

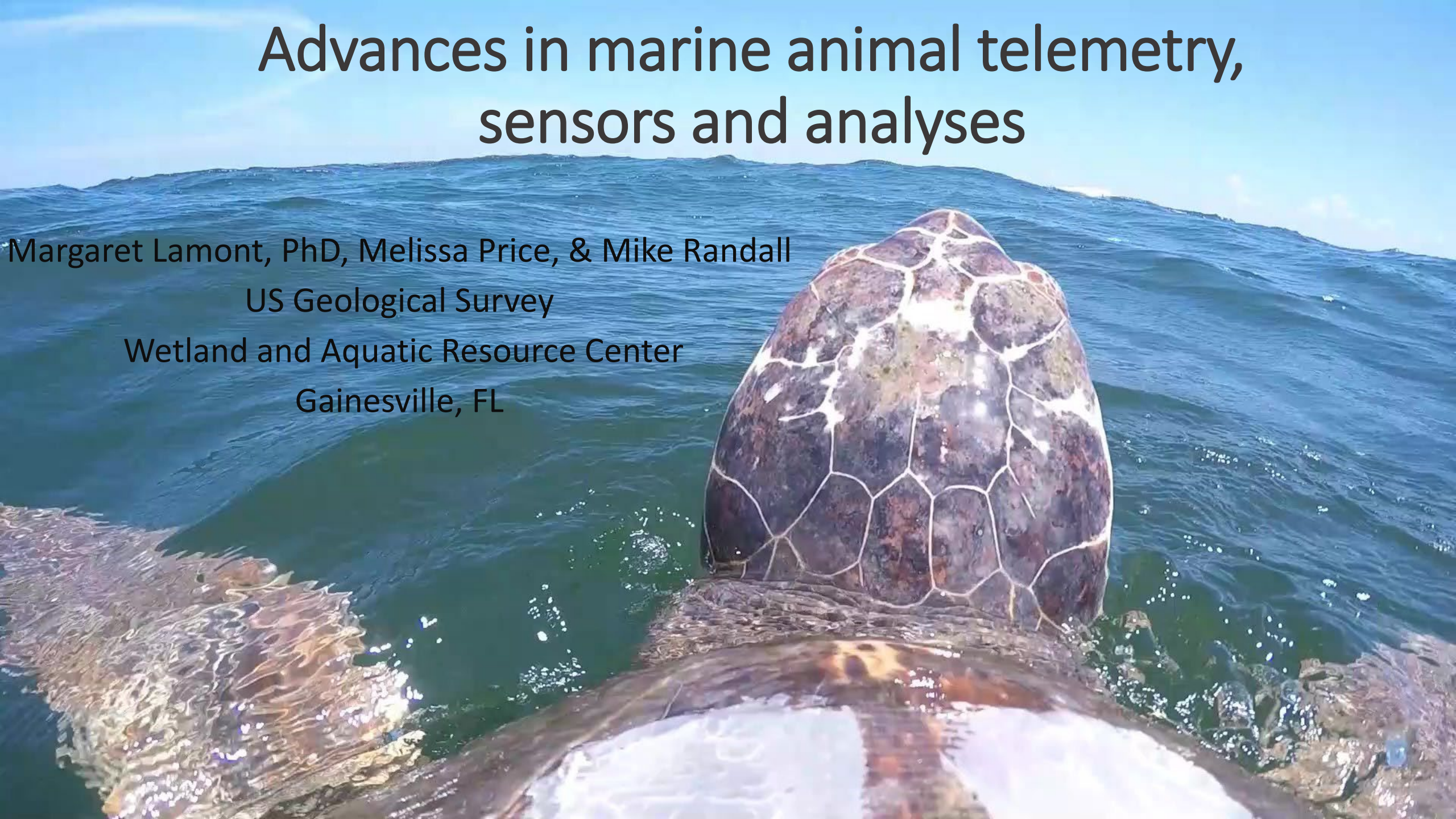
# Advances in marine animal telemetry, sensors and analyses

Margaret Lamont, PhD, Melissa Price, & Mike Randall

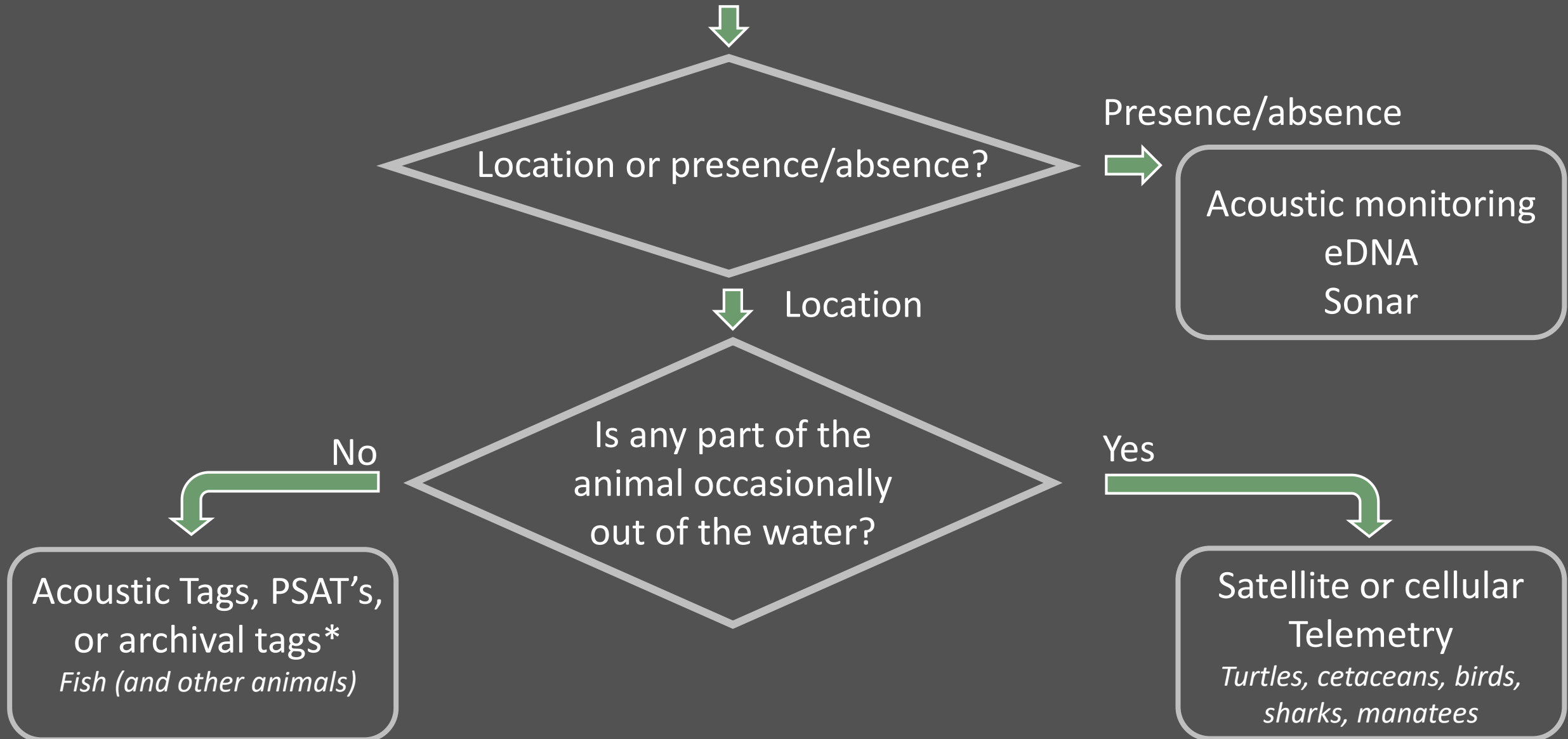
US Geological Survey

Wetland and Aquatic Resource Center

Gainesville, FL



# Animal monitoring in the marine environment



\* Archive tags rely on recaptures & reporting. Very low odds of success unless deployed into an intensive fishery

## In the Past...

- Manual, single-point process
- Limited data collection
- Labor intensive (expensive)
- Daytime, fair-weather biology
- Low data intensity
- Big data gaps



## Now...

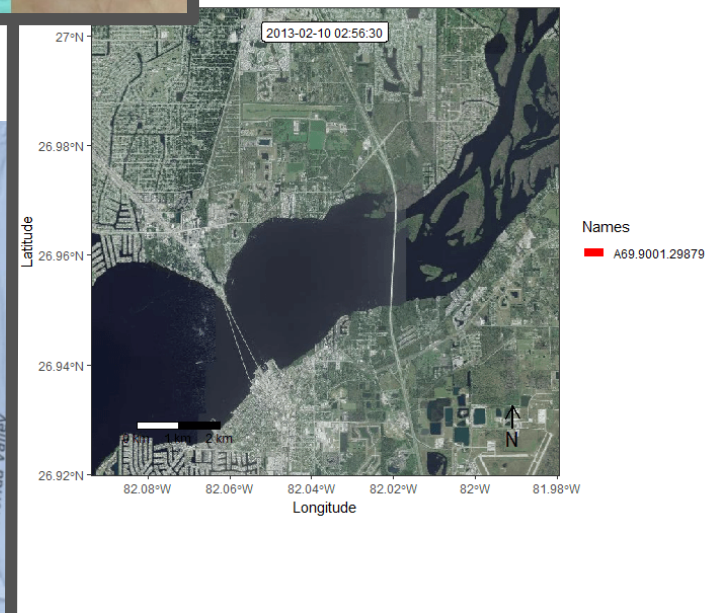
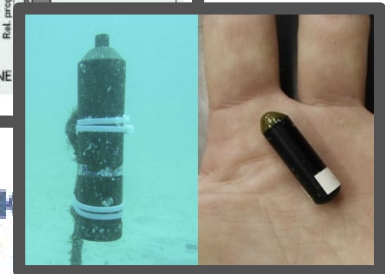
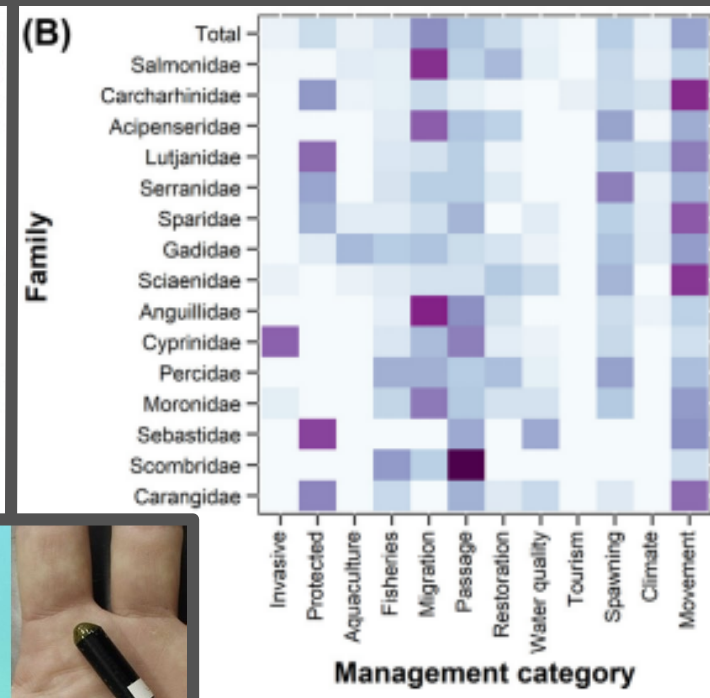
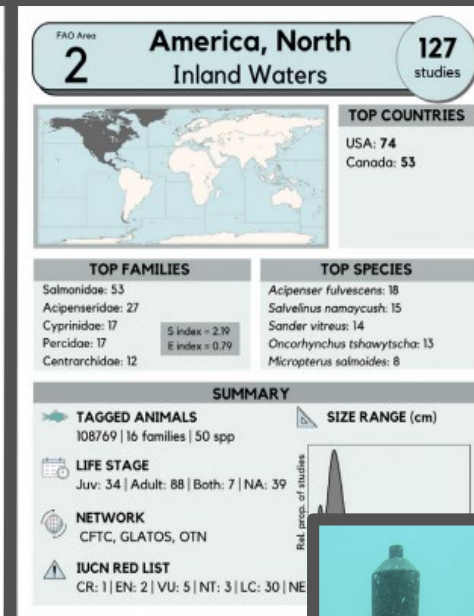
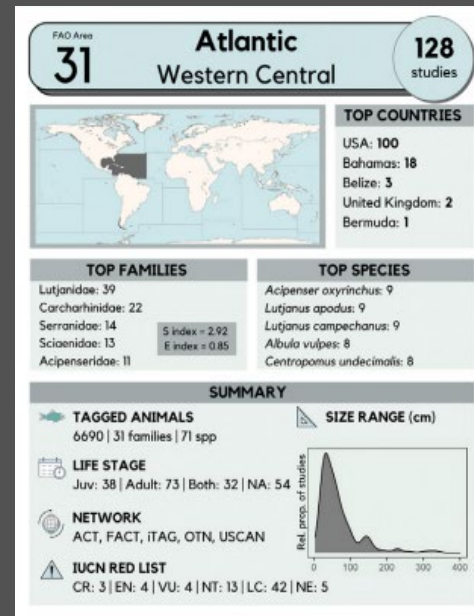
- Automation
- 24/7/365 detections
- Reduced effort
- High data intensity
- Less data gaps
- Smaller, cheaper\*, faster

\* At least in terms of cost per data point



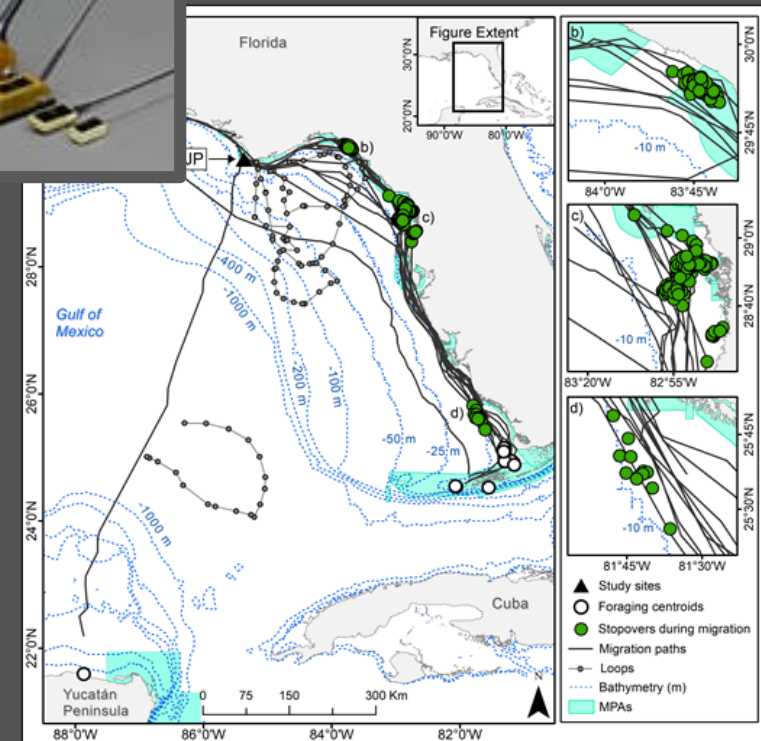
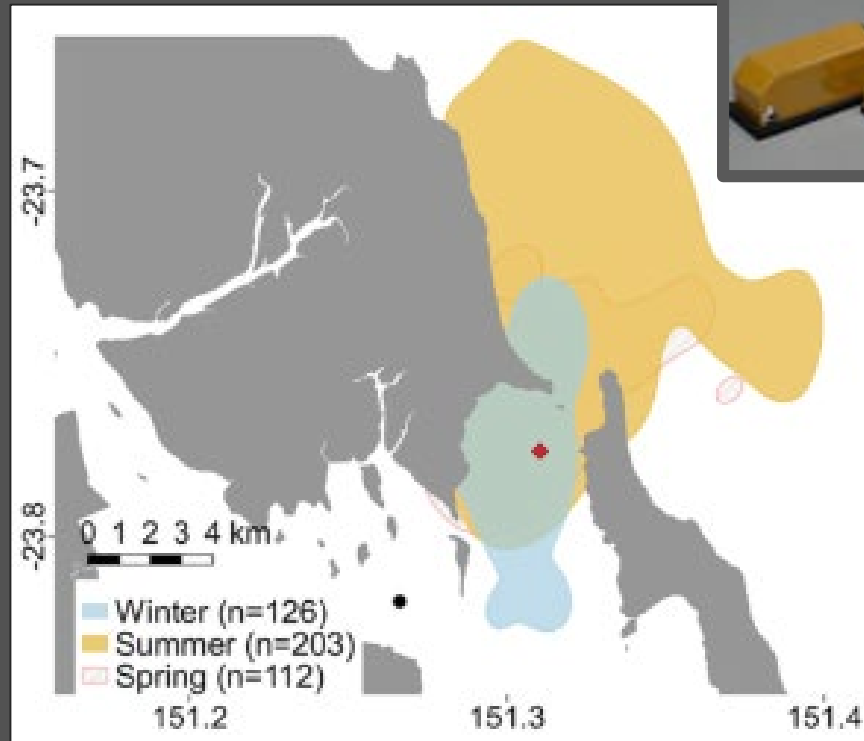
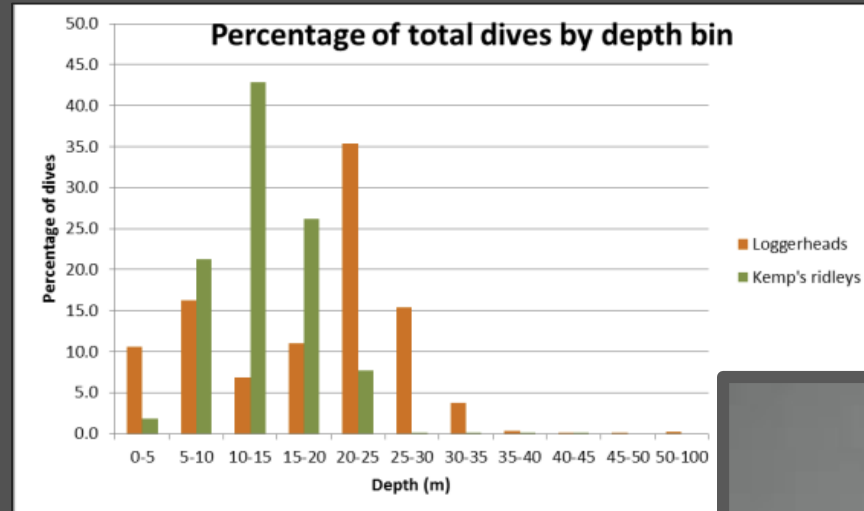
# Acoustic Telemetry

- Passive arrays increase spatial and temporal scale while reducing effort
- Further expansion by integrated networks at different scales
  - GLATOS, IMOS, iTag, OTN
- Fine-scale resolution (VPS)
- Several receiver upload methods
  - Manual
  - Acoustic modem
  - Cell or satellite
- Remote receiver uploads via drone
- Decreasing tag sizes
- Increasing sensor capabilities
- Trade-offs:
  - Spatially restricted
  - Location accuracy
  - Longer battery life

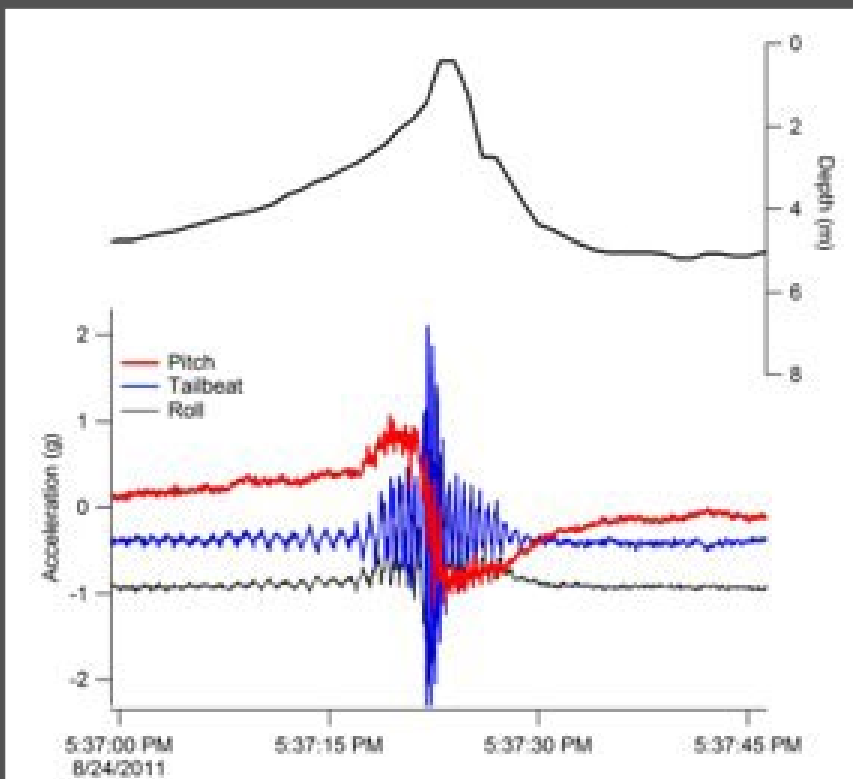
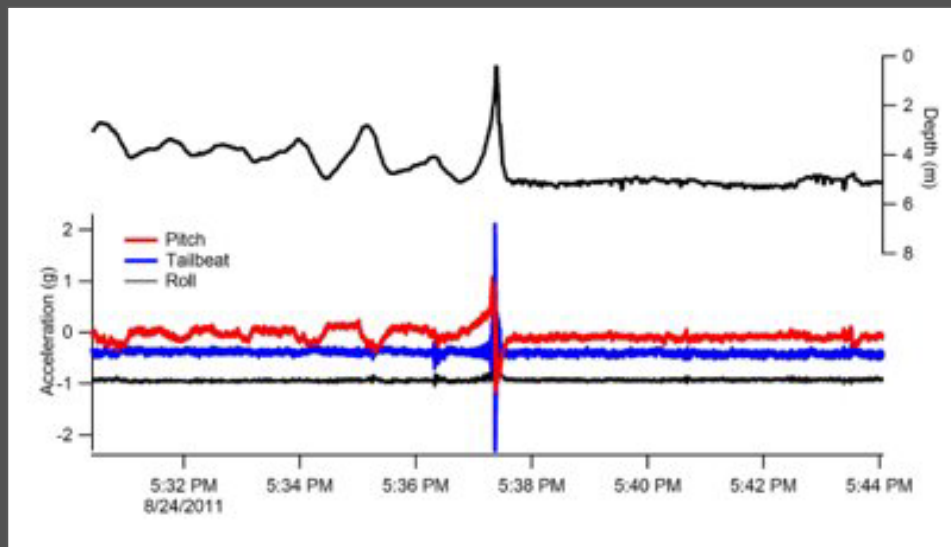


# Satellite Telemetry

- Supplementing radio telemetry
- Smallest tag now 2 grams
- Multiple types with different constellations
  - Argos
  - Iridium
- Additional sensors
  - GPS fixes between satellite passes
  - Temperature
  - Depth
  - Light
- Trade-offs:
  - Requires surfacing
  - Location quality varies
  - Shorter battery life



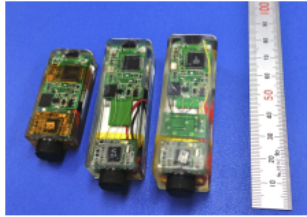
# Logging Tags



- Environmental
  - Temp
  - Depth
  - Heading
  - Salinity
  - Velocity
- Positional
  - Heading
  - Velocity
  - Accelerometer (ADL)
- Nearby acoustic tags
  - CHAT tags detect other tags

Key features

- An animal borne video camera for behavioral studies
- Reusable (Rechargeable battery)
- Compact size
- Programmable start timer
- Available option video illuminated by red/white LED light



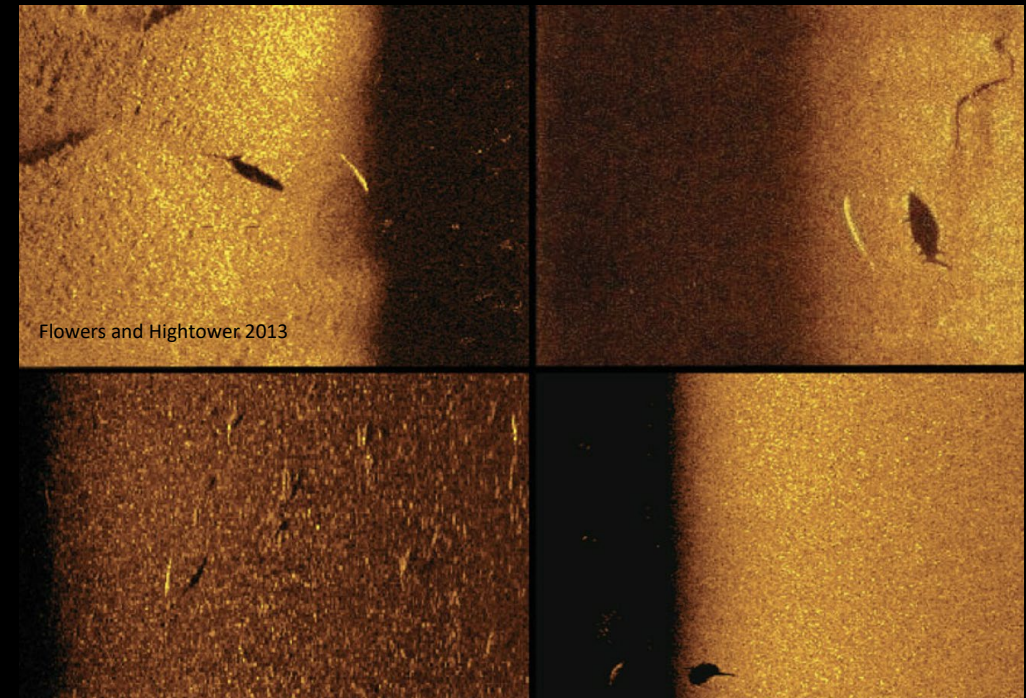
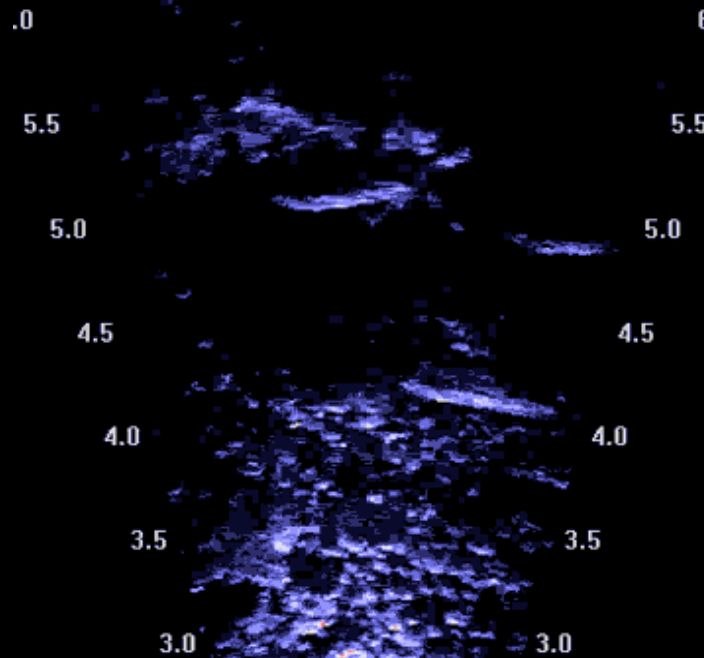
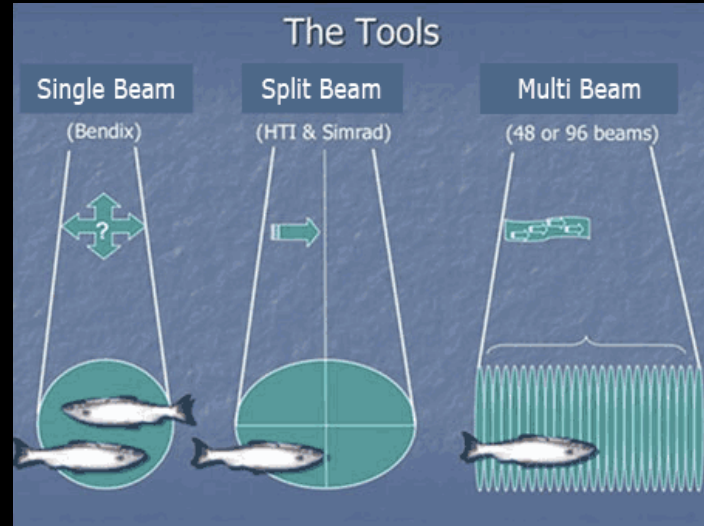
# Cameras

- Set Location (camera traps)
- Animal Mounted (critter cams)
- Short battery life
- Requires recovery



# Sonar

- Single/split beam
- Multi-beam
- Acoustic cameras
  - ARIS
  - DIDSON
- Sidescan
- Used to detect animals
- Works in murky water and at night
- Larger swept area than video





# Aerial Drone Surveys Reveal the Efficacy of a Protected Area Network for Marine Megafauna and the Value of Sea Turtles as Umbrella Species

Liam C. D. Dickson <sup>1</sup>, Stuart R. B. Negus <sup>1</sup>, Christophe Eizaguirre <sup>1</sup>, Kostas A. Katselidis <sup>2</sup> and Gail Schofield <sup>1,\*</sup>

<sup>1</sup> School of Biological and Behavioural Sciences, Queen Mary University of London, Mile End Road, London E1 4NS, UK

<sup>2</sup> National Marine Park of Zakynthos, 1 El. Venizelou Str., 29100 Zakynthos, Greece

\* Correspondence: gail.schofield@qmul.ac.uk



### Technical Specifications

Dimensions [w x h]	42 cm x 30 cm (16.4 in x 12.2 in)
Weight	7.45 kg (16 lbs, 7 oz)
Activity	William SBID (autofly)
Primary power source	Solar powered, 5x 2 Watt, 6 Volt solar panels
Battery	Lithium-ion, capacity 11,200 mAh, 3.7V (rechargeable)

#### Motion Sensing

Motion data format	Easting, northing, elevation, latitude, longitude
Wave frequency range	0.02-1 Hz (20s to 1s)
Wave direction resolution	0 - 360 degrees (full circle)
Sampling rate	2.5 Hz (Nyquist at 1.25Hz)
Wave displacement accuracy	Approximately +/- 20cm accuracy depends on field of view, weather conditions, and GPS system status
Calibration	Not needed, ever

#### Additional Onboard Sensors

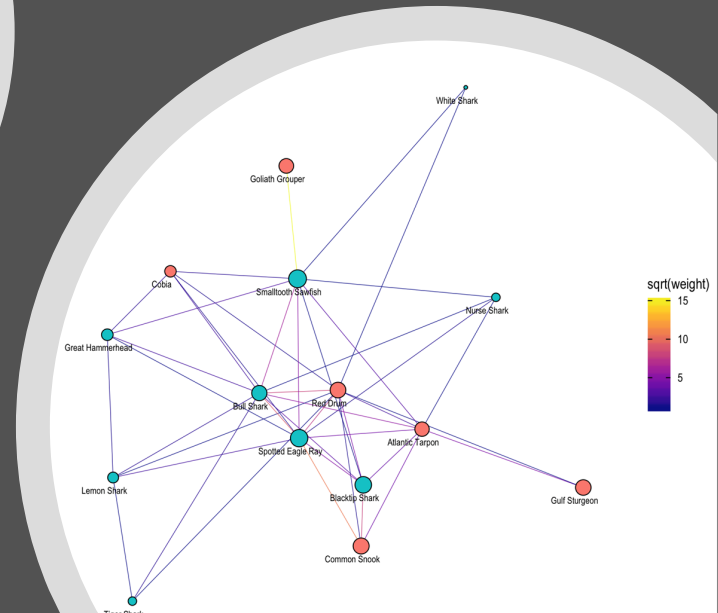
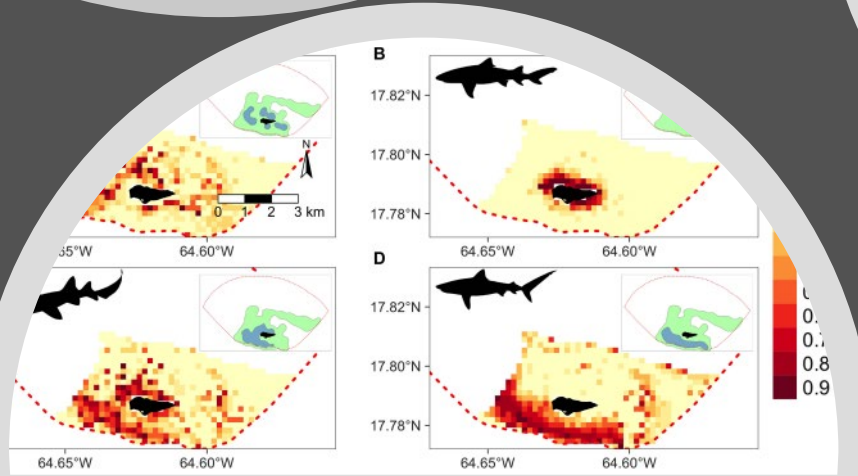
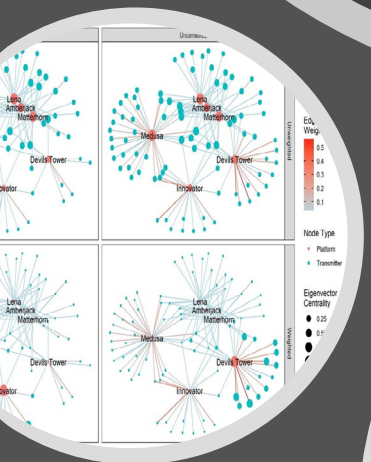
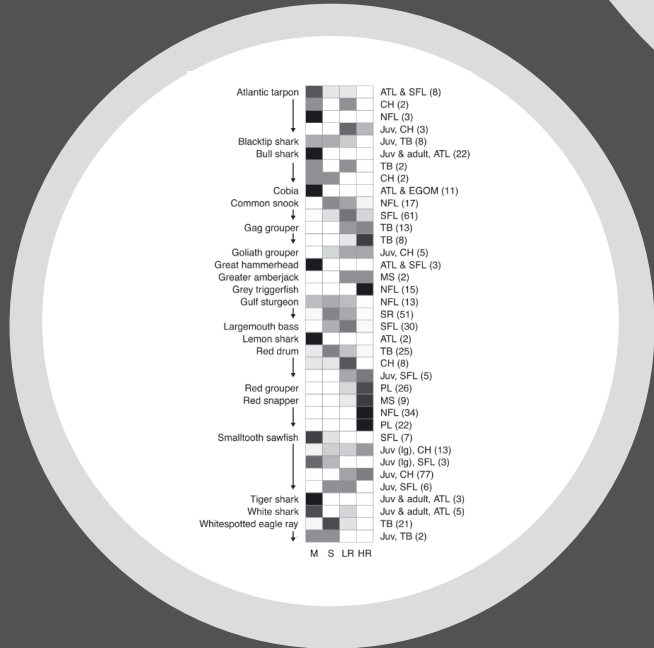
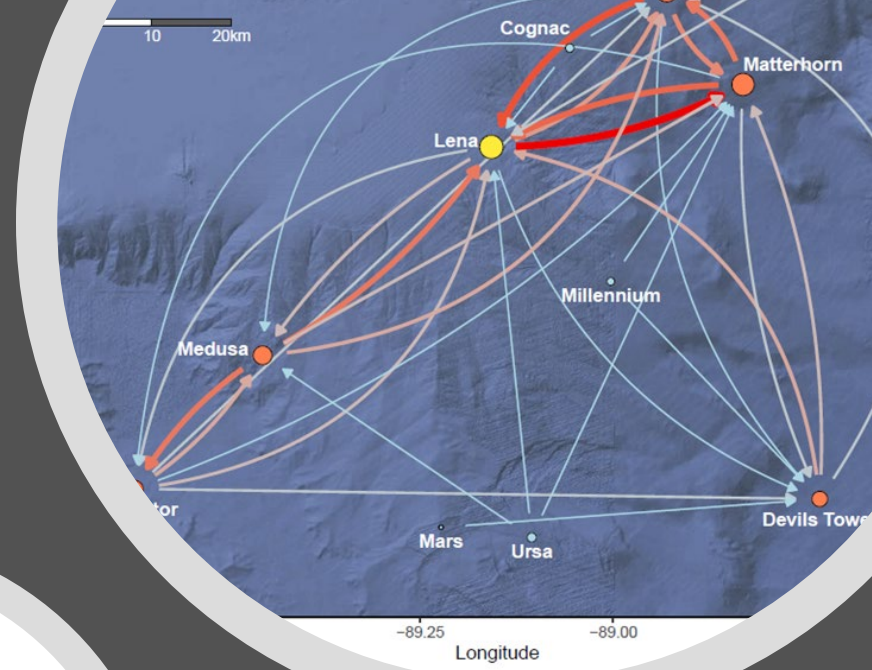
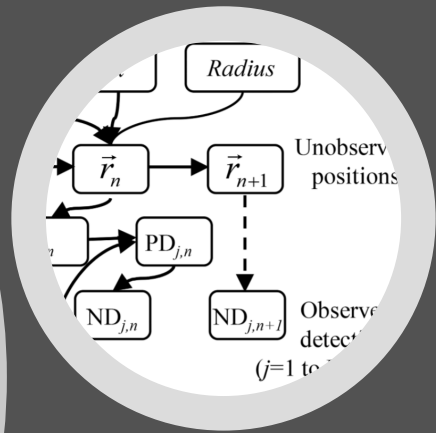
Sea surface temperature (SST)	-5°C to 50°C range, ±0.1°C absolute accuracy, ±0.02°C resolution
Water depth	Range: 700...1100mbar, Accuracy: +/-0.5 mbar at 25°C
Storage	Records time series of 3D displacement data, ships with 16GB (256GB max capacity), FAT32 or FAT32 Format required
Online account includes:	Real-time and historical data outputs, Spotter configuration, alerts, maps and 2-way communication

# Drones and Floats

- Surface
  - Waveglider
  - Saildrone
  - Spotter
- Submerged
  - Argo floats
  - Slocum gliders
  - AUV's
- Can be roaming acoustic receivers or downloaders
- Fixed location, set course, or drifters

# Improved Analyses

- Advances in technology lead to "big data"
- Easily process in new programs with improved computing ability
- Bayesian statistics
- Machine learning techniques
- Network analysis

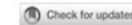


# Futurecasting

- Integration
  - multiple tag types combined: acoustic tag/sat tag, ADL/PSAT/acoustic tag, sonar/acoustic, etc
- Multi-sensor/modular
  - tags and lab-on-a-chip sensors (environmental DNA)
- Very large scale- lots of receivers/ sensors (small, cheap, fast).
- Swarms of autonomous mobile receivers/sensors in self-creating networks (underwater, surface, aerial). New satellite constellations used (Starlink)
- Reporter tags (animal:animal, animal:receiver)
- Automated with artificial intelligence (as in Birdnet)
- Fiber optic cables as detectors (Passive Acoustic location/ID)

## A framework to estimate the likelihood of species interactions and behavioural responses using animal-borne acoustic telemetry transceivers and accelerometers

Amanda N. Barkley<sup>1</sup> | Franziska Broell<sup>1</sup> | Harri Pettitt-Wade<sup>1</sup> | Yuuki Y. Watanabe<sup>2,3</sup> | Marianne Marcoux<sup>4,5</sup> | Nigel E. Hussey<sup>1</sup>



### OPEN ACCESS

EDITED BY  
Ana Sirovic,  
Norwegian University of Science and  
Technology, Norway

REVIEWED BY  
John E. Joseph,  
Naval Postgraduate School,  
United States  
Pina Gruden,  
University of Hawaii at Mānoa,  
United States

\*CORRESPONDENCE  
Ellen L. White  
elw1g1@soton.ac.uk

SPECIALTY SECTION  
This article was submitted to  
Ocean Observation

## More than a whistle: Automated detection of marine sound sources with a convolutional neural network

Ellen L. White<sup>1\*</sup>, Paul R. White<sup>2</sup>, Jonathan M. Bull<sup>1</sup>,  
Denise Risch<sup>3</sup>, Suzanne Beck<sup>4</sup> and Ewan W. J. Edwards<sup>5</sup>

<sup>1</sup>School of Ocean and Earth Science, University of Southampton, Southampton, United Kingdom, <sup>2</sup>Institute of Sound and Vibration, University of Southampton, Southampton, United Kingdom, <sup>3</sup>Marine Science Department, Scottish Association of Marine Science, Oban, United Kingdom, <sup>4</sup>Agri-Food and Biosciences Institute, Belfast, United Kingdom, <sup>5</sup>Marine Scotland Science, Marine Laboratory, Aberdeen, United Kingdom

### ORIGINAL RESEARCH article

Front. Mar. Sci., 05 July 2022  
Sec. Ocean Observation  
<https://doi.org/10.3389/fmars.2022.901348>

## Eavesdropping at the Speed of Light: Distributed Acoustic Sensing of Baleen Whales in the Arctic

Léa Bouffaut<sup>1,2,3\*</sup>, Kittinat Taweentananon<sup>1,2,4</sup>, Hannah J. Kriesel<sup>1,2</sup>, Robin A. Rørstadbotnen<sup>1,2</sup>, John R. Potter<sup>1,2</sup>, Martin Landro<sup>1,2</sup>, Ståle E. Johansen<sup>2,5</sup>, Jani K. Brenne<sup>2,5</sup>, Aksel Haukanes<sup>6</sup>, Olaf Schjelderup<sup>7</sup> and Frode Storvik<sup>7</sup>

<sup>1</sup> Acoustics Group, Department of Electronic Systems, Norwegian University of Science and Technology (NTNU), Trondheim, Norway  
<sup>2</sup> Centre for Geophysical Forecasting, Norwegian University of Science and Technology (NTNU) Gløshaugen, Trondheim, Norway  
<sup>3</sup> K. Lisa Yang Center for Conservation Bioacoustics, Cornell Lab of Ornithology, Cornell University, Ithaca, NY, United States  
<sup>4</sup> PTT Exploration and Production Public Company Limited, Bangkok, Thailand  
<sup>5</sup> Department of Geoscience and Petroleum, Norwegian University of Science and Technology (NTNU), Trondheim, Norway  
<sup>6</sup> Alcatel Submarine Networks Norway AS, Tiller, Norway  
<sup>7</sup> Uninett AS (merged into Sikt, Jan. 2022), Trondheim, Norway

# Gulf of Mexico challenges

- No strong central actor (ex: GLATOS – Great Lakes)
- Acoustic telemetry weakly integrated through volunteer network (iTAG) facilitated by FWCC
- No similar structure for satellite tagging – Animal Telemetry Network (ATN)?
- Data storage for environmental data (GCOOS, SECOORA), but no easy linkage between animal data and environmental data – and limitations based on locations



## References

- Alós, J., Palmer, M., Balle, S., Arlinghaus, R. (2016). Bayesian State-Space Modelling of Conventional Acoustic Tracking Provides Accurate Descriptors of Home Range Behavior in a Small Bodied Coastal Fish Species. PLoS ONE 11(4): e0154089. doi:10.1371/journal.pone.0154089
- Friess, C., Lowerre-Barbieri, S.K., Poulakis, G.R., Hammerschlag, N. and others. (2021). Regional-scale variability in the movement ecology of marine fishes revealed by an integrative acoustic tracking network. Mar Ecol Prog Ser 663:157-177. <https://doi.org/10.3354/meps13637>
- Matley, J.K., Klinard, N.V., Barbosa Martins, A.P., Aarestrup, K., Aspillaga, E., Cooke, S.J., Cowley, P.D., Heupel, M.R., Lowe, C.G., Lowerre-Barbieri, S.K., Mitamura, H., Moore, J., Simpfendorfer, C.A., Stokesbury, M.J.W., Taylor, M.D., Thorstad, E.B., Vandergoot, C.S., Fisk, A.T. Global trends in aquatic animal tracking with Acoustic telemetry. (2022). Trends in Ecology & Evolution, Volume 37, Issue 1, Pages 79-94, ISSN 0169-5347, <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.tree.2021.09.001>
- Price, M.E., Randall, M.T., Sulak, K.J., Edwards, R.E. and Lamont, M.M. (2022). Temporal and Spatial Relationships of Yellowfin Tuna to Deepwater Petroleum Platforms in the Northern Gulf of Mexico. Mar Coast Fish, 14: e10213. <https://doi.org/10.1002/mcf2.10213>
- Webster, E.G., Hamann, M., Shimada, T., Limpus, C. & Duce, S. (2022). Space-use patterns of green turtles in industrial coastal foraging habitat: Challenges and opportunities for informing management with a large satellite tracking dataset. Aquatic Conservation: Marine and Freshwater Ecosystems, 32( 6), 1041–1056. <https://doi.org/10.1002/aqc.3813>

# Questions?