



2012-2022



Sustainable soi management in action



# Saving our planet's soils - 2010 - -

FAO Members acknowledge that soils constitute the foundation for agricultural functions and food security and are key to fighting climate change and sustaining life





#### Establishment of the **Global Soil Partnership** (GSP)

GSP is established as an interactive, responsive, and voluntary mechanism open to governments, institutions, and other stakeholders. Its' mission? To promote sustainable soil

management around the world.

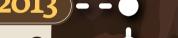




## Plenary Assembly

As the Partnership's main decision-making body, the annual plenary reviews and prioritizes the GSP's actions to position soils on the different sustainable agendas through collective action. It unites FAO Members and GSP Partners.





2013 - -

# 2013

**-**(2012)





ITPS members are made up of 27 top soil experts appointed by countries. They represent all regions of the world and provide the

GSP with scientific and technical guidance on global soil issues.



Establishment of 7 regional soil partnerships to catalyze cooperation within the different regions and develop regional implementation plans.



source of information on the different components of soils and the value of this vital resource.





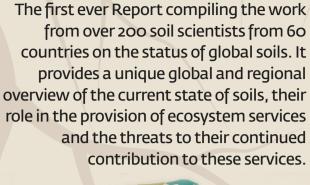
mitigation.

The United Nations General Assembly adopted a resolution to raise awareness on the vital role of Soil Day soil through an International Day on 5 December and Year in 2015. Worldwide celebrations are a unique opportunity to convey the message on the importance of soils for food security, healthy ecosystems, human wellbeing and climate change adaptation and



# Status of World's Soil **Resources Report**

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## Glinka **World Soil Prize**

An annual award given to the GSP's partners - individuals or organizations - committed to solving national, regional, or local soil degradation problems. It comes in the form of a medal and a USD 15 000 cheque.



#### **Global Symposium** on Soil Organic Carbon

The first science-policy meeting brought together over 500 participants to review the role of soils and soil

organic carbon in the context of climate change and sustainable development.

#### **Global Soil** Laboratory **Network**

The Network composed of over 800 worldwide laboratories and representing 155 countries aims to build and strengthen the capacity of laboratories in soil analysis and to respond to the need for harmonizing soil analytical data. t supports evidence-based decision-making for sustainable soil management.

#### Revised **World Soil Charter**

2015

2016

2016

2015

2016

2017

2017

Revision of the original World Soil Charter adopted by FAO Members at the 1981 FAO Conference. FAO Members unanimously endorsed the updated version of the World Soil Charter during the 39th Session of the FAO Conference and agreed to the principles to boost soil health and address soil degradation.



#### **International Network of Soil** Information **Institutions**

The Network is composed of officially mandated soil data institutions for each FAO Members. It facilitates the development of national soil information systems and the exchange of technical expertise through its capacity building programme.



#### Voluntary **Guidelines for** Sustainable Soil Management

This tool gives guidelines on the basic principles of managing soils sustainably. Since its endorsement, the GSP has supported FAO Members to implement effective policies

and actions to improve soil health and adopt sustainable soil management practices worldwide.



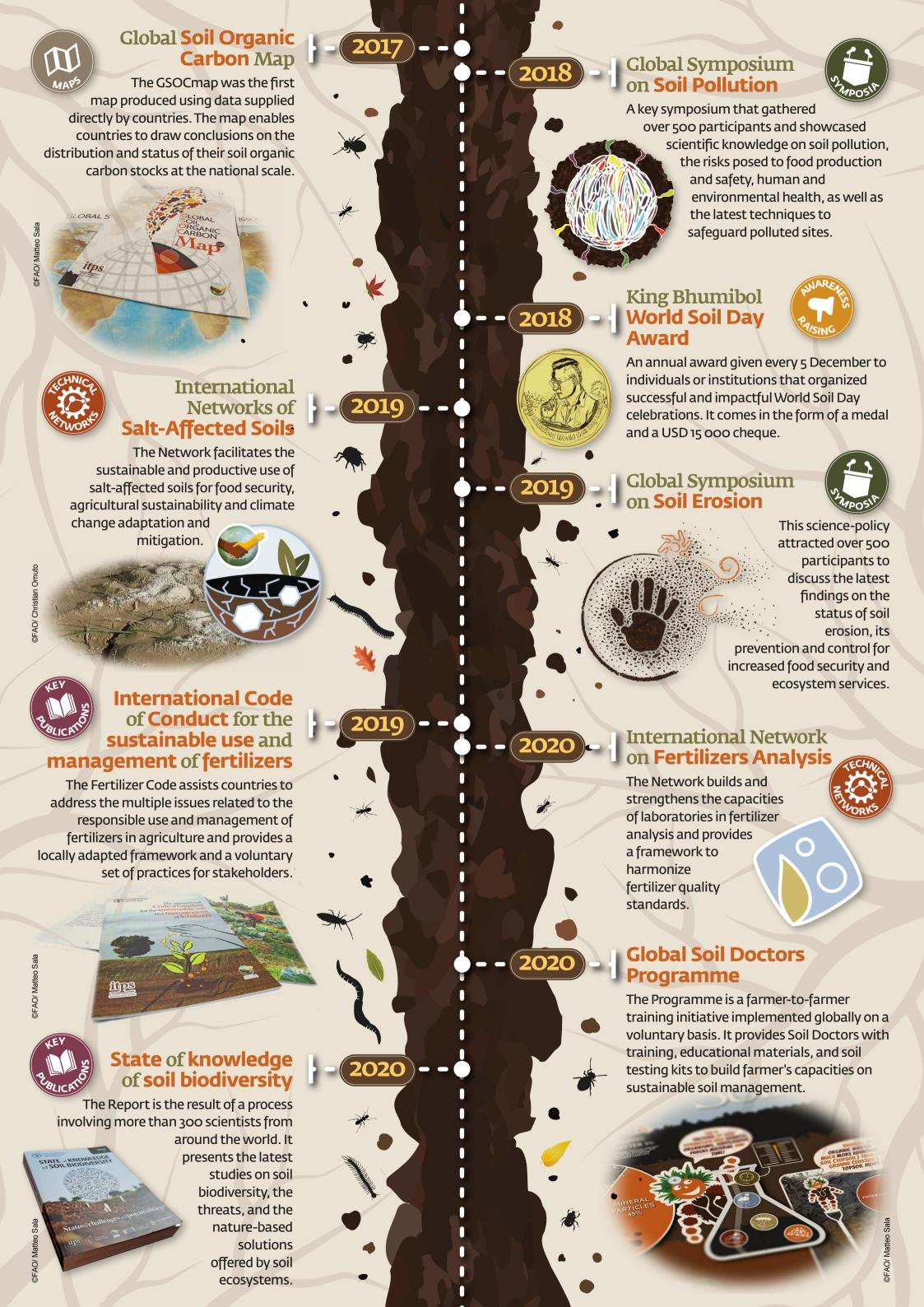
#### **International** Network on **Black Soils**

The Network provides a platform for knowledge sharing to discuss common issues related to the conservation and sustainable management of black soils. They are amongst the most productive soils, constitute the food basket of many countries and are

crucial to fight climate change.









#### Global Assessment of Soil Pollution

The Assessment was carried out over 3 years



by more than 70 experts with contributions from 75 countries. It describes the main soil contaminants, their sources, the impacts on human health, the environment and food security, and the most

common soil pollution remediation and management techniques.



The GSOCseq helps countries to draw conclusions on the soil's potential to sequester carbon by simulating soil organic carbon stocks over a 20-year period under sustainable soil management scenarios. The map was produced using data supplied directly by countries.



# 2021

2021

## SoiLEX is the first global database that

**SOILEX** 

facilitates access to information on existing legal instruments

on soil protection and the prevention of soil degradation.

#### **Global Symposium** on Soil Biodiversity



During the first virtual symposium, 5 000 participants reviewed the status and challenges of soil biodiversity conservation and use. The outcome of the symposium showed how important soil biodiversity is for food production and human wellbeing.

#### **Recarbonizing global soils:** a technical manual of recommended

management

practices





Global Symposium on Salt-affected Soils

Leveraging on the virtual setting, 4 000 participants exchanged ideas on salinity prevention, management, and adaptation. It enhanced connections between policymakers, food producers and scientists for the sustainable management of salt-affected soils.



### Global Map of Salt-affected Soils



The GSASmap was generated following a country-driven process. It allows countries to quantify the extent and degradation status of salt-affected soils thus improving food security.



#### **International** Network on Soil Biodiversity

The Network promotes the sustainable use and conservation of soil biodiversity through collaboration between experts and aims at addressing major knowledge and data gaps.



2021

2022

2021

#### **International** Network on Soil Pollution

with Zero Pollution.



The Network allows for an effective, coordinated and inclusive communication of all stakeholders to implement the global action agenda on soil pollution and move towards a world

**GSP Action Framework** Meeting local needs,

responding to global challenges

Following an assessment of progress and achievements over the period 2012-2022, a new GSP action framework is under preparation and endorsement by FAO Members. It will fully unlock the potential of healthy soils and upscale sustainable soil management approaches through the setting of action areas and the definition of quantifiable objectives, targets and indicators.



figures

PEOPLE

EVENTS

WORLD SOIL DAY
&
INTERNATIONAL
YEAR OF
SOILS

IN OVER ANGUAGES

PAINED PA

IN

COUNTRIES

GLOBAL SOIL PARTNERSHIP

billion

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