.5	2,047.1	2,898.3	2,791.5	248.4	787.2	-384.4	851.2	-106.8
Population (persons)	4	4,477,422.0	4,478,653.0	4,480,945.0	4,480,430.0	4,480,714.0	4,482,989.0	1,231.0	2,292.0	-515.0	284.0	2,275.0
Per capita personal income (dollars)	5	50,679	46,874	46,900	53,813	49,376	50,155	-3,805	26	6,913	-4,437	779
Derivation of personal income												
Earnings by place of work	6	128,182.0	136,866.7	141,320.0	142,203.8	145,740.2	148,962.8	8,684.7	4,453.3	883.8	3,536.4	3,222.6
Less: Contributions for government social insurance	7	15,713.6	16,711.3	17,099.9	17,517.5	17,760.6	18,164.3	997.7	388.6	417.6	243.1	403.7
Employee and self-employed contributions for government social insurance	8	8,531.9	9,056.2	9,276.4	9,489.4	9,607.8	9,810.5	524.3	220.2	212.9	118.4	202.7
Employer contributions for government social insurance	9	7,181.7	7,655.1	7,823.5	8,028.1	8,152.8	8,353.8	473.4	168.3	204.6	124.7	201.0
Plus: Adjustment for residence	10	-2,625.9	-2,842.7	-2,876.7	-2,960.2	-2,982.1	-3,065.9	-216.8	-34.0	-83.5	-21.9	-83.8
Equals: Net earnings by place of residence	11	109,842.4	117,312.6	121,343.3	121,726.1	124,997.5	127,732.6	7,470.2	4,030.7	382.8	3,271.4	2,735.1
Plus: Dividends, interest, and rent	12	32,810.1	32,406.2	32,786.7	32,723.1	32,957.9	33,189.2	-403.9	380.5	-63.6	234.9	231.2
Plus: Personal current transfer receipts	13	84,259.0	60,212.9	56,026.9	86,656.3	63,285.4	63,922.6	-24,046.0	-4,186.1	30,629.5	-23,370.9	637.2
Social Security	14	16,153.7	16,220.1	16,329.0	16,554.1	16,597.2	16,694.4	66.5	108.9	225.1	43.1	97.2
Medicare	15	12,009.6	12,069.8	12,007.8	11,920.9	11,935.2	12,078.1	60.2	-62.0	-86.9	14.3	142.9
Of which:												
Increase in Medicare reimbursement rates <sup>1</sup>	16	140.8	210.8	209.2	207.6	206.2	209.1	70.0	-1.6	-1.6	-1.5	2.9
Medicaid	17	12,035.9	13,208.3	13,250.7	13,582.5	15,272.2	17,417.7	1,172.3	42.4	331.9	1,689.6	2,145.5
State unemployment insurance	18	13,266.2	6,209.9	2,460.6	3,350.4	2,654.8	1,704.2	-7,056.2	-3,749.3	889.8	-695.6	-950.6
Of which: <sup>2</sup>												
Extended Unemployment Benefits	19	0.0	24.2	52.9	0.6	0.4	0.2	24.2	28.7	-52.2	-0.2	-0.3
Pandemic Emergency Unemployment Compensation	20	68.1	80.0	437.6	619.5	534.0	343.9	11.9	357.6	181.9	-85.5	-190.2
Pandemic Unemployment Assistance	21	846.6	944.1	614.8	421.7	319.4	179.1	97.4	-329.3	-193.1	-102.3	-140.3
Pandemic Unemployment Compensation Payments	22	8,344.9	3,081.8	138.4	1,408.8	1,087.1	584.8	-5,263.1	-2,943.4	1,270.3	-321.7	-502.3
All other personal current transfer receipts	23	30,793.6	12,504.9	11,978.8	41,248.4	16,826.1	16,028.3	-18,288.8	-526.0	29,269.6	-24,422.4	-797.8
Of which:												
Child tax credit <sup>3</sup>	24	430.7	430.7	430.7	500.2	500.2	3,182.8	0.0	0.0	69.5	0.0	2,682.7
Economic impact payments <sup>4</sup>	25	16,126.1	232.3	75.4	29,017.6	4,353.3	583.7	-15,893.8	-157.0	28,942.2	-24,664.3	-3,769.6
Lost wages supplemental payments <sup>5</sup>	26	0.0	380.7	535.1	0.7	0.0	0.0	380.7	154.4	-534.5	-0.7	0.0
Paycheck Protection Program loans to NPISH <sup>6</sup>	27	1,063.1	492.7	148.0	104.5	238.9	135.4	-570.4	-344.6	-43.6	134.5	-103.5
Provider Relief Fund to NPISH <sup>7</sup>	28	2,969.4	752.3	564.3	723.0	449.4	631.8	-2,217.1	-188.0	158.7	-273.7	182.4
Components of earnings by place of work												
Wages and salaries	29	91,598.0	97,625.3	100,487.3	101,741.1	103,763.2	106,660.1	6,027.2	2,862.1	1,253.8	2,022.1	2,896.9
Supplements to wages and salaries	30	23,689.2	25,174.3	25,660.2	26,112.5	26,172.7	26,535.3	1,485.0	486.0	452.3	60.2	362.6
Employer contributions for employee pension and insurance funds	31	16,507.5	17,519.1	17,836.8	18,084.4	18,019.9	18,181.5	1,011.6	317.6	247.7	-64.5	161.6
Employer contributions for government social insurance	32	7,181.7	7,655.1	7,823.5	8,028.1	8,152.8	8,353.8	473.4	168.3	204.6	124.7	201.0
Proprietors' income	33	12,894.7	14,067.1	15,172.4	14,350.1	15,804.3	15,767.4	1,172.4	1,105.3	-822.3	1,454.1	-36.9
Farm proprietors' income	34	1,143.6	1,391.7	2,175.6	1,785.7	2,631.6	2,522.1	248.1	783.9	-389.9	845.9	-109.5
Of which:												
Coronavirus Food Assistance Program <sup>8</sup>	35	367.5	251.9	727.8	0.0	182.2	131.8	-115.6	475.9	-727.8	182.2	-50.4
Paycheck Protection Program loans to businesses <sup>6</sup>	36	68.1	96.7	29.1	117.6	265.9	164.9	28.6	-67.6	88.5	148.3	-100.9
Nonfarm proprietors' income	37	11,751.1	12,675.4	12,996.8	12,564.4	13,172.7	13,245.3	924.3	321.4	-432.4	608.3	72.6
Of which:												
Paycheck Protection Program loans to businesses <sup>6</sup>	38	2,404.0	1,923.0	1,057.1	740.1	1,713.0	1,062.6	-480.9	-865.9	-317.0	972.9	-650.4

CARES -Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security

NPISH -Nonprofit institutions serving households

1. A two percent reduction in reimbursements paid to Medicare service providers that went into effect in 2013 was initially suspended by the CARES Act. The resulting increased reimbursement rates went into effect beginning on May 1, 2020.

2. Unemployment insurance benefits were expanded through several programs that were initially established through the CARES Act. For more information, see How will the expansion of unemployment benefits in response to the COVID-19 pandemic be recorded in the NIPAs?

3. The American Rescue Plan increased the Child Tax Credit to \$3,000 per child over the age of six and \$3,600 for children under the age of six, and raised the age limit from 16 to 17. It also authorized that up to half of these credits could be distributed through advance payments during the tax year, while the rest would be claimed when parents file tax returns the following year.

4. Economic impact payments, initially established by the CARES Act, provide direct payments to individuals. For more information, see How are federal economic impact payments to support individuals during the COVID-19 pandemic recorded in the NIPAs?

5. The Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) was authorized to make payments from the Disaster Relief Fund to supplement wages lost as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic.

6. The Paycheck Protection Program, initially established by the CARES Act, provides forgivable loans to help small businesses and nonprofit institutions make payroll and cover other expenses. It also provides funding to reimburse private lending institutions for the costs of administering these loans. For more information, see How does the Paycheck Protection Program impact the national income and product accounts (NIPAs)?

7. The Department of Health and Human Services distributes money from the Provider Relief Fund to hospitals and health care providers on the front lines of the coronavirus response. This funding supports health care-related expenses or lost revenue attributable to COVID-19 and ensures uninsured Americans can get treatment for COVID-19. In the NIPAs, funds provided to nonprofit hospitals are recorded as social benefits.

8. The Coronavirus Food Assistance Program, initially established by the CARES Act, provides direct support to farmers and ranchers where prices and market supply chains have been impacted by the COVID-19 pandemic.

Note: BEA state per capita personal income statistics are calculated using unpublished Census Bureau midyear population estimates. These midquarter estimates are based on the 2010 census. BEA will incorporate Census Bureau population estimates based on the 2020 census results when they become available. Data on this table will be superseded by updated estimates. Regional estimates were controlled to the update to the National accounts released [November 24, 2021](#).

Source: U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis

Last updated: February 3, 2022.

Note: Reposted Feb. 3, 2022, to correct state personal income statistics for the third quarter of 2021 back to the first quarter of 2016 due to a data processing error involving industry wage estimates. For more information, see the [technical note](#).

Louisiana  
Effects of Selected Federal Pandemic Response Programs on State Personal Income, 2021Q3  
(Millions of dollars, seasonally adjusted at annual rates)

	Line	Levels						Change from preceding period				
		2020			2021			2020		2021		
		Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3
Personal income (millions of dollars)	1	251,982.9	239,108.6	228,877.1	262,916.4	246,198.1	248,689.1	-12,874.4	-10,231.5	34,039.3	-16,718.2	2,490.9
Nonfarm personal income	2	251,255.0	238,022.4	227,603.6	261,793.1	244,591.6	247,158.8	-13,232.6	-10,418.8	34,189.6	-17,201.6	2,567.2
Farm income	3	728.0	1,086.2	1,273.5	1,123.2	1,606.6	1,530.3	358.2	187.3	-150.3	483.3	-76.3
Population (persons)	4	4,648,004.0	4,644,149.0	4,641,229.0	4,636,038.0	4,631,606.0	4,628,844.0	-3,855.0	-2,920.0	-5,191.0	-4,432.0	-2,762.0
Per capita personal income (dollars)	5	54,213	51,486	49,314	56,711	53,156	53,726	-2,727	-2,172	7,397	-3,555	570
Derivation of personal income												
Earnings by place of work	6	142,175.2	150,516.3	150,775.4	151,339.0	158,524.2	161,044.7	8,341.1	259.2	563.6	7,185.2	2,520.5
Less: Contributions for government social insurance	7	14,997.1	15,458.9	15,724.0	15,974.5	16,384.8	16,704.2	461.7	265.1	250.5	410.3	319.4
Employee and self-employed contributions for government social insurance	8	8,499.7	8,769.8	8,929.7	9,039.2	9,263.7	9,431.7	270.1	159.9	109.5	224.6	168.0
Employer contributions for government social insurance	9	6,497.4	6,689.1	6,794.3	6,935.3	7,121.1	7,272.5	191.7	105.2	141.0	185.8	151.4
Plus: Adjustment for residence	10	-526.4	-542.9	-527.9	-515.7	-535.7	-531.8	-16.5	15.0	12.2	-19.9	3.9
Equals: Net earnings by place of residence	11	126,651.7	134,514.5	134,523.6	134,848.8	141,603.7	143,808.7	7,862.8	9.1	325.3	6,754.9	2,205.0
Plus: Dividends, interest, and rent	12	39,585.2	39,152.0	39,373.7	39,345.1	39,529.5	39,758.6	-433.2	221.8	-28.6	184.4	229.1
Plus: Personal current transfer receipts	13	85,746.1	65,442.2	54,979.8	88,722.5	65,064.9	65,121.7	-20,304.0	-10,462.4	33,742.7	-23,657.6	56.9
Social Security	14	14,600.2	14,658.2	14,763.0	14,988.6	15,031.8	15,129.2	58.1	104.8	225.6	43.2	97.4
Medicare	15	12,711.6	12,770.4	12,694.6	12,590.8	12,608.1	12,778.8	58.8	-75.8	-103.8	17.4	170.7
Of which:												
Increase in Medicare reimbursement rates <sup>1</sup>	16	149.0	223.0	221.4	219.7	218.1	221.2	74.1	-1.7	-1.7	-1.5	3.1
Medicaid	17	12,634.6	13,456.6	13,147.0	13,150.8	13,999.8	15,257.8	821.9	-309.6	3.8	849.0	1,258.0
State unemployment insurance	18	15,286.0	7,901.7	2,274.4	6,151.8	5,603.9	2,272.3	-7,384.3	-5,627.3	3,877.5	-547.9	-3,331.6
Of which: <sup>2</sup>												
Extended Unemployment Benefits	19	0.0	54.3	26.6	15.3	0.1	0.1	54.3	-27.7	-11.4	-15.1	-0.1
Pandemic Emergency Unemployment Compensation	20	6.7	38.4	290.3	879.0	777.4	298.2	31.7	251.9	588.7	-101.6	-479.2
Pandemic Unemployment Assistance	21	284.3	851.9	840.3	832.5	792.2	274.6	567.6	-11.6	-7.8	-40.3	-517.6
Pandemic Unemployment Compensation Payments	22	12,379.6	4,958.8	19.0	3,590.9	3,326.7	1,157.0	-7,420.8	-4,939.8	3,571.9	-264.2	-2,169.7
All other personal current transfer receipts	23	30,513.7	16,655.3	12,100.8	41,840.4	17,821.2	19,683.6	-13,858.4	-4,554.5	29,739.6	-24,019.2	1,862.3
Of which:												
Child tax credit <sup>3</sup>	24	536.1	536.1	536.1	617.2	617.2	3,927.3	0.0	0.0	81.0	0.0	3,310.1
Economic impact payments <sup>4</sup>	25	15,634.5	226.0	73.3	28,696.0	4,305.1	577.3	-15,408.5	-152.7	28,622.7	-24,391.0	-3,727.8
Lost wages supplemental payments <sup>5</sup>	26	0.0	2,229.8	53.5	8.8	3.0	0.0	2,229.8	-2,176.3	-44.7	-5.8	-3.0
Paycheck Protection Program loans to NPISH <sup>6</sup>	27	914.9	1,125.8	338.3	113.9	260.5	147.6	210.9	-787.5	-224.4	146.6	-112.8
Provider Relief Fund to NPISH <sup>7</sup>	28	2,559.5	1,324.8	206.5	689.7	428.6	602.7	-1,234.7	-1,118.4	483.2	-261.0	174.0
Components of earnings by place of work												
Wages and salaries	29	97,466.2	100,924.6	103,239.3	103,439.4	106,776.8	109,438.1	3,458.4	2,314.7	200.1	3,337.5	2,661.3
Supplements to wages and salaries	30	23,632.5	24,381.5	24,726.2	24,739.2	25,129.6	25,373.0	748.9	344.7	13.0	390.4	243.4
Employer contributions for employee pension and insurance funds	31	17,135.1	17,692.3	17,931.9	17,803.9	18,008.5	18,100.5	557.2	239.5	-128.0	204.6	92.0
Employer contributions for government social insurance	32	6,497.4	6,689.1	6,794.3	6,935.3	7,121.1	7,272.5	191.7	105.2	141.0	185.8	151.4
Proprietors' income	33	21,076.5	25,210.2	22,810.0	23,160.5	26,617.8	26,233.6	4,133.7	-2,400.2	350.5	3,457.3	-384.2
Farm proprietors' income	34	597.9	955.0	1,140.1	987.0	1,467.7	1,390.1	357.1	185.1	-153.1	480.7	-77.6
Of which:												
Coronavirus Food Assistance Program <sup>8</sup>	35	74.1	307.4	366.6	9.1	144.1	88.2	233.3	59.2	-357.5	135.0	-55.9
Paycheck Protection Program loans to businesses <sup>6</sup>	36	46.3	65.8	19.8	39.4	99.4	61.6	19.5	-46.0	19.6	60.0	-37.7
Nonfarm proprietors' income	37	20,478.6	24,255.2	21,669.9	22,173.5	25,150.1	24,843.4	3,776.6	-2,585.3	503.6	2,976.6	-306.6
Of which:												
Paycheck Protection Program loans to businesses <sup>6</sup>	38	4,774.8	6,227.9	2,116.2	1,954.7	4,524.3	2,806.4	1,453.1	-4,111.7	-161.5	2,569.5	-1,717.8

CARES -Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security

NPISH -Nonprofit institutions serving households

1. A two percent reduction in reimbursements paid to Medicare service providers that went into effect in 2013 was initially suspended by the CARES Act. The resulting increased reimbursement rates went into effect beginning on May 1, 2020.

2. Unemployment insurance benefits were expanded through several programs that were initially established through the CARES Act. For more information, see How will the expansion of unemployment benefits in response to the COVID-19 pandemic be recorded in the NIPAs?

3. The American Rescue Plan increased the Child Tax Credit to \$3,000 per child over the age of six and \$3,600 for children under the age of six, and raised the age limit from 16 to 17. It also authorized that up to half of these credits could be distributed through advance payments during the tax year, while the rest would be claimed when parents file tax returns the following year.

4. Economic impact payments, initially established by the CARES Act, provide direct payments to individuals. For more information, see How are federal economic impact payments to support individuals during the COVID-19 pandemic recorded in the NIPAs?

5. The Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) was authorized to make payments from the Disaster Relief Fund to supplement wages lost as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic.

6. The Paycheck Protection Program, initially established by the CARES Act, provides forgivable loans to help small businesses and nonprofit institutions make payroll and cover other expenses. It also provides funding to reimburse private lending institutions for the costs of administering these loans. For more information, see How does the Paycheck Protection Program impact the national income and product accounts (NIPAs)?

7. The Department of Health and Human Services distributes money from the Provider Relief Fund to hospitals and health care providers on the front lines of the coronavirus response. This funding supports health care-related expenses or lost revenue attributable to COVID-19 and ensures uninsured Americans can get treatment for COVID-19. In the NIPAs, funds provided to nonprofit hospitals are recorded as social benefits.

8. The Coronavirus Food Assistance Program, initially established by the CARES Act, provides direct support to farmers and ranchers where prices and market supply chains have been impacted by the COVID-19 pandemic.

Note: BEA state per capita personal income statistics are calculated using unpublished Census Bureau midyear population estimates. These midquarter estimates are based on the 2010 census. BEA will incorporate Census Bureau population estimates based on the 2020 census results when they become available. Data on this table will be superseded by updated estimates. Regional estimates were controlled to the update to the National accounts released [November 24, 2021](#).

Source: U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis

Last updated: February 3, 2022.

Note: Reposted Feb. 3, 2022, to correct state personal income statistics for the third quarter of 2021 back to the first quarter of 2016 due to a data processing error involving industry wage estimates. For more information, see the [technical note](#).

**Maine**  
**Effects of Selected Federal Pandemic Response Programs on State Personal Income, 2021Q3**  
(Millions of dollars, seasonally adjusted at annual rates)

	Line	Levels						Change from preceding period				
		2020			2021			2020		2021		
		Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3
Personal income (millions of dollars)	1	78,020.5	71,934.3	73,068.6	82,198.8	76,557.6	76,724.8	-6,086.2	1,134.3	9,130.2	-5,641.2	167.2
Nonfarm personal income	2	77,713.1	71,539.8	72,650.3	81,905.4	76,245.9	76,428.3	-6,173.3	1,110.6	9,255.0	-5,659.5	182.4
Farm income	3	307.4	394.6	418.3	293.4	311.7	296.5	87.1	23.7	-124.9	18.3	-15.2
Population (persons)	4	1,349,857.0	1,350,792.0	1,351,930.0	1,352,370.0	1,353,109.0	1,354,360.0	935.0	1,138.0	440.0	739.0	1,251.0
Per capita personal income (dollars)	5	57,799	53,253	54,048	60,781	56,579	56,650	-4,546	795	6,733	-4,202	71
Derivation of personal income												
Earnings by place of work	6	43,099.9	45,351.0	47,771.9	47,412.7	48,991.4	49,994.0	2,251.1	2,420.9	-359.1	1,578.6	1,002.6
Less: Contributions for government social insurance	7	5,343.9	5,520.6	5,759.9	5,793.3	5,989.5	6,099.9	176.7	239.2	33.5	196.1	110.4
Employee and self-employed contributions for government social insurance	8	3,046.5	3,145.5	3,281.8	3,296.5	3,400.7	3,458.0	99.0	136.4	14.7	104.2	57.3
Employer contributions for government social insurance	9	2,297.4	2,375.2	2,478.1	2,496.8	2,588.8	2,641.9	77.7	102.9	18.8	92.0	53.1
Plus: Adjustment for residence	10	1,075.8	1,126.6	1,196.2	1,182.8	1,314.9	1,298.8	50.7	69.6	-13.4	132.0	-16.1
Equals: Net earnings by place of residence	11	38,831.8	40,957.0	43,208.2	42,802.2	44,316.8	45,192.9	2,125.1	2,251.3	-406.0	1,514.5	876.1
Plus: Dividends, interest, and rent	12	12,511.2	12,376.5	12,484.0	12,493.6	12,570.6	12,675.3	-134.8	107.5	9.6	77.0	104.7
Plus: Personal current transfer receipts	13	26,677.4	18,600.9	17,376.4	26,903.0	19,670.3	18,856.7	-8,076.6	-1,224.4	9,526.6	-7,232.7	-813.6
Social Security	14	5,626.6	5,657.6	5,704.1	5,796.4	5,814.1	5,854.0	30.9	46.5	92.3	17.7	39.9
Medicare	15	4,015.3	4,039.0	4,017.5	3,984.5	3,990.0	4,044.2	23.7	-21.5	-33.0	5.5	54.2
Of which:												
Increase in Medicare reimbursement rates <sup>1</sup>	16	47.1	70.5	69.9	69.4	68.9	69.9	23.4	-0.5	-0.5	-0.5	1.0
Medicaid	17	3,049.3	3,396.0	3,258.5	3,288.4	3,469.7	3,518.1	346.8	-137.5	29.9	181.2	48.5
State unemployment insurance	18	3,624.5	1,861.0	605.3	1,421.8	1,188.6	702.7	-1,763.5	-1,255.7	816.5	-233.2	-486.0
Of which: <sup>2</sup>												
Extended Unemployment Benefits	19	0.0	3.7	12.8	0.1	(L)	(L)	3.7	9.1	-12.7	(L)	(L)
Pandemic Emergency Unemployment Compensation	20	0.1	85.4	210.2	313.1	287.7	195.5	85.4	124.7	102.9	-25.4	-92.1
Pandemic Unemployment Assistance	21	221.5	301.2	219.2	181.5	162.5	82.8	79.7	-82.1	-37.7	-19.0	-79.7
Pandemic Unemployment Compensation Payments	22	2,991.0	1,135.4	16.6	809.6	635.0	332.7	-1,855.6	-1,118.9	793.1	-174.6	-302.3
All other personal current transfer receipts	23	10,361.8	3,647.3	3,791.1	12,411.8	5,207.9	4,737.7	-6,714.5	143.8	8,620.8	-7,203.9	-470.2
Of which:												
Child tax credit <sup>3</sup>	24	95.3	95.3	95.3	106.8	106.8	679.7	0.0	0.0	11.5	0.0	572.9
Economic impact payments <sup>4</sup>	25	5,085.4	73.2	23.7	8,639.9	1,296.2	173.8	-5,012.2	-49.5	8,616.1	-7,343.7	-1,122.4
Lost wages supplemental payments <sup>5</sup>	26	0.0	0.0	422.6	1.3	3.3	0.4	0.0	422.6	-421.3	2.0	-2.8
Paycheck Protection Program loans to NPISH <sup>6</sup>	27	758.5	170.4	51.2	80.0	182.9	103.7	-588.1	-119.2	28.8	103.0	-79.3
Provider Relief Fund to NPISH <sup>7</sup>	28	1,372.8	287.3	190.0	312.3	194.1	272.9	-1,085.6	-97.3	122.2	-118.2	78.8
Components of earnings by place of work												
Wages and salaries	29	30,792.3	32,125.4	33,784.3	33,590.0	34,903.0	35,729.3	1,333.1	1,658.9	-194.3	1,313.0	826.3
Supplements to wages and salaries	30	7,678.1	7,966.1	8,251.8	8,255.8	8,419.1	8,500.1	288.0	285.6	4.1	163.2	81.0
Employer contributions for employee pension and insurance funds	31	5,380.7	5,591.0	5,773.7	5,759.0	5,830.3	5,858.2	210.3	182.7	-14.7	71.3	27.9
Employer contributions for government social insurance	32	2,297.4	2,375.2	2,478.1	2,496.8	2,588.8	2,641.9	77.7	102.9	18.8	92.0	53.1
Proprietors' income	33	4,629.5	5,259.5	5,735.8	5,566.9	5,669.4	5,764.7	629.9	476.4	-168.9	102.4	95.3
Farm proprietors' income	34	228.3	315.0	337.5	210.8	227.5	211.5	86.6	22.5	-126.6	16.7	-16.0
Of which:												
Coronavirus Food Assistance Program <sup>8</sup>	35	26.9	61.8	98.5	8.0	9.5	2.8	34.9	36.7	-90.5	1.4	-6.7
Paycheck Protection Program loans to businesses <sup>6</sup>	36	25.5	36.2	10.9	6.1	14.1	8.7	10.7	-25.3	-4.8	8.0	-5.3
Nonfarm proprietors' income	37	4,401.2	4,944.5	5,398.3	5,356.1	5,441.8	5,553.2	543.3	453.9	-42.2	85.7	111.3
Of which:												
Paycheck Protection Program loans to businesses <sup>6</sup>	38	536.1	407.0	318.1	235.2	544.4	337.7	-129.1	-88.9	-82.9	309.2	-206.7

CARES -Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security

NPISH -Nonprofit institutions serving households

(L) Less than \$50,000.

- A two percent reduction in reimbursements paid to Medicare service providers that went into effect in 2013 was initially suspended by the CARES Act. The resulting increased reimbursement rates went into effect beginning on May 1, 2020.
- Unemployment insurance benefits were expanded through several programs that were initially established through the CARES Act. For more information, see How will the expansion of unemployment benefits in response to the COVID-19 pandemic be recorded in the NIPAs?
- The American Rescue Plan increased the Child Tax Credit to \$3,000 per child over the age of six and \$3,600 for children under the age of six, and raised the age limit from 16 to 17. It also authorized that up to half of these credits could be distributed through advance payments during the tax year, while the rest would be claimed when parents file tax returns the following year.
- Economic impact payments, initially established by the CARES Act, provide direct payments to individuals. For more information, see How are federal economic impact payments to support individuals during the COVID-19 pandemic recorded in the NIPAs?
- The Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) was authorized to make payments from the Disaster Relief Fund to supplement wages lost as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic.
- The Paycheck Protection Program, initially established by the CARES Act, provides forgivable loans to help small businesses and nonprofit institutions make payroll and cover other expenses. It also provides funding to reimburse private lending institutions for the costs of administering these loans. For more information, see How does the Paycheck Protection Program impact the national income and product accounts (NIPAs)?
- The Department of Health and Human Services distributes money from the Provider Relief Fund to hospitals and health care providers on the front lines of the coronavirus response. This funding supports health care-related expenses or lost revenue attributable to COVID-19 and ensures uninsured Americans can get treatment for COVID-19. In the NIPAs, funds provided to nonprofit hospitals are recorded as social benefits.
- The Coronavirus Food Assistance Program, initially established by the CARES Act, provides direct support to farmers and ranchers where prices and market supply chains have been impacted by the COVID-19 pandemic.

Note: BEA state per capita personal income statistics are calculated using unpublished Census Bureau midyear population estimates. These midquarter estimates are based on the 2010 census. BEA will incorporate Census Bureau population estimates based on the 2020 census results when they become available. Data on this table will be superseded by updated estimates. Regional estimates were controlled to the update to the National accounts released [November 24, 2021](#).

Source: U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis

Last updated: February 3, 2022.

Note: Reposted Feb. 3, 2022, to correct state personal income statistics for the third quarter of 2021 back to the first quarter of 2016 due to a data processing error involving industry wage estimates. For more information, see the [technical note](#).

**Maryland**  
**Effects of Selected Federal Pandemic Response Programs on State Personal Income, 2021Q3**  
(Millions of dollars, seasonally adjusted at annual rates)

	Line	Levels						Change from preceding period				
		2020			2021			2020		2021		
		Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3
Personal income (millions of dollars)	1	416,733.5	409,331.8	401,477.7	446,579.0	417,297.3	421,149.9	-7,401.6	-7,854.1	45,101.3	-29,281.7	3,852.6
Nonfarm personal income	2	416,507.4	408,908.2	400,851.8	446,057.0	416,589.1	420,423.8	-7,599.2	-8,056.4	45,205.3	-29,468.0	3,834.8
Farm income	3	226.0	423.6	625.9	522.0	708.3	726.1	197.6	202.3	-104.0	186.3	17.8
Population (persons)	4	6,057,454.0	6,055,661.0	6,054,671.0	6,052,133.0	6,050,432.0	6,050,050.0	-1,793.0	-990.0	-2,538.0	-1,701.0	-382.0
Per capita personal income (dollars)	5	68,797	67,595	66,309	73,789	68,970	69,611	-1,202	-1,286	7,480	-4,819	641
Derivation of personal income												
Earnings by place of work	6	250,116.1	265,530.9	268,980.3	277,068.6	274,967.9	280,921.7	15,414.7	3,449.4	8,088.3	-2,100.6	5,953.8
Less: Contributions for government social insurance	7	28,535.2	29,434.5	29,754.6	31,094.1	30,636.1	31,281.9	899.3	320.1	1,339.5	-458.0	645.8
Employee and self-employed contributions for government social insurance	8	15,264.5	15,766.6	15,969.6	16,679.8	16,377.2	16,701.2	502.1	203.0	710.3	-302.7	324.0
Employer contributions for government social insurance	9	13,270.7	13,667.9	13,785.0	14,414.3	14,258.9	14,580.8	397.2	117.1	629.2	-155.4	321.8
Plus: Adjustment for residence	10	26,102.6	26,238.6	27,702.2	26,495.7	27,802.0	28,230.3	136.0	1,463.6	-1,206.5	1,306.3	428.4
Equals: Net earnings by place of residence	11	247,683.5	262,335.0	266,927.9	272,470.1	272,133.8	277,870.1	14,651.4	4,592.9	5,542.3	-336.3	5,736.3
Plus: Dividends, interest, and rent	12	70,021.0	69,153.4	69,898.4	69,752.5	70,226.2	70,693.6	-867.6	745.1	-145.9	473.7	467.4
Plus: Personal current transfer receipts	13	99,029.0	77,843.5	64,651.4	104,356.3	74,937.3	72,586.2	-21,185.5	-13,192.1	39,704.9	-29,419.1	-2,351.1
Social Security	14	18,549.4	18,647.8	18,804.9	19,126.2	19,187.7	19,326.4	98.4	157.2	321.3	61.5	138.7
Medicare	15	14,892.0	14,963.3	14,873.1	14,747.5	14,768.5	14,975.1	71.3	-90.2	-125.7	21.1	206.6
Of which:												
Increase in Medicare reimbursement rates <sup>1</sup>	16	174.5	261.3	259.3	257.4	255.5	259.2	86.8	-2.0	-2.0	-1.8	3.6
Medicaid	17	12,005.4	12,650.2	12,507.7	12,940.2	13,756.5	15,287.5	644.8	-142.5	432.5	816.2	1,531.0
State unemployment insurance	18	18,807.5	13,527.7	5,560.3	11,228.2	8,002.8	4,809.5	-5,279.8	-7,967.4	5,667.9	-3,225.4	-3,193.4
Of which: <sup>2</sup>												
Extended Unemployment Benefits	19	0.0	29.5	125.7	1.8	2.5	1.1	29.5	96.3	-123.9	0.7	-1.4
Pandemic Emergency Unemployment Compensation	20	59.4	188.7	947.8	1,358.5	1,262.4	805.2	129.3	759.1	410.6	-96.1	-457.1
Pandemic Unemployment Assistance	21	2,907.4	3,906.6	2,901.6	3,222.0	2,080.7	1,158.4	999.2	-1,005.0	320.4	-1,141.2	-922.3
Pandemic Unemployment Compensation Payments	22	12,972.8	6,695.5	276.5	5,685.2	3,802.3	2,125.9	-6,277.3	-6,419.0	5,408.7	-1,882.9	-1,676.5
All other personal current transfer receipts	23	34,774.7	18,054.5	12,905.3	46,314.2	19,221.8	18,187.7	-16,720.3	-5,149.2	33,408.9	-27,092.4	-1,034.1
Of which:												
Child tax credit <sup>3</sup>	24	477.3	477.3	477.3	541.9	541.9	3,448.1	0.0	0.0	64.6	0.0	2,906.2
Economic impact payments <sup>4</sup>	25	18,442.9	266.6	86.5	32,390.4	4,859.3	651.6	-18,176.3	-180.1	32,303.9	-27,531.1	-4,207.7
Lost wages supplemental payments <sup>5</sup>	26	0.0	2,372.6	171.2	91.2	22.8	6.8	2,372.6	-2,201.4	-79.9	-68.4	-16.0
Paycheck Protection Program loans to NPISH <sup>6</sup>	27	1,748.6	1,753.6	526.9	224.3	513.0	290.8	5.0	-1,226.6	-302.6	288.7	-222.2
Provider Relief Fund to NPISH <sup>7</sup>	28	2,793.2	1,891.1	355.2	849.0	527.7	741.9	-902.1	-1,535.8	493.8	-321.4	214.2
Components of earnings by place of work												
Wages and salaries	29	181,251.5	189,864.6	194,217.1	200,771.1	198,586.4	203,873.3	8,613.0	4,352.6	6,554.0	-2,184.7	5,286.9
Supplements to wages and salaries	30	43,520.9	44,890.2	45,334.5	46,867.0	45,758.5	46,306.4	1,369.4	444.3	1,532.5	-1,108.5	547.8
Employer contributions for employee pension and insurance funds	31	30,250.2	31,222.3	31,549.4	32,452.7	31,499.6	31,725.6	972.1	327.1	903.3	-953.1	226.0
Employer contributions for government social insurance	32	13,270.7	13,667.9	13,785.0	14,414.3	14,258.9	14,580.8	397.2	117.1	629.2	-155.4	321.8
Proprietors' income	33	25,343.7	30,776.1	29,428.7	29,430.5	30,623.0	30,742.1	5,432.4	-1,347.4	1.8	1,192.6	119.1
Farm proprietors' income	34	81.1	278.0	478.1	370.9	554.3	570.5	196.9	200.1	-107.1	183.4	16.3
Of which:												
Coronavirus Food Assistance Program <sup>8</sup>	35	41.0	39.4	157.1	3.8	62.4	35.2	-1.7	117.8	-153.3	58.6	-27.1
Paycheck Protection Program loans to businesses <sup>6</sup>	36	50.2	71.3	21.4	11.9	30.0	18.6	21.1	-49.9	-9.5	18.1	-11.4
Nonfarm proprietors' income	37	25,262.6	30,498.1	28,950.6	29,059.5	30,068.8	30,171.6	5,235.5	-1,547.5	108.9	1,009.2	102.8
Of which:												
Paycheck Protection Program loans to businesses <sup>6</sup>	38	3,866.6	5,652.2	1,597.7	1,407.9	3,258.6	2,021.4	1,785.6	-4,054.5	-189.8	1,850.7	-1,237.3

CARES -Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security

NPISH -Nonprofit institutions serving households

1. A two percent reduction in reimbursements paid to Medicare service providers that went into effect in 2013 was initially suspended by the CARES Act. The resulting increased reimbursement rates went into effect beginning on May 1, 2020.

2. Unemployment insurance benefits were expanded through several programs that were initially established through the CARES Act. For more information, see How will the expansion of unemployment benefits in response to the COVID-19 pandemic be recorded in the NIPAs?

3. The American Rescue Plan increased the Child Tax Credit to \$3,000 per child over the age of six and \$3,600 for children under the age of six, and raised the age limit from 16 to 17. It also authorized that up to half of these credits could be distributed through advance payments during the tax year, while the rest would be claimed when parents file tax returns the following year.

4. Economic impact payments, initially established by the CARES Act, provide direct payments to individuals. For more information, see How are federal economic impact payments to support individuals during the COVID-19 pandemic recorded in the NIPAs?

5. The Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) was authorized to make payments from the Disaster Relief Fund to supplement wages lost as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic.

6. The Paycheck Protection Program, initially established by the CARES Act, provides forgivable loans to help small businesses and nonprofit institutions make payroll and cover other expenses. It also provides funding to reimburse private lending institutions for the costs of administering these loans. For more information, see How does the Paycheck Protection Program impact the national income and product accounts (NIPAs)?

7. The Department of Health and Human Services distributes money from the Provider Relief Fund to hospitals and health care providers on the front lines of the coronavirus response. This funding supports health care-related expenses or lost revenue attributable to COVID-19 and ensures uninsured Americans can get treatment for COVID-19. In the NIPAs, funds provided to nonprofit hospitals are recorded as social benefits.

8. The Coronavirus Food Assistance Program, initially established by the CARES Act, provides direct support to farmers and ranchers where prices and market supply chains have been impacted by the COVID-19 pandemic.

Note: BEA state per capita personal income statistics are calculated using unpublished Census Bureau midyear population estimates. These midquarter estimates are based on the 2010 census. BEA will incorporate Census Bureau population estimates based on the 2020 census results when they become available. Data on this table will be superseded by updated estimates. Regional estimates were controlled to the update to the National accounts released [November 24, 2021](#).

Source: U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis

Last updated: February 3, 2022.

Note: Reposted Feb. 3, 2022, to correct state personal income statistics for the third quarter of 2021 back to the first quarter of 2016 due to a data processing error involving industry wage estimates. For more information, see the [technical note](#).

**Massachusetts**  
**Effects of Selected Federal Pandemic Response Programs on State Personal Income, 2021Q3**  
(Millions of dollars, seasonally adjusted at annual rates)

	Line	Levels						Change from preceding period				
		2020			2021			2020		2021		
		Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3
Personal income (millions of dollars)	1	563,989.1	540,569.6	541,731.7	587,747.0	569,068.7	571,732.8	-23,419.5	1,162.1	46,015.2	-18,678.2	2,664.1
Nonfarm personal income	2	563,833.9	540,391.3	541,503.7	587,634.0	568,940.3	571,619.8	-23,442.6	1,112.5	46,130.3	-18,693.8	2,679.6
Farm income	3	155.2	178.3	228.0	112.9	128.5	113.0	23.1	49.7	-115.1	15.5	-15.5
Population (persons)	4	6,895,616.0	6,891,926.0	6,887,991.0	6,884,020.0	6,881,699.0	6,879,618.0	-3,690.0	-3,935.0	-3,971.0	-2,321.0	-2,081.0
Per capita personal income (dollars)	5	81,790	78,435	78,649	85,378	82,693	83,105	-3,355	214	6,729	-2,685	412
Derivation of personal income												
Earnings by place of work	6	368,343.7	385,241.0	405,601.8	404,545.8	416,766.3	427,861.8	16,897.3	20,360.8	-1,056.0	12,220.5	11,095.5
Less: Contributions for government social insurance	7	38,306.0	39,305.4	41,109.5	41,420.6	42,658.2	43,686.8	999.4	1,804.1	311.1	1,237.6	1,028.6
Employee and self-employed contributions for government social insurance	8	20,333.9	20,748.6	21,745.5	21,851.0	22,437.3	22,936.0	414.8	996.9	105.5	586.3	498.7
Employer contributions for government social insurance	9	17,972.2	18,556.8	19,364.0	19,569.7	20,220.9	20,750.8	584.6	807.3	205.6	651.2	529.9
Plus: Adjustment for residence	10	-10,235.2	-10,406.1	-11,210.1	-11,212.3	-11,196.3	-11,667.7	-170.9	-804.0	-2.2	16.0	-471.4
Equals: Net earnings by place of residence	11	319,802.5	335,529.5	353,282.1	351,912.9	362,911.9	372,507.3	15,727.0	17,752.6	-1,369.2	10,999.0	9,595.5
Plus: Dividends, interest, and rent	12	96,685.0	95,325.1	96,671.5	96,569.7	97,392.8	98,151.7	-1,359.9	1,346.4	-101.8	823.1	758.9
Plus: Personal current transfer receipts	13	147,501.6	109,715.1	91,778.2	139,264.4	108,764.1	101,073.8	-37,786.6	-17,936.9	47,486.2	-30,500.3	-7,690.3
Social Security	14	22,529.6	22,630.3	22,793.9	23,130.8	23,195.2	23,340.7	100.8	163.6	336.9	64.4	145.5
Medicare	15	19,406.4	19,488.5	19,370.9	19,215.0	19,241.0	19,497.2	82.2	-117.7	-155.9	26.0	256.2
Of which:												
Increase in Medicare reimbursement rates <sup>1</sup>	16	227.4	340.5	337.9	335.4	333.0	337.7	113.1	-2.6	-2.6	-2.4	4.7
Medicaid	17	18,708.6	19,058.3	18,859.3	19,403.0	20,827.9	22,244.4	349.7	-199.0	543.7	1,424.9	1,416.6
State unemployment insurance	18	44,867.5	23,569.3	12,405.6	23,892.1	21,066.2	13,601.6	-21,298.2	-11,163.7	11,486.4	-2,825.8	-7,464.6
Of which: <sup>2</sup>												
Extended Unemployment Benefits	19	0.0	91.3	602.7	1,271.5	101.5	28.3	91.3	511.4	668.8	-1,169.9	-73.3
Pandemic Emergency Unemployment Compensation	20	588.9	1,641.1	3,370.0	6,236.2	8,235.2	5,955.0	1,052.2	1,728.9	2,866.3	1,999.0	-2,280.3
Pandemic Unemployment Assistance	21	4,977.2	4,522.3	4,499.4	4,207.1	3,534.0	1,847.8	-454.9	-22.9	-292.4	-673.0	-1,686.2
Pandemic Unemployment Compensation Payments	22	27,342.8	10,223.7	312.8	9,726.2	7,515.1	4,410.1	-17,119.1	-9,910.9	9,413.3	-2,211.1	-3,104.9
All other personal current transfer receipts	23	41,989.6	24,968.6	18,348.5	53,623.6	24,433.7	22,389.8	-17,021.0	-6,620.1	35,275.0	-29,189.8	-2,043.9
Of which:												
Child tax credit <sup>3</sup>	24	372.1	372.1	372.1	410.4	410.4	2,611.6	0.0	0.0	38.4	0.0	2,201.2
Economic impact payments <sup>4</sup>	25	20,991.9	302.8	98.2	35,390.6	5,309.4	711.9	-20,689.1	-204.6	35,292.4	-30,081.2	-4,597.5
Lost wages supplemental payments <sup>5</sup>	26	0.0	4,558.2	319.0	42.6	36.9	6.7	4,558.2	-4,239.1	-276.4	-5.7	-30.3
Paycheck Protection Program loans to NPISH <sup>6</sup>	27	2,230.3	2,800.1	841.4	460.8	1,053.8	597.3	569.8	-1,958.7	-380.6	593.1	-456.5
Provider Relief Fund to NPISH <sup>7</sup>	28	3,884.7	2,534.7	2,364.2	1,478.3	918.7	1,291.8	-1,350.1	-170.4	-886.0	-559.5	373.0
Components of earnings by place of work												
Wages and salaries	29	271,677.2	281,488.5	298,106.3	296,494.7	306,679.0	315,605.6	9,811.3	16,617.8	-1,611.6	10,184.3	8,926.6
Supplements to wages and salaries	30	56,601.6	58,312.4	60,495.0	60,689.3	61,567.4	62,544.1	1,710.7	2,182.6	194.4	878.1	976.7
Employer contributions for employee pension and insurance funds	31	38,629.5	39,755.6	41,130.9	41,119.7	41,346.5	41,793.3	1,126.1	1,375.3	-11.3	226.9	446.8
Employer contributions for government social insurance	32	17,972.2	18,556.8	19,364.0	19,569.7	20,220.9	20,750.8	584.6	807.3	205.6	651.2	529.9
Proprietors' income	33	40,064.9	45,440.1	47,000.5	47,361.7	48,519.9	49,712.1	5,375.2	1,560.4	361.2	1,158.2	1,192.2
Farm proprietors' income	34	62.7	85.3	133.5	16.4	30.1	13.6	22.6	48.2	-117.1	13.7	-16.4
Of which:												
Coronavirus Food Assistance Program <sup>8</sup>	35	11.0	12.1	98.3	4.1	5.0	0.5	1.1	86.2	-94.2	0.9	-4.5
Paycheck Protection Program loans to businesses <sup>6</sup>	36	41.1	58.4	17.5	9.0	21.4	13.3	17.3	-40.8	-8.5	12.4	-8.1
Nonfarm proprietors' income	37	40,002.2	45,354.8	46,867.0	47,345.3	48,489.8	49,698.5	5,352.7	1,512.2	478.3	1,144.5	1,208.7
Of which:												
Paycheck Protection Program loans to businesses <sup>6</sup>	38	5,367.2	4,791.5	2,069.9	1,407.3	3,257.3	2,020.5	-575.7	-2,721.6	-662.6	1,850.0	-1,236.8

CARES -Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security

NPISH -Nonprofit institutions serving households

1. A two percent reduction in reimbursements paid to Medicare service providers that went into effect in 2013 was initially suspended by the CARES Act. The resulting increased reimbursement rates went into effect beginning on May 1, 2020.

2. Unemployment insurance benefits were expanded through several programs that were initially established through the CARES Act. For more information, see How will the expansion of unemployment benefits in response to the COVID-19 pandemic be recorded in the NIPAs?

3. The American Rescue Plan increased the Child Tax Credit to \$3,000 per child over the age of six and \$3,600 for children under the age of six, and raised the age limit from 16 to 17. It also authorized that up to half of these credits could be distributed through advance payments during the tax year, while the rest would be claimed when parents file tax returns the following year.

4. Economic impact payments, initially established by the CARES Act, provide direct payments to individuals. For more information, see How are federal economic impact payments to support individuals during the COVID-19 pandemic recorded in the NIPAs?

5. The Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) was authorized to make payments from the Disaster Relief Fund to supplement wages lost as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic.

6. The Paycheck Protection Program, initially established by the CARES Act, provides forgivable loans to help small businesses and nonprofit institutions make payroll and cover other expenses. It also provides funding to reimburse private lending institutions for the costs of administering these loans. For more information, see How does the Paycheck Protection Program impact the national income and product accounts (NIPAs)?

7. The Department of Health and Human Services distributes money from the Provider Relief Fund to hospitals and health care providers on the front lines of the coronavirus response. This funding supports health care-related expenses or lost revenue attributable to COVID-19 and ensures uninsured Americans can get treatment for COVID-19. In the NIPAs, funds provided to nonprofit hospitals are recorded as social benefits.

8. The Coronavirus Food Assistance Program, initially established by the CARES Act, provides direct support to farmers and ranchers where prices and market supply chains have been impacted by the COVID-19 pandemic.

Note: BEA state per capita personal income statistics are calculated using unpublished Census Bureau midyear population estimates. These midquarter estimates are based on the 2010 census. BEA will incorporate Census Bureau population estimates based on the 2020 census results when they become available. Data on this table will be superseded by updated estimates. Regional estimates were controlled to the update to the National accounts released [November 24, 2021](#).

Source: U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis

Last updated: February 3, 2022.

Note: Reposted Feb. 3, 2022, to correct state personal income statistics for the third quarter of 2021 back to the first quarter of 2016 due to a data processing error involving industry wage estimates. For more information, see the [technical note](#).

**Michigan**  
**Effects of Selected Federal Pandemic Response Programs on State Personal Income, 2021Q3**  
(Millions of dollars, seasonally adjusted at annual rates)

	Line	Levels						Change from preceding period				
		2020			2021			2020		2021		
		Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3
Personal income (millions of dollars)	1	571,734.4	534,118.5	518,481.2	590,799.7	551,964.2	549,461.0	-37,615.9	-15,637.3	72,318.5	-38,835.5	-2,503.2
Nonfarm personal income	2	570,101.1	531,849.3	515,273.7	588,700.1	548,867.1	546,714.6	-38,251.8	-16,575.5	73,426.4	-39,833.0	-2,152.5
Farm income	3	1,633.3	2,269.2	3,207.5	2,099.6	3,097.2	2,746.4	635.9	938.3	-1,107.9	997.5	-350.8
Population (persons)	4	9,971,093.0	9,965,997.0	9,963,565.0	9,955,104.0	9,947,871.0	9,945,104.0	-5,096.0	-2,432.0	-8,461.0	-7,233.0	-2,767.0
Per capita personal income (dollars)	5	57,339	53,594	52,038	59,346	55,486	55,249	-3,745	-1,556	7,308	-3,860	-237
Derivation of personal income												
Earnings by place of work	6	305,987.9	339,217.3	346,274.9	346,745.4	362,727.0	369,662.8	33,229.4	7,057.6	470.6	15,981.6	6,935.8
Less: Contributions for government social insurance	7	37,327.4	40,480.2	41,246.0	41,918.3	43,583.9	44,426.0	3,152.8	765.8	672.3	1,665.6	842.1
Employee and self-employed contributions for government social insurance	8	20,574.4	22,311.8	22,779.1	23,108.3	23,978.6	24,407.7	1,737.4	467.3	329.2	870.3	429.0
Employer contributions for government social insurance	9	16,753.0	18,168.4	18,466.9	18,810.0	19,605.3	20,018.3	1,415.4	298.5	343.1	795.3	413.1
Plus: Adjustment for residence	10	2,413.4	2,452.4	2,547.3	2,580.2	2,567.9	2,635.9	39.0	94.9	32.9	-12.3	68.0
Equals: Net earnings by place of residence	11	271,073.9	301,189.5	307,576.2	307,407.3	321,711.0	327,872.7	30,115.6	6,386.7	-168.8	14,303.7	6,161.7
Plus: Dividends, interest, and rent	12	88,430.8	87,449.4	88,282.7	88,099.9	88,635.2	89,207.1	-981.3	833.3	-182.9	535.4	571.8
Plus: Personal current transfer receipts	13	212,229.7	145,479.6	122,622.3	195,292.5	141,618.0	132,381.2	-66,750.2	-22,857.3	72,670.2	-53,674.5	-9,236.8
Social Security	14	40,030.1	40,188.4	40,450.0	40,993.3	41,097.3	41,331.9	158.2	261.7	543.3	103.9	234.6
Medicare	15	28,913.2	29,040.2	28,875.4	28,655.9	28,692.3	29,053.2	127.0	-164.8	-219.5	36.4	360.9
Of which:												
Increase in Medicare reimbursement rates <sup>1</sup>	16	338.9	507.4	503.6	499.8	496.2	503.3	168.5	-3.8	-3.8	-3.5	7.0
Medicaid	17	18,969.9	20,112.9	19,387.4	20,180.6	21,027.5	23,321.5	1,143.0	-725.5	793.2	846.9	2,294.0
State unemployment insurance	18	63,438.8	27,195.7	10,903.3	22,135.6	18,799.3	9,138.9	-36,243.1	-16,292.4	11,232.2	-3,336.3	-9,660.3
Of which: <sup>2</sup>												
Extended Unemployment Benefits	19	0.0	8.2	555.4	1,326.8	38.0	25.0	8.2	547.2	771.4	-1,288.8	-13.0
Pandemic Emergency Unemployment Compensation	20	192.5	666.7	2,908.0	2,897.4	3,656.1	2,208.7	474.2	2,241.3	-10.6	758.8	-1,447.4
Pandemic Unemployment Assistance	21	6,506.3	5,278.8	4,479.6	4,256.6	3,584.1	942.5	-1,227.5	-799.2	-223.0	-672.5	-2,641.7
Pandemic Unemployment Compensation Payments	22	45,550.4	16,231.4	217.8	12,228.0	10,319.5	4,849.3	-29,319.0	-16,013.6	12,010.2	-1,908.5	-5,470.2
All other personal current transfer receipts	23	60,877.8	28,942.4	23,006.1	83,327.1	32,001.7	29,535.7	-31,935.3	-5,936.3	60,321.0	-51,325.4	-2,465.9
Of which:												
Child tax credit <sup>3</sup>	24	846.7	846.7	846.7	971.8	971.8	6,184.0	0.0	0.0	125.1	0.0	5,212.2
Economic impact payments <sup>4</sup>	25	34,499.4	496.9	161.2	60,913.4	9,138.4	1,225.4	-34,002.5	-335.8	60,752.2	-51,775.0	-7,913.0
Lost wages supplemental payments <sup>5</sup>	26	0.0	4,720.1	1,625.0	139.6	96.4	9.0	4,720.1	-3,095.1	-1,485.4	-43.2	-87.4
Paycheck Protection Program loans to NPISH <sup>6</sup>	27	899.2	2,899.5	871.3	258.8	592.0	335.5	2,000.3	-2,028.2	-612.5	333.1	-256.4
Provider Relief Fund to NPISH <sup>7</sup>	28	6,111.8	1,411.7	905.8	1,422.4	884.0	1,243.0	-4,700.1	-505.8	516.6	-538.4	358.9
Components of earnings by place of work												
Wages and salaries	29	223,418.1	244,843.7	252,004.6	253,033.8	264,479.7	271,024.4	21,425.6	7,160.9	1,029.1	11,446.0	6,544.6
Supplements to wages and salaries	30	52,479.4	56,801.3	57,760.3	58,370.9	59,838.0	60,510.5	4,321.8	959.1	610.6	1,467.1	672.5
Employer contributions for employee pension and insurance funds	31	35,726.4	38,632.9	39,293.5	39,560.9	40,232.7	40,492.1	2,906.5	660.6	267.5	671.8	259.4
Employer contributions for government social insurance	32	16,753.0	18,168.4	18,466.9	18,810.0	19,605.3	20,018.3	1,415.4	298.5	343.1	795.3	413.1
Proprietors' income	33	30,090.4	37,572.3	36,509.9	35,340.8	38,409.3	38,128.0	7,481.9	-1,062.4	-1,169.1	3,068.5	-281.3
Farm proprietors' income	34	943.8	1,575.3	2,502.6	1,379.6	2,362.7	2,004.3	631.5	927.3	-1,123.0	983.1	-358.4
Of which:												
Coronavirus Food Assistance Program <sup>8</sup>	35	343.7	326.1	1,208.7	3.8	290.8	172.1	-17.6	882.6	-1,204.9	286.9	-118.7
Paycheck Protection Program loans to businesses <sup>6</sup>	36	190.5	270.6	81.3	96.5	210.2	130.4	80.1	-189.3	15.2	113.7	-79.8
Nonfarm proprietors' income	37	29,146.6	35,997.0	34,007.3	33,961.2	36,046.6	36,123.7	6,850.4	-1,989.8	-46.1	2,085.4	77.1
Of which:												
Paycheck Protection Program loans to businesses <sup>6</sup>	38	4,851.5	6,930.1	2,133.7	2,091.3	4,840.3	3,002.4	2,078.6	-4,796.4	-42.5	2,749.0	-1,837.9

CARES -Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security

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Source: U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis

Last updated: February 3, 2022.



Note: Reposted Feb. 3, 2022, to correct state personal income statistics for the third quarter of 2021 back to the first quarter of 2016 due to a data processing error involving industry wage estimates. For more information, see the [technical note](#).

**Minnesota**  
**Effects of Selected Federal Pandemic Response Programs on State Personal Income, 2021Q3**  
(Millions of dollars, seasonally adjusted at annual rates)

	Line	Levels						Change from preceding period					
		2020			2021			2020		2021			
		Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	
Personal income (millions of dollars)	1	369,696.2	347,531.0	348,483.4	387,039.0	370,357.5	371,814.2	-22,165.2	952.4	38,555.6	-16,681.6	1,456.7	
Nonfarm personal income	2	366,932.0	343,810.2	342,164.5	382,399.3	362,486.5	364,797.9	-23,121.8	-1,645.7	40,234.8	-19,912.9	2,311.5	
Farm income	3	2,764.2	3,720.8	6,318.9	4,639.7	7,871.0	7,016.3	956.6	2,598.1	-1,679.2	3,231.3	-854.8	
Population (persons)	4	5,656,419.0	5,659,622.0	5,663,552.0	5,665,311.0	5,668,240.0	5,672,766.0	3,203.0	3,930.0	1,759.0	2,929.0	4,526.0	
Per capita personal income (dollars)	5	65,359	61,405	61,531	68,317	65,339	65,544	-3,954	126	6,786	-2,978	205	
Derivation of personal income													
Earnings by place of work	6	235,811.4	243,913.9	254,910.0	254,115.4	266,811.7	272,629.3	8,102.5	10,996.1	-794.5	12,696.3	5,817.6	
Less: Contributions for government social insurance	7	27,807.6	28,378.3	29,163.0	29,691.8	30,700.2	31,392.2	570.7	784.7	528.8	1,008.4	692.1	
Employee and self-employed contributions for government social insurance	8	14,938.2	15,250.7	15,695.3	15,922.2	16,453.7	16,803.1	312.5	444.6	226.9	531.5	349.4	
Employer contributions for government social insurance	9	12,869.4	13,127.6	13,467.7	13,769.7	14,246.5	14,589.1	258.2	340.1	301.9	476.8	342.6	
Plus: Adjustment for residence	10	-1,227.2	-1,291.7	-1,374.8	-1,344.3	-1,506.3	-1,563.8	-64.5	-83.0	30.5	-162.1	-57.4	
Equals: Net earnings by place of residence	11	206,776.6	214,243.9	224,372.2	223,079.3	234,605.2	239,673.3	7,467.3	10,128.3	-1,292.9	11,525.9	5,068.1	
Plus: Dividends, interest, and rent	12	63,613.4	62,549.4	63,413.7	63,210.4	63,765.7	64,293.3	-1,064.1	864.3	-203.3	555.3	527.5	
Plus: Personal current transfer receipts	13	99,306.1	70,737.7	60,697.5	100,749.3	71,986.5	67,847.6	-28,568.4	-10,040.2	40,051.8	-28,762.8	-4,138.9	
Social Security	14	18,783.9	18,891.5	19,055.1	19,381.8	19,444.3	19,585.4	107.6	163.6	326.7	62.5	141.1	
Medicare	15	12,830.4	12,895.7	12,819.1	12,709.5	12,727.9	12,908.0	65.2	-76.6	-109.5	18.4	180.1	
Of which:													
Increase in Medicare reimbursement rates <sup>1</sup>	16	150.3	225.1	223.4	221.7	220.2	223.3	74.8	-1.7	-1.7	-1.6	3.1	
Medicaid	17	12,428.7	13,265.1	12,974.9	13,595.7	14,274.4	13,961.9	836.3	-290.2	620.8	678.6	-312.4	
State unemployment insurance	18	20,801.3	10,128.2	4,512.4	9,497.5	7,592.0	5,054.8	-10,673.1	-5,615.8	4,985.1	-1,905.5	-2,537.2	
Of which: <sup>2</sup>													
Extended Unemployment Benefits	19	0.0	77.4	244.6	2.1	0.3	0.9	77.4	167.2	-242.5	-1.8	0.6	
Pandemic Emergency Unemployment Compensation	20	173.6	473.6	1,526.5	2,540.6	2,264.5	1,630.4	300.0	1,052.9	1,014.0	-276.0	-634.1	
Pandemic Unemployment Assistance	21	861.8	802.4	736.7	760.5	679.7	410.4	-59.5	-65.6	23.7	-80.8	-269.3	
Pandemic Unemployment Compensation Payments	22	13,327.9	4,235.4	52.1	4,836.0	3,513.0	2,079.0	-9,092.6	-4,183.3	4,784.0	-1,323.0	-1,434.0	
All other personal current transfer receipts	23	34,461.7	15,557.3	11,336.0	45,564.7	17,947.9	16,337.5	-18,904.5	-4,221.3	34,228.7	-27,616.8	-1,610.5	
Of which:													
Child tax credit <sup>3</sup>	24	414.0	414.0	414.0	473.8	473.8	3,014.8	0.0	0.0	59.8	0.0	2,541.1	
Economic impact payments <sup>4</sup>	25	18,878.2	272.0	88.2	33,106.9	4,966.8	666.0	-18,606.2	-183.8	33,018.7	-28,140.1	-4,300.8	
Lost wages supplemental payments <sup>5</sup>	26	0.0	1,906.8	55.8	15.7	3.5	0.2	1,906.8	-1,851.1	-40.1	-12.2	-3.3	
Paycheck Protection Program loans to NPISH <sup>6</sup>	27	1,511.8	1,544.5	464.1	340.2	778.0	441.0	32.7	-1,080.4	-123.9	437.8	-337.0	
Provider Relief Fund to NPISH <sup>7</sup>	28	3,717.1	1,522.5	434.0	956.8	594.6	836.1	-2,194.6	-1,088.5	522.8	-362.1	241.4	
Components of earnings by place of work													
Wages and salaries	29	172,308.7	177,762.4	184,411.0	185,167.2	192,739.4	198,151.5	5,453.7	6,648.6	756.3	7,572.2	5,412.0	
Supplements to wages and salaries	30	37,791.1	38,805.9	39,951.4	40,207.0	41,213.9	41,790.3	1,014.8	1,145.5	255.6	1,007.0	576.3	
Employer contributions for employee pension and insurance funds	31	24,921.7	25,678.3	26,483.7	26,437.3	26,967.5	27,201.2	756.6	805.3	-46.3	530.1	233.7	
Employer contributions for government social insurance	32	12,869.4	13,127.6	13,467.7	13,769.7	14,246.5	14,589.1	258.2	340.1	301.9	476.8	342.6	
Proprietors' income	33	25,711.6	27,345.6	30,547.6	28,741.2	32,858.4	32,687.6	1,634.0	3,202.1	-1,806.4	4,117.1	-170.8	
Farm proprietors' income	34	2,113.3	3,065.6	5,653.3	3,959.8	7,177.5	6,315.7	952.3	2,587.7	-1,693.5	3,217.8	-861.9	
Of which:													
Coronavirus Food Assistance Program <sup>8</sup>	35	1,078.4	1,037.0	2,857.6	5.2	930.9	597.3	-41.4	1,820.6	-2,852.4	925.7	-333.5	
Paycheck Protection Program loans to businesses <sup>6</sup>	36	237.5	337.4	101.4	341.5	765.4	474.8	99.9	-236.0	240.1	423.9	-290.6	
Nonfarm proprietors' income	37	23,598.3	24,280.0	24,894.4	24,781.5	25,680.8	26,371.9	681.7	614.4	-112.9	899.4	691.1	
Of which:													
Paycheck Protection Program loans to businesses <sup>6</sup>	38	3,732.3	2,636.2	1,560.0	1,129.2	2,613.6	1,621.2	-1,096.1	-1,076.2	-430.9	1,484.4	-992.4	

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Note: Reposted Feb. 3, 2022, to correct state personal income statistics for the third quarter of 2021 back to the first quarter of 2016 due to a data processing error involving industry wage estimates. For more information, see the [technical note](#).

**Mississippi**  
**Effects of Selected Federal Pandemic Response Programs on State Personal Income, 2021Q3**  
(Millions of dollars, seasonally adjusted at annual rates)

	Line	Levels						Change from preceding period				
		2020			2021			2020		2021		
		Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3
Personal income (millions of dollars)	1	134,069.1	124,763.4	122,243.3	143,908.0	130,056.4	129,825.7	-9,305.7	-2,520.1	21,664.7	-13,851.6	-230.7
Nonfarm personal income	2	133,551.6	123,906.0	120,781.8	142,651.4	128,247.5	127,970.8	-9,645.6	-3,124.2	21,869.6	-14,403.9	-276.7
Farm income	3	517.5	857.4	1,461.5	1,256.7	1,808.9	1,854.9	339.9	604.1	-204.9	552.2	46.0
Population (persons)	4	2,968,921.0	2,966,316.0	2,964,929.0	2,961,129.0	2,957,449.0	2,955,544.0	-2,605.0	-1,387.0	-3,800.0	-3,680.0	-1,905.0
Per capita personal income (dollars)	5	45,158	42,060	41,230	48,599	43,976	43,926	-3,098	-830	7,369	-4,623	-50
Derivation of personal income												
Earnings by place of work	6	68,749.2	74,272.1	76,451.0	76,226.3	79,104.5	80,286.4	5,522.9	2,178.9	-224.7	2,878.2	1,181.8
Less: Contributions for government social insurance	7	8,958.4	9,381.5	9,659.8	9,713.4	9,886.1	10,074.0	423.2	278.2	53.6	172.8	187.9
Employee and self-employed contributions for government social insurance	8	5,115.4	5,354.7	5,521.4	5,539.9	5,629.0	5,734.5	239.3	166.7	18.5	89.1	105.5
Employer contributions for government social insurance	9	3,843.0	4,026.9	4,138.3	4,173.4	4,257.1	4,339.5	183.8	111.5	35.1	83.7	82.4
Plus: Adjustment for residence	10	3,358.5	3,522.7	3,658.8	3,789.4	3,904.8	4,020.4	164.3	136.0	130.6	115.4	115.5
Equals: Net earnings by place of residence	11	63,149.3	68,413.2	70,450.0	70,302.3	73,123.2	74,232.7	5,264.0	2,036.8	-147.7	2,820.9	1,109.5
Plus: Dividends, interest, and rent	12	18,512.5	18,346.5	18,439.1	18,458.7	18,533.8	18,611.1	-166.0	92.6	19.6	75.1	77.4
Plus: Personal current transfer receipts	13	52,407.3	38,003.7	33,354.2	55,147.0	38,399.5	36,981.9	-14,403.7	-4,649.5	21,792.8	-16,747.6	-1,417.6
Social Security	14	10,681.0	10,722.1	10,793.9	10,946.4	10,975.5	11,041.4	41.1	71.8	152.5	29.2	65.8
Medicare	15	8,161.1	8,197.4	8,152.8	8,093.7	8,103.4	8,200.7	36.2	-44.5	-59.2	9.8	97.3
Of which:												
Increase in Medicare reimbursement rates <sup>1</sup>	16	95.7	143.2	142.2	141.1	140.1	142.1	47.6	-1.1	-1.1	-1.0	2.0
Medicaid	17	5,643.8	5,773.1	5,547.9	5,578.3	5,666.3	5,762.1	129.3	-225.2	30.4	88.0	95.8
State unemployment insurance	18	7,969.9	3,826.6	1,049.0	2,751.5	2,037.9	239.7	-4,143.3	-2,777.6	1,702.5	-713.6	-1,798.2
Of which: <sup>2</sup>												
Extended Unemployment Benefits	19	0.0	9.1	39.2	0.5	(L)	(L)	9.1	30.1	-38.7	(L)	(L)
Pandemic Emergency Unemployment Compensation	20	11.6	90.8	256.9	412.0	311.0	2.0	79.2	166.1	155.1	-101.0	-309.0
Pandemic Unemployment Assistance	21	373.3	423.1	330.2	318.3	192.0	0.8	49.8	-92.9	-11.9	-126.3	-191.3
Pandemic Unemployment Compensation Payments	22	6,414.9	2,497.0	18.6	1,719.5	1,268.3	11.5	-3,917.8	-2,478.4	1,700.9	-451.2	-1,256.8
All other personal current transfer receipts	23	19,951.5	9,484.5	7,810.6	27,777.1	11,616.3	11,738.0	-10,467.0	-1,674.0	19,966.5	-16,160.8	121.7
Of which:												
Child tax credit <sup>3</sup>	24	394.1	394.1	394.1	454.1	454.1	2,889.4	0.0	0.0	60.0	0.0	2,435.3
Economic impact payments <sup>4</sup>	25	10,298.8	148.7	48.2	19,262.2	2,889.8	387.5	-10,150.1	-100.5	19,214.0	-16,372.4	-2,502.3
Lost wages supplemental payments <sup>5</sup>	26	0.0	942.8	35.8	10.5	1.6	1.0	942.8	-907.1	-25.3	-8.8	-0.6
Paycheck Protection Program loans to NPISH <sup>6</sup>	27	267.7	445.7	133.9	73.4	167.9	95.1	178.0	-311.8	-60.5	94.5	-72.7
Provider Relief Fund to NPISH <sup>7</sup>	28	1,860.6	449.3	83.4	404.1	251.1	353.1	-1,411.2	-365.9	320.7	-152.9	102.0
Components of earnings by place of work												
Wages and salaries	29	49,561.6	52,231.8	54,187.9	53,820.5	55,080.1	56,481.2	2,670.2	1,956.1	-367.4	1,259.6	1,401.1
Supplements to wages and salaries	30	12,337.1	12,902.0	13,231.2	13,239.8	13,343.6	13,425.7	564.9	329.2	8.6	103.8	82.2
Employer contributions for employee pension and insurance funds	31	8,494.1	8,875.1	9,092.8	9,066.3	9,086.5	9,086.2	381.0	217.7	-26.5	20.1	-0.3
Employer contributions for government social insurance	32	3,843.0	4,026.9	4,138.3	4,173.4	4,257.1	4,339.5	183.8	111.5	35.1	83.7	82.4
Proprietors' income	33	6,850.5	9,138.3	9,031.9	9,166.0	10,680.8	10,379.4	2,287.8	-106.4	134.1	1,514.8	-301.4
Farm proprietors' income	34	391.1	730.7	1,333.0	1,125.4	1,675.0	1,719.6	339.5	602.3	-207.6	549.6	44.6
Of which:												
Coronavirus Food Assistance Program <sup>8</sup>	35	210.8	147.3	467.7	2.3	174.9	113.5	-63.5	320.4	-465.4	172.6	-61.5
Paycheck Protection Program loans to businesses <sup>6</sup>	36	56.6	80.4	24.1	46.1	120.4	74.7	23.8	-56.2	21.9	74.3	-45.7
Nonfarm proprietors' income	37	6,459.4	8,407.7	7,698.9	8,040.7	9,005.8	8,659.8	1,948.3	-708.7	341.7	965.2	-346.0
Of which:												
Paycheck Protection Program loans to businesses <sup>6</sup>	38	962.5	1,833.6	540.3	830.2	1,921.6	1,191.9	871.1	-1,293.3	289.9	1,091.3	-729.6

CARES -Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security

NPISH -Nonprofit institutions serving households

(L) Less than \$50,000.

1. A two percent reduction in reimbursements paid to Medicare service providers that went into effect in 2013 was initially suspended by the CARES Act. The resulting increased reimbursement rates went into effect beginning on May 1, 2020.
2. Unemployment insurance benefits were expanded through several programs that were initially established through the CARES Act. For more information, see How will the expansion of unemployment benefits in response to the COVID-19 pandemic be recorded in the NIPAs?
3. The American Rescue Plan increased the Child Tax Credit to \$3,000 per child over the age of six and \$3,600 for children under the age of six, and raised the age limit from 16 to 17. It also authorized that up to half of these credits could be distributed through advance payments during the tax year, while the rest would be claimed when parents file tax returns the following year.
4. Economic impact payments, initially established by the CARES Act, provide direct payments to individuals. For more information, see How are federal economic impact payments to support individuals during the COVID-19 pandemic recorded in the NIPAs?
5. The Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) was authorized to make payments from the Disaster Relief Fund to supplement wages lost as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic.
6. The Paycheck Protection Program, initially established by the CARES Act, provides forgivable loans to help small businesses and nonprofit institutions make payroll and cover other expenses. It also provides funding to reimburse private lending institutions for the costs of administering these loans. For more information, see How does the Paycheck Protection Program impact the national income and product accounts (NIPAs)?
7. The Department of Health and Human Services distributes money from the Provider Relief Fund to hospitals and health care providers on the front lines of the coronavirus response. This funding supports health care-related expenses or lost revenue attributable to COVID-19 and ensures uninsured Americans can get treatment for COVID-19. In the NIPAs, funds provided to nonprofit hospitals are recorded as social benefits.
8. The Coronavirus Food Assistance Program, initially established by the CARES Act, provides direct support to farmers and ranchers where prices and market supply chains have been impacted by the COVID-19 pandemic.

Note: BEA state per capita personal income statistics are calculated using unpublished Census Bureau midyear population estimates. These midquarter estimates are based on the 2010 census. BEA will incorporate Census Bureau population estimates based on the 2020 census results when they become available. Data on this table will be superseded by updated estimates. Regional estimates were controlled to the update to the National accounts released [November 24, 2021](#).

Source: U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis

Last updated: February 3, 2022.

Note: Reposted Feb. 3, 2022, to correct state personal income statistics for the third quarter of 2021 back to the first quarter of 2016 due to a data processing error involving industry wage estimates. For more information, see the [technical note](#).

**Missouri**  
**Effects of Selected Federal Pandemic Response Programs on State Personal Income, 2021Q3**  
(Millions of dollars, seasonally adjusted at annual rates)

	Line	Levels						Change from preceding period				
		2020			2021			2020		2021		
		Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3
Personal income (millions of dollars)	1	334,622.5	314,342.5	316,248.8	358,461.9	333,748.5	333,376.4	-20,280.0	1,906.2	42,213.2	-24,713.4	-372.1
Nonfarm personal income	2	332,734.3	311,946.5	312,482.0	355,102.9	328,298.4	328,305.3	-20,787.8	535.5	42,620.9	-26,804.5	6.9
Farm income	3	1,888.3	2,396.1	3,766.8	3,359.0	5,450.1	5,071.0	507.8	1,370.7	-407.7	2,091.0	-379.0
Population (persons)	4	6,151,427.0	6,154,104.0	6,158,432.0	6,158,796.0	6,160,030.0	6,164,142.0	2,677.0	4,328.0	364.0	1,234.0	4,112.0
Per capita personal income (dollars)	5	54,398	51,079	51,352	58,203	54,180	54,083	-3,319	273	6,851	-4,023	-97
Derivation of personal income												
Earnings by place of work	6	206,183.7	215,983.5	224,913.4	226,029.1	231,996.5	236,727.3	9,799.8	8,929.9	1,115.7	5,967.3	4,730.9
Less: Contributions for government social insurance	7	24,389.8	25,260.0	26,023.3	26,548.5	26,798.0	27,392.8	870.1	763.3	525.2	249.5	594.8
Employee and self-employed contributions for government social insurance	8	13,429.1	13,901.4	14,342.4	14,609.9	14,716.5	15,021.8	472.3	441.1	267.5	106.6	305.3
Employer contributions for government social insurance	9	10,960.8	11,358.6	11,680.9	11,938.6	12,081.5	12,370.9	397.9	322.3	257.7	142.9	289.5
Plus: Adjustment for residence	10	-5,274.5	-5,538.8	-5,833.9	-5,958.6	-5,950.8	-6,177.8	-264.3	-295.1	-124.7	7.8	-227.1
Equals: Net earnings by place of residence	11	176,519.4	185,184.7	193,056.2	193,522.0	199,247.7	203,156.7	8,665.3	7,871.5	465.9	5,725.7	3,909.0
Plus: Dividends, interest, and rent	12	58,549.4	57,798.3	58,538.3	58,586.9	59,041.8	59,391.0	-751.1	739.9	48.6	454.9	349.2
Plus: Personal current transfer receipts	13	99,553.8	71,359.5	64,654.3	106,353.0	75,459.0	70,828.6	-28,194.3	-6,705.2	41,698.7	-30,894.0	-4,630.4
Social Security	14	21,965.9	22,062.0	22,213.8	22,522.3	22,581.4	22,714.6	96.1	151.8	308.6	59.0	133.3
Medicare	15	16,016.3	16,095.0	16,009.7	15,890.9	15,910.5	16,105.9	78.7	-85.3	-118.8	19.6	195.3
Of which:												
Increase in Medicare reimbursement rates <sup>1</sup>	16	187.7	281.1	279.0	276.9	274.9	278.8	93.4	-2.1	-2.1	-2.0	3.9
Medicaid	17	10,846.0	11,471.3	11,104.2	11,220.6	11,747.4	11,672.9	625.3	-367.1	116.4	526.8	-74.5
State unemployment insurance	18	11,543.9	5,594.3	1,663.0	3,922.4	3,149.1	431.3	-5,949.7	-3,931.3	2,259.4	-773.3	-2,717.8
Of which: <sup>2</sup>												
Extended Unemployment Benefits	19	0.0	36.8	13.3	0.7	0.1	0.1	36.8	-23.5	-12.7	-0.6	0.0
Pandemic Emergency Unemployment Compensation	20	54.9	297.4	510.1	729.9	594.5	7.4	242.5	212.7	219.8	-135.4	-587.1
Pandemic Unemployment Assistance	21	407.4	580.1	456.1	421.8	345.4	20.2	172.7	-123.9	-34.3	-76.4	-325.2
Pandemic Unemployment Compensation Payments	22	8,775.2	3,250.7	48.3	2,310.6	1,800.3	63.4	-5,524.6	-3,202.4	2,262.4	-510.4	-1,736.9
All other personal current transfer receipts	23	39,181.7	16,137.0	13,663.7	52,796.8	22,070.6	19,903.9	-23,044.7	-2,473.3	39,133.1	-30,726.1	-2,166.8
Of which:												
Child tax credit <sup>3</sup>	24	575.8	575.8	575.8	659.8	659.8	4,198.3	0.0	0.0	83.9	0.0	3,538.5
Economic impact payments <sup>4</sup>	25	21,400.1	308.6	100.1	38,016.3	5,703.3	764.8	-21,091.5	-208.5	37,916.2	-32,312.9	-4,938.6
Lost wages supplemental payments <sup>5</sup>	26	0.0	1,158.0	29.4	9.5	5.5	0.7	1,158.0	-1,128.6	-19.9	-4.0	-4.8
Paycheck Protection Program loans to NPISH <sup>6</sup>	27	1,496.1	1,005.0	302.0	230.4	527.0	298.7	-491.1	-703.0	-71.6	296.6	-228.3
Provider Relief Fund to NPISH <sup>7</sup>	28	3,608.7	1,053.7	647.9	895.7	556.7	782.7	-2,555.0	-405.8	247.8	-339.0	226.0
Components of earnings by place of work												
Wages and salaries	29	150,275.2	156,847.8	162,939.5	164,282.5	166,693.5	171,289.6	6,572.6	6,091.7	1,343.0	2,411.1	4,596.1
Supplements to wages and salaries	30	35,860.1	36,992.8	37,855.7	38,352.3	38,209.9	38,727.2	1,132.7	862.9	496.6	-142.4	517.3
Employer contributions for employee pension and insurance funds	31	24,899.4	25,634.2	26,174.8	26,413.7	26,128.5	26,356.3	734.8	540.7	238.9	-285.3	227.8
Employer contributions for government social insurance	32	10,960.8	11,358.6	11,680.9	11,938.6	12,081.5	12,370.9	397.9	322.3	257.7	142.9	289.5
Proprietors' income	33	20,048.4	22,142.9	24,118.2	23,394.3	27,093.0	26,710.5	2,094.5	1,975.3	-723.9	3,698.7	-382.5
Farm proprietors' income	34	1,586.9	2,093.9	3,460.4	3,046.1	5,130.6	4,748.1	507.0	1,366.5	-414.3	2,084.5	-382.6
Of which:												
Coronavirus Food Assistance Program <sup>8</sup>	35	633.5	679.7	1,437.7	7.8	526.5	342.9	46.2	757.9	-1,429.9	518.7	-183.6
Paycheck Protection Program loans to businesses <sup>6</sup>	36	93.5	132.8	39.9	257.6	579.9	359.7	39.3	-92.9	217.7	322.3	-220.2
Nonfarm proprietors' income	37	18,461.4	20,048.9	20,657.8	20,348.2	21,962.4	21,962.4	1,587.5	608.8	-309.6	1,614.1	0.0
Of which:												
Paycheck Protection Program loans to businesses <sup>6</sup>	38	2,791.0	2,705.6	1,589.4	1,324.1	3,064.7	1,901.0	-85.3	-1,116.2	-265.4	1,740.6	-1,163.6

CARES -Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security

NPISH -Nonprofit institutions serving households

1. A two percent reduction in reimbursements paid to Medicare service providers that went into effect in 2013 was initially suspended by the CARES Act. The resulting increased reimbursement rates went into effect beginning on May 1, 2020.

2. Unemployment insurance benefits were expanded through several programs that were initially established through the CARES Act. For more information, see How will the expansion of unemployment benefits in response to the COVID-19 pandemic be recorded in the NIPAs?

3. The American Rescue Plan increased the Child Tax Credit to \$3,000 per child over the age of six and \$3,600 for children under the age of six, and raised the age limit from 16 to 17. It also authorized that up to half of these credits could be distributed through advance payments during the tax year, while the rest would be claimed when parents file tax returns the following year.

4. Economic impact payments, initially established by the CARES Act, provide direct payments to individuals. For more information, see How are federal economic impact payments to support individuals during the COVID-19 pandemic recorded in the NIPAs?

5. The Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) was authorized to make payments from the Disaster Relief Fund to supplement wages lost as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic.

6. The Paycheck Protection Program, initially established by the CARES Act, provides forgivable loans to help small businesses and nonprofit institutions make payroll and cover other expenses. It also provides funding to reimburse private lending institutions for the costs of administering these loans. For more information, see How does the Paycheck Protection Program impact the national income and product accounts (NIPAs)?

7. The Department of Health and Human Services distributes money from the Provider Relief Fund to hospitals and health care providers on the front lines of the coronavirus response. This funding supports health care-related expenses or lost revenue attributable to COVID-19 and ensures uninsured Americans can get treatment for COVID-19. In the NIPAs, funds provided to nonprofit hospitals are recorded as social benefits.

8. The Coronavirus Food Assistance Program, initially established by the CARES Act, provides direct support to farmers and ranchers where prices and market supply chains have been impacted by the COVID-19 pandemic.

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Source: U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis

Last updated: February 3, 2022.

Note: Reposted Feb. 3, 2022, to correct state personal income statistics for the third quarter of 2021 back to the first quarter of 2016 due to a data processing error involving industry wage estimates. For more information, see the [technical note](#).

**Montana**  
**Effects of Selected Federal Pandemic Response Programs on State Personal Income, 2021Q3**  
(Millions of dollars, seasonally adjusted at annual rates)

	Line	Levels						Change from preceding period				
		2020			2021			2020		2021		
		Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3
Personal income (millions of dollars)	1	61,337.9	56,754.8	58,006.2	65,459.4	61,721.7	61,973.3	-4,583.0	1,251.4	7,453.1	-3,737.7	251.6
Nonfarm personal income	2	60,242.9	55,448.6	55,963.9	64,123.1	59,541.8	60,051.6	-4,794.3	515.4	8,159.2	-4,581.3	509.8
Farm income	3	1,095.0	1,306.2	2,042.3	1,336.3	2,179.9	1,921.7	211.2	736.1	-706.0	843.6	-258.2
Population (persons)	4	1,079,466.0	1,082,001.0	1,084,745.0	1,086,888.0	1,089,268.0	1,092,077.0	2,535.0	2,744.0	2,143.0	2,380.0	2,809.0
Per capita personal income (dollars)	5	56,822	52,454	53,475	60,226	56,663	56,748	-4,368	1,021	6,751	-3,563	85
Derivation of personal income												
Earnings by place of work	6	33,052.4	34,807.1	37,255.3	37,286.3	39,088.9	39,640.7	1,754.7	2,448.2	31.0	1,802.6	551.8
Less: Contributions for government social insurance	7	4,313.7	4,480.3	4,655.7	4,807.6	4,911.7	5,014.0	166.6	175.4	151.9	104.1	102.3
Employee and self-employed contributions for government social insurance	8	2,316.7	2,399.4	2,495.7	2,571.3	2,624.3	2,675.5	82.7	96.2	75.7	53.0	51.2
Employer contributions for government social insurance	9	1,997.0	2,080.8	2,160.1	2,236.3	2,287.4	2,338.4	83.8	79.2	76.2	51.1	51.0
Plus: Adjustment for residence	10	286.6	288.4	291.6	296.1	297.7	303.3	1.7	3.2	4.5	1.6	5.6
Equals: Net earnings by place of residence	11	29,025.3	30,615.2	32,891.2	32,774.8	34,474.9	34,930.0	1,589.9	2,276.0	-116.4	1,700.1	455.1
Plus: Dividends, interest, and rent	12	13,439.8	13,183.6	13,433.6	13,366.6	13,513.9	13,638.8	-256.1	249.9	-67.0	147.3	124.8
Plus: Personal current transfer receipts	13	18,872.8	12,956.0	11,681.4	19,317.9	13,732.8	13,404.5	-5,916.8	-1,274.5	7,636.5	-5,585.1	-328.3
Social Security	14	3,942.0	3,966.8	4,004.1	4,078.0	4,092.2	4,124.1	24.8	37.3	74.0	14.2	31.9
Medicare	15	2,443.4	2,457.5	2,442.3	2,419.2	2,423.1	2,461.0	14.1	-15.2	-23.1	3.9	37.9
Of which:												
Increase in Medicare reimbursement rates <sup>1</sup>	16	28.6	42.9	42.5	42.2	41.9	42.5	14.2	-0.3	-0.3	-0.3	0.6
Medicaid	17	2,032.0	2,146.8	2,054.1	2,095.5	2,270.1	2,632.1	114.9	-92.7	41.3	174.7	362.0
State unemployment insurance	18	2,611.1	1,121.7	410.1	756.3	642.3	131.9	-1,489.4	-711.6	346.1	-114.0	-510.4
Of which: <sup>2</sup>												
Extended Unemployment Benefits	19	0.0	4.2	7.2	0.5	0.2	0.1	4.2	2.9	-6.6	-0.3	-0.1
Pandemic Emergency Unemployment Compensation	20	14.8	43.0	73.7	131.7	111.6	9.0	28.2	30.6	58.0	-20.1	-102.6
Pandemic Unemployment Assistance	21	128.4	121.0	146.6	125.0	99.4	29.0	-7.4	25.6	-21.6	-25.6	-70.4
Pandemic Unemployment Compensation Payments	22	1,869.6	583.2	22.4	387.5	336.3	15.5	-1,286.4	-560.8	365.1	-51.2	-320.8
All other personal current transfer receipts	23	7,844.3	3,263.1	2,770.8	9,969.0	4,305.1	4,055.2	-4,581.2	-492.3	7,198.2	-5,663.9	-249.8
Of which:												
Child tax credit <sup>3</sup>	24	86.9	86.9	86.9	99.3	99.3	631.9	0.0	0.0	12.4	0.0	532.6
Economic impact payments <sup>4</sup>	25	3,911.1	56.4	18.3	6,835.2	1,025.4	137.5	-3,854.7	-38.1	6,816.9	-5,809.7	-887.9
Lost wages supplemental payments <sup>5</sup>	26	0.0	192.9	0.0	0.5	0.0	0.0	192.9	-192.9	0.5	-0.5	0.0
Paycheck Protection Program loans to NPISH <sup>6</sup>	27	312.7	307.8	92.5	35.2	80.5	45.6	-4.9	-215.3	-57.3	45.3	-34.9
Provider Relief Fund to NPISH <sup>7</sup>	28	965.7	88.1	58.9	188.0	116.8	164.3	-877.7	-29.2	129.1	-71.2	47.4
Components of earnings by place of work												
Wages and salaries	29	22,505.5	23,570.1	24,718.7	25,206.3	25,912.2	26,593.7	1,064.7	1,148.6	487.5	705.9	681.6
Supplements to wages and salaries	30	5,550.2	5,726.6	5,903.4	6,022.3	6,112.1	6,188.2	176.4	176.9	118.8	89.8	76.1
Employer contributions for employee pension and insurance funds	31	3,553.2	3,645.7	3,743.4	3,786.0	3,824.7	3,849.8	92.5	97.7	42.6	38.7	25.0
Employer contributions for government social insurance	32	1,997.0	2,080.8	2,160.1	2,236.3	2,287.4	2,338.4	83.8	79.2	76.2	51.1	51.0
Proprietors' income	33	4,996.7	5,510.4	6,633.2	6,057.8	7,064.6	6,858.7	513.7	1,122.8	-575.4	1,006.8	-205.9
Farm proprietors' income	34	838.3	1,049.1	1,781.7	1,070.1	1,908.3	1,647.3	210.8	732.6	-711.7	838.3	-261.1
Of which:												
Coronavirus Food Assistance Program <sup>8</sup>	35	260.0	364.4	935.0	4.6	412.3	254.9	104.5	570.5	-930.3	407.6	-157.4
Paycheck Protection Program loans to businesses <sup>6</sup>	36	32.9	46.8	14.1	71.6	161.9	100.4	13.9	-32.7	57.5	90.3	-61.5
Nonfarm proprietors' income	37	4,158.4	4,461.3	4,851.4	4,987.7	5,156.3	5,211.5	302.9	390.2	136.3	168.6	55.2
Of which:												
Paycheck Protection Program loans to businesses <sup>6</sup>	38	526.5	251.0	258.8	188.2	435.6	270.2	-275.5	7.8	-70.6	247.4	-165.4

CARES -Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security

NPISH -Nonprofit institutions serving households

1. A two percent reduction in reimbursements paid to Medicare service providers that went into effect in 2013 was initially suspended by the CARES Act. The resulting increased reimbursement rates went into effect beginning on May 1, 2020.

2. Unemployment insurance benefits were expanded through several programs that were initially established through the CARES Act. For more information, see How will the expansion of unemployment benefits in response to the COVID-19 pandemic be recorded in the NIPAs?

3. The American Rescue Plan increased the Child Tax Credit to \$3,000 per child over the age of six and \$3,600 for children under the age of six, and raised the age limit from 16 to 17. It also authorized that up to half of these credits could be distributed through advance payments during the tax year, while the rest would be claimed when parents file tax returns the following year.

4. Economic impact payments, initially established by the CARES Act, provide direct payments to individuals. For more information, see How are federal economic impact payments to support individuals during the COVID-19 pandemic recorded in the NIPAs?

5. The Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) was authorized to make payments from the Disaster Relief Fund to supplement wages lost as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic.

6. The Paycheck Protection Program, initially established by the CARES Act, provides forgivable loans to help small businesses and nonprofit institutions make payroll and cover other expenses. It also provides funding to reimburse private lending institutions for the costs of administering these loans. For more information, see How does the Paycheck Protection Program impact the national income and product accounts (NIPAs)?

7. The Department of Health and Human Services distributes money from the Provider Relief Fund to hospitals and health care providers on the front lines of the coronavirus response. This funding supports health care-related expenses or lost revenue attributable to COVID-19 and ensures uninsured Americans can get treatment for COVID-19. In the NIPAs, funds provided to nonprofit hospitals are recorded as social benefits.

8. The Coronavirus Food Assistance Program, initially established by the CARES Act, provides direct support to farmers and ranchers where prices and market supply chains have been impacted by the COVID-19 pandemic.

Note: BEA state per capita personal income statistics are calculated using unpublished Census Bureau midyear population estimates. These midquarter estimates are based on the 2010 census. BEA will incorporate Census Bureau population estimates based on the 2020 census results when they become available. Data on this table will be superseded by updated estimates. Regional estimates were controlled to the update to the National accounts released [November 24, 2021](#).

Source: U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis

Last updated: February 3, 2022.

Note: Reposted Feb. 3, 2022, to correct state personal income statistics for the third quarter of 2021 back to the first quarter of 2016 due to a data processing error involving industry wage estimates. For more information, see the [technical note](#).

Nebraska

Effects of Selected Federal Pandemic Response Programs on State Personal Income, 2021Q3

(Millions of dollars, seasonally adjusted at annual rates)

	Line	Levels						Change from preceding period				
		2020			2021			2020		2021		
		Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3
Personal income (millions of dollars)	1	115,856.0	109,348.9	113,722.5	125,501.3	121,057.7	121,282.6	-6,507.1	4,373.6	11,778.7	-4,443.6	224.9
Nonfarm personal income	2	112,657.8	105,212.7	106,675.3	119,811.5	111,523.4	112,588.4	-7,445.0	1,462.5	13,136.2	-8,288.0	1,065.0
Farm income	3	3,198.3	4,136.2	7,047.3	5,689.8	9,534.3	8,694.2	937.9	2,911.1	-1,357.5	3,844.4	-840.1
Population (persons)	4	1,937,348.0	1,938,407.0	1,939,875.0	1,940,334.0	1,941,133.0	1,942,645.0	1,059.0	1,468.0	459.0	799.0	1,512.0
Per capita personal income (dollars)	5	59,801	56,412	58,624	64,680	62,364	62,432	-3,389	2,212	6,056	-2,316	68
Derivation of personal income												
Earnings by place of work	6	75,790.5	78,894.4	85,009.3	83,682.2	88,842.9	89,162.0	3,103.9	6,114.9	-1,327.1	5,160.7	319.1
Less: Contributions for government social insurance	7	8,826.3	9,017.9	9,298.2	9,447.8	9,529.0	9,656.4	191.6	280.3	149.6	81.2	127.4
Employee and self-employed contributions for government social insurance	8	4,759.5	4,864.0	5,022.2	5,094.2	5,135.4	5,193.2	104.5	158.2	72.0	41.2	57.8
Employer contributions for government social insurance	9	4,066.8	4,153.9	4,276.0	4,353.6	4,393.6	4,463.2	87.1	122.1	77.6	40.0	69.6
Plus: Adjustment for residence	10	-1,144.6	-1,178.8	-1,233.0	-1,235.5	-1,258.2	-1,259.8	-34.2	-54.2	-2.5	-22.7	-1.7
Equals: Net earnings by place of residence	11	65,819.6	68,697.6	74,478.1	72,999.0	78,055.8	78,245.8	2,878.1	5,780.5	-1,479.2	5,056.8	190.0
Plus: Dividends, interest, and rent	12	21,177.7	20,913.3	21,129.4	21,129.5	21,272.7	21,405.6	-264.4	216.0	0.1	143.2	132.8
Plus: Personal current transfer receipts	13	28,858.7	19,738.0	18,115.0	31,372.8	21,729.2	21,631.3	-9,120.8	-1,622.9	13,257.8	-9,643.6	-97.9
Social Security	14	6,061.2	6,093.4	6,143.0	6,242.5	6,261.6	6,304.6	32.2	49.6	99.6	19.0	43.0
Medicare	15	4,318.3	4,341.7	4,317.7	4,282.5	4,288.4	4,346.2	23.4	-24.0	-35.2	5.9	57.8
Of which:												
Increase in Medicare reimbursement rates <sup>1</sup>	16	50.6	75.8	75.2	74.6	74.1	75.2	25.2	-0.6	-0.6	-0.5	1.1
Medicaid	17	2,352.9	2,556.2	2,564.7	2,761.3	3,114.2	3,543.0	203.2	8.6	196.6	352.9	428.8
State unemployment insurance	18	2,930.9	1,215.7	329.3	527.1	462.1	100.0	-1,715.1	-886.4	197.8	-65.0	-362.2
Of which: <sup>2</sup>												
Extended Unemployment Benefits	19	0.0	1.3	1.3	(L)	(L)	0.1	1.3	0.0	(L)	(L)	(L)
Pandemic Emergency Unemployment Compensation	20	6.3	32.3	63.5	70.1	88.7	5.1	26.0	31.2	6.6	18.6	-83.7
Pandemic Unemployment Assistance	21	132.4	90.3	47.7	31.3	32.0	1.9	-42.1	-42.6	-16.4	0.7	-30.1
Pandemic Unemployment Compensation Payments	22	2,153.4	670.5	8.7	279.0	227.5	11.0	-1,482.9	-661.8	270.3	-51.5	-216.5
All other personal current transfer receipts	23	13,195.5	5,531.0	4,760.3	17,559.3	7,602.9	7,337.5	-7,664.5	-770.7	12,799.0	-9,956.4	-265.4
Of which:												
Child tax credit <sup>3</sup>	24	180.0	180.0	180.0	205.7	205.7	1,308.9	0.0	0.0	25.7	0.0	1,103.2
Economic impact payments <sup>4</sup>	25	6,635.8	95.5	31.0	12,071.5	1,811.0	242.8	-6,540.3	-64.5	12,040.5	-10,260.5	-1,568.2
Lost wages supplemental payments <sup>5</sup>	26	0.0	193.9	14.5	2.8	3.1	0.2	193.9	-179.4	-11.7	0.3	-2.9
Paycheck Protection Program loans to NPISH <sup>6</sup>	27	280.4	468.5	140.8	73.5	168.0	95.2	188.1	-327.7	-67.3	94.5	-72.8
Provider Relief Fund to NPISH <sup>7</sup>	28	1,684.3	284.9	135.8	355.5	220.9	310.6	-1,399.3	-149.2	219.7	-134.5	89.7
Components of earnings by place of work												
Wages and salaries	29	52,196.5	53,870.0	56,049.7	56,272.6	57,143.8	58,175.2	1,673.5	2,179.7	222.9	871.1	1,031.4
Supplements to wages and salaries	30	12,837.2	13,089.6	13,422.8	13,554.0	13,698.7	13,668.2	252.4	333.2	131.2	144.7	-30.5
Employer contributions for employee pension and insurance funds	31	8,770.4	8,935.6	9,146.7	9,200.4	9,305.1	9,205.0	165.2	211.1	53.6	104.8	-100.1
Employer contributions for government social insurance	32	4,066.8	4,153.9	4,276.0	4,353.6	4,393.6	4,463.2	87.1	122.1	77.6	40.0	69.6
Proprietors' income	33	10,756.8	11,934.8	15,536.8	13,855.6	18,000.5	17,318.7	1,178.0	3,602.1	-1,681.2	4,144.8	-681.8
Farm proprietors' income	34	2,693.5	3,629.5	6,533.1	5,164.6	8,998.2	8,152.2	936.0	2,903.6	-1,368.5	3,833.5	-845.9
Of which:												
Coronavirus Food Assistance Program <sup>8</sup>	35	1,202.3	1,279.9	2,953.6	13.4	914.1	582.9	77.5	1,673.8	-2,940.3	900.8	-331.2
Paycheck Protection Program loans to businesses <sup>6</sup>	36	190.7	270.9	81.4	371.3	831.8	516.0	80.2	-189.5	289.9	460.5	-315.8
Nonfarm proprietors' income	37	8,063.3	8,305.3	9,003.7	8,691.0	9,002.3	9,166.4	242.0	698.4	-312.7	311.3	164.1
Of which:												
Paycheck Protection Program loans to businesses <sup>6</sup>	38	950.8	479.0	563.2	369.0	854.1	529.8	-471.8	84.2	-194.2	485.1	-324.3

CARES -Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security

NPISH -Nonprofit institutions serving households

(L) Less than \$50,000.

1. A two percent reduction in reimbursements paid to Medicare service providers that went into effect in 2013 was initially suspended by the CARES Act. The resulting increased reimbursement rates went into effect beginning on May 1, 2020.
2. Unemployment insurance benefits were expanded through several programs that were initially established through the CARES Act. For more information, see How will the expansion of unemployment benefits in response to the COVID-19 pandemic be recorded in the NIPAs?
3. The American Rescue Plan increased the Child Tax Credit to \$3,000 per child over the age of six and \$3,600 for children under the age of six, and raised the age limit from 16 to 17. It also authorized that up to half of these credits could be distributed through advance payments during the tax year, while the rest would be claimed when parents file tax returns the following year.
4. Economic impact payments, initially established by the CARES Act, provide direct payments to individuals. For more information, see How are federal economic impact payments to support individuals during the COVID-19 pandemic recorded in the NIPAs?
5. The Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) was authorized to make payments from the Disaster Relief Fund to supplement wages lost as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic.
6. The Paycheck Protection Program, initially established by the CARES Act, provides forgivable loans to help small businesses and nonprofit institutions make payroll and cover other expenses. It also provides funding to reimburse private lending institutions for the costs of administering these loans. For more information, see How does the Paycheck Protection Program impact the national income and product accounts (NIPAs)?
7. The Department of Health and Human Services distributes money from the Provider Relief Fund to hospitals and health care providers on the front lines of the coronavirus response. This funding supports health care-related expenses or lost revenue attributable to COVID-19 and ensures uninsured Americans can get treatment for COVID-19. In the NIPAs, funds provided to nonprofit hospitals are recorded as social benefits.
8. The Coronavirus Food Assistance Program, initially established by the CARES Act, provides direct support to farmers and ranchers where prices and market supply chains have been impacted by the COVID-19 pandemic.

Note: BEA state per capita personal income statistics are calculated using unpublished Census Bureau midyear population estimates. These midquarter estimates are based on the 2010 census. BEA will incorporate Census Bureau population estimates based on the 2020 census results when they become available. Data on this table will be superseded by updated estimates. Regional estimates were controlled to the update to the National accounts released [November 24, 2021](#).

Source: U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis

Last updated: February 3, 2022.

Note: Reposted Feb. 3, 2022, to correct state personal income statistics for the third quarter of 2021 back to the first quarter of 2016 due to a data processing error involving industry wage estimates. For more information, see the [technical note](#).

**Nevada**  
**Effects of Selected Federal Pandemic Response Programs on State Personal Income, 2021Q3**  
(Millions of dollars, seasonally adjusted at annual rates)

	Line	Levels						Change from preceding period				
		2020			2021			2020		2021		
		Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3
Personal income (millions of dollars)	1	175,735.0	167,946.4	165,710.1	189,134.2	178,824.1	179,436.4	-7,788.5	-2,236.3	23,424.1	-10,310.1	612.3
Nonfarm personal income	2	175,492.6	167,660.7	165,396.0	188,939.4	178,600.2	179,236.2	-7,831.9	-2,264.7	23,543.4	-10,339.3	636.1
Farm income	3	242.4	285.7	314.1	194.8	223.9	200.2	43.3	28.4	-119.3	29.2	-23.7
Population (persons)	4	3,133,273.0	3,144,432.0	3,156,432.0	3,167,315.0	3,178,410.0	3,190,463.0	11,159.0	12,000.0	10,883.0	11,095.0	12,053.0
Per capita personal income (dollars)	5	56,087	53,411	52,499	59,714	56,262	56,242	-2,676	-912	7,215	-3,452	-20
Derivation of personal income												
Earnings by place of work	6	91,962.4	104,330.1	106,389.9	106,910.6	114,307.2	117,124.7	12,367.6	2,059.8	520.7	7,396.6	2,817.5
Less: Contributions for government social insurance	7	10,734.7	11,751.5	12,170.1	12,367.9	13,212.4	13,585.5	1,016.8	418.7	197.7	844.6	373.1
Employee and self-employed contributions for government social insurance	8	5,742.0	6,267.3	6,493.3	6,578.9	7,020.6	7,197.3	525.3	226.0	85.6	441.7	176.8
Employer contributions for government social insurance	9	4,992.6	5,484.2	5,676.8	5,789.0	6,191.9	6,388.2	491.6	192.6	112.1	402.9	196.3
Plus: Adjustment for residence	10	252.0	176.5	209.3	232.3	152.4	150.6	-75.6	32.9	23.0	-79.9	-1.8
Equals: Net earnings by place of residence	11	81,479.8	92,755.0	94,429.0	94,775.0	101,247.2	103,689.8	11,275.2	1,674.0	346.0	6,472.2	2,442.6
Plus: Dividends, interest, and rent	12	37,307.9	36,551.9	37,252.0	37,086.5	37,515.9	37,933.8	-756.0	700.1	-165.5	429.3	417.9
Plus: Personal current transfer receipts	13	56,947.3	38,639.5	34,029.1	57,272.6	40,061.0	37,812.9	-18,307.8	-4,610.5	23,243.6	-17,211.6	-2,248.2
Social Security	14	9,405.0	9,464.3	9,555.9	9,740.3	9,775.6	9,855.3	59.3	91.6	184.4	35.3	79.6
Medicare	15	7,226.2	7,270.2	7,222.3	7,147.9	7,160.6	7,282.9	43.9	-47.8	-74.4	12.7	122.3
Of which:												
Increase in Medicare reimbursement rates <sup>1</sup>	16	84.6	126.8	125.8	124.8	124.0	125.7	42.1	-1.0	-1.0	-0.9	1.8
Medicaid	17	4,034.6	4,272.8	4,043.0	4,237.9	4,604.8	5,406.7	238.2	-229.8	194.8	366.9	801.9
State unemployment insurance	18	17,663.2	9,692.8	4,292.9	8,637.5	6,799.1	3,720.0	-7,970.4	-5,399.9	4,344.6	-1,838.4	-3,079.1
Of which: <sup>2</sup>												
Extended Unemployment Benefits	19	1.7	20.9	176.7	1,090.9	124.3	48.0	19.2	155.7	914.2	-966.6	-76.2
Pandemic Emergency Unemployment Compensation	20	42.3	297.1	1,600.3	1,347.4	1,810.7	1,079.7	254.8	1,303.3	-253.0	463.4	-731.0
Pandemic Unemployment Assistance	21	1,223.7	1,003.0	1,021.7	983.8	746.9	463.3	-220.7	18.7	-37.9	-236.9	-283.6
Pandemic Unemployment Compensation Payments	22	11,308.7	5,051.6	251.1	4,358.7	3,385.9	1,508.9	-6,257.2	-4,800.5	4,107.7	-972.8	-1,877.0
All other personal current transfer receipts	23	18,618.2	7,939.4	8,914.9	27,509.0	11,720.9	11,547.9	-10,678.8	975.4	18,594.1	-15,788.1	-172.9
Of which:												
Child tax credit <sup>3</sup>	24	327.6	327.6	327.6	377.2	377.2	2,400.2	0.0	0.0	49.6	0.0	2,023.0
Economic impact payments <sup>4</sup>	25	10,493.8	151.7	49.2	19,196.8	2,880.0	386.2	-10,342.1	-102.5	19,147.6	-16,316.8	-2,493.8
Lost wages supplemental payments <sup>5</sup>	26	0.0	0.0	1,596.1	40.9	15.4	1.5	0.0	1,596.1	-1,555.2	-25.5	-13.9
Paycheck Protection Program loans to NPISH <sup>6</sup>	27	207.9	517.2	155.4	39.0	89.2	50.6	309.4	-361.8	-116.4	50.2	-38.7
Provider Relief Fund to NPISH <sup>7</sup>	28	739.6	194.7	83.7	171.8	106.8	150.1	-544.9	-111.0	88.1	-65.0	43.4
Components of earnings by place of work												
Wages and salaries	29	66,814.4	73,395.4	76,501.0	76,718.7	82,457.8	85,100.1	6,581.0	3,105.6	217.7	5,739.2	2,642.2
Supplements to wages and salaries	30	16,242.3	17,476.5	17,925.0	17,953.0	18,846.2	19,153.2	1,234.2	448.5	28.0	893.2	307.0
Employer contributions for employee pension and insurance funds	31	11,249.7	11,992.4	12,248.2	12,164.1	12,654.4	12,765.1	742.7	255.9	-84.2	490.3	110.7
Employer contributions for government social insurance	32	4,992.6	5,484.2	5,676.8	5,789.0	6,191.9	6,388.2	491.6	192.6	112.1	402.9	196.3
Proprietors' income	33	8,905.6	13,458.1	11,963.9	12,238.9	13,003.2	12,871.4	4,552.5	-1,494.2	275.0	764.3	-131.8
Farm proprietors' income	34	159.0	202.4	229.7	108.5	135.9	111.2	43.4	27.3	-121.2	27.4	-24.7
Of which:												
Coronavirus Food Assistance Program <sup>8</sup>	35	46.9	36.0	81.4	1.0	10.6	6.4	-10.9	45.3	-80.3	9.6	-4.2
Paycheck Protection Program loans to businesses <sup>6</sup>	36	27.2	38.7	11.6	4.3	12.9	8.0	11.5	-27.1	-7.3	8.6	-4.9
Nonfarm proprietors' income	37	8,746.7	13,255.8	11,734.2	12,130.4	12,867.3	12,760.2	4,509.1	-1,521.6	396.2	736.9	-107.1
Of which:												
Paycheck Protection Program loans to businesses <sup>6</sup>	38	1,617.8	3,740.8	719.5	991.9	2,295.9	1,424.2	2,123.0	-3,021.3	272.4	1,304.0	-871.7

CARES -Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security

NPISH -Nonprofit institutions serving households

1. A two percent reduction in reimbursements paid to Medicare service providers that went into effect in 2013 was initially suspended by the CARES Act. The resulting increased reimbursement rates went into effect beginning on May 1, 2020.

2. Unemployment insurance benefits were expanded through several programs that were initially established through the CARES Act. For more information, see How will the expansion of unemployment benefits in response to the COVID-19 pandemic be recorded in the NIPAs?

3. The American Rescue Plan increased the Child Tax Credit to \$3,000 per child over the age of six and \$3,600 for children under the age of six, and raised the age limit from 16 to 17. It also authorized that up to half of these credits could be distributed through advance payments during the tax year, while the rest would be claimed when parents file tax returns the following year.

4. Economic impact payments, initially established by the CARES Act, provide direct payments to individuals. For more information, see How are federal economic impact payments to support individuals during the COVID-19 pandemic recorded in the NIPAs?

5. The Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) was authorized to make payments from the Disaster Relief Fund to supplement wages lost as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic.

6. The Paycheck Protection Program, initially established by the CARES Act, provides forgivable loans to help small businesses and nonprofit institutions make payroll and cover other expenses. It also provides funding to reimburse private lending institutions for the costs of administering these loans. For more information, see How does the Paycheck Protection Program impact the national income and product accounts (NIPAs)?

7. The Department of Health and Human Services distributes money from the Provider Relief Fund to hospitals and health care providers on the front lines of the coronavirus response. This funding supports health care-related expenses or lost revenue attributable to COVID-19 and ensures uninsured Americans can get treatment for COVID-19. In the NIPAs, funds provided to nonprofit hospitals are recorded as social benefits.

8. The Coronavirus Food Assistance Program, initially established by the CARES Act, provides direct support to farmers and ranchers where prices and market supply chains have been impacted by the COVID-19 pandemic.

Note: BEA state per capita personal income statistics are calculated using unpublished Census Bureau midyear population estimates. These midquarter estimates are based on the 2010 census. BEA will incorporate Census Bureau population estimates based on the 2020 census results when they become available. Data on this table will be superseded by updated estimates. Regional estimates were controlled to the update to the National accounts released [November 24, 2021](#).

Source: U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis

Last updated: February 3, 2022.

Note: Reposted Feb. 3, 2022, to correct state personal income statistics for the third quarter of 2021 back to the first quarter of 2016 due to a data processing error involving industry wage estimates. For more information, see the [technical note](#).

**New Hampshire**  
**Effects of Selected Federal Pandemic Response Programs on State Personal Income, 2021Q3**  
(Millions of dollars, seasonally adjusted at annual rates)

	Line	Levels						Change from preceding period				
		2020			2021			2020		2021		
		Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3
Personal income (millions of dollars)	1	94,577.5	90,828.1	92,455.4	100,593.4	98,883.1	98,034.8	-3,749.4	1,627.3	8,138.0	-1,710.3	-848.4
Nonfarm personal income	2	94,533.1	90,768.6	92,391.7	100,559.3	98,848.8	98,003.6	-3,764.5	1,623.1	8,167.7	-1,710.5	-845.2
Farm income	3	44.4	59.6	63.7	34.1	34.3	31.1	15.1	4.2	-29.6	0.2	-3.2
Population (persons)	4	1,365,849.0	1,366,952.0	1,368,179.0	1,368,893.0	1,369,930.0	1,371,355.0	1,103.0	1,227.0	714.0	1,037.0	1,425.0
Per capita personal income (dollars)	5	69,244	66,446	67,576	73,485	72,181	71,488	-2,798	1,130	5,909	-1,304	-693
Derivation of personal income												
Earnings by place of work	6	56,183.8	59,333.7	62,912.3	62,124.7	68,300.9	67,574.6	3,149.9	3,578.6	-787.6	6,176.2	-726.3
Less: Contributions for government social insurance	7	6,318.6	6,556.4	6,874.1	6,902.8	7,659.5	7,503.2	237.8	317.7	28.7	756.7	-156.3
Employee and self-employed contributions for government social insurance	8	3,596.8	3,722.2	3,903.6	3,891.3	4,326.4	4,247.2	125.4	181.4	-12.3	435.1	-79.3
Employer contributions for government social insurance	9	2,721.8	2,834.2	2,970.5	3,011.5	3,333.1	3,256.1	112.4	136.3	41.0	321.6	-77.0
Plus: Adjustment for residence	10	6,236.2	6,394.8	6,723.0	6,738.2	6,452.3	6,896.7	158.6	328.3	15.1	-285.9	444.4
Equals: Net earnings by place of residence	11	56,101.4	59,172.1	62,761.3	61,960.1	67,093.6	66,968.1	3,070.7	3,589.2	-801.2	5,133.6	-125.5
Plus: Dividends, interest, and rent	12	14,733.4	14,618.3	14,730.8	14,737.2	14,810.7	14,901.6	-115.1	112.5	6.4	73.5	90.9
Plus: Personal current transfer receipts	13	23,742.7	17,037.7	14,963.3	23,896.1	16,978.8	16,165.1	-6,704.9	-2,074.4	8,932.8	-6,917.3	-813.7
Social Security	14	5,682.2	5,717.2	5,769.8	5,874.2	5,894.1	5,939.2	35.0	52.6	104.3	20.0	45.1
Medicare	15	3,566.1	3,585.9	3,563.9	3,531.1	3,536.7	3,590.6	19.8	-22.0	-32.8	5.5	53.9
Of which:												
Increase in Medicare reimbursement rates <sup>1</sup>	16	41.8	62.6	62.1	61.6	61.2	62.1	20.8	-0.5	-0.5	-0.4	0.9
Medicaid	17	2,120.0	2,489.0	2,404.4	2,550.2	2,549.6	2,776.8	369.0	-84.5	145.8	-0.6	227.3
State unemployment insurance	18	3,627.2	2,025.6	495.7	1,074.7	691.6	92.0	-1,601.6	-1,529.9	578.9	-383.1	-599.6
Of which: <sup>2</sup>												
Extended Unemployment Benefits	19	0.1	1.3	8.4	0.1	0.1	0.1	1.1	7.1	-8.3	0.0	0.0
Pandemic Emergency Unemployment Compensation	20	0.0	18.4	85.9	162.6	125.4	7.0	18.4	67.6	76.6	-37.2	-118.4
Pandemic Unemployment Assistance	21	81.7	785.7	253.7	145.3	118.2	5.2	703.9	-532.0	-108.3	-27.1	-113.0
Pandemic Unemployment Compensation Payments	22	2,788.7	832.1	9.3	680.7	380.4	19.4	-1,956.6	-822.8	671.4	-300.3	-361.0
All other personal current transfer receipts	23	8,747.2	3,220.0	2,729.4	10,866.0	4,306.8	3,766.4	-5,527.2	-490.6	8,136.6	-6,559.1	-540.4
Of which:												
Child tax credit <sup>3</sup>	24	68.8	68.8	68.8	76.6	76.6	487.2	0.0	0.0	7.8	0.0	410.6
Economic impact payments <sup>4</sup>	25	4,735.6	68.2	22.1	7,906.4	1,186.1	159.1	-4,667.5	-46.0	7,884.3	-6,720.2	-1,027.1
Lost wages supplemental payments <sup>5</sup>	26	0.0	357.2	10.7	2.2	0.8	0.3	357.2	-346.5	-8.5	-1.4	-0.5
Paycheck Protection Program loans to NPISH <sup>6</sup>	27	760.0	170.0	51.1	66.4	151.7	86.0	-590.0	-118.9	15.3	85.4	-65.7
Provider Relief Fund to NPISH <sup>7</sup>	28	823.2	225.4	259.2	220.5	137.0	192.7	-597.8	33.9	-38.8	-83.5	55.6
Components of earnings by place of work												
Wages and salaries	29	39,415.1	41,467.0	43,970.5	43,386.9	48,581.0	48,015.1	2,051.9	2,503.5	-583.6	5,194.1	-565.9
Supplements to wages and salaries	30	8,653.1	8,992.3	9,395.6	9,409.2	10,217.5	9,875.6	339.2	403.3	13.5	808.4	-341.9
Employer contributions for employee pension and insurance funds	31	5,931.3	6,158.1	6,425.1	6,397.7	6,884.4	6,619.5	226.8	267.1	-27.5	486.8	-264.9
Employer contributions for government social insurance	32	2,721.8	2,834.2	2,970.5	3,011.5	3,333.1	3,256.1	112.4	136.3	41.0	321.6	-77.0
Proprietors' income	33	8,115.6	8,874.4	9,546.2	9,328.6	9,502.4	9,683.9	758.7	671.8	-217.5	173.7	181.5
Farm proprietors' income	34	15.6	30.6	34.3	4.0	3.6	0.1	15.0	3.7	-30.3	-0.4	-3.5
Of which:												
Coronavirus Food Assistance Program <sup>8</sup>	35	10.3	5.9	20.1	3.1	1.9	0.7	-4.4	14.1	-17.0	-1.3	-1.1
Paycheck Protection Program loans to businesses <sup>6</sup>	36	12.1	17.2	5.2	1.1	2.9	1.8	5.1	-12.0	-4.1	1.8	-1.1
Nonfarm proprietors' income	37	8,100.1	8,843.8	9,511.9	9,324.6	9,498.7	9,683.8	743.8	668.1	-187.2	174.1	185.0
Of which:												
Paycheck Protection Program loans to businesses <sup>6</sup>	38	1,536.0	1,058.9	690.9	341.9	791.4	490.9	-477.1	-367.9	-349.0	449.5	-300.5

CARES -Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security

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Source: U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis

Last updated: February 3, 2022.

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**New Jersey**  
**Effects of Selected Federal Pandemic Response Programs on State Personal Income, 2021Q3**  
(Millions of dollars, seasonally adjusted at annual rates)

	Line	Levels						Change from preceding period				
		2020			2021			2020		2021		
		Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3
Personal income (millions of dollars)	1	666,296.9	656,932.5	653,454.2	713,107.7	681,614.8	688,956.7	-9,364.4	-3,478.3	59,653.5	-31,492.9	7,341.9
Nonfarm personal income	2	665,760.0	656,367.8	652,775.5	712,582.1	680,999.9	688,365.6	-9,392.3	-3,592.3	59,806.6	-31,582.3	7,365.7
Farm income	3	536.8	564.7	678.7	525.6	615.0	591.1	27.9	114.0	-153.1	89.4	-23.8
Population (persons)	4	8,886,338.0	8,880,858.0	8,876,834.0	8,870,833.0	8,865,730.0	8,862,327.0	-5,480.0	-4,024.0	-6,001.0	-5,103.0	-3,403.0
Per capita personal income (dollars)	5	74,980	73,972	73,613	80,388	76,882	77,740	-1,008	-359	6,775	-3,506	858
Derivation of personal income												
Earnings by place of work	6	388,405.7	416,888.0	425,166.4	429,651.9	438,262.1	450,507.0	28,482.3	8,278.4	4,485.5	8,610.1	12,244.9
Less: Contributions for government social insurance	7	43,369.7	45,402.6	46,502.7	47,546.6	48,364.4	49,574.7	2,032.9	1,100.0	1,043.9	817.8	1,210.4
Employee and self-employed contributions for government social insurance	8	23,772.2	24,811.3	25,446.0	25,977.7	26,345.4	26,957.1	1,039.1	634.7	531.7	367.7	611.7
Employer contributions for government social insurance	9	19,597.6	20,591.3	21,056.7	21,568.8	22,018.9	22,617.6	993.7	465.4	512.1	450.1	598.6
Plus: Adjustment for residence	10	54,865.6	56,874.4	58,553.7	59,710.5	60,706.9	61,573.3	2,008.9	1,679.2	1,156.8	996.4	866.4
Equals: Net earnings by place of residence	11	399,901.5	428,359.9	437,217.4	441,815.9	450,604.6	462,505.5	28,458.3	8,857.6	4,598.5	8,788.7	11,900.9
Plus: Dividends, interest, and rent	12	105,935.8	104,753.4	105,842.1	105,710.2	106,396.4	107,100.2	-1,182.4	1,088.7	-132.0	686.2	703.8
Plus: Personal current transfer receipts	13	160,459.5	123,819.2	110,394.7	165,581.7	124,613.9	119,351.0	-36,640.3	-13,424.5	55,187.0	-40,967.8	-5,262.9
Social Security	14	30,998.1	31,128.2	31,336.3	31,761.7	31,843.0	32,026.7	130.2	208.0	425.4	81.4	183.7
Medicare	15	24,509.6	24,608.0	24,468.3	24,289.4	24,318.9	24,613.2	98.4	-139.7	-179.0	29.5	294.3
Of which:												
Increase in Medicare reimbursement rates <sup>1</sup>	16	287.2	430.1	426.9	423.6	420.7	426.6	142.8	-3.2	-3.2	-3.0	6.0
Medicaid	17	16,545.8	17,307.2	16,895.5	17,665.9	18,608.7	20,154.8	761.4	-411.7	770.5	942.7	1,546.2
State unemployment insurance	18	37,113.8	26,920.2	12,933.8	23,246.0	21,522.8	15,911.8	-10,193.6	-13,986.4	10,312.2	-1,723.2	-5,611.0
Of which: <sup>2</sup>												
Extended Unemployment Benefits	19	0.0	290.5	864.7	1,682.4	323.9	319.0	290.5	574.3	817.7	-1,358.5	-4.8
Pandemic Emergency Unemployment Compensation	20	537.3	1,148.4	3,563.0	3,887.0	4,675.9	3,832.3	611.1	2,414.6	324.0	788.9	-843.6
Pandemic Unemployment Assistance	21	2,222.6	5,192.5	4,953.3	5,127.2	4,766.3	3,226.9	2,969.9	-239.2	173.9	-360.8	-1,539.5
Pandemic Unemployment Compensation Payments	22	22,621.4	13,167.3	391.3	10,266.9	9,808.4	6,854.4	-9,454.1	-12,776.0	9,875.6	-458.5	-2,954.1
All other personal current transfer receipts	23	51,292.2	23,855.5	24,760.7	68,618.7	28,320.5	26,644.4	-27,436.8	905.3	43,858.0	-40,298.2	-1,676.1
Of which:												
Child tax credit <sup>3</sup>	24	658.8	658.8	658.8	752.1	752.1	4,785.7	0.0	0.0	93.3	0.0	4,033.6
Economic impact payments <sup>4</sup>	25	27,218.1	393.2	127.5	47,920.1	7,189.1	964.0	-26,824.9	-265.7	47,792.6	-40,731.0	-6,225.1
Lost wages supplemental payments <sup>5</sup>	26	0.0	0.0	5,382.9	81.3	1.6	0.0	0.0	5,382.9	-5,301.6	-79.7	-1.6
Paycheck Protection Program loans to NPISH <sup>6</sup>	27	885.6	3,391.2	1,019.0	249.4	570.4	323.3	2,505.5	-2,372.1	-769.6	321.0	-247.1
Provider Relief Fund to NPISH <sup>7</sup>	28	5,643.4	2,463.1	586.2	1,465.8	911.0	1,280.9	-3,180.3	-1,876.9	879.6	-554.8	369.9
Components of earnings by place of work												
Wages and salaries	29	270,280.1	286,169.6	296,438.7	299,539.4	306,007.0	315,218.8	15,889.5	10,269.1	3,100.6	6,467.7	9,211.7
Supplements to wages and salaries	30	60,546.0	63,360.5	64,650.1	65,784.1	65,924.8	67,042.0	2,814.5	1,289.6	1,133.9	140.7	1,117.2
Employer contributions for employee pension and insurance funds	31	40,948.4	42,769.2	43,593.5	44,215.2	43,905.9	44,424.4	1,820.8	824.3	621.8	-309.4	518.5
Employer contributions for government social insurance	32	19,597.6	20,591.3	21,056.7	21,568.8	22,018.9	22,617.6	993.7	465.4	512.1	450.1	598.6
Proprietors' income	33	57,579.6	67,357.9	64,077.5	64,328.5	66,330.2	68,246.3	9,778.3	-3,280.4	251.0	2,001.7	1,916.1
Farm proprietors' income	34	350.2	376.7	487.7	330.5	416.1	390.4	26.5	111.0	-157.2	85.6	-25.8
Of which:												
Coronavirus Food Assistance Program <sup>8</sup>	35	5.7	13.6	161.1	13.2	28.5	11.0	7.8	147.5	-147.9	15.3	-17.5
Paycheck Protection Program loans to businesses <sup>6</sup>	36	63.9	90.8	27.3	15.5	38.5	23.9	26.9	-63.5	-11.8	23.0	-14.6
Nonfarm proprietors' income	37	57,229.4	66,981.2	63,589.8	63,998.0	65,914.1	67,855.9	9,751.8	-3,391.4	408.2	1,916.1	1,941.8
Of which:												
Paycheck Protection Program loans to businesses <sup>6</sup>	38	9,470.5	11,549.7	3,310.0	2,349.8	5,438.8	3,373.7	2,079.2	-8,239.8	-960.1	3,089.0	-2,065.1

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7. The Department of Health and Human Services distributes money from the Provider Relief Fund to hospitals and health care providers on the front lines of the coronavirus response. This funding supports health care-related expenses or lost revenue attributable to COVID-19 and ensures uninsured Americans can get treatment for COVID-19. In the NIPAs, funds provided to nonprofit hospitals are recorded as social benefits.

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Note: BEA state per capita personal income statistics are calculated using unpublished Census Bureau midyear population estimates. These midquarter estimates are based on the 2010 census. BEA will incorporate Census Bureau population estimates based on the 2020 census results when they become available. Data on this table will be superseded by updated estimates. Regional estimates were controlled to the update to the National accounts released [November 24, 2021](#).

Source: U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis

Last updated: February 3, 2022.



Note: Reposted Feb. 3, 2022, to correct state personal income statistics for the third quarter of 2021 back to the first quarter of 2016 due to a data processing error involving industry wage estimates. For more information, see the [technical note](#).

**New Mexico**  
**Effects of Selected Federal Pandemic Response Programs on State Personal Income, 2021Q3**  
(Millions of dollars, seasonally adjusted at annual rates)

	Line	Levels						Change from preceding period				
		2020			2021			2020		2021		
		Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3
Personal income (millions of dollars)	1	102,972.7	98,167.3	95,885.0	110,656.4	101,549.4	102,375.9	-4,805.3	-2,282.3	14,771.4	-9,107.0	826.5
Nonfarm personal income	2	102,037.1	96,788.5	94,425.9	109,748.1	100,526.5	101,500.3	-5,248.6	-2,362.6	15,322.2	-9,221.6	973.8
Farm income	3	935.6	1,378.8	1,459.1	908.3	1,022.9	875.6	443.3	80.3	-550.8	114.6	-147.3
Population (persons)	4	2,106,155.0	2,107,303.0	2,109,032.0	2,109,925.0	2,110,930.0	2,112,571.0	1,148.0	1,729.0	893.0	1,005.0	1,641.0
Per capita personal income (dollars)	5	48,891	46,584	45,464	52,446	48,106	48,460	-2,307	-1,120	6,982	-4,340	354
Derivation of personal income												
Earnings by place of work	6	56,758.3	59,346.5	60,816.9	60,059.9	61,678.3	62,819.8	2,588.1	1,470.4	-757.0	1,618.4	1,141.5
Less: Contributions for government social insurance	7	7,214.0	7,321.7	7,487.4	7,560.9	7,717.3	7,871.8	107.7	165.7	73.5	156.4	154.5
Employee and self-employed contributions for government social insurance	8	3,998.1	4,058.9	4,157.3	4,192.3	4,271.6	4,351.1	60.9	98.4	35.0	79.3	79.5
Employer contributions for government social insurance	9	3,216.0	3,262.8	3,330.1	3,368.6	3,445.7	3,520.7	46.8	67.3	38.5	77.1	75.0
Plus: Adjustment for residence	10	117.8	133.2	146.7	159.6	174.1	190.2	15.4	13.6	12.9	14.6	16.0
Equals: Net earnings by place of residence	11	49,662.1	52,157.9	53,476.2	52,658.6	54,135.1	55,138.1	2,495.8	1,318.3	-817.7	1,476.5	1,003.0
Plus: Dividends, interest, and rent	12	16,507.7	16,329.7	16,439.0	16,448.4	16,533.6	16,634.1	-178.0	109.3	9.4	85.2	100.5
Plus: Personal current transfer receipts	13	36,802.9	29,679.7	25,969.8	41,549.4	30,880.7	30,603.7	-7,123.2	-3,710.0	15,579.6	-10,668.7	-277.0
Social Security	14	7,156.9	7,197.1	7,261.3	7,392.2	7,417.3	7,473.8	40.3	64.1	131.0	25.1	56.6
Medicare	15	4,679.7	4,702.8	4,673.4	4,631.7	4,638.7	4,707.3	23.1	-29.4	-41.7	7.0	68.5
Of which:												
Increase in Medicare reimbursement rates <sup>1</sup>	16	54.8	82.1	81.5	80.9	80.3	81.4	27.3	-0.6	-0.6	-0.6	1.1
Medicaid	17	6,305.8	6,940.0	6,890.9	6,994.8	7,445.1	8,288.9	634.3	-49.2	103.9	450.4	843.7
State unemployment insurance	18	4,885.6	3,463.5	1,379.0	3,327.6	2,907.1	1,798.2	-1,422.1	-2,084.5	1,948.6	-420.5	-1,108.8
Of which: <sup>2</sup>												
Extended Unemployment Benefits	19	0.4	14.3	35.0	318.2	6.0	16.2	13.8	20.7	283.3	-312.3	10.2
Pandemic Emergency Unemployment Compensation	20	25.4	88.7	454.0	477.5	928.1	403.0	63.3	365.3	23.5	450.6	-525.1
Pandemic Unemployment Assistance	21	308.3	458.4	305.3	335.9	330.6	265.6	150.0	-153.1	30.6	-5.3	-65.0
Pandemic Unemployment Compensation Payments	22	3,485.1	1,734.0	9.8	1,743.4	1,255.8	806.6	-1,751.2	-1,724.1	1,733.6	-487.6	-449.1
All other personal current transfer receipts	23	13,775.0	7,376.2	5,765.2	19,203.0	8,472.4	8,335.5	-6,398.7	-1,611.0	13,437.8	-10,730.6	-137.0
Of which:												
Child tax credit <sup>3</sup>	24	230.1	230.1	230.1	260.6	260.6	1,658.0	0.0	0.0	30.5	0.0	1,397.5
Economic impact payments <sup>4</sup>	25	7,148.5	103.3	33.5	12,917.0	1,937.9	259.9	-7,045.2	-69.8	12,883.5	-10,979.2	-1,678.0
Lost wages supplemental payments <sup>5</sup>	26	0.0	772.0	19.8	8.1	2.9	0.4	772.0	-752.2	-11.7	-5.2	-2.5
Paycheck Protection Program loans to NPISH <sup>6</sup>	27	371.7	484.7	145.7	54.3	124.2	70.4	113.0	-339.1	-91.4	69.9	-53.8
Provider Relief Fund to NPISH <sup>7</sup>	28	747.1	506.5	53.5	220.2	136.9	192.5	-240.5	-453.1	166.8	-83.4	55.6
Components of earnings by place of work												
Wages and salaries	29	41,266.4	42,271.6	43,610.2	43,528.9	44,676.0	45,812.2	1,005.2	1,338.6	-81.3	1,147.1	1,136.2
Supplements to wages and salaries	30	10,248.8	10,401.8	10,593.1	10,615.8	10,711.7	10,826.9	153.0	191.2	22.7	95.9	115.2
Employer contributions for employee pension and insurance funds	31	7,032.8	7,139.0	7,262.9	7,247.2	7,266.0	7,306.1	106.2	123.9	-15.8	18.8	40.2
Employer contributions for government social insurance	32	3,216.0	3,262.8	3,330.1	3,368.6	3,445.7	3,520.7	46.8	67.3	38.5	77.1	75.0
Proprietors' income	33	5,243.2	6,673.1	6,613.7	5,915.2	6,290.6	6,180.7	1,429.9	-59.4	-698.5	375.4	-109.9
Farm proprietors' income	34	662.8	1,106.2	1,183.0	626.3	735.0	584.5	443.4	76.8	-556.7	108.7	-150.5
Of which:												
Coronavirus Food Assistance Program <sup>8</sup>	35	166.8	206.7	327.2	4.6	35.2	20.7	39.9	120.5	-322.6	30.6	-14.6
Paycheck Protection Program loans to businesses <sup>6</sup>	36	52.3	74.3	22.3	17.0	41.2	25.5	22.0	-52.0	-5.3	24.2	-15.6
Nonfarm proprietors' income	37	4,580.4	5,566.9	5,430.7	5,288.9	5,555.6	5,596.3	986.5	-136.3	-141.7	266.7	40.6
Of which:												
Paycheck Protection Program loans to businesses <sup>6</sup>	38	852.2	1,123.5	481.5	327.5	758.0	470.2	271.3	-642.0	-153.9	430.5	-287.8

CARES -Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security

NPISH -Nonprofit institutions serving households

1. A two percent reduction in reimbursements paid to Medicare service providers that went into effect in 2013 was initially suspended by the CARES Act. The resulting increased reimbursement rates went into effect beginning on May 1, 2020.
2. Unemployment insurance benefits were expanded through several programs that were initially established through the CARES Act. For more information, see How will the expansion of unemployment benefits in response to the COVID-19 pandemic be recorded in the NIPAs?
3. The American Rescue Plan increased the Child Tax Credit to \$3,000 per child over the age of six and \$3,600 for children under the age of six, and raised the age limit from 16 to 17. It also authorized that up to half of these credits could be distributed through advance payments during the tax year, while the rest would be claimed when parents file tax returns the following year.
4. Economic impact payments, initially established by the CARES Act, provide direct payments to individuals. For more information, see How are federal economic impact payments to support individuals during the COVID-19 pandemic recorded in the NIPAs?
5. The Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) was authorized to make payments from the Disaster Relief Fund to supplement wages lost as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic.
6. The Paycheck Protection Program, initially established by the CARES Act, provides forgivable loans to help small businesses and nonprofit institutions make payroll and cover other expenses. It also provides funding to reimburse private lending institutions for the costs of administering these loans. For more information, see How does the Paycheck Protection Program impact the national income and product accounts (NIPAs)?
7. The Department of Health and Human Services distributes money from the Provider Relief Fund to hospitals and health care providers on the front lines of the coronavirus response. This funding supports health care-related expenses or lost revenue attributable to COVID-19 and ensures uninsured Americans can get treatment for COVID-19. In the NIPAs, funds provided to nonprofit hospitals are recorded as social benefits.
8. The Coronavirus Food Assistance Program, initially established by the CARES Act, provides direct support to farmers and ranchers where prices and market supply chains have been impacted by the COVID-19 pandemic.

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Source: U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis

Last updated: February 3, 2022.

Note: Reposted Feb. 3, 2022, to correct state personal income statistics for the third quarter of 2021 back to the first quarter of 2016 due to a data processing error involving industry wage estimates. For more information, see the [technical note](#).

**New York**  
**Effects of Selected Federal Pandemic Response Programs on State Personal Income, 2021Q3**  
(Millions of dollars, seasonally adjusted at annual rates)

	Line	Levels						Change from preceding period				
		2020			2021			2020		2021		
		Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3
Personal income (millions of dollars)	1	1,496,266.9	1,468,978.1	1,411,288.3	1,575,202.6	1,495,985.7	1,500,641.7	-27,288.8	-57,689.8	163,914.3	-79,216.9	4,655.9
Nonfarm personal income	2	1,494,543.4	1,466,628.5	1,408,627.5	1,573,706.8	1,494,160.6	1,499,110.4	-27,914.9	-58,001.0	165,079.3	-79,546.2	4,949.8
Farm income	3	1,723.5	2,349.6	2,660.8	1,495.9	1,825.1	1,531.3	626.1	311.3	-1,165.0	329.3	-293.8
Population (persons)	4	19,358,910.0	19,320,970.0	19,287,180.0	19,247,975.0	19,210,236.0	19,177,076.0	-37,940.0	-33,790.0	-39,205.0	-37,739.0	-33,160.0
Per capita personal income (dollars)	5	77,291	76,030	73,172	81,837	77,874	78,252	-1,261	-2,858	8,665	-3,963	378
Derivation of personal income												
Earnings by place of work	6	974,457.3	1,030,763.4	1,049,323.1	1,068,797.5	1,091,073.0	1,110,306.4	56,306.2	18,559.7	19,474.4	22,275.6	19,233.3
Less: Contributions for government social insurance	7	101,966.8	105,336.9	107,591.7	110,762.1	112,580.7	114,411.7	3,370.1	2,254.8	3,170.4	1,818.6	1,830.9
Employee and self-employed contributions for government social insurance	8	53,858.8	55,418.2	56,689.4	58,469.8	59,077.9	59,884.4	1,559.4	1,271.2	1,780.4	608.1	806.5
Employer contributions for government social insurance	9	48,108.0	49,918.7	50,902.3	52,292.3	53,502.9	54,527.3	1,810.7	983.6	1,390.0	1,210.5	1,024.4
Plus: Adjustment for residence	10	-76,692.1	-79,883.9	-82,259.0	-84,324.0	-85,486.2	-86,898.6	-3,191.8	-2,375.1	-2,065.0	-1,162.2	-1,412.4
Equals: Net earnings by place of residence	11	795,798.4	845,542.7	859,472.4	873,711.4	893,006.1	908,996.1	49,744.3	13,929.8	14,238.9	19,294.8	15,990.0
Plus: Dividends, interest, and rent	12	274,443.8	270,197.3	274,541.3	274,980.6	277,620.0	279,524.1	-4,246.5	4,344.0	439.3	2,639.3	1,904.1
Plus: Personal current transfer receipts	13	426,024.7	353,238.2	277,274.6	426,510.6	325,359.6	312,121.5	-72,786.6	-75,963.6	149,236.1	-101,151.0	-13,238.2
Social Security	14	64,099.4	64,340.5	64,751.7	65,616.9	65,782.4	66,156.0	241.1	411.2	865.2	165.5	373.6
Medicare	15	53,767.4	53,970.0	53,655.3	53,260.1	53,325.3	53,975.2	202.6	-314.8	-395.2	65.3	649.9
Of which:												
Increase in Medicare reimbursement rates <sup>1</sup>	16	630.1	943.4	936.4	929.3	922.7	935.8	313.3	-7.1	-7.1	-6.5	13.1
Medicaid	17	71,562.8	69,939.2	66,936.6	64,318.1	67,518.9	73,052.7	-1,623.6	-3,002.7	-2,618.5	3,200.8	5,533.8
State unemployment insurance	18	98,969.1	83,535.8	36,726.8	76,302.9	65,127.4	48,861.3	-15,433.3	-46,809.0	39,576.2	-11,175.5	-16,266.1
Of which: <sup>2</sup>												
Extended Unemployment Benefits	19	15.8	362.2	1,424.9	4,030.7	2,286.0	379.1	346.4	1,062.7	2,605.8	-1,744.7	-1,906.8
Pandemic Emergency Unemployment Compensation	20	499.1	1,187.8	10,659.6	10,548.2	11,098.3	10,331.1	688.7	9,471.7	-111.3	550.1	-767.3
Pandemic Unemployment Assistance	21	9,073.3	16,539.9	14,306.4	16,657.0	13,434.1	12,033.7	7,466.6	-2,233.5	2,350.6	-3,223.0	-1,400.3
Pandemic Unemployment Compensation Payments	22	65,187.5	45,958.1	2,307.1	38,670.9	33,057.3	21,837.7	-19,229.4	-43,651.1	36,363.8	-5,613.6	-11,219.6
All other personal current transfer receipts	23	137,626.0	81,452.6	55,204.3	167,012.6	73,605.5	70,076.2	-56,173.4	-26,248.3	111,808.3	-93,407.1	-3,529.3
Of which:												
Child tax credit <sup>3</sup>	24	1,671.2	1,671.2	1,671.2	1,883.5	1,883.5	11,985.7	0.0	0.0	212.4	0.0	10,102.1
Economic impact payments <sup>4</sup>	25	62,869.1	908.2	294.6	111,042.5	16,659.0	2,233.8	-61,960.9	-613.6	110,748.0	-94,383.6	-14,425.1
Lost wages supplemental payments <sup>5</sup>	26	0.0	15,274.9	1,112.9	72.6	16.0	2.3	15,274.9	-14,162.0	-1,040.3	-56.6	-13.7
Paycheck Protection Program loans to NPISH <sup>6</sup>	27	3,757.4	13,223.9	3,973.7	1,463.5	3,347.1	1,897.2	9,466.5	-9,250.1	-2,510.2	1,883.6	-1,450.0
Provider Relief Fund to NPISH <sup>7</sup>	28	25,496.3	6,336.3	3,999.2	6,045.7	3,757.4	5,282.9	-19,160.0	-2,337.0	2,046.5	-2,288.3	1,525.6
Components of earnings by place of work												
Wages and salaries	29	695,865.7	726,085.5	750,058.7	765,696.5	779,342.4	795,314.3	30,219.8	23,973.1	15,637.8	13,646.0	15,971.8
Supplements to wages and salaries	30	162,173.5	168,145.4	170,485.0	174,119.5	175,380.4	176,855.7	5,971.9	2,339.6	3,634.5	1,260.9	1,475.3
Employer contributions for employee pension and insurance funds	31	114,065.5	118,226.7	119,582.7	121,827.2	121,877.6	122,328.5	4,161.2	1,356.0	2,244.5	50.4	450.9
Employer contributions for government social insurance	32	48,108.0	49,918.7	50,902.3	52,292.3	53,502.9	54,527.3	1,810.7	983.6	1,390.0	1,210.5	1,024.4
Proprietors' income	33	116,418.0	136,532.5	128,779.5	128,981.5	136,350.2	138,136.3	20,114.5	-7,753.0	202.0	7,368.7	1,786.2
Farm proprietors' income	34	1,241.8	1,864.5	2,168.1	992.5	1,312.1	1,013.3	622.8	303.6	-1,175.6	319.6	-298.8
Of which:												
Coronavirus Food Assistance Program <sup>8</sup>	35	464.5	295.1	798.0	8.5	94.9	52.9	-169.4	502.9	-789.5	86.5	-42.0
Paycheck Protection Program loans to businesses <sup>6</sup>	36	202.4	287.5	86.4	41.4	106.7	66.2	85.1	-201.1	-45.0	65.3	-40.5
Nonfarm proprietors' income	37	115,176.3	134,668.0	126,611.4	127,988.9	135,038.1	137,123.1	19,491.7	-8,056.6	1,377.6	7,049.1	2,085.0
Of which:												
Paycheck Protection Program loans to businesses <sup>6</sup>	38	16,675.5	23,542.1	6,179.2	5,346.7	12,375.3	7,676.3	6,866.6	-17,362.9	-832.5	7,028.6	-4,698.9

CARES -Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security

NPISH -Nonprofit institutions serving households

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**North Carolina**  
**Effects of Selected Federal Pandemic Response Programs on State Personal Income, 2021Q3**  
(Millions of dollars, seasonally adjusted at annual rates)

	Line	Levels						Change from preceding period				
		2020			2021			2020		2021		
		Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3
Personal income (millions of dollars)	1	555,556.5	532,470.8	530,523.2	607,087.6	563,818.1	571,105.1	-23,085.7	-1,947.6	76,564.4	-43,269.5	7,287.0
Nonfarm personal income	2	554,559.5	530,552.9	527,509.6	604,724.5	560,918.8	567,982.4	-24,006.6	-3,043.4	77,215.0	-43,805.7	7,063.6
Farm income	3	997.0	1,917.9	3,013.7	2,363.1	2,899.3	3,122.7	920.9	1,095.8	-650.6	536.3	223.3
Population (persons)	4	10,590,996.0	10,614,498.0	10,640,407.0	10,661,149.0	10,683,292.0	10,709,469.0	23,502.0	25,909.0	20,742.0	22,143.0	26,177.0
Per capita personal income (dollars)	5	52,456	50,164	49,859	56,944	52,776	53,327	-2,292	-305	7,085	-4,168	551
Derivation of personal income												
Earnings by place of work	6	341,317.6	364,327.9	374,212.4	380,326.6	390,535.1	400,598.0	23,010.3	9,884.5	6,114.2	10,208.6	10,062.9
Less: Contributions for government social insurance	7	40,844.8	42,467.7	43,543.3	45,022.7	46,006.1	47,096.3	1,623.0	1,075.5	1,479.5	983.4	1,090.2
Employee and self-employed contributions for government social insurance	8	22,564.5	23,459.3	24,085.3	24,868.3	25,388.0	25,949.1	894.8	625.9	783.0	519.7	561.2
Employer contributions for government social insurance	9	18,280.2	19,008.4	19,458.0	20,154.5	20,618.1	21,147.1	728.2	449.6	696.5	463.7	529.0
Plus: Adjustment for residence	10	-2,006.9	-2,111.9	-2,177.5	-2,325.2	-2,397.4	-2,481.0	-105.0	-65.6	-147.7	-72.2	-83.6
Equals: Net earnings by place of residence	11	298,465.9	319,748.3	328,491.6	332,978.7	342,131.6	351,020.7	21,282.4	8,743.3	4,487.0	9,153.0	8,889.1
Plus: Dividends, interest, and rent	12	91,969.4	90,629.7	91,991.9	91,744.3	92,559.1	93,341.4	-1,339.7	1,362.3	-247.6	814.8	782.3
Plus: Personal current transfer receipts	13	165,121.2	122,092.9	110,039.7	182,364.7	129,127.4	126,743.0	-43,028.4	-12,053.2	72,325.0	-53,237.2	-2,384.5
Social Security	14	36,715.4	36,923.4	37,241.8	37,879.8	38,001.8	38,277.3	207.9	318.4	638.0	122.0	275.5
Medicare	15	25,655.6	25,795.9	25,644.9	25,421.7	25,459.2	25,826.1	140.3	-151.0	-223.2	37.5	366.9
Of which:												
Increase in Medicare reimbursement rates <sup>1</sup>	16	300.6	450.2	446.8	443.4	440.3	446.5	149.5	-3.4	-3.4	-3.1	6.2
Medicaid	17	15,133.0	15,617.3	15,097.5	17,035.7	17,453.9	18,245.0	484.3	-519.8	1,938.2	418.2	791.1
State unemployment insurance	18	20,578.9	11,902.9	4,396.3	8,746.6	6,889.0	3,933.8	-8,676.0	-7,506.6	4,350.3	-1,857.6	-2,955.2
Of which: <sup>2</sup>												
Extended Unemployment Benefits	19	0.0	180.8	729.0	268.5	2.3	0.7	180.8	548.2	-460.5	-266.2	-1.5
Pandemic Emergency Unemployment Compensation	20	193.7	1,989.2	1,014.5	1,913.9	1,800.0	1,139.2	1,795.5	-974.7	899.4	-114.0	-660.8
Pandemic Unemployment Assistance	21	1,099.1	1,229.2	1,569.6	1,169.1	695.0	340.7	130.0	340.4	-400.5	-474.1	-354.3
Pandemic Unemployment Compensation Payments	22	16,294.1	6,485.6	96.1	4,710.6	3,861.2	2,034.6	-9,808.5	-6,389.6	4,614.5	-849.4	-1,826.6
All other personal current transfer receipts	23	67,038.3	31,853.5	27,659.2	93,280.9	41,323.6	40,460.8	-35,184.9	-4,194.2	65,621.7	-51,957.3	-862.8
Of which:												
Child tax credit <sup>3</sup>	24	1,039.1	1,039.1	1,039.1	1,191.2	1,191.2	7,580.3	0.0	0.0	152.1	0.0	6,389.1
Economic impact payments <sup>4</sup>	25	34,876.8	503.2	163.2	62,938.1	9,442.2	1,266.1	-34,373.5	-340.0	62,774.9	-53,495.9	-8,176.1
Lost wages supplemental payments <sup>5</sup>	26	0.0	2,742.2	81.7	0.0	0.8	0.2	2,742.2	-2,660.5	-81.7	0.8	-0.6
Paycheck Protection Program loans to NPISH <sup>6</sup>	27	1,296.0	1,504.8	452.2	212.6	486.1	275.5	208.8	-1,052.6	-239.6	273.6	-210.6
Provider Relief Fund to NPISH <sup>7</sup>	28	4,255.3	794.5	788.9	985.3	612.4	861.0	-3,460.8	-5.5	196.4	-372.9	248.6
Components of earnings by place of work												
Wages and salaries	29	252,185.8	265,109.5	274,462.2	280,479.8	288,434.6	296,789.6	12,923.7	9,352.7	6,017.7	7,954.8	8,354.9
Supplements to wages and salaries	30	56,540.3	58,828.4	60,115.5	61,119.7	61,865.4	62,826.1	2,288.1	1,287.1	1,004.2	745.7	960.7
Employer contributions for employee pension and insurance funds	31	38,260.1	39,820.0	40,657.5	40,965.2	41,247.3	41,679.0	1,559.9	837.5	307.7	282.1	431.6
Employer contributions for government social insurance	32	18,280.2	19,008.4	19,458.0	20,154.5	20,618.1	21,147.1	728.2	449.6	696.5	463.7	529.0
Proprietors' income	33	32,591.5	40,390.0	39,634.7	38,727.0	40,235.1	40,982.3	7,798.6	-755.3	-907.7	1,508.0	747.3
Farm proprietors' income	34	306.0	1,226.3	2,313.0	1,647.3	2,168.7	2,384.1	920.2	1,086.7	-665.7	521.4	215.4
Of which:												
Coronavirus Food Assistance Program <sup>8</sup>	35	150.5	167.5	735.6	16.9	207.7	109.5	16.9	568.1	-718.7	190.7	-98.2
Paycheck Protection Program loans to businesses <sup>6</sup>	36	106.9	151.9	45.7	43.9	119.1	73.9	45.0	-106.3	-1.8	75.2	-45.2
Nonfarm proprietors' income	37	32,285.4	39,163.8	37,321.8	37,079.7	38,066.3	38,598.2	6,878.4	-1,842.0	-242.0	986.6	531.9
Of which:												
Paycheck Protection Program loans to businesses <sup>6</sup>	38	4,921.6	7,270.6	1,950.2	1,543.1	3,571.6	2,215.5	2,349.0	-5,320.4	-407.1	2,028.5	-1,356.2

CARES -Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security

NPISH -Nonprofit institutions serving households

1. A two percent reduction in reimbursements paid to Medicare service providers that went into effect in 2013 was initially suspended by the CARES Act. The resulting increased reimbursement rates went into effect beginning on May 1, 2020.
2. Unemployment insurance benefits were expanded through several programs that were initially established through the CARES Act. For more information, see How will the expansion of unemployment benefits in response to the COVID-19 pandemic be recorded in the NIPAs?
3. The American Rescue Plan increased the Child Tax Credit to \$3,000 per child over the age of six and \$3,600 for children under the age of six, and raised the age limit from 16 to 17. It also authorized that up to half of these credits could be distributed through advance payments during the tax year, while the rest would be claimed when parents file tax returns the following year.
4. Economic impact payments, initially established by the CARES Act, provide direct payments to individuals. For more information, see How are federal economic impact payments to support individuals during the COVID-19 pandemic recorded in the NIPAs?
5. The Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) was authorized to make payments from the Disaster Relief Fund to supplement wages lost as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic.
6. The Paycheck Protection Program, initially established by the CARES Act, provides forgivable loans to help small businesses and nonprofit institutions make payroll and cover other expenses. It also provides funding to reimburse private lending institutions for the costs of administering these loans. For more information, see How does the Paycheck Protection Program impact the national income and product accounts (NIPAs)?
7. The Department of Health and Human Services distributes money from the Provider Relief Fund to hospitals and health care providers on the front lines of the coronavirus response. This funding supports health care-related expenses or lost revenue attributable to COVID-19 and ensures uninsured Americans can get treatment for COVID-19. In the NIPAs, funds provided to nonprofit hospitals are recorded as social benefits.
8. The Coronavirus Food Assistance Program, initially established by the CARES Act, provides direct support to farmers and ranchers where prices and market supply chains have been impacted by the COVID-19 pandemic.

Note: BEA state per capita personal income statistics are calculated using unpublished Census Bureau midyear population estimates. These midquarter estimates are based on the 2010 census. BEA will incorporate Census Bureau population estimates based on the 2020 census results when they become available. Data on this table will be superseded by updated estimates. Regional estimates were controlled to the update to the National accounts released [November 24, 2021](#).

Source: U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis

Last updated: February 3, 2022.

Note: Reposted Feb. 3, 2022, to correct state personal income statistics for the third quarter of 2021 back to the first quarter of 2016 due to a data processing error involving industry wage estimates. For more information, see the [technical note](#).

**North Dakota**  
**Effects of Selected Federal Pandemic Response Programs on State Personal Income, 2021Q3**  
(Millions of dollars, seasonally adjusted at annual rates)

	Line	Levels						Change from preceding period				
		2020			2021			2020		2021		
		Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3
Personal income (millions of dollars)	1	49,507.5	45,942.8	47,257.5	52,063.7	50,886.8	50,306.2	-3,564.8	1,314.7	4,806.2	-1,176.9	-580.6
Nonfarm personal income	2	47,293.8	43,233.3	43,127.1	48,674.9	45,237.9	45,259.0	-4,060.5	-106.2	5,547.7	-3,437.0	21.1
Farm income	3	2,213.7	2,709.5	4,130.4	3,388.8	5,648.9	5,047.1	495.7	1,420.9	-741.6	2,260.0	-601.7
Population (persons)	4	765,243.0	765,601.0	766,086.0	766,155.0	766,400.0	766,936.0	358.0	485.0	69.0	245.0	536.0
Per capita personal income (dollars)	5	64,695	60,009	61,687	67,955	66,397	65,594	-4,686	1,678	6,268	-1,558	-803
Derivation of personal income												
Earnings by place of work	6	33,415.0	34,347.3	36,557.6	36,361.4	39,110.9	39,059.6	932.3	2,210.3	-196.2	2,749.4	-51.3
Less: Contributions for government social insurance	7	3,965.8	3,998.3	4,023.8	4,161.3	4,176.9	4,244.4	32.6	25.5	137.5	15.6	67.5
Employee and self-employed contributions for government social insurance	8	2,076.4	2,091.4	2,111.0	2,177.0	2,182.7	2,215.3	15.0	19.6	65.9	5.7	32.6
Employer contributions for government social insurance	9	1,889.4	1,906.9	1,912.8	1,984.4	1,994.2	2,029.1	17.5	5.9	71.6	9.9	34.9
Plus: Adjustment for residence	10	-2,006.1	-2,019.6	-2,031.7	-2,085.8	-2,077.4	-2,112.6	-13.5	-12.1	-54.1	8.4	-35.1
Equals: Net earnings by place of residence	11	27,443.1	28,329.3	30,502.0	30,114.3	32,856.5	32,702.7	886.2	2,172.7	-387.8	2,742.3	-153.9
Plus: Dividends, interest, and rent	12	9,585.4	9,456.9	9,547.9	9,528.4	9,590.7	9,651.2	-128.6	91.0	-19.5	62.3	60.6
Plus: Personal current transfer receipts	13	12,479.0	8,156.6	7,207.6	12,421.0	8,439.6	7,952.3	-4,322.4	-949.0	5,213.4	-3,981.5	-487.3
Social Security	14	2,276.4	2,288.8	2,308.7	2,349.5	2,357.3	2,374.9	12.4	19.9	40.8	7.8	17.6
Medicare	15	1,572.8	1,581.4	1,572.8	1,560.0	1,562.2	1,583.1	8.6	-8.6	-12.8	2.1	21.0
Of which:												
Increase in Medicare reimbursement rates <sup>1</sup>	16	18.4	27.6	27.4	27.2	27.0	27.4	9.2	-0.2	-0.2	-0.2	0.4
Medicaid	17	1,248.0	1,336.9	1,277.8	1,302.0	1,371.3	1,503.2	88.9	-59.1	24.2	69.3	131.9
State unemployment insurance	18	1,981.2	998.3	437.5	765.1	550.9	114.3	-982.9	-560.8	327.6	-214.2	-436.6
Of which: <sup>2</sup>												
Extended Unemployment Benefits	19	0.0	5.6	1.3	(L)	0.0	(L)	5.6	-4.3	(L)	(L)	(L)
Pandemic Emergency Unemployment Compensation	20	22.0	76.2	140.7	211.6	166.2	1.2	54.1	64.5	71.0	-45.4	-165.0
Pandemic Unemployment Assistance	21	65.5	59.2	74.2	46.8	47.9	5.1	-6.3	15.0	-27.4	1.1	-42.8
Pandemic Unemployment Compensation Payments	22	1,283.8	408.8	8.2	341.7	204.0	3.3	-875.0	-400.6	333.5	-137.8	-200.6
All other personal current transfer receipts	23	5,400.7	1,951.2	1,610.9	6,444.5	2,598.0	2,376.8	-3,449.5	-340.3	4,833.6	-3,846.5	-221.2
Of which:												
Child tax credit <sup>3</sup>	24	54.5	54.5	54.5	62.7	62.7	399.2	0.0	0.0	8.2	0.0	336.5
Economic impact payments <sup>4</sup>	25	2,600.1	37.5	12.2	4,580.8	687.2	92.2	-2,562.6	-25.3	4,568.7	-3,893.6	-595.1
Lost wages supplemental payments <sup>5</sup>	26	0.0	124.8	10.3	2.4	1.2	0.1	124.8	-114.6	-7.9	-1.1	-1.1
Paycheck Protection Program loans to NPISH <sup>6</sup>	27	374.2	112.3	33.7	41.9	95.7	54.3	-261.9	-78.5	8.1	53.9	-41.5
Provider Relief Fund to NPISH <sup>7</sup>	28	890.9	151.5	34.2	181.9	113.0	158.9	-739.4	-117.2	147.6	-68.8	45.9
Components of earnings by place of work												
Wages and salaries	29	22,659.1	22,935.9	23,273.5	23,753.7	23,990.7	24,511.2	276.8	337.6	480.3	237.0	520.4
Supplements to wages and salaries	30	5,441.5	5,523.0	5,566.8	5,719.2	5,678.8	5,718.2	81.5	43.8	152.4	-40.3	39.4
Employer contributions for employee pension and insurance funds	31	3,552.1	3,616.0	3,654.0	3,734.8	3,684.6	3,689.1	64.0	38.0	80.8	-50.2	4.5
Employer contributions for government social insurance	32	1,889.4	1,906.9	1,912.8	1,984.4	1,994.2	2,029.1	17.5	5.9	71.6	9.9	34.9
Proprietors' income	33	5,314.4	5,888.4	7,717.3	6,888.5	9,441.3	8,830.2	573.9	1,828.9	-828.8	2,552.8	-611.1
Farm proprietors' income	34	1,977.8	2,472.7	3,890.2	3,143.5	5,398.4	4,793.9	494.9	1,417.5	-746.7	2,254.9	-604.5
Of which:												
Coronavirus Food Assistance Program <sup>8</sup>	35	339.5	680.2	1,657.0	2.6	943.6	605.2	340.7	976.8	-1,654.5	941.0	-338.4
Paycheck Protection Program loans to businesses <sup>6</sup>	36	101.2	143.7	43.2	183.8	414.8	257.3	42.6	-100.5	140.6	230.9	-157.5
Nonfarm proprietors' income	37	3,336.7	3,415.7	3,827.1	3,745.1	4,042.9	4,036.3	79.0	411.4	-82.0	297.9	-6.6
Of which:												
Paycheck Protection Program loans to businesses <sup>6</sup>	38	425.6	139.8	324.3	235.9	545.9	338.6	-285.8	184.5	-88.5	310.1	-207.3

CARES -Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security

NPISH -Nonprofit institutions serving households

(L) Less than \$50,000.

1. A two percent reduction in reimbursements paid to Medicare service providers that went into effect in 2013 was initially suspended by the CARES Act. The resulting increased reimbursement rates went into effect beginning on May 1, 2020.
2. Unemployment insurance benefits were expanded through several programs that were initially established through the CARES Act. For more information, see How will the expansion of unemployment benefits in response to the COVID-19 pandemic be recorded in the NIPAs?
3. The American Rescue Plan increased the Child Tax Credit to \$3,000 per child over the age of six and \$3,600 for children under the age of six, and raised the age limit from 16 to 17. It also authorized that up to half of these credits could be distributed through advance payments during the tax year, while the rest would be claimed when parents file tax returns the following year.
4. Economic impact payments, initially established by the CARES Act, provide direct payments to individuals. For more information, see How are federal economic impact payments to support individuals during the COVID-19 pandemic recorded in the NIPAs?
5. The Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) was authorized to make payments from the Disaster Relief Fund to supplement wages lost as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic.
6. The Paycheck Protection Program, initially established by the CARES Act, provides forgivable loans to help small businesses and nonprofit institutions make payroll and cover other expenses. It also provides funding to reimburse private lending institutions for the costs of administering these loans. For more information, see How does the Paycheck Protection Program impact the national income and product accounts (NIPAs)?
7. The Department of Health and Human Services distributes money from the Provider Relief Fund to hospitals and health care providers on the front lines of the coronavirus response. This funding supports health care-related expenses or lost revenue attributable to COVID-19 and ensures uninsured Americans can get treatment for COVID-19. In the NIPAs, funds provided to nonprofit hospitals are recorded as social benefits.
8. The Coronavirus Food Assistance Program, initially established by the CARES Act, provides direct support to farmers and ranchers where prices and market supply chains have been impacted by the COVID-19 pandemic.

Note: BEA state per capita personal income statistics are calculated using unpublished Census Bureau midyear population estimates. These midquarter estimates are based on the 2010 census. BEA will incorporate Census Bureau population estimates based on the 2020 census results when they become available. Data on this table will be superseded by updated estimates. Regional estimates were controlled to the update to the National accounts released [November 24, 2021](#).

Source: U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis

Last updated: February 3, 2022.

Note: Reposted Feb. 3, 2022, to correct state personal income statistics for the third quarter of 2021 back to the first quarter of 2016 due to a data processing error involving industry wage estimates. For more information, see the [technical note](#).

**Ohio**  
**Effects of Selected Federal Pandemic Response Programs on State Personal Income, 2021Q3**  
(Millions of dollars, seasonally adjusted at annual rates)

	Line	Levels						Change from preceding period					
		2020			2021			2020			2021		
		Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	
Personal income (millions of dollars)	1	658,096.2	629,265.7	621,387.7	705,959.6	651,043.6	652,615.0	-28,830.5	-7,878.0	84,571.9	-54,916.0	1,571.4	
Nonfarm personal income	2	656,590.4	627,090.1	617,973.0	702,981.9	646,272.3	648,203.2	-29,500.3	-9,117.1	85,008.9	-56,709.6	1,930.9	
Farm income	3	1,505.8	2,175.6	3,414.7	2,977.7	4,771.3	4,411.8	669.8	1,239.1	-437.0	1,793.6	-359.5	
Population (persons)	4	11,696,135.0	11,694,445.0	11,695,351.0	11,689,678.0	11,685,870.0	11,686,901.0	-1,690.0	906.0	-5,673.0	-3,808.0	1,031.0	
Per capita personal income (dollars)	5	56,266	53,809	53,131	60,392	55,712	55,842	-2,457	-678	7,261	-4,680	130	
Derivation of personal income													
Earnings by place of work	6	397,003.6	424,849.4	434,806.7	436,237.6	446,673.6	456,170.3	27,845.8	9,957.3	1,431.0	10,436.0	9,496.7	
Less: Contributions for government social insurance	7	45,024.3	47,327.6	48,466.2	49,308.8	49,988.0	51,061.1	2,303.3	1,138.6	842.7	679.2	1,073.1	
Employee and self-employed contributions for government social insurance	8	24,325.5	25,544.8	26,186.3	26,564.9	26,893.0	27,426.7	1,219.4	641.5	378.6	328.0	533.8	
Employer contributions for government social insurance	9	20,698.8	21,782.8	22,279.8	22,743.9	23,095.1	23,634.4	1,083.9	497.1	464.0	351.2	539.3	
Plus: Adjustment for residence	10	-2,369.7	-2,509.2	-2,577.0	-2,570.2	-2,537.5	-2,604.3	-139.5	-67.9	6.9	32.6	-66.8	
Equals: Net earnings by place of residence	11	349,609.5	375,012.6	383,763.5	384,358.7	394,148.1	402,504.9	25,403.1	8,750.9	595.2	9,789.4	8,356.8	
Plus: Dividends, interest, and rent	12	103,501.3	101,982.9	103,363.5	103,420.2	104,295.5	105,018.1	-1,518.4	1,380.6	56.7	875.3	722.6	
Plus: Personal current transfer receipts	13	204,985.4	152,270.1	134,260.7	218,180.7	152,600.0	145,092.0	-52,715.2	-18,009.4	83,920.0	-65,580.7	-7,508.0	
Social Security	14	40,083.1	40,247.9	40,511.5	41,051.0	41,154.2	41,387.1	164.7	263.6	539.4	103.2	232.9	
Medicare	15	32,110.2	32,264.3	32,089.0	31,847.2	31,887.3	32,284.9	154.1	-175.3	-241.8	40.0	397.7	
Of which:													
Increase in Medicare reimbursement rates <sup>1</sup>	16	376.4	563.5	559.3	555.1	551.2	559.0	187.2	-4.2	-4.2	-3.9	7.8	
Medicaid	17	25,088.9	27,440.7	27,120.1	27,228.5	28,930.0	31,666.3	2,351.8	-320.6	108.5	1,701.5	2,736.3	
State unemployment insurance	18	35,498.3	18,518.9	8,346.5	18,155.3	12,114.9	3,859.0	-16,979.4	-10,172.3	9,808.8	-6,040.5	-8,255.8	
Of which: <sup>2</sup>													
Extended Unemployment Benefits	19	3.5	81.1	314.3	30.9	1.6	3.4	77.6	233.2	-283.4	-29.3	1.8	
Pandemic Emergency Unemployment Compensation	20	108.7	358.4	1,519.1	2,530.3	2,049.9	1,300.9	249.7	1,160.7	1,011.2	-480.4	-749.1	
Pandemic Unemployment Assistance	21	3,678.2	3,986.2	4,476.7	4,555.2	2,677.0	966.6	307.9	490.5	78.5	-1,878.2	-1,710.4	
Pandemic Unemployment Compensation Payments	22	24,195.5	9,352.6	269.4	9,782.1	6,257.5	522.2	-14,843.0	-9,083.1	9,512.7	-3,524.7	-5,735.3	
All other personal current transfer receipts	23	72,204.7	33,798.3	26,193.5	99,898.6	38,513.6	35,894.6	-38,406.4	-7,604.8	73,705.1	-61,385.0	-2,619.0	
Of which:													
Child tax credit <sup>3</sup>	24	1,015.6	1,015.6	1,015.6	1,176.0	1,176.0	7,483.3	0.0	0.0	160.4	0.0	6,307.3	
Economic impact payments <sup>4</sup>	25	40,980.0	590.3	191.4	72,859.8	10,930.7	1,465.7	-40,389.7	-398.8	72,668.4	-61,929.2	-9,465.0	
Lost wages supplemental payments <sup>5</sup>	26	0.0	3,527.4	557.7	101.0	37.6	7.6	3,527.4	-2,969.7	-456.7	-63.4	-30.0	
Paycheck Protection Program loans to NPISH <sup>6</sup>	27	1,751.0	3,466.6	1,041.7	337.6	772.0	437.6	1,715.6	-2,424.9	-704.1	434.5	-334.4	
Provider Relief Fund to NPISH <sup>7</sup>	28	6,308.9	3,020.6	1,187.6	1,772.6	1,101.7	1,549.0	-3,288.3	-1,833.0	585.0	-671.0	447.3	
Components of earnings by place of work													
Wages and salaries	29	287,687.0	305,128.5	315,234.0	316,527.2	322,782.4	331,398.1	17,441.5	10,105.4	1,293.2	6,255.2	8,615.7	
Supplements to wages and salaries	30	67,989.0	71,247.2	72,659.6	73,276.8	73,530.2	74,463.6	3,258.2	1,412.4	617.2	253.4	933.4	
Employer contributions for employee pension and insurance funds	31	47,290.2	49,464.4	50,379.7	50,533.0	50,435.2	50,829.2	2,174.2	915.3	153.2	-97.8	394.0	
Employer contributions for government social insurance	32	20,698.8	21,782.8	22,279.8	22,743.9	23,095.1	23,634.4	1,083.9	497.1	464.0	351.2	539.3	
Proprietors' income	33	41,327.5	48,473.6	46,913.1	46,433.7	50,361.0	50,308.6	7,146.1	-1,560.5	-479.5	3,927.4	-52.4	
Farm proprietors' income	34	1,070.0	1,738.0	2,970.7	2,524.2	4,308.4	3,943.9	668.1	1,232.7	-446.6	1,784.3	-364.5	
Of which:													
Coronavirus Food Assistance Program <sup>8</sup>	35	317.4	424.1	1,187.6	2.1	476.6	305.3	106.7	763.5	-1,185.5	474.5	-171.3	
Paycheck Protection Program loans to businesses <sup>6</sup>	36	104.8	148.9	44.8	153.3	344.6	213.7	44.1	-104.2	108.6	191.3	-130.8	
Nonfarm proprietors' income	37	40,257.6	46,735.6	43,942.4	43,909.5	46,052.6	46,364.7	6,478.1	-2,793.2	-32.9	2,143.1	312.1	
Of which:													
Paycheck Protection Program loans to businesses <sup>6</sup>	38	7,185.5	9,239.8	2,881.1	2,579.4	5,970.2	3,703.3	2,054.3	-6,358.7	-301.6	3,390.8	-2,266.9	

CARES -Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security

NPISH -Nonprofit institutions serving households

1. A two percent reduction in reimbursements paid to Medicare service providers that went into effect in 2013 was initially suspended by the CARES Act. The resulting increased reimbursement rates went into effect beginning on May 1, 2020.
2. Unemployment insurance benefits were expanded through several programs that were initially established through the CARES Act. For more information, see How will the expansion of unemployment benefits in response to the COVID-19 pandemic be recorded in the NIPAs?
3. The American Rescue Plan increased the Child Tax Credit to \$3,000 per child over the age of six and \$3,600 for children under the age of six, and raised the age limit from 16 to 17. It also authorized that up to half of these credits could be distributed through advance payments during the tax year, while the rest would be claimed when parents file tax returns the following year.
4. Economic impact payments, initially established by the CARES Act, provide direct payments to individuals. For more information, see How are federal economic impact payments to support individuals during the COVID-19 pandemic recorded in the NIPAs?
5. The Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) was authorized to make payments from the Disaster Relief Fund to supplement wages lost as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic.
6. The Paycheck Protection Program, initially established by the CARES Act, provides forgivable loans to help small businesses and nonprofit institutions make payroll and cover other expenses. It also provides funding to reimburse private lending institutions for the costs of administering these loans. For more information, see How does the Paycheck Protection Program impact the national income and product accounts (NIPAs)?
7. The Department of Health and Human Services distributes money from the Provider Relief Fund to hospitals and health care providers on the front lines of the coronavirus response. This funding supports health care-related expenses or lost revenue attributable to COVID-19 and ensures uninsured Americans can get treatment for COVID-19. In the NIPAs, funds provided to nonprofit hospitals are recorded as social benefits.
8. The Coronavirus Food Assistance Program, initially established by the CARES Act, provides direct support to farmers and ranchers where prices and market supply chains have been impacted by the COVID-19 pandemic.

Note: BEA state per capita personal income statistics are calculated using unpublished Census Bureau midyear population estimates. These midquarter estimates are based on the 2010 census. BEA will incorporate Census Bureau population estimates based on the 2020 census results when they become available. Data on this table will be superseded by updated estimates. Regional estimates were controlled to the update to the National accounts released [November 24, 2021](#).

Source: U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis

Last updated: February 3, 2022.

Note: Reposted Feb. 3, 2022, to correct state personal income statistics for the third quarter of 2021 back to the first quarter of 2016 due to a data processing error involving industry wage estimates. For more information, see the [technical note](#).

**Oklahoma**  
**Effects of Selected Federal Pandemic Response Programs on State Personal Income, 2021Q3**  
(Millions of dollars, seasonally adjusted at annual rates)

	Line	Levels						Change from preceding period					
		2020			2021			2020		2021			
		Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	
Personal income (millions of dollars)	1	210,266.9	195,300.5	196,125.9	222,095.7	206,983.0	207,572.6	-14,966.4	825.3	25,969.9	-15,112.7	589.5	
Nonfarm personal income	2	209,260.3	193,971.8	194,010.3	220,945.5	204,999.0	205,896.3	-15,288.5	38.5	26,935.2	-15,946.5	897.3	
Farm income	3	1,006.6	1,328.7	2,115.6	1,150.2	1,984.0	1,676.3	322.1	786.8	-965.3	833.8	-307.7	
Population (persons)	4	3,979,102.0	3,983,811.0	3,989,339.0	3,992,739.0	3,996,822.0	4,002,480.0	4,709.0	5,528.0	3,400.0	4,083.0	5,658.0	
Per capita personal income (dollars)	5	52,843	49,024	49,162	55,625	51,787	51,861	-3,819	138	6,463	-3,838	74	
Derivation of personal income													
Earnings by place of work	6	125,340.8	127,926.1	132,739.3	131,176.8	136,554.5	139,633.1	2,585.3	4,813.3	-1,562.6	5,377.7	3,078.6	
Less: Contributions for government social insurance	7	13,898.8	14,014.2	14,212.9	14,328.1	14,651.4	14,952.3	115.4	198.6	115.3	323.3	300.8	
Employee and self-employed contributions for government social insurance	8	7,668.2	7,733.9	7,852.5	7,904.1	8,073.5	8,229.4	65.8	118.6	51.6	169.3	156.0	
Employer contributions for government social insurance	9	6,230.6	6,280.3	6,360.4	6,424.0	6,578.0	6,722.8	49.7	80.1	63.7	153.9	144.9	
Plus: Adjustment for residence	10	409.9	447.2	475.4	498.3	509.9	527.6	37.3	28.2	23.0	11.6	17.7	
Equals: Net earnings by place of residence	11	111,851.9	114,359.1	119,001.9	117,347.0	122,413.0	125,208.4	2,507.2	4,642.8	-1,654.9	5,066.0	2,795.4	
Plus: Dividends, interest, and rent	12	36,568.4	36,189.1	36,492.9	36,506.7	36,716.8	36,958.3	-379.3	303.8	13.8	210.1	241.5	
Plus: Personal current transfer receipts	13	61,846.6	44,752.3	40,631.1	68,242.1	47,853.3	45,405.8	-17,094.3	-4,121.3	27,611.0	-20,388.8	-2,447.4	
Social Security	14	13,313.9	13,378.4	13,479.9	13,685.7	13,725.0	13,813.9	64.5	101.4	205.8	39.4	88.9	
Medicare	15	9,477.1	9,525.8	9,475.2	9,403.1	9,415.0	9,533.6	48.7	-50.6	-72.1	12.0	118.6	
Of which:													
Increase in Medicare reimbursement rates <sup>1</sup>	16	111.1	166.3	165.1	163.8	162.7	165.0	55.2	-1.3	-1.2	-1.2	2.3	
Medicaid	17	5,043.7	5,322.7	5,068.3	5,092.9	5,459.8	5,535.9	278.9	-254.3	24.6	366.9	76.1	
State unemployment insurance	18	7,649.9	4,488.0	1,880.7	3,488.2	3,000.4	433.3	-3,161.9	-2,607.3	1,607.5	-487.8	-2,567.1	
Of which: <sup>2</sup>													
Extended Unemployment Benefits	19	0.0	12.9	104.3	1.7	0.7	0.8	12.9	91.4	-102.6	-1.0	0.1	
Pandemic Emergency Unemployment Compensation	20	43.0	218.2	712.6	1,005.7	857.8	32.1	175.2	494.4	293.1	-147.8	-825.8	
Pandemic Unemployment Assistance	21	62.6	258.9	259.6	270.8	279.4	21.4	196.2	0.7	11.3	8.6	-258.0	
Pandemic Unemployment Compensation Payments	22	4,955.4	2,324.6	78.4	1,687.5	1,440.5	70.2	-2,630.7	-2,246.2	1,609.1	-247.0	-1,370.3	
All other personal current transfer receipts	23	26,362.0	12,037.5	10,727.0	36,572.1	16,253.0	16,089.2	-14,324.5	-1,310.5	25,845.2	-20,319.2	-163.8	
Of which:													
Child tax credit <sup>3</sup>	24	427.8	427.8	427.8	494.8	494.8	3,148.4	0.0	0.0	67.0	0.0	2,653.6	
Economic impact payments <sup>4</sup>	25	13,521.2	195.2	63.3	24,649.7	3,698.0	495.9	-13,326.0	-131.9	24,586.4	-20,951.7	-3,202.2	
Lost wages supplemental payments <sup>5</sup>	26	0.0	800.5	145.8	9.9	5.7	0.9	800.5	-654.7	-136.0	-4.1	-4.9	
Paycheck Protection Program loans to NPISH <sup>6</sup>	27	590.5	470.9	141.5	79.7	182.3	103.3	-119.7	-329.4	-61.8	102.6	-79.0	
Provider Relief Fund to NPISH <sup>7</sup>	28	1,833.3	308.2	184.4	392.7	244.1	343.2	-1,525.0	-123.9	208.4	-148.6	99.1	
Components of earnings by place of work													
Wages and salaries	29	82,112.7	83,458.5	85,301.1	84,988.7	87,439.7	89,723.2	1,345.8	1,842.6	-312.4	2,451.0	2,283.5	
Supplements to wages and salaries	30	20,298.8	20,636.2	20,934.4	20,874.4	21,148.6	21,396.9	337.4	298.2	-60.1	274.2	248.3	
Employer contributions for employee pension and insurance funds	31	14,068.2	14,355.9	14,574.1	14,450.4	14,570.6	14,674.1	287.8	218.2	-123.7	120.3	103.4	
Employer contributions for government social insurance	32	6,230.6	6,280.3	6,360.4	6,424.0	6,578.0	6,722.8	49.7	80.1	63.7	153.9	144.9	
Proprietors' income	33	22,929.4	23,831.4	26,503.8	25,313.7	27,966.2	28,513.0	902.0	2,672.4	-1,190.1	2,652.5	546.8	
Farm proprietors' income	34	768.3	1,089.1	1,872.2	901.6	1,730.3	1,419.9	320.7	783.1	-970.5	828.7	-310.4	
Of which:													
Coronavirus Food Assistance Program <sup>8</sup>	35	644.7	559.5	1,080.3	0.0	310.2	189.1	-85.2	520.9	-1,080.3	310.2	-121.1	
Paycheck Protection Program loans to businesses <sup>6</sup>	36	48.8	69.3	20.8	186.1	437.1	271.1	20.5	-48.5	165.3	251.0	-166.0	
Nonfarm proprietors' income	37	22,161.0	22,742.3	24,631.6	24,412.1	26,235.9	27,093.1	581.3	1,889.3	-219.5	1,823.8	857.2	
Of which:													
Paycheck Protection Program loans to businesses <sup>6</sup>	38	3,590.8	1,844.2	1,887.9	951.9	2,203.2	1,366.7	-1,746.6	43.7	-936.0	1,251.3	-836.5	

CARES -Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security

NPISH -Nonprofit institutions serving households

1. A two percent reduction in reimbursements paid to Medicare service providers that went into effect in 2013 was initially suspended by the CARES Act. The resulting increased reimbursement rates went into effect beginning on May 1, 2020.
2. Unemployment insurance benefits were expanded through several programs that were initially established through the CARES Act. For more information, see How will the expansion of unemployment benefits in response to the COVID-19 pandemic be recorded in the NIPAs?
3. The American Rescue Plan increased the Child Tax Credit to \$3,000 per child over the age of six and \$3,600 for children under the age of six, and raised the age limit from 16 to 17. It also authorized that up to half of these credits could be distributed through advance payments during the tax year, while the rest would be claimed when parents file tax returns the following year.
4. Economic impact payments, initially established by the CARES Act, provide direct payments to individuals. For more information, see How are federal economic impact payments to support individuals during the COVID-19 pandemic recorded in the NIPAs?
5. The Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) was authorized to make payments from the Disaster Relief Fund to supplement wages lost as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic.
6. The Paycheck Protection Program, initially established by the CARES Act, provides forgivable loans to help small businesses and nonprofit institutions make payroll and cover other expenses. It also provides funding to reimburse private lending institutions for the costs of administering these loans. For more information, see How does the Paycheck Protection Program impact the national income and product accounts (NIPAs)?
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Note: BEA state per capita personal income statistics are calculated using unpublished Census Bureau midyear population estimates. These midquarter estimates are based on the 2010 census. BEA will incorporate Census Bureau population estimates based on the 2020 census results when they become available. Data on this table will be superseded by updated estimates. Regional estimates were controlled to the update to the National accounts released [November 24, 2021](#).

Source: U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis

Last updated: February 3, 2022.

Note: Reposted Feb. 3, 2022, to correct state personal income statistics for the third quarter of 2021 back to the first quarter of 2016 due to a data processing error involving industry wage estimates. For more information, see the [technical note](#).

**Oregon**  
**Effects of Selected Federal Pandemic Response Programs on State Personal Income, 2021Q3**  
(Millions of dollars, seasonally adjusted at annual rates)

	Line	Levels						Change from preceding period				
		2020			2021			2020		2021		
		Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3
Personal income (millions of dollars)	1	247,174.9	239,288.7	240,245.7	268,161.4	251,174.2	253,901.8	-7,886.2	957.1	27,915.7	-16,987.1	2,727.6
Nonfarm personal income	2	245,011.3	236,861.8	237,511.6	266,044.7	248,741.6	251,526.6	-8,149.5	649.8	28,533.1	-17,303.1	2,785.0
Farm income	3	2,163.5	2,426.9	2,734.1	2,116.7	2,432.6	2,375.3	263.3	307.2	-617.4	316.0	-57.4
Population (persons)	4	4,239,315.0	4,245,292.0	4,252,262.0	4,256,922.0	4,262,164.0	4,269,161.0	5,977.0	6,970.0	4,660.0	5,242.0	6,997.0
Per capita personal income (dollars)	5	58,305	56,366	56,498	62,994	58,931	59,473	-1,939	132	6,496	-4,063	542
Derivation of personal income												
Earnings by place of work	6	154,903.7	164,666.3	169,526.5	170,435.4	175,346.1	179,788.9	9,762.6	4,860.2	908.8	4,910.7	4,442.9
Less: Contributions for government social insurance	7	19,511.7	20,065.0	20,712.9	21,147.5	21,693.4	22,217.6	553.3	647.9	434.6	545.9	524.3
Employee and self-employed contributions for government social insurance	8	10,171.9	10,446.6	10,818.9	11,013.4	11,285.2	11,528.7	274.7	372.3	194.5	271.7	243.6
Employer contributions for government social insurance	9	9,339.8	9,618.4	9,894.0	10,134.1	10,408.2	10,688.9	278.6	275.5	240.1	274.2	280.7
Plus: Adjustment for residence	10	-5,265.6	-5,439.5	-5,697.1	-5,730.3	-5,867.3	-6,030.1	-173.8	-257.6	-33.2	-137.0	-162.8
Equals: Net earnings by place of residence	11	130,126.4	139,161.8	143,116.5	143,557.6	147,785.4	151,541.3	9,035.4	3,954.7	441.1	4,227.9	3,755.8
Plus: Dividends, interest, and rent	12	44,052.9	43,299.7	44,077.6	43,935.7	44,408.5	44,942.1	-753.2	777.8	-141.9	472.8	533.7
Plus: Personal current transfer receipts	13	72,995.5	56,827.1	53,051.6	80,668.1	58,980.3	57,418.5	-16,168.4	-3,775.5	27,616.5	-21,687.8	-1,561.9
Social Security	14	15,410.7	15,495.2	15,630.4	15,906.9	15,959.8	16,079.2	84.5	135.2	276.5	52.9	119.4
Medicare	15	9,962.9	10,014.0	9,949.6	9,856.5	9,872.3	10,025.2	51.1	-64.5	-93.1	15.8	153.0
Of which:												
Increase in Medicare reimbursement rates <sup>1</sup>	16	116.7	174.8	173.5	172.1	170.9	173.4	58.0	-1.3	-1.3	-1.2	2.4
Medicaid	17	10,391.0	11,474.5	11,203.0	11,363.0	11,685.4	13,300.8	1,083.5	-271.4	160.0	322.4	1,615.3
State unemployment insurance	18	10,908.8	8,966.4	4,565.5	7,675.9	6,407.7	4,097.1	-1,942.4	-4,400.9	3,110.5	-1,268.3	-2,310.5
Of which: <sup>2</sup>												
Extended Unemployment Benefits	19	0.0	40.5	173.4	267.2	10.0	9.2	40.5	132.9	93.7	-257.2	-0.8
Pandemic Emergency Unemployment Compensation	20	49.1	254.0	1,172.5	1,541.9	1,730.2	1,086.4	204.9	918.5	369.4	188.3	-643.8
Pandemic Unemployment Assistance	21	127.8	648.6	1,138.5	1,067.0	830.9	596.3	520.9	489.9	-71.5	-236.1	-234.6
Pandemic Unemployment Compensation Payments	22	6,745.0	5,076.8	765.8	3,836.3	3,012.8	1,785.3	-1,668.3	-4,311.0	3,070.5	-823.5	-1,227.6
All other personal current transfer receipts	23	26,322.1	10,877.0	11,703.1	35,865.8	15,055.2	13,916.1	-15,445.2	826.2	24,162.6	-20,810.6	-1,139.1
Of which:												
Child tax credit <sup>3</sup>	24	313.8	313.8	313.8	354.6	354.6	2,256.3	0.0	0.0	40.8	0.0	1,901.7
Economic impact payments <sup>4</sup>	25	14,401.6	208.0	67.5	25,033.4	3,755.6	503.6	-14,193.6	-140.6	24,965.9	-21,277.8	-3,252.0
Lost wages supplemental payments <sup>5</sup>	26	0.0	0.0	1,521.1	64.5	33.7	7.9	0.0	1,521.1	-1,456.6	-30.9	-25.8
Paycheck Protection Program loans to NPISH <sup>6</sup>	27	746.3	1,023.9	307.7	139.2	318.4	180.5	277.6	-716.2	-168.4	179.2	-137.9
Provider Relief Fund to NPISH <sup>7</sup>	28	1,829.1	302.5	501.8	444.2	276.1	388.2	-1,526.6	199.4	-57.6	-168.1	112.1
Components of earnings by place of work												
Wages and salaries	29	110,058.6	114,382.8	119,495.2	120,400.0	124,271.3	127,806.1	4,324.2	5,112.4	904.8	3,871.3	3,534.8
Supplements to wages and salaries	30	26,853.2	27,745.3	28,494.0	29,102.0	29,366.0	29,936.4	892.2	748.7	608.0	264.0	570.4
Employer contributions for employee pension and insurance funds	31	17,513.4	18,126.9	18,600.0	18,967.9	18,957.8	19,247.5	613.5	473.2	367.9	-10.2	289.7
Employer contributions for government social insurance	32	9,339.8	9,618.4	9,894.0	10,134.1	10,408.2	10,688.9	278.6	275.5	240.1	274.2	280.7
Proprietors' income	33	17,992.0	22,538.2	21,537.3	20,933.4	21,708.8	22,046.4	4,546.2	-1,000.9	-603.9	775.4	337.6
Farm proprietors' income	34	1,360.0	1,621.5	1,917.6	1,282.6	1,581.5	1,515.0	261.4	296.1	-635.0	298.9	-66.5
Of which:												
Coronavirus Food Assistance Program <sup>8</sup>	35	141.3	203.7	546.7	24.9	93.2	106.8	62.4	343.0	-521.8	68.3	13.6
Paycheck Protection Program loans to businesses <sup>6</sup>	36	153.4	217.9	65.5	51.2	119.1	73.9	64.5	-152.4	-14.3	67.9	-45.2
Nonfarm proprietors' income	37	16,631.9	20,916.7	19,619.7	19,650.8	20,127.3	20,531.4	4,284.8	-1,297.0	31.1	476.5	404.1
Of which:												
Paycheck Protection Program loans to businesses <sup>6</sup>	38	2,466.7	4,093.1	1,044.0	798.6	1,848.3	1,146.5	1,626.4	-3,049.1	-245.5	1,049.8	-701.8

CARES -Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security

NPISH -Nonprofit institutions serving households

1. A two percent reduction in reimbursements paid to Medicare service providers that went into effect in 2013 was initially suspended by the CARES Act. The resulting increased reimbursement rates went into effect beginning on May 1, 2020.
2. Unemployment insurance benefits were expanded through several programs that were initially established through the CARES Act. For more information, see How will the expansion of unemployment benefits in response to the COVID-19 pandemic be recorded in the NIPAs?
3. The American Rescue Plan increased the Child Tax Credit to \$3,000 per child over the age of six and \$3,600 for children under the age of six, and raised the age limit from 16 to 17. It also authorized that up to half of these credits could be distributed through advance payments during the tax year, while the rest would be claimed when parents file tax returns the following year.
4. Economic impact payments, initially established by the CARES Act, provide direct payments to individuals. For more information, see How are federal economic impact payments to support individuals during the COVID-19 pandemic recorded in the NIPAs?
5. The Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) was authorized to make payments from the Disaster Relief Fund to supplement wages lost as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic.
6. The Paycheck Protection Program, initially established by the CARES Act, provides forgivable loans to help small businesses and nonprofit institutions make payroll and cover other expenses. It also provides funding to reimburse private lending institutions for the costs of administering these loans. For more information, see How does the Paycheck Protection Program impact the national income and product accounts (NIPAs)?
7. The Department of Health and Human Services distributes money from the Provider Relief Fund to hospitals and health care providers on the front lines of the coronavirus response. This funding supports health care-related expenses or lost revenue attributable to COVID-19 and ensures uninsured Americans can get treatment for COVID-19. In the NIPAs, funds provided to nonprofit hospitals are recorded as social benefits.
8. The Coronavirus Food Assistance Program, initially established by the CARES Act, provides direct support to farmers and ranchers where prices and market supply chains have been impacted by the COVID-19 pandemic.

Note: BEA state per capita personal income statistics are calculated using unpublished Census Bureau midyear population estimates. These midquarter estimates are based on the 2010 census. BEA will incorporate Census Bureau population estimates based on the 2020 census results when they become available. Data on this table will be superseded by updated estimates. Regional estimates were controlled to the update to the National accounts released [November 24, 2021](#).

Source: U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis

Last updated: February 3, 2022.

Note: Reposted Feb. 3, 2022, to correct state personal income statistics for the third quarter of 2021 back to the first quarter of 2016 due to a data processing error involving industry wage estimates. For more information, see the [technical note](#).

**Pennsylvania**  
**Effects of Selected Federal Pandemic Response Programs on State Personal Income, 2021Q3**  
(Millions of dollars, seasonally adjusted at annual rates)

	Line	Levels						Change from preceding period				
		2020			2021			2020		2021		
		Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3
Personal income (millions of dollars)	1	826,960.9	802,902.7	776,466.7	865,135.6	817,475.5	823,147.5	-24,058.3	-26,436.0	88,668.9	-47,660.1	5,672.0
Nonfarm personal income	2	825,647.4	800,852.2	774,018.4	863,490.9	815,392.4	821,201.0	-24,795.1	-26,833.8	89,472.5	-48,098.5	5,808.6
Farm income	3	1,313.5	2,050.4	2,448.3	1,644.7	2,083.1	1,946.4	736.9	397.9	-803.6	438.4	-136.6
Population (persons)	4	12,788,403.0	12,782,588.0	12,779,376.0	12,769,811.0	12,762,077.0	12,759,245.0	-5,815.0	-3,212.0	-9,565.0	-7,734.0	-2,832.0
Per capita personal income (dollars)	5	64,665	62,812	60,759	67,749	64,055	64,514	-1,853	-2,053	6,990	-3,694	459
Derivation of personal income												
Earnings by place of work	6	478,031.6	507,854.7	524,031.8	523,088.3	536,462.8	549,648.0	29,823.1	16,177.1	-943.6	13,374.5	13,185.2
Less: Contributions for government social insurance	7	55,034.8	57,372.4	58,919.3	59,656.2	60,976.5	62,355.8	2,337.6	1,546.9	736.8	1,320.3	1,379.3
Employee and self-employed contributions for government social insurance	8	29,716.3	31,017.4	31,938.5	32,286.0	32,955.3	33,647.9	1,301.1	921.2	347.4	669.3	692.7
Employer contributions for government social insurance	9	25,318.6	26,355.0	26,980.8	27,370.2	28,021.2	28,707.8	1,036.5	625.8	389.4	651.0	686.6
Plus: Adjustment for residence	10	10,643.4	11,196.7	11,371.0	11,775.7	11,719.4	12,015.0	553.2	174.4	404.7	-56.4	295.7
Equals: Net earnings by place of residence	11	433,640.2	461,679.0	476,483.5	475,207.8	487,205.7	499,307.3	28,038.8	14,804.5	-1,275.7	11,997.8	12,101.6
Plus: Dividends, interest, and rent	12	129,141.5	127,628.6	129,401.7	129,653.2	130,699.6	131,503.6	-1,512.9	1,773.1	251.5	1,046.4	804.0
Plus: Personal current transfer receipts	13	264,179.3	213,595.1	170,581.5	260,274.6	199,570.2	192,336.6	-50,584.1	-43,013.6	89,693.1	-60,704.4	-7,233.6
Social Security	14	50,468.4	50,681.8	51,025.7	51,731.7	51,866.8	52,171.6	213.4	343.9	706.0	135.1	304.8
Medicare	15	37,953.4	38,128.4	37,923.1	37,645.6	37,691.4	38,147.8	175.0	-205.3	-277.5	45.8	456.3
Of which:												
Increase in Medicare reimbursement rates <sup>1</sup>	16	444.9	666.1	661.1	656.1	651.5	660.7	221.2	-5.0	-5.0	-4.6	9.2
Medicaid	17	35,457.2	34,318.0	33,837.0	35,921.9	38,493.3	42,161.7	-1,139.2	-481.0	2,084.9	2,571.4	3,668.4
State unemployment insurance	18	60,073.2	47,738.3	15,682.2	26,604.2	27,269.5	19,150.9	-12,334.9	-32,056.1	10,922.0	665.4	-8,118.7
Of which: <sup>2</sup>												
Extended Unemployment Benefits	19	7.5	258.2	556.7	992.7	84.2	16.0	250.7	298.5	436.0	-908.5	-68.1
Pandemic Emergency Unemployment Compensation	20	352.1	754.0	3,343.2	3,834.2	5,103.4	3,507.2	401.9	2,589.2	490.9	1,269.2	-1,596.2
Pandemic Unemployment Assistance	21	8,179.7	11,866.7	7,728.4	6,722.2	6,482.9	4,884.7	3,687.0	-4,138.3	-1,006.1	-239.4	-1,598.2
Pandemic Unemployment Compensation Payments	22	39,101.8	26,010.7	533.4	12,144.7	13,087.0	8,746.3	-13,091.1	-25,477.4	11,611.3	942.4	-4,340.8
All other personal current transfer receipts	23	80,227.1	42,728.6	32,113.5	108,371.2	44,249.2	40,704.6	-37,498.4	-10,615.1	76,257.7	-64,122.0	-3,544.6
Of which:												
Child tax credit <sup>3</sup>	24	957.4	957.4	957.4	1,099.5	1,099.5	6,996.8	0.0	0.0	142.2	0.0	5,897.3
Economic impact payments <sup>4</sup>	25	43,962.8	633.2	205.4	76,585.5	11,489.6	1,540.7	-43,329.6	-427.8	76,380.1	-65,095.9	-9,948.9
Lost wages supplemental payments <sup>5</sup>	26	0.0	6,437.7	1,001.2	90.0	9.9	4.5	6,437.7	-5,436.5	-911.2	-80.0	-5.4
Paycheck Protection Program loans to NPISH <sup>6</sup>	27	2,480.0	4,648.2	1,396.8	538.5	1,231.5	698.0	2,168.2	-3,251.4	-858.4	693.0	-533.5
Provider Relief Fund to NPISH <sup>7</sup>	28	6,722.6	4,049.5	2,591.4	2,250.3	1,398.6	1,966.4	-2,673.2	-1,458.0	-341.1	-851.8	567.8
Components of earnings by place of work												
Wages and salaries	29	333,619.3	351,883.3	365,247.4	365,452.5	375,754.6	386,227.4	18,264.0	13,364.2	205.1	10,302.1	10,472.8
Supplements to wages and salaries	30	82,640.3	86,013.4	88,381.1	88,416.7	89,076.4	90,335.5	3,373.1	2,367.7	35.7	659.6	1,259.1
Employer contributions for employee pension and insurance funds	31	57,321.7	59,658.3	61,400.3	61,046.5	61,055.2	61,627.7	2,336.6	1,741.9	-353.7	8.7	572.5
Employer contributions for government social insurance	32	25,318.6	26,355.0	26,980.8	27,370.2	28,021.2	28,707.8	1,036.5	625.8	389.4	651.0	686.6
Proprietors' income	33	61,772.0	69,958.1	70,403.3	69,219.0	71,631.8	73,085.1	8,186.1	445.3	-1,184.3	2,412.8	1,453.3
Farm proprietors' income	34	851.5	1,585.8	1,976.5	1,162.8	1,591.8	1,450.3	734.3	390.8	-813.7	429.0	-141.5
Of which:												
Coronavirus Food Assistance Program <sup>8</sup>	35	309.2	285.2	627.4	0.0	112.4	70.6	-24.0	342.2	-627.4	112.4	-41.8
Paycheck Protection Program loans to businesses <sup>6</sup>	36	144.3	205.0	61.6	40.2	99.5	61.7	60.7	-143.4	-21.4	59.3	-37.8
Nonfarm proprietors' income	37	60,920.5	68,372.3	68,426.8	68,056.2	70,040.0	71,634.8	7,451.8	54.5	-370.6	1,983.8	1,594.8
Of which:												
Paycheck Protection Program loans to businesses <sup>6</sup>	38	8,600.5	8,652.1	3,472.9	2,382.9	5,515.3	3,421.2	51.6	-5,179.2	-1,090.0	3,132.4	-2,094.1

CARES -Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security

NPISH -Nonprofit institutions serving households

1. A two percent reduction in reimbursements paid to Medicare service providers that went into effect in 2013 was initially suspended by the CARES Act. The resulting increased reimbursement rates went into effect beginning on May 1, 2020.

2. Unemployment insurance benefits were expanded through several programs that were initially established through the CARES Act. For more information, see How will the expansion of unemployment benefits in response to the COVID-19 pandemic be recorded in the NIPAs?

3. The American Rescue Plan increased the Child Tax Credit to \$3,000 per child over the age of six and \$3,600 for children under the age of six, and raised the age limit from 16 to 17. It also authorized that up to half of these credits could be distributed through advance payments during the tax year, while the rest would be claimed when parents file tax returns the following year.

4. Economic impact payments, initially established by the CARES Act, provide direct payments to individuals. For more information, see How are federal economic impact payments to support individuals during the COVID-19 pandemic recorded in the NIPAs?

5. The Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) was authorized to make payments from the Disaster Relief Fund to supplement wages lost as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic.

6. The Paycheck Protection Program, initially established by the CARES Act, provides forgivable loans to help small businesses and nonprofit institutions make payroll and cover other expenses. It also provides funding to reimburse private lending institutions for the costs of administering these loans. For more information, see How does the Paycheck Protection Program impact the national income and product accounts (NIPAs)?

7. The Department of Health and Human Services distributes money from the Provider Relief Fund to hospitals and health care providers on the front lines of the coronavirus response. This funding supports health care-related expenses or lost revenue attributable to COVID-19 and ensures uninsured Americans can get treatment for COVID-19. In the NIPAs, funds provided to nonprofit hospitals are recorded as social benefits.

8. The Coronavirus Food Assistance Program, initially established by the CARES Act, provides direct support to farmers and ranchers where prices and market supply chains have been impacted by the COVID-19 pandemic.

Note: BEA state per capita personal income statistics are calculated using unpublished Census Bureau midyear population estimates. These midquarter estimates are based on the 2010 census. BEA will incorporate Census Bureau population estimates based on the 2020 census results when they become available. Data on this table will be superseded by updated estimates. Regional estimates were controlled to the update to the National accounts released [November 24, 2021](#).

Source: U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis

Last updated: February 3, 2022.



Note: Reposted Feb. 3, 2022, to correct state personal income statistics for the third quarter of 2021 back to the first quarter of 2016 due to a data processing error involving industry wage estimates. For more information, see the [technical note](#).

**Rhode Island**  
**Effects of Selected Federal Pandemic Response Programs on State Personal Income, 2021Q3**  
(Millions of dollars, seasonally adjusted at annual rates)

	Line	Levels						Change from preceding period				
		2020			2021			2020		2021		
		Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3
Personal income (millions of dollars)	1	67,766.9	65,152.6	63,221.0	70,438.2	67,072.9	67,545.1	-2,614.3	-1,931.7	7,217.3	-3,365.4	472.2
Nonfarm personal income	2	67,741.1	65,122.8	63,184.8	70,415.3	67,043.3	67,521.3	-2,618.3	-1,938.0	7,230.5	-3,372.0	478.0
Farm income	3	25.8	29.9	36.2	23.0	29.6	23.8	4.0	6.3	-13.2	6.6	-5.8
Population (persons)	4	1,057,524.0	1,057,071.0	1,056,826.0	1,056,105.0	1,055,525.0	1,055,318.0	-453.0	-245.0	-721.0	-580.0	-207.0
Per capita personal income (dollars)	5	64,081	61,635	59,822	66,696	63,545	64,005	-2,446	-1,813	6,874	-3,151	460
Derivation of personal income												
Earnings by place of work	6	37,767.5	40,788.0	41,519.9	40,888.7	43,346.7	44,387.6	3,020.6	731.9	-631.2	2,458.0	1,040.9
Less: Contributions for government social insurance	7	4,897.3	5,181.2	5,264.7	5,228.9	5,533.3	5,665.8	283.9	83.5	-35.8	304.3	132.6
Employee and self-employed contributions for government social insurance	8	2,711.4	2,868.3	2,915.8	2,886.3	3,052.4	3,121.9	156.8	47.5	-29.5	166.1	69.5
Employer contributions for government social insurance	9	2,185.9	2,313.0	2,348.9	2,342.6	2,480.9	2,543.9	127.1	36.0	-6.3	138.2	63.0
Plus: Adjustment for residence	10	2,611.3	2,549.5	2,839.0	2,900.1	2,875.9	2,925.1	-61.9	289.5	61.1	-24.2	49.2
Equals: Net earnings by place of residence	11	35,481.5	38,156.3	39,094.2	38,559.9	40,689.4	41,646.8	2,674.8	937.9	-534.2	2,129.4	957.5
Plus: Dividends, interest, and rent	12	10,510.5	10,370.3	10,505.0	10,461.6	10,541.7	10,618.4	-140.3	134.7	-43.4	80.2	76.7
Plus: Personal current transfer receipts	13	21,774.9	16,626.1	13,621.8	21,416.8	15,841.8	15,279.9	-5,148.8	-3,004.3	7,794.9	-5,575.0	-561.9
Social Security	14	3,950.9	3,969.6	3,998.9	4,057.9	4,069.1	4,094.6	18.8	29.2	59.0	11.3	25.5
Medicare	15	2,984.3	2,998.3	2,981.9	2,959.6	2,963.3	2,999.9	13.9	-16.4	-22.3	3.7	36.6
Of which:												
Increase in Medicare reimbursement rates <sup>1</sup>	16	35.0	52.4	52.0	51.6	51.2	52.0	17.4	-0.4	-0.4	-0.4	0.7
Medicaid	17	2,786.5	2,899.5	2,699.0	2,703.5	2,859.2	3,320.8	113.0	-200.5	4.4	155.7	461.6
State unemployment insurance	18	4,948.1	2,880.4	1,210.0	2,574.1	2,110.7	1,314.8	-2,067.7	-1,670.4	1,364.1	-463.4	-795.9
Of which: <sup>2</sup>												
Extended Unemployment Benefits	19	0.0	11.1	57.4	121.6	4.2	0.4	11.1	46.3	64.2	-117.4	-3.8
Pandemic Emergency Unemployment Compensation	20	19.2	85.4	298.3	291.4	302.1	232.8	66.2	212.8	-6.9	10.7	-69.3
Pandemic Unemployment Assistance	21	377.0	578.5	521.9	538.1	504.3	299.3	201.5	-56.6	16.2	-33.8	-205.0
Pandemic Unemployment Compensation Payments	22	3,516.8	1,265.1	5.2	1,380.4	1,114.4	633.3	-2,251.7	-1,259.9	1,375.2	-266.0	-481.1
All other personal current transfer receipts	23	7,105.0	3,878.2	2,732.0	9,121.7	3,839.5	3,549.8	-3,226.8	-1,146.2	6,389.7	-5,282.2	-289.7
Of which:												
Child tax credit <sup>3</sup>	24	80.4	80.4	80.4	91.0	91.0	579.1	0.0	0.0	10.6	0.0	488.1
Economic impact payments <sup>4</sup>	25	3,635.5	52.3	17.0	6,297.1	944.7	126.7	-3,583.1	-35.4	6,280.1	-5,352.4	-818.0
Lost wages supplemental payments <sup>5</sup>	26	0.0	681.3	7.6	1.4	0.0	0.2	681.3	-673.7	-6.1	-1.4	0.2
Paycheck Protection Program loans to NPISH <sup>6</sup>	27	445.6	347.4	104.4	46.6	106.7	60.5	-98.1	-243.0	-57.8	60.0	-46.2
Provider Relief Fund to NPISH <sup>7</sup>	28	556.6	337.3	146.3	175.2	108.9	153.1	-219.3	-191.0	28.9	-66.3	44.2
Components of earnings by place of work												
Wages and salaries	29	27,226.5	29,165.9	29,922.3	29,319.4	31,228.1	32,152.6	1,939.5	756.4	-602.9	1,908.7	924.5
Supplements to wages and salaries	30	6,610.1	6,984.7	7,105.0	7,029.6	7,318.8	7,422.4	374.5	120.4	-75.4	289.2	103.5
Employer contributions for employee pension and insurance funds	31	4,424.3	4,671.7	4,756.1	4,687.0	4,837.9	4,878.5	247.4	84.4	-69.1	151.0	40.5
Employer contributions for government social insurance	32	2,185.9	2,313.0	2,348.9	2,342.6	2,480.9	2,543.9	127.1	36.0	-6.3	138.2	63.0
Proprietors' income	33	3,930.8	4,637.4	4,492.6	4,539.7	4,799.8	4,812.6	706.6	-144.9	47.1	260.1	12.8
Farm proprietors' income	34	15.7	19.7	25.9	12.5	18.9	13.0	4.0	6.2	-13.4	6.4	-5.9
Of which:												
Coronavirus Food Assistance Program <sup>8</sup>	35	(L)	0.7	10.9	0.9	4.5	0.1	(L)	10.2	-10.0	3.6	-4.4
Paycheck Protection Program loans to businesses <sup>6</sup>	36	5.1	7.3	2.2	0.9	3.8	2.4	2.2	-5.1	-1.2	2.9	-1.5
Nonfarm proprietors' income	37	3,915.2	4,617.7	4,466.7	4,527.2	4,780.9	4,799.6	702.6	-151.0	60.5	253.7	18.7
Of which:												
Paycheck Protection Program loans to businesses <sup>6</sup>	38	563.0	766.8	271.7	226.9	525.2	325.8	203.8	-495.1	-44.8	298.3	-199.4

CARES -Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security

NPISH -Nonprofit institutions serving households

(L) Less than \$50,000.

- A two percent reduction in reimbursements paid to Medicare service providers that went into effect in 2013 was initially suspended by the CARES Act. The resulting increased reimbursement rates went into effect beginning on May 1, 2020.
- Unemployment insurance benefits were expanded through several programs that were initially established through the CARES Act. For more information, see How will the expansion of unemployment benefits in response to the COVID-19 pandemic be recorded in the NIPAs?
- The American Rescue Plan increased the Child Tax Credit to \$3,000 per child over the age of six and \$3,600 for children under the age of six, and raised the age limit from 16 to 17. It also authorized that up to half of these credits could be distributed through advance payments during the tax year, while the rest would be claimed when parents file tax returns the following year.
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- The Paycheck Protection Program, initially established by the CARES Act, provides forgivable loans to help small businesses and nonprofit institutions make payroll and cover other expenses. It also provides funding to reimburse private lending institutions for the costs of administering these loans. For more information, see How does the Paycheck Protection Program impact the national income and product accounts (NIPAs)?
- The Department of Health and Human Services distributes money from the Provider Relief Fund to hospitals and health care providers on the front lines of the coronavirus response. This funding supports health care-related expenses or lost revenue attributable to COVID-19 and ensures uninsured Americans can get treatment for COVID-19. In the NIPAs, funds provided to nonprofit hospitals are recorded as social benefits.
- The Coronavirus Food Assistance Program, initially established by the CARES Act, provides direct support to farmers and ranchers where prices and market supply chains have been impacted by the COVID-19 pandemic.

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Last updated: February 3, 2022.

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**South Carolina**  
**Effects of Selected Federal Pandemic Response Programs on State Personal Income, 2021Q3**  
(Millions of dollars, seasonally adjusted at annual rates)

	Line	Levels						Change from preceding period				
		2020			2021			2020		2021		
		Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3
Personal income (millions of dollars)	1	263,820.8	249,264.9	248,733.3	285,109.7	263,062.0	264,046.9	-14,556.0	-531.6	36,376.5	-22,047.7	984.8
Nonfarm personal income	2	263,723.6	249,013.1	248,299.1	284,823.3	262,644.1	263,613.3	-14,710.5	-714.0	36,524.2	-22,179.2	969.1
Farm income	3	97.2	251.7	434.1	286.4	417.9	433.6	154.5	182.4	-147.7	131.5	15.7
Population (persons)	4	5,211,779.0	5,226,660.0	5,243,144.0	5,256,371.0	5,270,105.0	5,286,369.0	14,881.0	16,484.0	13,227.0	13,734.0	16,264.0
Per capita personal income (dollars)	5	50,620	47,691	47,440	54,241	49,916	49,949	-2,929	-251	6,801	-4,325	33
Derivation of personal income												
Earnings by place of work	6	144,862.5	156,425.8	159,461.5	160,501.8	165,358.9	168,856.4	11,563.4	3,035.6	1,040.3	4,857.1	3,497.4
Less: Contributions for government social insurance	7	17,825.1	18,699.3	19,118.2	19,476.0	19,932.5	20,369.4	874.2	418.9	357.8	456.5	436.9
Employee and self-employed contributions for government social insurance	8	10,033.7	10,561.0	10,833.0	11,014.9	11,259.5	11,492.8	527.2	272.0	181.9	244.6	233.3
Employer contributions for government social insurance	9	7,791.3	8,138.3	8,285.2	8,461.1	8,673.1	8,876.6	347.0	146.9	175.9	212.0	203.5
Plus: Adjustment for residence	10	4,909.3	5,113.1	5,303.2	5,446.1	5,608.3	5,773.5	203.8	190.0	142.9	162.2	165.2
Equals: Net earnings by place of residence	11	131,946.7	142,839.7	145,646.5	146,471.9	151,034.7	154,260.4	10,893.0	2,806.8	825.4	4,562.8	3,225.7
Plus: Dividends, interest, and rent	12	45,817.7	45,230.3	46,027.6	46,070.1	46,527.2	46,978.0	-587.4	797.3	42.5	457.1	450.8
Plus: Personal current transfer receipts	13	86,056.4	61,194.9	57,059.2	92,567.7	65,500.2	62,808.4	-24,861.6	-4,135.7	35,508.6	-27,067.6	-2,691.7
Social Security	14	20,311.3	20,434.4	20,626.8	21,016.0	21,090.4	21,258.5	123.2	192.4	389.2	74.4	168.0
Medicare	15	13,958.3	14,038.3	13,952.3	13,822.2	13,844.3	14,058.1	80.0	-85.9	-130.1	22.0	213.8
Of which:												
Increase in Medicare reimbursement rates <sup>1</sup>	16	163.5	244.9	243.0	241.2	239.5	242.9	81.3	-1.8	-1.8	-1.7	3.4
Medicaid	17	6,705.8	7,022.8	6,714.9	6,822.6	6,988.4	7,380.0	317.0	-307.8	107.7	165.8	391.6
State unemployment insurance	18	12,122.5	4,439.4	1,977.0	4,269.3	3,375.1	451.2	-7,683.1	-2,462.4	2,292.3	-894.2	-2,923.9
Of which: <sup>2</sup>												
Extended Unemployment Benefits	19	0.0	56.9	137.4	1.6	1.3	0.3	56.9	80.5	-135.9	-0.3	-1.0
Pandemic Emergency Unemployment Compensation	20	57.3	351.8	678.3	970.1	813.1	26.5	294.6	326.5	291.8	-157.1	-786.6
Pandemic Unemployment Assistance	21	489.2	409.7	445.9	457.5	327.7	23.9	-79.5	36.2	11.6	-129.8	-303.8
Pandemic Unemployment Compensation Payments	22	9,539.9	2,358.4	58.0	2,348.0	1,830.8	86.4	-7,181.5	-2,300.4	2,290.0	-517.2	-1,744.3
All other personal current transfer receipts	23	32,958.7	15,260.0	13,788.1	46,637.7	20,202.0	19,660.7	-17,698.7	-1,471.9	32,849.5	-26,435.7	-541.3
Of which:												
Child tax credit <sup>3</sup>	24	533.7	533.7	533.7	613.0	613.0	3,900.7	0.0	0.0	79.3	0.0	3,287.7
Economic impact payments <sup>4</sup>	25	17,687.3	255.2	82.8	31,953.0	4,793.7	642.8	-17,432.1	-172.4	31,870.2	-27,159.3	-4,150.9
Lost wages supplemental payments <sup>5</sup>	26	0.0	744.2	381.9	17.6	12.2	1.5	744.2	-362.3	-364.3	-5.4	-10.8
Paycheck Protection Program loans to NPISH <sup>6</sup>	27	543.4	755.3	227.0	84.4	193.0	109.4	211.9	-528.3	-142.6	108.6	-83.6
Provider Relief Fund to NPISH <sup>7</sup>	28	1,659.0	572.8	225.5	414.5	257.6	362.2	-1,086.2	-347.2	188.9	-156.9	104.6
Components of earnings by place of work												
Wages and salaries	29	104,276.6	110,695.6	114,352.0	115,084.7	118,493.8	121,755.5	6,419.0	3,656.4	732.7	3,409.1	3,261.8
Supplements to wages and salaries	30	25,638.6	26,829.1	27,289.9	27,571.9	27,900.6	28,232.7	1,190.5	460.8	282.0	328.6	332.2
Employer contributions for employee pension and insurance funds	31	17,847.3	18,690.7	19,004.7	19,110.8	19,227.5	19,356.1	843.5	314.0	106.1	116.7	128.7
Employer contributions for government social insurance	32	7,791.3	8,138.3	8,285.2	8,461.1	8,673.1	8,876.6	347.0	146.9	175.9	212.0	203.5
Proprietors' income	33	14,947.2	18,901.2	17,819.6	17,845.2	18,964.6	18,868.1	3,953.9	-1,081.6	25.6	1,119.4	-96.5
Farm proprietors' income	34	3.3	157.4	338.5	188.7	318.2	332.9	154.1	181.0	-149.8	129.5	14.7
Of which:												
Coronavirus Food Assistance Program <sup>8</sup>	35	56.9	57.2	172.5	1.7	68.2	34.1	0.3	115.3	-170.8	66.5	-34.1
Paycheck Protection Program loans to businesses <sup>6</sup>	36	43.0	61.1	18.4	11.2	30.3	18.8	18.1	-42.7	-7.2	19.1	-11.5
Nonfarm proprietors' income	37	14,943.9	18,743.7	17,481.1	17,656.5	18,646.4	18,535.2	3,799.9	-1,262.6	175.4	989.9	-111.2
Of which:												
Paycheck Protection Program loans to businesses <sup>6</sup>	38	1,680.7	3,647.2	818.5	1,071.8	2,480.8	1,538.8	1,966.5	-2,828.7	253.4	1,409.0	-942.0

CARES -Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security

NPISH -Nonprofit institutions serving households

1. A two percent reduction in reimbursements paid to Medicare service providers that went into effect in 2013 was initially suspended by the CARES Act. The resulting increased reimbursement rates went into effect beginning on May 1, 2020.

2. Unemployment insurance benefits were expanded through several programs that were initially established through the CARES Act. For more information, see How will the expansion of unemployment benefits in response to the COVID-19 pandemic be recorded in the NIPAs?

3. The American Rescue Plan increased the Child Tax Credit to \$3,000 per child over the age of six and \$3,600 for children under the age of six, and raised the age limit from 16 to 17. It also authorized that up to half of these credits could be distributed through advance payments during the tax year, while the rest would be claimed when parents file tax returns the following year.

4. Economic impact payments, initially established by the CARES Act, provide direct payments to individuals. For more information, see How are federal economic impact payments to support individuals during the COVID-19 pandemic recorded in the NIPAs?

5. The Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) was authorized to make payments from the Disaster Relief Fund to supplement wages lost as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic.

6. The Paycheck Protection Program, initially established by the CARES Act, provides forgivable loans to help small businesses and nonprofit institutions make payroll and cover other expenses. It also provides funding to reimburse private lending institutions for the costs of administering these loans. For more information, see How does the Paycheck Protection Program impact the national income and product accounts (NIPAs)?

7. The Department of Health and Human Services distributes money from the Provider Relief Fund to hospitals and health care providers on the front lines of the coronavirus response. This funding supports health care-related expenses or lost revenue attributable to COVID-19 and ensures uninsured Americans can get treatment for COVID-19. In the NIPAs, funds provided to nonprofit hospitals are recorded as social benefits.

8. The Coronavirus Food Assistance Program, initially established by the CARES Act, provides direct support to farmers and ranchers where prices and market supply chains have been impacted by the COVID-19 pandemic.

Note: BEA state per capita personal income statistics are calculated using unpublished Census Bureau midyear population estimates. These midquarter estimates are based on the 2010 census. BEA will incorporate Census Bureau population estimates based on the 2020 census results when they become available. Data on this table will be superseded by updated estimates. Regional estimates were controlled to the update to the National accounts released [November 24, 2021](#).

Source: U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis

Last updated: February 3, 2022.

Note: Reposted Feb. 3, 2022, to correct state personal income statistics for the third quarter of 2021 back to the first quarter of 2016 due to a data processing error involving industry wage estimates. For more information, see the [technical note](#).

**South Dakota**  
**Effects of Selected Federal Pandemic Response Programs on State Personal Income, 2021Q3**  
(Millions of dollars, seasonally adjusted at annual rates)

	Line	Levels						Change from preceding period				
		2020			2021			2020		2021		
		Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3
Personal income (millions of dollars)	1	54,731.8	51,587.6	54,651.5	59,543.3	57,468.2	57,381.1	-3,144.2	3,063.9	4,891.8	-2,075.1	-87.2
Nonfarm personal income	2	51,910.8	48,410.8	49,813.4	55,784.0	51,555.7	52,018.9	-3,500.0	1,402.6	5,970.6	-4,228.3	463.3
Farm income	3	2,821.1	3,176.8	4,838.1	3,759.3	5,912.6	5,362.1	355.8	1,661.3	-1,078.8	2,153.3	-550.4
Population (persons)	4	892,182.0	893,369.0	894,597.0	895,568.0	896,770.0	898,170.0	1,187.0	1,228.0	971.0	1,202.0	1,400.0
Per capita personal income (dollars)	5	61,346	57,745	61,091	66,487	64,084	63,887	-3,601	3,346	5,396	-2,403	-197
Derivation of personal income												
Earnings by place of work	6	33,860.4	35,529.4	39,292.8	37,914.1	40,513.6	40,574.5	1,669.0	3,763.4	-1,378.7	2,599.5	60.9
Less: Contributions for government social insurance	7	3,699.8	3,809.5	3,998.5	4,000.4	4,037.4	4,102.9	109.7	189.0	1.9	37.0	65.5
Employee and self-employed contributions for government social insurance	8	2,083.2	2,140.8	2,250.1	2,242.4	2,261.3	2,295.3	57.6	109.2	-7.7	18.9	34.0
Employer contributions for government social insurance	9	1,616.7	1,668.7	1,748.4	1,758.0	1,776.1	1,807.6	52.0	79.7	9.6	18.1	31.5
Plus: Adjustment for residence	10	-147.3	-156.7	-179.8	-164.5	-164.5	-166.1	-9.4	-23.1	15.3	0.0	-1.6
Equals: Net earnings by place of residence	11	30,013.3	31,563.2	35,114.6	33,749.3	36,311.7	36,305.6	1,549.9	3,551.4	-1,365.3	2,562.4	-6.1
Plus: Dividends, interest, and rent	12	11,318.7	11,155.3	11,288.0	11,346.1	11,436.1	11,486.9	-163.4	132.7	58.1	90.0	50.8
Plus: Personal current transfer receipts	13	13,399.9	8,869.2	8,249.0	14,447.9	9,720.4	9,588.6	-4,530.7	-620.2	6,199.0	-4,727.5	-131.8
Social Security	14	3,016.7	3,034.5	3,061.9	3,116.9	3,127.4	3,151.2	17.8	27.4	55.0	10.5	23.8
Medicare	15	2,066.5	2,077.6	2,065.3	2,047.3	2,050.3	2,080.0	11.1	-12.3	-18.1	3.0	29.7
Of which:												
Increase in Medicare reimbursement rates <sup>1</sup>	16	24.2	36.3	36.0	35.7	35.5	36.0	12.0	-0.3	-0.3	-0.3	0.5
Medicaid	17	922.3	982.5	948.6	954.5	1,000.1	1,006.3	60.2	-33.9	5.9	45.6	6.2
State unemployment insurance	18	820.1	394.6	93.1	133.2	96.0	31.5	-425.5	-301.5	40.1	-37.2	-64.5
Of which: <sup>2</sup>												
Extended Unemployment Benefits	19	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	-0.1	0.0
Pandemic Emergency Unemployment Compensation	20	1.6	5.1	10.6	15.8	17.2	0.6	3.5	5.5	5.2	1.4	-16.5
Pandemic Unemployment Assistance	21	20.3	34.8	19.4	4.1	4.7	0.4	14.4	-15.4	-15.4	0.7	-4.4
Pandemic Unemployment Compensation Payments	22	599.9	226.1	7.7	75.8	42.1	1.9	-373.8	-218.4	68.1	-33.7	-40.2
All other personal current transfer receipts	23	6,574.3	2,379.9	2,080.1	8,196.1	3,446.6	3,319.7	-4,194.4	-299.8	6,116.0	-4,749.5	-126.9
Of which:												
Child tax credit <sup>3</sup>	24	81.0	81.0	81.0	92.7	92.7	589.8	0.0	0.0	11.7	0.0	497.1
Economic impact payments <sup>4</sup>	25	3,179.0	45.9	14.9	5,687.9	853.3	114.4	-3,133.1	-31.0	5,673.0	-4,834.6	-738.9
Lost wages supplemental payments <sup>5</sup>	26	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Paycheck Protection Program loans to NPISH <sup>6</sup>	27	286.1	53.0	15.9	27.0	61.7	35.0	-233.1	-37.1	11.0	34.7	-26.7
Provider Relief Fund to NPISH <sup>7</sup>	28	1,103.8	301.0	80.6	250.7	155.8	219.1	-802.8	-220.4	170.1	-94.9	63.3
Components of earnings by place of work												
Wages and salaries	29	20,878.0	21,636.2	22,894.6	22,586.0	22,942.7	23,443.1	758.2	1,258.4	-308.6	356.7	500.4
Supplements to wages and salaries	30	5,110.8	5,230.7	5,451.7	5,417.8	5,411.6	5,457.9	119.8	221.0	-33.9	-6.2	46.3
Employer contributions for employee pension and insurance funds	31	3,494.2	3,562.0	3,703.2	3,659.8	3,635.5	3,650.4	67.8	141.2	-43.5	-24.3	14.9
Employer contributions for government social insurance	32	1,616.7	1,668.7	1,748.4	1,758.0	1,776.1	1,807.6	52.0	79.7	9.6	18.1	31.5
Proprietors' income	33	7,871.6	8,662.5	10,946.6	9,910.3	12,159.3	11,673.5	790.9	2,284.1	-1,036.2	2,249.0	-485.8
Farm proprietors' income	34	2,573.6	2,928.6	4,586.3	3,502.1	5,649.9	5,096.6	354.9	1,657.7	-1,084.3	2,147.9	-553.3
Of which:												
Coronavirus Food Assistance Program <sup>8</sup>	35	882.5	786.5	1,934.6	10.2	651.0	431.4	-96.0	1,148.1	-1,924.3	640.7	-219.6
Paycheck Protection Program loans to businesses <sup>6</sup>	36	93.3	132.6	39.8	237.1	546.9	339.3	39.3	-92.7	197.3	309.8	-207.7
Nonfarm proprietors' income	37	5,298.0	5,734.0	6,360.3	6,408.3	6,509.4	6,576.9	436.0	626.3	48.0	101.1	67.5
Of which:												
Paycheck Protection Program loans to businesses <sup>6</sup>	38	435.6	224.0	330.1	201.6	466.6	289.5	-211.6	106.1	-128.6	265.0	-177.2

CARES -Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security

NPISH -Nonprofit institutions serving households

1. A two percent reduction in reimbursements paid to Medicare service providers that went into effect in 2013 was initially suspended by the CARES Act. The resulting increased reimbursement rates went into effect beginning on May 1, 2020.
2. Unemployment insurance benefits were expanded through several programs that were initially established through the CARES Act. For more information, see How will the expansion of unemployment benefits in response to the COVID-19 pandemic be recorded in the NIPAs?
3. The American Rescue Plan increased the Child Tax Credit to \$3,000 per child over the age of six and \$3,600 for children under the age of six, and raised the age limit from 16 to 17. It also authorized that up to half of these credits could be distributed through advance payments during the tax year, while the rest would be claimed when parents file tax returns the following year.
4. Economic impact payments, initially established by the CARES Act, provide direct payments to individuals. For more information, see How are federal economic impact payments to support individuals during the COVID-19 pandemic recorded in the NIPAs?
5. The Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) was authorized to make payments from the Disaster Relief Fund to supplement wages lost as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic.
6. The Paycheck Protection Program, initially established by the CARES Act, provides forgivable loans to help small businesses and nonprofit institutions make payroll and cover other expenses. It also provides funding to reimburse private lending institutions for the costs of administering these loans. For more information, see How does the Paycheck Protection Program impact the national income and product accounts (NIPAs)?
7. The Department of Health and Human Services distributes money from the Provider Relief Fund to hospitals and health care providers on the front lines of the coronavirus response. This funding supports health care-related expenses or lost revenue attributable to COVID-19 and ensures uninsured Americans can get treatment for COVID-19. In the NIPAs, funds provided to nonprofit hospitals are recorded as social benefits.
8. The Coronavirus Food Assistance Program, initially established by the CARES Act, provides direct support to farmers and ranchers where prices and market supply chains have been impacted by the COVID-19 pandemic.

Note: BEA state per capita personal income statistics are calculated using unpublished Census Bureau midyear population estimates. These midquarter estimates are based on the 2010 census. BEA will incorporate Census Bureau population estimates based on the 2020 census results when they become available. Data on this table will be superseded by updated estimates. Regional estimates were controlled to the update to the National accounts released [November 24, 2021](#).

Source: U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis

Last updated: February 3, 2022.

Note: Reposted Feb. 3, 2022, to correct state personal income statistics for the third quarter of 2021 back to the first quarter of 2016 due to a data processing error involving industry wage estimates. For more information, see the [technical note](#).

Tennessee  
Effects of Selected Federal Pandemic Response Programs on State Personal Income, 2021Q3  
(Millions of dollars, seasonally adjusted at annual rates)

	Line	Levels						Change from preceding period				
		2020			2021			2020		2021		
		Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3
Personal income (millions of dollars)	1	364,236.5	351,072.3	349,670.0	400,750.5	371,623.9	375,014.1	-13,164.3	-1,402.2	51,080.4	-29,126.6	3,390.2
Nonfarm personal income	2	364,060.2	350,766.3	348,904.1	400,301.6	370,630.4	374,147.0	-13,293.9	-1,862.2	51,397.5	-29,671.2	3,516.6
Farm income	3	176.3	306.0	765.9	448.9	993.6	867.1	129.7	460.0	-317.0	544.7	-126.4
Population (persons)	4	6,881,164.0	6,895,106.0	6,910,829.0	6,922,373.0	6,935,011.0	6,950,667.0	13,942.0	15,723.0	11,544.0	12,638.0	15,656.0
Per capita personal income (dollars)	5	52,932	50,916	50,597	57,892	53,587	53,954	-2,016	-319	7,295	-4,305	367
Derivation of personal income												
Earnings by place of work	6	232,021.1	249,908.8	258,359.8	263,694.4	270,562.4	277,179.2	17,887.7	8,451.0	5,334.6	6,868.0	6,616.8
Less: Contributions for government social insurance	7	26,190.6	27,445.7	28,440.3	29,500.2	30,152.1	30,880.6	1,255.1	994.6	1,060.0	651.9	728.4
Employee and self-employed contributions for government social insurance	8	14,919.2	15,607.0	16,179.0	16,769.7	17,116.6	17,502.0	687.7	572.0	590.8	346.9	385.4
Employer contributions for government social insurance	9	11,271.4	11,838.7	12,261.3	12,730.5	13,035.5	13,378.6	567.3	422.6	469.2	305.0	343.1
Plus: Adjustment for residence	10	-1,989.0	-2,099.8	-2,268.2	-2,454.1	-2,554.9	-2,641.2	-110.8	-168.5	-185.9	-100.8	-86.3
Equals: Net earnings by place of residence	11	203,841.5	220,363.3	227,651.3	231,740.0	237,855.4	243,657.5	16,521.8	7,288.0	4,088.7	6,115.3	5,802.1
Plus: Dividends, interest, and rent	12	49,373.5	48,735.2	49,406.1	49,551.2	49,984.5	50,472.9	-638.4	670.9	145.1	433.3	488.4
Plus: Personal current transfer receipts	13	111,021.5	81,973.8	72,612.6	119,459.2	83,784.0	80,883.8	-29,047.7	-9,361.1	46,846.6	-35,675.2	-2,900.3
Social Security	14	24,842.8	24,967.8	25,163.1	25,558.0	25,633.6	25,804.1	125.0	195.3	394.9	75.6	170.5
Medicare	15	17,612.8	17,703.8	17,606.3	17,466.7	17,490.0	17,719.4	90.9	-97.5	-139.6	23.2	229.5
Of which:												
Increase in Medicare reimbursement rates <sup>1</sup>	16	206.4	309.1	306.8	304.5	302.3	306.6	102.7	-2.3	-2.3	-2.1	4.3
Medicaid	17	10,374.7	11,269.5	10,589.3	10,661.9	11,055.7	11,422.3	894.8	-680.2	72.6	393.8	366.6
State unemployment insurance	18	13,377.3	7,727.1	1,789.0	3,904.8	3,758.3	833.0	-5,650.2	-5,938.1	2,115.8	-146.5	-2,925.3
Of which: <sup>2</sup>												
Extended Unemployment Benefits	19	0.0	10.4	12.9	0.1	0.2	0.1	10.4	2.5	-12.7	0.0	-0.1
Pandemic Emergency Unemployment Compensation	20	21.7	181.7	362.1	690.3	643.4	71.3	160.0	180.4	328.2	-46.9	-572.1
Pandemic Unemployment Assistance	21	452.7	849.6	499.5	500.1	442.0	86.0	396.8	-350.1	0.6	-58.2	-355.9
Pandemic Unemployment Compensation Payments	22	10,356.4	4,767.5	68.8	2,178.8	2,195.0	291.7	-5,589.0	-4,698.6	2,110.0	16.2	-1,903.3
All other personal current transfer receipts	23	44,813.9	20,305.6	17,465.0	61,867.8	25,846.6	25,104.9	-24,508.2	-2,840.6	44,402.8	-36,021.3	-741.6
Of which:												
Child tax credit <sup>3</sup>	24	704.9	704.9	704.9	809.1	809.1	5,148.8	0.0	0.0	104.2	0.0	4,339.6
Economic impact payments <sup>4</sup>	25	23,960.3	345.5	112.1	43,133.3	6,471.0	867.7	-23,614.8	-233.4	43,021.3	-36,662.3	-5,603.3
Lost wages supplemental payments <sup>5</sup>	26	0.0	1,647.3	97.4	31.2	12.7	2.0	1,647.3	-1,549.9	-66.1	-18.6	-10.6
Paycheck Protection Program loans to NPISH <sup>6</sup>	27	979.5	1,167.0	350.7	150.5	344.2	195.1	187.4	-816.3	-200.2	193.7	-149.1
Provider Relief Fund to NPISH <sup>7</sup>	28	3,681.9	1,008.0	787.1	923.8	574.1	807.2	-2,673.8	-220.9	136.7	-349.7	233.1
Components of earnings by place of work												
Wages and salaries	29	158,282.3	167,155.6	174,584.7	179,100.6	184,138.8	189,545.3	8,873.3	7,429.1	4,515.9	5,038.2	5,406.4
Supplements to wages and salaries	30	34,811.1	36,540.3	37,636.7	38,668.6	39,200.1	39,803.4	1,729.2	1,096.4	1,031.9	531.5	603.3
Employer contributions for employee pension and insurance funds	31	23,539.7	24,701.6	25,375.4	25,938.1	26,164.6	26,424.8	1,161.9	673.8	562.7	226.5	260.2
Employer contributions for government social insurance	32	11,271.4	11,838.7	12,261.3	12,730.5	13,035.5	13,378.6	567.3	422.6	469.2	305.0	343.1
Proprietors' income	33	38,927.7	46,212.9	46,138.4	45,925.1	47,223.4	47,830.6	7,285.2	-74.5	-213.3	1,298.3	607.1
Farm proprietors' income	34	-0.5	128.8	586.4	265.5	806.4	678.1	129.3	457.6	-320.9	541.0	-128.4
Of which:												
Coronavirus Food Assistance Program <sup>8</sup>	35	238.8	221.5	542.2	4.7	171.4	102.8	-17.2	320.7	-537.5	166.8	-68.6
Paycheck Protection Program loans to businesses <sup>6</sup>	36	46.7	66.3	19.9	62.1	153.7	95.3	19.6	-46.4	42.2	91.5	-58.3
Nonfarm proprietors' income	37	38,928.2	46,084.1	45,552.0	45,659.6	46,417.0	47,152.5	7,155.8	-532.1	107.6	757.3	735.5
Of which:												
Paycheck Protection Program loans to businesses <sup>6</sup>	38	7,761.1	8,086.1	3,174.1	1,709.4	3,956.4	2,454.2	325.0	-4,911.9	-1,464.8	2,247.0	-1,502.2

CARES -Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security

NPISH -Nonprofit institutions serving households

1. A two percent reduction in reimbursements paid to Medicare service providers that went into effect in 2013 was initially suspended by the CARES Act. The resulting increased reimbursement rates went into effect beginning on May 1, 2020.

2. Unemployment insurance benefits were expanded through several programs that were initially established through the CARES Act. For more information, see How will the expansion of unemployment benefits in response to the COVID-19 pandemic be recorded in the NIPAs?

3. The American Rescue Plan increased the Child Tax Credit to \$3,000 per child over the age of six and \$3,600 for children under the age of six, and raised the age limit from 16 to 17. It also authorized that up to half of these credits could be distributed through advance payments during the tax year, while the rest would be claimed when parents file tax returns the following year.

4. Economic impact payments, initially established by the CARES Act, provide direct payments to individuals. For more information, see How are federal economic impact payments to support individuals during the COVID-19 pandemic recorded in the NIPAs?

5. The Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) was authorized to make payments from the Disaster Relief Fund to supplement wages lost as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic.

6. The Paycheck Protection Program, initially established by the CARES Act, provides forgivable loans to help small businesses and nonprofit institutions make payroll and cover other expenses. It also provides funding to reimburse private lending institutions for the costs of administering these loans. For more information, see How does the Paycheck Protection Program impact the national income and product accounts (NIPAs)?

7. The Department of Health and Human Services distributes money from the Provider Relief Fund to hospitals and health care providers on the front lines of the coronavirus response. This funding supports health care-related expenses or lost revenue attributable to COVID-19 and ensures uninsured Americans can get treatment for COVID-19. In the NIPAs, funds provided to nonprofit hospitals are recorded as social benefits.

8. The Coronavirus Food Assistance Program, initially established by the CARES Act, provides direct support to farmers and ranchers where prices and market supply chains have been impacted by the COVID-19 pandemic.

Note: BEA state per capita personal income statistics are calculated using unpublished Census Bureau midyear population estimates. These midquarter estimates are based on the 2010 census. BEA will incorporate Census Bureau population estimates based on the 2020 census results when they become available. Data on this table will be superseded by updated estimates. Regional estimates were controlled to the update to the National accounts released [November 24, 2021](#).

Source: U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis

Last updated: February 3, 2022.

Note: Reposted Feb. 3, 2022, to correct state personal income statistics for the third quarter of 2021 back to the first quarter of 2016 due to a data processing error involving industry wage estimates. For more information, see the [technical note](#).

**Texas**  
**Effects of Selected Federal Pandemic Response Programs on State Personal Income, 2021Q3**  
(Millions of dollars, seasonally adjusted at annual rates)

	Line	Levels						Change from preceding period				
		2020			2021			2020		2021		
		Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3
Personal income (millions of dollars)	1	1,669,453.1	1,625,556.1	1,610,174.7	1,817,084.3	1,719,430.0	1,736,253.0	-43,897.0	-15,381.4	206,909.5	-97,654.3	16,823.0
Nonfarm personal income	2	1,667,350.4	1,621,219.1	1,604,272.3	1,814,148.5	1,714,873.1	1,732,474.5	-46,131.4	-16,946.8	209,876.2	-99,275.5	17,601.4
Farm income	3	2,102.6	4,337.1	5,902.4	2,935.8	4,557.0	3,778.5	2,234.4	1,565.4	-2,966.7	1,621.2	-778.4
Population (persons)	4	29,322,694.0	29,406,563.0	29,495,549.0	29,578,917.0	29,665,740.0	29,757,438.0	83,869.0	88,986.0	83,368.0	86,823.0	91,698.0
Per capita personal income (dollars)	5	56,934	55,279	54,590	61,432	57,960	58,347	-1,655	-689	6,842	-3,472	387
Derivation of personal income												
Earnings by place of work	6	1,090,773.9	1,148,061.8	1,174,489.3	1,188,051.1	1,235,359.6	1,274,335.7	57,287.9	26,427.5	13,561.8	47,308.5	38,976.1
Less: Contributions for government social insurance	7	112,048.3	114,393.8	117,512.2	120,031.2	123,598.1	127,357.1	2,345.5	3,118.4	2,519.0	3,566.9	3,759.0
Employee and self-employed contributions for government social insurance	8	60,492.4	61,715.3	63,462.4	64,729.8	66,538.3	68,461.7	1,223.0	1,747.1	1,267.4	1,808.5	1,923.4
Employer contributions for government social insurance	9	51,555.9	52,678.5	54,049.8	55,301.4	57,059.8	58,895.4	1,122.6	1,371.3	1,251.6	1,758.4	1,835.6
Plus: Adjustment for residence	10	-2,110.0	-2,129.2	-2,216.2	-2,265.7	-2,356.9	-2,491.2	-19.2	-87.0	-49.5	-91.2	-134.3
Equals: Net earnings by place of residence	11	976,615.6	1,031,538.8	1,054,760.9	1,065,754.2	1,109,404.6	1,144,487.4	54,923.2	23,222.1	10,993.3	43,650.4	35,082.8
Plus: Dividends, interest, and rent	12	286,368.8	281,807.8	286,002.9	285,567.6	288,181.9	290,544.3	-4,561.1	4,195.2	-435.4	2,614.3	2,362.4
Plus: Personal current transfer receipts	13	406,468.6	312,209.6	269,410.9	465,762.5	321,843.5	301,221.3	-94,259.0	-42,798.6	196,351.6	-143,919.0	-20,622.2
Social Security	14	72,473.5	72,920.3	73,608.6	74,991.7	75,256.3	75,853.5	446.8	688.4	1,383.1	264.6	597.2
Medicare	15	61,171.4	61,545.2	61,174.6	60,596.1	60,694.2	61,645.1	373.8	-370.6	-578.5	98.1	950.9
Of which:												
Increase in Medicare reimbursement rates <sup>1</sup>	16	716.8	1,073.2	1,065.2	1,057.2	1,049.7	1,064.6	356.5	-8.0	-8.0	-7.4	14.9
Medicaid	17	42,648.0	45,174.3	44,649.4	46,449.3	46,113.6	48,975.8	2,526.3	-524.9	1,799.9	-335.6	2,862.1
State unemployment insurance	18	63,728.9	49,069.3	22,290.5	38,291.2	36,369.2	10,580.3	-14,659.5	-26,778.8	16,000.6	-1,922.0	-25,788.9
Of which: <sup>2</sup>												
Extended Unemployment Benefits	19	0.0	532.5	1,811.9	3,029.1	191.3	4,012.1	532.5	1,279.4	1,217.2	-2,837.8	3,820.9
Pandemic Emergency Unemployment Compensation	20	559.5	2,844.8	6,827.1	7,439.8	10,505.8	991.7	2,285.2	3,982.3	612.7	3,066.0	-9,514.2
Pandemic Unemployment Assistance	21	2,862.8	5,711.9	6,040.3	4,681.3	4,379.3	437.6	2,849.1	328.5	-1,359.0	-302.0	-3,941.6
Pandemic Unemployment Compensation Payments	22	40,857.0	26,090.0	514.5	17,698.9	16,563.0	1,443.8	-14,767.0	-25,575.5	17,184.4	-1,135.9	-15,119.2
All other personal current transfer receipts	23	166,446.9	83,500.5	67,687.8	245,434.3	103,410.2	104,166.7	-82,946.4	-15,812.7	177,746.5	-142,024.1	756.5
Of which:												
Child tax credit <sup>3</sup>	24	3,440.5	3,440.5	3,440.5	3,976.4	3,976.4	25,303.4	0.0	0.0	535.9	0.0	21,327.0
Economic impact payments <sup>4</sup>	25	91,378.5	1,321.3	428.6	171,645.6	25,750.8	3,453.0	-90,057.2	-892.8	171,217.1	-145,894.8	-22,297.9
Lost wages supplemental payments <sup>5</sup>	26	0.0	11,283.7	441.9	51.4	38.3	3.3	11,283.7	-10,841.8	-390.5	-13.0	-35.1
Paycheck Protection Program loans to NPISH <sup>6</sup>	27	3,275.9	3,381.7	1,016.2	630.0	1,440.9	816.7	105.8	-2,365.5	-386.1	810.9	-624.2
Provider Relief Fund to NPISH <sup>7</sup>	28	7,087.3	3,480.3	2,077.5	2,130.5	1,324.1	1,861.7	-3,607.0	-1,402.7	53.0	-806.4	537.6
Components of earnings by place of work												
Wages and salaries	29	760,814.9	783,834.9	812,227.0	819,981.2	849,051.2	879,458.5	23,020.0	28,392.1	7,754.2	29,070.0	30,407.3
Supplements to wages and salaries	30	160,680.4	164,686.4	168,256.7	170,738.5	172,825.8	176,324.0	4,005.9	3,570.4	2,481.8	2,087.3	3,498.2
Employer contributions for employee pension and insurance funds	31	109,124.5	112,007.9	114,206.9	115,437.1	115,766.0	117,428.6	2,883.3	2,199.0	1,230.2	328.9	1,662.6
Employer contributions for government social insurance	32	51,555.9	52,678.5	54,049.8	55,301.4	57,059.8	58,895.4	1,122.6	1,371.3	1,251.6	1,758.4	1,835.6
Proprietors' income	33	169,278.6	199,540.6	194,005.6	197,331.4	213,482.6	218,553.2	30,262.0	-5,535.1	3,325.8	16,151.2	5,070.6
Farm proprietors' income	34	1,125.8	3,354.5	4,904.7	1,916.5	3,517.1	2,727.8	2,228.7	1,550.2	-2,988.2	1,600.6	-789.4
Of which:												
Coronavirus Food Assistance Program <sup>8</sup>	35	834.6	1,338.5	2,445.7	49.2	828.0	504.1	503.9	1,107.2	-2,396.5	778.8	-323.9
Paycheck Protection Program loans to businesses <sup>6</sup>	36	293.8	417.3	125.4	208.5	516.7	320.5	123.5	-291.9	83.1	308.2	-196.2
Nonfarm proprietors' income	37	168,152.7	196,186.1	189,100.9	195,414.8	209,965.5	215,825.5	28,033.3	-7,085.2	6,314.0	14,550.6	5,860.0
Of which:												
Paycheck Protection Program loans to businesses <sup>6</sup>	38	21,263.7	31,157.1	9,135.9	7,930.9	18,356.3	11,386.6	9,893.3	-22,021.1	-1,205.0	10,425.4	-6,969.7

CARES -Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security

NPISH -Nonprofit institutions serving households

1. A two percent reduction in reimbursements paid to Medicare service providers that went into effect in 2013 was initially suspended by the CARES Act. The resulting increased reimbursement rates went into effect beginning on May 1, 2020.

2. Unemployment insurance benefits were expanded through several programs that were initially established through the CARES Act. For more information, see How will the expansion of unemployment benefits in response to the COVID-19 pandemic be recorded in the NIPAs?

3. The American Rescue Plan increased the Child Tax Credit to \$3,000 per child over the age of six and \$3,600 for children under the age of six, and raised the age limit from 16 to 17. It also authorized that up to half of these credits could be distributed through advance payments during the tax year, while the rest would be claimed when parents file tax returns the following year.

4. Economic impact payments, initially established by the CARES Act, provide direct payments to individuals. For more information, see How are federal economic impact payments to support individuals during the COVID-19 pandemic recorded in the NIPAs?

5. The Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) was authorized to make payments from the Disaster Relief Fund to supplement wages lost as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic.

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7. The Department of Health and Human Services distributes money from the Provider Relief Fund to hospitals and health care providers on the front lines of the coronavirus response. This funding supports health care-related expenses or lost revenue attributable to COVID-19 and ensures uninsured Americans can get treatment for COVID-19. In the NIPAs, funds provided to nonprofit hospitals are recorded as social benefits.

8. The Coronavirus Food Assistance Program, initially established by the CARES Act, provides direct support to farmers and ranchers where prices and market supply chains have been impacted by the COVID-19 pandemic.

Note: BEA state per capita personal income statistics are calculated using unpublished Census Bureau midyear population estimates. These midquarter estimates are based on the 2010 census. BEA will incorporate Census Bureau population estimates based on the 2020 census results when they become available. Data on this table will be superseded by updated estimates. Regional estimates were controlled to the update to the National accounts released [November 24, 2021](#).

Source: U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis

Last updated: February 3, 2022.

Note: Reposted Feb. 3, 2022, to correct state personal income statistics for the third quarter of 2021 back to the first quarter of 2016 due to a data processing error involving industry wage estimates. For more information, see the [technical note](#).

Utah

Effects of Selected Federal Pandemic Response Programs on State Personal Income, 2021Q3

(Millions of dollars, seasonally adjusted at annual rates)

	Line	Levels						Change from preceding period				
		2020			2021			2020		2021		
		Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3
Personal income (millions of dollars)	1	176,267.7	167,585.6	172,448.3	192,667.3	179,802.2	182,332.1	-8,682.1	4,862.7	20,218.9	-12,865.1	2,529.9
Nonfarm personal income	2	175,715.6	166,882.7	171,613.3	192,142.5	179,170.7	181,762.7	-8,832.9	4,730.6	20,529.2	-12,971.8	2,592.0
Farm income	3	552.1	702.9	835.0	524.7	631.5	569.4	150.9	132.1	-310.3	106.8	-62.1
Population (persons)	4	3,244,602.0	3,255,803.0	3,267,452.0	3,277,945.0	3,289,256.0	3,301,368.0	11,201.0	11,649.0	10,493.0	11,311.0	12,112.0
Per capita personal income (dollars)	5	54,326	51,473	52,778	58,777	54,663	55,229	-2,853	1,305	5,999	-4,114	566
Derivation of personal income												
Earnings by place of work	6	119,433.2	123,727.2	130,167.5	129,931.5	133,098.2	136,543.6	4,294.1	6,440.3	-236.1	3,166.8	3,445.4
Less: Contributions for government social insurance	7	13,503.8	13,866.7	14,563.2	14,749.0	15,059.2	15,451.1	362.9	696.5	185.8	310.2	392.0
Employee and self-employed contributions for government social insurance	8	7,196.1	7,382.8	7,768.8	7,848.9	8,005.0	8,200.7	186.7	386.0	80.1	156.1	195.7
Employer contributions for government social insurance	9	6,307.7	6,483.9	6,794.4	6,900.1	7,054.1	7,250.4	176.2	310.5	105.7	154.0	196.2
Plus: Adjustment for residence	10	-107.6	-102.5	-119.9	-114.2	-107.3	-112.4	5.0	-17.4	5.7	7.0	-5.2
Equals: Net earnings by place of residence	11	105,821.8	109,758.0	115,484.5	115,068.2	117,931.8	120,980.0	3,936.2	5,726.4	-416.2	2,863.6	3,048.2
Plus: Dividends, interest, and rent	12	34,125.5	33,454.7	34,331.2	34,359.6	34,852.1	35,229.9	-670.8	876.5	28.4	492.5	377.8
Plus: Personal current transfer receipts	13	36,320.4	24,372.9	22,632.6	43,239.4	27,018.3	26,122.2	-11,947.5	-1,740.3	20,606.8	-16,221.1	-896.1
Social Security	14	7,379.1	7,432.8	7,511.0	7,663.4	7,692.6	7,758.4	53.7	78.1	152.4	29.2	65.8
Medicare	15	4,662.6	4,693.0	4,664.4	4,618.5	4,626.4	4,701.8	30.3	-28.5	-45.9	7.8	75.4
Of which:												
Increase in Medicare reimbursement rates <sup>1</sup>	16	54.6	81.8	81.2	80.6	80.0	81.1	27.2	-0.6	-0.6	-0.6	1.1
Medicaid	17	3,193.5	3,481.8	3,544.1	3,664.4	3,938.9	3,983.4	288.4	62.3	120.3	274.5	44.5
State unemployment insurance	18	3,895.5	1,936.5	564.5	999.7	868.3	164.8	-1,959.0	-1,372.0	435.2	-131.4	-703.5
Of which: <sup>2</sup>												
Extended Unemployment Benefits	19	0.0	8.3	2.1	(L)	0.0	0.0	8.3	-6.2	(L)	(L)	0.0
Pandemic Emergency Unemployment Compensation	20	21.6	115.1	182.7	273.6	267.4	4.7	93.4	67.6	90.9	-6.1	-262.8
Pandemic Unemployment Assistance	21	106.7	119.5	51.7	27.3	34.3	5.0	12.8	-67.8	-24.3	7.0	-29.3
Pandemic Unemployment Compensation Payments	22	2,525.4	934.5	9.0	483.0	388.8	13.0	-1,590.9	-925.5	474.0	-94.2	-375.7
All other personal current transfer receipts	23	17,189.7	6,828.8	6,348.6	26,293.3	9,892.2	9,513.8	-10,360.9	-480.3	19,944.7	-16,401.1	-378.4
Of which:												
Child tax credit <sup>3</sup>	24	334.1	334.1	334.1	370.8	370.8	2,359.5	0.0	0.0	36.7	0.0	1,988.7
Economic impact payments <sup>4</sup>	25	10,384.2	149.8	48.6	19,666.5	2,950.4	395.6	-10,234.4	-101.2	19,617.9	-16,716.0	-2,554.8
Lost wages supplemental payments <sup>5</sup>	26	0.0	255.7	48.2	2.5	1.6	4.1	255.7	-207.4	-45.7	-0.9	2.4
Paycheck Protection Program loans to NPISH <sup>6</sup>	27	152.7	472.1	141.9	50.8	116.1	65.8	319.4	-330.2	-91.1	65.4	-50.3
Provider Relief Fund to NPISH <sup>7</sup>	28	772.1	165.0	367.6	219.9	136.7	192.1	-607.1	202.6	-147.7	-83.2	55.5
Components of earnings by place of work												
Wages and salaries	29	85,895.0	89,311.5	94,866.2	94,867.7	97,459.7	100,508.9	3,416.5	5,554.7	1.5	2,592.0	3,049.3
Supplements to wages and salaries	30	19,389.4	19,904.1	20,766.2	20,962.5	21,146.3	21,523.6	514.7	862.1	196.2	183.8	377.3
Employer contributions for employee pension and insurance funds	31	13,081.6	13,420.2	13,971.8	14,062.4	14,092.1	14,273.2	338.6	551.6	90.5	29.8	181.1
Employer contributions for government social insurance	32	6,307.7	6,483.9	6,794.4	6,900.1	7,054.1	7,250.4	176.2	310.5	105.7	154.0	196.2
Proprietors' income	33	14,148.8	14,511.7	14,535.1	14,101.3	14,492.3	14,511.1	362.8	23.4	-433.8	391.0	18.8
Farm proprietors' income	34	349.4	499.6	628.9	314.2	416.7	352.3	150.2	129.2	-314.7	102.5	-64.4
Of which:												
Coronavirus Food Assistance Program <sup>8</sup>	35	123.3	108.7	236.0	0.5	38.2	18.9	-14.5	127.2	-235.5	37.7	-19.3
Paycheck Protection Program loans to businesses <sup>6</sup>	36	35.8	50.9	15.3	19.3	46.3	28.7	15.1	-35.6	4.0	27.0	-17.6
Nonfarm proprietors' income	37	13,799.4	14,012.0	13,906.2	13,787.2	14,075.6	14,158.7	212.6	-105.8	-119.1	288.5	83.1
Of which:												
Paycheck Protection Program loans to businesses <sup>6</sup>	38	2,856.2	1,964.0	892.4	578.9	1,340.0	831.2	-892.2	-1,071.7	-313.4	761.0	-508.8

CARES -Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security

NPISH -Nonprofit institutions serving households

(L) Less than \$50,000.

1. A two percent reduction in reimbursements paid to Medicare service providers that went into effect in 2013 was initially suspended by the CARES Act. The resulting increased reimbursement rates went into effect beginning on May 1, 2020.
2. Unemployment insurance benefits were expanded through several programs that were initially established through the CARES Act. For more information, see How will the expansion of unemployment benefits in response to the COVID-19 pandemic be recorded in the NIPAs?
3. The American Rescue Plan increased the Child Tax Credit to \$3,000 per child over the age of six and \$3,600 for children under the age of six, and raised the age limit from 16 to 17. It also authorized that up to half of these credits could be distributed through advance payments during the tax year, while the rest would be claimed when parents file tax returns the following year.
4. Economic impact payments, initially established by the CARES Act, provide direct payments to individuals. For more information, see How are federal economic impact payments to support individuals during the COVID-19 pandemic recorded in the NIPAs?
5. The Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) was authorized to make payments from the Disaster Relief Fund to supplement wages lost as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic.
6. The Paycheck Protection Program, initially established by the CARES Act, provides forgivable loans to help small businesses and nonprofit institutions make payroll and cover other expenses. It also provides funding to reimburse private lending institutions for the costs of administering these loans. For more information, see How does the Paycheck Protection Program impact the national income and product accounts (NIPAs)?
7. The Department of Health and Human Services distributes money from the Provider Relief Fund to hospitals and health care providers on the front lines of the coronavirus response. This funding supports health care-related expenses or lost revenue attributable to COVID-19 and ensures uninsured Americans can get treatment for COVID-19. In the NIPAs, funds provided to nonprofit hospitals are recorded as social benefits.
8. The Coronavirus Food Assistance Program, initially established by the CARES Act, provides direct support to farmers and ranchers where prices and market supply chains have been impacted by the COVID-19 pandemic.

Note: BEA state per capita personal income statistics are calculated using unpublished Census Bureau midyear population estimates. These midquarter estimates are based on the 2010 census. BEA will incorporate Census Bureau population estimates based on the 2020 census results when they become available. Data on this table will be superseded by updated estimates. Regional estimates were controlled to the update to the National accounts released [November 24, 2021](#).

Source: U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis

Last updated: February 3, 2022.

Note: Reposted Feb. 3, 2022, to correct state personal income statistics for the third quarter of 2021 back to the first quarter of 2016 due to a data processing error involving industry wage estimates. For more information, see the [technical note](#).

Vermont  
Effects of Selected Federal Pandemic Response Programs on State Personal Income, 2021Q3  
(Millions of dollars, seasonally adjusted at annual rates)

	Line	Levels						Change from preceding period				
		2020			2021			2020		2021		
		Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3
Personal income (millions of dollars)	1	39,411.5	36,451.8	36,353.3	40,657.0	37,726.2	37,538.1	-2,959.7	-98.5	4,303.7	-2,930.8	-188.1
Nonfarm personal income	2	39,219.0	36,109.1	35,997.5	40,498.2	37,552.8	37,407.7	-3,109.9	-111.6	4,500.7	-2,945.4	-145.2
Farm income	3	192.5	342.7	355.8	158.8	173.4	130.5	150.2	13.1	-196.9	14.6	-42.9
Population (persons)	4	623,554.0	623,333.0	623,198.0	622,747.0	622,405.0	622,329.0	-221.0	-135.0	-451.0	-342.0	-76.0
Per capita personal income (dollars)	5	63,205	58,479	58,333	65,287	60,614	60,319	-4,726	-146	6,954	-4,673	-295
Derivation of personal income												
Earnings by place of work	6	21,386.1	22,861.2	23,684.0	23,653.4	24,053.6	24,566.9	1,475.1	822.9	-30.6	400.1	513.4
Less: Contributions for government social insurance	7	2,733.7	2,850.6	2,931.5	2,989.5	3,030.3	3,094.5	117.0	80.8	58.0	40.8	64.2
Employee and self-employed contributions for government social insurance	8	1,505.1	1,567.8	1,612.9	1,640.5	1,656.3	1,691.5	62.7	45.1	27.7	15.8	35.2
Employer contributions for government social insurance	9	1,228.6	1,282.8	1,318.6	1,349.0	1,374.0	1,403.0	54.2	35.8	30.4	25.0	29.0
Plus: Adjustment for residence	10	476.2	495.8	540.3	524.1	639.3	608.3	19.6	44.5	-16.1	115.1	-30.9
Equals: Net earnings by place of residence	11	19,128.6	20,506.3	21,292.8	21,188.1	21,662.6	22,080.8	1,377.7	786.5	-104.8	474.5	418.2
Plus: Dividends, interest, and rent	12	6,915.2	6,862.6	6,911.0	6,916.8	6,948.7	6,982.9	-52.6	48.5	5.8	31.9	34.2
Plus: Personal current transfer receipts	13	13,367.7	9,082.9	8,149.4	12,552.1	9,114.9	8,474.4	-4,284.8	-933.5	4,402.7	-3,437.2	-640.6
Social Security	14	2,630.5	2,646.2	2,669.4	2,715.0	2,723.7	2,743.4	15.7	23.2	45.6	8.7	19.7
Medicare	15	1,729.6	1,738.7	1,728.4	1,713.5	1,716.0	1,740.5	9.0	-10.3	-14.9	2.5	24.4
Of which:												
Increase in Medicare reimbursement rates <sup>1</sup>	16	20.3	30.3	30.1	29.9	29.7	30.1	10.1	-0.2	-0.2	-0.2	0.4
Medicaid	17	1,608.2	1,667.3	1,620.4	1,555.5	1,641.3	1,630.8	59.1	-46.9	-64.9	85.8	-10.5
State unemployment insurance	18	2,879.7	1,188.9	489.8	1,086.2	817.6	395.0	-1,690.9	-699.1	596.4	-268.6	-422.6
Of which: <sup>2</sup>												
Extended Unemployment Benefits	19	0.0	4.6	15.6	0.6	(L)	(L)	4.6	11.0	-15.0	(L)	(L)
Pandemic Emergency Unemployment Compensation	20	7.8	31.3	161.3	242.2	177.6	84.9	23.5	130.0	80.9	-64.6	-92.7
Pandemic Unemployment Assistance	21	172.7	148.3	134.6	145.3	130.7	60.4	-24.4	-13.7	10.7	-14.5	-70.4
Pandemic Unemployment Compensation Payments	22	1,872.7	569.4	8.7	588.4	411.1	165.9	-1,303.3	-560.7	579.7	-177.3	-245.2
All other personal current transfer receipts	23	4,519.7	1,841.9	1,641.4	5,481.9	2,216.3	1,964.7	-2,677.8	-200.5	3,840.5	-3,265.6	-251.6
Of which:												
Child tax credit <sup>3</sup>	24	39.5	39.5	39.5	44.0	44.0	280.2	0.0	0.0	4.6	0.0	236.1
Economic impact payments <sup>4</sup>	25	2,308.6	33.2	10.8	3,905.9	586.0	78.6	-2,275.4	-22.5	3,895.2	-3,320.0	-507.4
Lost wages supplemental payments <sup>5</sup>	26	0.0	86.8	137.3	0.1	0.0	0.1	86.8	50.5	-137.3	-0.1	0.1
Paycheck Protection Program loans to NPISH <sup>6</sup>	27	256.8	346.6	104.1	41.0	93.8	53.1	89.8	-242.4	-63.1	52.8	-40.6
Provider Relief Fund to NPISH <sup>7</sup>	28	633.5	60.0	76.2	130.0	80.8	113.6	-573.5	16.2	53.8	-49.2	32.8
Components of earnings by place of work												
Wages and salaries	29	15,009.8	15,767.4	16,333.8	16,444.0	16,722.7	17,191.3	757.7	566.3	110.2	278.7	468.6
Supplements to wages and salaries	30	3,758.1	3,933.4	4,037.7	4,085.0	4,113.6	4,149.7	175.3	104.2	47.4	28.6	36.1
Employer contributions for employee pension and insurance funds	31	2,529.5	2,650.6	2,719.1	2,736.0	2,739.6	2,746.7	121.1	68.5	17.0	3.6	7.1
Employer contributions for government social insurance	32	1,228.6	1,282.8	1,318.6	1,349.0	1,374.0	1,403.0	54.2	35.8	30.4	25.0	29.0
Proprietors' income	33	2,618.2	3,160.3	3,312.6	3,124.4	3,217.3	3,225.9	542.1	152.3	-188.2	92.8	8.7
Farm proprietors' income	34	127.8	277.4	289.4	91.0	104.3	60.7	149.7	12.0	-198.4	13.3	-43.6
Of which:												
Coronavirus Food Assistance Program <sup>8</sup>	35	61.7	78.0	123.3	5.2	4.4	4.9	16.4	45.2	-118.1	-0.8	0.5
Paycheck Protection Program loans to businesses <sup>6</sup>	36	23.4	33.2	10.0	4.9	12.8	7.9	9.8	-23.2	-5.1	7.9	-4.9
Nonfarm proprietors' income	37	2,490.4	2,882.9	3,023.2	3,033.4	3,112.9	3,165.2	392.4	140.4	10.2	79.6	52.3
Of which:												
Paycheck Protection Program loans to businesses <sup>6</sup>	38	401.2	342.2	179.1	128.4	297.1	184.3	-59.0	-163.1	-50.8	168.7	-112.8

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Last updated: February 3, 2022.

Note: Reposted Feb. 3, 2022, to correct state personal income statistics for the third quarter of 2021 back to the first quarter of 2016 due to a data processing error involving industry wage estimates. For more information, see the [technical note](#).

Virginia  
Effects of Selected Federal Pandemic Response Programs on State Personal Income, 2021Q3  
(Millions of dollars, seasonally adjusted at annual rates)

	Line	Levels						Change from preceding period				
		2020			2021			2020		2021		
		Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3
Personal income (millions of dollars)	1	547,011.8	532,270.0	533,973.5	586,034.8	552,640.9	557,342.3	-14,741.8	1,703.5	52,061.3	-33,393.9	4,701.4
Nonfarm personal income	2	546,690.5	531,688.1	533,031.2	585,499.8	551,855.4	556,578.5	-15,002.4	1,343.2	52,468.6	-33,644.4	4,723.2
Farm income	3	321.3	581.9	942.3	535.0	785.5	763.8	260.7	360.3	-407.3	250.5	-21.7
Population (persons)	4	8,588,604.0	8,594,104.0	8,600,325.0	8,604,790.0	8,610,911.0	8,618,425.0	5,500.0	6,221.0	4,465.0	6,121.0	7,514.0
Per capita personal income (dollars)	5	63,690	61,934	62,088	68,106	64,179	64,669	-1,756	154	6,018	-3,927	490
Derivation of personal income												
Earnings by place of work	6	342,652.5	359,404.2	370,878.4	370,190.9	378,095.0	386,252.3	16,751.7	11,474.2	-687.5	7,904.1	8,157.3
Less: Contributions for government social insurance	7	40,348.9	41,285.3	42,513.4	42,958.0	43,615.6	44,454.3	936.4	1,228.1	444.7	657.6	838.7
Employee and self-employed contributions for government social insurance	8	21,831.0	22,347.0	23,061.1	23,248.9	23,595.3	23,996.3	516.0	714.1	187.9	346.4	401.0
Employer contributions for government social insurance	9	18,517.9	18,938.3	19,452.3	19,709.1	20,020.3	20,458.0	420.4	514.0	256.8	311.2	437.7
Plus: Adjustment for residence	10	19,318.4	19,595.6	20,137.9	20,344.7	20,264.7	20,614.1	277.2	542.2	206.9	-80.1	349.4
Equals: Net earnings by place of residence	11	321,622.0	337,714.5	348,502.9	347,577.6	354,744.1	362,412.0	16,092.5	10,788.4	-925.3	7,166.4	7,668.0
Plus: Dividends, interest, and rent	12	100,140.3	98,691.2	99,907.2	99,774.5	100,550.1	101,194.0	-1,449.1	1,216.0	-132.6	775.6	643.9
Plus: Personal current transfer receipts	13	125,249.5	95,864.3	85,563.4	138,682.6	97,346.7	93,736.3	-29,385.2	-10,300.9	53,119.2	-41,336.0	-3,610.4
Social Security	14	27,500.5	27,652.5	27,895.1	28,390.9	28,485.8	28,699.9	152.0	242.6	495.8	94.9	214.1
Medicare	15	18,108.9	18,206.3	18,100.3	17,944.8	17,970.9	18,226.5	97.4	-106.0	-155.5	26.1	255.6
Of which:												
Increase in Medicare reimbursement rates <sup>1</sup>	16	212.2	317.8	315.4	313.0	310.8	315.2	105.5	-2.4	-2.4	-2.2	4.4
Medicaid	17	12,355.7	13,644.4	13,314.6	13,654.6	14,547.0	14,752.0	1,288.7	-329.8	340.0	892.3	205.0
State unemployment insurance	18	17,947.0	13,989.6	4,370.2	9,493.1	6,213.0	3,641.9	-3,957.5	-9,619.4	5,122.9	-3,280.1	-2,571.1
Of which: <sup>2</sup>												
Extended Unemployment Benefits	19	0.0	26.0	111.6	13.2	5.6	2.2	26.0	85.7	-98.4	-7.7	-3.3
Pandemic Emergency Unemployment Compensation	20	(L)	503.8	1,074.8	1,448.7	940.4	631.5	(L)	571.0	373.9	-508.3	-308.9
Pandemic Unemployment Assistance	21	944.2	2,021.8	1,694.3	1,940.4	1,183.2	665.6	1,077.7	-327.6	246.1	-757.2	-517.6
Pandemic Unemployment Compensation Payments	22	13,522.5	8,688.6	193.6	5,170.6	3,363.8	1,783.2	-4,833.9	-8,495.0	4,977.0	-1,806.8	-1,580.6
All other personal current transfer receipts	23	49,337.4	22,371.6	21,883.3	69,199.2	30,130.0	28,416.0	-26,965.8	-488.3	47,315.9	-39,069.2	-1,714.0
Of which:												
Child tax credit <sup>3</sup>	24	675.2	675.2	675.2	771.5	771.5	4,909.2	0.0	0.0	96.2	0.0	4,137.7
Economic impact payments <sup>4</sup>	25	26,966.8	388.8	126.1	47,370.2	7,106.6	952.9	-26,577.9	-262.7	47,244.1	-40,263.6	-6,153.7
Lost wages supplemental payments <sup>5</sup>	26	0.0	0.0	2,176.0	105.4	8.6	0.0	0.0	2,176.0	-2,070.5	-96.9	-8.6
Paycheck Protection Program loans to NPISH <sup>6</sup>	27	1,211.8	1,395.4	419.3	274.5	627.8	355.8	183.6	-976.1	-144.8	353.3	-272.0
Provider Relief Fund to NPISH <sup>7</sup>	28	1,972.7	1,582.9	238.7	639.0	397.2	558.4	-389.9	-1,344.2	400.4	-241.9	161.3
Components of earnings by place of work												
Wages and salaries	29	257,878.6	267,232.5	278,236.6	277,644.8	283,843.5	290,605.5	9,353.9	11,004.2	-591.9	6,198.7	6,762.0
Supplements to wages and salaries	30	58,013.9	59,572.7	61,222.9	61,435.9	61,571.7	62,364.3	1,558.8	1,650.2	213.0	135.7	792.7
Employer contributions for employee pension and insurance funds	31	39,496.0	40,634.3	41,770.6	41,726.9	41,551.4	41,906.3	1,138.4	1,136.3	-43.8	-175.5	355.0
Employer contributions for government social insurance	32	18,517.9	18,938.3	19,452.3	19,709.1	20,020.3	20,458.0	420.4	514.0	256.8	311.2	437.7
Proprietors' income	33	26,760.0	32,599.1	31,418.9	31,110.2	32,679.9	33,282.5	5,839.1	-1,180.2	-308.7	1,569.7	602.6
Farm proprietors' income	34	89.8	350.2	707.4	295.1	540.6	516.2	260.3	357.2	-412.3	245.5	-24.4
Of which:												
Coronavirus Food Assistance Program <sup>8</sup>	35	186.9	149.8	412.3	1.2	104.6	51.4	-37.1	262.5	-411.0	103.4	-53.2
Paycheck Protection Program loans to businesses <sup>6</sup>	36	68.9	97.8	29.4	32.7	80.5	49.9	29.0	-68.4	3.3	47.8	-30.6
Nonfarm proprietors' income	37	26,670.2	32,248.9	30,711.5	30,815.1	32,139.3	32,766.3	5,578.7	-1,537.4	103.6	1,324.1	627.0
Of which:												
Paycheck Protection Program loans to businesses <sup>6</sup>	38	4,133.3	6,202.4	1,647.8	1,444.2	3,342.6	2,073.4	2,069.1	-4,554.6	-203.7	1,898.4	-1,269.2

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Source: U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis

Last updated: February 3, 2022.



Note: Reposted Feb. 3, 2022, to correct state personal income statistics for the third quarter of 2021 back to the first quarter of 2016 due to a data processing error involving industry wage estimates. For more information, see the [technical note](#).

**Washington**  
**Effects of Selected Federal Pandemic Response Programs on State Personal Income, 2021Q3**  
(Millions of dollars, seasonally adjusted at annual rates)

	Line	Levels						Change from preceding period				
		2020			2021			2020		2021		
		Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3
Personal income (millions of dollars)	1	533,734.5	519,835.7	515,524.8	569,821.4	550,063.0	552,830.0	-13,898.7	-4,310.9	54,296.6	-19,758.4	2,767.0
Nonfarm personal income	2	528,505.9	514,035.8	509,159.8	564,295.8	543,773.8	546,755.2	-14,470.1	-4,876.1	55,136.1	-20,522.1	2,981.4
Farm income	3	5,228.5	5,799.9	6,365.0	5,525.6	6,289.2	6,074.8	571.4	565.1	-839.5	763.7	-214.5
Population (persons)	4	7,685,747.0	7,702,749.0	7,720,285.0	7,736,762.0	7,754,761.0	7,773,709.0	17,002.0	17,536.0	16,477.0	17,999.0	18,948.0
Per capita personal income (dollars)	5	69,445	67,487	66,775	73,651	70,932	71,115	-1,958	-712	6,876	-2,719	183
Derivation of personal income												
Earnings by place of work	6	341,763.0	365,488.1	373,406.2	378,497.5	393,740.0	403,205.3	23,725.1	7,918.1	5,091.2	15,242.5	9,465.3
Less: Contributions for government social insurance	7	40,043.0	41,798.4	42,567.4	43,745.1	45,312.5	46,379.9	1,755.5	769.0	1,177.7	1,567.4	1,067.4
Employee and self-employed contributions for government social insurance	8	20,356.6	21,228.8	21,628.7	22,193.7	22,966.1	23,438.4	872.2	400.0	565.0	772.4	472.4
Employer contributions for government social insurance	9	19,686.4	20,569.7	20,938.7	21,551.4	22,346.4	22,941.5	883.3	369.0	612.7	795.0	595.1
Plus: Adjustment for residence	10	4,718.3	4,840.2	5,113.9	5,135.1	5,222.9	5,360.9	121.9	273.7	21.3	87.8	138.0
Equals: Net earnings by place of residence	11	306,438.3	328,529.9	335,952.7	339,887.5	353,650.4	362,186.3	22,091.6	7,422.8	3,934.8	13,762.9	8,535.9
Plus: Dividends, interest, and rent	12	99,437.7	97,902.4	99,405.3	99,094.0	100,015.7	101,021.4	-1,535.4	1,502.9	-311.4	921.7	1,005.7
Plus: Personal current transfer receipts	13	127,858.4	93,403.5	80,166.8	130,840.0	96,396.9	89,622.3	-34,455.0	-13,236.6	50,673.1	-34,443.0	-6,774.7
Social Security	14	24,777.1	24,922.5	25,150.8	25,613.8	25,702.3	25,902.2	145.4	228.3	462.9	88.6	199.9
Medicare	15	15,497.1	15,583.2	15,485.3	15,339.3	15,364.0	15,604.1	86.0	-97.9	-146.0	24.8	240.0
Of which:												
Increase in Medicare reimbursement rates <sup>1</sup>	16	181.6	271.9	269.8	267.8	265.9	269.7	90.3	-2.0	-2.0	-1.9	3.8
Medicaid	17	13,897.8	14,343.4	13,210.8	13,371.4	14,189.2	16,255.0	445.6	-1,132.7	160.6	817.8	2,065.8
State unemployment insurance	18	26,217.6	15,031.1	6,428.6	13,033.4	13,498.6	6,208.5	-11,186.5	-8,602.5	6,604.8	465.2	-7,290.1
Of which: <sup>2</sup>												
Extended Unemployment Benefits	19	0.0	134.4	425.5	591.5	10.2	37.2	134.4	291.0	166.0	-581.3	27.0
Pandemic Emergency Unemployment Compensation	20	259.0	666.8	1,999.0	2,936.7	3,898.8	1,459.0	407.8	1,332.2	937.7	962.1	-2,439.8
Pandemic Unemployment Assistance	21	1,957.1	1,879.4	1,643.0	1,798.2	2,405.2	1,003.6	-77.7	-236.4	155.1	607.0	-1,401.6
Pandemic Unemployment Compensation Payments	22	16,593.0	7,094.9	220.3	6,248.9	5,966.2	2,677.9	-9,498.1	-6,874.6	6,028.6	-282.7	-3,288.4
All other personal current transfer receipts	23	47,468.8	23,523.2	19,891.3	63,482.2	27,642.9	25,652.5	-23,945.6	-3,631.9	43,590.8	-35,839.3	-1,990.3
Of which:												
Child tax credit <sup>3</sup>	24	543.8	543.8	543.8	607.8	607.8	3,867.8	0.0	0.0	64.0	0.0	3,259.9
Economic impact payments <sup>4</sup>	25	24,586.0	355.0	115.1	43,057.3	6,459.6	866.2	-24,231.0	-239.9	42,942.1	-36,597.7	-5,593.4
Lost wages supplemental payments <sup>5</sup>	26	0.0	2,569.0	212.9	53.5	67.1	3.0	2,569.0	-2,356.1	-159.4	13.6	-64.1
Paycheck Protection Program loans to NPISH <sup>6</sup>	27	1,333.2	1,895.2	569.5	272.4	623.1	353.2	562.0	-1,325.7	-297.1	350.6	-269.9
Provider Relief Fund to NPISH <sup>7</sup>	28	3,731.0	984.4	1,316.7	1,016.9	632.0	888.6	-2,746.6	332.3	-299.8	-384.9	256.6
Components of earnings by place of work												
Wages and salaries	29	251,736.7	266,312.1	274,057.8	278,339.1	290,127.3	298,086.1	14,575.3	7,745.7	4,281.3	11,788.2	7,958.8
Supplements to wages and salaries	30	54,731.0	56,901.0	57,781.3	58,905.6	60,062.3	61,076.9	2,170.0	880.3	1,124.3	1,156.8	1,014.5
Employer contributions for employee pension and insurance funds	31	35,044.6	36,331.3	36,842.6	37,354.2	37,715.9	38,135.4	1,286.7	511.3	511.6	361.7	419.5
Employer contributions for government social insurance	32	19,686.4	20,569.7	20,938.7	21,551.4	22,346.4	22,941.5	883.3	369.0	612.7	795.0	595.1
Proprietors' income	33	35,295.3	42,275.1	41,567.2	41,252.8	43,550.4	44,042.3	6,979.8	-707.9	-314.3	2,297.5	492.0
Farm proprietors' income	34	3,288.7	3,859.7	4,400.2	3,518.4	4,240.2	4,003.1	571.1	540.5	-881.8	721.8	-237.1
Of which:												
Coronavirus Food Assistance Program <sup>8</sup>	35	163.5	277.6	857.7	111.3	242.6	133.9	114.2	580.0	-746.4	131.3	-108.6
Paycheck Protection Program loans to businesses <sup>6</sup>	36	297.6	422.8	127.0	90.7	201.0	124.7	125.2	-295.7	-36.3	110.3	-76.3
Nonfarm proprietors' income	37	32,006.6	38,415.3	37,167.0	37,734.4	39,310.2	40,039.2	6,408.8	-1,248.4	567.4	1,575.8	729.1
Of which:												
Paycheck Protection Program loans to businesses <sup>6</sup>	38	4,594.8	6,060.4	1,945.0	1,562.4	3,616.3	2,243.2	1,465.5	-4,115.4	-382.5	2,053.9	-1,373.1

CARES -Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security

NPISH -Nonprofit institutions serving households

1. A two percent reduction in reimbursements paid to Medicare service providers that went into effect in 2013 was initially suspended by the CARES Act. The resulting increased reimbursement rates went into effect beginning on May 1, 2020.
2. Unemployment insurance benefits were expanded through several programs that were initially established through the CARES Act. For more information, see [How will the expansion of unemployment benefits in response to the COVID-19 pandemic be recorded in the NIPAs?](#)
3. The American Rescue Plan increased the Child Tax Credit to \$3,000 per child over the age of six and \$3,600 for children under the age of six, and raised the age limit from 16 to 17. It also authorized that up to half of these credits could be distributed through advance payments during the tax year, while the rest would be claimed when parents file tax returns the following year.
4. Economic impact payments, initially established by the CARES Act, provide direct payments to individuals. For more information, see [How are federal economic impact payments to support individuals during the COVID-19 pandemic recorded in the NIPAs?](#)
5. The Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) was authorized to make payments from the Disaster Relief Fund to supplement wages lost as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic.
6. The Paycheck Protection Program, initially established by the CARES Act, provides forgivable loans to help small businesses and nonprofit institutions make payroll and cover other expenses. It also provides funding to reimburse private lending institutions for the costs of administering these loans. For more information, see [How does the Paycheck Protection Program impact the national income and product accounts \(NIPAs\)?](#)
7. The Department of Health and Human Services distributes money from the Provider Relief Fund to hospitals and health care providers on the front lines of the coronavirus response. This funding supports health care-related expenses or lost revenue attributable to COVID-19 and ensures uninsured Americans can get treatment for COVID-19. In the NIPAs, funds provided to nonprofit hospitals are recorded as social benefits.
8. The Coronavirus Food Assistance Program, initially established by the CARES Act, provides direct support to farmers and ranchers where prices and market supply chains have been impacted by the COVID-19 pandemic.

Note: BEA state per capita personal income statistics are calculated using unpublished Census Bureau midyear population estimates. These midquarter estimates are based on the 2010 census. BEA will incorporate Census Bureau population estimates based on the 2020 census results when they become available. Data on this table will be superseded by updated estimates. Regional estimates were controlled to the update to the National accounts released [November 24, 2021](#).

Source: U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis

Last updated: February 3, 2022.

Note: Reposted Feb. 3, 2022, to correct state personal income statistics for the third quarter of 2021 back to the first quarter of 2016 due to a data processing error involving industry wage estimates. For more information, see the [technical note](#).

**West Virginia**  
**Effects of Selected Federal Pandemic Response Programs on State Personal Income, 2021Q3**  
(Millions of dollars, seasonally adjusted at annual rates)

	Line	Levels						Change from preceding period				
		2020			2021			2020		2021		
		Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3
Personal income (millions of dollars)	1	87,240.8	78,905.5	78,422.4	91,251.7	82,926.3	83,308.6	-8,335.3	-483.1	12,829.3	-8,325.4	382.2
Nonfarm personal income	2	87,283.8	78,890.1	78,336.9	91,252.9	82,902.1	83,279.8	-8,393.7	-553.2	12,916.0	-8,350.8	377.7
Farm income	3	-43.0	15.4	85.5	-1.2	24.2	28.8	58.4	70.1	-86.7	25.4	4.6
Population (persons)	4	1,786,411.0	1,783,796.0	1,781,568.0	1,778,133.0	1,775,108.0	1,772,924.0	-2,615.0	-2,228.0	-3,435.0	-3,025.0	-2,184.0
Per capita personal income (dollars)	5	48,836	44,235	44,019	51,319	46,716	46,989	-4,601	-216	7,300	-4,603	273
Derivation of personal income												
Earnings by place of work	6	43,714.7	45,762.9	47,367.2	47,105.2	48,807.8	49,721.4	2,048.2	1,604.3	-262.0	1,702.6	913.5
Less: Contributions for government social insurance	7	5,763.7	5,979.6	6,178.0	6,252.2	6,454.3	6,556.4	215.9	198.4	74.2	202.1	102.1
Employee and self-employed contributions for government social insurance	8	3,233.4	3,355.6	3,472.8	3,476.1	3,573.3	3,632.2	122.3	117.2	3.3	97.2	58.8
Employer contributions for government social insurance	9	2,530.3	2,623.9	2,705.1	2,776.1	2,881.0	2,924.2	93.6	81.2	71.0	104.9	43.3
Plus: Adjustment for residence	10	1,941.3	2,048.3	2,098.8	2,173.7	2,098.0	2,163.0	107.0	50.4	74.9	-75.7	65.0
Equals: Net earnings by place of residence	11	39,892.3	41,831.7	43,288.0	43,026.7	44,451.5	45,327.9	1,939.4	1,456.3	-261.3	1,424.8	876.4
Plus: Dividends, interest, and rent	12	11,655.3	11,507.9	11,599.0	11,583.0	11,650.6	11,725.0	-147.4	91.0	-16.0	67.6	74.4
Plus: Personal current transfer receipts	13	35,693.2	25,565.9	23,535.4	36,642.0	26,824.2	26,255.6	-10,127.2	-2,030.5	13,106.6	-9,817.8	-568.6
Social Security	14	7,919.3	7,943.6	7,987.7	8,082.5	8,100.7	8,141.6	24.4	44.1	94.8	18.1	41.0
Medicare	15	5,528.5	5,550.8	5,522.7	5,487.5	5,493.2	5,551.1	22.3	-28.1	-35.2	5.7	57.9
Of which:												
Increase in Medicare reimbursement rates <sup>1</sup>	16	64.8	97.0	96.3	95.6	94.9	96.3	32.2	-0.7	-0.7	-0.7	1.3
Medicaid	17	4,077.6	4,334.8	4,185.2	4,327.8	4,615.8	5,189.7	257.3	-149.6	142.6	288.0	573.9
State unemployment insurance	18	4,512.8	1,785.6	654.5	1,319.6	957.1	158.5	-2,727.2	-1,131.0	665.1	-362.5	-798.6
Of which: <sup>2</sup>												
Extended Unemployment Benefits	19	0.0	17.3	32.0	2.1	0.4	(L)	17.3	14.7	-29.9	-1.7	(L)
Pandemic Emergency Unemployment Compensation	20	28.7	79.0	222.4	285.4	226.0	5.8	50.3	143.4	63.0	-59.5	-220.2
Pandemic Unemployment Assistance	21	199.4	116.8	85.9	68.8	56.5	3.2	-82.6	-31.0	-17.0	-12.4	-53.3
Pandemic Unemployment Compensation Payments	22	3,358.4	946.0	23.7	759.3	509.6	24.8	-2,412.4	-922.3	735.5	-249.7	-484.8
All other personal current transfer receipts	23	13,655.0	5,951.1	5,185.4	17,424.6	7,657.4	7,214.6	-7,703.9	-765.8	12,239.2	-9,767.1	-442.8
Of which:												
Child tax credit <sup>3</sup>	24	146.6	146.6	146.6	169.2	169.2	1,076.5	0.0	0.0	22.6	0.0	907.4
Economic impact payments <sup>4</sup>	25	6,650.6	95.8	31.1	11,675.5	1,751.6	234.9	-6,554.9	-64.7	11,644.4	-9,923.9	-1,516.7
Lost wages supplemental payments <sup>5</sup>	26	0.0	367.6	5.0	5.9	1.8	0.4	367.6	-362.6	0.9	-4.1	-1.4
Paycheck Protection Program loans to NPISH <sup>6</sup>	27	449.7	330.3	99.3	34.3	78.4	44.4	-119.4	-231.1	-65.0	44.1	-34.0
Provider Relief Fund to NPISH <sup>7</sup>	28	1,553.7	170.4	68.1	302.8	188.2	264.6	-1,383.3	-102.3	234.8	-114.6	76.4
Components of earnings by place of work												
Wages and salaries	29	30,978.2	32,257.3	33,529.5	33,221.4	34,395.1	35,193.4	1,279.1	1,272.2	-308.1	1,173.8	798.2
Supplements to wages and salaries	30	8,125.4	8,378.8	8,614.0	8,753.5	9,035.1	9,073.8	253.4	235.2	139.5	281.6	38.7
Employer contributions for employee pension and insurance funds	31	5,595.1	5,754.9	5,908.9	5,977.5	6,154.2	6,149.6	159.8	154.0	68.6	176.7	-4.6
Employer contributions for government social insurance	32	2,530.3	2,623.9	2,705.1	2,776.1	2,881.0	2,924.2	93.6	81.2	71.0	104.9	43.3
Proprietors' income	33	4,611.1	5,126.8	5,223.7	5,130.3	5,377.6	5,454.2	515.7	96.9	-93.4	247.3	76.6
Farm proprietors' income	34	-68.8	-10.4	59.3	-28.0	-3.1	1.2	58.3	69.7	-87.3	24.9	4.3
Of which:												
Coronavirus Food Assistance Program <sup>8</sup>	35	34.1	41.1	83.5	0.3	10.4	3.8	7.0	42.3	-83.2	10.1	-6.6
Paycheck Protection Program loans to businesses <sup>6</sup>	36	5.7	8.0	2.4	6.4	18.3	11.4	2.4	-5.6	4.0	11.9	-7.0
Nonfarm proprietors' income	37	4,679.8	5,137.2	5,164.4	5,158.3	5,380.7	5,453.0	457.4	27.1	-6.1	222.4	72.3
Of which:												
Paycheck Protection Program loans to businesses <sup>6</sup>	38	812.3	767.2	389.1	236.2	546.7	339.2	-45.1	-378.0	-152.9	310.5	-207.6

CARES -Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security

NPISH -Nonprofit institutions serving households

(L) Less than \$50,000.

- A two percent reduction in reimbursements paid to Medicare service providers that went into effect in 2013 was initially suspended by the CARES Act. The resulting increased reimbursement rates went into effect beginning on May 1, 2020.
- Unemployment insurance benefits were expanded through several programs that were initially established through the CARES Act. For more information, see How will the expansion of unemployment benefits in response to the COVID-19 pandemic be recorded in the NIPAs?
- The American Rescue Plan increased the Child Tax Credit to \$3,000 per child over the age of six and \$3,600 for children under the age of six, and raised the age limit from 16 to 17. It also authorized that up to half of these credits could be distributed through advance payments during the tax year, while the rest would be claimed when parents file tax returns the following year.
- Economic impact payments, initially established by the CARES Act, provide direct payments to individuals. For more information, see How are federal economic impact payments to support individuals during the COVID-19 pandemic recorded in the NIPAs?
- The Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) was authorized to make payments from the Disaster Relief Fund to supplement wages lost as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic.
- The Paycheck Protection Program, initially established by the CARES Act, provides forgivable loans to help small businesses and nonprofit institutions make payroll and cover other expenses. It also provides funding to reimburse private lending institutions for the costs of administering these loans. For more information, see How does the Paycheck Protection Program impact the national income and product accounts (NIPAs)?
- The Department of Health and Human Services distributes money from the Provider Relief Fund to hospitals and health care providers on the front lines of the coronavirus response. This funding supports health care-related expenses or lost revenue attributable to COVID-19 and ensures uninsured Americans can get treatment for COVID-19. In the NIPAs, funds provided to nonprofit hospitals are recorded as social benefits.
- The Coronavirus Food Assistance Program, initially established by the CARES Act, provides direct support to farmers and ranchers where prices and market supply chains have been impacted by the COVID-19 pandemic.

Note: BEA state per capita personal income statistics are calculated using unpublished Census Bureau midyear population estimates. These midquarter estimates are based on the 2010 census. BEA will incorporate Census Bureau population estimates based on the 2020 census results when they become available. Data on this table will be superseded by updated estimates. Regional estimates were controlled to the update to the National accounts released [November 24, 2021](#).

Source: U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis

Last updated: February 3, 2022.

Note: Reposted Feb. 3, 2022, to correct state personal income statistics for the third quarter of 2021 back to the first quarter of 2016 due to a data processing error involving industry wage estimates. For more information, see the [technical note](#).

**Wisconsin**  
**Effects of Selected Federal Pandemic Response Programs on State Personal Income, 2021Q3**  
(Millions of dollars, seasonally adjusted at annual rates)

	Line	Levels						Change from preceding period				
		2020			2021			2020		2021		
		Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3
Personal income (millions of dollars)	1	338,139.5	319,489.8	325,779.0	361,225.9	336,924.1	339,216.9	-18,649.7	6,289.2	35,446.9	-24,301.9	2,292.8
Nonfarm personal income	2	335,708.9	315,873.1	321,102.3	358,764.6	333,288.2	336,343.0	-19,835.8	5,229.2	37,662.3	-25,476.4	3,054.8
Farm income	3	2,430.6	3,616.7	4,676.8	2,461.4	3,635.9	2,873.8	1,186.1	1,060.0	-2,215.4	1,174.5	-762.1
Population (persons)	4	5,832,853.0	5,834,484.0	5,837,390.0	5,837,002.0	5,837,570.0	5,840,560.0	1,631.0	2,906.0	-388.0	568.0	2,990.0
Per capita personal income (dollars)	5	57,972	54,759	55,809	61,886	57,716	58,080	-3,213	1,050	6,077	-4,170	364
Derivation of personal income												
Earnings by place of work	6	209,373.9	218,732.4	229,082.9	226,849.9	232,754.0	237,151.5	9,358.4	10,350.5	-2,232.9	5,904.1	4,397.5
Less: Contributions for government social insurance	7	25,053.4	25,723.2	26,603.0	26,994.0	27,386.0	27,967.4	669.8	879.7	391.1	392.0	581.4
Employee and self-employed contributions for government social insurance	8	13,653.7	14,016.5	14,525.2	14,689.9	14,883.4	15,179.0	362.8	508.8	164.6	193.5	295.6
Employer contributions for government social insurance	9	11,399.7	11,706.8	12,077.7	12,304.2	12,502.7	12,788.5	307.0	371.0	226.5	198.5	285.8
Plus: Adjustment for residence	10	3,683.2	3,830.1	3,925.3	3,996.6	4,147.9	4,262.8	146.8	95.2	71.3	151.3	114.9
Equals: Net earnings by place of residence	11	188,003.8	196,839.2	206,405.2	203,852.5	209,515.9	213,446.9	8,835.5	9,566.0	-2,552.7	5,663.3	3,931.0
Plus: Dividends, interest, and rent	12	58,083.8	57,227.1	58,020.0	57,797.7	58,278.0	58,725.4	-856.7	792.9	-222.2	480.2	447.4
Plus: Personal current transfer receipts	13	92,051.9	65,423.5	61,353.8	99,575.6	69,130.2	67,044.6	-26,628.4	-4,069.7	38,221.8	-30,445.4	-2,085.6
Social Security	14	22,111.2	22,227.9	22,409.0	22,774.0	22,843.8	23,001.5	116.7	181.1	365.0	69.8	157.6
Medicare	15	14,240.8	14,317.2	14,233.8	14,111.8	14,132.3	14,332.9	76.4	-83.3	-122.0	20.5	200.6
Of which:												
Increase in Medicare reimbursement rates <sup>1</sup>	16	166.9	249.9	248.0	246.1	244.4	247.9	83.0	-1.9	-1.9	-1.7	3.5
Medicaid	17	9,342.2	9,939.0	9,659.1	9,669.4	9,925.0	10,440.4	596.8	-279.9	10.3	255.6	515.4
State unemployment insurance	18	10,033.5	6,095.0	1,829.2	3,871.7	3,100.2	1,873.7	-3,938.5	-4,265.8	2,042.5	-771.5	-1,226.6
Of which: <sup>2</sup>												
Extended Unemployment Benefits	19	0.0	0.0	21.0	13.6	6.1	2.9	0.0	21.0	-7.4	-7.4	-3.2
Pandemic Emergency Unemployment Compensation	20	22.5	154.5	480.5	685.2	593.1	365.8	131.9	326.0	204.7	-92.1	-227.3
Pandemic Unemployment Assistance	21	46.0	432.5	296.9	251.5	263.4	168.6	386.6	-135.7	-45.4	11.9	-94.8
Pandemic Unemployment Compensation Payments	22	6,648.0	3,665.8	281.9	2,406.1	1,759.3	936.3	-2,982.2	-3,383.9	2,124.2	-646.7	-823.1
All other personal current transfer receipts	23	36,324.1	12,844.3	13,222.7	49,148.7	19,128.9	17,396.2	-23,479.8	378.3	35,926.0	-30,019.8	-1,732.7
Of which:												
Child tax credit <sup>3</sup>	24	424.5	424.5	424.5	482.8	482.8	3,072.3	0.0	0.0	58.3	0.0	2,589.5
Economic impact payments <sup>4</sup>	25	20,445.0	294.2	95.4	35,929.7	5,390.3	722.8	-20,150.8	-198.7	35,834.3	-30,539.4	-4,667.5
Lost wages supplemental payments <sup>5</sup>	26	0.0	0.0	869.4	23.3	12.1	3.2	0.0	869.4	-846.1	-11.2	-8.9
Paycheck Protection Program loans to NPISH <sup>6</sup>	27	1,743.7	482.2	144.9	185.4	424.0	240.3	-1,261.6	-337.3	40.5	238.6	-183.7
Provider Relief Fund to NPISH <sup>7</sup>	28	2,942.3	958.2	1,039.3	832.6	517.4	727.5	-1,984.1	81.1	-206.8	-315.1	210.1
Components of earnings by place of work												
Wages and salaries	29	150,277.7	155,867.6	162,805.1	162,969.3	166,325.0	170,766.5	5,589.9	6,937.5	164.2	3,355.7	4,441.6
Supplements to wages and salaries	30	39,171.3	40,240.2	41,619.1	41,745.7	42,089.7	42,629.0	1,068.9	1,378.9	126.5	344.0	539.3
Employer contributions for employee pension and insurance funds	31	27,771.6	28,533.5	29,541.4	29,441.5	29,587.0	29,840.6	761.9	1,007.9	-99.9	145.6	253.5
Employer contributions for government social insurance	32	11,399.7	11,706.8	12,077.7	12,304.2	12,502.7	12,788.5	307.0	371.0	226.5	198.5	285.8
Proprietors' income	33	19,924.9	22,624.5	24,658.6	22,135.0	24,339.3	23,756.0	2,699.6	2,034.1	-2,523.7	2,204.4	-583.4
Farm proprietors' income	34	1,625.1	2,802.7	3,848.4	1,615.2	2,773.5	2,003.1	1,177.6	1,045.7	-2,233.2	1,158.3	-770.3
Of which:												
Coronavirus Food Assistance Program <sup>8</sup>	35	1,128.4	690.5	1,807.0	12.5	376.9	252.9	-437.9	1,116.5	-1,794.5	364.4	-124.1
Paycheck Protection Program loans to businesses <sup>6</sup>	36	223.4	317.4	95.4	155.3	337.6	209.4	94.0	-222.0	59.9	182.3	-128.2
Nonfarm proprietors' income	37	18,299.8	19,821.8	20,810.3	20,519.8	21,565.9	21,752.8	1,522.0	988.5	-290.4	1,046.0	187.0
Of which:												
Paycheck Protection Program loans to businesses <sup>6</sup>	38	2,592.4	2,121.5	1,419.0	1,109.6	2,568.3	1,593.1	-471.0	-702.5	-309.3	1,458.7	-975.2

CARES -Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security

NPISH -Nonprofit institutions serving households

1. A two percent reduction in reimbursements paid to Medicare service providers that went into effect in 2013 was initially suspended by the CARES Act. The resulting increased reimbursement rates went into effect beginning on May 1, 2020.
2. Unemployment insurance benefits were expanded through several programs that were initially established through the CARES Act. For more information, see How will the expansion of unemployment benefits in response to the COVID-19 pandemic be recorded in the NIPAs?
3. The American Rescue Plan increased the Child Tax Credit to \$3,000 per child over the age of six and \$3,600 for children under the age of six, and raised the age limit from 16 to 17. It also authorized that up to half of these credits could be distributed through advance payments during the tax year, while the rest would be claimed when parents file tax returns the following year.
4. Economic impact payments, initially established by the CARES Act, provide direct payments to individuals. For more information, see How are federal economic impact payments to support individuals during the COVID-19 pandemic recorded in the NIPAs?
5. The Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) was authorized to make payments from the Disaster Relief Fund to supplement wages lost as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic.
6. The Paycheck Protection Program, initially established by the CARES Act, provides forgivable loans to help small businesses and nonprofit institutions make payroll and cover other expenses. It also provides funding to reimburse private lending institutions for the costs of administering these loans. For more information, see How does the Paycheck Protection Program impact the national income and product accounts (NIPAs)?
7. The Department of Health and Human Services distributes money from the Provider Relief Fund to hospitals and health care providers on the front lines of the coronavirus response. This funding supports health care-related expenses or lost revenue attributable to COVID-19 and ensures uninsured Americans can get treatment for COVID-19. In the NIPAs, funds provided to nonprofit hospitals are recorded as social benefits.
8. The Coronavirus Food Assistance Program, initially established by the CARES Act, provides direct support to farmers and ranchers where prices and market supply chains have been impacted by the COVID-19 pandemic.

Note: BEA state per capita personal income statistics are calculated using unpublished Census Bureau midyear population estimates. These midquarter estimates are based on the 2010 census. BEA will incorporate Census Bureau population estimates based on the 2020 census results when they become available. Data on this table will be superseded by updated estimates. Regional estimates were controlled to the update to the National accounts released [November 24, 2021](#).

Source: U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis

Last updated: February 3, 2022.

Note: Reposted Feb. 3, 2022, to correct state personal income statistics for the third quarter of 2021 back to the first quarter of 2016 due to a data processing error involving industry wage estimates. For more information, see the [technical note](#).

**Wyoming**  
**Effects of Selected Federal Pandemic Response Programs on State Personal Income, 2021Q3**  
(Millions of dollars, seasonally adjusted at annual rates)

	Line	Levels						Change from preceding period				
		2020			2021			2020		2021		
		Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3
Personal income (millions of dollars)	1	37,505.0	35,228.0	35,692.5	39,582.5	37,322.6	37,443.3	-2,277.0	464.5	3,890.1	-2,260.0	120.8
Nonfarm personal income	2	37,105.7	34,735.4	35,060.9	39,204.5	36,842.7	37,007.8	-2,370.3	325.5	4,143.6	-2,361.7	165.1
Farm income	3	399.3	492.6	631.6	378.1	479.8	435.5	93.3	139.1	-253.5	101.7	-44.3
Population (persons)	4	582,157.0	582,693.0	583,332.0	583,653.0	584,090.0	584,763.0	536.0	639.0	321.0	437.0	673.0
Per capita personal income (dollars)	5	64,424	60,457	61,187	67,819	63,899	64,032	-3,967	730	6,632	-3,920	133
Derivation of personal income												
Earnings by place of work	6	21,820.8	22,524.7	23,395.5	23,334.8	24,033.9	24,461.3	703.9	870.8	-60.7	699.1	427.4
Less: Contributions for government social insurance	7	2,669.0	2,681.7	2,753.8	2,809.0	2,859.7	2,913.5	12.7	72.1	55.2	50.7	53.8
Employee and self-employed contributions for government social insurance	8	1,334.8	1,341.3	1,382.1	1,407.0	1,430.0	1,454.7	6.5	40.8	24.9	23.0	24.7
Employer contributions for government social insurance	9	1,334.2	1,340.4	1,371.7	1,402.0	1,429.7	1,458.8	6.2	31.3	30.3	27.7	29.1
Plus: Adjustment for residence	10	-280.6	-277.5	-286.2	-286.1	-290.3	-296.0	3.1	-8.7	0.1	-4.2	-5.7
Equals: Net earnings by place of residence	11	18,871.3	19,565.5	20,355.6	20,239.7	20,883.9	21,251.8	694.3	790.0	-115.9	644.2	367.9
Plus: Dividends, interest, and rent	12	9,689.5	9,551.3	9,676.1	9,668.0	9,746.0	9,810.9	-138.3	124.8	-8.1	78.0	64.9
Plus: Personal current transfer receipts	13	8,944.2	6,111.2	5,660.8	9,674.9	6,692.6	6,380.6	-2,833.0	-450.3	4,014.0	-2,982.2	-312.0
Social Security	14	2,042.1	2,056.1	2,076.9	2,117.8	2,125.7	2,143.4	14.0	20.8	41.0	7.8	17.7
Medicare	15	1,257.9	1,265.5	1,257.8	1,245.7	1,247.7	1,267.7	7.7	-7.8	-12.1	2.1	19.9
Of which:												
Increase in Medicare reimbursement rates <sup>1</sup>	16	14.7	22.1	21.9	21.7	21.6	21.9	7.3	-0.2	-0.2	-0.2	0.3
Medicaid	17	596.6	650.6	639.9	614.8	633.5	620.0	54.0	-10.7	-25.1	18.7	-13.5
State unemployment insurance	18	873.6	512.3	185.8	331.6	262.0	69.7	-361.3	-326.5	145.8	-69.5	-192.4
Of which: <sup>2</sup>												
Extended Unemployment Benefits	19	0.0	1.9	0.3	0.1	0.0	(L)	1.9	-1.6	-0.3	-0.1	(L)
Pandemic Emergency Unemployment Compensation	20	2.5	24.2	45.0	69.5	63.8	0.3	21.7	20.8	24.6	-5.7	-63.6
Pandemic Unemployment Assistance	21	34.2	31.6	20.6	13.2	8.3	0.3	-2.6	-11.0	-7.4	-4.9	-8.0
Pandemic Unemployment Compensation Payments	22	573.1	214.2	1.7	155.8	103.2	0.8	-358.9	-212.5	154.1	-52.6	-102.4
All other personal current transfer receipts	23	4,174.0	1,626.6	1,500.5	5,365.0	2,423.7	2,279.9	-2,547.3	-126.1	3,864.5	-2,941.3	-143.8
Of which:												
Child tax credit <sup>3</sup>	24	45.0	45.0	45.0	51.1	51.1	325.3	0.0	0.0	6.2	0.0	274.1
Economic impact payments <sup>4</sup>	25	2,018.9	29.1	9.4	3,597.2	539.7	72.4	-1,989.8	-19.6	3,587.8	-3,057.5	-467.3
Lost wages supplemental payments <sup>5</sup>	26	0.0	61.8	2.5	0.1	0.2	(L)	61.8	-59.3	-2.4	0.1	(L)
Paycheck Protection Program loans to NPISH <sup>6</sup>	27	214.1	31.8	9.6	31.8	72.6	41.2	-182.2	-22.3	22.2	40.9	-31.5
Provider Relief Fund to NPISH <sup>7</sup>	28	457.8	40.9	25.1	88.5	55.0	77.3	-416.9	-15.8	63.4	-33.5	22.3
Components of earnings by place of work												
Wages and salaries	29	14,065.4	14,230.1	14,752.2	14,864.7	15,217.3	15,582.8	164.7	522.1	112.5	352.6	365.6
Supplements to wages and salaries	30	3,965.0	4,006.3	4,077.8	4,140.0	4,135.0	4,173.0	41.4	71.5	62.2	-5.1	38.0
Employer contributions for employee pension and insurance funds	31	2,630.8	2,665.9	2,706.1	2,738.0	2,705.3	2,714.1	35.2	40.2	31.9	-32.8	8.9
Employer contributions for government social insurance	32	1,334.2	1,340.4	1,371.7	1,402.0	1,429.7	1,458.8	6.2	31.3	30.3	27.7	29.1
Proprietors' income	33	3,790.4	4,288.2	4,565.5	4,330.0	4,681.7	4,705.5	497.8	277.2	-235.4	351.6	23.9
Farm proprietors' income	34	255.7	349.2	486.6	229.9	328.5	282.5	93.5	137.3	-256.7	98.6	-46.0
Of which:												
Coronavirus Food Assistance Program <sup>8</sup>	35	117.8	149.9	250.9	6.3	30.4	21.9	32.1	101.0	-244.5	24.1	-8.5
Paycheck Protection Program loans to businesses <sup>6</sup>	36	14.6	20.8	6.3	27.8	59.9	37.2	6.2	-14.5	21.5	32.2	-22.8
Nonfarm proprietors' income	37	3,534.7	3,939.0	4,078.9	4,100.1	4,353.1	4,423.0	404.3	139.9	21.2	253.0	69.9
Of which:												
Paycheck Protection Program loans to businesses <sup>6</sup>	38	208.0	267.9	166.4	162.2	375.4	232.9	59.9	-101.5	-4.2	213.2	-142.6

CARES -Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security

NPISH -Nonprofit institutions serving households

(L) Less than \$50,000.

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Last updated: February 3, 2022.